

4.3. Out of band emission at antenna terminals

<u>LIMIT</u>

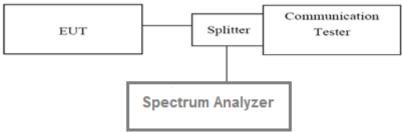
Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 and Part 27.53 h(1) specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

LTE Band 7

Part 27.53 m(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log (P) dB$ on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$ on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. Limit <-25 dBm

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The RF output of the transceiver was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 1MHz, sufficientscans were taken to show the out of band Emissions if any up to 10th harmonic.
- 3. For the out of band: Set the RBW= 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Start=30MHz, Stop= 10th harmonic.

TEST RESULTS

