Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.
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TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. ..... :	**TRE1610003905**	R/C…….: 97667
FCC ID ..... :	**2AAA6-S130**	
Applicant's name ..... :	**SENWA MEXICO,S.A.DE C.V**	
Address.....:	Av. Javier Barros Sierra 540,Torre I, Piso 5; COL. LOMAS DE SANTA FE DELEGACION ALVARO OBREGON C.P. 01210 MEXICO,DISTRITO FEDERAL	
Manufacturer.....:	Senwa Mobile HK ltd	
Address.....:	Room 910, International Trade Centre 11-19 ShaTsui Road, Tsuen Wan, NT, HK	
Test item description ..... :	**Mobile Phone**	
Trade Mark .....:	SENWA	
Model/Type reference.....:	S130	
Listed Model(s) .....:	-	
Standard ..... :	**FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093** **ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999** **IEEE 1528: 2013**	
Date of receipt of test sample……..:	Oct. 17, 2016	
Date of testing……:	Nov 12, 2016 - Nov. 14, 2016	
Date of issue……...:	Nov. 15, 2016	
Result..... ……...:	**PASS**	

Compiled by (position+printed name+signature)..:	File administrators:Candy Liu	Candy Liu
Supervised by (position+printed name+signature)..:	Test Engineer: Siyuan Rao	Siyuan Rao
Approved by (position+printed name+signature)..:	Manager: Hans Hu	Hans Hu

Testing Laboratory Name ..... :	**Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd**
Address.....:	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Contents

1 . Test Standards and Report version

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528™-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Nov.15, 2016	Original

2. Summary

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	SENWA MEXICO,S.A.DE C.V
Address:	Av. Javier Barros Sierra 540,Torre I, Piso 5; COL. LOMAS DE SANTA FE DELEGACION ALVARO OBREGON C.P. 01210MEXICO,DISTRITO FEDERAL
Manufacturer:	Senwa Mobile HK ltd
Address:	Room 910, International Trade Centre 11-19 Sha Tsui Road, Tsuen Wan, NT, HK

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT	Mobile Phone
Trade Mark:	SENWA
Model No.:	S130
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	DC 3.7V From internal battery
Device Category:	Portable
Product stage:	Production unit
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population / Uncontrolled
IMEI :	359432070000429
Hardware version:	F61_MB_V1.0_20160422
Software version:	SENWA_S130_Ver1.0
Maximum SAR Value	
Separation Distance:	Body: 0mm
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Body: **0.85 W/Kg**
GSM	
Support Network:	GSM, GPRS
Support Band:	GSM850, DCS1900
Modulation:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK
Transmit Frequency:	GSM850: 824.20MHz-848.80MHz PCS1900: 1850.20MHz-1909.80MHz
Receive Frequency:	GSM850: 869.20MHz-893.80MHz PCS1900: 1930.20MHz-1989.80MHz
GPRS Class:	12
EGPRS Class:	-
Antenna type:	Intergal Antenna
WCDMA	
Operation Band:	FDD Band II and FDD Band V
Power Class:	Power Class 3
Modilation Type:	QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/HSUPA/HSDPA
WCDMA Release Version:	Release 7
HSDPA Release Version:	Category 14
HSUPA Release Version:	Category 6
Antenna type:	Intergal Antenna

WIFI	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20)
Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK) 802.11g/n(H20): OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)
Operation frequency:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel number:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 11
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT2.1+EDR compatibility
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	Integral Antenna
Remark: *The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power*	

3. Test Environment

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory:Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.
Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China
Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225
Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories
(identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Labo ratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01
Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for tec hnical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional progra m requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until December 31, 2016.

FCC-Registration No.: 317478
Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully descri bed in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FC C is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A&5377B
The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Dec. 31, 2013, valid time is until Dec. 31, 2016.
Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B on Dec.03, 2014, valid time is until Dec.03, 2017.

ACA
Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Aust ralian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2016/07/26	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2016/09/02	1
System Validation Dipole 835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2014/07/24	3
System Validation Dipole D1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2015/12/12	3
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2015/09/01	3
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2016/10/25	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2016/10/25	1
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441621	2016/10/25	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2016/10/24	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2016/10/22	1
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	258525	2016/10/22	1
Power Divider	ARRA	A3200-2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50783	Note	
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 3	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	Note	
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4M2	0328798	Note	

Note:

1. *The Probe,Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.*

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞
2	Axial isotropy	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	B	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
9	Response time	B	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
11	RF ambient	B	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
14	Max.SAR evalation	B	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
Test Sample Related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	∞
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
17	Drift of output power	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
Phantom and Set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$		/	/	/	/	9.79%	9.67%	∞
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		R	K=2	/	/	19.57%	19.34%	∞

System Check Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞
2	Axial isotropy	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	B	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
9	Response time	B	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
11	RF ambient	B	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
14	Max.SAR evalation	B	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
System validation source-dipole										
15	Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	A	1.58%	N	1	1	1	1.58%	1.58%	∞
16	Dipole axis to liquid distance	A	1.35%	N	1	1	1	1.35%	1.35%	∞
17	Input power and SAR drift	B	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
Phantom and Set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$		/	/	/	/	8.80%	8.79%	∞
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		R	K=2	/	/	17.59%	17.58%	∞

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

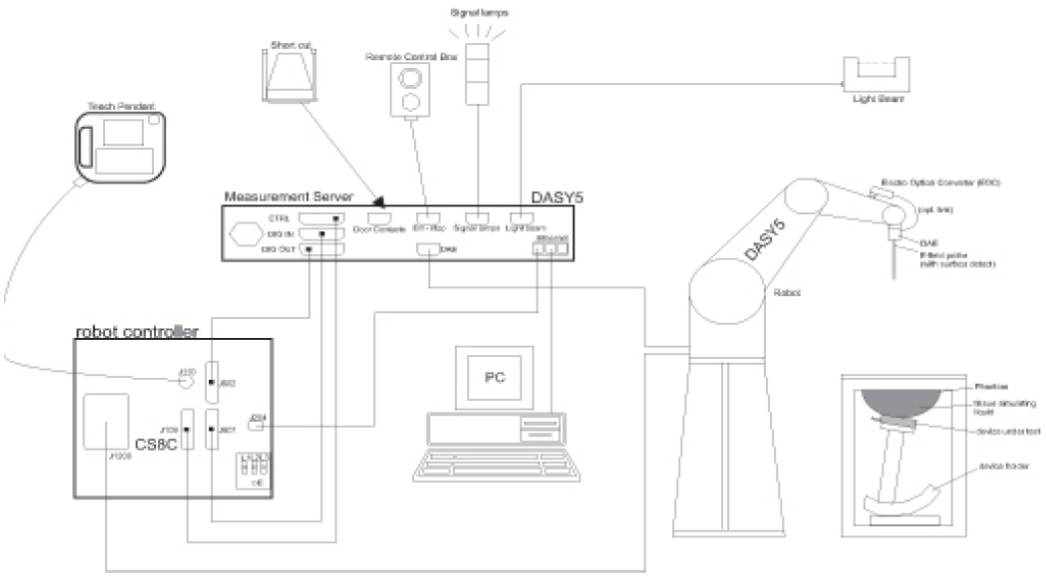
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

- **Probe Specification**

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

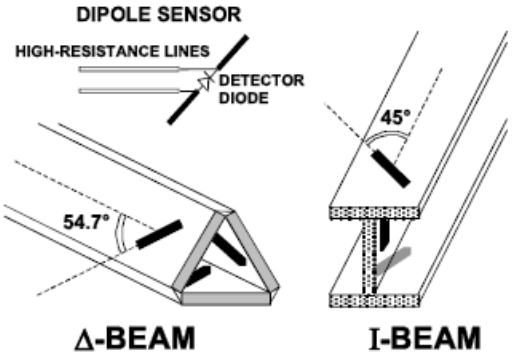
CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

- **Isotropic E-Field Probe**

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).
System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)

Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan
Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x5 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection
The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses.The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard’s method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard’s method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x5 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x5 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathbf{E}-\text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\mathbf{H}-\text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z), [mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f: carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

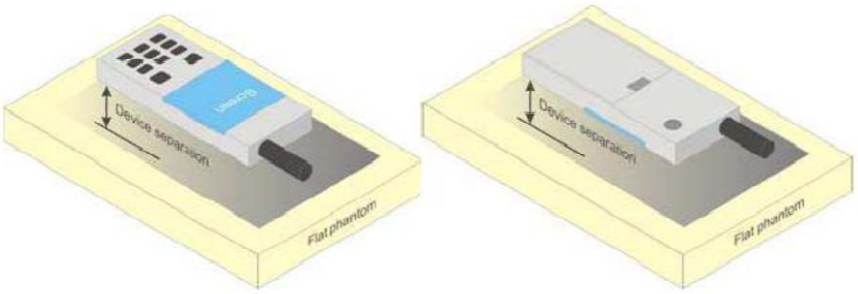
SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot: total field strength in V/m
σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

8.1. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.
Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance **≤ 5 mm** to support compliance



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

9. System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.9	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40
2450	55	0	0	0	0	45	1.8	39.2
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800.1900.2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms				
Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	εr	σ(s/m)
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95

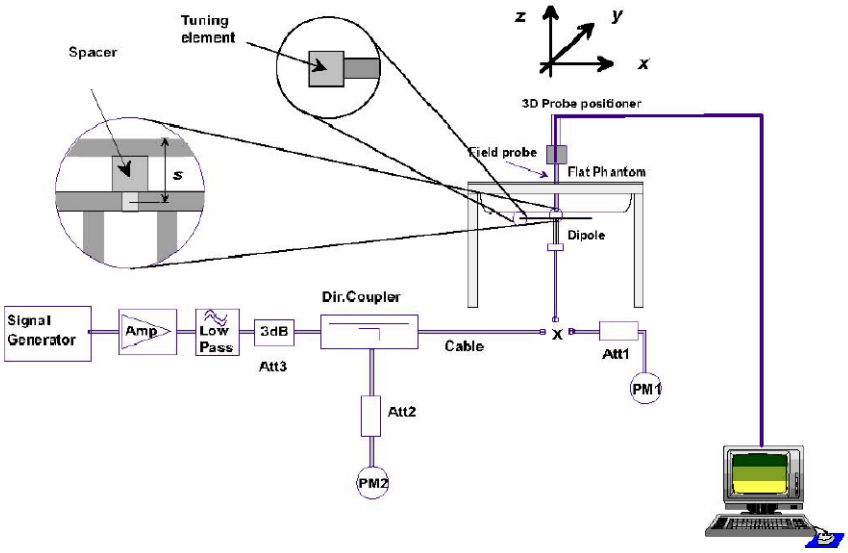
Check Result:

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid				
Frequency (MHz)	Description	DielectricParameters		Temp
		εr	σ(s/m)	℃
835	Recommended result ±5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	/
	Measurement value 2016-11-12	55.15	0.96	21
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2016-11-13	53.12	1.52	21
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	/
	Measurement value 2016-11-14	52.55	1.94	21

9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency.The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).
System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

Photo of Dipole Setup

Check Result:

Body				
Frequency (MHz)	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Temp
		1g	10g	℃
835	Recommended result ±5% window	2.47 2.35 - 2.59	1.64 1.55 - 1.71	/
	Measurement value 2016-11-12	2.52	1.65	21
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	9.98 9.48 – 10.48	5.26 5.00 – 5.52	/
	Measurement value 2016-11-13	10.2	5.33	21
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	13.1 11.79 -14.41	6.11 5.50 -6.72	/
	Measurement value 2016-11-14	13.2	6.13	21

Note:

1. *the graph results see follow.*
2. *Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used asfeeding power to the calibrated dipole.*

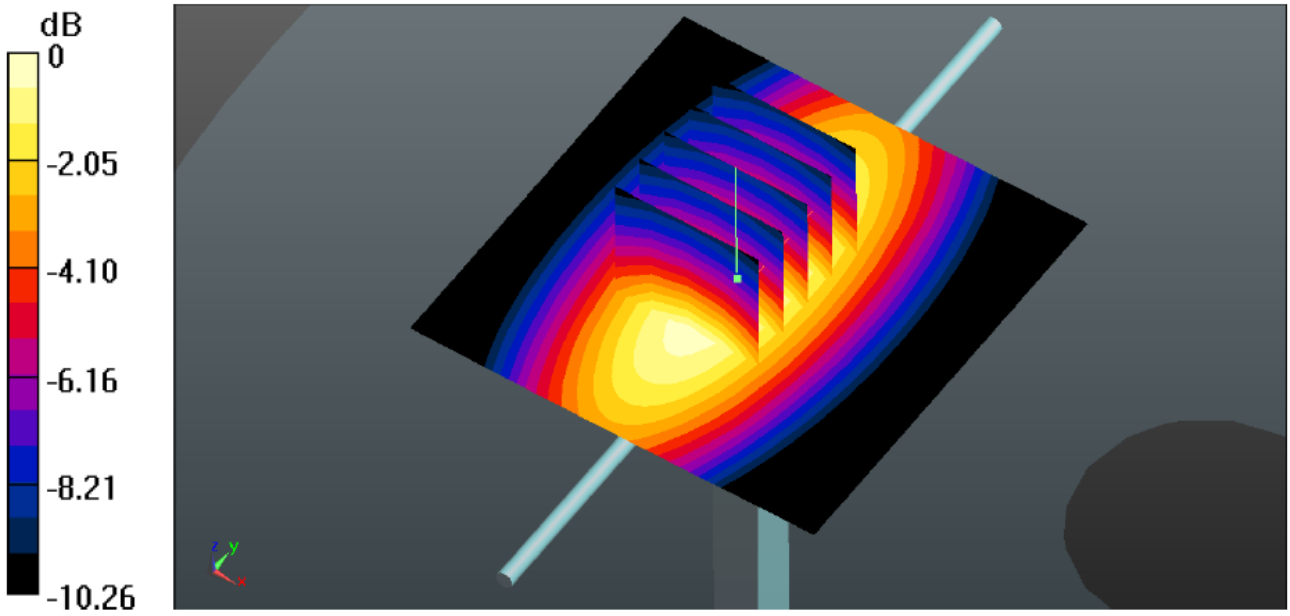
System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134
Date:2016-11-12
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 55.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.45 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 51.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW

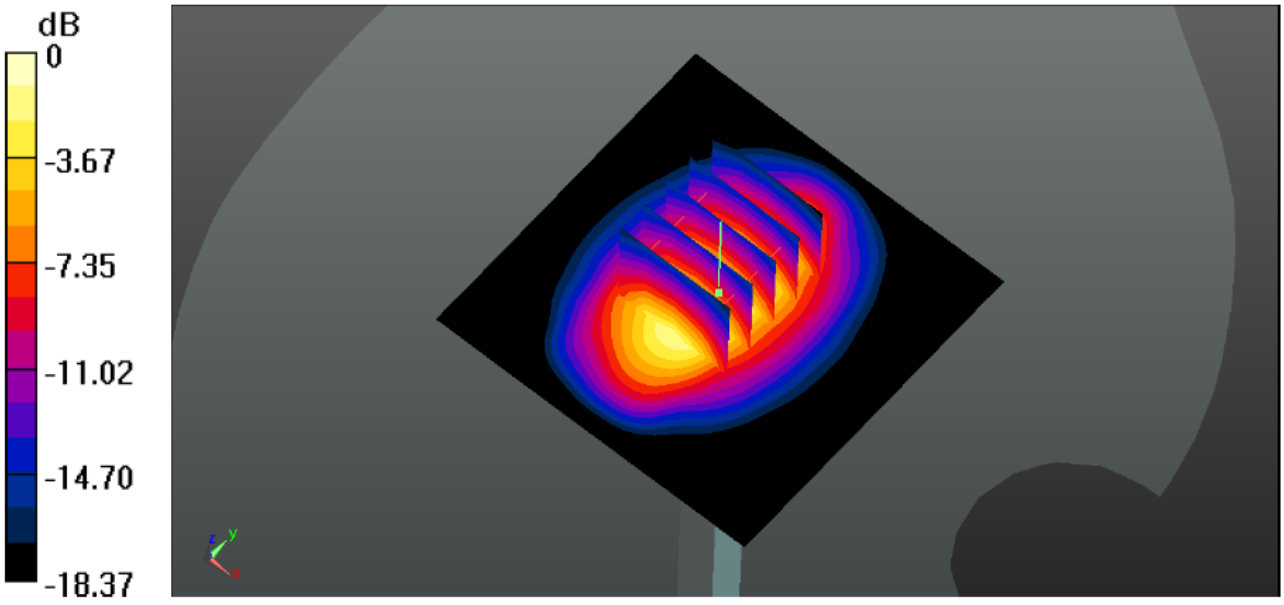
System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150
Date:2016-11-13
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.52S/m; εr = 53.12; ρ = 1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.46 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 70.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.2mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 mW/g



System Performance Check 1900MHz Body250mW

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884
Date:2016-11-14
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.94S/m; εr = 52.55; ρ = 1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Flat Section

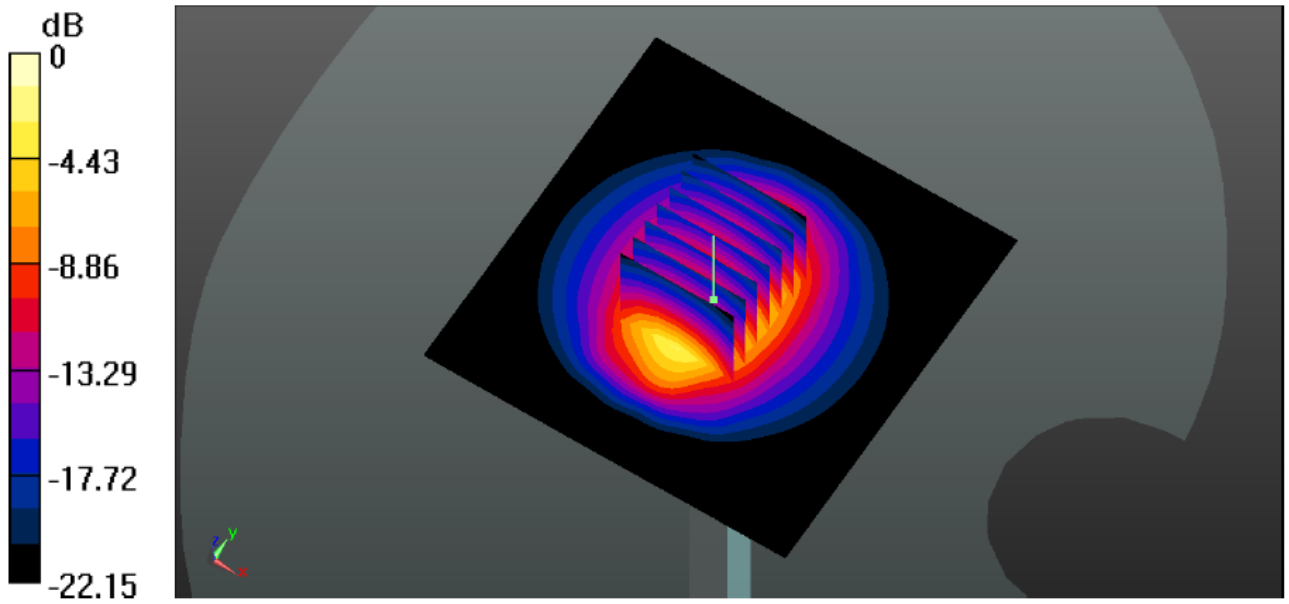
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.4 mW/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 83.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 mW/g



System Performance Check 2450MHz Body250mW

10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Type Exposure	Limit (mW/g)	
	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM Conducted Power

1. *Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction*
2. *Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.*
3. *Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.*

Mode: GSM850		Conducted Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Averager Power (dBm)		
		CH128	CH190	CH251		CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
GSM		33.21	32.80	32.22	-9.03	24.18	23.77	23.19
GPRS (GMSK)	1TXslot	33.18	32.77	32.20	-9.03	24.15	23.74	23.17
	2TXslots	30.58	30.28	29.74	-6.02	24.56	24.26	23.72
	3TXslots	28.85	28.53	28.00	-4.26	24.59	24.27	23.74
	4TXslots	27.60	27.27	26.77	-3.01	24.59	24.26	23.76
Mode: PCS1900		**Conducted Power (dBm)**			Division Factors	**Averager Power (dBm)**		
		CH512	CH661	CH810		CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
GSM		29.86	30.08	30.09	-9.03	20.83	21.05	21.06
GPRS (GMSK)	1TXslot	29.83	30.05	30.08	-9.03	20.80	21.02	21.05
	2TXslots	27.50	27.77	27.78	-6.02	21.48	21.75	21.76
	3TXslots	25.94	26.16	26.15	-4.26	21.68	21.90	21.89
	4TXslots	24.81	25.01	25.00	-3.01	21.80	22.00	21.99

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

WCDMA Conducted Power

1. *The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.*
2. *The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion*

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

HSDPA Setup Configureation:

a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
   ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
   iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
   iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
   vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
   vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
   viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
   ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
   x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1, Note 2)*	CM (dB) *(Note 3)*	MPR (dB) *(Note 3)*
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 *(Note 4)*	15/15 *(Note 4)*	64	12/15 *(Note 4)*	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configureation:

a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
   i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
   iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
   v. Set UE Target power
   vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 47/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
2. Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≦1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≦1.2 mW/g, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Mode		WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
		Conducted Power (dBm)			Conducted Power (dBm)		
		CH4132	CH4183	CH4233	CH9262	CH9400	CH9538
		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2K		21.49	20.22	21.14	22.44	22.11	21.60
RMC 12.2K		21.51	20.26	21.15	22.46	22.14	21.61
HSDPA	Subtest-1	19.76	18.59	19.44	20.63	20.33	19.86
	Subtest-2	19.60	18.44	19.28	20.46	20.16	19.70
	Subtest-3	19.60	18.46	19.27	20.47	20.17	19.69
	Subtest-4	19.34	18.20	19.03	20.20	19.90	19.44
HSUPA	Subtest-1	19.23	18.10	18.92	20.08	19.79	19.33
	Subtest-2	19.08	17.96	18.77	19.93	19.63	19.18
	Subtest-3	19.00	17.87	18.69	19.84	19.55	19.09
	Subtest-4	18.94	17.82	18.63	19.78	19.49	19.04
	Subtest-5	18.89	17.78	18.58	19.73	19.44	18.99

WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

WIFI					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Data rate
802.11b	01	2412	14.51	12.38	1 Mbps
	06	2437	13.8	11.78	1 Mbps
	11	2462	13.89	11.84	1 Mbps
802.11g	01	2412	12.94	10.14	6 Mbps
	06	2437	12.45	9.73	6 Mbps
	11	2462	12.26	9.59	6 Mbps
802.11n(H20)	01	2412	12.31	9.39	6.5 Mbps
	06	2437	12.63	9.61	6.5 Mbps
	11	2462	12.56	9.56	6.5 Mbps

Bluetooth Conducted Power

Bluetooth			
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)
GFSK	00	2402	-9.93
	39	2441	-11.44
	78	2480	-11.46
π/4QPSK	00	2402	-10.44
	39	2441	-11.72
	78	2480	-11.70
8DPSK	00	2402	-10.55
	39	2441	-11.93
	78	2480	-12.02

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≦50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [√f(GHz)] ≦3.0 for 1-g SAR

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion threshold (mW)	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
				dBm	mW	
Bluetooth	2.45	Body	9.6	-9.50	0.112	Yes
WiFi	2.45	Body	9.6	13.00	19.95	No

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is ≦3, SAR testing is not required.

12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

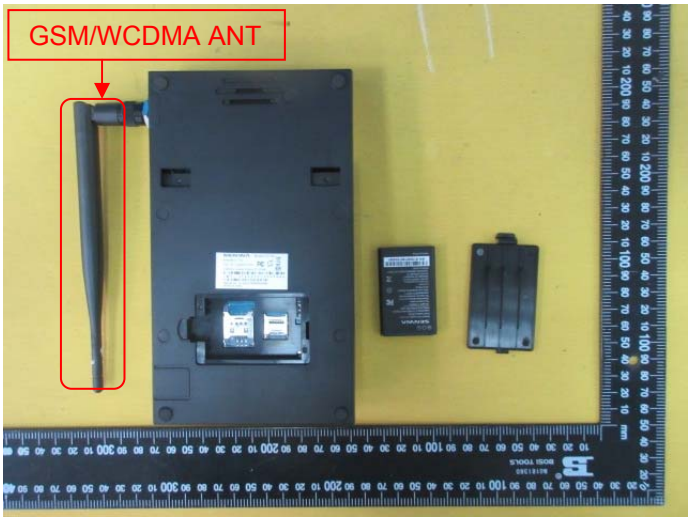
Mode	Burst Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM850	PCS1900
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	34.00	31.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	34.00	31.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	31.00	28.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.00	27.00
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	28.00	26.00

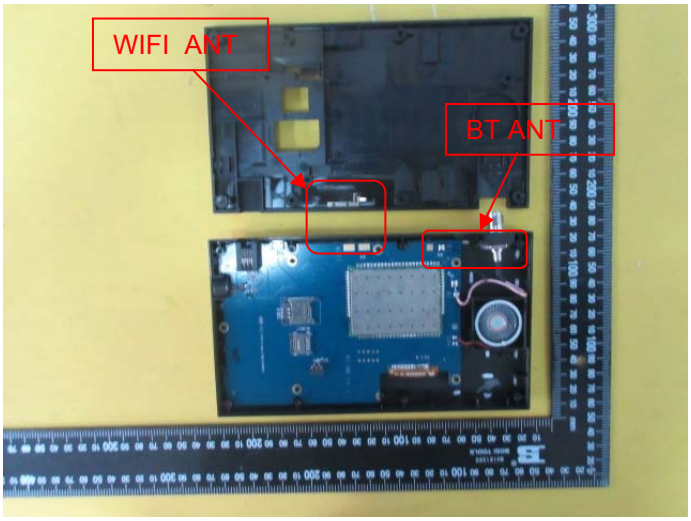
Mode	Burst Average Power (dBm)	
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.00	23.00
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.00	21.00
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.00	21.00
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.00	21.00
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.00	21.00
HSUPA Subtest-1	19.50	20.50
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.50	20.50
HSUPA Subtest-3	19.50	20.50
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.50	20.50
HSUPA Subtest-5	19.50	20.50

WLAN		
Mode	Peak Power (dBm)	Burst Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	15.00	13.00
802.11g	13.00	11.00
802.11n(HT20)	13.00	10.00

BT	
Mode	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)
GFSK	-9.50
π/4QPSK	-10.00
8DPSK	-10.50

13. Antenna Location





14. SAR Measurement Results

Body SAR

GSM850										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Report SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		CH	MHz							
GPRS (4Tx slot)	Rear Ant V	128	824.2	27.60	28.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
		190	836.6	27.27	28.00	1.18	0.04	0.338	0.40	-
		251	848.8	26.77	28.00	1.33	-	-	-	-
	Rear Ant H	128	824.2	27.60	28.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
		190	836.6	27.27	28.00	1.18	-0.09	0.512	0.61	B1
		251	848.8	26.77	28.00	1.33	-	-	-	-

PCS1900										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Report SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		CH	MHz							
GPRS (4Tx slot)	Rear Ant V	512	1850.2	24.81	26.00	1.31	-	-	-	-
		661	1880.0	25.01	26.00	1.26	-0.06	0.410	0.52	-
		810	1909.8	25.00	26.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Rear Ant H	512	1850.2	24.81	26.00	1.31	-	-	-	-
		661	1880.0	25.01	26.00	1.26	0.08	0.629	0.79	B2
		810	1909.8	25.00	26.00	1.26	-	-	-	-

WCDMA Band V										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Report SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Ant V	4132	826.4	21.51	22.00	1.12	-	-	-	-
		4183	836.6	20.26	22.00	1.49	0.05	0.328	0.49	-
		4233	846.6	21.15	22.00	1.22	-	-	-	-
	Rear Ant H	4132	826.4	21.51	22.00	1.12	-	-	-	-
		4183	836.6	20.26	22.00	1.49	-0.12	0.461	0.69	B3
		4233	846.6	21.15	22.00	1.22	-	-	-	-

WCDMA Band II										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Report SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Ant V	9262	1852.4	22.46	23.00	1.13	-	-	-	-
		9400	1880.0	22.14	23.00	1.22	-0.02	0.477	0.58	-
		9538	1907.6	21.61	23.00	1.38	-	-	-	-
	Rear Ant H	9262	1852.4	22.46	23.00	1.13	0.06	0.646	0.72	-
		9400	1880.0	22.14	23.00	1.22	-0.05	0.695	0.85	B4
		9538	1907.6	21.61	23.00	1.38	0.12	0.617	0.84	-

Note:
1. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 mW/g

WLAN										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Report SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		CH	MHz							
802.11b 1Mbps	Rear	1	2412	12.38	13.00	1.15	-0.07	0.247	0.29	B5
		6	2437	11.78	13.00	1.33	-	-	-	-
		11	2462	11.84	13.00	1.31	-	-	-	-

Note:
1. According to the above table, the initial test position for body is “Rear”, and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR							
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
		CH	MHz				
802.11b 1Mbps	Rear	11	2462	97.83%	100%	0.29	0.30

Note:
1. According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 97.83% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

SAR Test Data Plots

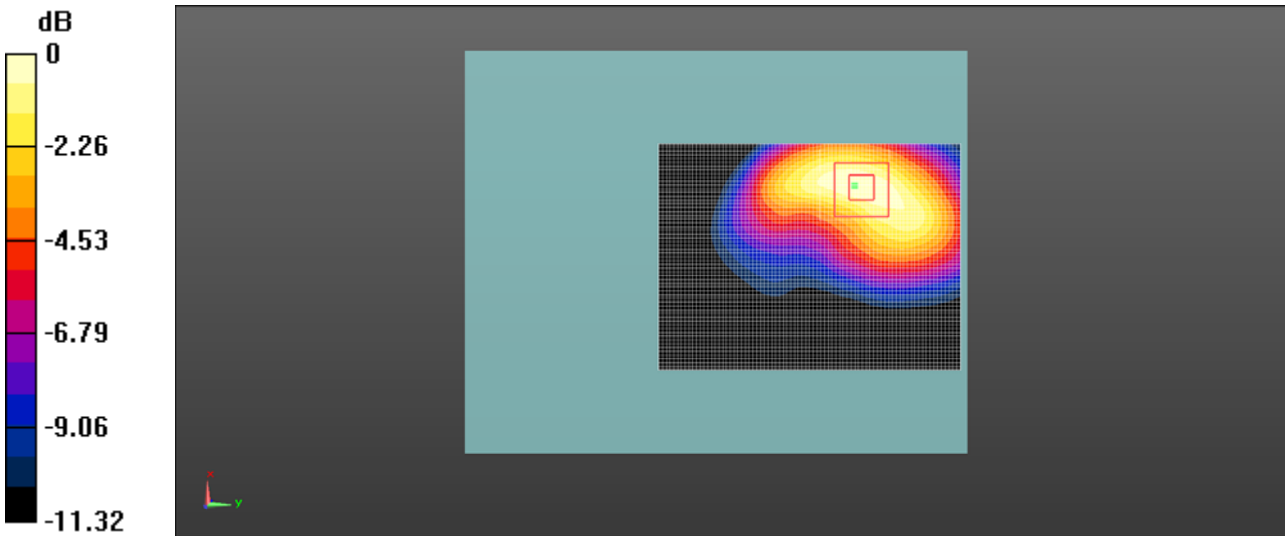
Test mode:	GSM850 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B1

Date:2016-11-12
Communication System: Customer System; Frequency:836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz; σ=0.97S/m; εr=55.10; ρ=1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Flat Section:

DASY 5 Configuration:
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.684 W/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 17.444 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.726 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 W/kg



Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

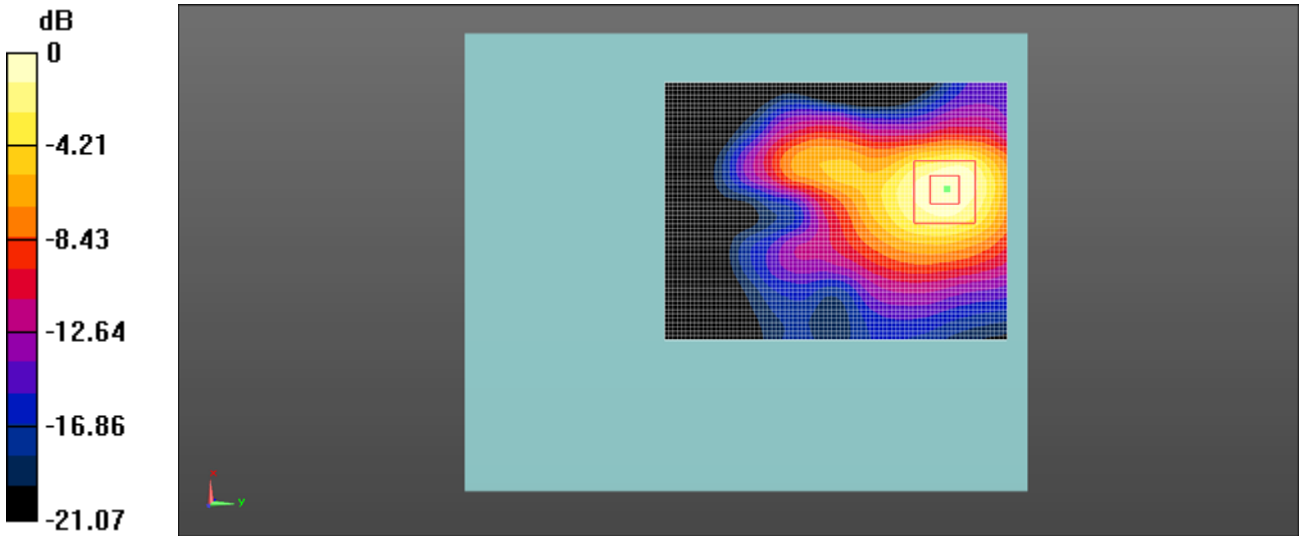
Test mode:	PCS1900 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B2

Date:2016-11-13
Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ε = 53.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m 3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.738 W/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.653 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.879 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.629 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 W/kg



Rear Side (PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

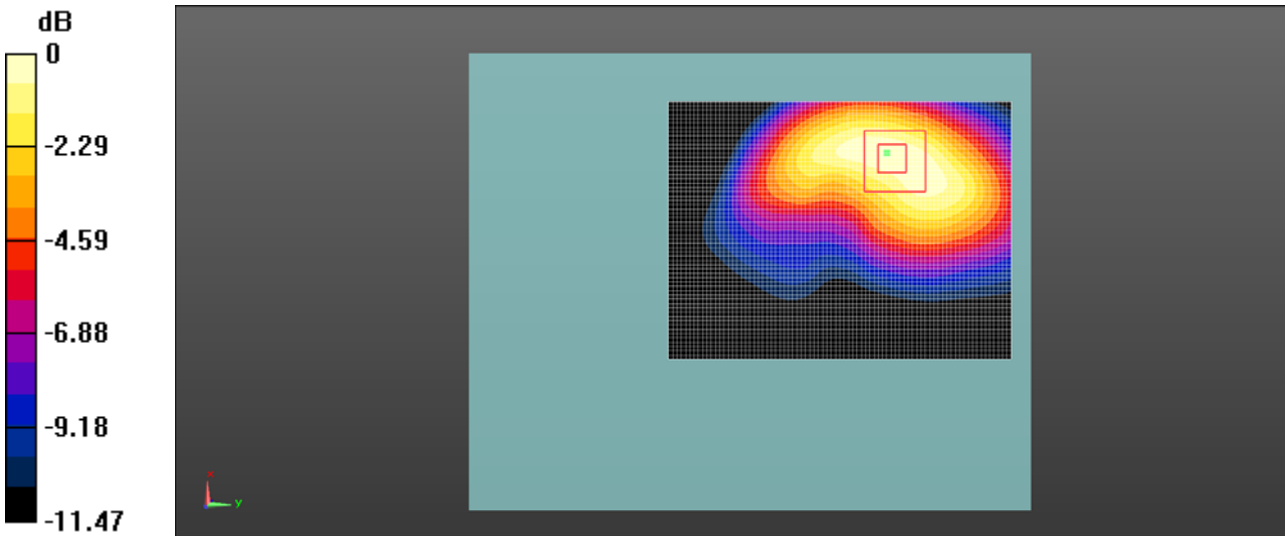
Test mode:	WCDMA Band V	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B3

Date:2016-11-12
Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz; σ=0.97S/m; εr=55.10; ρ=1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 W/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.786 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.697 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.461 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 W/kg



Rear Side (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

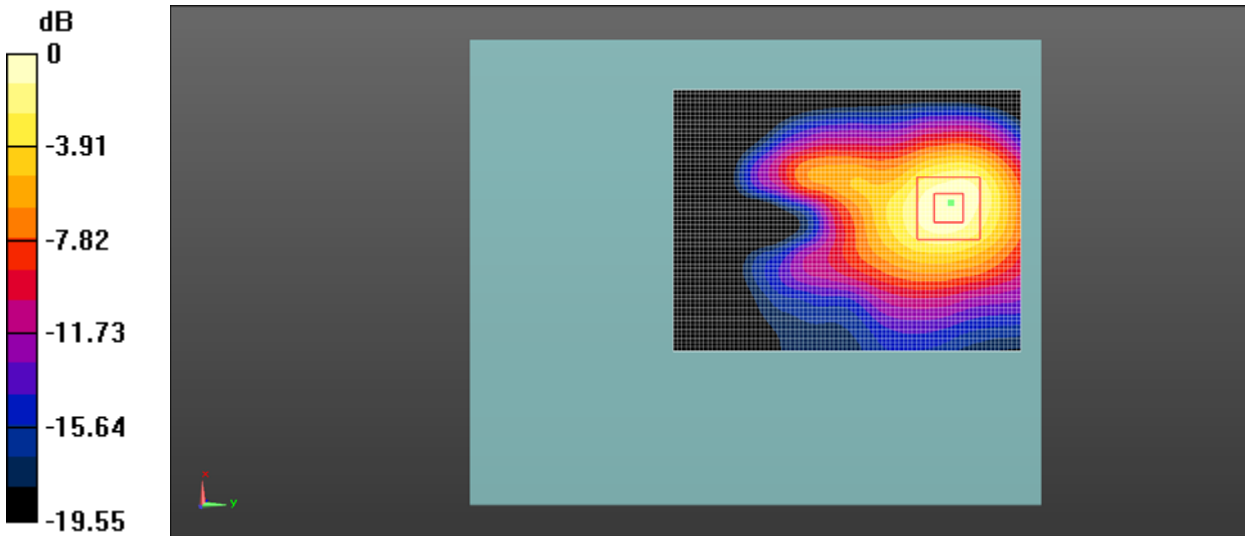
Test mode:	WCDMA Band II	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B4

Date:2016-11-13
Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=1880.0 MHz; σ=1.51S/m; εr=53.21; ρ=1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.872 W/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.126 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.997 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.695 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.871 W/kg



Rear Side (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

Test mode:	WLAN 802.11b	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B5

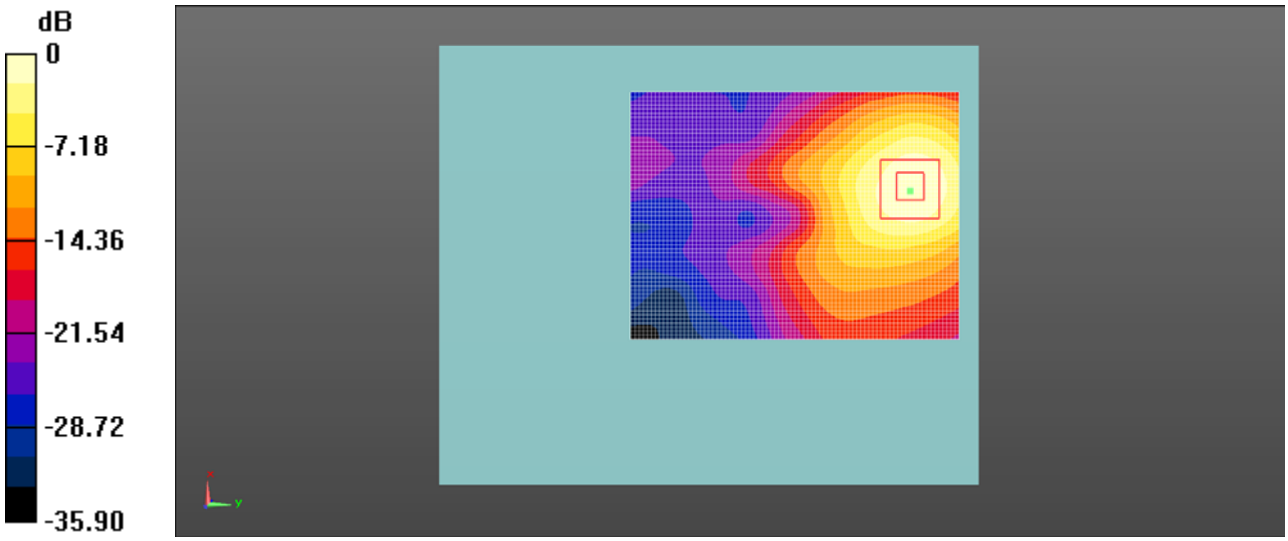
Date:2016-11-14
Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2412.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f= 2412.0 MHz; σ=1.94S/m; εr=52.53; ρ=1000 kg/m3
Phantom section : Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;
•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)
Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.323 W/g

Zoom Scan (6x6x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.276 V/m; Power Drift =-0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.247 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 W/kg



Rear side (WLAN 802.11b)

15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body-worn	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	
3	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	
4	WCDMA(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	
5	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	
6	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	
7	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	
8	WCDMA (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	

General note:

1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
   a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [√f(GHz)/x]mW/g for test separation distances ≦50mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
   c) 0.4 mW/g for 1-g SAR and 1.0mW/g for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

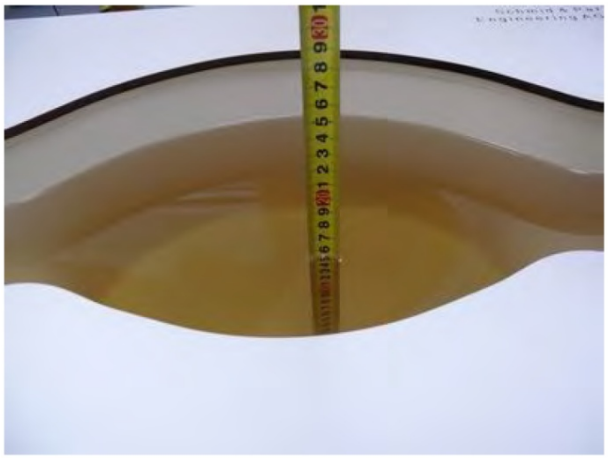
Bluetooth Max power	Exposure position	Body worn
	Test separation	10mm
-0.95dBm	Estimated SAR (mW/g)	0.01mW/g

Maximum reported SAR value for Body

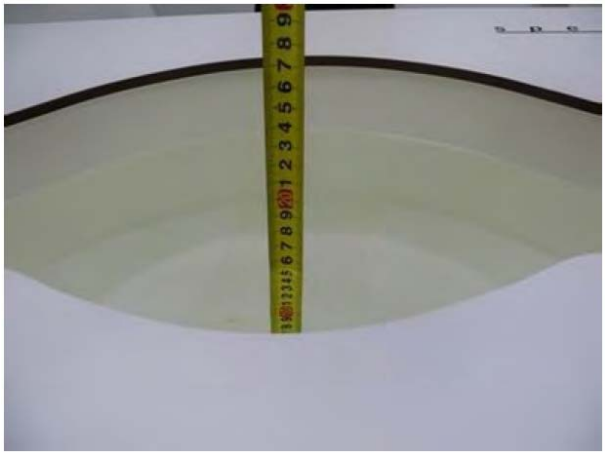
WWAN PCE + WIFI DTS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (mW/g)		Summed SAR (mW/g)
			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	
GSM	GSM850	Rear Ant V	0.40	0.30	0.70
		Rear Ant H	0.61	0.30	0.91
	PCS1900	Rear Ant V	0.52	0.30	0.82
		Rear Ant H	0.79	0.30	1.09
WCDMA	Band V	Rear Ant V	0.49	0.30	0.79
		Rear Ant H	0.69	0.30	0.99
	Band II	Rear Ant V	0.58	0.30	0.88
		Rear Ant H	**0.85**	0.30	**1.15**

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (mW/g)		Summed SAR (mW/g)
			WWAN PCS	Bleutooth DTS	
GSM	GSM850	Rear Ant V	0.40	0.01	0.41
		Rear Ant H	0.61	0.01	0.62
	PCS1900	Rear Ant V	0.52	0.01	0.53
		Rear Ant H	0.79	0.01	0.80
WCDMA	Band V	Rear Ant V	0.49	0.01	0.50
		Rear Ant H	0.69	0.01	0.70
	Band II	Rear Ant V	0.58	0.01	0.59
		Rear Ant H	0.85	0.01	0.86

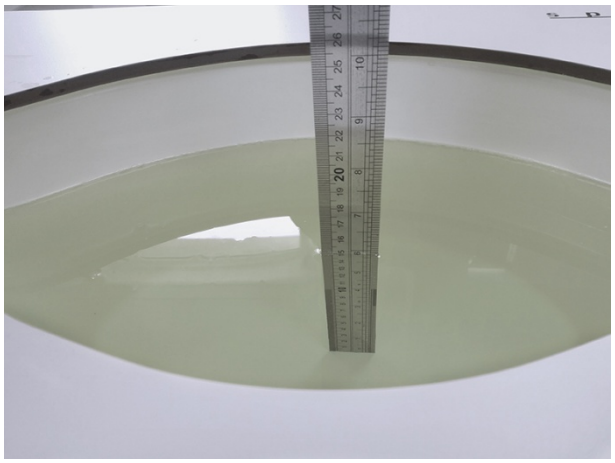
16. TestSetup Photos



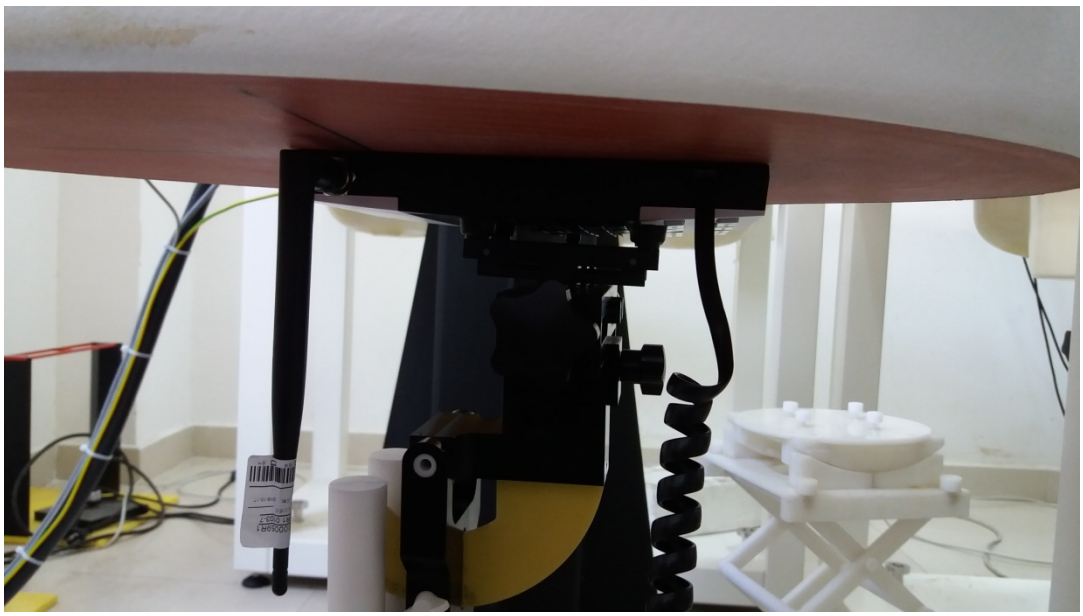
Liquid depth in the body phantom (835MHz)



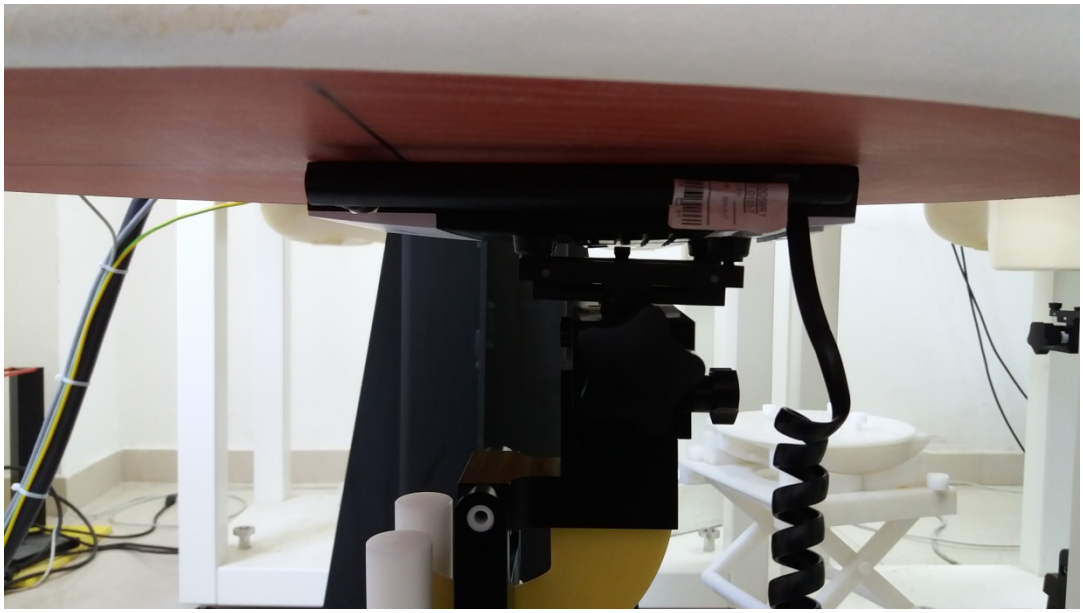
Liquid depth in the body phantom (1900MHz)



Liquid depth in the body phantom (2450MHz)



Body Rear Side Ant V (0mm)



Body Rear Side Ant H(0mm)

17. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1610003901

---------End of Report----------