

## **EMC Test Report**

## Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Model: SR1430

FCC ID: 2AAAS-AP02

APPLICANT: Vivint Wireless

3945 Freedom Circle, Suite 150

Santa Clara, CA 95054

TEST SITE(S): National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley

41039 Boyce Road.

Fremont, CA. 94538-2435

IC SITE REGISTRATION #: 2845B-4

REPORT DATE: November 7, 2014

REISSUE DATE: November 21, 2014

FINAL TEST DATES: August 5, 20, September 29, October 13, 14, 15,

and November 4, 12, 2014

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: 50

PROGRAM MGR / TECHNICAL REVIEWER: QUALITY ASSURANCE DELEGATE / FINAL REPORT PREPARER:

Mark E Hill Staff Engineer David Guidotti Senior Technical Writer



National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley is accredited by the A2LA, certificate number 0214.26, to perform the test(s) listed in this report, except where noted otherwise. This report and the information contained herein represent the results of testing test articles identified and selected by the client performed to specifications and/or procedures selected by the client. National Technical Systems (NTS) makes no representations, expressed or implied, that such testing is adequate (or inadequate) to demonstrate efficiency, performance, reliability, or any other characteristic of the articles being tested, or similar products. This report should not be relied upon as an endorsement or certification by NTS of the equipment tested, nor does it represent any statement whatsoever as to its merchantability or fitness of the test article, or similar products, for a particular purpose. This report shall not be reproduced except in full

File: R96682 Rev 2

Report Date: November 7, 2014

Project number J96375 Reissue Date: November 21, 2014

## **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev#	Date	Comments	Modified By
-	November 7, 2014	First release	
1.0	November 12, 2014	Revised to update power measurements and conducted spurious	MEH
2.0	November 21, 2014	Clarified operating conditions during testing	MEH



## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

REVISION HISTORY	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
SCOPE	4
OBJECTIVE	4
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	5
DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS	
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY	
DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (5725 –5850 MHZ)	6
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS	6
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	
EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS	8
GENERAL	8
OTHER EUT DETAILS	8
ANTENNA SYSTEM	8
ENCLOSURE	8
MODIFICATIONS	8
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	
EUT INTERFACE PORTS	
EUT OPERATION	
TEST SITE	
GENERAL INFORMATION	
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	
RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	10
MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION	11
RECEIVER SYSTEM	
INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER	
LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)	
FILTERS/ATTENUATORS	
ANTENNAS	12
ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE	12
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	
TEST PROCEDURES	13
EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT	
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	
RADIATED EMISSIONS	
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM ANTENNA PORT	
BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTSSPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	17
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS: FCC 15.207; FCC 15.107(A), RSS GEN	
GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS: FCC 13.207; FCC 13.107(A), RSS GEN	
RECEIVER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS	
OUTPUT POWER LIMITS – DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	
TRANSMIT MODE SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS – FHSS AND DTS SYSTEMS	
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS	
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION	
APPENDIX A TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA	
APPENDIX B TEST DATA	
END OF REPORT	50



#### **SCOPE**

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Vivint Wireless model SR1430, pursuant to the following rules:

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley test procedures:

ANSI C63.10-2009 FCC DTS Measurement Guidance KDB558074

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

### **OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in the USA, all unlicensed transmitters and transceivers require certification. Receive-only devices operating between 30 MHz and 960 MHz are subject to either certification or a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, with all other receive-only devices exempt from the technical requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).



#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Vivint Wireless model SR1430 complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

### FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Vivint Wireless model SR1430 and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Venkat Kalkunte of Vivint Wireless.

### **DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS**

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

Report Date: November 7, 2014

## TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

## DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (5725 –5850 MHz)

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.247(a)	RSS 210 A8.2	Digital Modulation	Systems uses OFDM techniques	System must utilize a digital transmission technology	Complies
15.247 (a) (2)	RSS 210 A8.2 (1)	6dB Bandwidth	36.3 MHz	>500kHz	Complies
15.247 (b)	RSS 210 A8.2 (4)	Output Power (multipoint systems)	26.8dBm (0.482 Watts) EIRP = 3.413 W Note 1	1Watt, EIRP limited to 4 Watts.	Complies
15.247(d)	RSS 210 A8.2 (2)	Power Spectral Density	1.2 dBm / 3kHz	Maximum permitted is 8dBm/3kHz	Complies
15.247(c)	RSS 210 A8.5	Antenna Port Spurious Emissions –30MHz – 40 GHz	All spurious emissions < -30dBc	< -30dBc	Complies
15.247(c) / 15.209	RSS 210 A8.5 Table 2, 3	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 40 GHz	52.1 dBμV/m @ 23015.3 MHz (-1.9 dB)	15.207 in restricted bands, all others < -30dBc	Complies
Note 1: EIRP c	alculated using ar	ntenna gain of 1 dBi for the	highest EIRP system multi-p	oint system.	

### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	-	RF Connector	Antenna is integral	Unique or integral antenna required	Complies
15.207	RSS GEN Table 4	AC Conducted Emissions	60.0 dBµV @ 0.151 MHz (-5.9 dB)	Refer to page 18	Complies
15.109	RSS GEN 7.2.3 Table 1	Receiver spurious emissions	N/A – receiv	ver tunes above 960MHz	
15.247 (b) (5) 15.407 (f)	RSS 102	RF Exposure Requirements	Refer to MPE calculations in separate exhibit	Refer to OET 65, FCC Part 1 and RSS 102	Complies



## **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Measurement Unit	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty
RF power, conducted (power meter)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.52 dB
RF power, conducted (Spectrum analyzer)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of transmitter	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of receiver	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Radiated emission (substitution method)	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 2.5 dB
Radiated emission (field strength)	dDu\//m	25 to 1000 MHz	± 3.6 dB
Radiated emission (neid strength)	dBµV/m	1000 to 40000 MHz	± 6.0 dB
Conducted Emissions (AC Power)	dΒμV	0.15 to 30 MHz	± 2.4 dB



### EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

#### **GENERAL**

The Vivint Wireless model SR1430 is a 5GHz 802.11 4x4 master device. The EUT would normally be pole or wall mounted. For testing, it was placed on a tabletop. The EUT is powered via POE connection.

The sample was received on August 20, 2014 and tested on August 5, 20, September 29, October 13, 14, 15, and November 4, 12, 2014. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Vivint Wireless	SR1430	5GHz 802.11 4x4 radio	-	2AAAS-AP02

#### OTHER EUT DETAILS

The following EUT details should be noted:

5GHz only (old FCC rules)

40MHz only, with MCS8 (2 spatial streams) minimum data rates

4x4 operation only

Non-point-to-point

Beamforming (2 pairs) supported

Antenna: ~5dBi Sector

Outdoor Use

Master Device

#### ANTENNA SYSTEM

The antenna system consists of 4 element panel antenna integral to the device. Note, during testing 5dB of attenuation was placed between the antenna port and the RF output of the radio, making the antenna gain ~5dBi per element. Refer to test data for specific gain information.

Antenna port measurements were performed at the end of the internal RF cables that connect the radio circuitry.

### **ENCLOSURE**

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 31.5 cm wide by 10 cm deep by 31.5 cm high.

#### **MODIFICATIONS**

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at NTS Silicon Valley.

Report Date: November 7, 2014

## SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No local support equipment was used during testing.

The following equipment was used as remote support equipment for emissions testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
-	PSE802G	POE Injector	-	-
Acer	Aspire 5735	Laptop Computer	LXAU59X265903089 BE2000	-

## **EUT INTERFACE PORTS**

The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

#### **EUT**

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
ron	Connected 10	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
POE	POE Injector	CAT5	Unshielded	
USB	Not Connected	-	-	-

Additional on Support Equipment

Port	Connected To		Cable(s)	•
1 010	Connected 10	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
POE Injector	Laptop	CAT5	Unshielded	

### **EUT OPERATION**

During emissions testing the EUT was configured to continuously transmit at the noted channel and power level. All transmissions were 4Tx with beamforming active.



#### TEST SITE

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Final test measurements were taken at the test sites listed below. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission and with industry Canada.

Site	Designation / Reg	Location	
Site	FCC	Canada	Location
Chamber 4	US0027	2845B-4	41039 Boyce Road Fremont, CA 94538-2435

ANSI C63.4 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement. The test site(s) contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.10. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through a nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

#### RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4.

#### **MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

#### RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Ouasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

#### INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

### LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

#### FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

#### **ANTENNAS**

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

#### ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.10 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor as specified in ANSI C63.4. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

#### **INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION**

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

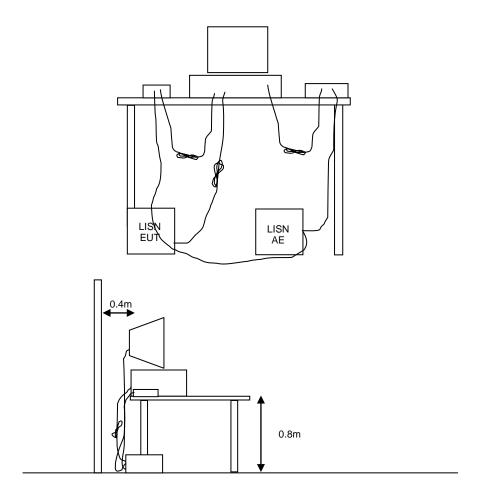
#### TEST PROCEDURES

#### **EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT**

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.10, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord.



**Figure 1 Typical Conducted Emissions Test Configuration** 

Project number J96375 Reissue Date: November 21, 2014

Report Date: November 7, 2014

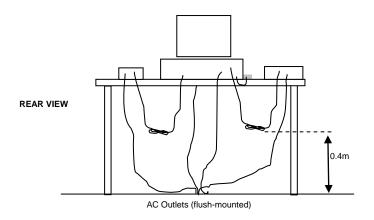
#### RADIATED EMISSIONS

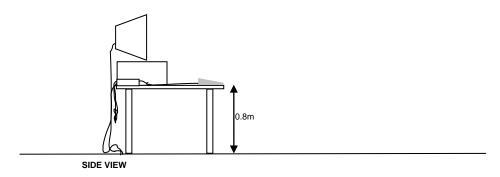
A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT.

A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

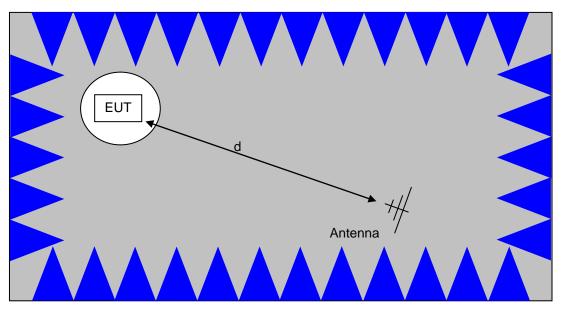
When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.





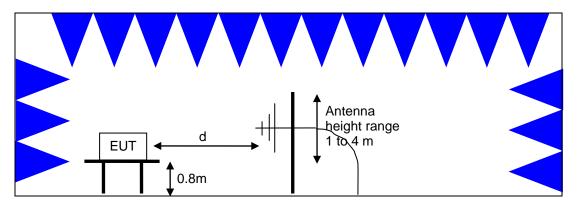
Typical Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements





The anechoic materials on the walls and ceiling ensure compliance with the normalized site attenuation requirements of CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 for an alternate test site at the measurement distances used.

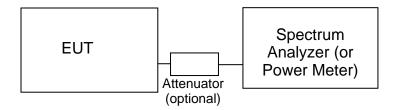
Floor-standing equipment is placed on the floor with insulating supports between the unit and the ground plane.



<u>Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements</u> <u>Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Plan and Side Views</u>

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM ANTENNA PORT

Direct measurements of power, bandwidth and power spectral density are performed, where possible, with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. These are used to ensure that the front end of the measurement instrument is not overloaded by the fundamental transmission.



Test Configuration for Antenna Port Measurements

Measurement bandwidths (video and resolution) are set in accordance with the relevant standards and NTS Silicon Valley's test procedures for the type of radio being tested. When power measurements are made using a resolution bandwidth less than the signal bandwidth the power is calculated by summing the power across the signal bandwidth using either the analyzer channel power function or by capturing the trace data and calculating the power using software. In both cases the summed power is corrected to account for the equivalent noise bandwidth (ENBW) of the resolution bandwidth used.

If power averaging is used (typically for certain digital modulation techniques), the EUT is configured to transmit continuously. Power averaging is performed using either the built-in function of the analyzer or, if the analyzer does not feature power averaging, using external software. In both cases the average power is calculated over a number of sweeps (typically 100). When the EUT cannot be configured to continuously transmit then either the analyzer is configured to perform a gated sweep to ensure that the power is averaged over periods that the device is transmitting or power averaging is disabled and a max-hold feature is used.

If a power meter is used to make output power measurements the sensor head type (peak or average) is stated in the test data table.

#### **BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS**

The 6dB, 20dB, 26dB and/or 99% signal bandwidth are measured using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.10 and RSS GEN.



#### SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS: FCC 15.207; FCC 15.107(a), RSS GEN

The table below shows the limits for the emissions on the AC power line from an intentional radiator and a receiver.

Frequency (MHz)	Average Limit (dBuV)	Quasi Peak Limit (dBuV)
0.150 to 0.500	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 56.0 and 46.0	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 66.0 and 56.0
0.500 to 5.000	46.0	56.0
5.000 to 30.000	50.0	60.0

#### GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands<sup>1</sup> (with the exception of transmitters operating under FCC Part 15 Subpart D and RSS 210 Annex 9), the limits for all emissions from a low power device operating under the general rules of RSS 310 (tables 3 and 4), RSS 210 (table 2) and FCC Part 15 Subpart C section 15.209.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 300m	67.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 300m
0.490-1.705	24000/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 30m	87.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 30m
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

#### RECEIVER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from receivers as detailed in FCC Part 15.109, RSS 210 Table 2, RSS GEN Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 3. Note that receivers operating outside of the frequency range 30 MHz – 960 MHz are exempt from the requirements of 15.109.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m @ 3m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
30 to 88	100	40
88 to 216	150	43.5
216 to 960	200	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

#### **OUTPUT POWER LIMITS - DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS**

The table below shows the limits for output power and output power density. Where the signal bandwidth is less than 20 MHz the maximum output power is reduced to the power spectral density limit plus 10 times the log of the bandwidth (in MHz).

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Operating Frequency (MHz) Output Power	
902 – 928	1 Watt (30 dBm)	8 dBm/3kHz
2400 – 2483.5	1 Watt (30 dBm)	8 dBm/3kHz
5725 – 5850	1 Watt (30 dBm)	8 dBm/3kHz

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.203, RSS 210 Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 2

-

The maximum permitted output power is reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 – 5850 MHz band are not subject to this restriction.

#### TRANSMIT MODE SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS - FHSS and DTS SYSTEMS

The limits for unwanted (spurious) emissions from the transmitter falling in the restricted bands are those specified in the general limits sections of FCC Part 15 and RSS 210. All other unwanted (spurious) emissions shall be at least 20dB below the level of the highest in-band signal level (30dB if the power is measured using the sample detector/power averaging method).

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_r - S = M$$

where:

 $R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

 $F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB

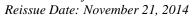
 $D_m = Measurement Distance in meters$ 

 $D_S$  = Specification Distance in meters

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength



at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_C - L_S$$

where:

 $R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV/m

 $F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB

 $R_C$  = Corrected Reading in dBuV/m

 $L_S$  = Specification Limit in dBuV/m

M = Margin in dB Relative to Spec

#### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of d (meters) from the equipment under test:

$$E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30 P}}{d}$$
 microvolts per meter

where P is the eirp (Watts)

For a measurement at 3m the conversion from a logarithmic value for field strength (dBuV/m) to an eirp power (dBm) is -95.3dB.

## Report Date: Novemb

# Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data

Manufacturer Radio Antenna Port (D	Description	<u>Model</u>	Asset #	Cal Due
Agilent Technologies	PSA, Spectrum Analyzer, (installed options, 111, 115, 123, 1DS, B7J, HYX,	E4446A	2139	4/8/2015
Radiated Power, 05-A	ug-14			
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/21/2015
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz	3115	1561	6/27/2016
Radiated Emissions, 1	000 - 40,000 MHz, 13-Oct-14			
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1- 26.5GHz	8449B	263	3/25/2015
Hewlett Packard	Head (Inc flex cable, 1143, 2198) Red	84125C	1145	6/17/2015
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 30 Hz -40 GHz, SV (SA40) Red	8564E (84125C)	1148	9/20/2015
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz	3115	1561	6/27/2016
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/21/2015
Hewlett Packard	High Pass filter, 8.2 GHz (Purple System)	P/N 84300-80039	1767	11/26/2014
A. H. Systems	Red System Horn, 18-40GHz	SAS-574, p/n: 2581	2161	7/9/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 5150-5350 MHz	BRC50703-02	2239	9/16/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 5470-5725 MHz	BRC50704-02	2240	9/16/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 5725-5875 MHz	BRC50705-02	2241	9/16/2015
Dadia Automa Davi (D	Name and Committee Fusionisms (	4.0-4.44		
Agilent Technologies	<b>Power and Spurious Emissions), 1</b> 3Hz -44GHz PSA Spectrum	E4446A	2796	2/6/2015
Aglierit Technologies	Analyzer	L4440A	2190	2/0/2013
Radio Antenna Port (P	Power and Spurious Emissions), 1	5-Oct-14		
Agilent Technologies	3Hz -44GHz PSA Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	2796	2/6/2015
Conducted Emissions	- AC Power Ports, 20-Aug-14			
EMCO	LISN, 10 kHz-100 MHz, 25A	3825/2	1292	2/13/2015
Rohde & Schwarz	Pulse Limiter	ESH3 Z2	1594	5/15/2015
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/21/2015
Radio Antenna Port (P	ower and Spurious Emissions), 1	2-Nov-14		
Agilent Technologies	3Hz -44GHz PSA Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	2796	2/6/2015

# Appendix B Test Data

T96435 Pages 24 - 49



Client: Vivint Wireless	Job Number: J96375
Product SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number: T96435
	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Contact: Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator: -
Emissions Standard(s): FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class: A
Immunity Standard(s): -	Environment: -

# **EMC Test Data**

For The

# **Vivint Wireless**

Product

SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)

Date of Last Test: 11/12/2014

R96682 Rev 2 Cover Page 24



Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Madalı	CD4420 (4v4 ECLI= 902 44 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

## Power vs. Data Rate

In normal operating modes the card uses power settings stored on EEPROM to set the output power. For a given nominal output power the actual transmit power normally is redcued as the data rate increases, therefore testing was performed at the data rate in the mode wiht highest power to determine compliance with the requirements.

The following power measurements were made using a GATED average power meter and with the device configured in a continuous transmit mode on Chain 1 at the various data rates in each mode to verify the highest power mode:

### Sample Notes

Sample S/N: NTS 2014-3285

Driver: -

Date of Test: 8/5/2014
Test Engineer: Jack Liu
Test Location: FT Chamber# 4

Mode	Data Rate	Power (dBm)	Power setting
	27	37.0	
	54	36.6	
802.11n/ac 40MHz	81	36.4	
	108	36.0	13.0
	162	35.9	13.0
	216	35.7	
	243	35.6	
	270	35.5	

Note: Power setting - the software power setting used during testing, included for reference only.

Note 1: Performed by radiated method. Fixed position at Vertical. The power reading is EIRP.



	Contract to the contract to th							
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375					
Madal	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435					
iviodei:	3K1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill					
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-					
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A					

## **Duty Cycle**

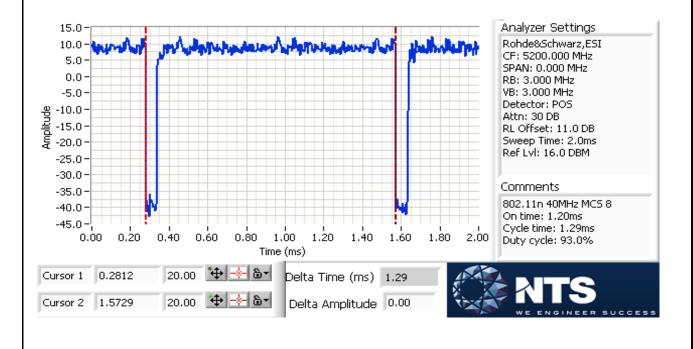
Date of Test: 9/29/2014
Test Engineer: Jack Liu
Test Location: FT Chamber #4

Duty cycle measurements performed on the worse case data rate for power. Notes: Measurements taken with maximum RBW/VBW settings allowed.

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
n40	MCS8	93.0%	Yes	1.29	0.31	0.63	775

<sup>\*</sup> Correction factor when using RMS/Power averaging - 10\*log(1/x)

T = Minimum transmission duration



<sup>\*\*</sup> Correction factor when using linear voltage average - 20\*log(1/x)



Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model	del: SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)		T96435
iviodei:	3K1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

## RSS 210 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Radiated Spurious Emissions

## **Test Specific Details**

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

## **General Test Configuration**

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing.

For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT, unless otherwise noted.

#### Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 24 °C Rel. Humidity: 40 %

Summary of Results - Device Operating in the 5725 - 5850 MHz Band

Run#	Mode	Channel	Target Power Setting	Passing Power Setting	Test Performed	Limit	Result / Margin
1a	n40	151 -	21	21	Radiated Emissions,	FCC Part 15.209 /	52.1 dBµV/m @
Ta	1140	5755MHz	21	21	1 - 40GHz	15.247( c)	23015.3 MHz (-1.9 dB)
1.	-10	159 -	01	04	Radiated Emissions,	FCC Part 15.209 /	50.6 dBµV/m @ 1125.1
1c	n40	5795MHz	21	21	1 - 40GHz	15.247( c)	MHz (-3.4 dB)

### Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model	del: SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)		T96435
iviodei:	3K1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

## Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074

Peak measurements performed with: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time

Unless otherwise stated/noted, emission has duty cycle ≥ 98% and was measured using RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector, linear average mode, auto sweep time, max hold.

Preliminary testing showed no radio related emissions below 1GHz

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
n40	MCS8	93.0%	Yes	1.29	0.31	0.63	775

## Sample Notes

Sample S/N: C7105S11304001R With 2dB+3dB Pad on each antenna port

Driver: -Antenna: ~10dBi

## Measurement Specific Notes:

Note 1:	Emission in non-restricted band, but limit of 15.209 used.						
Note 2:	Emission in non-restricted band, the limit was set 30dB below the level of the fundamental and measured in 100kHz.						
Note 3:	Emission has duty cycle < 98%, but constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector,						
Note 3.	linear averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Linear Voltage correction factor						
Note 6:	Plots of the average and peak bandedge do not account for any duty cycle correction. Refer to the tabluar results for final						
Note 6.	measurements.						
Note 7:	Emission in non-restricted band, refer to antenna conducted results						



'	TENGINEER SOCCESS		
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviodei.	SK 1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	T-Log Number: T96435 Project Manager: Christine Krebill Project Coordinator: -	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

Run #1: Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1 - 40000 MHz. Operating Mode: 802.11n40

Date of Test: 10/13/14 Config. Used: 1

Test Engineer: Jack Liu/ Rafael Varelas Config Change: 1.6m high Test Location: FT Chamber #4 EUT Voltage: PoE

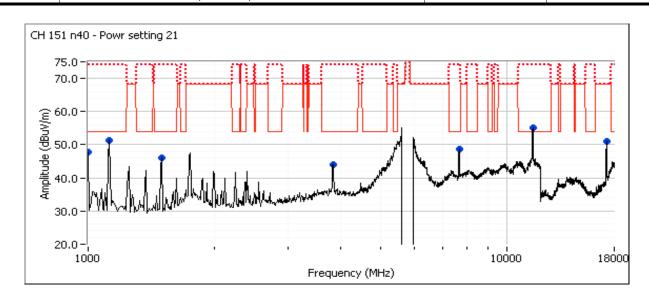
Run #1a: CH151

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209	/ 15.247	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBμV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
23015.300	52.1	Н	54.0	-1.9	AVG	201	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
23024.600	64.3	Н	74.0	-9.7	PK	201	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
3836.800	42.8	V	54.0	-11.2	AVG	116	1.9	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
3836.850	50.8	V	74.0	-23.2	PK	116	1.9	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
11510.100	48.7	V	54.0	-5.3	AVG	270	1.9	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
11509.400	60.8	V	74.0	-13.2	PK	270	1.9	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
7673.620	47.3	V	54.0	-6.7	AVG	246	2.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
7673.350	52.9	V	74.0	-21.1	PK	246	2.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
1000.030	45.7	Н	54.0	-8.3	AVG	245	1.8	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
1000.030	48.5	Н	74.0	-25.5	PK	245	1.8	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
1124.980	51.2	Н	54.0	-2.8	AVG	251	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
1125.000	56.8	Н	74.0	-17.2	PK	251	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
1500.180	35.2	V	54.0	-18.8	AVG	64	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
1499.950	41.8	V	74.0	-32.2	PK	64	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
23020.420	49.7	V	54.0	-4.3	AVG	231	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
23020.450	60.6	V	74.0	-13.4	PK	231	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
17240.000	51.1	V	-	-	Peak	224	1.9	Note 7

Note: Scans made between 18 - 40 GHz with the measurement antenna moved around the card and its antennas 20-50cm from the device indicated there were no significant emissions in this frequency range



	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O		
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
wodei.	3K1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSte1)	Project Manager:	r: T96435 r: Christine Krebill r: -
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A



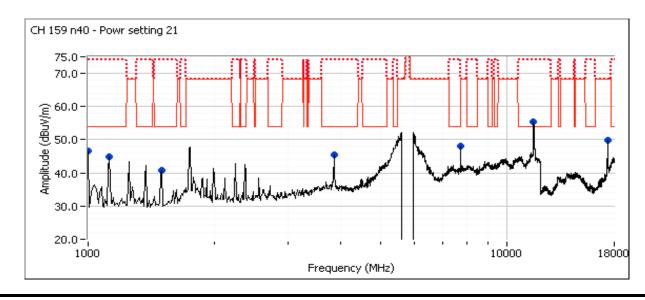


Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
		T-Log Number:	
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	Project Manager:	er: T96435 er: Christine Krebill or: -
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

Run #1b: CH159

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209	15.247	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBμV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
1125.120	50.6	Н	54.0	-3.4	AVG	252	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
1124.980	55.3	Н	74.0	-18.7	PK	252	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
3863.450	45.3	V	54.0	-8.7	AVG	118	2.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
3863.240	51.5	V	74.0	-22.5	PK	118	2.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
7726.820	48.4	V	54.0	-5.6	AVG	216	2.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
7726.850	54.9	V	74.0	-19.1	PK	216	2.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
1500.030	39.5	Н	54.0	-14.5	AVG	252	2.2	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
1500.370	44.1	Н	74.0	-29.9	PK	252	2.2	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
1000.110	46.0	Н	54.0	-8.0	AVG	246	1.8	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
1000.070	49.1	Н	74.0	-24.9	PK	246	1.8	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
11590.670	48.7	Н	54.0	-5.3	AVG	339	2.4	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
11608.830	60.4	Н	74.0	-13.6	PK	339	2.4	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
23180.380	48.1	V	54.0	-5.9	AVG	231	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
23175.180	60.0	V	74.0	-14.0	PK	231	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
23177.250	50.4	Н	54.0	-3.6	AVG	202	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
23180.980	62.2	Н	74.0	-11.8	PK	202	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
17380.000	49.8	Н	-	-	Peak	262	1.6	Note 7

Note: Scans made between 18 - 40 GHz with the measurement antenna moved around the card and its antennas 20-50cm from the device indicated there were no significant emissions in this frequency range





Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model·	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviouei.	3K1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	Project Manager:	per: T96435 ger: Christine Krebill tor: -
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

# RSS 210 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Antenna Port Measurements MIMO and Smart Antenna Systems

Power, PSD, Bandwidth and Spurious Emissions

## **Test Specific Details**

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 10/14/2014 & 11/12/14 Config. Used: 1 Test Engineer: Jack Liu Config Change: None EUT Voltage: PoE Test Location: FT Lab 4B

## General Test Configuration

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer or power meter via a suitable attenuator. All measurements were made on a single chain.

All measurements have been corrected to allow for the external attenuators used.

### Ambient Conditions:

24 °C Temperature: Rel. Humidity: 40 %

## Summary of Results

	Target	Passing				
Run#	Power	Power	Test Performed	Limit	Pass / Fail	Result / Margin
	Setting	Setting				
4Tx Modes						
3	21	-	Output Power	15.247(b)	Pass	26.8 dBm (0.48W)
4	21	-	Power spectral Density (PSD)	15.247(d)	Pass	1.2 dBm/3kHz
MIMO Mode	es					
3	21	-	Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Pass	36.3MHz
3	21	-	99% Bandwidth	RSS GEN	-	48.3MHz
4	01		Spurious emissions	15.247(b)	Door	All Emissions below the
4	21	21 -	Spurious erriissions	15.247(0)	Pass	limit



Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model·	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviouei.	SK 1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	Project Manager:	og Number: T96435 ct Manager: Christine Krebill Coordinator: -
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

## Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

### Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
n40	MCS8	93.0%	Yes	1.29	0.31	0.63	775

## Sample Notes

Sample S/N: C7105S11304001R

Driver: -

### Note:

1. Antenna port number defined

Port JE09 -Test port 0; Port JE10 -Test port 1; Port JE11 -Test port 2; Port JE12 -Test port 3

2. All the measurements measured at the end of the internal cable, not the output on the PCB board.



Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model.	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviodei.	SK 1430 (4x4 3GHZ 60Z.11 IIIdSter)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

### Antenna Gain Information

Freq	/	Antenna Gair	n (dBi) / Chai	n	BF	MultiChain	CDD	Sectorized	Dir G	Dir G
rieq	1	2	3	4		Legacy		/ Xpol	(PWR)	(PSD)
5725-5825	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	Yes	No	Yes	No	8.50	8.50

Antenna gain based on stated gain with 5dB of attenuation. Measurements performed at the end of the cables from the radio module, prior to the attenuators

For devices that support CDD modes

Min # of spatial streams: 2 Max # of spatial streams: 4

	BF = beamforming mode supported, Multichain Legacy = 802.11 legacy data rates supported for multichain transmissions, CDD = Cyclic Delay Diversity (or Cyclic Shift Diversity) modes supported, Sectorized / Xpol = antennas are sectorized or cross polarized
	Dir G (PWR) = total gain (Gant + Array Gain) for power calculations; Dir G (PSD) = total gain for PSD calculations based on FCC KDB 662911. Depending on the modes supported, the Array Gain value for power could be different from the PSD value.
Notes:	Array gain for power/psd calculated per KDB 662911 D01, v01r02.



Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
	3N 1430 (4X4 3G112 002.11 Illastel)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

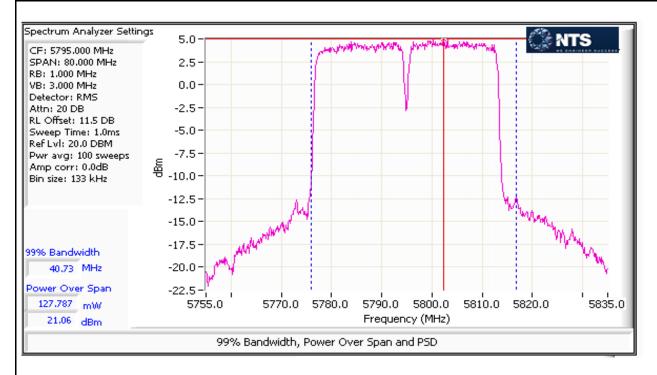
Run #1: Output Power

Operating Mode: n40
Directional Gain (dBi): 8.5

Max EIRP (mW): 3413.3716

Frequency (MHz)	Chain	Software	Pov	Power <sup>1</sup>		Total		Limit	Result	Power
		Setting	dBm	mW	mW	dBm	(W)	dBm	Nesuit	(dBm) <sup>3</sup>
5755	0	15	16.1	40.6	152.0	21.8	0.482	27.5	Pass	
	1		15.5	35.6						
	2		15.8	38.2						
	3		15.7	37.5						
	0	21	21.0	126.2		26.8		27.5	Pass	
5795	1		20.5	113.0	482.2					
	2	۷۱	20.6	115.3						
	3		21.1	127.6						

Duty Cycle < 98%, constant duty cycle. Output power measured using a spectrum analyzer (see plots below) with RBW= 1-Note 1: 5% of OBW, VB≥3\* RBW, RMS detector, power averaging on, and power integration over the OBW, trace average 100 traces (option AVGSA-1, in KDB 558074). Measurement corrected by Pwr Cor Factor. Spurious limit becomes -30dBc.





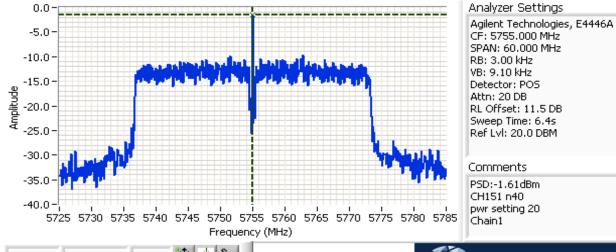
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
	3N 1430 (4X4 3G112 002.11 Illastel)	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

Run #2: Power spectral Density

Mode: n40

Power	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz) Note 1				Limit	Result	
Setting	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain 2	Chain 3	Total	dBm/3kHz	Nesuit
5755	20	-6.9	-1.6	-6.5	-7.0	1.2	8.0	Pass
5795	21	-5.3	-3.6	-7.2	-7.6	0.4	8.0	Pass

Note 1: Test performed per method PKSPD, in KDB 558074. Power spectral density measured using: 3kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100kHz, VBW=3\*RBW, peak detector, span = 1.5\*DTS BW, auto sweep time, max hold.



Cursor 1 5755.0000 -1.61 + \* •





WE ENGINEER SOCIES				
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375	
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435	
		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill	
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-	
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A	

#### Run #3: Signal Bandwidth

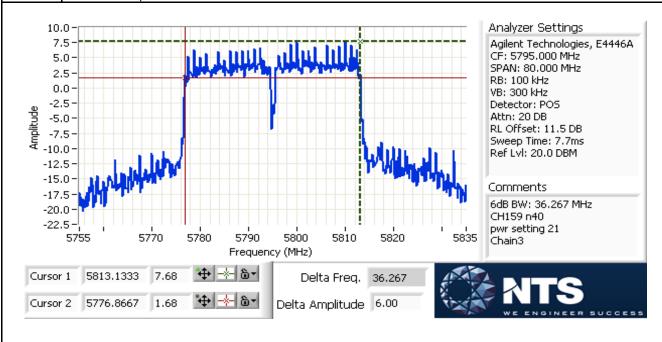
Mode: n40

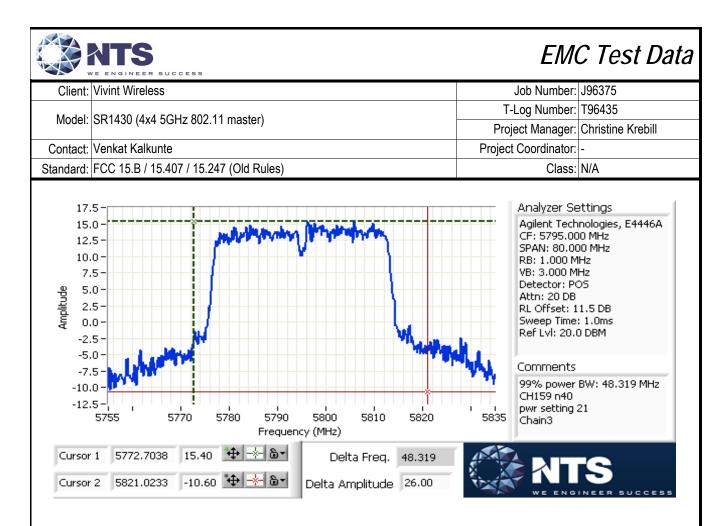
Power	Eroguenov (MHz)	Bandwid	th (MHz)	RBW Se	tting(Hz)
Setting	Frequency (MHz)	6dB	99%	6dB	99%
20	5755	36.3	42.5	100k	1M
21	5795	36.3	48.3	100k	1M

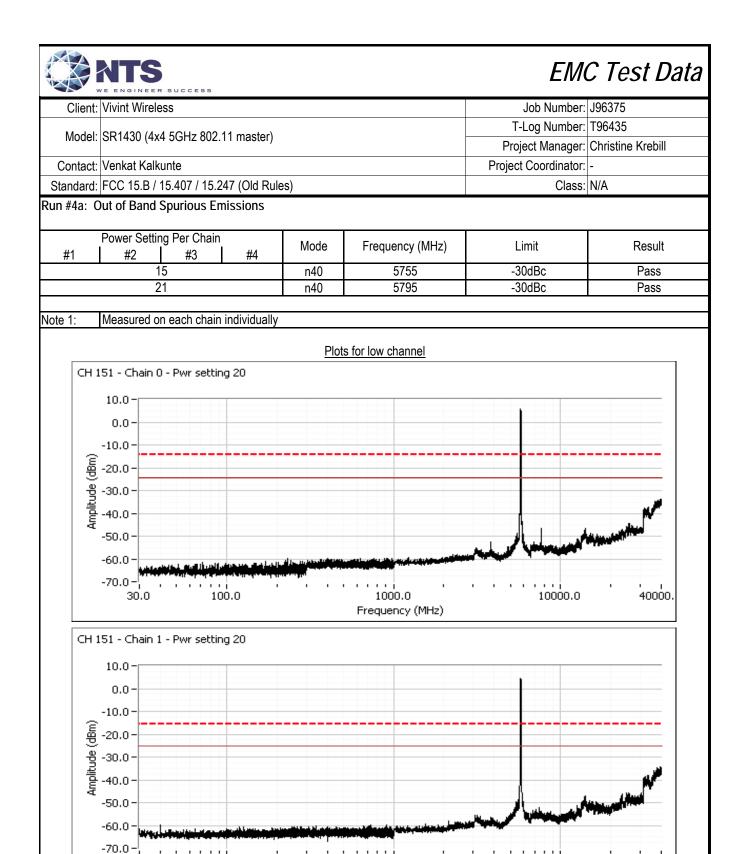
Note 1: DTS BW: RBW=100kHz, VBW ≥ 3\*RBW, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time.

99% BW: RBW=1-5% of of 99%BW, VBW ≥ 3\*RBW, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time.

Note 2: Measurements performed on chain 3







1000.0

Frequency (MHz)

30.0

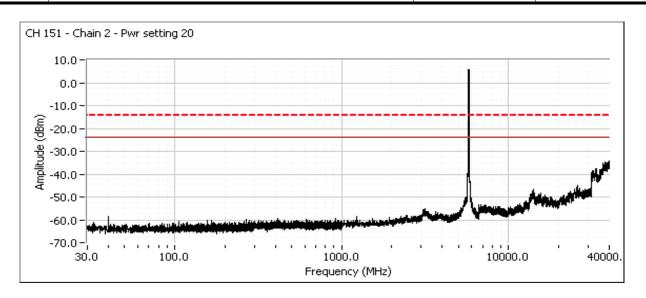
100.0

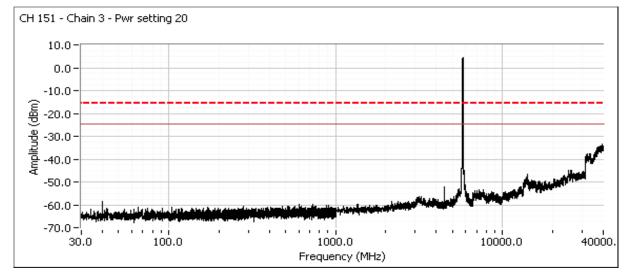
40000.

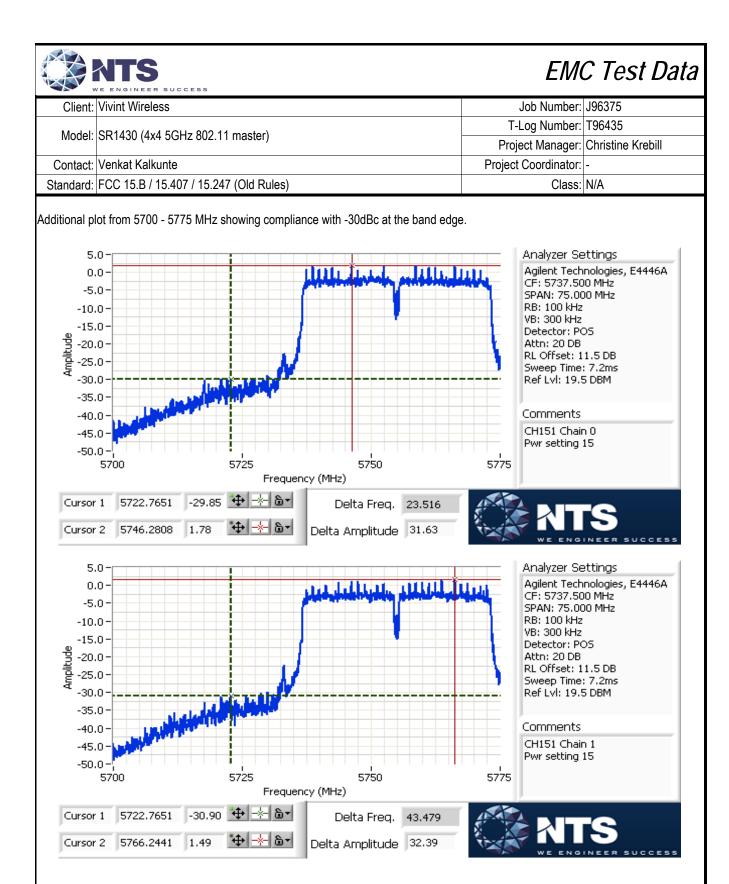
10000.0

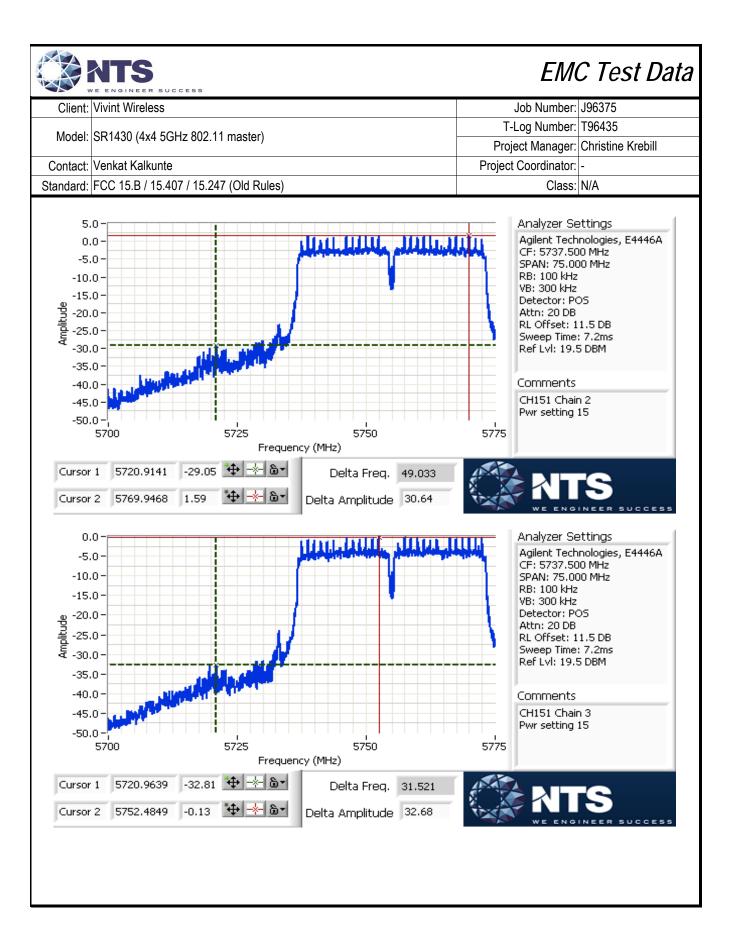


	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O		
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A





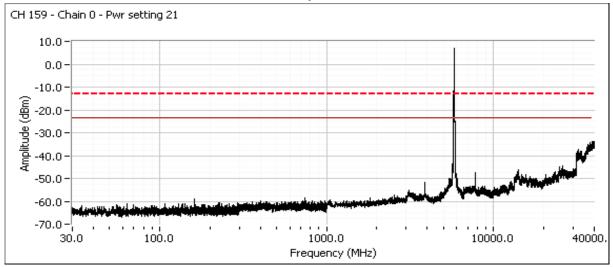


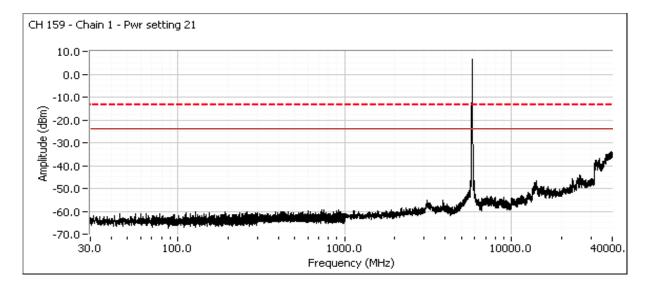




Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	
		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

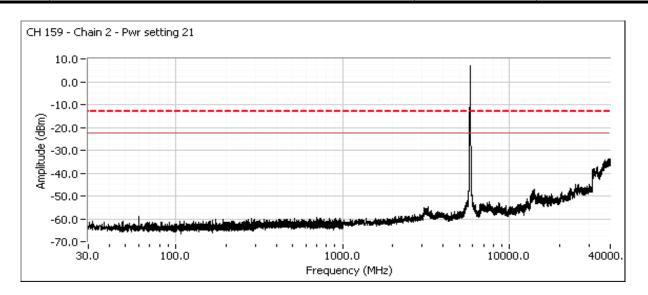
#### Plots for high channel

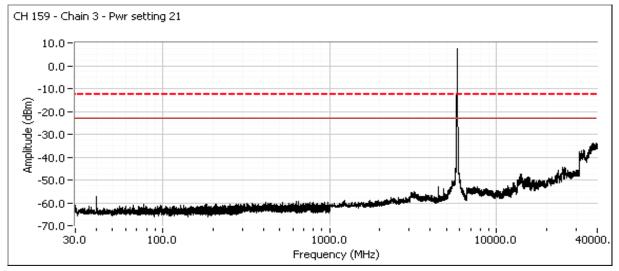






Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model:	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

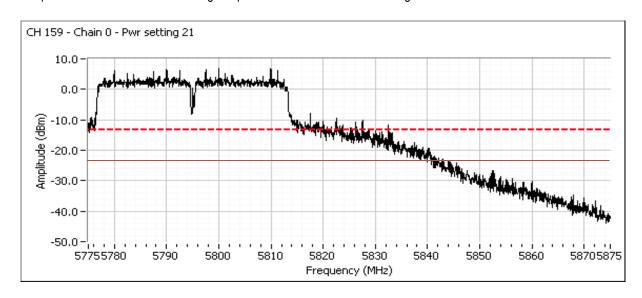


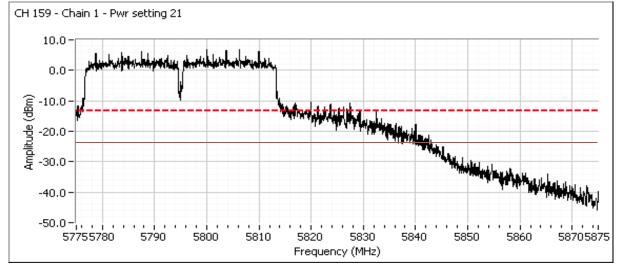




	The state of the s		
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviodei:		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A

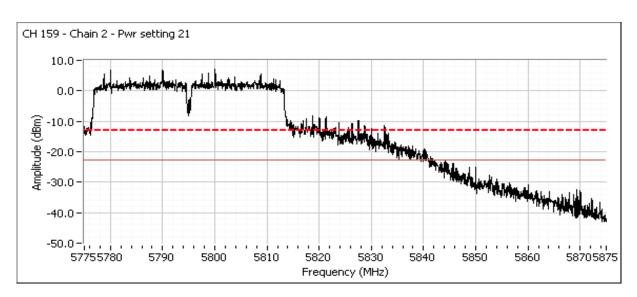
Additional plot from 5775 - 5875 MHz showing compliance with -30dBc at the band edge.

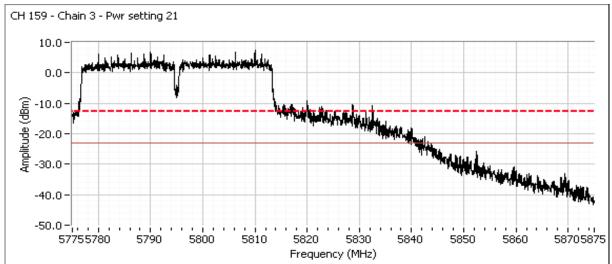






	The state of the s		
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviodei:		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	N/A







Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375		
Model	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435		
iviodei:		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill		
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-		
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	A		

#### **Conducted Emissions**

(Elliott Laboratories Fremont Facility, Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

#### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the

specification listed above.

Date of Test: 8/20/2014 Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Jack Liu Config Change: None
Test Location: Fremont Chamber #4 EUT Voltage: PoE

#### General Test Configuration

For tabletop equipment, the EUT was located on a wooden table inside the semi-anechoic chamber, 40 cm from a vertical coupling plane and 80cm from the LISN. A second LISN was used for all local support equipment. Remote support equipment was located outside of the semi-anechoic chamber. Any cables running to remote support equipment where routed through metal conduit and when possible passed through a ferrite clamp upon exiting the chamber.

Ambient Conditions: Temperature: 24 °C

Rel. Humidity: 38 %

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	CE, AC Power,120V/60Hz	15.207	Pass	60.0 dBµV @ 0.151 MHz (-5.9 dB)

#### Modifications Made During Testing

FerriShield (www.leadertechinc.com) - cable clamp TC28B0617; placed on the etherent cable between external port and internal pcb

#### Deviations From The Standard

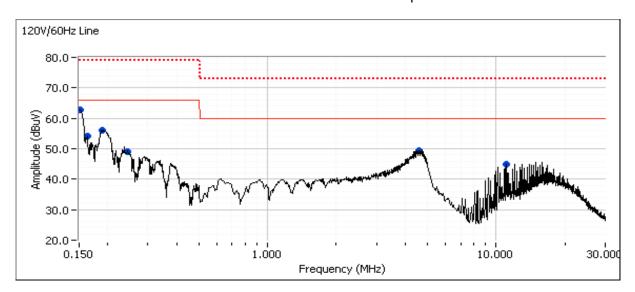
No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

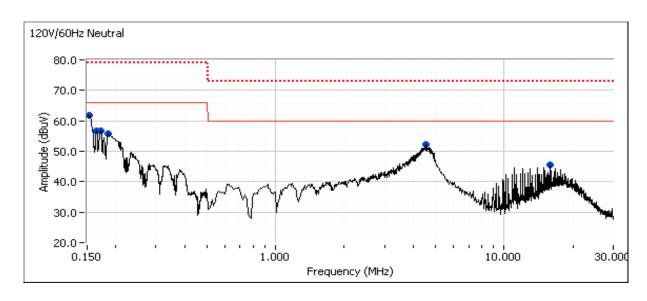


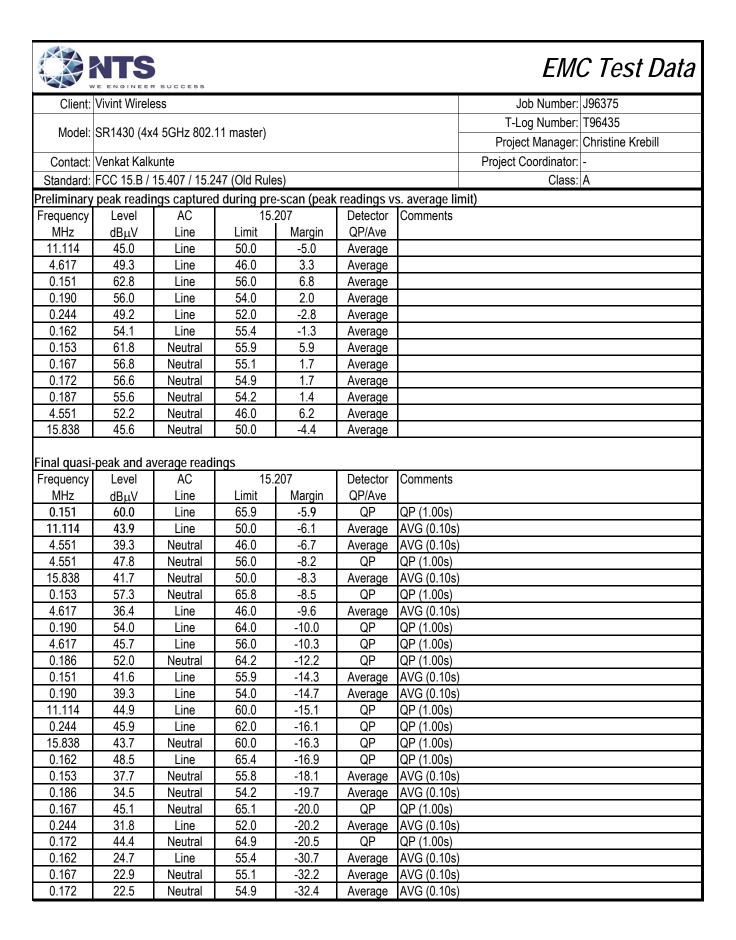
"	THE ENGINEER SOCIES		
Client:	Vivint Wireless	Job Number:	J96375
Model	SR1430 (4x4 5GHz 802.11 master)	T-Log Number:	T96435
iviouei.		Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	Venkat Kalkunte	Project Coordinator:	-
Standard:	FCC 15.B / 15.407 / 15.247 (Old Rules)	Class:	Α

Run #1: AC Power Port Conducted Emissions, 0.15 - 30MHz, 120V/60Hz EUT transmitting on channel 134 at power setting 18.

Plots show FCC 15.107 Class A limits - Tabular data compared to 15.207 limits







### End of Report

This page is intentionally blank and marks the last page of this test report.

File: R96682 Rev 2