

## FCC SAR TEST REPORT

## No. 130514-R1

for

**GNJ Manufacturing Inc.** 

**Mobile Phone-Style Series** 

Model Name: CAPHG16-01

FCC ID: 2AAE9CAPHG16-01

Issued Date: 2013-06-19

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of GCCT. **Test Laboratory:** 

GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products Quality Supervision and Testing Center Technology Road, High-tech Zone, He Yuan City, Guang Dong Province, PR China 517001 Tel:+86(0)762-3607139, Fax:+86(0)762-3603336 Email: ncctmail@126.com. www.ncct.org.cn

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	General Information	
	1.1 Testing Laboratory	
	1.2 Application Information	
	1.3 Manufacturer Information	
	1.4 EUT Information	5
2.	EUT Operational Conditions During Test	6
	2.1 General Description of Test Procedures	6
	2.2 GSM Test Configuration	
	2.3 WCDMA Test Configuration	6
	2.4 WiFi Test Configuration	
	2.5 Hotspot Test Configuration	
3.	SAR Measurements System Configuration	9
	3.1 Measurement System Diagram	9
	3.2 System Components	
	3.3 Equivalent Tissues	
4.	Evaluation Procedures	14
	4.1 Data Evaluation	
	4.2 SAR Evaluation Procedures	15
	4.3 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
5.	Test Laboratory Environment	
6.	Conducted Output Power Measurement	
7.		
	7.1 Liquid Measurement Results	
	7.2 System Performance Check	
	7.3 Measurement Results	
8.		
9.	EUT Photos and Test Positions	
	. Equipment List & Calibration Status	
	. Attachments	
	NEXE 1 System Performance Check Plots	
	NEXE 2 SAR Test Plots	
	NEXE 3 Probe calibration report	
	NEXE 4 Dipole calibration report	
AN	NEXE 5 DAE calibration report	133



### **GENERAL SUMMARY**

Product Name	Mobile Phone-Style Series
Model Name	CAPHG16-01
Applicant	GNJ manufacturing Inc.
Manufacturer	GNJ manufacturing Inc.
Test laboratory	GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products Quality Supervision and Testing Center
Reference Standards	<b>OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C (Edition 01-01):</b> Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits <b>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</b> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz <b>IEEE 1528-2003:</b> Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques <b>FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01:</b> Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies <b>FCC KDB 365664 D01 v01r01:</b> SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz <b>FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01:</b> SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities <b>FCC KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r01:</b> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets <b>FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02:</b> SAR measurement Procedures for 802.11 <i>a/b/</i> g Transmitters <b>IEC 62209-1:</b> 2006: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz) <b>IEC 62209-2: 2010:</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for mobile wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases
Test Conclusion	requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards. General Judgment: <b>Pass</b> <b>Date of issue:2013.06.19</b>
Comment:	The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment.
Approved by:	Reviewed by: Tested by:
luo jian	Dong Xiasbo & Unglang

Doney Xianbo

Ch Changiang J

Deputy Manager

Deputy Manager

Test Engineer

### 1. General Information

### **1.1 Testing Laboratory**

Company	GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products
Company	Quality Supervision and Testing Center
Address	Technology Road, High-tech Zone, He Yuan City, Guang Dong
Address	Province, PR China
Country	P. R. China
Contact	Dong Xiaobo
Telephone	+86-762-3607139
Fax	+86-762-3603336
E-mail	dongxiaobo126@126.com
Website	http://www.ncct.org.cn

### **1.2 Application Information**

Company	GNJ manufacturing Inc.
Address	205 Ansin Blvd Hallandale Beach, FL 33009, USA
Contact	1
Email	1
Telephone	1
Fax	1

### **1.3 Manufacturer Information**

Company	GNJ manufacturing Inc.
Address	205 Ansin Blvd Hallandale Beach, FL 33009, USA
Contact	1
Email	1
Telephone	1
Fax	1



### 1.4 EUT Information

Product Name	Mobile Phone-Style Series							
Exposure Category	Uncontrolled Enviror	nment / Gene	ral Population					
Model Number	CAPHG16-01							
Device Type	Portable Device							
Hardware version	1							
Software version	1							
Supporting modes	GSM850 (tested) PCS1900 (tested) WCDMA Band V(tested) WIFI(tested) Bluetooth							
GPRS Class	Class 12							
Hotspot	Supported							
	Mode	1g SAR(W/Kg)						
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot				
Max SAD (1 m)	GSM850	0.181	0.773	0.773				
Max. SAR (1g)	GSM1900	0.164	1.35	1.35				
	WCDMA Band V	0.069	0.352	0.352				
	WIFI	0.253	0.193	0.193				
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna							
	Li-Ion Battery:							
	Voltage:3.7V, Capacity:2100mAh							
Accessories	Charger:							
	Input: 100-240v, 0.2	2A ,						
	output: 5v, 1	000mA						
	Earphone							
Comment	The EUT form size is	s 7.2cm×14.2	2cm. The above	EUT's				
	information was dec	lared by manu	ufacture.					

## 2. EUT Operational Conditions During Test

### 2.1 General Description of Test Procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 in the case of GSM850, allocated to 512, 661 and 810 in the case of PCS1900, allocated to 4132, 4183 and 4233 in the case of WCDMA Band V, allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of WIFI. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power by MT8820C.

When we test, the EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

### 2.2 GSM Test Configuration

For the SAR tests for GSM850 and PCS1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using MT8820C the power lever is set to "5" of GSM850, set to "0" of PCS1900. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power. The GPRS class is 12 for this EUT. It has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

### 2.3 WCDMA Test Configuration

For the SAR body tests for WCDMA Band V, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. We established the radio link with 12.2kbps RMC and the power control "all bits up" in test loop mode 1.

#### HSDPA:

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC

or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2kbps RMC without HSDPA.

#### HSPA:

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

### 2.4 WiFi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels1,6,11;however,if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

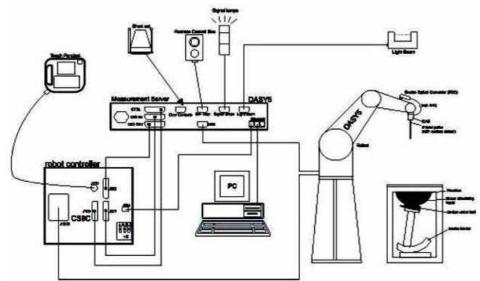
SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

### 2.5 Hotspot Test Configuration

Standalone personal wireless routers and handsets with hotspot mode capabilities must address hand-held and other near-body exposure conditions to show SAR compliance. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode. A test separation of 10 mm is required. The standalone SAR results in each device test orientation must be analyzed for the applicable hotspot mode simultaneous transmission configurations to determine SAR test exclusion and volume scan requirements. The simultaneous transmission configurations must be clearly described in the SAR report to support the analyses or test results.

## 3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from SPEAG. The system is based on a high precision robot, which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm$  0.02 mm. Special E-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in with accuracy of better than  $\pm$ 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm$ 0.3 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom and ELI4 Phantom as described in IEC 62209-1, FCC OET 065 supplement C, IEEE1528 and EN 62209-1.



#### 3.1 Measurement System Diagram

Figure 1 System Diagram

#### The DASY5 system consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (TX90XL) with St aubli CS8c robot controllers.

- 2. DASY5 Measurement Server.
- 3. Data Acquisition Electronics.

4. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

5. Light Beam Unit.

6. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and the ELI4 phantom for body usage.

7. The Position device for handheld EUT.

8. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

9. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.

10. A computer operating Windows XP.

### 3.2 System Components

The mobile phone under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The DASY5 software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10 g mass.

#### 3.2.1 TX90XL

The TX90XL robot has six axes. The six axes are controlled by the St<sup>°</sup>aubli CS8c robot controllers. It offers the features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)

• Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)

• Low ELF

#### 3.2.2 DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 electronics box as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



Figure 2 TX90XL



Figure 3 Measurement Server

#### 3.2.3 Probe

For the measurements the specific dosimetric E-Field Probe ES3DV3 and EX3DV4 with following specifications is used.

Frequency: 10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Directivity: ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Tip Diameter: 5 mm; Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5 mm

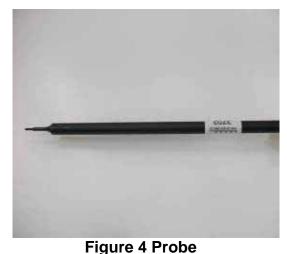
Probe linearity: ±0.3 dB

Calibration range: 835 to 2500 MHz for head & body simulating liquid

#### 3.2.4 Device holder

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard.

It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity =3 and loss tangent =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





**Figure 5 Device Holder** 

#### 3.2.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom and the ELI4 Phantom are constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1. The SAM Twin phantom

enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage and the ELI4 phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell thickness: 2 mm +/-0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions (H x L x W): 850 x 1000 x 500 mm



#### Figure 6 SAM Twin Phantom and ELI Phantom

#### 3.2.6 Data Acquisition Electronics

DAE4 consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. Input impedance: 200MOhm, symmetrical and floating.

Common mode rejection: > 80 dB.

#### 3.2.7 Validation dipoles

SPEAG has a full range of dipoles corresponding to the frequencies defines by the standards: 835, 900, 1800, 1900, 2000, 2450MHz



Maximum input Power: 100W

Connectors: SMA

Dimensions: (depends on the dipole frequency)





Figure 7 DAE4

Figure 8 Validation Dipoles

### 3.3 Equivalent Tissues

supplement C.								
Target Frequency	Hea	ad	Body					
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	٤r	σ (S/m)				
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80				
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92				
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94				
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97				
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05				
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06				
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30				
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40				
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52				
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95				
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73				
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00				
				3				

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C.

(  $\epsilon r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>°</sup>)

### 4. Evaluation Procedures

### 4.1 Data Evaluation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai<sub>0</sub>, ai<sub>1</sub>, ai<sub>2</sub>

- Conversion factor ConvFi

- Diode compression point dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity  $\sigma$ 

- Density p

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$\mathbf{V}_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \bullet \frac{cf}{dcpi}$$

with Vi = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY5 parameter)

*dcpi* = Diode compression point (DASY5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$ 



H-field probes:  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ With *Vi* = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) *Normi* = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) *ConvF*= Sensitivity enhancement in solution *aij* = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes *f* = Carrier frequency (GHz) *Ei* = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m *Hi* = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components give the total field strength:

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_{\text{x}}^2 + E_{\text{y}}^2 + E_{\text{z}}^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ= equivalent tissue density in g/cm

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770} \text{ Or } P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With Ppwe = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

E<sub>tot</sub> = total electric field strength in V/m

 $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

#### 4.2 SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

#### Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a

user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 7 x 7 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

#### Power Drift Measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

#### 4.3 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEC62209-1 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

maximum search extrapolation

#### boundary correction

#### Peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

#### Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

#### Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})\cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a<< $\lambda$ ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors *Sb* (parameter Alpha in the DASY5 software) and *a* (parameter Delta in the DASY5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and

boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

the boundary curvature is small

the probe axis is angled less than 30° to the boundary normal

the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter

the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip) Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

## 5. Test Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C					
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%					
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω					
Ambient noise is checked and	d found very low and in compliance with requirement of					
standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with						
requirement of standards.						

### 6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test. To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power. A Radio Communication Tester MT8820C was used to program the EUT.

			ower (dBr	n)		Avera	ge power	(dBm)	
GSM 850		Channel	Channel	Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel	
		128	190	251		128	190	251	
G	SM	31.46	31.63	31.68					
	1TXslot	31.44	31.64	31.68	-9.03	22.41	22.61	22.65	
GPRS	2TXslots	30.60	30.80	30.88	-6.02	24.58	24.78	24.86	
GFRS	3TXslots	28.90	29.13	29.18	-4.26	24.64	24.87	24.92	
	4TXslots	28.16	28.35	28.41	-3.01	25.15	25.34	25.40	
		Р	ower (dBr	n)		Average power (dBm)			
GSM	l 1900	Channel	Channel	Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel	
		512	661	810		512	661	810	
G	SM	28.53	28.65	28.53					
	1TXslot	28.54	28.73	28.62	-9.03	19.51	19.70	19.59	
GPRS	2TXslots	27.73	27.97	27.83	-6.02	21.71	21.95	21.81	
GFKS	3TXslots	26.11	26.40	26.20	-4.26	21.85	22.14	21.94	
	4TXslots	25.34	25.62	25.45	-3.01	22.33	22.61	22.44	

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots

- =>Conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03 dB
- 2 TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots
  - => Conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02 dB
- 3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots
  - => Conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26 dB
- 4 TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots
  - => Conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01 dB

2) Average power

The maximum power are marks in bold. According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 4Txslots for GPRS.

		Power (dBm)				
E	Band V	Channel	Channel	Channel		
		4132	4183	4233		
	12.2kbps RMC	22.65	22.93	21.86		
RMC	64kbps RMC	22.58	22.90	21.86		
RIVIC	144kbps RMC	22.62	22.89	21.80		
	384kbps RMC	22.66	22.92	21.85		
AMR	12.2kbps RMC	21.78	22.77	21.69		
	Sub - Test 1	21.66	21.92	20.84		
HSDPA	Sub - Test 2	21.21	21.49	20.38		
ISDPA	Sub - Test 3	19.84	19.99	19.65		
	Sub - Test 4	19.73	19.73	19.68		
	Sub - Test 1	21.56	21.80	20.76		
	Sub - Test 2	21.57	21.84	20.77		
HSUPA	Sub - Test 3	19.47	19.91	19.01		
	Sub - Test 4	21.62	21.90	20.82		
	Sub - Test 5	20.68	20.88	19.81		

### 7. SAR Measurement Results

### 7.1 Liquid Measurement Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values.

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Relative Humidity	Para.	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	June 08,	Head	21.5	21	56%	٤r	41.5	40.43	-2.58	±5
000	2013	Ticau	21.5	21	5070	σ	0.90	0.86	-4.44	±5
835	June 08,	Body	21.5	21	56%	٤r	55.2	53.73	-2.66	±5
000	2013	Бойу	21.5	21		р	0.97	0.94	-3.09	±5
1900	June 09,	Head	21.5	21	56%	٤r	40	39.75	-0.63	±5
1900	2013	,	21.5	۷ ا		σ	1.40	1.45	3.57	±5
1900	June 09,	Body	21.5	21	56%	٤r	53.3	50.72	-4.84	±5
1900	09, 2013	Бойу	21.5	21	50 //	р	1.52	1.58	3.95	±5
2450	June 09,	Head	21.5	21	56%	٤r	39.2	37.97	-3.14	±5
2430	2013	Tieau	21.5	21	50 /6	σ	1.80	1.88	4.44	±5
2450	June 09,	Body	21.5	21	56%	٤r	52.7	50.71	-3.78	±5
2430	09, 2013	Bouy	21.3	21	50 /0	σ	1.95	2.02	3.59	±5

### 7.2 System Performance Check

#### System Performance Check Measurement conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system with an E-field probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 8 mm, dy= 8 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm.



The depth of Liquid must above 15cm



### System Performance Check Results

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Amb. Temp . [°C]	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR_1g (W/Kg)	250mW Target SAR_1g (W/Kg)	Dev. [%]	Limit [%]
835	June 08, 2013	Head	21.4	21	250	2.31	2.47	-6.48	±10
835	June 08, 2013	Body	21.4	21	250	2.44	2.52	-3.17	±10
1900	June 09, 2013	Head	21.5	21	250	9.42	9.89	-4.75	±10
1900	June 09, 2013	Body	21.5	21	250	10.1	10.3	-1.94	±10
2450	June 09, 2013	Head	21.5	21	250	13.2	13.4	1.52	±10
	June 09, 2013	Body	21.5	21	250	14.1	13.0	8.46	±10

### 7.3 Measurement Results

David	т	est		01-#	Freq.	Powe	r (dBm)	1g SAR (	W/Kg)	Power
Band		guration	Mode	Ch#.	[MHz]	Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	Drift (dB)
	Head	Left Cheek	voice	251	848.8	32	31.68	0.168	0.181	-0.03
	Head	Left Tilted	voice	251	848.8	32	31.68	0.100	0.108	0.14
	Head	Right Cheek	voice	251	848.8	32	31.68	0.146	0.157	0.14
	Head	Right Tilted	voice	251	848.8	32	31.68	0.091	0.098	0.16
	Body	Back (Head- set)	voice	251	848.8	32	31.68	0.509	0.548	0.00
GSM 850	Body	Front (Head- set)	voice	251	848.8	32	31.68	0.184	0.198	-0.07
	Body	Back	GPRS 4 slots	251	848.8	30	28.41	0.535	0.773	-0.16
	Body	Front	GPRS 4 slots	251	848.8	30	28.41	0.185	0.267	-0.13
	Body	Right	GPRS 4 slots	251	848.8	30	28.41	0.260	0.375	-0.11
	Body	Left	GPRS 4 slots	251	848.8	30	28.41	0.255	0.368	-0.11
	Body	Bottom	GPRS 4 slots	251	848.8	30	28.41	0.111	0.160	-0.05
GSM 1900	Head	Left Cheek	voice	661	1880	29	28.65	0.149	0.162	-0.07
	Head	Left Tilted	voice	661	1880	29	28.65	0.076	0.082	0.00
	Head	Right Cheek	voice	661	1880	29	28.65	0.151	0.164	-0.11
	Head	Right Tilted	voice	661	1880	29	28.65	0.095	0.103	0.11
	Body	Back (Head- set)	voice	661	1880	29	28.65	0.755	0.819	-0.10
	Body	Front (Head- set)	voice	661	1880	29	28.65	0.309	0.335	-0.12
	Body	Back	GPRS 4 slots	810	1909.8	26	25.45	1.19	1.35	0.15
	Body	Back	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	26	25.62	1.19	1.30	0.07
	Body	Back	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	26	25.62	1.19	1.30	0.10



David	т	est		01-#	Freq.	Powe	r (dBm)	1g SAR (	W/Kg)	Power Drift
Band	config	guration	Mode	Ch#.	[MHz]	Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	(dB)
	Body	Back	GPRS 4 slots	512	1850.2	26	25.34	1.16	1.35	0.09
	Body	Front	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	26	25.62	0.482	0.526	-0.18
	Body	Right	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	26	25.62	0.149	0.163	-0.19
	Body	Left	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	26	25.62	0.270	0.295	-0.03
	Body	Bottom	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	26	25.62	0.710	0.775	-0.06
	Head	Left Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.068	0.069	0.10
	Head	Left Tilted	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.042	0.043	0.18
	Head	Right Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.061	0.062	0.20
	Head	Right Tilted	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.042	0.043	0.16
WCD MA	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.346	0.352	-0.03
Band V	Body	Front	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.081	0.082	-0.04
	Body	Right	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.133	0.135	-0.07
	Body	Left	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.134	0.136	-0.04
	Body	Bottom	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.041	0.042	-0.07
	Body	Back (Head- set)	RMC 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	23	22.93	0.345	0.351	-0.04

Note: 1) The body SAR was tested with separation distance 10mm.

2) According to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01, body SAR for top configuration measurement was not required for WWAN mode because the top side of the EUT with WWAN antenna further than 25 mm from the surface.

3)HSDPA and HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA and HSUPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA and HSUPA using 12.2kbps RMC and the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is not above 75% of the SAR limit.



4) Blue entries represent repeated test.

#### Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01r01 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest

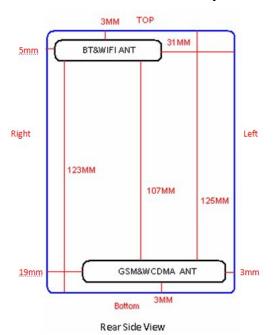
SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

							Measured SAR (W/Kg)					
Band	Test configuration		Mode	Ch#.	Freq. (MHz)	Original	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated		2 <sup>nd</sup> Repeated			
						( )	Onginai	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	
	GSM 1900	Body	Back	GPRS 4 slots	661	1880	1.19	1.19	1.00	NA	NA	

### SAR consideration for unlicensed transmitters:

The EUT support WIFI and Bluetooth functions, the output power of WIFI and Bluetooth and the antenna layout are as follow:



#### WIFI (802.11b/g/n)

		Power (dBm)								
	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(H20)	802.11n(H40)						
Lowest	14.53	12.67	12.54	12.19						
Middle	14.65	12.84	12.14	12.40						
Highest	14.43	12.24	12.68	12.16						
Tune-up limit	15	14	14	14						

Bluetooth:

		Conducted power (dBm	)	
	GFSK	Pi/4DQPSK	8QPSK	
Lowest	6.18	5.91	6.09	
Middle	5.25	4.99	5.21	
Highest	4.92	4.69	4.93	
Tune-up limit	6.5	6.5	6.5	

According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distances≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ .

1) WIFI maximum tune-up limit power is 15dBm=31.62mW.

For the head SAR, use 5mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance, [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] = 9.90 > 3.0$ .

For the body SAR, use 10mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance, [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] = 4.95 > 3.0.$ 

So WIFI standalone SAR measurements are required for both head and body. The standalone SAR of WIFI is follow:

	Test configuration		Mada	Ch#.	Freq. [MHz]	Powe	r (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)		Power Drift
Band			Mode	Cn#.		Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	(dB)
	Head	Head Left Cheek		6	2437	15	14.65	0.169	0.183	-0.09
	Head	Left Tilted	802.11 b	6	2437	15	14.65	0.233	0.253	0.05
	Head	Right Cheek	802.11 b	6	2437	15	14.65	0.181	0.196	-0.16
	Head	Right Tilted	802.11 b	6	2437	15	14.65	0.211	0.229	-0.13
	Body	Back	802.11 b	6	2437	15	15 14.65		0.193	0.12
	Body	Front	802.11 b	6	2437	15	14.65	0.094	0.102	-0.17
	Body	y Right 802.11 b 6 2437 15 14		14.65	0.056	0.061	0.02			
	Body	Тор	802.11 b	6	2437	15	14.65	0.167	0.181	0.11

Note: 1) The body SAR was tested with separation distance 10mm.

2) According to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01, body SAR for bottom and left configuration measurements was not required for WIFI mode because the bottom and left side of the EUT with WIFI antenna further than 25 mm from these surfaces.



3) SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels because the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

2) Bluetooth maximum tune-up limit power is 6.5dBm=4.47mW.

For the head SAR, use 5mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance, [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] = 1.40 \le 3.0;$ 

For the body SAR, use 10mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance, [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] = 0.70 \le 3.0$ .

So Bluetooth standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.

3) According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.2.2, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following formula: (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

So the estimated Bluetooth head SAR is 0.187 W/kg and the body SAR is 0.093 W/kg.



### **Result summary:**

#### Head SAR configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)
GSM850	251	Left ,Cheek	0.181
GSM1900	661	Right ,Cheek	0.164
WCDMA Band V	4183	Left ,Cheek	0.069
WIFI	6	Left ,Cheek	0.253
Bluetooth	1	/	0.187

#### **Body Worn configuration**

Mode	Channel	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)
4Tx slots GPRS850	251	Back side	0.773
4Tx slots GPRS1900	810	Back side	1.35
WCDMA Band V	4183	Back side	0.352
WIFI	6	Back side	0.193
Bluetooth	/	/	0.093

#### Hotspot SAR configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)
4Tx slots GPRS850	251	Back side	0.773
4Tx slots GPRS1900	810	Back side	1.35
WCDMA Band V	4183	Back side	0.352
WIFI	6	Back side	0.193

### Simultaneous SAR Consideration

The simultaneous SAR scenarios are as follow.

No	Simultaneous Configuration	Sum. SAR (W/kg)
1	Cellular head + WiFi head	0.434
2	Cellular body + WiFi body	1.54
3	Cellular head + BT head	0.368
4	Cellular body + BT body	1.44
5	Cellular Hotspot +WiFi Hotspot	1.54

The maximum evaluation SAR of the simultaneous scenarios is 1.54W/kg that less than 1.6 W/kg, so the simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

## 8. Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.55	Ν	1.0	1.0	1.0	6.55	6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.29	0.29	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.46	0.46	8
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.35	8
System detection limits	E.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.14	0.14	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.35	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.35	8
Reponse Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0	0	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	8
RF ambient Conditions-Noise	E.6.1	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0	0	8
RF ambient Conditions-Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	8
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.87	0.87	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.67	1.67	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR	E.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.58	0.58	8
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	4.6	Ν	1.0	1.0	1.0	4.6	4.6	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.2	Ν	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.2	5.2	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	2.89	2.89	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	2.31	2.31	8
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	8
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1.0	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	М
Liquid permitivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.42	8
Liquid permitivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1.0	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.23	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS	1	I	1	11.3	11.0	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% Confidence interval)			К				23	22	

## 9. EUT Photos and Test Positions



**Mobile Phone** 



**Mobile Phone** 



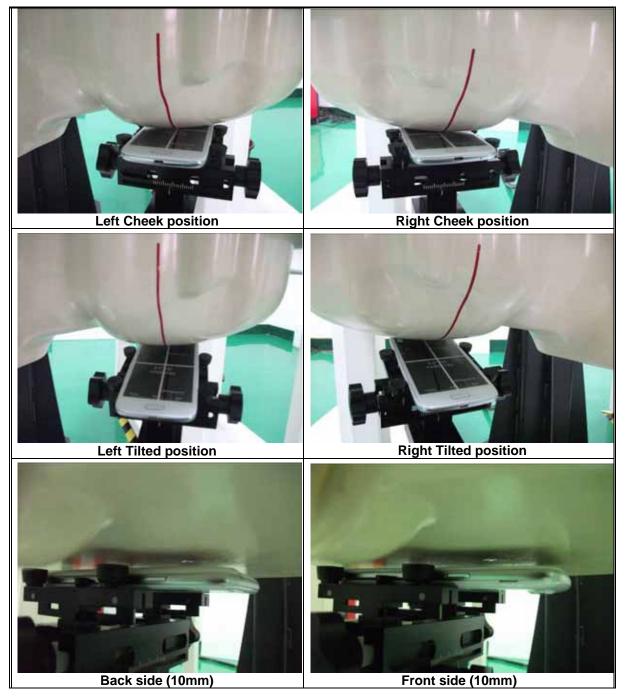
**Mobile Phone** 



**Mobile Phone** 



#### **Test Position:**





No.130511-R1 Page 36 of 138



### **10. Equipment List & Calibration Status**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal. Date	Calibration Due
PC	HP	d7900eC	CZC9312JJ4	N/A	N/A
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	SN 3221	2012-9-27	2013-9-26
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4-SD 000 D04 BJ	SN 893	2012-9-27	2013-9-26
Device Holder	Stäubli	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	TP-1545/TP-1548	N/A	N/A
6 Axis Robot	Stäubli	Robot TX90XL	F09/5B9UA1/A/01	N/A	N/A
Dipole 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d150	2013-3-18	2014-3-17
Dipole 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d070	2012-10-1	2013-9-30
DIPOLE 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	815	2012-9-26	2013-9-25
Wireless Communication Test Set	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201060976	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Signal Generator	Agilent	5183A	MY49060563	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104719	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Power Sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY48100148	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Directional couplers	Agilent	778D	MY48220223	N/A	N/A
Power amplifier	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	QA0940002	N/A	N/A
Power supply	Topward	3303d	796708	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108263	2012-8-27	2013-8-26
Liquid Calibration Kit	Agilent	85070E	N/A	N/A	N/A



### 11. Attachments

Exhibit	Content	
1	System Performance Check Plots	
2	SAR Test Plots	
3	Probe calibration report	
4	Dipole calibration report	
5	DAE calibration report	



#### **ANNEXE 1 System Performance Check Plots**

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### System 835 MHz dipole (Head)

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.859 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.432;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

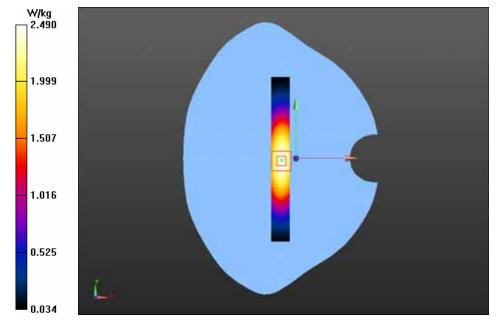
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

835Head/System/Area Scan (21x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.49 W/kg 835Head/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.285 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### System 835 MHz dipole (Body)

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.938 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.734;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

835Body/System/Area Scan (21x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 W/kg

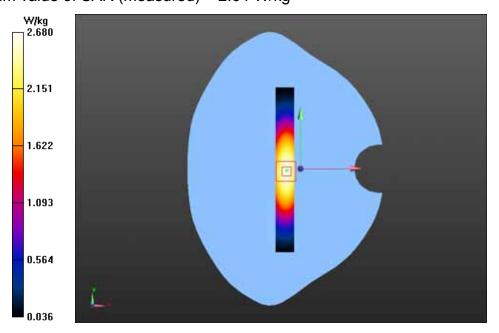
835Body/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.475 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### System 1900 MHz dipole (Head)

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 39.75;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**1900Head/System/Area Scan (21x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

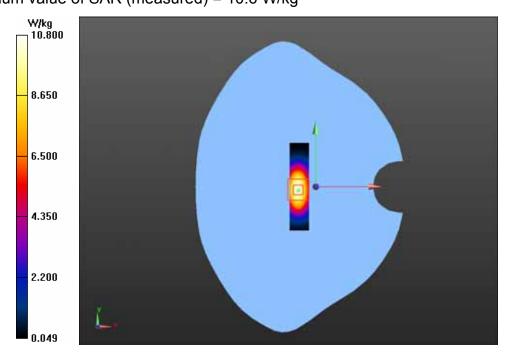
Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.8 W/kg

**1900Head/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.216 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 9.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.93 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### System 1900 MHz dipole (Body)

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.578 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.718;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**1900Body/System/Area Scan (21x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

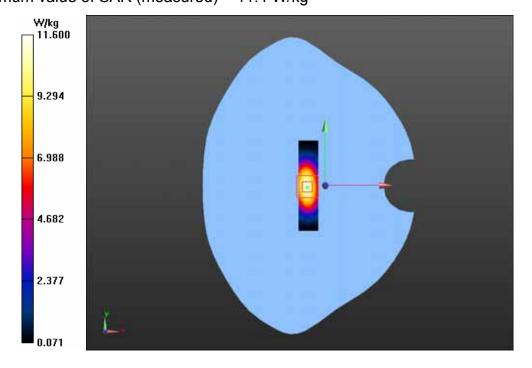
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 W/kg

**1900Body/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.958 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### System 2450 MHz dipole (Head)

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.88 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.97;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

Measurement Standard. DASTS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI CO

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

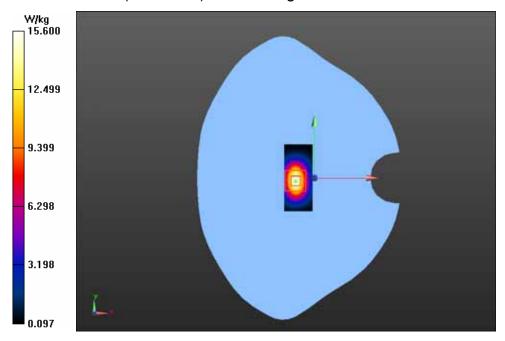
2450 Head/System/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

**2450 Head/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.198 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### System 2450 MHz dipole (Body)

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.02 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.71;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**2450 Body/System check/Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

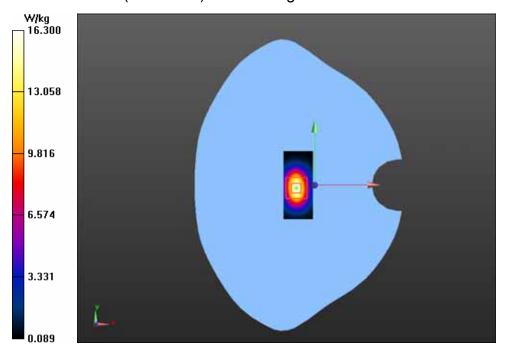
Reference Value = 87.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.3 W/kg

**2450 Body/System check/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.252 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 14.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.56 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



#### **ANNEXE 2 SAR Test Plots**

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.872 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.245;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

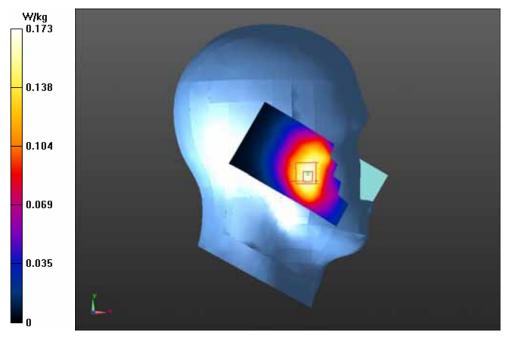
### **GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 3.284 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.173 W/kg **GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.284 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 mW/g

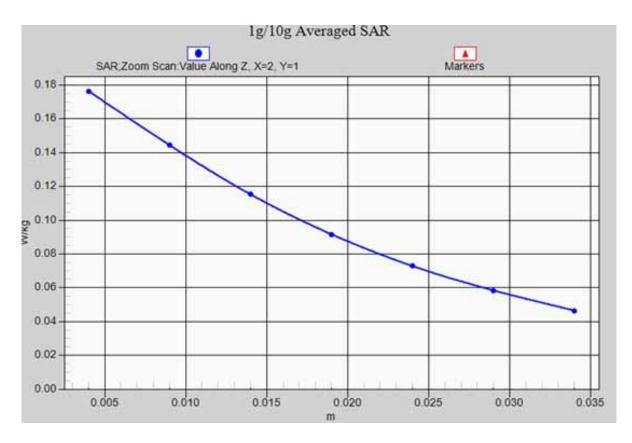
SAR(1 g) = 0.168 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.176 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013



GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-High\_ z-axis scan



Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GSM850 LEFT/TILT-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.872 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.245;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 LEFT/TILT-High/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.259 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

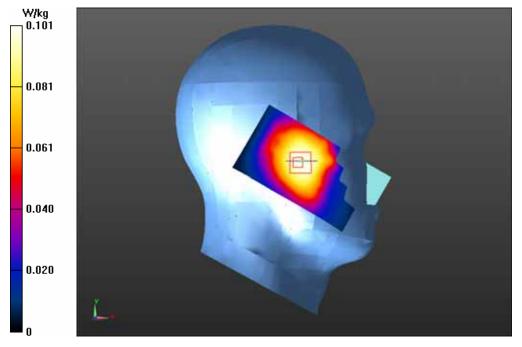
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 W/kg

**GSM850 LEFT/TILT-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.259 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.100 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.872 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.245;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 3.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

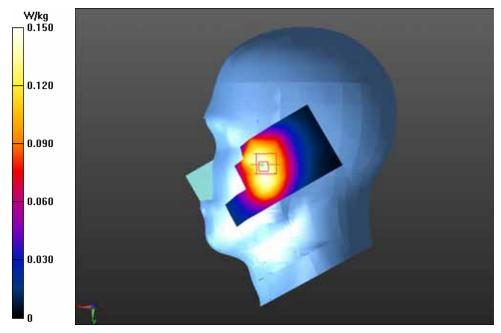
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 W/kg

**GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.172 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GSM850 RIGHT/TILT-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.872 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.245;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 RIGHT/TILT-High/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.176 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0947 W/kg

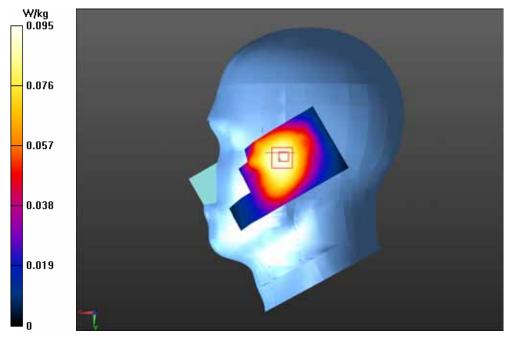
#### GSM850 RIGHT/TILT-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.176 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0931 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GSM850 Back side-High with headset

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### GSM850 Back side-High with headset/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 22.365 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

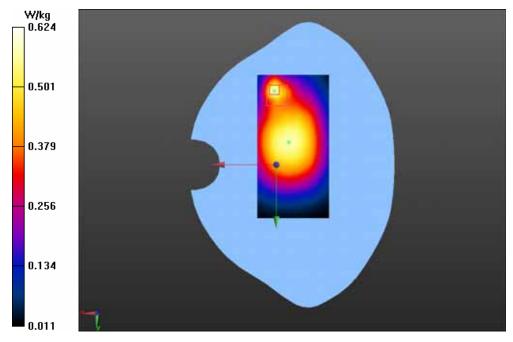
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 W/kg

**GSM850 Back side-High with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.365 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.922 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.509 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

### GSM850 Front side-High with headset

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

### **GSM850 Front side-High with headset/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 12.810 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

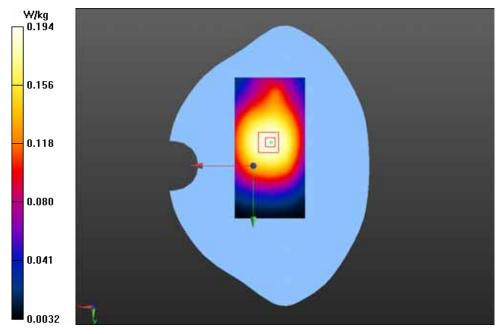
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 W/kg

### **GSM850 Front side-High with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.810 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.219 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.184 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GPRS 850/Back side-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Back side-High/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 23.536 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.685 W/kg

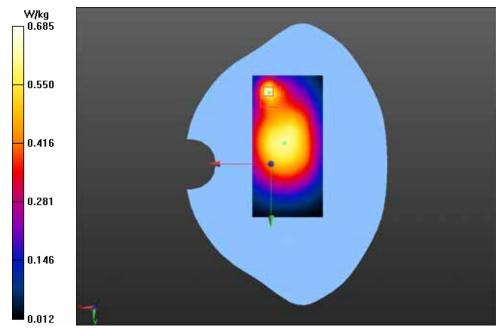
### GPRS 850/Back side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.536 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.970 mW/g

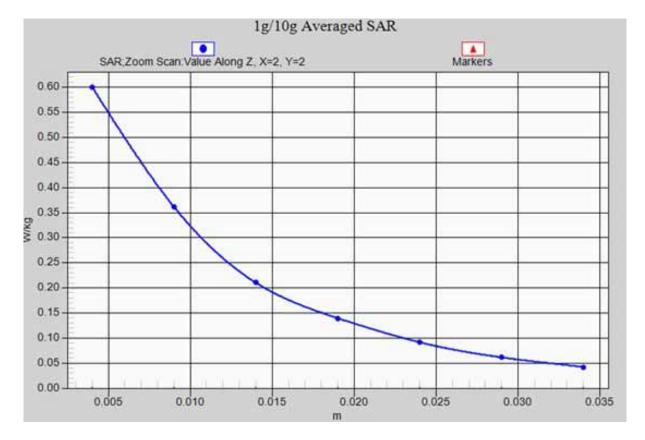
SAR(1 g) = 0.535 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.601 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013



GPRS 850/Back side-High\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### **GPRS 850/Front side-High**

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Front side-High/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 12.676 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

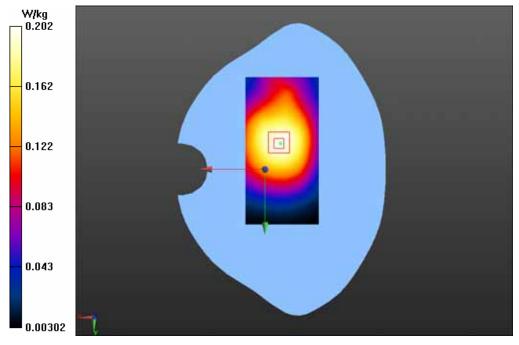
### GPRS 850/Front side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.676 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GPRS850 -Right side-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

### **GPRS850 -Right side-High/Area Scan (21x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 17.380 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.280 W/kg

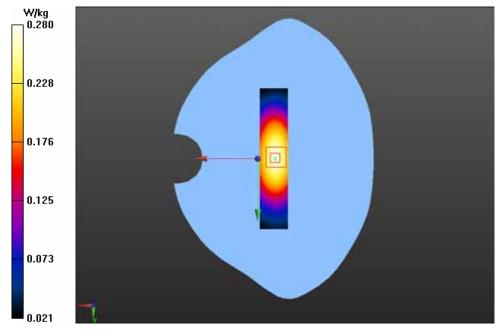
### GPRS850 -Right side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.380 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.349 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.260 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (massured) = 0.280 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.280 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GPRS850 -Left side-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS850 -Left side-High/Area Scan (21x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 17.288 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.271 W/kg

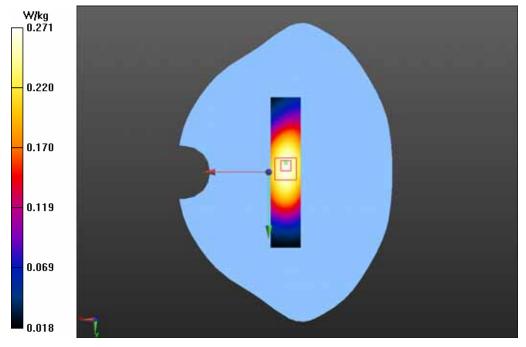
#### GPRS850 -Left side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.288 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.335 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.255 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### GPRS850 -Bottom side-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.951 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.603;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS850 -Bottom side-High/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.220 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

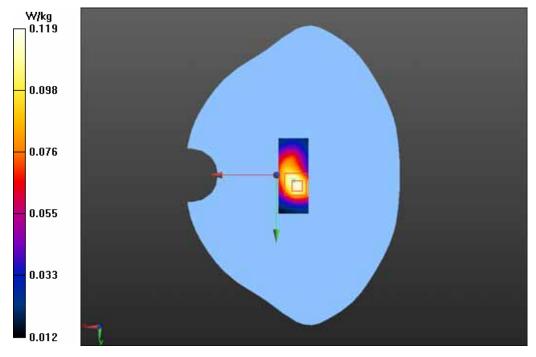
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 W/kg

**GPRS850 -Bottom side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.220 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.207 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### PCS1900 LEFT/CHEEK-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

PCS1900 LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 5.301 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 W/kg

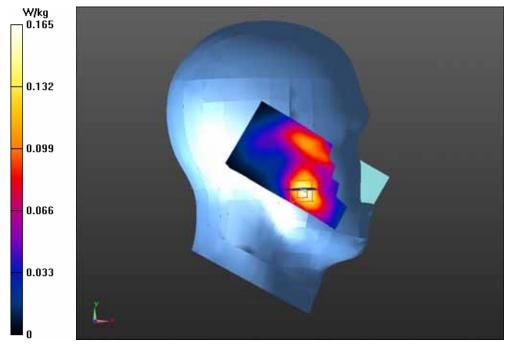
#### PCS1900 LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.301 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### PCS1900 LEFT/TILT-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

PCS1900 LEFT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 7.219 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

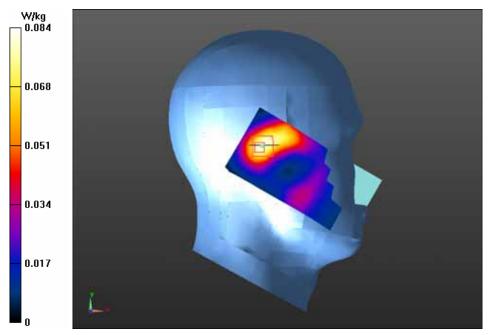
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0845 W/kg

PCS1900 LEFT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.219 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.132 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.076 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0822 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 5.694 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

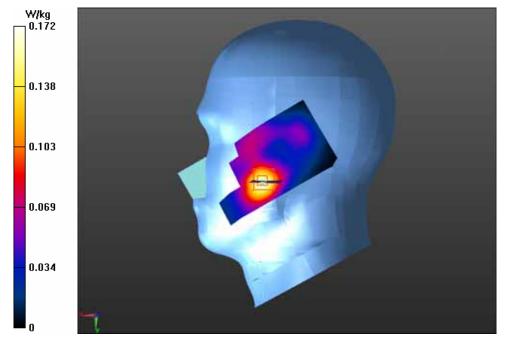
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.172 W/kg

PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.694 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 mW/g

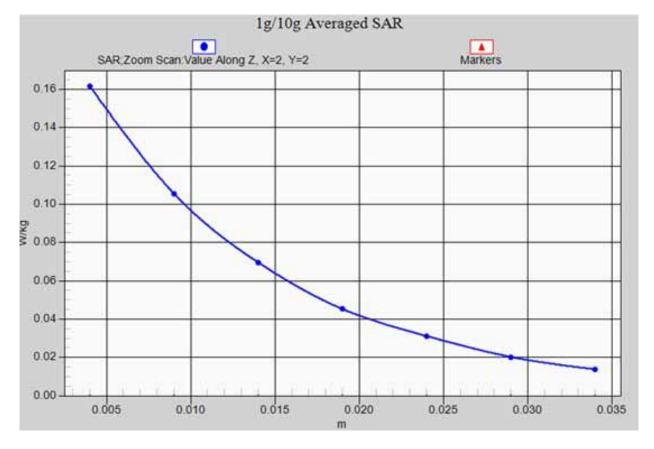
SAR(1 g) = 0.151 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013



PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid\_ z-axis scan



Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### PCS1900 RIGHT/TILT-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

PCS1900 RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.080 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 W/kg

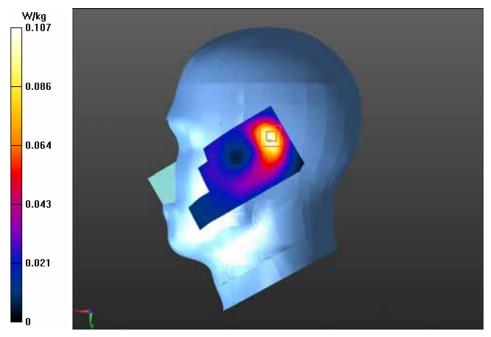
#### PCS1900 RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.080 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GSM1900 Back side-Mid with headset

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### GSM1900 Back side-Mid with headset/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 5.275 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

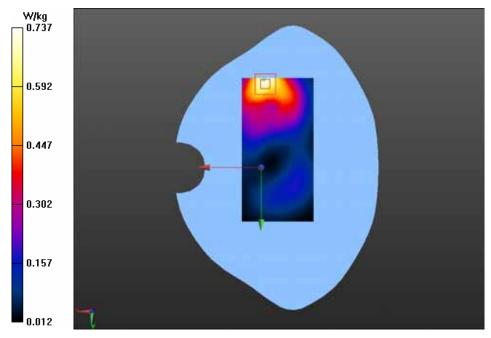
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.737 W/kg

**GSM1900 Back side-Mid with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.275 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.316 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.755 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.783 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

### GSM1900 Front side-Mid with headset

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### GSM1900 Front side-Mid with headset/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 3.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

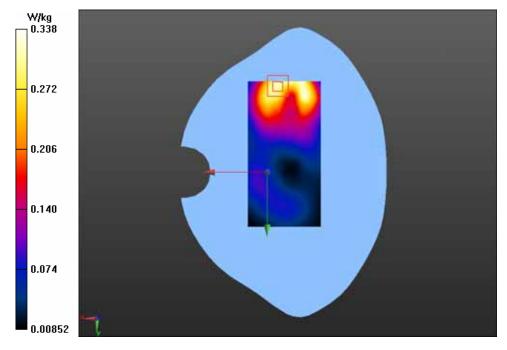
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.338 W/kg

**GSM1900 Front side-Mid with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.509 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.309 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.334 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS 1900/Back side-High

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.588 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.69;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-High/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

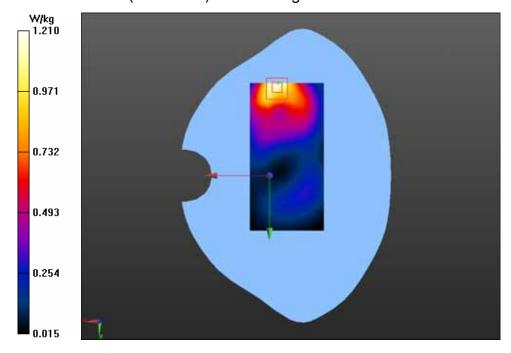
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

### GPRS 1900/Back side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.060 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.646 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.915 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg

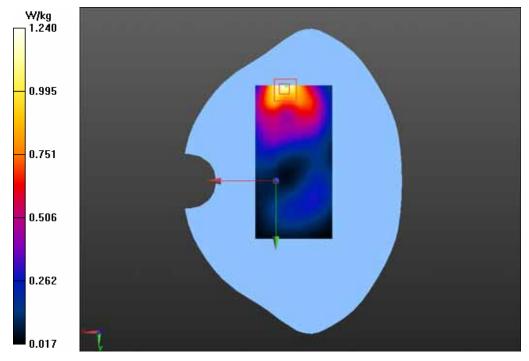
#### GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.915 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.091 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.649 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid 2/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.845 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

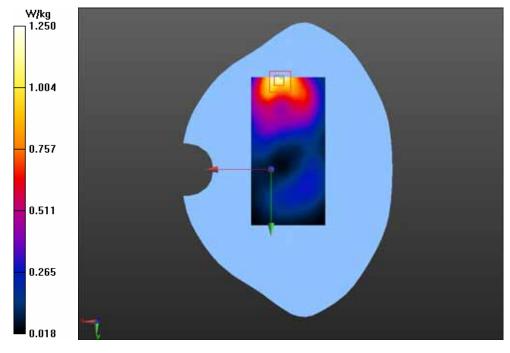
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.845 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.076 mW/g

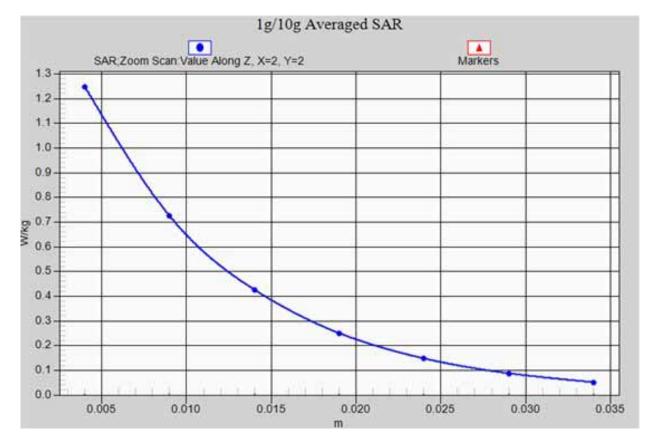
SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.644 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013



GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS 1900/Back side-Low

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.525 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.831;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Low/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 7.312 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

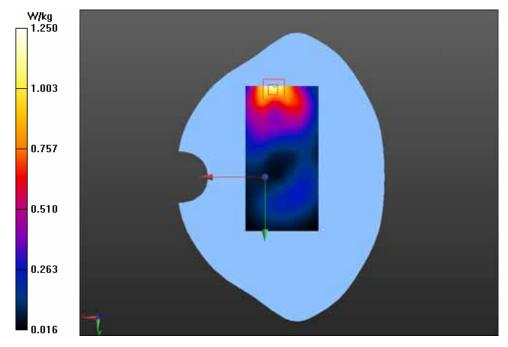
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg

#### GPRS 1900/Back side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.312 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.028 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.630 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### **GPRS 1900/Front side-Mid**

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Front side-Mid/Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.780 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.524 W/kg

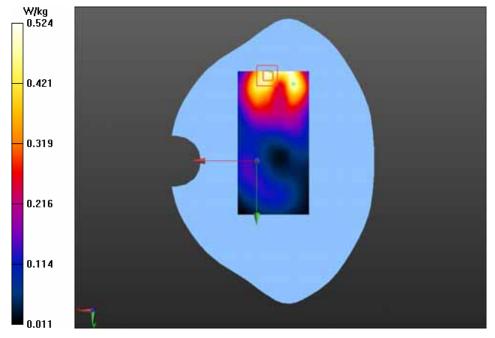
#### GPRS 1900/Front side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.780 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.800 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.482 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS1900 - Right side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS1900 -Right side-Mid/Area Scan (21x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 7.201 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.170 W/kg

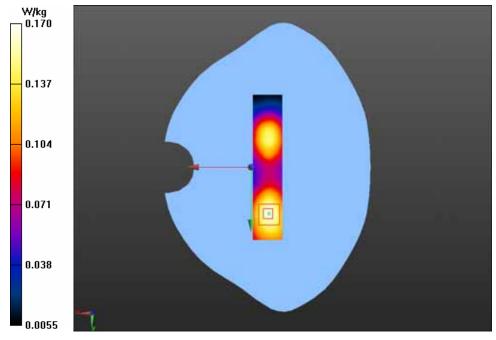
#### GPRS1900 -Right side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.201 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.237 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 mW/g Maximum value of SAP (measured) = 0.163 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS1900 -Left side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS1900 -Left side-Mid/Area Scan (21x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 W/kg

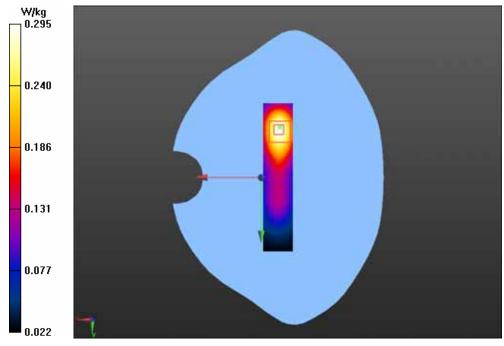
#### GPRS1900 -Left side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.446 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### GPRS1900 -Bottom side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: GPRS(4slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.181 dB Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.557 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.765;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS1900 -Bottom side-Mid/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 21.770 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

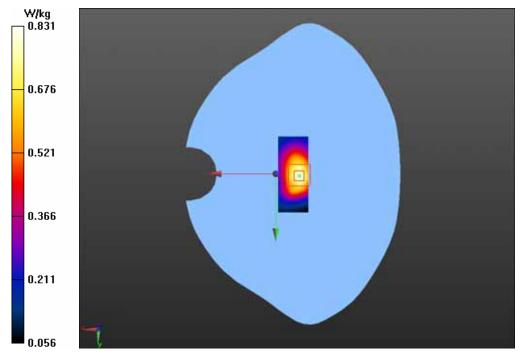
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.831 W/kg

**GPRS1900 -Bottom side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.770 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.149 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.710 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.785 W/kg



# GCCT

### Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

# WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

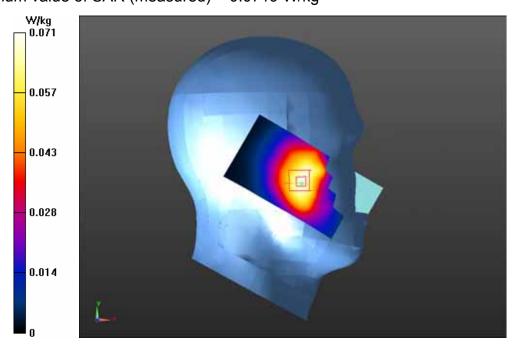
Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.861 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.411;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

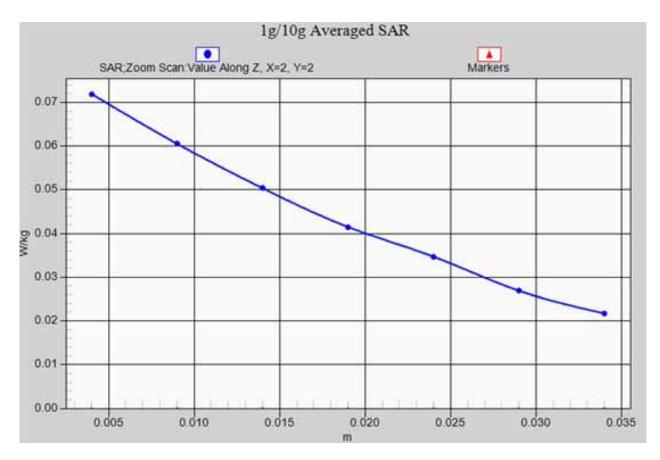
#### WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 2.689 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0710 W/kg **WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.689 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.080 mW/g **SAR(1 g) = 0.068 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0719 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013



WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-Mid\_ z-axis scan

# GCCT

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.08, 2013

## WCDMA Band V- LEFT/TILT-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.861 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.411;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

WCDMA Band V- LEFT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.328 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

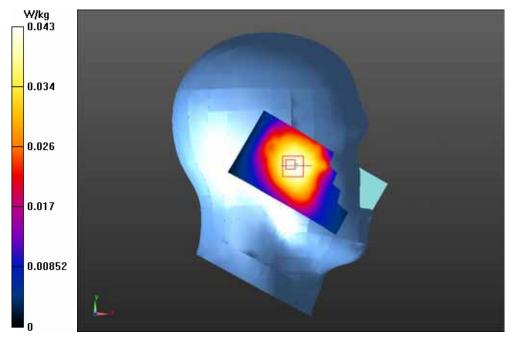
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0426 W/kg

# WCDMA Band V- LEFT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.328 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.051 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0442 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

# WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid

DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

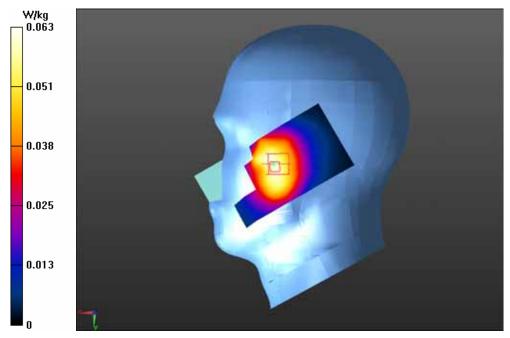
Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.861 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.411;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 2.999 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0633 W/kg **WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.999 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.072 mW/g **SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0634 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/TILT-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.861 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.411;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.605 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

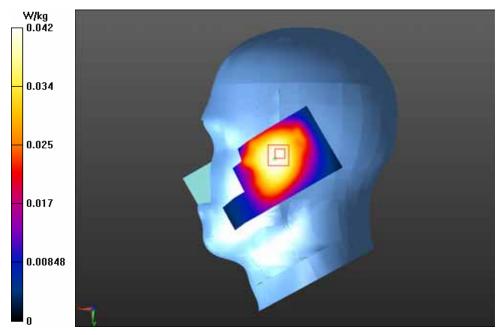
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0424 W/kg

WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.605 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.050 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0431 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.939 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 18.234 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.364 W/kg

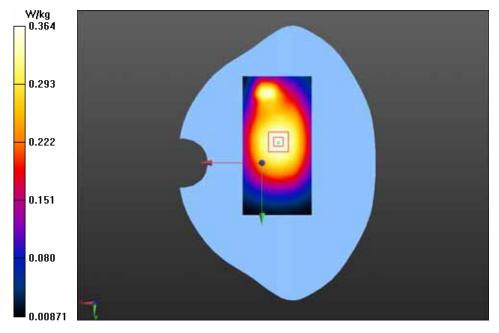
# WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.234 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013



WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid\_ z-axis scan



Test Date: June.08, 2013

## WCDMA Band V(Body)/Front side-Mid DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.939 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA Band V(Body)/Front side-Mid/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

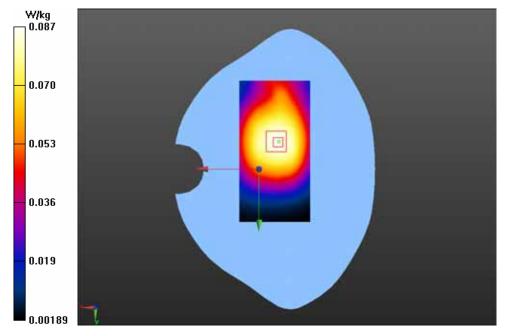
Reference Value = 8.214 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0871 W/kg

WCDMA Band V(Body)/Front side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.214 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.098 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0854 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### WCDMA Band V -Right side-Mid DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.939 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WCDMA Band V -Right side-Mid/Area Scan (21x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 12.457 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

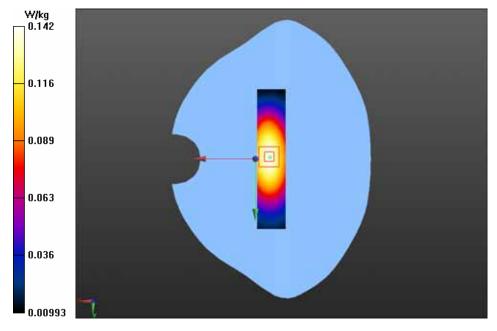
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.142 W/kg

WCDMA Band V -Right side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.457 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.179 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### WCDMA Band V -Left side-Mid/

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.939 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

WCDMA Band V -Left side-Mid/Area Scan (21x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 12.563 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

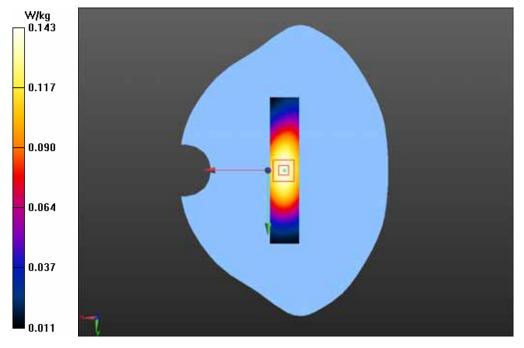
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 W/kg

WCDMA Band V -Left side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.563 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.178 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.134 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### WCDMA Band V -Bottom side-Mid DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.939 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WCDMA Band V -Bottom side-Mid/Area Scan (21x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

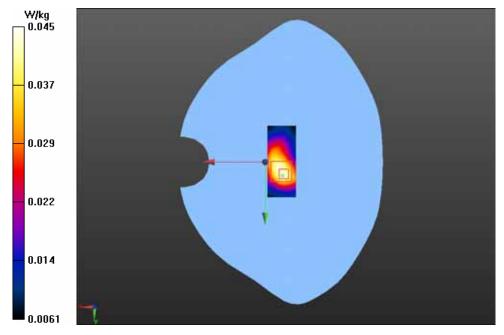
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0448 W/kg

# WCDMA Band V -Bottom side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.076 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0446 W/kg





Test Date: June.08, 2013

#### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid with headset DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.939 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid with headset/Area Scan (51x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 18.222 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 W/kg

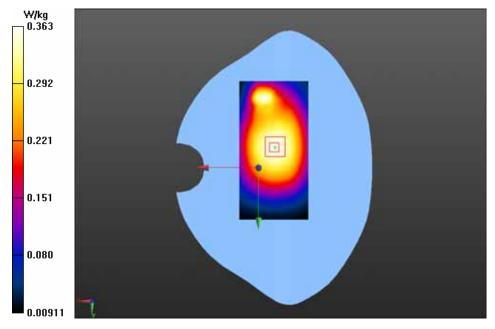
#### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side-Mid with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.222 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b LEFT/CHEEK-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.883 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.021;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

WiFi 802.11b LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.458 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

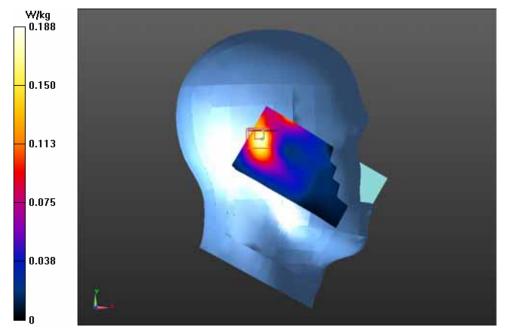
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.188 W/kg

WiFi 802.11b LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.458 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.371 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.169 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 W/kg



# GCCT

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.883 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.021;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.684 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.250 W/kg

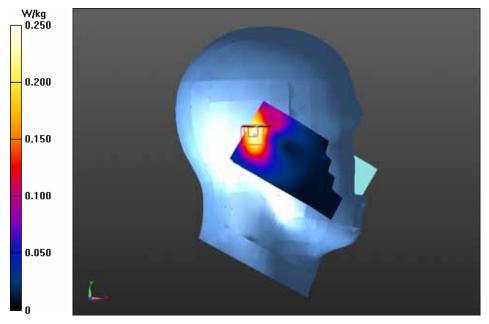
## WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.684 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.497 mW/g

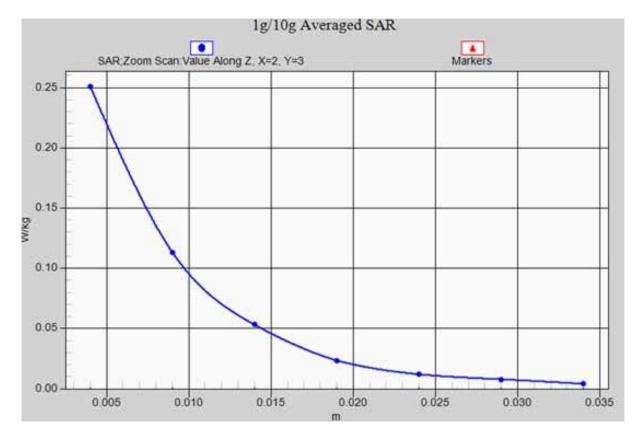
SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.251 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013



WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid\_ z-axis scan



Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.883 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.021;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.534 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

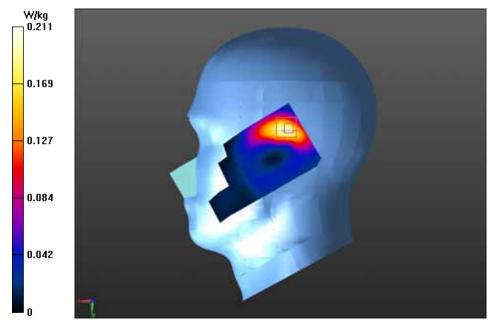
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.211 W/kg

**WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.534 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.350 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.181 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.196 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/TILT-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.883 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.021;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.090 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

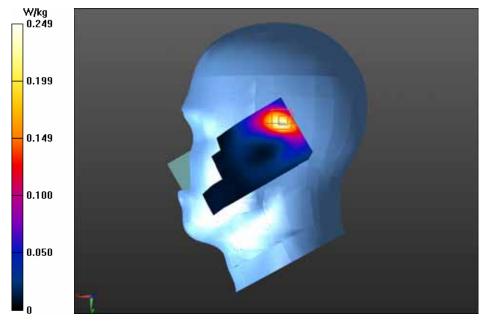
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 W/kg

WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.090 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.013 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.739;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

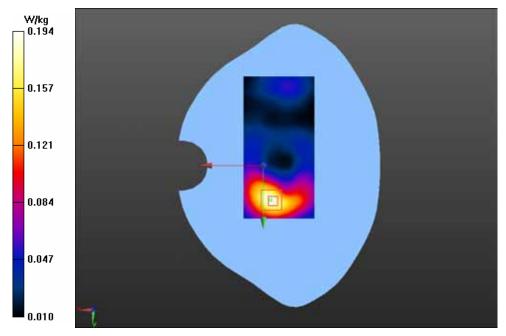
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side-Mid/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 2.102 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 W/kg **WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.102 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 mW/g

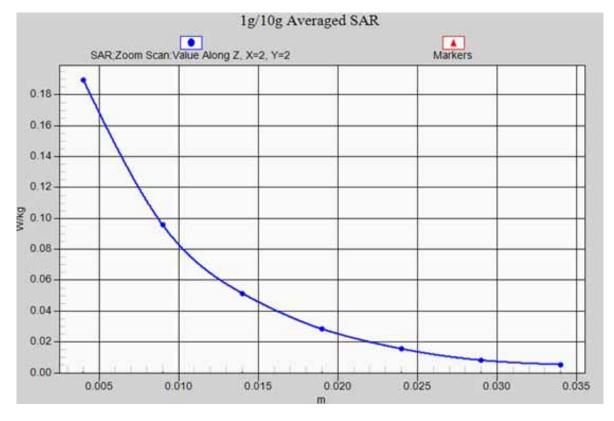
SAR(1 g) = 0.178 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013



WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side-Mid\_ z-axis scan



Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Front side-Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.013 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.739;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

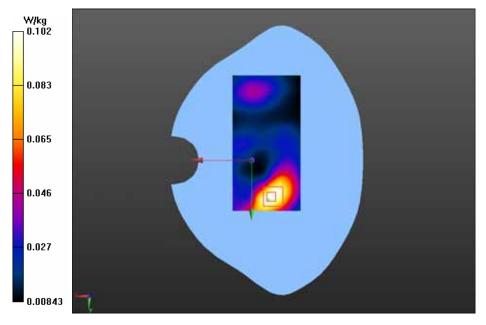
#### WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Front side-Mid/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Reference Value = 2.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.102 W/kg **WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Front side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.186 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0982 W/kg





Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b Right side Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.013 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.739;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b Right side Mid/Area Scan (21x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.168 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

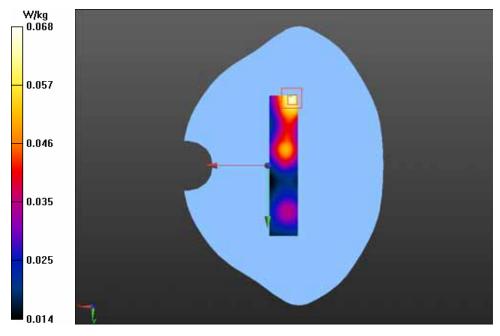
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0681 W/kg

**WiFi 802.11b Right side Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.168 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.056 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0590 W/kg



# GCCT

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: June.09, 2013

#### WiFi 802.11b Top side/Mid

#### DUT: CAPHG 16-01; Type: CAPHG 16-01

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.013 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.739;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

WiFi 802.11b Top side/Mid/Area Scan (21x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.065 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

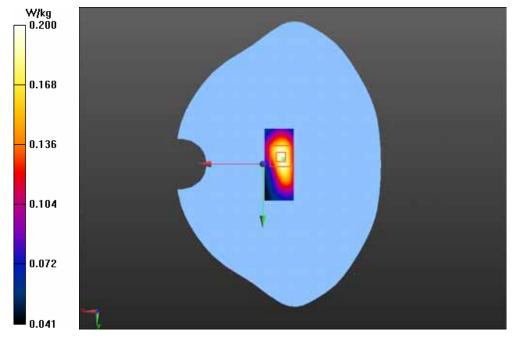
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.200 W/kg

# **WiFi 802.11b Top side/Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.065 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.337 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg





# **ANNEXE 3 Probe calibration report**

# GCCT

## No.130511-R1 Page 97 of 138

credited by the Swiss Accredit			Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service Io.: SCS 108
he Swiss Accreditation Service ultilateral Agreement for the	양 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 가 있었다. 것이		
lient GCCT (Auden			ES3-3221_Sep12
ALIBRATION	CEDTIEICATE	-	
ALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	ES3DV3 - SN:32	21	
Calibration procedure(s)		0A CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 dure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	September 27, 20	012	
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pr	onal standards, which realize the physical units robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C a	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc all calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence pruced in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}C$ a	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198	ertainties with confidence pruced in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration)	v facility are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration)	v facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MR Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 70 be ES30V2	ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4	ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)           29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)           29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)           20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 90 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)           29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)           20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)           Check Date (in house)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MR Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8548C	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)           29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)           20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)           Check Date (in house)           4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi Calibration Equipment used (MA Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 9 robe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5056 (20b) SN: S5056 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)           29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)           20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)           Check Date (in house)           4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	are part of the certificate and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13 In house check: Oct-12
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (MR Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8548C	ertainties with confidence provident of the closed laborator acted in the closed laborator acted for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5084 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)           29-Dec-11 (No. 217-01529)           29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)           20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)           Check Date (in house)           4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	are part of the certificate and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-13 In house check: Oct-12

Page 1 of 11

# GCCT

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

s

С

S

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

Glossary.	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)\*, February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
  maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.



No.130511-R1 Page 99 of 138

ES3DV3 - SN:3221

September 27, 2012

# Probe ES3DV3

# SN:3221

Manufactured: Repaired: Calibrated: September 1, 2009 September 11, 2012 September 27, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3221\_Sep12

Page 3 of 11



September 27, 2012

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.11	1.38	1.06	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	103.6	100.4	103.1	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	Х	0.00	0.00	1.00	144.5	±3.5 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	122.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	143.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. <sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



September 27, 2012

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.25	2.17	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.27	1.99	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.60	5.60	5.60	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.62	1.40	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.34	5.34	5.34	0.76	1.22	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. <sup>T</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



September 27, 2012

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.37	1.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.59	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.46	1.73	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.64	1.49	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.68	1.16	± 12.0 %

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

.

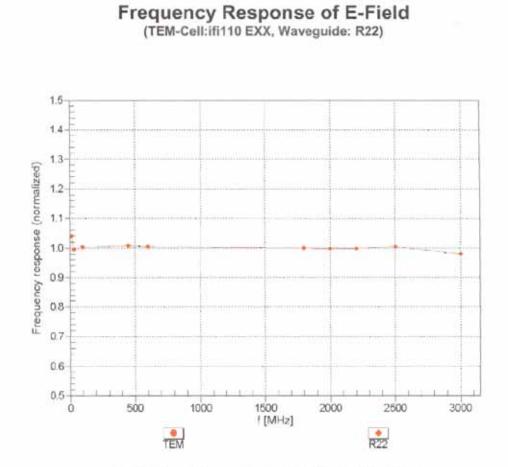
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. <sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

<sup>2</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



ES30V3-SN:3221

September 27, 2012

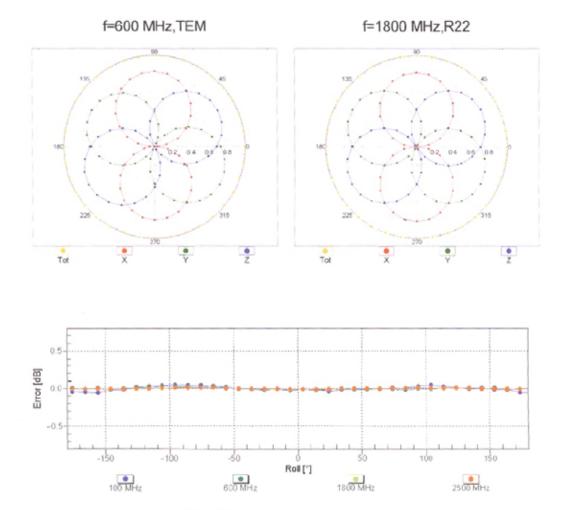


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Page 7 of 11



September 27, 2012

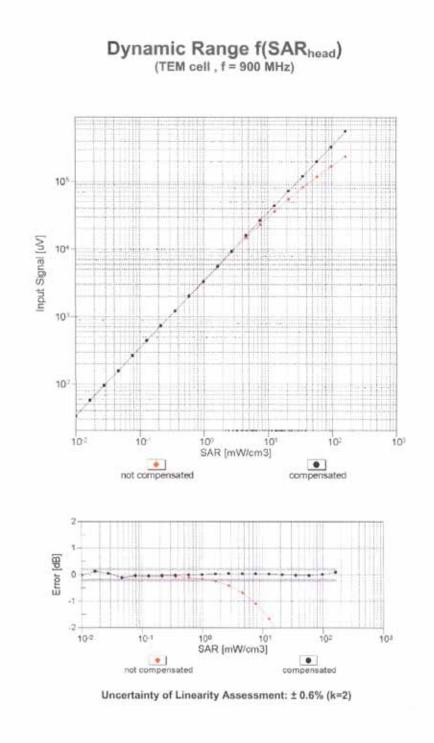


# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

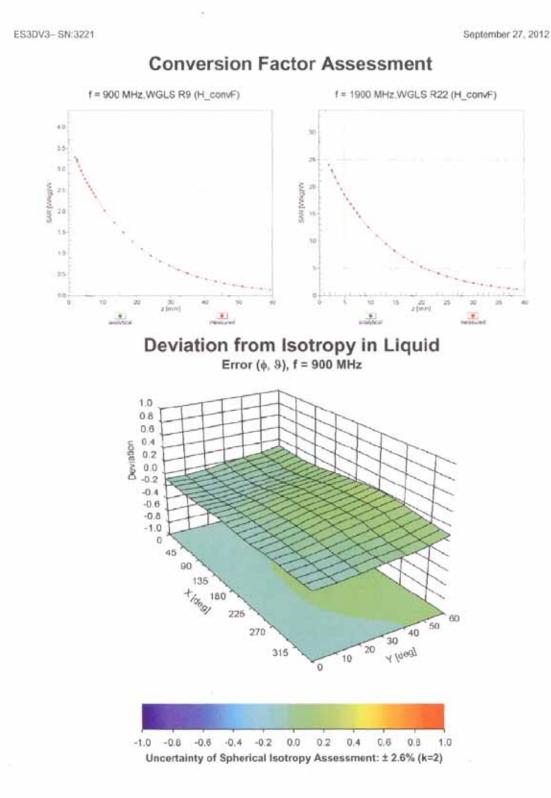


September 27, 2012



Page 9 of 11

# GCCT





September 27, 2012

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

.

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	34		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled		
Probe Overall Length	337 mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm		
Tip Length	10 mm		
Tip Diameter	4 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm		



# **ANNEXE 4 Dipole calibration report**

Engineering AG cughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	y of 5. Switzerland	ILBIC-MEA (PARIS) SC	Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service Auftilateral Agreement for the re	is one of the signatories	s to the EA	n No.: SCS 108
GCCT (Auden)		Certificate N	a: D835V2-4d150_Mar13
CALIBRATION C		107.00	
Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	150	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	March 18, 2013		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages a	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages a	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards	rtainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator (E critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&1 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	rtainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator (E critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (204)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) OI-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	rd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 05327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) OI-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 027-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 05327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) O1-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01633) 28-Dec-12 (No. EISI-3205, Dec12)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) 00 # 0837490704 0537292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057 (37.05327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 28-Dec-12 (No. 217-01533) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jum-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondery Standards	rtainties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057.37 (05327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01 Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jun-13 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 30 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) (D # (BB37480704 (US37292783) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057 (3 / 06327) SN: 3205 SN: 601 (D # (MY41092317)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01 Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205, Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Det-02 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Jum-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	rtainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator (E critical for calibration) 00 # 0837490704 0537292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057 (3 / 06327) SN: 3205 SN: 601 10 # MY41092317 100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3005_Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Det-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N internation Combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	tai-ties with confidence p ted in the cloted laborator (E critical for calibration) (D # (BB37480704 (US37292783) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057 (3 / 06327) SN: 3205 SN: 601 (D # (MY41092317)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01 Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205, Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Det-02 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Jum-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N internation Combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID #           GB37490704           US37292783           SN: 5058 (20k)           SN: 5058 (20k)           SN: 5058 (20k)           SN: 5051           ID #           ID #           GB37490704           US37292783           SN: 5058 (20k)           SN: 5058 (20k)           SN: 5051           ID #           MY41092317           100005           US37390585 54206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. 217-01533) 26-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3005_Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Det-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jum-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Power meter EPM-442A Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N inismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 9753E	rtainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator (E critical for calibration) 00 # 0837490704 0537292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057 (3 / 06327) SN: 3205 SN: 601 10 # MY41092317 100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01633) 28-Dec-12 (No. 217-01633) 28-Dec-12 (No. 217-01533) 28-Dec-12 (No. 217-	rd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jum-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&3 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	rtainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator (E critical for calibration) ID # GB37400704 US37292783 SN 5058 (20k) SN 5047.3 / 05327 SN 3205 SN 601 ID # MY41082317 100005 US37390085 54205 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01630) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01633) 26-Dec-12 (No. 217-01633) 26-Dec-12 (No. 253-3205, Dec12) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-12) Function	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jum-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zoughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



SHISS OF TO RO

S

С

S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the rebognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.9 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.53 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.22 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.66 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.65 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.39 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d150\_Mar13

#### Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω - 2.8 μΩ
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.1 Ω - 5.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.2 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Sectrical Delay (one direction)	1.395 ns
secoreal pretay (une unación)	1.000 10

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

# Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 27, 2012

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d150

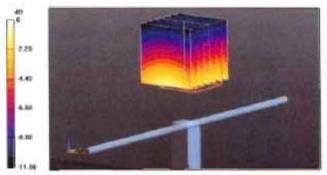
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12,2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

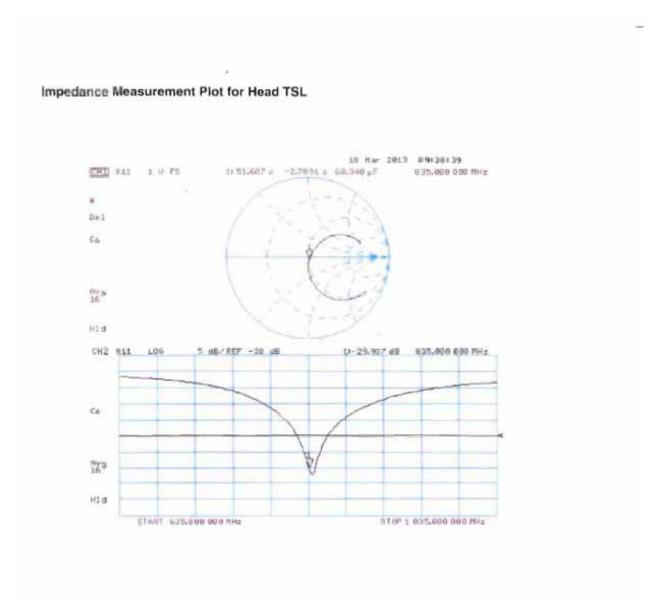
#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.088 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



0 dB = 2.89 W/kg = 4.61 dBW/kg





Page 6 of 8

# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d150

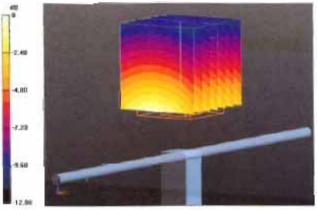
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  S/m;  $\epsilon_e = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg

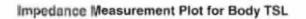


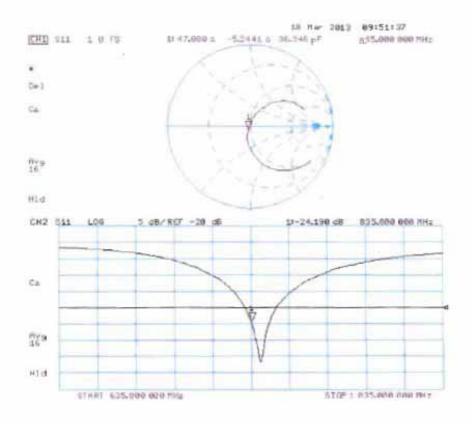
0 dB = 2.91 W/kg = 4.64 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d150\_Mar13

Page 7 of 8







Client

# No.130511-R1 Page 117 of 138

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

GCCT (Auden)



GNISS S C Z Z C Z Z C Z C Z C Z S

Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d070\_Oct12

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D1900V2 - SN: 5d070 Object QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz Calibration date: October 01, 2012 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID # Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) GB37480704 Power meter EPM-442A 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) Oct-12 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) Oct-12 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) Apr-13 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 Type-N mismatch combination 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) Apr-13 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205\_Dec11) Dec-12 DAE4 SN: 601 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601\_Jun12) Jun-13 Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards ID# Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-13 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-13 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Israe El-Naoug Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: October 2, 2012 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



CRU Z

S

С

S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

arooungi	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

# Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

# Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.89 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.22 mW / g
÷,		5.22 mW / g 21.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	- > 10.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.47 mW / g



### Appendix

# Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7 Ω + 4.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω + 5.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.196 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

# Additional EUT Data

[	Manufactured by	SPEAG
	Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 01.10.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d070

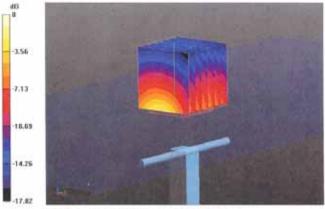
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

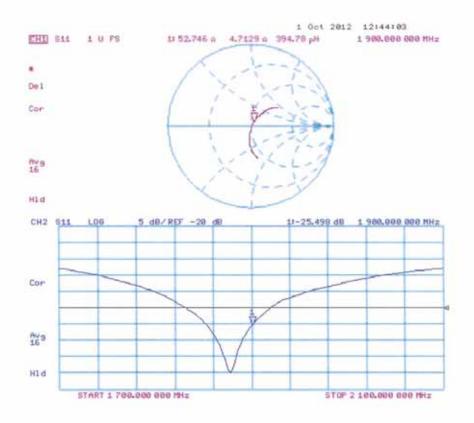
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.678 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.559 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 9.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 W/kg



0 dB = 12.2 W/kg = 21.73 dB W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d070\_Oct12

Page 6 of 8

# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 01.10.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d070

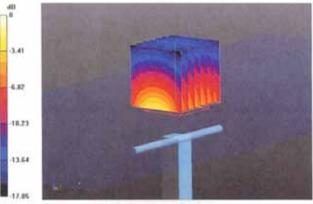
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.54 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- · Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.678 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.097 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



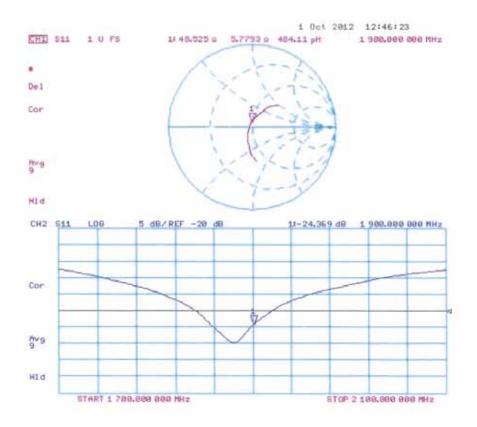
0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 22.28 dB W/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d070\_Oct12

Page 7 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d070\_Oct12

Page 8 of 8



			000 400
ccredited by the Swiss Accredita the Swiss Accreditation Servic ultilateral Agreement for the n	e is one of the signatories	s to the EA	n No.: SCS 108
lient GCCT (Auden)		Certificate N	o: D2450V2-815_Sep12
CALIBRATION C	CERTIFICATE		
Dbject	D2450V2 - SN: 8	15	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 26, 20	012	
The measurements and the unce	artainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uno VI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for catibration)	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.)	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unor VI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12
The measurements and the unor NI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power sets PM-442A Power sets PM-442A Power sets PM-442A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12
The measurements and the unor NI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k)	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	rd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Apr-13
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	rd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)           30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)           27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)           Check Date (in house)           18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)           30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)           27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)           Check Date (in house           18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)           04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-12
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01451) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-12
The measurements and the unce	artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)           27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)           30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)           27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)           Check Date (in house           18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)           04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)           18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-12 Oct-12 Oct-12 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-12

Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



SWISS CRUBRAT

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

S

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12



### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	$39.9 \pm 6 \%$	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.24 mW / g

#### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12

# Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 Ω + 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω + 4.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 23, 2007

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 815

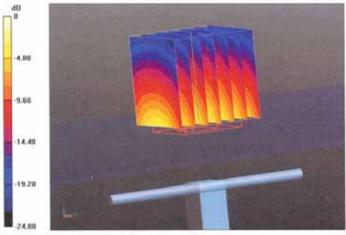
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.84 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.653 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.468 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



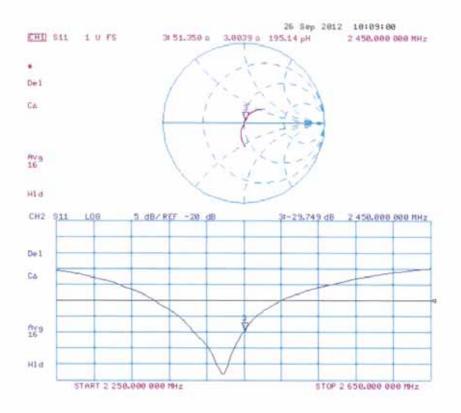
0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 24.56 dB W/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12

Page 5 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12

Page 6 of 8



### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 815

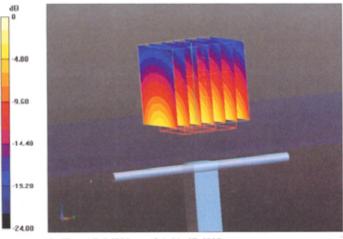
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.01 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.205 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.024 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg



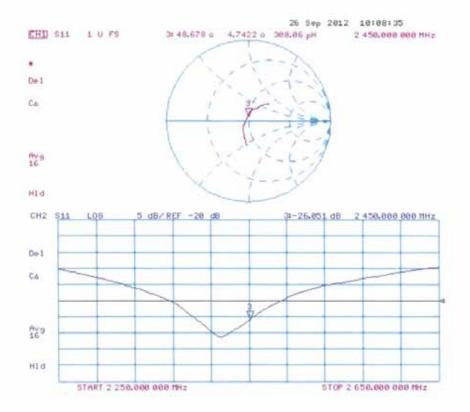
0 dB = 17.0 W/kg = 24.61 dB W/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12

Page 7 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Page 8 of 8



No.130511-R1 Page 133 of 138

# **ANNEXE 5 DAE calibration report**

# No.130511-R1 Page 134 of 138

Chmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	y of	IAC-MRA	S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S swiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accreditat he Swiss Accreditation Service lultilateral Agreement for the re	is one of the signatories	to the EA	tation No.: SCS 108
lient GCCT (Auden)		Certific	ate No: DAE4-893_Sep12
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 893	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v25 Calibration proced	lure for the data acquisition	electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	September 27, 20	12	100 C
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physibability are given on the following particular temperature (2)	ges and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T	rtainties with confidence protected in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following pa facility: environment temperature (22	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards	rtainties with confidence protected in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following pa facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.)	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards	rtainties with confidence protected in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	bability are given on the following pa facility: environment temperature (22	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro ted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	bability are given on the following pa facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.)	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence pro ted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11450) Check Date (in house)	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro ted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11450) Check Date (in house)	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V2.1	rtainties with confidence pro ted in the closed laboratory (E critical for calibration) (D # SN: 0810278 (D # SE UWS 053 AA 1001	bability are given on the following pa facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11450) Check Date (in house) 05-Jan-12 (in house check)	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V2.1	rtainties with confidence pro- ted in the closed laboratory (E critical for calibration) (D # SN: 0810278 (D # SE UWS 053 AA 1001)	bability are given on the following pa facility: environment temperature (22 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11450) Check Date (in house) 05-Jan-12 (in house check) Function	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	Antices with confidence pro- ted in the closed laboratory (E critical for calibration) (D # SN: 0810278 (D # SE UWS 053 AA 1001) Name Enc Hamfeld	Evention Function Technician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician Eventician	ges and are part of the certificate. 2 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-12 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-13

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





- S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
- C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Swiss Calibration Servic

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

# Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-893\_Sep12



# DC Voltage Measurement

 A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV ,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV ,
 full range =
 -1.....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec;
 Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Y	Z
High Range	406.225 ± 0.1% (k=2)	406.084 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.117 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	4.01000 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.02161 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98512 ± 0.7% (k=2)

# **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	174.5 ° ± 1 °

# Appendix

# 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199995.97	-2.11	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20003.49	2.31	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19996.34	3.89	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199996.46	-1.92	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	19999.56	-1.41	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20000.29	0.07	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199997.57	-0.73	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.79	-2.14	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20001.40	-1.01	0.01

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2003.38	2.07	0.10
Channel X + Input	202.34	0.57	0.28
Channel X - Input	-197.99	0.01	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	2002.03	0.81	0.04
Channel Y + Input	200.97	-0.69	-0.34
Channel Y - Input	-198.23	0.01	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	2002.07	0.82	0.04
Channel Z + Input	201.75	0.14	0.07
Channel Z - Input	-200.05	-1.79	0.90

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	17.36	15.93
	- 200	-15.52	-16.86
Channel Y	200	7.39	6.92
	- 200	-8.23	-8.65
Channel Z	200	5.62	5.64
	- 200	-8.03	-8.06

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	3.18	-3.22
Channel Y	200	8.71	-	3.65
Channel Z	200	9.66	6.68	-

Certificate No: DAE4-893\_Sep12

# 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16472	14639
Channel Y	16065	13652
Channel Z	15699	15904

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10 M \Omega$ 

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.78	-1.09	2.36	0.66
Channel Y	-0.06	-2.31	2.02	0.70
Channel Z	-0.52	-2.78	1.43	0.74

# 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25/A

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9