



TEST REPORT

Applicant:	Aputure Imaging Industries Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building 21, Longjun industrial estate, Longhua, Bao'an,Shenzhen Guangdong 518131 China
Product Name:	THEOS Digital Wireless 2ch Kit
FCC ID:	2AABZ-DE253RX
IC:	28850-DE253RX
HVIN:	Deity D2RX Dual-Channel Wireless Receiver
Standard(s):	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C(15.247) RSS-247 Issue 3, August 2023 RSS-Gen, Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Report Number:	XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-00
Report Date:	2024/2/6

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

Ganin Xn

Reviewed By: Gavin Xu Title: RF Engineer

fron Cas

Approved By: Ivan Cao Title: EMC Manager

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

> Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-00	Original Report	2024/2/6

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	THEOS Digital Wireless 2ch Kit
EUT Model:	Deity D2RX Dual-Channel Wireless Receiver
Operation Frequency:	2440MHz
Maximum Peak Output Power (Conducted):	-0.58 dBm
Modulation Type:	GFSK
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 3V from Battery
Serial Number:	2H7S-1 (For RF Conducted Test) 2H7S-3(For Radiated Spurious Emissions Test)
EUT Received Date:	2024/1/26
EUT Received Status:	Good

1.2 Accessory Information

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Length (m)
Aputure Imaging Industries Co., Ltd	USB Cable	Unknown	0.32
Aputure Imaging Industries Co., Ltd	Audio to Cannon Cable 1	Unknown	04
Aputure Imaging Industries Co., Ltd	Audio to Cannon Cable 2	Unknown	04

1.3 Antenna Information Detail

Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	input impedance (Ohm)	Frequency Range	Antenna Gain
Aputure Imaging Industries Co., Ltd	FPC	50	2.4~2.5GHz	-2.207dBi
The design of compliance with §15.203 and RSS-Gen:				
Antenna was permanently attached to the unit.				
Antenna use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.				
Unit was professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.				

1.4 Equipment Modifications

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT Operation Condition

The system was configured for testing in Engineering Mode, which was provided by the manufacturer. The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard:

Test Items	Test Modes		
RF Conducted	Mode 1: Transmitting		
Radiated Spurious Emission	Mode 1: Transmitting		
AC Line Conducted Emission Not Applicable, the device was powered by battery.			
Note: The device only operates on the frequency 2440MHz.			

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

EUT Exercise Software:	Engineering Mode		
The software was provided by manufacturer. The maximum power was configured as below, that was provided by the manufacturer A :			
Test Modes	Test Frequency	Power Level Setting	
SRD	2440MHz Default		

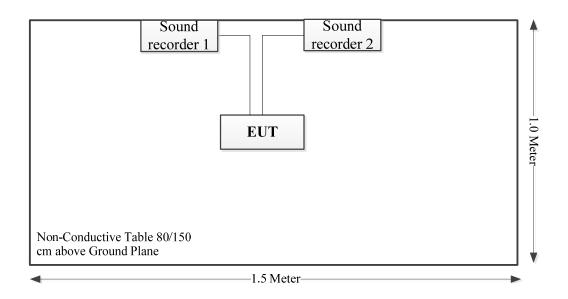
2.3 Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
SONY	Sound recorder 1	CX930	A109FE 181200127
SONY	Sound recorder 2	CX930	A108FE 181200132

2.4 Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	То
Audio to Cannon Cable 1	No	No	0.4	EUT	Sound recorder 1
Audio to Cannon Cable 2	No	No	0.4	EUT	Sound recorder 2

2.5 Block Diagram of Test Setup Radiated Spurious Emissions:



2.6 Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 829273, the FCC Designation No. : CN5044.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0022.

2.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
	9kHz~30MHz: 3.3dB, 30MHz~200MHz: 4.55 dB, 200MHz~1GHz:
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	5.92 dB, 1GHz~6GHz: 4.98 dB, 6GHz~18GHz: 5.89 dB,
	18GHz~26.5GHz:5.47 dB, 26.5GHz~40GHz:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.47 dB
Temperature	±1℃
Humidity	$\pm 5\%$
DC and low frequency voltages	$\pm 0.4\%$
Duty Cycle	1%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	3.11 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Standard(s) Section	Test Items	Result
FCC §15.207(a) RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC line conducted emissions	Not Applicable
FCC§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(2) RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a)	Minimum 6 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) RSS-247 Clause5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth Of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) RSS-247 Clause5.2 b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
FCC §15.203 RSS-GEN Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant

4. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

4.1 AC Line Conducted Emissions

4.1.1 Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207(a).

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

(b) The limit shown in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:

(1) For carrier current system containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.

(2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000 μ V within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms LISN.

(3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in §15.205, §15.209, §15.221, §15.223, or §15.227, as appropriate.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

RSS-Gen Clause 8.8

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

Frequency	Conducted limit (dBµV)			
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 ¹	56 to 46 ¹		
0.5 - 5	56	46		
5 - 30	60	50		

Table 4 - AC power-line conducted emissions limits

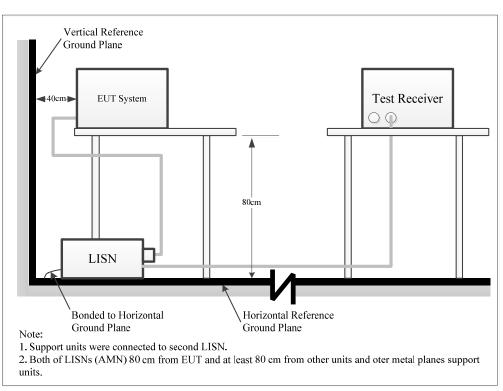
Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

(a) Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.

(b) Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

4.1.2 EUT Setup



The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207, RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter or EUT was connected to the main LISN with a 120 V/60 Hz AC power source.

3.1.3 EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

4.1.4 Test Procedure

The frequency and amplitude of the six highest ac power-line conducted emissions relative to the limit, measured over all the current-carrying conductors of the EUT power cords, and the operating frequency or frequency to which the EUT is tuned (if appropriate), should be reported, unless such emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit. AC power-line conducted emissions measurements are to be separately carried out only on each of the phase ("hot") line(s) and (if used) on the neutral line(s), but not on the ground [protective earth] line(s). If less than six emission frequencies are within 20 dB of the limit, then the noise level of the measuring instrument at representative frequencies should be reported. The specific conductor of the power-line cord for each of the reported emissions should be identified. Measure the six highest emissions with respect to the limit on each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the power cords of associated or peripheral equipment that are part of the test configuration). Then, report the six highest emissions with respect to the limit frequency and specific current-carrying conductor identified with the emission. The six highest emissions should be reported for each of the reported for each of the current-carrying conductor identified with the emission. The six highest emissions should be reported for each of the reported over all the current-carrying conductors.

4.1.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor Factor = attenuation caused by cable loss + voltage division factor of AMN

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit - Result

4.1.6 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.1.

4.2 Radiation Spurious Emissions

4.2.1 Applicable Standard

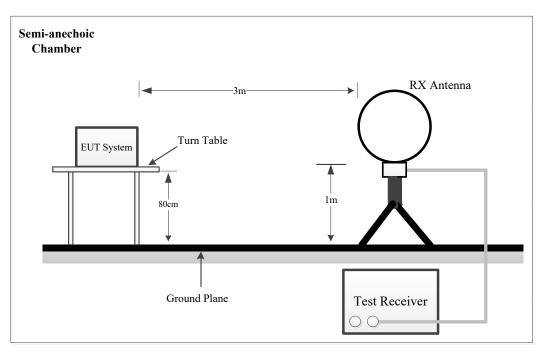
FCC §15.247 (d);

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

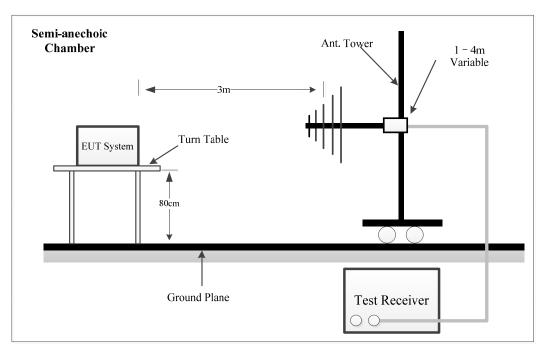
RSS-247 Clause 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required

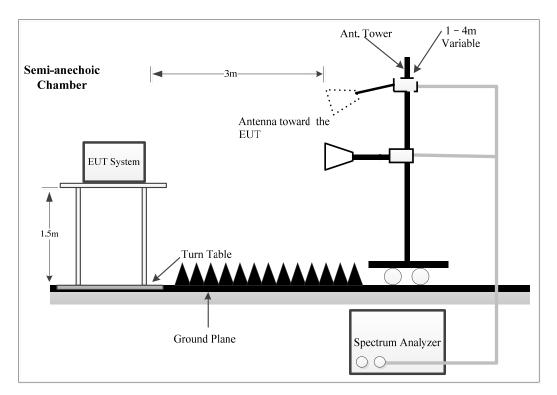
4.2.2 EUT Setup 9kHz-30MHz:



30MHz~1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emissions were performed in the 3 meters distance, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247,RSS-247,RSS-Gen limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

For 9kHz-30MHz test, the lowest height of the magnetic antenna shall be 1 m above the ground and three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) shall be measured.

4.2.3 EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 9 kHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

9 kHz - 1000MHz:

Frequency Range	Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W
9 kHz – 150 kHz	QP/AV	200 Hz	1 kHz	200 Hz
150 kHz – 30 MHz	QP/AV	9 kHz	30 kHz	9 kHz
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	PK	100 kHz	300 kHz	/
30 MHZ – 1000 MHZ	QP	/	/	120 kHz

1GHz-25GHz:

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
Ave.	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz
	<98%	1MHz	≥1/T

Note: T is minimum transmission duration

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

4.2.4 Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 9 kHz-1 GHz except 9 – 90 kHz, 110 – 490 kHz, employing an average detector, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

All emissions under the average limit and under the noise floor have not recorded in the report.

4.2.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Amplifier Gain

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

4.2.6 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.2.

4.3 6 dB Emission Bandwidth:

4.3.1 Applicable Standard

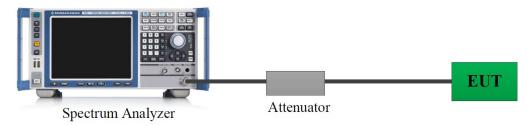
FCC §15.247 (a)(2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

4.3.2 EUT Setup



4.3.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.8

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times RBW$.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

4.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.3.

4.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth:

4.4.1 Applicable Standard

RSS-Gen Clause 6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum inband power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth: The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions. The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

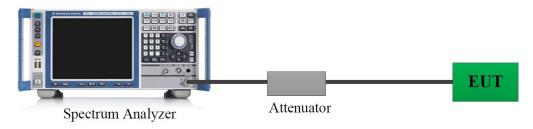
The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

4.4.2 EUT Setup



4.4.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.9.3

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.

b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.

e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.

g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

4.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.4.

4.5 Maximum Conducted Output Power:

4.5.1 Applicable Standard

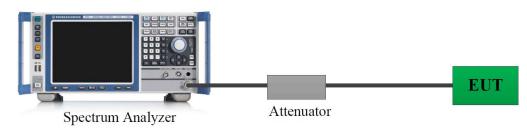
FCC §15.247 (b)(3)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

4.5.2 EUT Setup



4.5.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.9.1.1

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW \geq [3 × RBW].
- c) Set span \geq [3 × RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

4.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.5.

4.6 Maximum power spectral density:

4.6.1 Applicable Standard

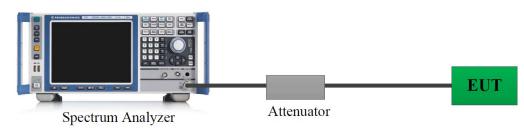
FCC §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

RSS-247 Clause5.2 b

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

4.6.2 EUT Setup



4.6.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.10.2

a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

- c) Set the RBW to 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW \geq [3 × RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

4.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.6.

4.7 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge:

4.7.1 Applicable Standard

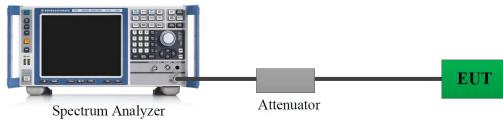
FCC §15.247 (d);

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

RSS-247 Clause 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required

4.7.2 EUT Setup



4.7.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.11

a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.

- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW \geq [3 × RBW].
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

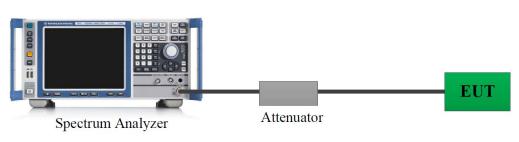
Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

4.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.7.

4.8 Duty Cycle:

4.8.1 EUT Setup



4.8.2 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.6

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:

1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

2) Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
3) Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 µs.)

4.8.3 Judgment

Report Only. Please refer to section 5.8.

4.9 Antenna Requirement

4.9.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of \$\$15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, 15.221, or \$15.236. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with \$15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

RSS-GEN Clause 6.8

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

4.9.2 Judgment

Compliant. Please refer to the Antenna Information detail in Section 1.3.

5. Test DATA AND RESULTS

5.1 AC Line Conducted Emissions

Not Applicable, the device was powered by battery when operating

5.2 Radiation Spurious Emissions

Serial Number:	2H7S-3	Test Date:	Below 1GHz: 2024/2/4 Above 1GHz: 2024/2/2
Test Site:	Chamber 10m, Chamber B	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Joe Li, Bill Yang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:								
Temperature: (°C)	22.1~22.9	Relative Humidity: (%)	58~65	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.0~101.1			

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Manufacturer Description		Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
		9kHz~1000MH	Z		
EMCO	Passive Loop Antenna	6512	9706-1206	2023/10/21	2024/10/20
Sunol Sciences	Hybrid Antenna	JB3	A060611-1	2023/9/6	2024/9/5
Narda	Attenuator	779-6dB	04269	2023/9/6	2024/9/5
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-1000-01	2023/8/1	2024/7/31
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0400-04	2023/8/1	2024/7/31
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0530-01	2023/8/1	2024/7/31
Sonoma	Amplifier	310N	185914	2023/8/1	2024/7/31
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100224	2023/8/18	2024/8/17
Farad	Test Software	EZ-EMC	V1.1.4.2	N/A	N/A
		Above 1GHz			
ETS-Lindgren	Horn Antenna	3115	000 527 35	2023/9/7	2024/9/6
Ducommun Technologies	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	1007726-02 1304	2023/2/22	2026/2/21
Xinhang Macrowave	Coaxial Cable	XH750A-N/J- SMA/J-10M	20231117004 #0001	2023/11/17	2024/11/16
Xinhang Macrowave	Coaxial Cable	XH360A-2.92/J- 2.92/J-6M-A	20231208001 #0001	2023/12/11	2024/12/10
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	469	2023/8/19	2024/8/18
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-1840VH	191	2023/9/7	2024/9/6
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
Audix	Test Software	E3	191218 (V9)	N/A	N/A
E-Microwave	Band Rejection Filter	OBSF-2400-2483.5-S	OE01601525	2023/6/16	2024/6/15
Micro-tronics	High-Pass Filter	HPM50111	G217	2023/12/1	2024/11/30

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Please refer to the below table and plots. After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case is below:

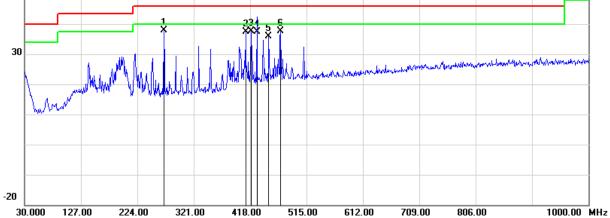
1) 9kHz~30MHz

The amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value is not required to be report.

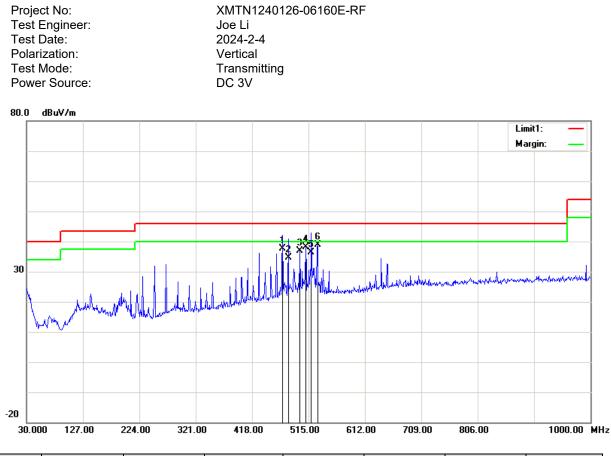
Limit1: Margin:

2) 30MHz-1GHz

Project No: Test Engineer: Test Date: Polarization: Test Mode: Power Source: 80.0 dBuV/m	XMTN1240126-0 Joe Li 2022-2-4 Horizontal Transmitting DC 3V	06160E-RF	:	



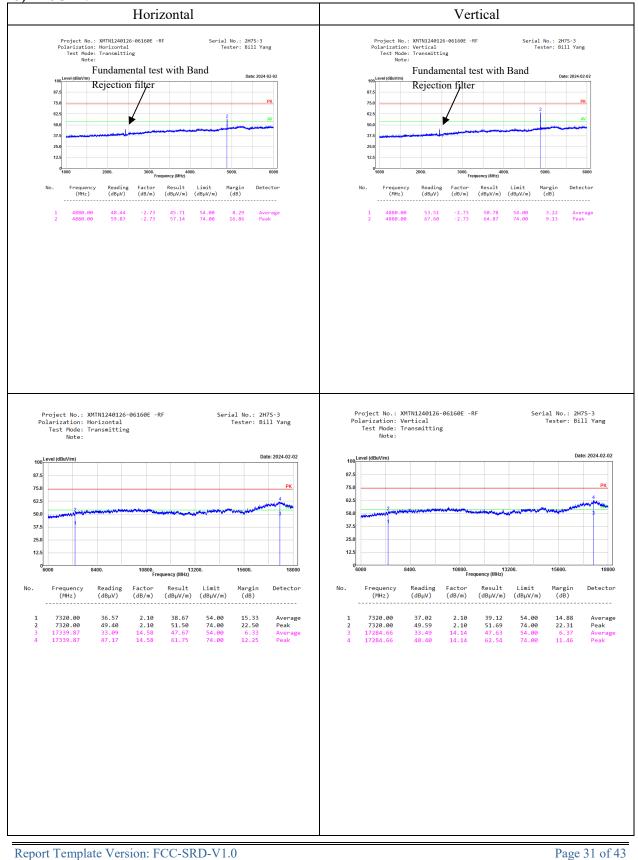
No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	269.5900	47.87	peak	-10.11	37.76	46.00	8.24
2	410.2400	44.15	peak	-6.66	37.49	46.00	8.51
3	419.9400	43.99	peak	-6.27	37.72	46.00	8.28
4	429.6400	43.49	QP	-6.09	37.40	46.00	8.60
5	450.0100	41.38	peak	-5.47	35.91	46.00	10.09
6	470.3800	42.33	peak	-4.79	37.54	46.00	8.46



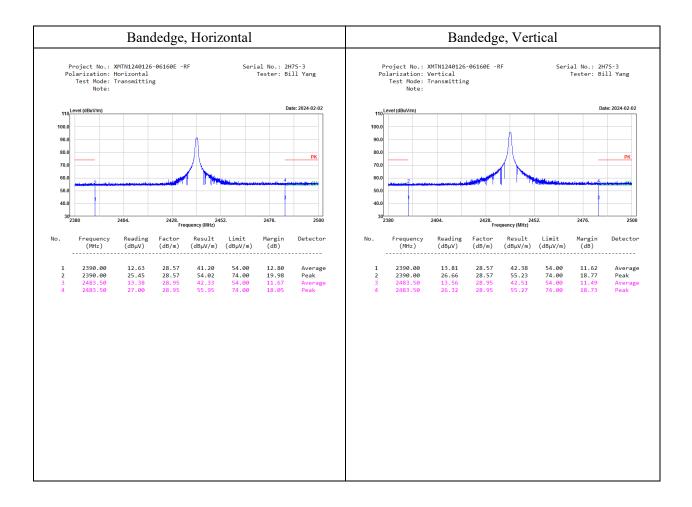
No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	470.3800	42.30	QP	-4.79	37.51	46.00	8.49
2	480.0800	39.05	QP	-4.53	34.52	46.00	11.48
3	500.4500	41.14	peak	-4.28	36.86	46.00	9.14
4	510.1500	42.34	peak	-4.19	38.15	46.00	7.85
5	519.8500	40.50	QP	-4.20	36.30	46.00	9.70
6	530.5200	42.80	peak	-4.00	38.80	46.00	7.20

Report No.: XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-00

3) 1-18GHz:

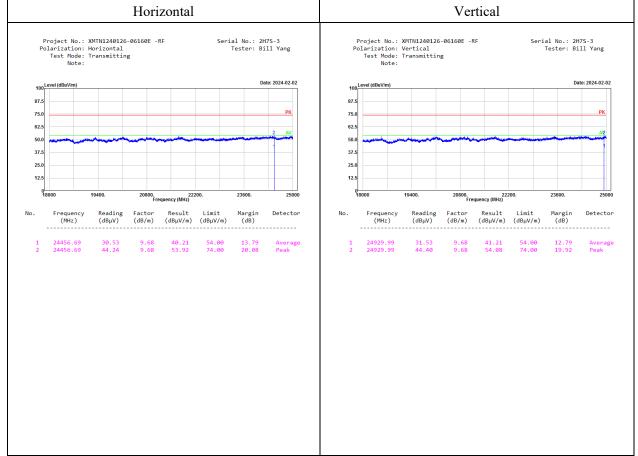


Report No.: XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-00



Report No.: XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-00

18-25GHz:



5.3 Minimum 6 dB Bandwidth:

Serial Number:	2H7S-1	Test Date:	2024/2/4
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jojo Zhou	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:							
Temperature: (℃)	24.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	47	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101		

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
yzjingcheng	Coaxial Cable	KTRFBU-141- 50	41010012	2023/9/1	2024/8/31
E-Microwave	Coaxial Attenuators	EMCA10-5RN-6	OE01203239	2023/9/1	2024/8/31

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Test Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	
2440	0.584	≥0.5	

RefLevel 30.00 dBm Att 30 dB	Offset 10.50 dB SWT 1 ms	 RBW 100 kHz VBW 300 kHz 			♥
1Pk Max	SWI 1ms	VBW 300 KH2	Mode Sweep		
20 dBm			M1[1]		-6.86 dBr 76400 GH 0.00 d
			1 1		i84.00 kH
10 dBm					
0.dBm 01 -0.810 dt	3m	11/	\sim		
-10 dBm		7	1		
-20 dBm	m			mund	
-30 dBm				ha	
-40 dBm					
-50 dBm					
-50 0811					
-60 dBm		+ +			
CF 2.44 GHz		501 pt			1 2.0 MHz

ProjectNo.:XMTN1240126-06160ETester:Jojo Zhou Date: 4.FEB.2024 10:45:07

5.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth:

Serial Number:	2H7S-1	Test Date:	2024/2/4
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jojo Zhou	Test Result:	N/A

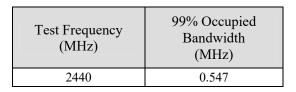
Environmental Conditions:						
Temperature: (°C)	24.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	47	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101	

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
yzjingcheng	Coaxial Cable	KTRFBU-141- 50	41010012	2023/9/1	2024/8/31
E-Microwave	Coaxial Attenuators	EMCA10-5RN- 6	OE01203239	2023/9/1	2024/8/31

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:



RefLevel 30.00 dB Att 30 d		10.50 dB 👄 1.1 ms 👄	VBW 50 kH		Sweep			
1Pk Max		1			1[1]			-0.80 dBr
					1[1]		2.439	85230 GH
20 dBm				0	CC BW		546.906	L87624 kH
10 dBm								
0 dBm			M1					
o ubiii			Δ.	-				
-10 dBm			1	hr	m			
		т	ſ	~	F2			
-20 dBm		7						
		N				<u>.</u>		
-30 dBm	A -					7.	~	
	1~					V~		
-40 dBm	1						6	
-50 dBm								
-50 00m								
-60 dBm								
CF 2.44 GHz			501	-			0.0.0	n 2.0 MHz

ProjectNo.:XMTN1240126-06160ETester:Jojo Zhou Date: 4.FEB.2024 10:48:24

5.5 Maximum Conducted Output Power:

Serial Number:	2H7S-1	Test Date:	2024/2/4
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jojo Zhou	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:							
Temperature: (°C)	24.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	47	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101		

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
yzjingcheng	Coaxial Cable	KTRFBU-141- 50	41010012	2023/9/1	2024/8/31
E-Microwave	E-Microwave Coaxial Attenuators		OE01203239	2023/9/1	2024/8/31

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Test Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2440	-0.58	≤30

	30.00 dBm		10.50 dB 👄					
Att	30 dB	SWT	1 ms 🖷	VBW 10 MH	z Mode S	weep		
IPK Max					M1	1]		-0.58 dBr 98400 GH
20 dBm								
10 dBm								
0 dBm				M1				
						_	-	
-10 dBm								
-20 dBm								
-30 dBm								
-40 dBm								
-50 dBm								
-60 dBm								
								10.0 MHz

ProjectNo.:XMTN1240126-06160ETester:Jojo Zhou Date: 4.FEB.2024 10:49:43

5.6 Maximum power spectral density:

Serial Number:	2H7S-1	Test Date:	2024/2/4
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jojo Zhou	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:							
Temperature: (°C)	24.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	47	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101		

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
yzjingcheng	Coaxial Cable	KTRFBU-141- 50	41010012	2023/9/1	2024/8/31
E-Microwave	Coaxial Attenuators	EMCA10-5RN- 6	OE01203239	2023/9/1	2024/8/31

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
2440	-0.97	≤8.00

Att	30 dB	SWT	9.7 ms 👄	VBW 10 kH	z Mode	Sweep			
●1Pk Max					м	1[1]			-0.97 dBr 84790 GH
20 dBm									
10 dBm									
0 dBm			MI						
-10 dBm			Д						
-20 dBm		ſ	I In	- Jow	m	mm	m	A7	
-30 dBm	. ~	m						- h	m
-40 dBm	r	V							V V
-50'dBm-									
-60 dBm									

ProjectNo.:XMTN1240126-06160ETester:Jojo Zhou Date: 4.FEB.2024 10:51:30

5.7 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge:

Serial Number:	2H7S-1	Test Date:	2024/2/4
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jojo Zhou	Test Result:	Pass

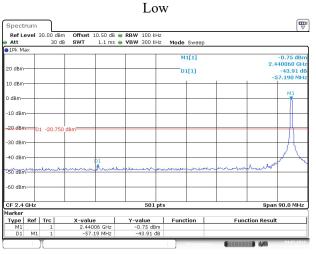
Env	Environmental Conditions:							
Г	Temperature: (°C)	24.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	47	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101		

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
yzjingcheng	Coaxial Cable	KTRFBU-141- 50	41010012	2023/9/1	2024/8/31
E-Microwave	Coaxial Attenuators	EMCA10-5RN-6	OE01203239	2023/9/1	2024/8/31

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:



High Spectrun Ref Level 30.00 dBm Offset 10.50 dB • RBW 100 kHz SWT 1 ms • VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep Att 30 dB 1Pk Max D1[1] 92.55 20 dBm M1[1] 10 dBm) dB 10 c 40 8 50 dBr 60 dB CF 2.4835 GHz 501 100.0 MH Y-value Type Ref Trc 2.43999 GHz 92.55 MHz Function Function Result -0.69 dBm -40.08 dB D1 M1

ProjectNo.:XMTN1240126-06160E Tester:Jojo Zhou Date: 4.FEB.2024 11:04:47 ProjectNo.:XMTN1240126-06160E Tester:Jojo Zhou Date: 4.FEB.2024 11:08:24

5.8 Duty Cycle:

Serial Number:	2H7S-1	Test Date:	2024/2/4
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jojo Zhou	Test Result:	N/A

Environmental Conditions:						
Temperature: (°C)	24.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	47	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101	

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101947	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
yzjingcheng	Coaxial Cable	KTRFBU-141- 50	41010012	2023/9/1	2024/8/31
E-Microwave	Coaxial Attenuators	EMCA10-5RN- 6	OE01203239	2023/9/1	2024/8/31

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Test Frequency	Ton	Ton+off	Duty cycle	1/T	VBW Setting
(MHz)	(ms)	(ms)	(%)	(Hz)	(kHz)
2440	1.115	10.045	11.10	897	1

	evel :	30.00 dE		B 👄 RBW 10 M										
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Park of					-	M	1[1]					-3	0.2	9 dBr
20 dBm												1	5.50	172 m
20 0011						D	1[1]							1.26 d
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-10 dBm														
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-40 dBm								_						
10 0.011														
-50 dBm								-						
60 ID														
-60 dBrr)													
CF 2.4	1 CH2			501	nte								5.1) ms/
Marker	1 0112			501	pes				-				0.1	5 11137
Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	1	Func	tion			Fund	tion R	esult		
M1		1	5.5072 ms	-30.29 dBr										
D1	M1	1	1.1145 ms	0.26 d	в									

Date: 4.FEB.2024 10:55:52

APPENDIX A - EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-EXP EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS and XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-INP EUT INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX B - TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment XMTN1240126-06160E-RF-00B-TSP TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS.

APPENDIX C - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

FCC §1.1310 & §2.1093- RF Exposure

Applicable Standard

According to §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Measurement Result

The max conducted power including tune-up tolerance is 0dBm (1.0 mW). [(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)][$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] =1.0/5*($\sqrt{2.440}$) = 0.3< 3.0

Result: Compliant. The stand-alone SAR evaluation is not necessary.

Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – SAR Evaluation

Applicable Standard

SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5.

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)								
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation				
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of				
	≤5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm				
≤300	71 m W	101 mW	132 m W	162 mW	193 m W				
450	52 m W	70 mW	88 m W	106 mW	123 m W				
835	17 m W	30 mW	42 m W	55 mW	67 m W				
1900	7 m W	10 mW	18 m W	34 mW	60 m W				
2450	4 m W	7 mW	15 m W	30 mW	52 m W				
3500	2 m W	6 mW	16 m W	32 mW	55 m W				
5800	1 m W	6 mW	15 m W	27 mW	41 m W				

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance⁴⁵

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)								
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation				
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of				
	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	≥50 mm				
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 m W	315 mW	345 m W				
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 m W	195 mW	213 m W				
835	80 m W	92 mW	105 m W	117 mW	130 m W				
1900	99 m W	153 mW	225 m W	316 mW	431 m W				
2450	83 m W	123 mW	173 m W	235 mW	309 m W				
3500	86 m W	124 mW	170 m W	225 mW	290 m W				
5800	56 m W	71 mW	85 m W	97 mW	106 m W				

Measurement Result:

The max tune-up conducted power is 0dBm(1mW), Antenna Gain:-2.207 dBi

The exemption power(P) limits for routine evaluation in 2402-2480MHz is: (2440-2450)/(1900-2450)=(P -4)/(7-4) =>P=4.1 mW@2440 MHz > 1 mW

So the stand-alone SAR evaluation can be exempted.

==== END OF REPORT =====