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TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.....:: TRE17100031 R/C..... 22243

FCC ID.....:: 2AAA6-S319T

Applicant's name.....: **SENWA MEXICO, S.A.DE C.V**

Av. Javier Barros Sierra 540, Torre I, Planta 5, COL. LOMAS DE Address.....

SANTA FE DELEGACION, ALVARO OBREGON, Mexico

Manufacturer....: Senwa Mobile HK Itd

Room 910, International Trade Centre 11-19 Sha Tsui Road, Address....:

Tsuen Wan, NT, HK

Test item description: **Mobile Phone**

Trade Mark: **SENWA**

Model/Type reference....: S319T

Listed Model(s):

FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 Standard::

ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample..... Oct.12, 2017

Date of testing..... Oct.13, 2017 - Oct.31, 2017

Date of issue..... Nov.01, 2017

Result....: **PASS**

Testing Laboratory Name:

Compiled by

(position+printedname+signature)...: File administrators:Xiaodong Zhao Xiaodomy Zheo

Supervised by

(position+printedname+signature)...: Test Engineer: Xiaodong Zhao Xiaodong Zheo

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Test Standards and Report version

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Nov.01, 2017	Original

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2. **Summary**

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	SENWA MEXICO,S.A.DE C.V
Address:	Av.Javier Barros Sierra 540,Torre I,Planta 5, COL.LOMAS DE SANTA FE DELEGACION,ALVARO OBREGON,Mexico
Manufacturer:	Senwa Mobile HK ltd
Address:	Room 910, International Trade Centre 11-19 Sha Tsui Road, Tsuen Wan, NT, HK

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Mobile Phone									
Trade Mark:	SENWA									
Model No.:	S319T									
Listed Model(s):	55191									
Power supply:	DC 3.7V From exc	hange hattery								
Device Category:	Portable	nange battery								
Product stage:	Production unit									
		- / I la controllo d								
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population									
IMEI:	352308090001505	5								
Device Class:	В									
Hardware version:	sc7701_barphone									
Software version:	SENWA_S319T_V	/er1.0								
Maximum SAR Value										
Separation Distance:	Head: 0mm	1								
	Body: 10m	m								
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Test location:	PCE	DSS	Simultaneous TX						
	Head:	0.516 W/Kg	0.295 W/Kg	0.811 W/Kg						
	Body:	0.778 W/Kg	0.148 W/Kg	0.926 W/Kg						
GSM										
Support Network:	GSM, GPRS, EGF	PRS								
Support Band:	GSM850, PCS190	0								
Modulation:	GSM/GPRS/EGPF	RS: GMSK								
Transmit Frequency:	GSM850: 824.20M	1Hz-848.80MHz								
	PCS1900: 1850.20MHz-1909.80MHz									
Receive Frequency:	GSM850: 869.20M PCS1900: 1930.20	1Hz-893.80MHz 0MHz-1989.80MHz								
GPRS Class:	12									
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna									

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WCDMA					
Operation Band:	FDD Band II and FDD Band V				
Power Class:	Power Class 3				
Modilation Type:	QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/HSUPA/HSDPA				
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported				
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna				
Bluetooth					
Version:	Supported BT4.0+EDR				
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK				
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz				
Channel number:	79				
Channel separation:	1MHz				
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna				
Remark: The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power					

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3. Test Environment

3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

IC-Registration No.:5377B

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No.: 5377B

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

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4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calib	ration
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2017/08/15	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3842	2017/08/15	1
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d153	2016/07/16	3
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d101	2015/07/23	3
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	201710/23	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2017/10/21	1
Power meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52140008	2017/05/06	1
Power sensor	Agilent	E9304A	MY54470001	2017/05/06	1
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY51491493	2017/05/06	1
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	258525	2017/10/21	1
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50783	No	ote
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 3	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	No	ote
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4M2	0328798	Note	

Note:

^{1.} The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.

^{2.} Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

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5. Measurement Uncertainty

	Measurement Uncertainty											
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom		
Measurement System 1 Probe calibration B 6.0% N 1 1 1 6.0% 6.0% ∞												
	Axial											
2	isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	80		
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞		
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞		
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞		
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞		
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	00		
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8		
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8		
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	80		
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	00		
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞		
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8		
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞		
Test Samp					1			ı	1			
15	Test sample positioning	А	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	80		
16	Device holder uncertainty	А	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞		
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞		
Phantom a					1	ı	I		I			
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞		
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞		
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞		
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞		
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞		
Combined	standard uncertainty	$\int_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	/	/	/	/	9.79%	9.67%	∞			
	nded uncertainty ce interval of 95 %)	u_{ϵ}	$=2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	19.57%	19.34%	∞		

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System Check Uncertainty											
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom	
Measurement System											
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞	
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞	
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞	
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞	
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞	
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞	
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞	
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞	
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞	
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞	
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞	
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞	
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞	
System va	lidation source-dipole										
15	Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	А	1.58%	N	1	1	1	1.58%	1.58%	∞	
16	Dipole axis to liquid distance	Α	1.35%	N	1	1	1	1.35%	1.35%	∞	
17	Input power and SAR drift	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞	
Phantom a		1	T	T		ı		•	ı	1	
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞	
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞	
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞	
Combined standard uncertainty $u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$		/	/	/	/	8.80%	8.79%	∞			
	nded uncertainty ace interval of 95 %)	u_{ϵ}	$u_c = 2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	17.59%	17.58%	∞	

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6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

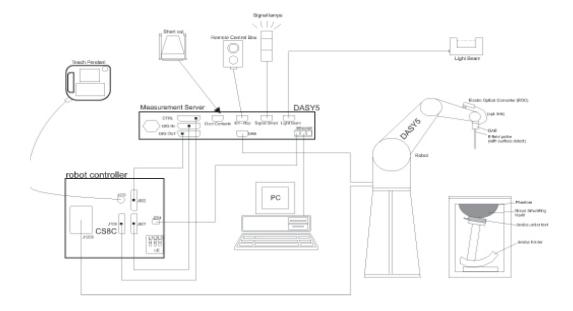
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10 μ W/g to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

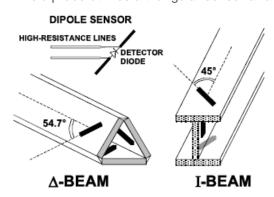
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- · peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865864 D01V04								
			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz				
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$				
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the r			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°				
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm				
Maximum area scan sp	oatial resol	ution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orientat above, the measurement rescorresponding x or y dimensat least one measurement po	ion, is smaller than the olution must be ≤ the sion of the test device with				
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm $3 - 4$ GHz: \leq 5 mm [*] $4 - 6$ GHz: \leq 4 mm [*]					
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$				
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$				
	grid \[\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1):\] between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	om(n-1) mm				
Minimum zoom scan volume	nimum zoom		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$				

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

> Conversion factor: ConvFi Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency:

Crest factor: cf

Media parameters: Conductivity: σ

Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) diode compression point (DASY parameter) dcpi:

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:
$$E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – field
probes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Vi: Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij:

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Report No: TRE17100031 Page: 16 of 47 Issued: 2017-11-01

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

total field strength in V/m Etot:

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

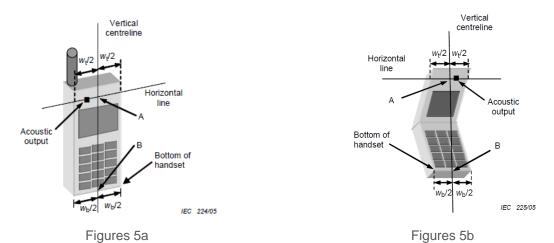
8.1. Head Position

The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset (point B).

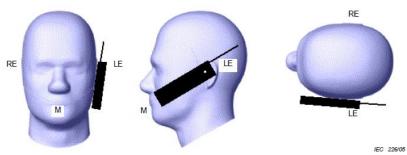
The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets, handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



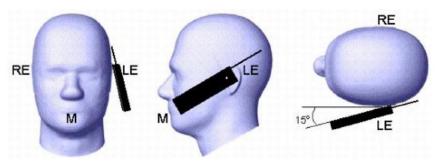
- W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

Cheek position



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

Tilt position



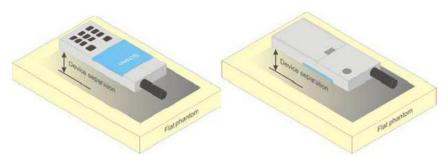
Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

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8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.

Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance ≤ 10 mm to support compliance



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

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9. System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)			
For Head											
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40			
				For Bo	dy						
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2			
1800.1900.2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3			

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms											
Target Frequency Head Body											
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	εr	σ(s/m)							
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97							
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52							

Check Result:

	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid												
Frequency	εr		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp	_				
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)	Limit	(℃)	Date				
835	41.50	41.62	0.90	0.92	0.29%	2.22%	±5%	21	2017-10-18				
1900	40.00	40.05	1.40	1.42	0.12%	1.43%	±5%	21	2017-10-23				

	Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid										
Frequency		εr	σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta Delta		Temp			
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(Er)	(σ)	Limit	(°C)	Date		
835	55.20	55.15	0.97	0.96	-0.09%	-1.03%	±5%	21	2017-10-19		
1900	53.30	53.12	1.52	1.53	-0.34%	0.66%	±5%	21	2017-10-24		

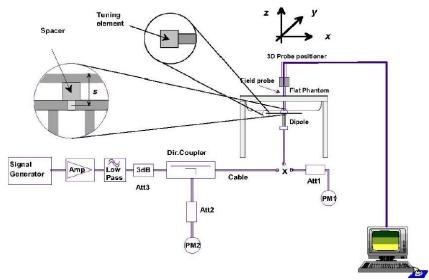
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9.2. SAR System Check

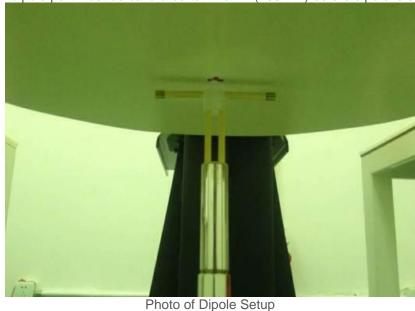
The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.



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Check Result:

CHECK NES	Head										
Frequency	1g SAR 10g SAR		Delta	Delta		Temp	_				
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date		
835	2.30	2.34	1.50	1.52	1.74%	1.33%	±10%	21	2017-10-18		
1900	10.10	9.72	5.34	5.16	-3.76%	-3.37%	±10%	21	2017-10-23		

	Body									
Frequency	10	s SAR	R 10g SAR		Delta	Delta		Temp		
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(°C)	Date	
835	2.43	2.47	1.61	1.59	1.65%	-1.24%	±10%	21	2017-10-19	
1900	10.20	10.30	5.47	5.34	0.98%	-2.38%	±10%	21	2017-10-24	

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System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d153

Date:2017-10-18

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.62$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

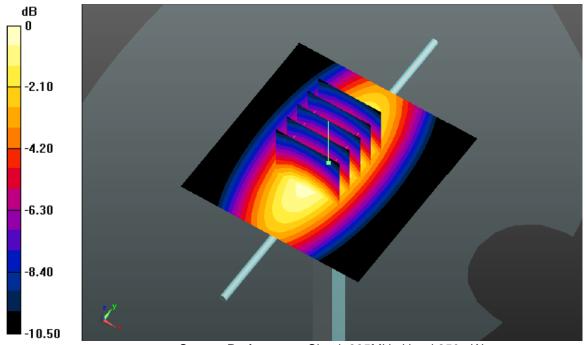
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.834 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.865 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.286 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.825 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Head 250mW

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System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d153

Date:2017-10-19

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

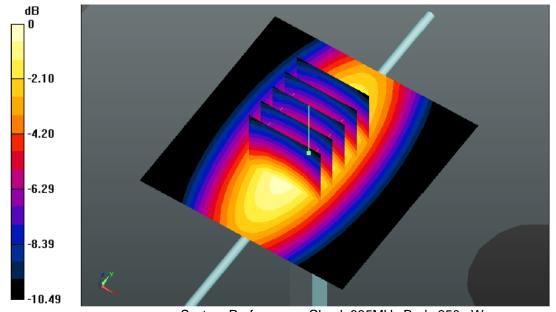
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.888 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.236 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.871 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW

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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d101

Date:2017-10-23

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.05$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

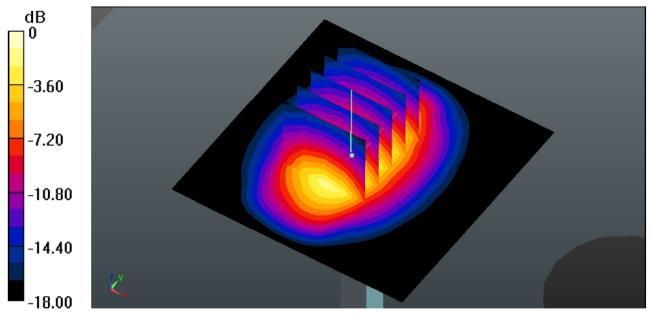
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.61 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.44 W/kg



System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 250mW

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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d101

Date:2017-10-24

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.12$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

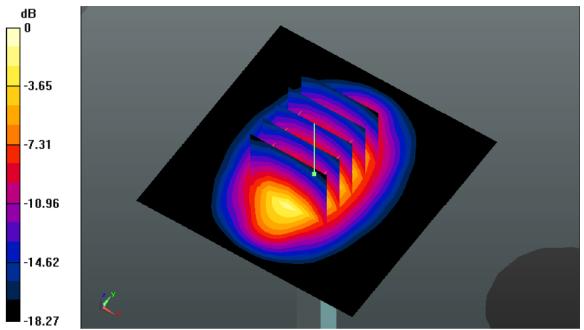
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.187 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.679 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.027 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.09 W/kg



System Performance Check 1900MHz Body250mW

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10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	Limit (\	N/kg)	
Type Exposure	General Population /	Occupational /	
	Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Controlled Exposure Environment	
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM Conducted Power

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.
- 3. Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.

		Condu	cted Power	(dBm)	5	Avera	ager Power (dBm)
Mode:	GSM850	CH128	CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401013	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
G:	SM	32.80	32.51	32.87	-9.03	23.77	23.48	23.84
	1TXslot	32.77	32.50	32.85	-9.03	23.74	23.47	23.82
GPRS	2TXslots	30.24	30.02	30.22	-6.02	24.22	24.00	24.20
(GMSK)	3TXslots	28.49	28.34	28.55	-4.26	24.23	24.08	24.29
	4TXslots	27.32	27.19	27.37	-3.01	24.31	24.18	24.36
	1TXslot	32.41	32.37	32.75	-9.03	23.38	23.34	23.72
EGPRS	2TXslots	29.88	29.84	30.19	-6.02	23.86	23.82	24.17
(GMSK)	3TXslots	28.15	28.12	28.45	-4.26	23.89	23.86	24.19
	4TXslots	27.00	26.96	27.28	-3.01	23.99	23.95	24.27
		Condu	Conducted Power (dBm)			Avera	ager Power (dBm)
Mode: F	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 401013	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G:	SM	29.11	29.22	29.19	-9.03	20.08	20.19	20.16
	1TXslot	29.08	29.21	29.18	-9.03	20.05	20.18	20.15
GPRS	2TXslots	26.84	26.98	26.95	-6.02	20.82	20.96	20.93
(GMSK)	3TXslots	25.29	25.47	25.40	-4.26	21.03	21.21	21.14
	4TXslots	24.25	24.44	24.31	-3.01	21.24	21.43	21.30
	1TXslot	29.08	29.14	29.03	-9.03	20.05	20.11	20.00
EGPRS	2TXslots	26.81	26.11	26.01	-6.02	20.79	20.09	19.99
(GMSK)	3TXslots	25.27	24.80	24.70	-4.26	21.01	20.54	20.44
	4TXslots	24.23	23.66	23.57	-3.01	21.22	20.65	20.56

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

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WCDMA Conducted Power

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

HSDPA Setup Configureation:

- The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
 - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
 - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
 - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
 - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	β _d (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β _{hs} = 30/15 * β _c.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ and $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$ = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$ = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configureation:

- The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
 - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific subtest in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
 - v. Set UE Target power
 - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

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Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βο	β_d	β _d (SF)	β _c /β _d	βнs (Note1)	βεσ	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{ks} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_{\text{c}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$ =12/15, $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{c}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

General Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≤ 1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

			CDMA Band	V	V	CDMA Band	II
			ucted Power	(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)		
Mod	de	CH4132	CH4183	CH4233	CH9262	CH9400	CH9538
		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 1	2.2K	23.36	23.20	23.27	22.56	22.60	22.63
RMC 1	RMC 12.2K		23.23	23.28	22.58	22.63	22.64
	Subtest-1	21.48	21.33	21.40	20.74	20.78	20.81
HSDPA	Subtest-2	21.30	21.16	21.22	20.57	20.61	20.64
ПООРА	Subtest-3	21.30	21.16	21.21	20.57	20.62	20.63
	Subtest-4	21.02	20.88	20.94	20.30	20.34	20.37
	Subtest-1	20.91	20.76	20.83	20.19	20.23	20.25
	Subtest-2	20.74	20.60	20.66	20.03	20.07	20.10
HSUPA	Subtest-3	20.65	20.51	20.57	19.94	19.98	20.00
	Subtest-4	20.59	20.45	20.51	19.88	19.92	19.95
	Subtest-5	20.54	20.40	20.46	19.83	19.87	19.89

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Bluetooth Conducted Power

Bluetooth									
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)						
	0	2402	8.06						
GFSK	39	2441	7.76						
	78	2480	7.51						
	0	2402	8.05						
π/4QPSK	39	2441	7.82						
	78	2480	7.56						
	0	2402	8.08						
8DPSK	39	2441	7.72						
	78	2480	7.49						

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12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

	GSM								
Mode	Maximum Tu	une-up (dBm)							
Mode	GSM850	PCS1900							
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	29.50							
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	29.50							
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	30.50	27.00							
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.00	25.50							
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	27.50	24.50							
EGPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	29.50							
EGPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	30.50	27.00							
EGPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.00	25.50							
EGPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	27.50	24.50							

	WCDMA								
Mada	Maximum Tu	une-up (dBm)							
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II							
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.50	23.00							
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.50	23.00							
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.50	21.00							
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.50	21.00							
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.50	21.00							
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.50	21.00							
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.50							
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.50							
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.50							
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.50							
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.50							

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Bluetooth									
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)						
	0	2402	8.50						
GFSK	39	2441	8.50						
	78	2480	8.50						
	0	2402	8.50						
π/4QPSK	39	2441	8.50						
	78	2480	8.50						
	0	2402	8.50						
8DPSK	39	2441	8.50						
	78	2480	8.50						

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

Туре	Tune սր	power		on Threshold (mW)	SAR Exclusion		
	dBm	mW	Head	Body	Head	Body	
Bluetooth	8.50	7.1	9.6	19.2	Yes	Yes	

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

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13. SAR Measurement Results

Head SAR

					GSM850					
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	Tool
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAKUU	Test Plot
	Left- Cheek	128	824.2	27.32	27.50	1.04	•	•	-	-
		190	836.6	27.19	27.50	1.07	-0.14	0.480	0.516	H1
		251	848.8	27.37	27.50	1.03	•	ı	-	-
	Left-Tilt	128	824.2	27.32	27.50	1.04	•	ı	-	-
0000		190	836.6	27.19	27.50	1.07	0.15	0.367	0.394	-
GPRS (4Tx		251	848.8	27.37	27.50	1.03	-	-	-	-
slot)	D:ab4	128	824.2	27.32	27.50	1.04	•	ı	-	-
Gioty	Right- Cheek	190	836.6	27.19	27.50	1.07	0.06	0.445	0.478	-
	Cileek	251	848.8	27.37	27.50	1.03	-	-	-	-
	D:ab4	128	824.2	27.32	27.50	1.04	-	-	-	-
	Right-	190	836.6	27.19	27.50	1.07	-0.08	0.337	0.362	-
	Tilt	251	848.8	27.37	27.50	1.03	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900)				
Mode	Test Position	Free CH	quency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	Left- Cheek	512	1850.2	24.25	24.50	1.06	-	-	-	-
		661	1880.0	24.44	24.50	1.01	0.12	0.289	0.293	H2
		810	1909.8	24.31	24.50	1.04	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	512	1850.2	24.25	24.50	1.06	-	-	-	-
0000		661	1880.0	24.44	24.50	1.01	0.09	0.232	0.236	-
GPRS (4Tx		810	1909.8	24.31	24.50	1.04	-	-	-	-
slot)	D:l-4	512	1850.2	24.25	24.50	1.06	-	-	-	-
3101)	Right- Cheek	661	1880.0	24.44	24.50	1.01	-0.06	0.278	0.282	-
	CHECK	810	1909.8	24.31	24.50	1.04	-	-	-	-
	D: ada4	512	1850.2	24.25	24.50	1.06	-	-	-	-
	Right-	661	1880.0	24.44	24.50	1.01	-0.08	0.218	0.222	-
	Tilt	810	1909.8	24.31	24.50	1.04	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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	WCDMA Band V										
Mode	Test Position	Fred CH	quency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot	
	Left- Cheek	4132	826.4	23.39	23.50	1.03	-	-	-	-	
		4183	836.6	23.23	23.50	1.06	-0.15	0.401	0.426	НЗ	
		4233	846.6	23.28	23.50	1.05	-	-	-	-	
	Left-Tilt	4132	826.4	23.39	23.50	1.03	-	-	-	-	
5.40		4183	836.6	23.23	23.50	1.06	-0.13	0.330	0.351	-	
RMC 12.2K		4233	846.6	23.28	23.50	1.05	-	-	-	-	
bps	D:l-4	4132	826.4	23.39	23.50	1.03	-	-	-	-	
БРЗ	Right- Cheek	4183	836.6	23.23	23.50	1.06	-0.16	0.383	0.407	-	
	Cileek	4233	846.6	23.28	23.50	1.05	-	-	-	-	
	D:abt	4132	826.4	23.39	23.50	1.03	-	-	-	-	
	Right-	4183	836.6	23.23	23.50	1.06	0.06	0.307	0.326	-	
	Tilt -	4233	846.6	23.28	23.50	1.05	-	-	-	-	

				wo	DMA Ba	nd II				
Mode	Test Position	CH	quency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	1 - 6	9262	1852.4	22.58	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.63	23.00	1.09	0.12	0.363	0.395	H4
	Crieek	9538	1907.6	22.64	23.00	1.09	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	22.58	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
D140		9400	1880.0	22.63	23.00	1.09	0.07	0.292	0.318	-
RMC 12.2K		9538	1907.6	22.64	23.00	1.09	-	-	-	-
bps	D: ada 4	9262	1852.4	22.58	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
БРЗ	Right- Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.63	23.00	1.09	-0.16	0.350	0.381	-
	Officer	9538	1907.6	22.64	23.00	1.09	-	-	-	-
	D:abt	9262	1852.4	22.58	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Right-	9400	1880.0	22.63	23.00	1.09	-0.06	0.276	0.300	-
	Tilt -	9538	1907.6	22.64	23.00	1.09	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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Body SAR

	GSM850											
	+ .	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune		Measured	Report	1		
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot		
	Front	128	824.2	27.32	27.50	1.04	-	-	-	-		
		190	836.6	27.19	27.50	1.07	0.05	0.478	0.513	-		
GPRS (4Tx		251	848.8	27.37	27.50	1.03	-	-	-	-		
slot)		128	824.2	27.32	27.50	1.04	-	-	-	-		
Sioty	Back	190	836.6	27.19	27.50	1.07	-0.11	0.724	0.778	B1		
		251	848.8	27.37	27.50	1.03	-	-	-	-		

	PCS1900										
	+ .	Frequency		Conducted	Tune up	Tune	1	Measured	Report	+	
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot	
	Front		512	1850.2	24.25	24.50	1.06	-	-	-	-
		661	1880.0	24.44	24.50	1.01	0.13	0.469	0.476	-	
GPRS (4Tx		810	1909.8	24.31	24.50	1.04	ı	•	-	·	
slot)		512	1850.2	24.25	24.50	1.06	-	-	-	-	
Sioty	Back	661	1880.0	24.44	24.50	1.01	-0.17	0.719	0.729	B2	
		810	1909.8	24.31	24.50	1.04	-	-	-	-	

	WCDMA Band V											
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dawar	Measured	Report	Toot		
		СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot		
	Front	4132	826.4	23.39	23.50	1.03	-	-	-	-		
		4183	836.6	23.23	23.50	1.06	0.03	0.516	0.549	-		
RMC		4233	846.6	23.28	23.50	1.05	-	-	-	-		
12.2Kbps	Back	4132	826.4	23.39	23.50	1.03	-	-	-	-		
		4183	836.6	23.23	23.50	1.06	-0.09	0.725	0.771	В3		
		4233	846.6	23.28	23.50	1.05	-	-	-	-		

	WCDMA Band II										
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot	
	Front	9262	1852.4	22.58	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-	
		9400	1880.0	22.63	23.00	1.09	-0.04	0.489	0.532	-	
RMC		9538	1907.6	22.64	23.00	1.09	-	-	-	-	
12.2Kbps		9262	1852.4	22.58	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-	
	Back	9400	1880.0	22.63	23.00	1.09	-0.10	0.713	0.776	B4	
		9538	1907.6	22.64	23.00	1.09	-	-	-	-	

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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SAR Test Data Plots

Test mode: GSM850-GPRS 4TS Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H1

Date:2017-10-18

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.478$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

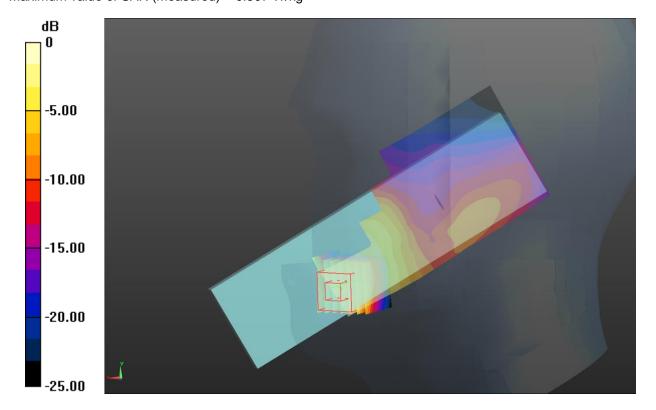
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.500 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.666 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.661 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.480 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 W/kg



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Test mode: PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H2

Date:2017-10-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.74$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

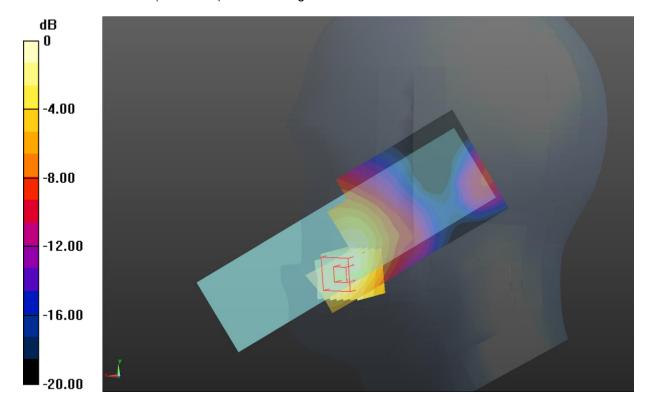
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.657 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.289 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.315 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band V Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H3

Date:2017-10-18

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.478$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

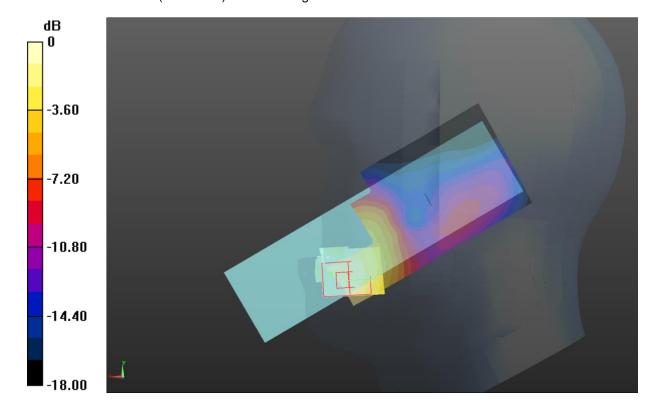
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.502 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.792 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.554 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.401 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band II Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H4

Date:2017-10-23

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

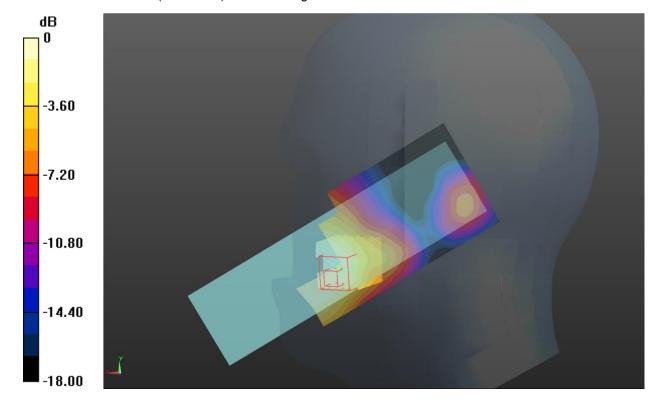
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.433 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.070 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.523 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 W/kg



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Test mode: GSM850 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B1

Date:2017-10-19

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.858$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

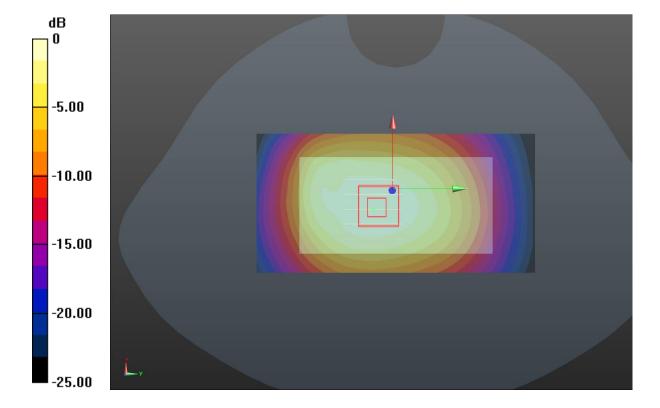
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.778 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.175 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.942 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.724 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.779 W/kg



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Test mode: PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B2

Date:2017-10-24

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.14$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

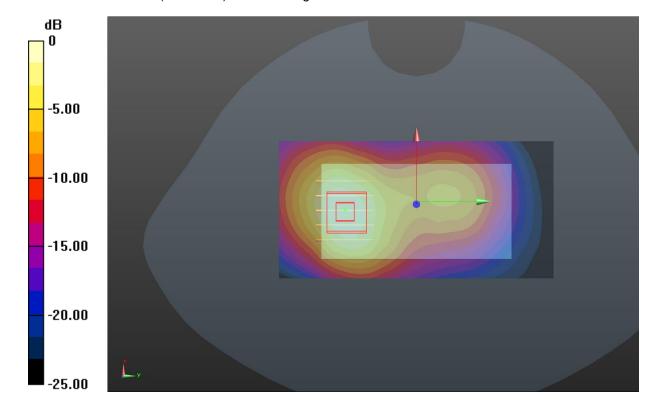
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.759 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.593 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.930 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.719 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.443 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.758 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band V Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B3

Date:2017-10-19

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.858$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

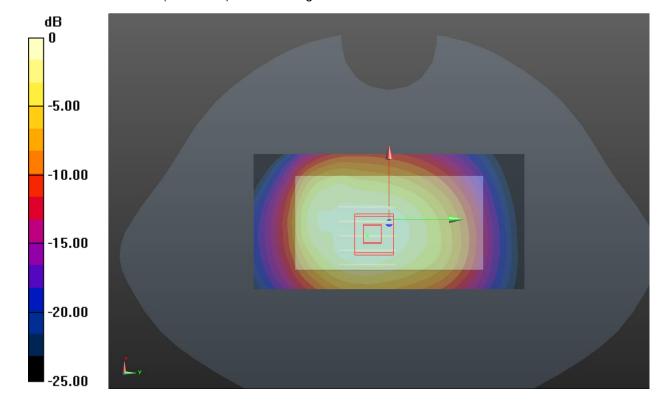
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.755 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.635 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.959 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.725 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.752 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band II Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B4

Date:2017-10-24

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.14$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 2017/8/15;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 2017/8/15

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

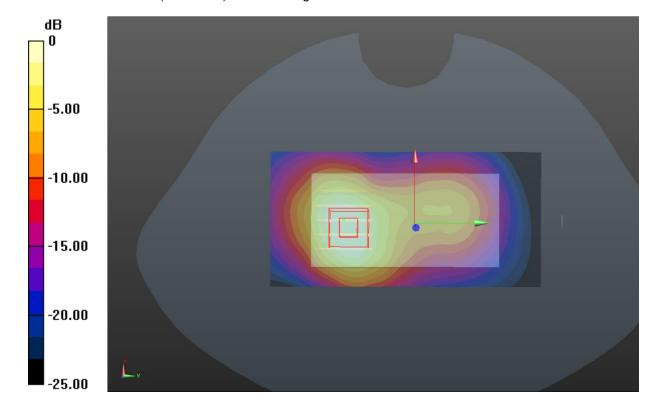
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.783 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.095 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.978 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.713 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.785 W/kg



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14. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
2	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
3	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
4	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	

General note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
 - [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Head	Body worn
Max power	Test separation	0mm	10mm
8.50 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.295	0.148

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Maximum reported SAR value for Head

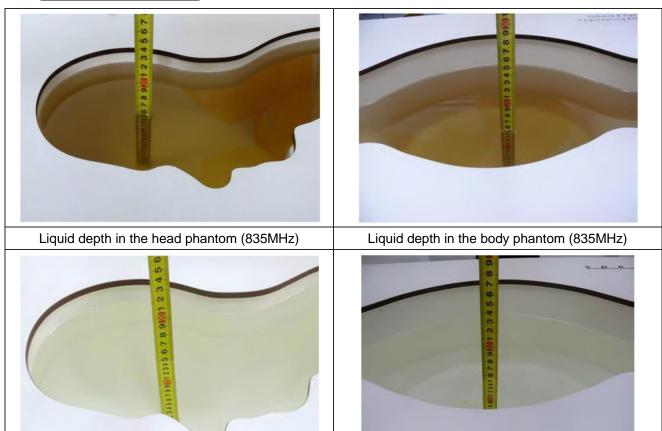
WWAN PCE + Bluetooth										
100000	N Band	Exposure	Max SAI	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR					
VVVAI	N Dallu	Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)					
		Left Cheek	0.516	0.295	0.811					
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.394	0.295	0.690					
	GSIVIOSU	Right Cheek	0.478	0.295	0.774					
GSM		Right Tilted	0.362	0.295	0.658					
GSIVI		Left Cheek	0.293	0.295	0.589					
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.236	0.295	0.531					
	PC31900	Right Cheek	0.282	0.295	0.577					
		Right Tilted	0.222	0.295	0.517					
		Left Cheek	0.426	0.295	0.722					
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.351	0.295	0.646					
	Dallu V	Right Cheek	0.407	0.295	0.703					
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.326	0.295	0.622					
VVCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.395	0.295	0.691					
	Band II	Left Tilted	0.318	0.295	0.613					
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.381	0.295	0.677					
		Right Tilted	0.300	0.295	0.595					

Maximum reported SAR value for Body

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
			WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.513	0.148	0.661
		Back	0.778	0.148	0.926
	PCS1900	Front	0.476	0.148	0.624
		Back	0.729	0.148	0.877
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.549	0.148	0.696
		Back	0.771	0.148	0.919
	Band II	Front	0.532	0.148	0.680
		Back	0.776	0.148	0.924

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15. TestSetup Photos



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Left Head Touch

Right Head Touch





Left Head Tilt (15°)

Right Head Tilt (15°)







Body-worn Rear Side (10mm)

16. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1710003001

-----End of Report-----