

FCC / IC

SAR

TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY  
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR  
**Baby monitor**

ISSUED TO  
Staring Caring Limited

Unit 1015,10/F, Technology Park,18 On Lai Street, Shatin, HK



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Date Jan. 9, 2015

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(Chief Engineer)

Date Jan. 9, 2015

Report No: BL-SZ14B0092-701

EUT Type: Baby monitor

Model Name: 1150

Brand Name: Starian

FCC ID: 2AA9G-1150P

IC Number: 11705A-1150P

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

IC RSS-102: 2012

IEEE 1528-2013, ANSI C95.1-1992

Maximum SAR: Head: 0.038 W/kg (50% Duty cycle)

Body: 0.147 W/kg (50% Duty cycle)

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Jan. 8, 2015

Date of Issue: Jan. 9, 2015

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**Revision History**

| <u>Version</u> | <u>Issue Date</u>   | <u>Revisions</u>     |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Rev. 01</u> | <u>Jan. 9, 2015</u> | <u>Initial Issue</u> |

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## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

|              |                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Company Name | Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.                                                                                             |
| Address      | Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China |
| Phone Number | +86 755 6683 3402                                                                                                               |
| Fax Number   | +86 755 6182 4271                                                                                                               |

### 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Test Location             | Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Address                   | Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Accreditation Certificate | <p>The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1.</p> <p>The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625.</p> <p>The laboratory has met the requirements of the IAS Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories (AC89), has demonstrated compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2005. The accreditation certificate number is TL-588.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.</p> |
| Description               | All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### 1.3 Test Environment Condition

|                           |                |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Ambient Temperature       | 20 to 22 °C    |
| Ambient Relative Humidity | 42 to 47 %     |
| Ambient Pressure          | 100 to 102 kPa |

### 1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (2) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.

- (3) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

## 2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

### 2.1 Applicant

|           |                                                              |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Applicant | Staring Caring Limited                                       |
| Address   | Unit 1015,10/F, Technology Park,18 On Lai Street, Shatin, HK |

### 2.2 Manufacturer

|              |                                                              |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Manufacturer | Staring Caring Limited                                       |
| Address      | Unit 1015,10/F, Technology Park,18 On Lai Street, Shatin, HK |

### 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EUT Type                          | Baby monitor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Model Under the test              | 1150                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Hardware Version                  | N/A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Software Version                  | N/A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Network and Wireless connectivity | Zigbee                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| About the Product                 | <p>The equipment is Baby monitor, operating at 2.4GHz ISM band, the equipment includes Baby part and Parent part, Only the Parent part was tested in this report.</p>  |

### 2.4 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

|                 |                                                                                                  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Operating Mode  | DSSS(IEEE 802.15.4)                                                                              |
| Modulation Type | O-QPSK                                                                                           |
| Frequency Range | The frequency range used is 2413 MHz – 2468 MHz;<br>The frequency block is 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz |
| Tested Channel  | 1(2413 MHz), 6(2438 MHz), 12(2468MHz)                                                            |
| Antenna Type    | Dipole Antenna                                                                                   |
| DTM             | Not Support                                                                                      |

|                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Hotspot Function | Not Support     |
| Environment      | Uncontrolled    |
| EUT Stage        | Portable Device |

Note: During SAR test, the EUT was transmitting at Maximum transmitting mode.

## 2.5 Ancillary Equipment

|                       |                           |                            |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ancillary Equipment 1 | Charger                   |                            |
|                       | Brand Name                | N/A                        |
|                       | Model No                  | TGL050P055                 |
|                       | Serial No                 | N/A                        |
|                       | Rated Input               | ~ 100-240V, 200mA, 50/60Hz |
|                       | Rated Output              | ≡ 5V, 550mA                |
| Ancillary Equipment 2 | Battery (for parent part) |                            |
|                       | Brand Name                | N/A                        |
|                       | Model No                  | Ni-MH AAA850mAh            |
|                       | Serial No                 | N/A                        |
|                       | Capacitance               | 850mAh                     |
|                       | Rated Voltage             | 2.4V                       |

### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

#### 3.1 Test Standards

| No. | Identity                  | Document Title                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | 47 CFR§2.1093             | Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices                                                                                                              |
| 2   | ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz                                                  |
| 3   | RSS 102: 2010             | Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)                                                                             |
| 4   | IEEE Std. 1528-2013       | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| 5   | FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 | Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies                                                                                      |
| 6   | FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 | SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz                                                                                                                                            |
| 7   | FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01 | RF Exposure Reporting                                                                                                                                                       |
| 8   | FCC KDB 643646 D01 v01r01 | SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios", Apr 2011                                                                                                    |

#### 3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table Of Exposure Limits:

|                                                          | SAR Value (W/Kg)                         |                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|                                                          | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | Occupational/Controlled Exposure |
| <b>Whole-Body SAR</b><br>(averaged over the entire body) | 0.08                                     | 0.4                              |

|                                                                                         |      |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|
| <b>partial-body SAR</b><br>(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)                         | 1.60 | 8.0  |
| <b>SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles</b><br>(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue) | 4.0  | 20.0 |

**NOTE:**

**General Population/Uncontrolled:** Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

**Occupational/Controlled:** Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### 3.3 Summary of SAR Value

Highest SAR

| Position           | Mode                   | Meas.<br>SAR 50% duty cycle<br>(W/Kg) | Scaling<br>Factor | Maximum<br>Report SAR<br>(W/kg) | SAR<br>Limit<br>(W/kg) | Verdict |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Body(Held to face) | DSSS(IEEE<br>802.15.4) | 0.036                                 | 1.059             | 0.038                           | 1.6                    | Pass    |
| Body(Body-worn)    | DSSS(IEEE<br>802.15.4) | 0.139                                 | 1.059             | 0.147                           | 1.6                    | Pass    |

### 3.4 SAR Test Uncertainty

For Head:

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

| Uncertainty Component                                                           | Tol<br>(+ - %) | Prob.<br>Dist. | Div.       | Ci<br>(1g) | Ci<br>(10g) | 1g Ui<br>(+-%) | 10g Ui<br>(+-%) | Vi  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-----|
| <b>Measurement System</b>                                                       |                |                |            |            |             |                |                 |     |
| Probe calibration                                                               | 5.8            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 5.80           | 5.80            | ∞   |
| Axial Isotropy                                                                  | 3.5            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7        | 0.7         | 1.41           | 1.41            | ∞   |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                                                          | 5.9            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7        | 0.7         | 2.38           | 2.38            | ∞   |
| Boundary effect                                                                 | 1.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.58           | 0.58            | ∞   |
| Linearity                                                                       | 4.7            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 2.71           | 2.71            | ∞   |
| System detection limits                                                         | 1.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.58           | 0.58            | ∞   |
| Readout Electronics                                                             | 0.5            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 0.50           | 0.50            | ∞   |
| Reponse Time                                                                    | 0.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.00           | 0.00            | ∞   |
| Integration Time                                                                | 1.4            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.81           | 0.81            | ∞   |
| RF ambient Conditions - Noise                                                   | 3.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.73           | 1.73            | ∞   |
| RF ambient Conditions - Reflections                                             | 3.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.73           | 1.73            | ∞   |
| Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance                                           | 1.4            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.81           | 0.81            | ∞   |
| Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell                                 | 1.4            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.81           | 0.81            | ∞   |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | 2.3            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.33           | 1.33            | ∞   |
| <b>Test sample Related</b>                                                      |                |                |            |            |             |                |                 |     |
| Test sample positioning                                                         | 2.6            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 2.60           | 2.60            | N-1 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty                                                       | 1.0            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 1.00           | 1.00            | N-1 |
| Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement                                  | 5.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 2.89           | 2.89            | ∞   |
| SAR scaling                                                                     | 2.00           | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.15           | 1.15            | ∞   |
| <b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>                                            |                |                |            |            |             |                |                 |     |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)                            | 4.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 2.31           | 2.31            | ∞   |
| Liquid conductivity ( deviation from target values)                             | 2.5            | N              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64       | 0.43        | 0.92           | 0.62            | ∞   |
| Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty                                   | 5.0            | N              | 1          | 0.64       | 0.43        | 3.20           | 2.15            | M   |
| Liquid permittivity (deviation from target values)                              | 2.5            | N              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.60       | 0.49        | 0.87           | 0.71            | ∞   |
| Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty                                   | 5.0            | N              | 1          | 0.60       | 0.49        | 3.00           | 2.45            | M   |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>                                            |                | RSS            |            |            |             | 10.14          | 9.67            |     |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty</b><br>(95% Confidence interval)                        |                | k              |            |            |             | 20.29          | 19.35           |     |

For body:

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEC 62209-2: 2010. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ . The system measurement uncertainty frequency range is from 300MHz to 3GHz.

| Uncertainty Component                                                           | Tol<br>(+/- %) | Prob.<br>Dist. | Div.       | Ci<br>(1g) | Ci<br>(10g) | 1g Ui<br>(+/-%) | 10g Ui<br>(+/-%) | Vi       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|
| <b>Measurement System</b>                                                       |                |                |            |            |             |                 |                  |          |
| Probe calibration                                                               | 5.8            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 5.80            | 5.80             | $\infty$ |
| Isotropy                                                                        | 3.5            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7        | 0.7         | 1.43            | 1.43             | $\infty$ |
| Linearity                                                                       | 4.7            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.58            | 0.58             | $\infty$ |
| Probe modulation                                                                | 5.9            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7        | 0.7         | 2.41            | 2.41             | $\infty$ |
| Detection limits                                                                | 1              | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.58            | 0.58             | $\infty$ |
| Boundary effect                                                                 | 1              | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 3.00            | 3.00             | $\infty$ |
| Readout electronics                                                             | 0.5            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 0.50            | 0.50             | $\infty$ |
| Response time                                                                   | 0.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.00            | 0.00             | $\infty$ |
| Integration time                                                                | 1.3            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.81            | 0.81             | $\infty$ |
| RF ambient conditions noise                                                     | 3.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.73            | 1.73             | $\infty$ |
| RF ambient conditions restrictions                                              | 3.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.73            | 1.73             | $\infty$ |
| Probe positioner mech. restrictions                                             | 1.4            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.81            | 0.81             | $\infty$ |
| Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell                                 | 1.4            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 0.81            | 0.81             | $\infty$ |
| Post-processing                                                                 | 2.3            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.33            | 1.33             | $\infty$ |
| <b>Test sample Related</b>                                                      |                |                |            |            |             |                 |                  |          |
| Device Holder Uncertainty                                                       | 2.6            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 2.60            | 2.60             | M-1      |
| Test sample positioning                                                         | 1.0            | N              | 1          | 1          | 1           | 1.00            | 1.00             | M-1      |
| Power scaling                                                                   | 5.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 2.89            | 2.89             | $\infty$ |
| Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement                                  | 2.00           | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 1.15            | 1.15             | $\infty$ |
| <b>Phantom and set-up</b>                                                       |                |                |            |            |             |                 |                  |          |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)                            | 4.0            | R              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1          | 1           | 2.31            | 2.31             | $\infty$ |
| Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity<br>And conductivity | 2              | N              | 1          | 1          | 0.84        | 2.00            | 1.68             | $\infty$ |
| Liquid conductivity ( deviation from target values)                             | 2.5            | N              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64       | 0.43        | 0.92            | 0.62             | $\infty$ |
| Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty                                   | 5.0            | N              | 1          | 0.64       | 0.43        | 3.20            | 2.15             | M-1      |
| Liquid permittivity (deviation from target values)                              | 2.5            | N              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.60       | 0.49        | 0.87            | 0.71             | $\infty$ |
| Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty                                   | 5.0            | N              | 1          | 0.60       | 0.49        | 3.00            | 2.45             | M        |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>                                            |                | RSS            |            |            |             | 9.59            | 9.19             |          |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty</b><br>(95% Confidence interval)                        |                | k              |            |            |             | 19.18           | 18.38            |          |

## 4 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

### 4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population /uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

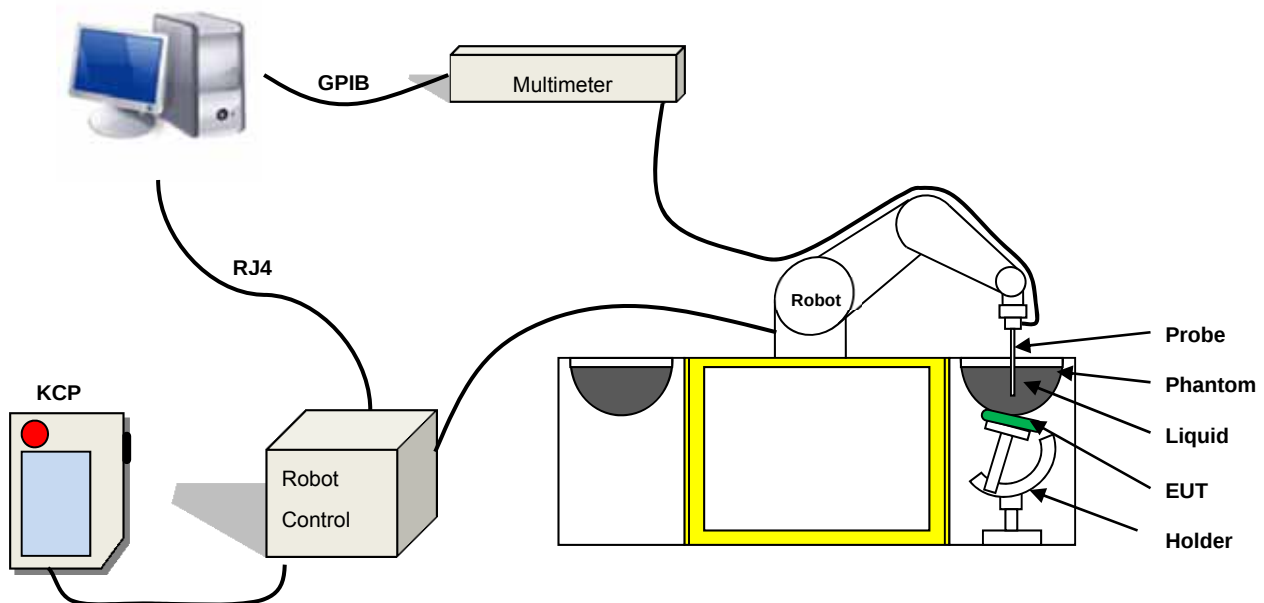
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,

$\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

### 4.2 SATIMO SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.02$  mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25$  dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1/-2.

#### 4.2.1 Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

#### 4.2.2 E-Field Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 27/14 EPG 210 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1.0mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm

(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: +/- 0.06 dB

- Axial Isotropy: < 0.15 dB

- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.15 dB

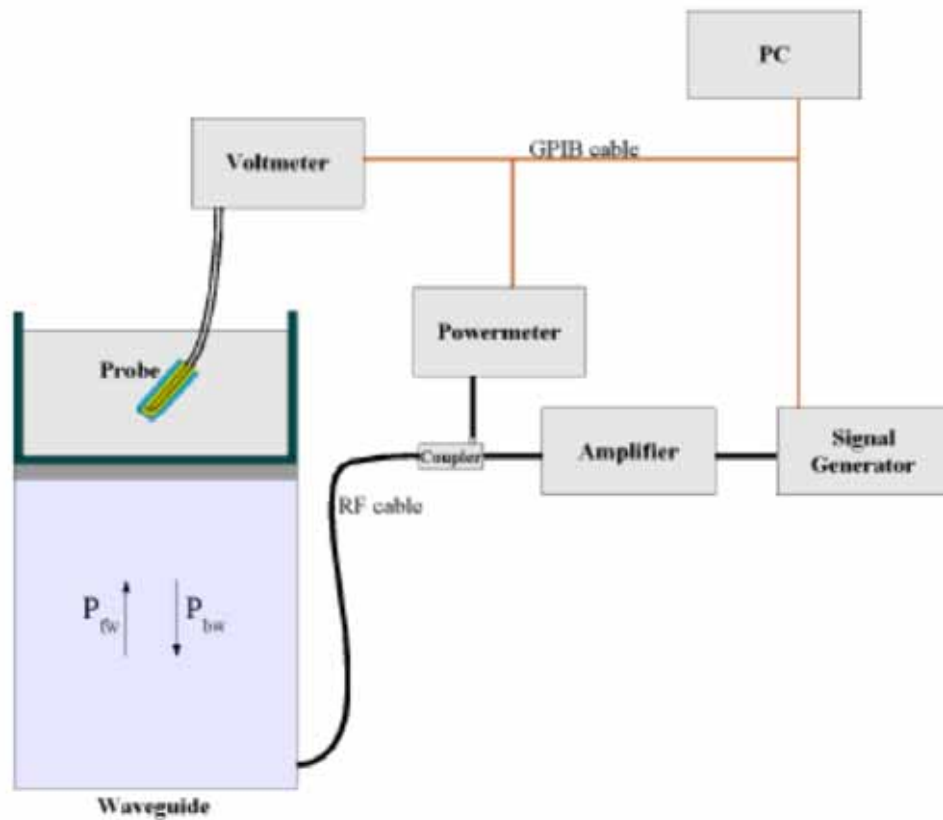
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 5800MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30 °



### E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} \cos^2 \left( \pi \frac{y}{a} \right) c^{(2\pi/\sigma)}$$

Where :

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

l = Skin depth

Keithley configuration

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage  $V_{lin}(N)$  is obtained from the displayed output voltage  $V(N)$  using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

Where the DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

### 4.2.3 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

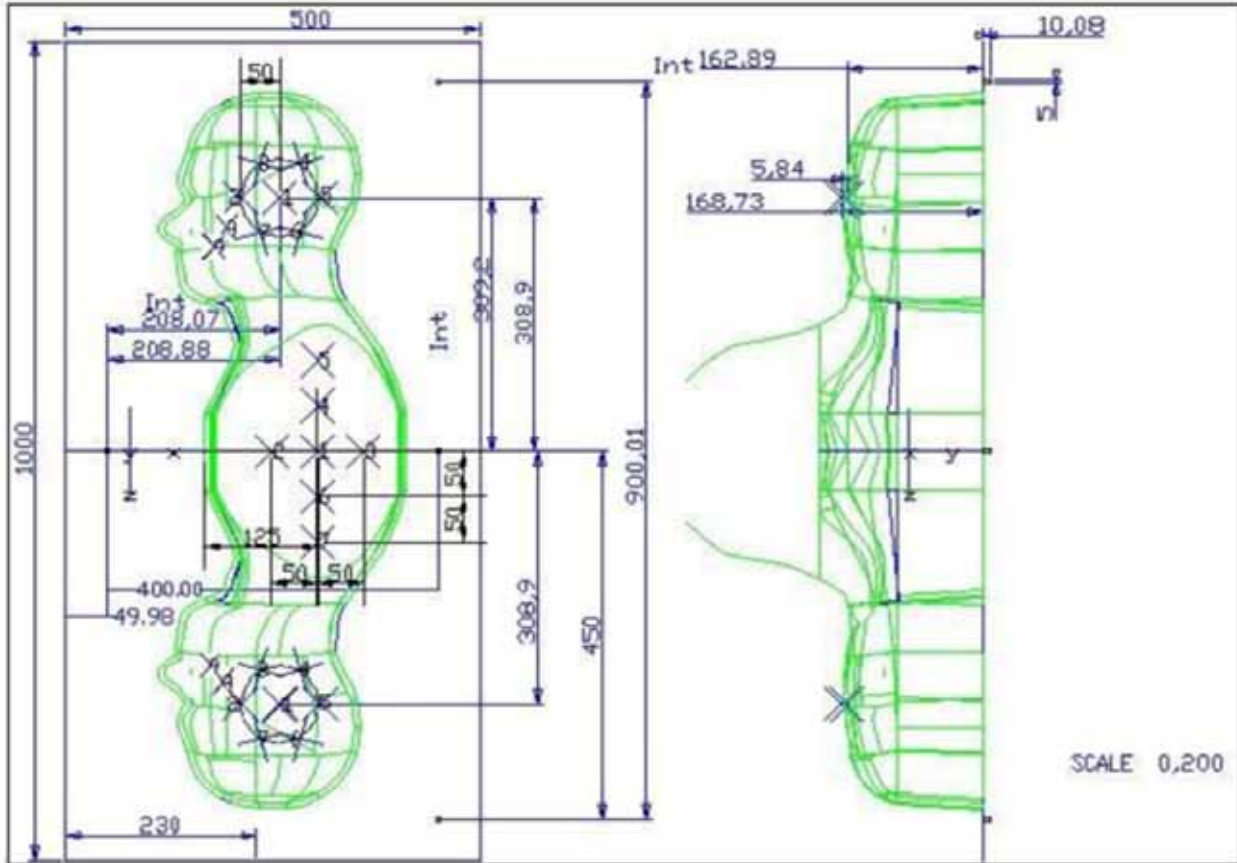
Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM103



Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM104



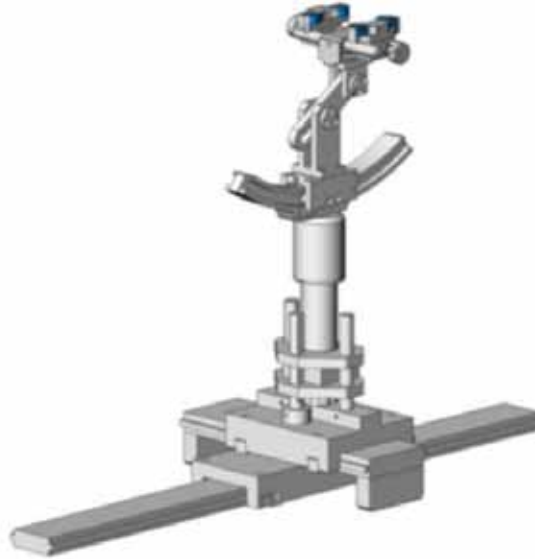
| Serial Number   | Positionner Material    | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SN 30/13 SAM103 | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4          | 0.02         |
| SN 30/13 SAM104 | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4          | 0.02         |



| Serial Number   | Left Head |      | Right Head |      | Flat Part |      |
|-----------------|-----------|------|------------|------|-----------|------|
| SN 30/13 SAM103 | 2         | 2.00 | 2          | 2.03 | 1         | 2.09 |
|                 | 3         | 2.02 | 3          | 2.05 | 2         | 2.10 |
|                 | 4         | 2.04 | 4          | 2.04 | 3         | 2.09 |
|                 | 5         | 2.04 | 5          | 2.07 | 4         | 2.11 |
|                 | 6         | 2.02 | 6          | 2.07 | 5         | 2.11 |
|                 | 7         | 2.01 | 7          | 2.09 | 6         | 2.09 |
|                 | 8         | 2.04 | 8          | 2.10 | 7         | 2.11 |
|                 | 9         | 2.02 | 9          | 2.09 | -         | -    |
|                 |           |      |            |      |           |      |
| SN 30/13 SAM104 | 2         | 2.05 | 2          | 2.06 | 1         | 2.03 |
|                 | 3         | 2.08 | 3          | 2.03 | 2         | 2.03 |
|                 | 4         | 2.05 | 4          | 2.03 | 3         | 2.01 |
|                 | 5         | 2.06 | 5          | 2.02 | 4         | 2.03 |
|                 | 6         | 2.08 | 6          | 2.02 | 5         | 2.03 |
|                 | 7         | 2.06 | 7          | 2.04 | 6         | 2.00 |
|                 | 8         | 2.07 | 8          | 2.04 | 7         | 1.98 |
|                 | 9         | 2.07 | 9          | 2.05 | -         | -    |
|                 |           |      |            |      |           |      |

#### 4.2.4 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20$  %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

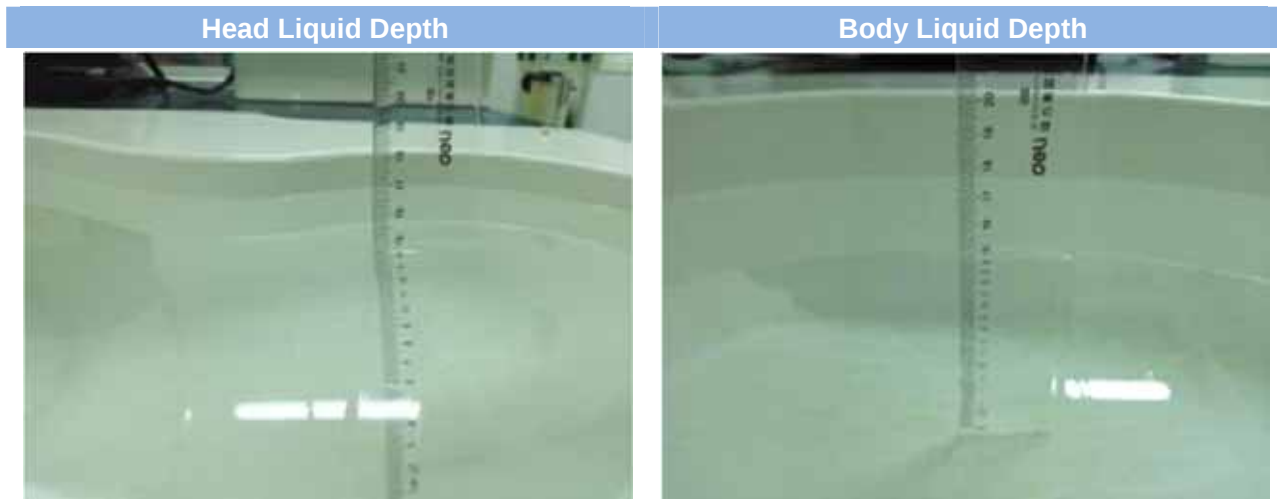


| Serial Number  | Holder Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| SN 25/13 MSH87 | Deirin          | 3.7          | 0.005        |
| SN 25/13 MSH88 | Deirin          | 3.7          | 0.005        |

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than  $1^\circ$ .

#### 4.2.5 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Water<br>% | Sugar<br>% | Cellulose<br>% | Salt<br>% | Preventol<br>% | DGBE<br>% | Conductivity<br>$\sigma$ | Permittivity<br>$\epsilon$ |
|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Head               |            |            |                |           |                |           |                          |                            |
| 450                | 38.56      | 56.62      | 0.98           | 3.95      | 0.19           | 0         | 0.85                     | 43.4                       |
| 750                | 41.1       | 57.0       | 0.2            | 1.4       | 0.2            | 0         | 0.89                     | 41.9                       |
| 835                | 40.3       | 57.9       | 0.2            | 1.4       | 0.2            | 0         | 0.90                     | 41.5                       |
| 900                | 40.3       | 57.9       | 0.2            | 1.4       | 0.2            | 0         | 0.97                     | 41.5                       |
| 1800, 1900, 2000   | 55.2       | 0          | 0              | 0.3       | 0              | 44.5      | 1.4                      | 40.0                       |
| 2450               | 55.0       | 0          | 0              | 0         | 0              | 45.0      | 1.80                     | 39.2                       |
| Body               |            |            |                |           |                |           |                          |                            |
| 450                | 63.07      |            |                | 0.72      |                | 36.22     | 57.6                     | 0.98                       |
| 750                | 51.7       | 47.2       | 0              | 0.9       | 0.1            | 0         | 0.96                     | 55.5                       |
| 835                | 50.8       | 48.2       | 0              | 0.9       | 0.1            | 0         | 0.97                     | 55.2                       |
| 900                | 50.8       | 48.2       | 0              | 0.9       | 0.1            | 0         | 1.05                     | 55.0                       |
| 1800, 1900, 2000   | 70.2       | 0          | 0              | 0.4       | 0              | 29.4      | 1.52                     | 53.3                       |
| 2450               | 68.6       | 0          | 0              | 0         | 0              | 31.4      | 1.95                     | 52.7                       |

#### 4.2.6 Simulating Liquid Validation

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SATIMO SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit and an RS Network Analyzer.

| Date       | Liquid Type | Freq. (MHz) | Temp. ( ) | Meas. Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Meas. Permittivity ( $\epsilon$ ) | Target conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Target Permittivity ( $\epsilon$ ) | Conductivity tolerance (%) | Permittivity tolerance (%) |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2015.01.08 | Head        | 2450        | 22.0      | 1.82                            | 40.46                             | 1.80                             | 39.20                              | 1.11                       | 3.21                       |
| 2015.01.08 | Body        | 2450        | 22.0      | 1.90                            | 54.20                             | 1.95                             | 52.70                              | -2.56                      | 2.85                       |

Note:

- The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is  $\pm 5\%$ .

## 5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 5.1 Antenna Port Test Requirement

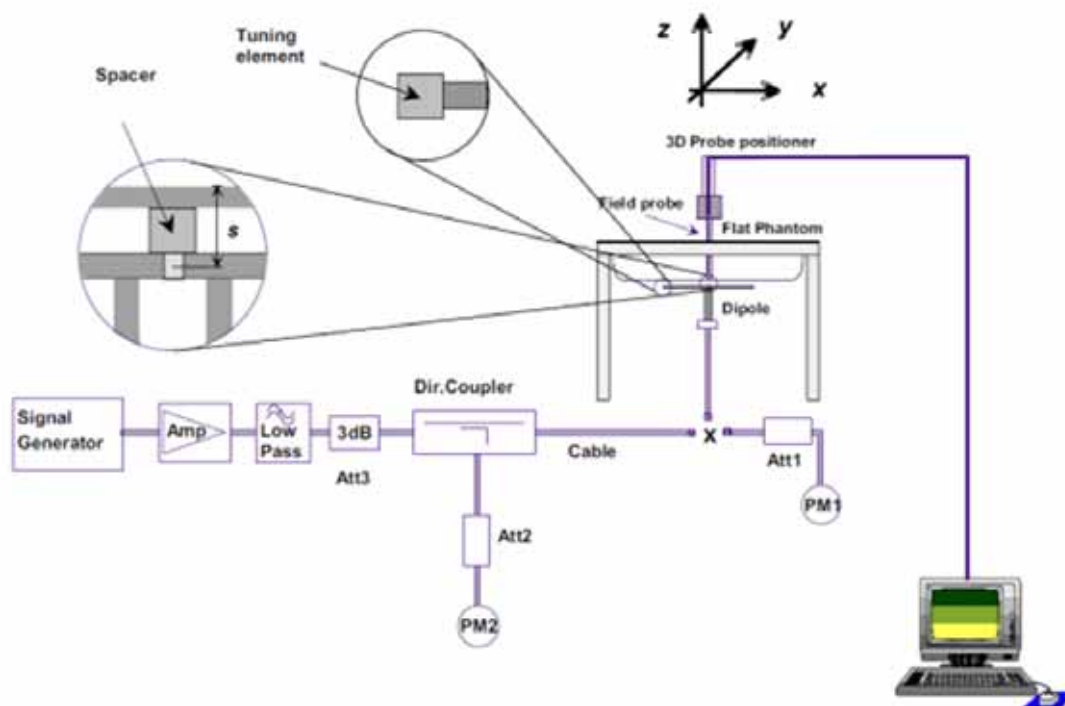
The SATIMO SAR system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 5.2 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 5.3 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



## 5.4 System Verification Results(1g value)

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

| Date       | Liquid Type | Freq. (MHz) | Power (mW) | Measured SAR (W/kg) | Normalized SAR (W/kg) | Dipole SAR (W/kg) | Tolerance (%) | Targeted SAR(W/kg) | Tolerance (%) |
|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 2015.01.08 | Head        | 2450        | 100        | 5.059               | 50.59                 | 53.96             | -6.25         | 52.40              | -3.45         |
| 2015.01.08 | Body        | 2450        | 100        | 5.123               | 52.23                 | 52.37             | -0.27         | 52.40              | -0.32         |

**Note:**

1. The tolerance limit of System validation  $\pm 10\%$ .

## 6 EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

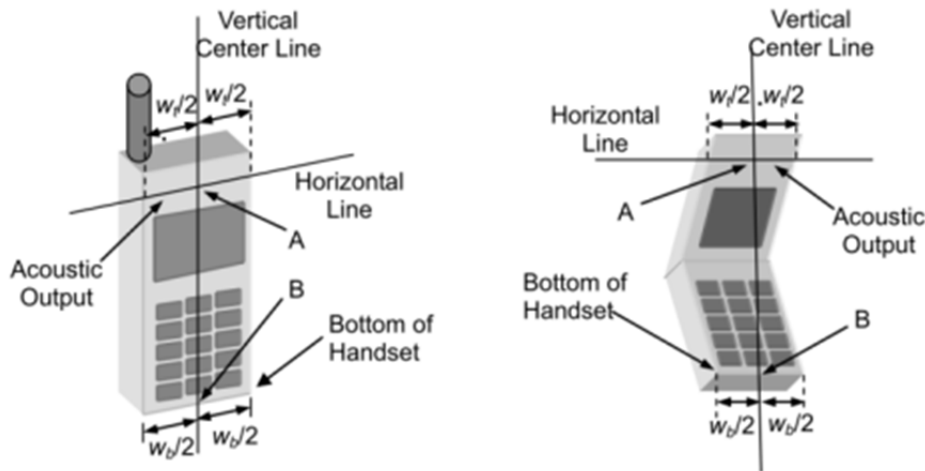
According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset v01r01, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

### 6.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2013 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

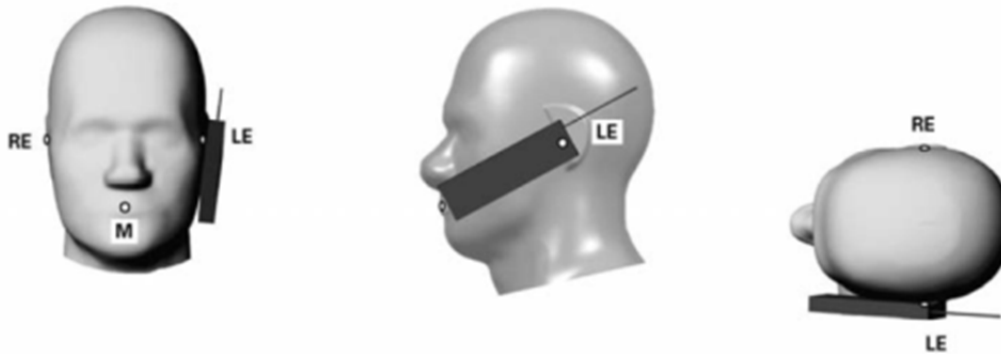
#### 6.1.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



#### 6.1.2 Cheek Position

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.



### 6.1.3 Tilted Position

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



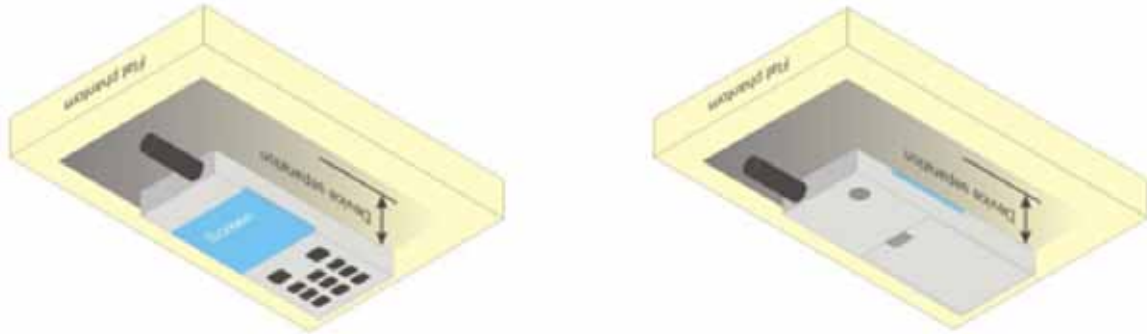
## 6.2 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

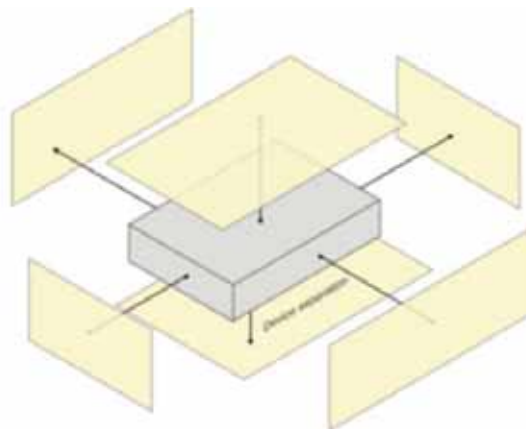
Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be

acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance  $\leq 5$  mm to support compliance.



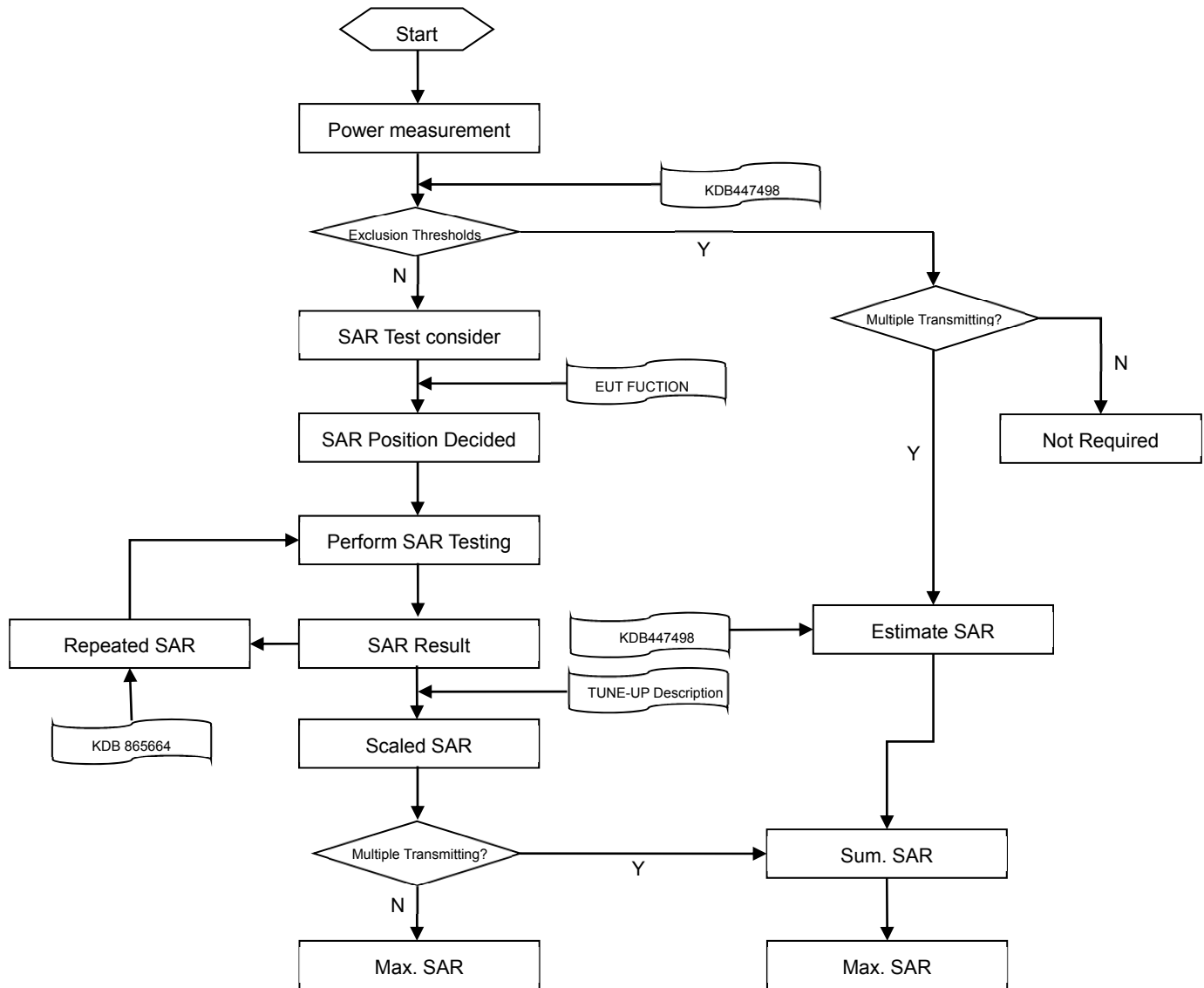
### 6.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



## 7 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

### 7.1 SAR Measurement Process Diagram



## 7.2 SAR Scan General Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 | ≤3GHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | >3GHz                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface                                                                                                                                                                      |                           |                                                                 | 5±1 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location                                                                                                                                                                                   |                           |                                                                 | 30°±1°                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 20°±1°                                             |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                           |                                                                 | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm<br>4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. |                                                    |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                           |                                                                 | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*<br>4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*             |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface                                                                                                                                                                                                             | uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n) |                                                                 | ≤ 5 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | graded grid               | Δ z Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm                                    |
| Δ z Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                           | ≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                    |
| Minimum zoom scan volume                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | x, y, z                   |                                                                 | ≥30 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm                                   |
| Note:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                    |
| 1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.                                                                                                                                     |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                    |
| 2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. |                           |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                    |

### 7.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

### 7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

### 7.5 PTT MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

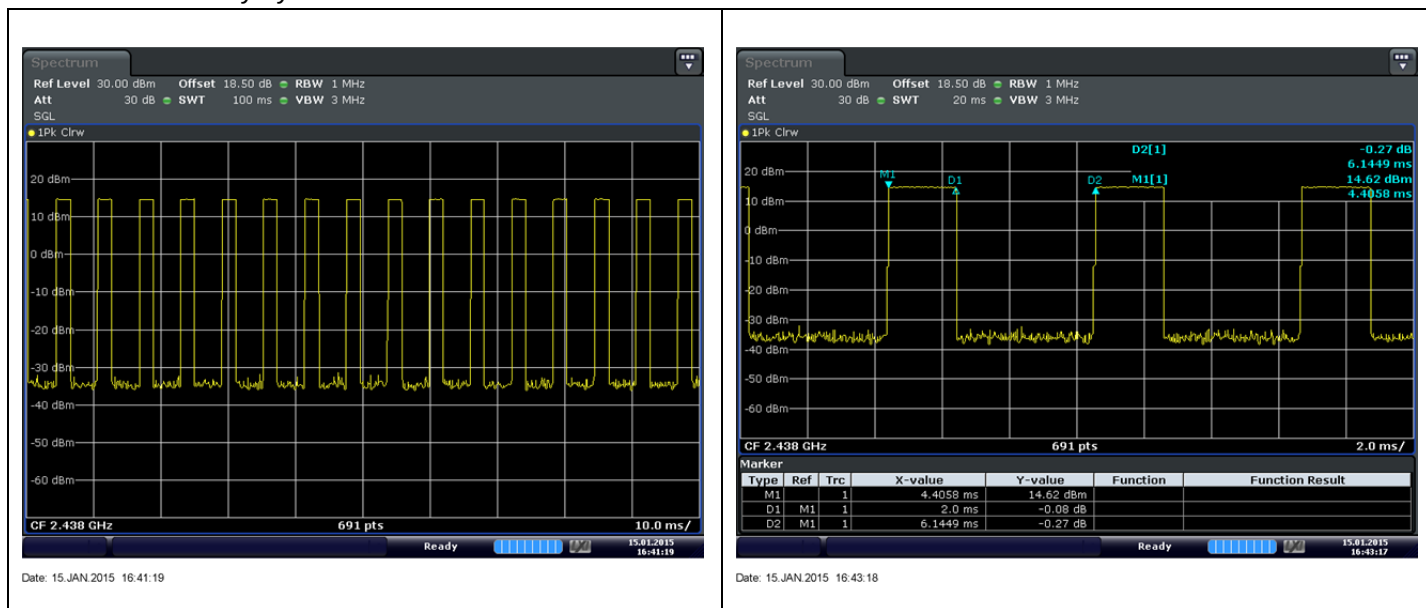
The operating configurations of handheld PTT two-way radios generally require SAR testing for in-front of the face and body-worn accessory exposure conditions. A duty factor of 50% should be applied to determine compliance for radios with maximum operating duty factors  $\leq 50\%$ . Radios with higher duty factors must apply the maximum duty factor supported by the device to determine compliance. For example, up to 100% duty factor may be required for certain radios that support operator-assisted PSTN calls. A duty factor of 75% may be applied for PTT radios with Bluetooth or voice activated transmission capabilities to avoid the justification required for using a lower duty factor supported by certain features built-in within the radio. When TDMA applies, the time slot inherent duty factor should also be taken into consideration. For PTT radios operating in the 100 MHz to 1 GHz range, according to general population exposure requirements, SAR test exclusion may be applied for in-front-of the face and body-worn accessory exposure conditions according to the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold conditions and duty factor compensated maximum conducted output power.<sup>51</sup> When a body-worn accessory is not supplied with the PTT radio, a test separation distance  $\leq 10$  mm must be applied to determine body-worn accessory SAR test exclusion. A test separation distance of 25 mm must be applied for in-front-of the face SAR test exclusion and SAR measurements. When body-worn accessory SAR testing is required, the body-worn accessory requirements in section 4.2.2 should be applied. PTT two-way radios that support held-to-ear operating mode must also be tested according to the exposure configurations required for handsets. This generally does not apply to cellphones with PTT options that have already been tested in more conservative configurations in applicable wireless modes for SAR compliance at 100% duty factor. When occupational exposure limits apply, the procedures in KDB 643646 are applicable.

## 8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

| Mode                   | Channel | Frequency<br>(MHz) | AV Power     |       |
|------------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------|-------|
|                        |         |                    | (dBm)        | (mW)  |
| DSSS(IEEE<br>802.15.4) | 1       | 2413 MHz           | <b>12.95</b> | 19.72 |
|                        | 6       | 2438 MHz           | 12.41        | 17.42 |
|                        | 12      | 2468MHz            | 11.53        | 14.22 |

Note: The power data above comes from the RF report of this project.

### Measurement duty cycle



$$\text{Duty cycle} = T_{\text{on}}/T_p = 2.0(\text{ms})/6.1449(\text{ms}) * 100\% = 32.5\%$$

Per KDB 447498 D01 V05R02, The operating configurations of handheld PTT two-way radios generally require SAR testing for in-front-of the face and body-worn accessory exposure conditions. A duty factor of 50% should be applied to determine compliance for radios with maximum operating duty factors  $\leq 50\%$ .

## 9 SAR TEST RESULTS

### 9.1 Test result

| Liquid Type | Position           | Ch.    | Power Drift | Meas. SAR 100% duty cycle (W/Kg) | 50% duty cycle (W/Kg) | Meas. Power (dBm) | Max. tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Scaled SAR (W/Kg) | Meas. No. |
|-------------|--------------------|--------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Head Liquid | Body(Held to face) | Low    | -0.79       | 0.072                            | 0.036                 | 12.95             | 13.20                    | 1.059          | 0.038             | 1#        |
| Head Liquid | Body(Held to face) | Middle | -0.56       | 0.056                            | 0.028                 | 12.41             | 13.20                    | 1.199          | 0.034             | 2#        |
| Head Liquid | Body(Held to face) | High   | -0.1        | 0.040                            | 0.020                 | 11.53             | 13.20                    | 1.469          | 0.029             | 3#        |
| Body Liquid | Body(Body - worn)  | Low    | 1.31        | 0.277                            | 0.139                 | 12.95             | 13.20                    | 1.059          | 0.147             | 4#        |
| Body Liquid | Body(Body - worn)  | Middle | -0.43       | 0.192                            | 0.096                 | 12.41             | 13.20                    | 1.199          | 0.115             | 5#        |
| Body Liquid | Body(Body - worn)  | High   | -0.48       | 0.106                            | 0.053                 | 11.53             | 13.20                    | 1.469          | 0.078             | 6#        |

Note :

1. Refer KDB 447498 D01, Push-to-talk (PTT) devices Exposure Conditions should test under Held to face and Body-worn Conditions.
2. This Push-to-talk radio only with a mechanical PTT button and no other operating modes.

### 9.2 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ , or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

SAR Repeated Measurement

| Band | Mode | Position           | Ch. | Freq. | Original | first repeated | ratio | second repeated | ratio | Third repeated | ratio |
|------|------|--------------------|-----|-------|----------|----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| -    | -    | Body(Held to face) | -   | -     | -        | -              | -     | -               | -     | -              | -     |
| -    | -    | Body(Held to face) | -   | -     | -        | -              | -     | -               | -     | -              | -     |
| -    | -    | Body(Body-worn)    | -   | -     | -        | -              | -     | -               | -     | -              | -     |
| -    | -    | Body(Body-worn)    | -   | -     | -        | -              | -     | -               | -     | -              | -     |

Note:

1. The highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.

## 10 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

| Description                        | Manufacturer | Model              | Serial No.              | Cal. Date  | Cal. Due   |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| PC                                 | Dell         | N/A                | N/A                     | N/A        | N/A        |
| 2450MHz Dipole                     | SATIMO       | SID2450            | S/N 25/13 DIP 2G450-251 | 2014/08/17 | 2015/08/16 |
| E-Field Probe                      | SATIMO       | SSE2               | SN 27/14 EPG210         | 2014/05/16 | 2015/05/15 |
| Antenna                            | SATIMO       | ANTA3              | SN 17/13 ZNTA45         | N/A        | N/A        |
| Phantom1                           | SATIMO       | SAM                | SN 30/13 SAM013         | N/A        | N/A        |
| Phantom2                           | SATIMO       | SAM                | SN 30/13 SAM014         | N/A        | N/A        |
| Dielectric Probe Kit               | SATIMO       | SCLMP              | SN 25/13 OCPG56         | 2014/08/05 | 2015/08/04 |
| MultiMeter                         | Keithley     | MultiMeter<br>2000 | 4024022                 | 2014/02/13 | 2015/02/12 |
| Signal Generator                   | R&S          | SMF100A            | 1167.0000k02/104260     | 2014/02/17 | 2015/02/16 |
| Power Meter                        | Agilent      | 5738A              | 11290                   | 2014/11/7  | 2015/11/6  |
| Power Sensor                       | R&S          | NRP-Z21            | 103971                  | 2014/11/03 | 2015/11/02 |
| Power Amplifier                    | Agilent      | 6552B              | 22374                   | 2014/08/07 | 2015/08/06 |
| Wireless Communication<br>Test Set | Agilent      | 8960-E5515C        | MY50260493              | 2014/09/08 | 2015/09/07 |
| Network Analyzer                   | RS           | 5071C              | EMY46103472             | 2014/11/03 | 2015/11/02 |
| Attenuator                         | COM-MW       | ZA-S1-31           | 1305003187              | N/A        | N/A        |
| Directional coupler                | AA-MCS       | AAMCS-UDC          | 000272                  | N/A        | N/A        |

## 11 REFERENCES

- 1 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- 2 47 CFR§2.1093, " Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices"
- 3 ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- 4 IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- 5 FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- 6 FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", May 2013
- 7 FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", May 2013
- 8 FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", October 2014
- 9 FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", May 2013
- 10 FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", May 2013.
- 11 FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations", May 2013
- 12 FCC KDB 643646 D01 v01r01, "SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios", Apr 2011
- 12 SATIMO COMOSAR\_V4
- 13 SATIMO OPENSAR\_V4

## ANNEX A SAR TEST RESULT OF SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

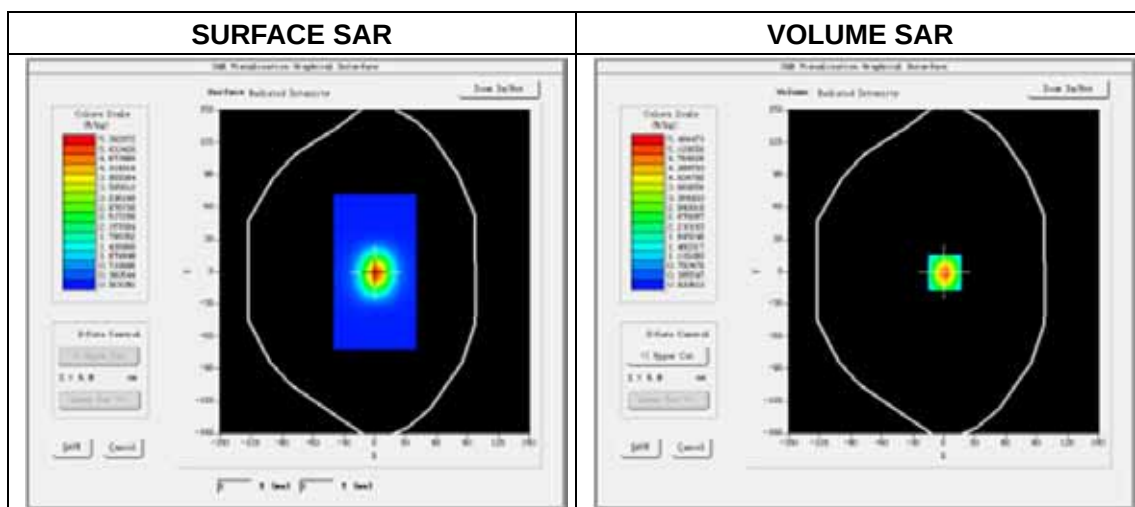
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015.01.08

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

### Experimental conditions.

|                                   |                   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom File                      | surf_sam_plan.txt |
| Phantom                           | Validation plane  |
| Device Position                   | -                 |
| Band                              | 24500MHz          |
| Channels                          | -                 |
| Signal                            | CW                |
| Frequency (MHz)                   | 2450.000000       |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.460000         |
| Relative permittivity             | 13.207254         |
| Conductivity (S/m)                | 1.820000          |
| Power drift (%)                   | 2.010000          |
| Ambient Temperature:              | 22.6°C            |
| Liquid Temperature:               | 22.0°C            |
| ConvF:                            | 25.25             |
| Crest factor:                     | 1:1               |



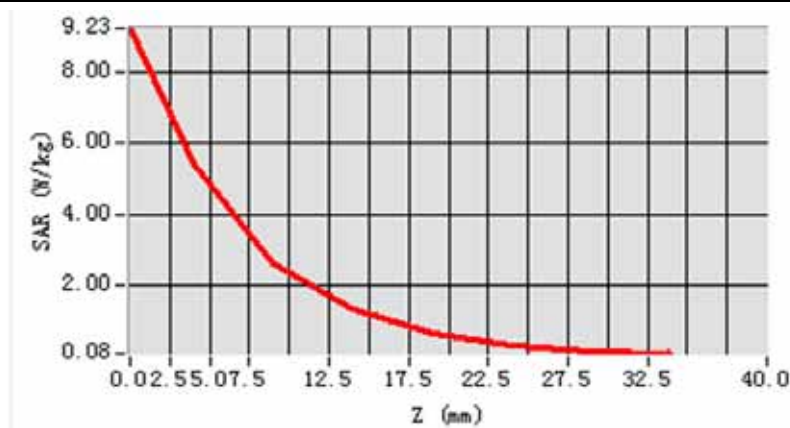
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00

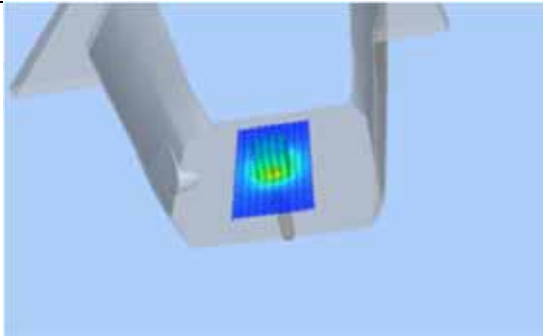
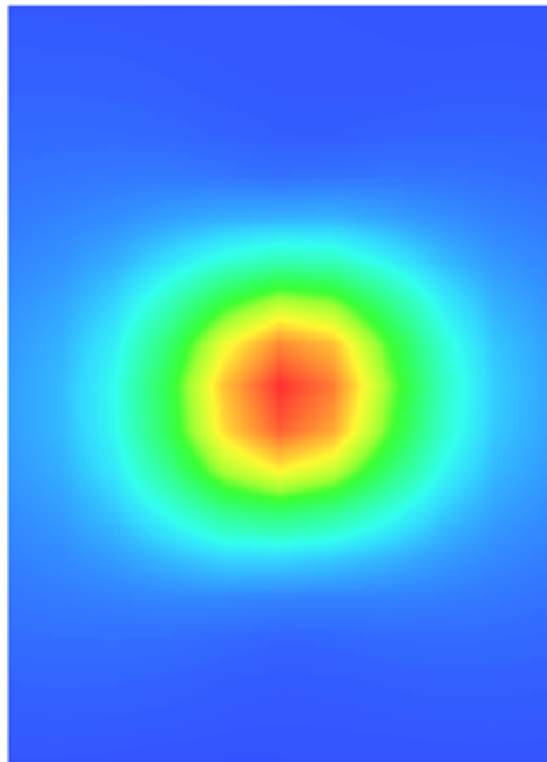
SAR Peak: 0.58 W/kg

|                |          |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.307813 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)  | 5.058887 |

### Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm)     | 0.00    | 4.00    | 9.00    | 14.00   | 19.00   | 24.00   | 29.00   |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| SAR (W/Kg) | 0.59857 | 0.44531 | 0.31649 | 0.22808 | 0.17182 | 0.12168 | 0.08635 |



| 3D scene shot                                                                       | Hot spot position                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  |

# System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

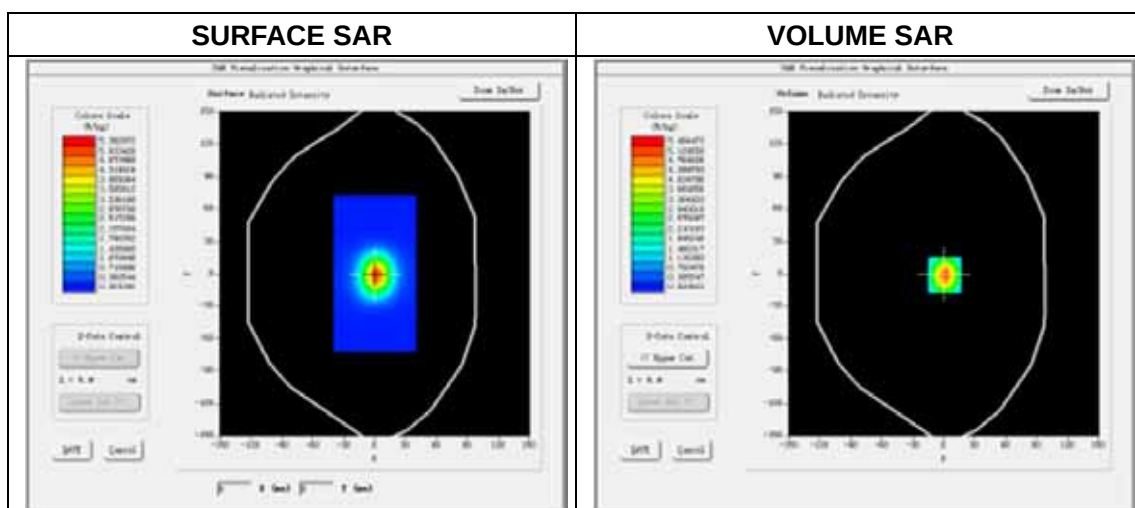
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015.01.08

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

## Experimental conditions.

|                                   |                   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom File                      | surf_sam_plan.txt |
| Phantom                           | Validation plane  |
| Device Position                   | -                 |
| Band                              | 2450MHz           |
| Channels                          | -                 |
| Signal                            | CW                |
| Frequency (MHz)                   | 2450.000000       |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 54.200000         |
| Relative permittivity             | 11.9432451        |
| Conductivity (S/m)                | 1.950250          |
| Power drift (%)                   | 1.900000          |
| Ambient Temperature:              | 22.6°C            |
| Liquid Temperature:               | 22.0°C            |
| ConvF:                            | 26.09             |
| Crest factor:                     | 1:1               |



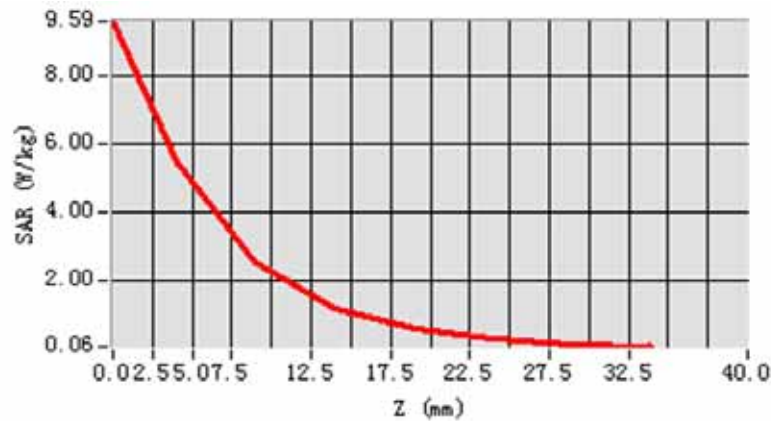
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00

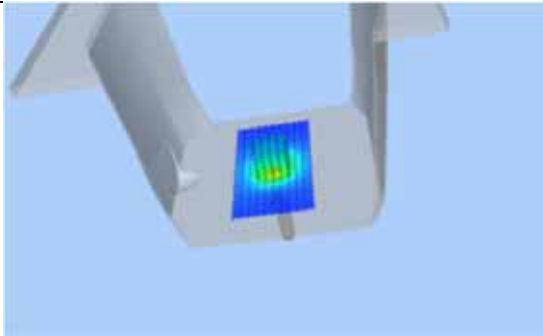
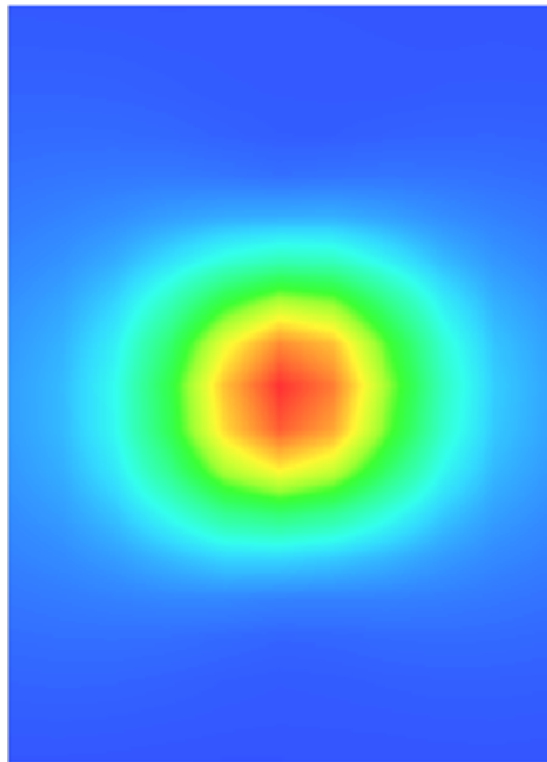
SAR Peak: 0.61 W/kg

|                |          |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.294654 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)  | 5.122832 |

### Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm)     | 0.00    | 4.00    | 9.00    | 14.00   | 19.00   | 24.00   | 29.00   |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| SAR (W/Kg) | 0.65357 | 0.43357 | 0.26052 | 0.16933 | 0.11378 | 0.08151 | 0.06378 |



| 3D scene shot                                                                       | Hot spot position                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  |

## ANNEX B SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Held to face (25mm separation)



Body-worn (0mm separation)



## ANNEX C EUT PHOTOS

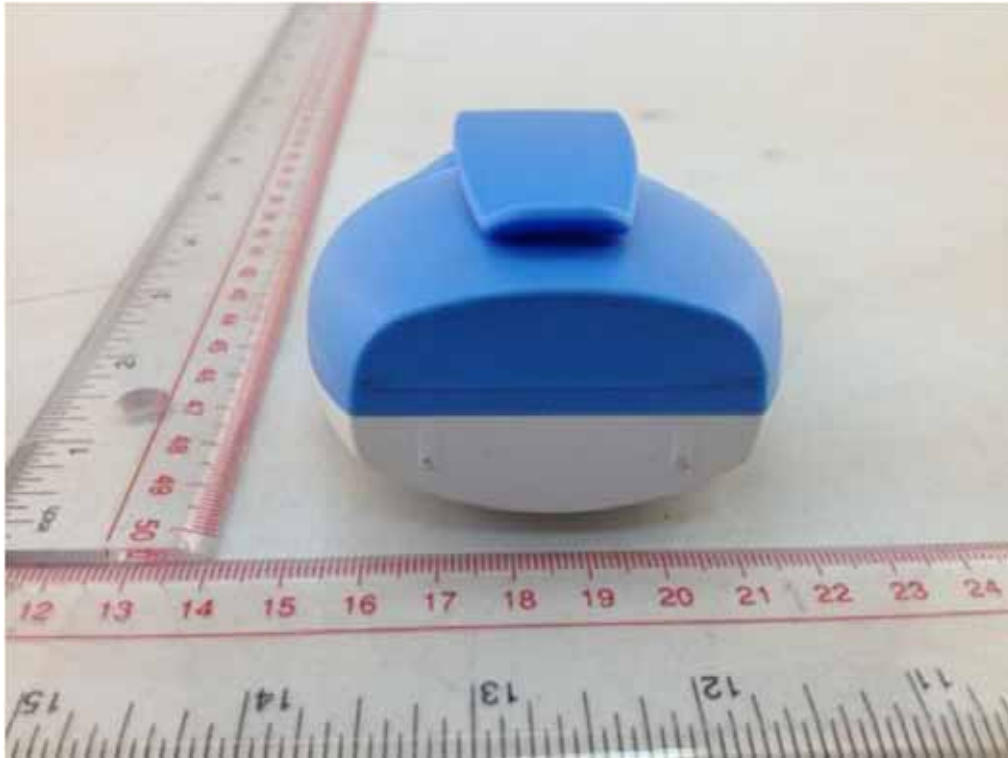
### C.1 Appearance of the EUT



THE FRONT OF PARENT



THE BACK OF PARENT



THE DOWN OF PARENT



THE UP OF PARENT



THE LEFT OF PARENT



THE RIGHT OF PARENT

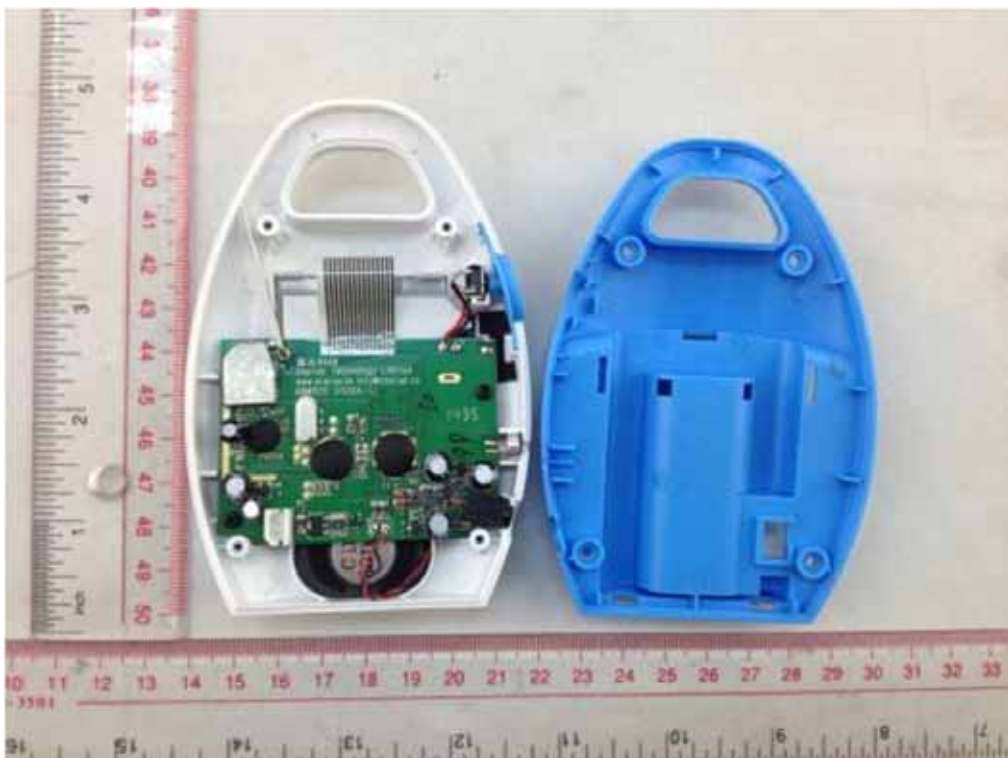


THE CHARGER

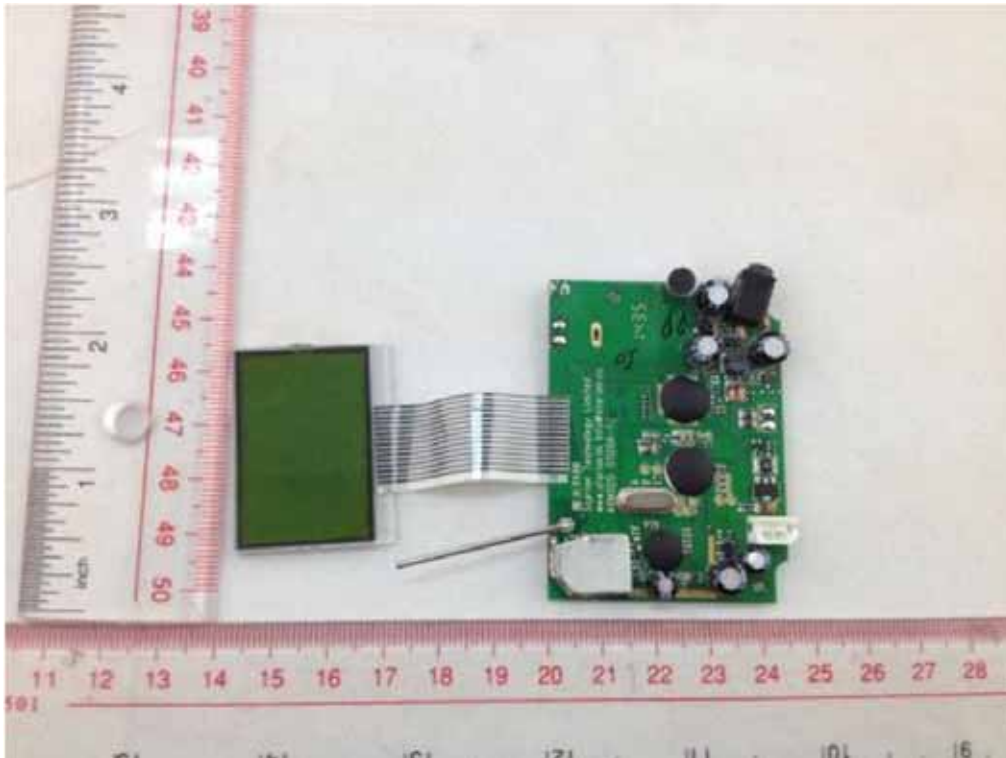
## C.2 Inside of the EUT



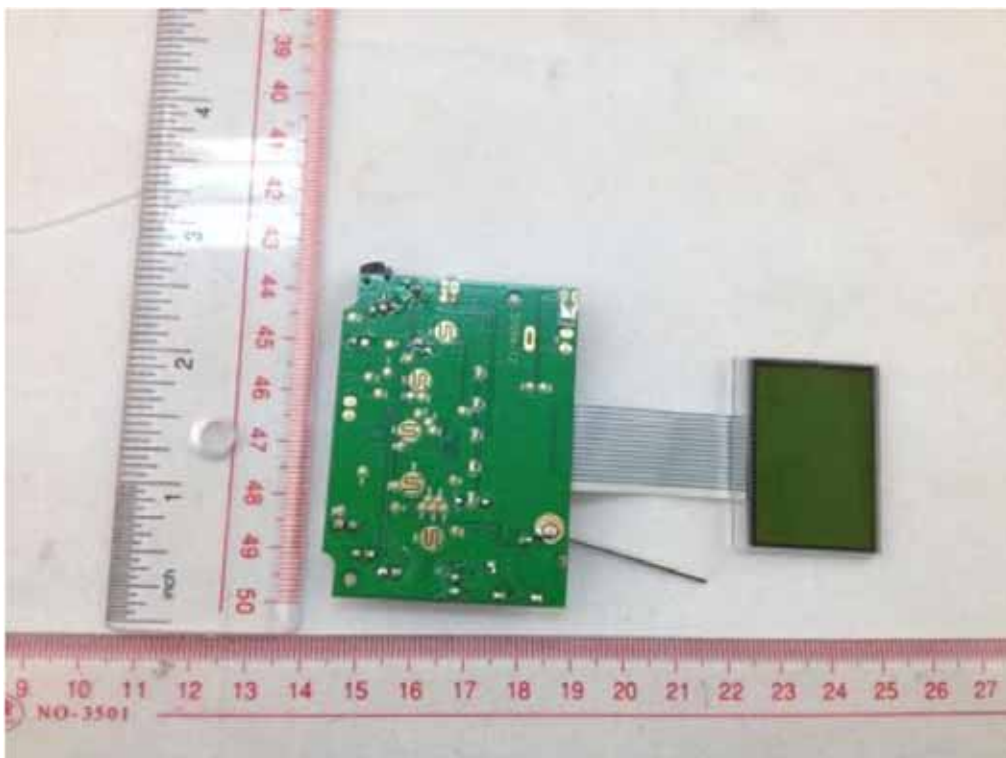
PARENT UNCOVER VIEW 1



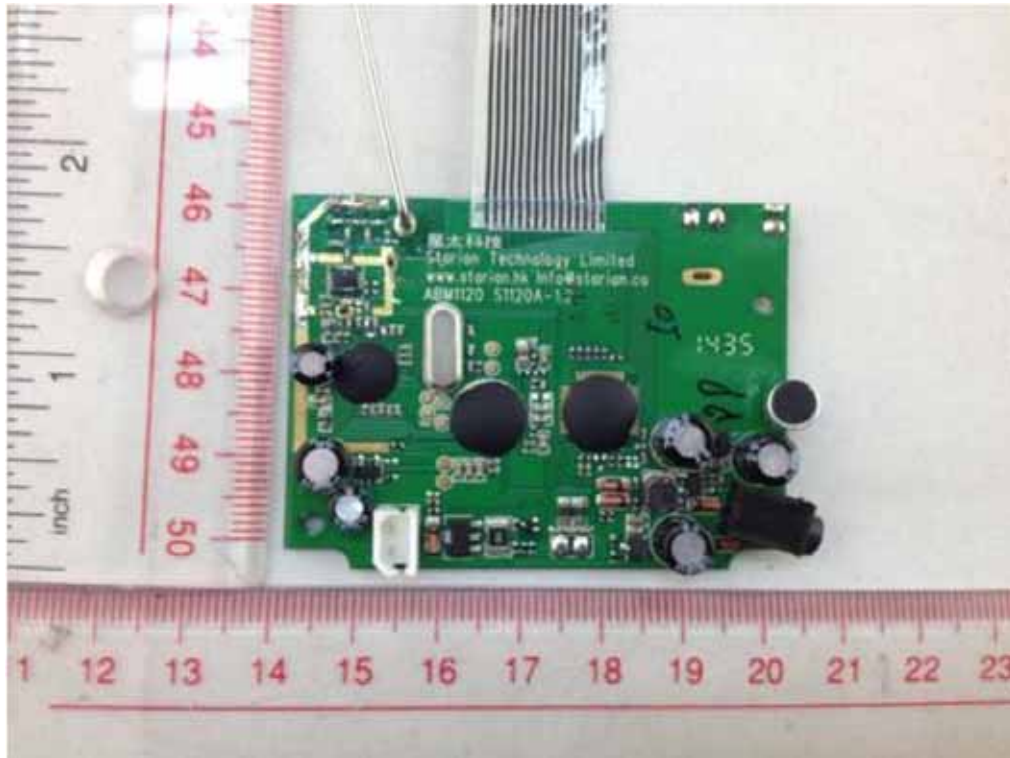
PARENT UNCOVER VIEW 2



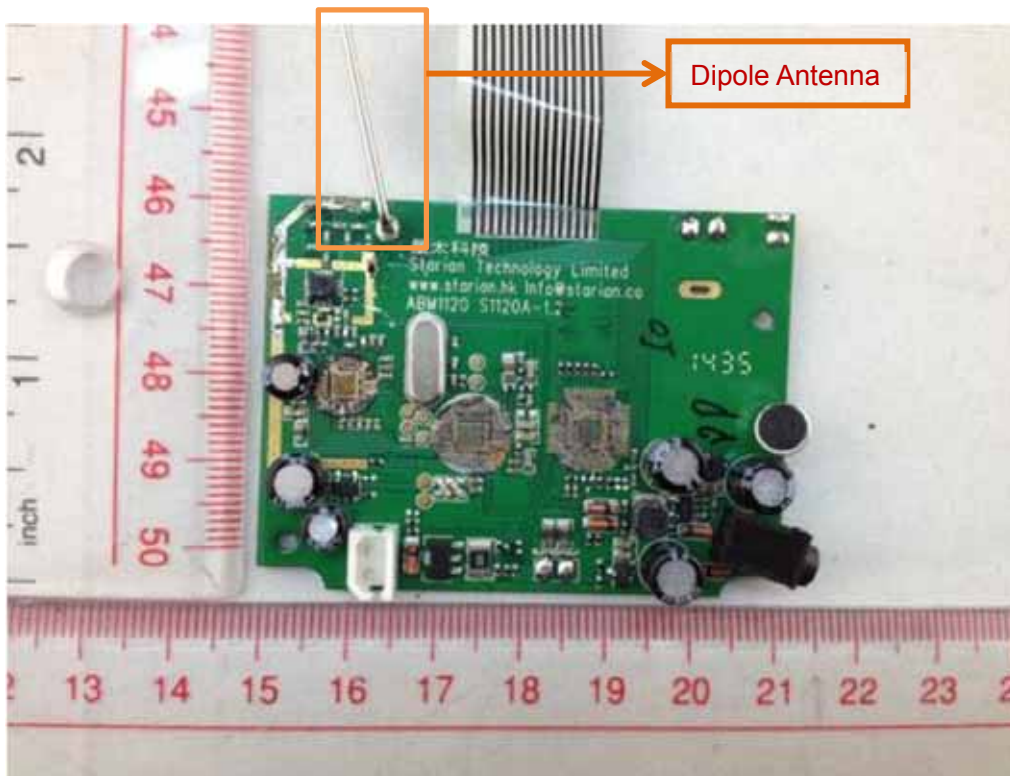
PARENT BOARD TOP VIEW 1



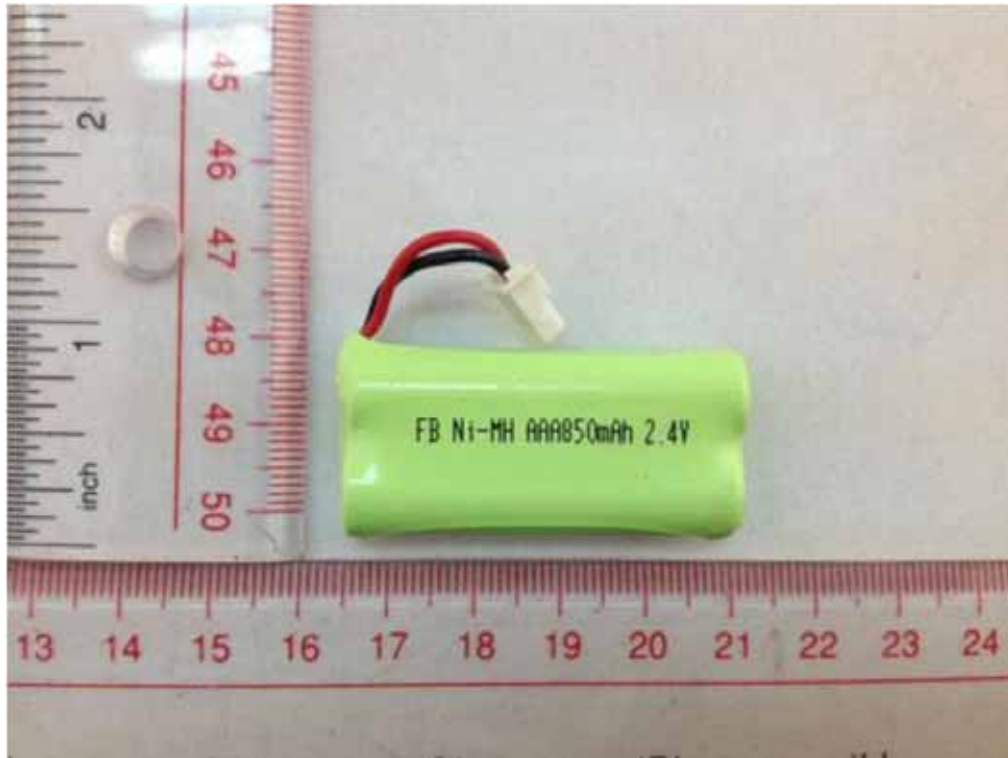
PARENT BOARD BACK VIEW 1



PARENT BOARD TOP VIEW 2



PARENT BOARD TOP VIEW 3



PARENT BATTERY

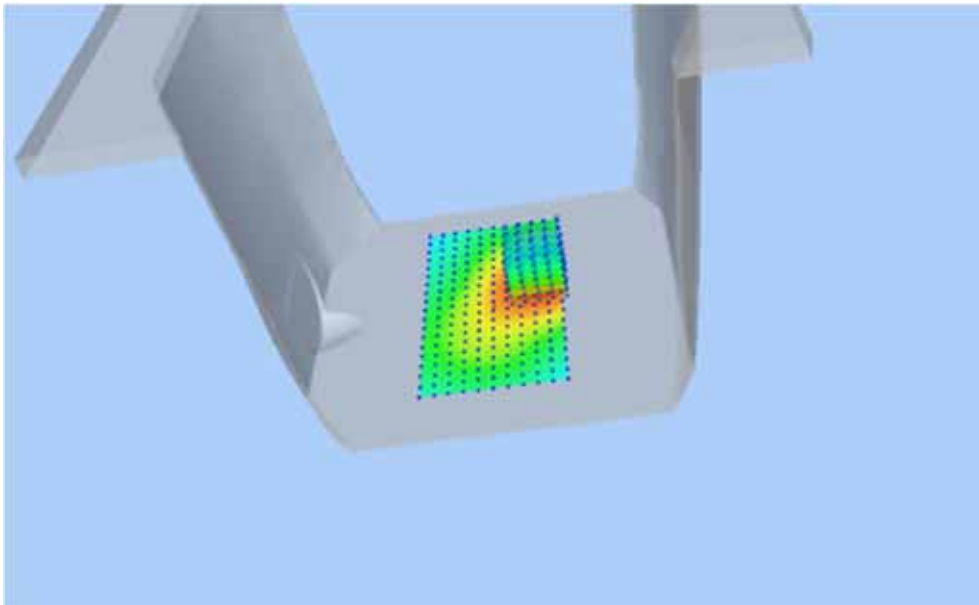
## ANNEX D SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT(100% Duty cycle)

TABLE OF MEASUREMENT RESULT LIST

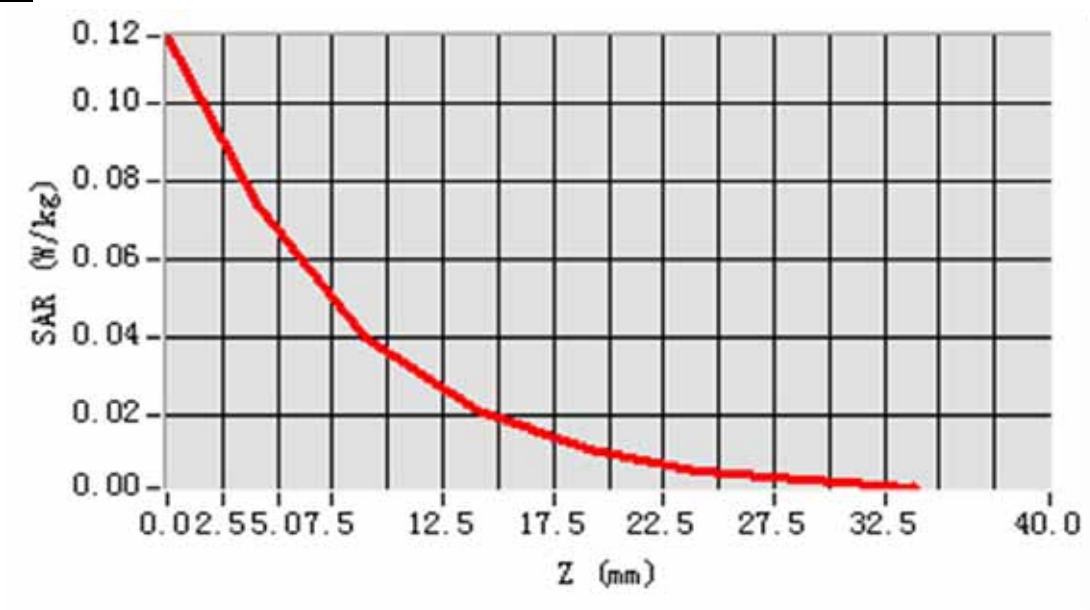
| <u>Band</u>   | <u>POSITION</u> | <u>PARAMETERS</u>                                                                    |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IEEE 802.15.4 | BODY            | <u>MEAS. 1:</u> Body Plane with Held to face on Low Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode    |
| IEEE 802.15.4 | BODY            | <u>MEAS. 2:</u> Body Plane with Held to face on Middle Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode |
| IEEE 802.15.4 | BODY            | <u>MEAS. 3:</u> Body Plane with Held to face on High Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode   |
| IEEE 802.15.4 | BODY            | <u>MEAS. 4:</u> Body Plane with Body-worn on Low Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode       |
| IEEE 802.15.4 | BODY            | <u>MEAS. 5:</u> Body Plane with Body-worn on Middle Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode    |
| IEEE 802.15.4 | BODY            | <u>MEAS. 6:</u> Body Plane with Body-worn on High Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode      |

## MEAS. 1 Body Plane with Held to face on Low Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode

**Test Date:** 8/1/2015  
**Signal:** IEEE 802.15.4, f=2450.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0  
**Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 40.46; Conductivity: 1.82 S/m  
**Test condition:** Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C  
**Probe:** EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25  
**Area Scan:** sam\_direct\_droit2\_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm  
**Zoom Scan:** 5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete  
**Maximum location:** X=24.000000, Y=8.000000  
**SAR 10g (W/Kg):** 0.040724  
**SAR 1g (W/Kg):** 0.071898  
**Power drift (%):** -0.79  
**3D screen shot**



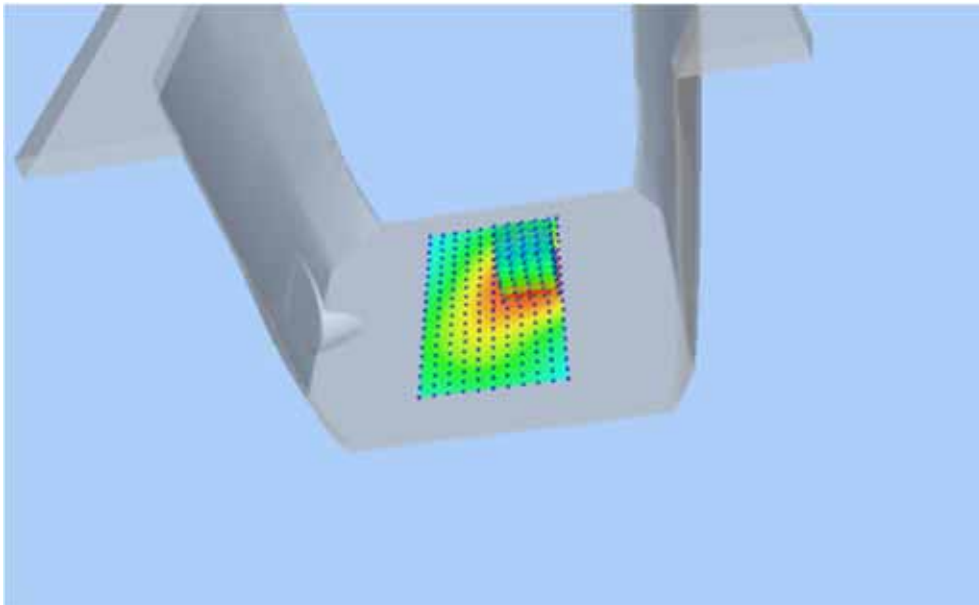
### Z Axis Scan



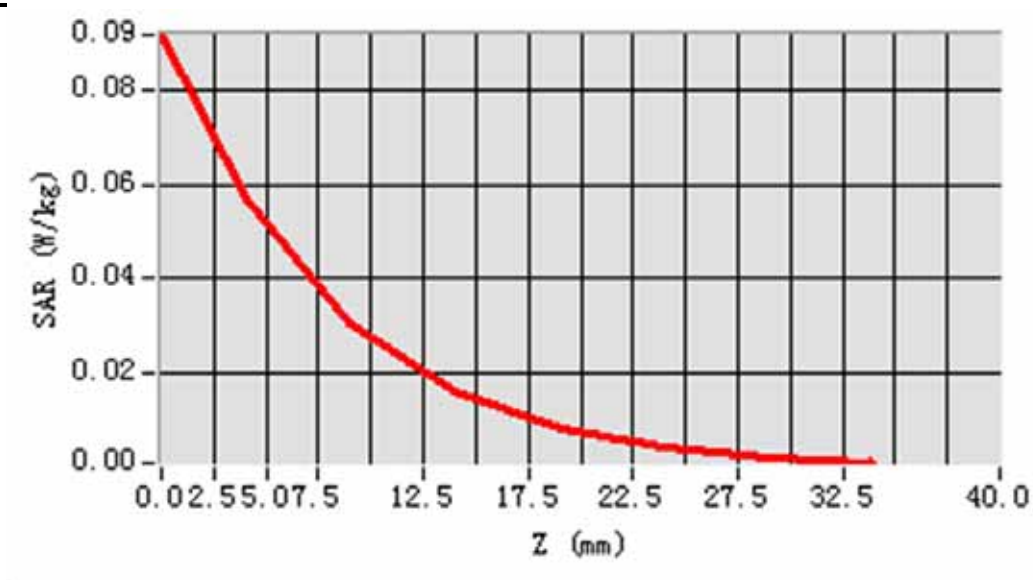
## MEAS. 2 Body Plane with Held to face on Middle Channel in IEEE 802.15.4

### mode

**Test Date:** 8/1/2015  
**Signal:** IEEE 802.15.4, f=2450.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0  
**Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 40.46; Conductivity: 1.82 S/m  
**Test condition:** Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C  
**Probe:** EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25  
**Area Scan:** sam\_direct\_droit2\_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm  
**Zoom Scan:** 5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete  
**Maximum location:** X=24.000000, Y=16.000000  
**SAR 10g (W/Kg):** 0.031187  
**SAR 1g (W/Kg):** 0.055552  
**Power drift (%):** -0.56  
**3D screen shot**

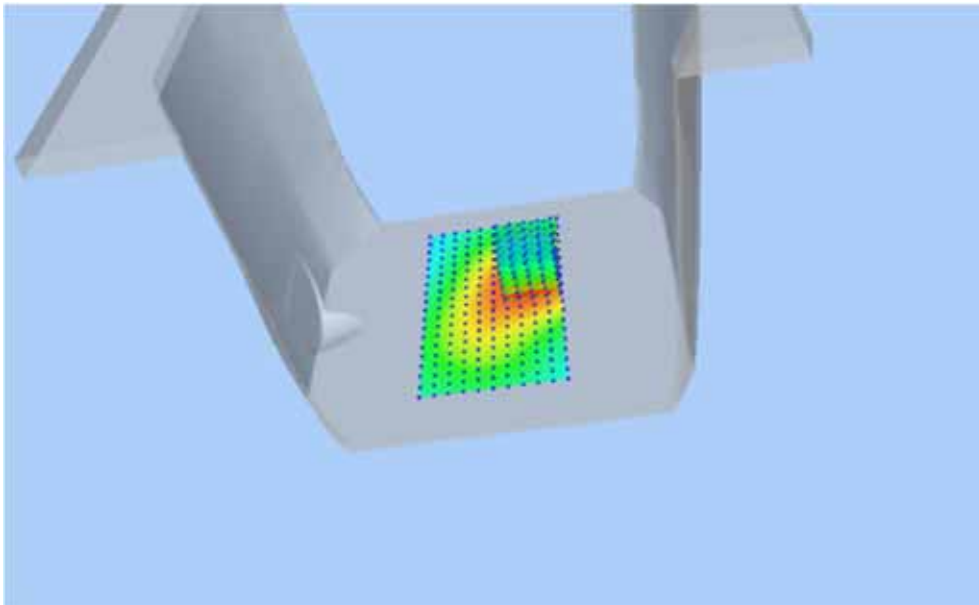


### Z Axis Scan

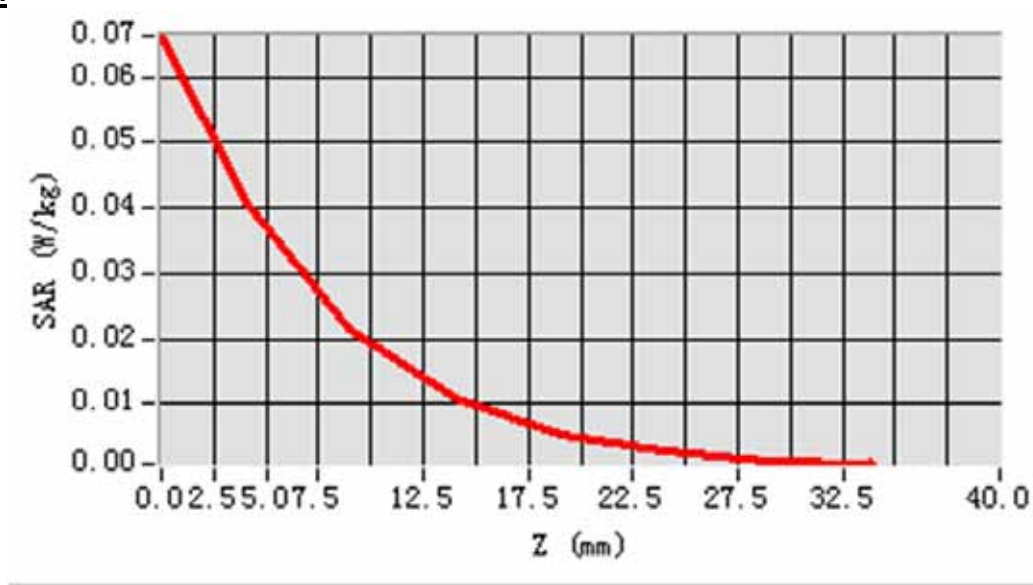


### MEAS. 3 Body Plane with Held to face on High Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode

**Test Date:** 8/1/2015  
**Signal:** IEEE 802.15.4, f=2450.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0  
**Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 40.46; Conductivity: 1.82 S/m  
**Test condition:** Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C  
**Probe:** EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25  
**Area Scan:** sam\_direct\_droit2\_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm  
**Zoom Scan:** 5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete  
**Maximum location:**  
**SAR 10g (W/Kg):** 0.022116  
**SAR 1g (W/Kg):** 0.039834  
**Power drift (%):** -0.10  
**3D screen shot**

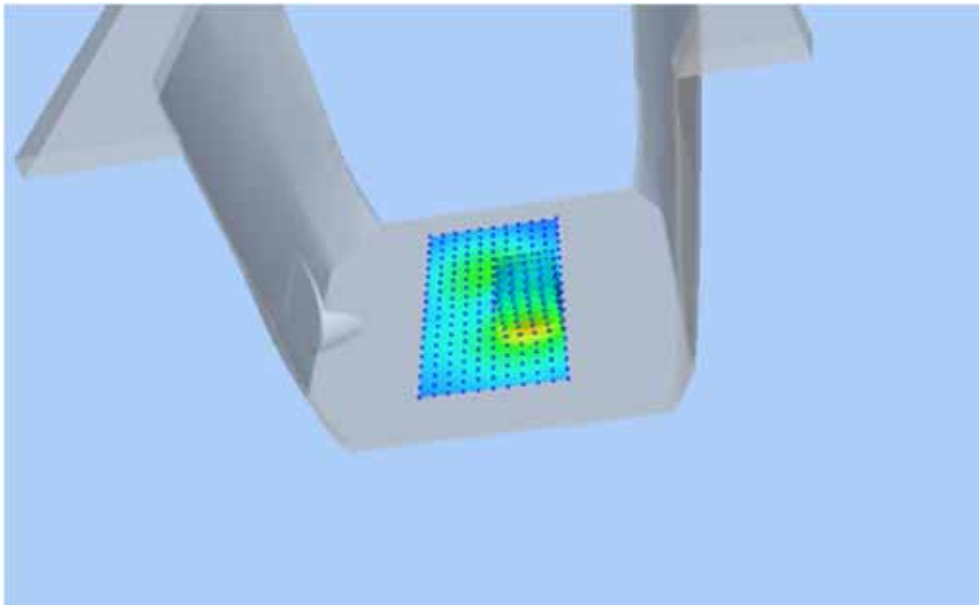


#### Z Axis Scan

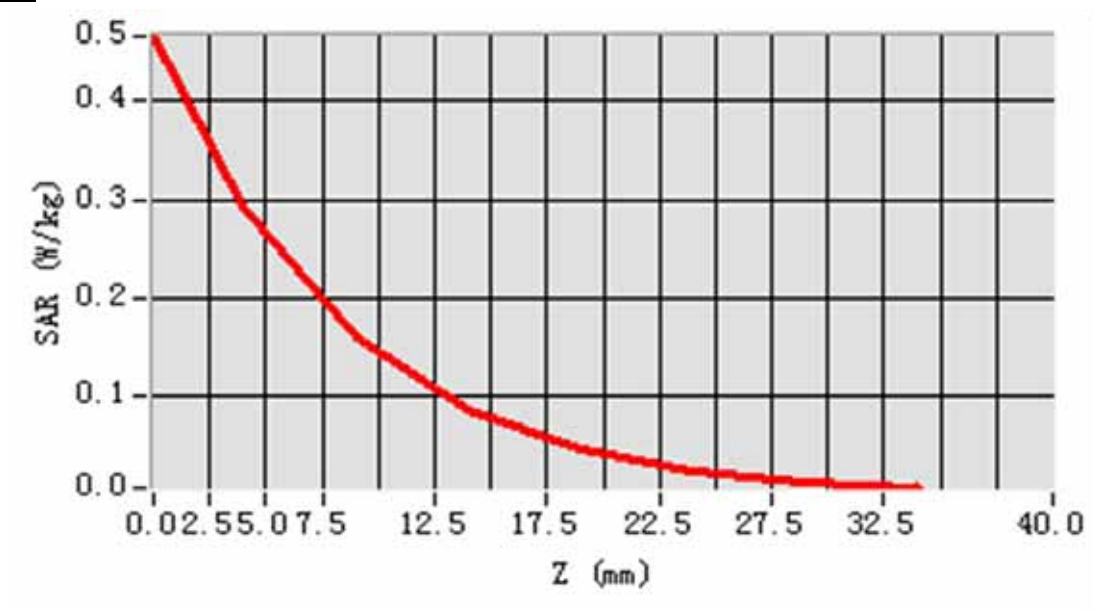


## MEAS. 4 Body Plane with Body-worn on Low Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode

**Test Date:** 8/1/2015  
**Signal:** IEEE 802.15.4, f=2450.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0  
**Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.20; Conductivity: 1.90 S/m  
**Test condition:** Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C  
**Probe:** EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09  
**Area Scan:** sam\_direct\_droit2\_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm  
**Zoom Scan:** 5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete  
**Maximum location:** X=24.000000, Y=-16.000000  
**SAR 10g (W/Kg):** 0.139628  
**SAR 1g (W/Kg):** 0.277001  
**Power drift (%):** 1.31  
**3D screen shot**



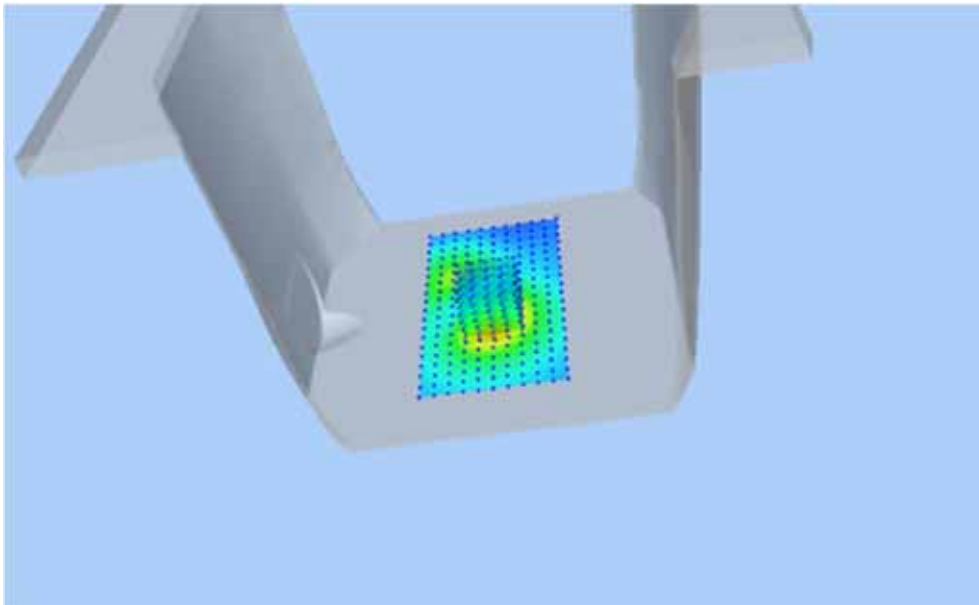
### Z Axis Scan



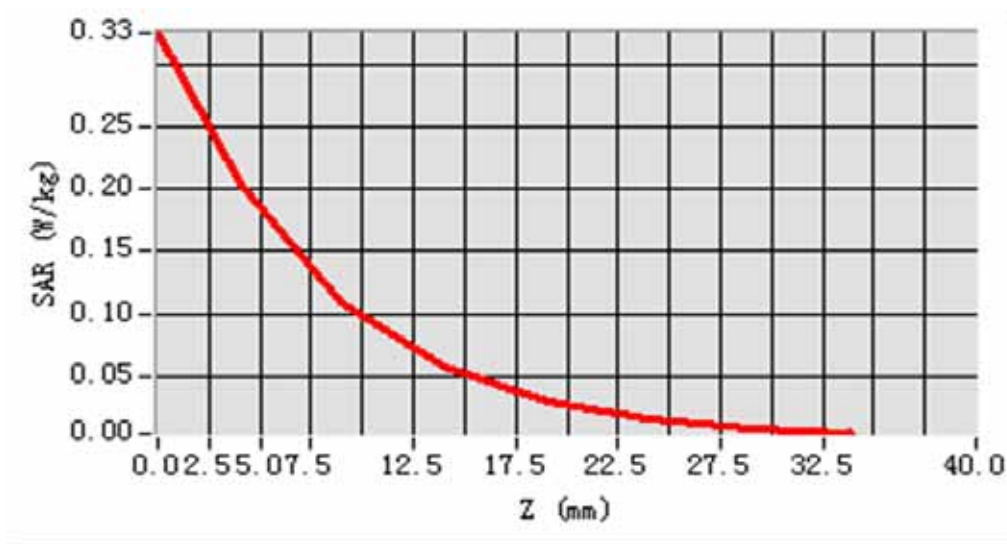
## MEAS. 5 Body Plane with Body-worn on Middle Channel in IEEE 802.15.4

### mode

**Test Date:** 8/1/2015  
**Signal:** IEEE 802.15.4, f=2450.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0  
**Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.20; Conductivity: 1.90 S/m  
**Test condition:** Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C  
**Probe:** EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09  
**Area Scan:** sam\_direct\_droit2\_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm  
**Zoom Scan:** 5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete  
**Maximum location:** X=0.000000, Y=-16.000000  
**SAR 10g (W/Kg):** 0.096818  
**SAR 1g (W/Kg):** 0.192209  
**Power drift (%):** -0.43  
**3D screen shot**

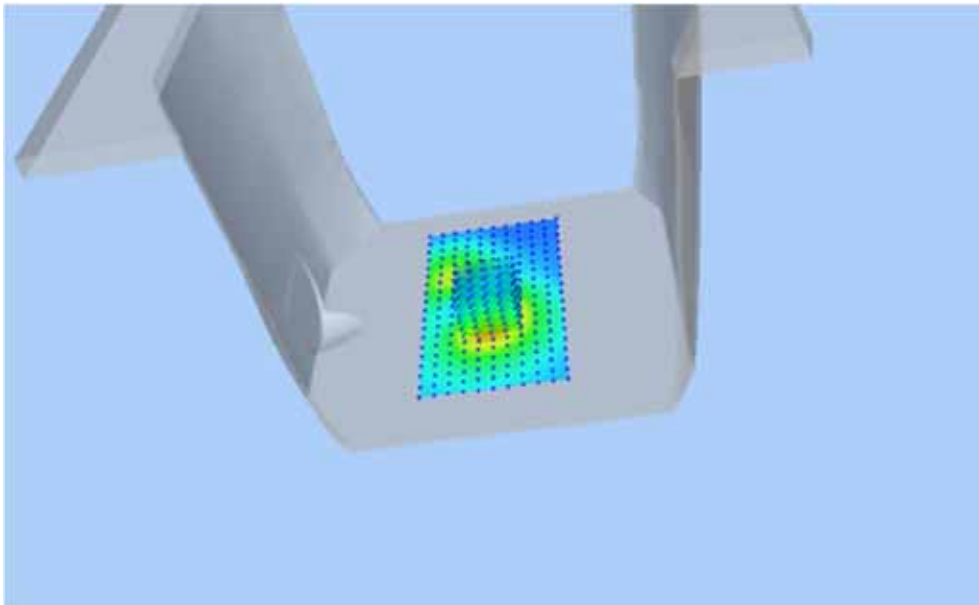


### Z Axis Scan

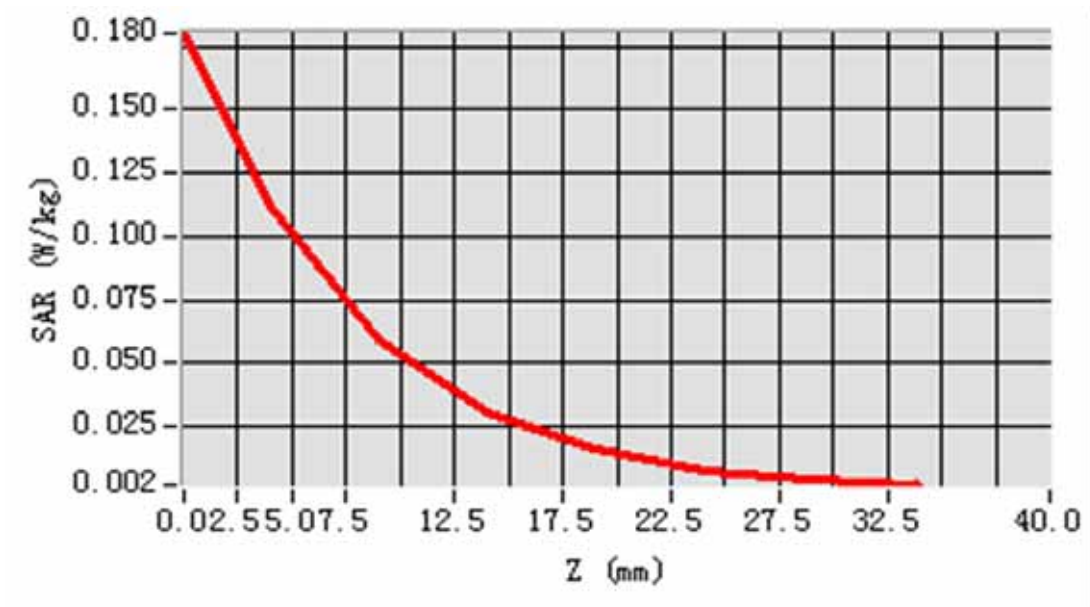


## MEAS. 6 Body Plane with Body-worn on High Channel in IEEE 802.15.4 mode

**Test Date:** 8/1/2015  
**Signal:** IEEE 802.15.4, f=2450.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0  
**Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.20; Conductivity: 1.90 S/m  
**Test condition:** Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C  
**Probe:** EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09  
**Area Scan:** sam\_direct\_droit2\_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm  
**Zoom Scan:** 5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete  
**Maximum location:**  
**SAR 10g (W/Kg):** 0.052976  
**SAR 1g (W/Kg):** 0.105581  
**Power drift (%):** -0.48  
**3D screen shot**



### Z Axis Scan



## ANNEX E CALIBRATION FOR PROBE AND DIPOLE



受控文件

### COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

**SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY Co.,Ltd.**  
BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD,  
NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG  
PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055  
**SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE**  
SERIAL NO.: SN 27/14 EPG210

Calibrated at SATIMO US  
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/16/2014

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

|                      | <i>Name</i>   | <i>Function</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>                                                                    |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Prepared by :</i> | Jérôme LUC    | Product Manager | 6/4/2014    |  |
| <i>Checked by :</i>  | Jérôme LUC    | Product Manager | 6/4/2014    |  |
| <i>Approved by :</i> | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 6/4/2014    |  |

|                       | <i>Customer Name</i>                                |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Distribution :</i> | ChangNing<br>(Shenzhen)<br>Electronics Co.,<br>Ltd. |

| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------|
| A            | 6/4/2014    | Initial release      |
|              |             |                      |
|              |             |                      |
|              |             |                      |

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be released in whole or part without written approval of SATIMO.*

## 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test                        |                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Device Type                              | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE                                        |
| Manufacturer                             | Satimo                                                                  |
| Model                                    | SSE2                                                                    |
| Serial Number                            | SN 27/14 EPG210                                                         |
| Product Condition (new / used)           | New                                                                     |
| Frequency Range of Probe                 | 0.3 GHz-6GHz                                                            |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.197 MΩ<br>Dipole 2: R2=0.220 MΩ<br>Dipole 3: R3=0.241 MΩ |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

|                                            |        |
|--------------------------------------------|--------|
| Probe Length                               | 330 mm |
| Length of Individual Dipoles               | 2 mm   |
| Maximum external diameter                  | 8 mm   |
| Probe Tip External Diameter                | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm   |

## 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

## 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide |                       |                          |            |    |                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------|----|--------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES                                              | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor    | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Incident or forward power                                  | 3.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 1.732%                   |
| Reflected power                                            | 3.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 1.732%                   |
| Liquid conductivity                                        | 5.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 2.887%                   |
| Liquid permittivity                                        | 4.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 2.309%                   |
| Field homogeneity                                          | 3.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 1.732%                   |
| Field probe positioning                                    | 5.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 2.887%                   |
| Field probe linearity                                      | 3.00%                 | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1  | 1.732%                   |

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# COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATUA

|                                                     |  |  |  |  |        |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--------|
| Combined standard uncertainty                       |  |  |  |  | 5.831% |
| Expanded uncertainty<br>95 % confidence level k = 2 |  |  |  |  | 12.0%  |

## 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Calibration Parameters |       |
|------------------------|-------|
| Liquid Temperature     | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature        | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity           | 45 %  |

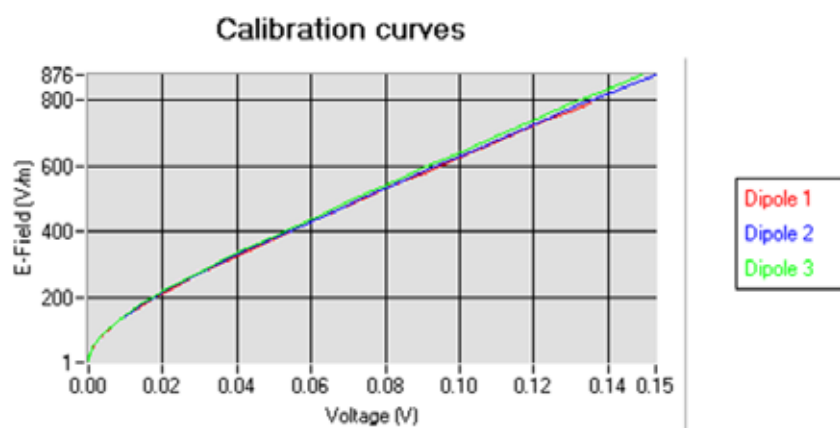
### 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

| Normx dipole<br>1 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) | Normy dipole<br>2 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) | Normz dipole<br>3 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 0.44                                                      | 0.54                                                      | 0.52                                                      |

| DCP dipole 1<br>(mV) | DCP dipole 2<br>(mV) | DCP dipole 3<br>(mV) |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 90                   | 90                   | 90                   |

Calibration curves  $e_i=f(V)$  ( $i=1,2,3$ ) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

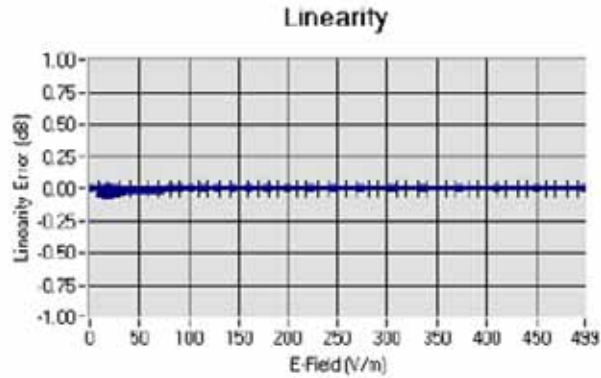
$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



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## 5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:  $\pm 1.25\%$  ( $\pm 0.05\text{dB}$ )

## 5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

| Liquid | Frequency<br>(MHz $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ ) | Permittivity | Epsilon (S/m) | ConvF |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
| HL450  | 450                                     | 43.02        | 0.85          | 30.15 |
| BL450  | 450                                     | 57.52        | 0.96          | 31.02 |
| HL750  | 750                                     | 42.10        | 0.88          | 22.51 |
| BL750  | 750                                     | 54.79        | 0.96          | 23.36 |
| HL850  | 835                                     | 43.03        | 0.87          | 23.67 |
| BL850  | 835                                     | 53.35        | 0.96          | 24.58 |
| HL900  | 900                                     | 42.29        | 0.96          | 23.35 |
| BL900  | 900                                     | 56.82        | 1.06          | 24.10 |
| HL1800 | 1800                                    | 40.93        | 1.36          | 23.21 |
| BL1800 | 1800                                    | 52.57        | 1.47          | 23.69 |
| HL1900 | 1900                                    | 40.92        | 1.45          | 26.70 |
| BL1900 | 1900                                    | 53.60        | 1.52          | 27.47 |
| HL2000 | 2000                                    | 39.36        | 1.44          | 25.28 |
| BL2000 | 2000                                    | 52.17        | 1.53          | 26.28 |
| HL2450 | 2450                                    | 39.12        | 1.78          | 25.25 |
| BL2450 | 2450                                    | 52.17        | 1.90          | 26.09 |
| HL2600 | 2600                                    | 38.46        | 1.92          | 25.94 |
| BL2600 | 2600                                    | 51.76        | 2.19          | 26.66 |
| HL5200 | 5200                                    | 36.47        | 4.91          | 22.36 |
| BL5200 | 5200                                    | 51.18        | 4.84          | 22.88 |
| HL5400 | 5400                                    | 36.83        | 5.02          | 25.63 |
| BL5400 | 5400                                    | 48.35        | 5.81          | 26.47 |
| HL5600 | 5600                                    | 35.39        | 5.49          | 24.82 |
| BL5600 | 5600                                    | 49.03        | 6.17          | 25.66 |
| HL5800 | 5800                                    | 34.91        | 5.76          | 22.60 |
| BL5800 | 5800                                    | 47.18        | 6.32          | 23.20 |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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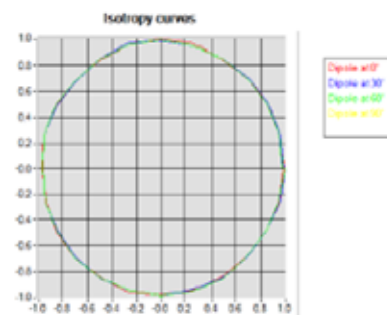
# COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATUA

## 5.4 ISOTROPY

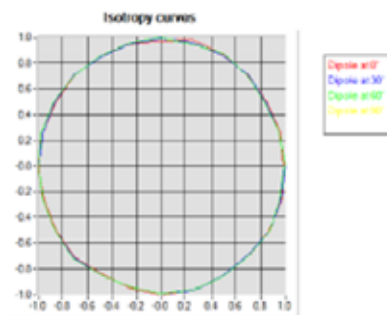
### HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB  
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



### HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB  
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



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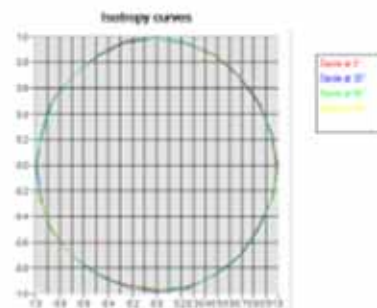


# COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

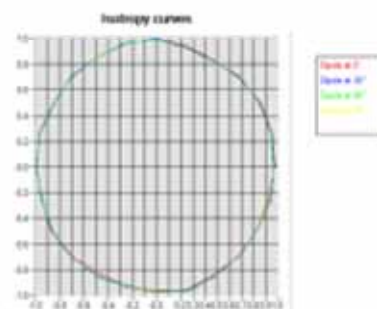
## HL2450 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



## HL5400 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATUA

## 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet       |                      |                    |                                               |                                               |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Equipment Description         | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date                      | Next Calibration Date                         |
| Flat Phantom                  | Satimo               | SN-20/09-SAM71     | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| COMOSAR Test Bench            | Version 3            | NA                 | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Network Analyzer              | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA  | SN100132           | 02/2013                                       | 02/2016                                       |
| Reference Probe               | Satimo               | EP 94 SN 37/08     | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Multimeter                    | Keithley 2000        | 1188656            | 12/2013                                       | 12/2016                                       |
| Signal Generator              | Agilent E4438C       | MY49070581         | 12/2013                                       | 12/2016                                       |
| Amplifier                     | Aethercomm           | SN 046             | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                   | HP E4418A            | US38261498         | 12/2013                                       | 12/2016                                       |
| Power Sensor                  | HP ECP-E26A          | US37181460         | 12/2013                                       | 12/2016                                       |
| Directional Coupler           | Narda 4216-20        | 01386              | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Waveguide                     | Mega Industries      | 069Y7-158-13-712   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide Transition          | Mega Industries      | 069Y7-158-13-701   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide Termination         | Mega Industries      | 069Y7-158-13-701   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor | Control Company      | 11-661-9           | 8/2012                                        | 8/2015                                        |

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## SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.219.9.13.SATU.A

**SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.**  
**BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT,**  
**SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA**  
**SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

**FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ**  
**SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251**

**Calibrated at SATIMO US**  
**2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**



**17/08/2014**

### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.219.9.13.SATU.A

|                      | <i>Name</i>   | <i>Function</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>     |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| <i>Prepared by :</i> | Jérôme LUC    | Product Manager | 8/17/2014   | <i>JS</i>            |
| <i>Checked by :</i>  | Jérôme LUC    | Product Manager | 8/17/2014   | <i>JS</i>            |
| <i>Approved by :</i> | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 8/17/2014   | <i>Kim Rutkowski</i> |

|                       | <i>Customer Name</i>                     |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <i>Distribution :</i> | Shenzhen Balun<br>Technology<br>Co.,Ltd. |

| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------|
| A            | 8/17/2014   | Initial release      |
|              |             |                      |
|              |             |                      |
|              |             |                      |

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test              |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Device Type                    | COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |
| Manufacturer                   | Satimo                            |
| Model                          | SID2450                           |
| Serial Number                  | SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251            |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New                               |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole**

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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

##### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

##### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

##### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz    | 0.1 dB                              |

##### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 - 300     | 0.05 mm                        |

##### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

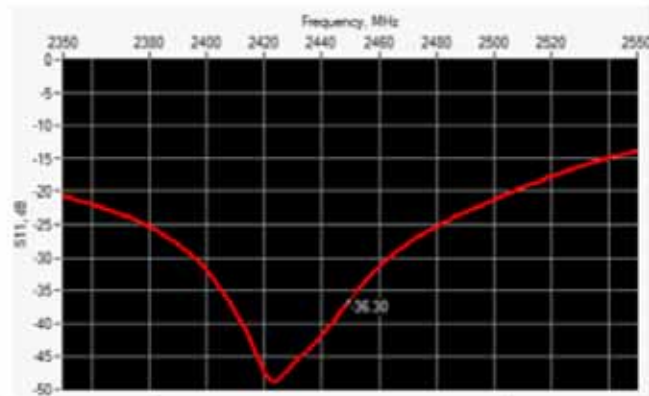
| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g         | 20.3 %               |
| 10 g        | 20.1 %               |

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## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 6.1 RETURN LOSS



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 2450            | -36.30           | -20              |

### 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm       |          | h mm       |          | d mm      |          |
|---------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|               | required   | measured | required   | measured | required  | measured |
| 300           | 420.0 ±1 % |          | 250.0 ±1 % |          | 6.35 ±1 % |          |
| 450           | 290.0 ±1 % |          | 166.7 ±1 % |          | 6.35 ±1 % |          |
| 750           | 176.0 ±1 % |          | 100.0 ±1 % |          | 6.35 ±1 % |          |
| 835           | 161.0 ±1 % |          | 89.8 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 900           | 149.0 ±1 % |          | 83.3 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1450          | 89.1 ±1 %  |          | 51.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1500          | 80.5 ±1 %  |          | 50.0 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1640          | 79.0 ±1 %  |          | 45.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1750          | 75.2 ±1 %  |          | 42.9 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1800          | 72.0 ±1 %  |          | 41.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1900          | 68.0 ±1 %  |          | 39.5 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1950          | 66.3 ±1 %  |          | 38.5 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2000          | 64.5 ±1 %  |          | 37.5 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2100          | 61.0 ±1 %  |          | 35.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2300          | 55.5 ±1 %  |          | 32.6 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2450          | 51.5 ±1 %  | PASS     | 30.4 ±1 %  | PASS     | 3.6 ±1 %  | PASS     |
| 2600          | 48.5 ±1 %  |          | 28.8 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3000          | 41.5 ±1 %  |          | 25.0 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3500          | 37.0 ±1 %  |          | 26.4 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3700          | 34.7 ±1 %  |          | 26.4 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |

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## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

### 7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

|                                           |                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Software                                  | OPENSAR V4                                               |
| Phantom                                   | SN 20/09 SAM71                                           |
| Probe                                     | SN 18/11 EPG122                                          |
| Liquid                                    | Head Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}'$ : 38.6 sigma : 1.82 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm                                                  |
| Area scan resolution                      | $dx=8mm/dy=8mm$                                          |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | $dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$                                   |
| Frequency                                 | 2450 MHz                                                 |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                                   |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 21 °C                                                    |
| Lab Temperature                           | 21 °C                                                    |
| Lab Humidity                              | 45 %                                                     |

### 7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r'$ ) |          | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m |          |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                  | required                                | measured | required                      | measured |
| 300              | 45.3 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 0.87 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 450              | 43.5 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 0.87 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 750              | 41.9 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 0.89 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 835              | 41.5 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 0.90 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 900              | 41.5 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 0.97 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1450             | 40.5 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.20 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1500             | 40.4 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.23 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1640             | 40.2 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.31 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1750             | 40.1 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.37 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1800             | 40.0 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1900             | 40.0 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1950             | 40.0 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 2000             | 40.0 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 2100             | 39.8 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.49 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 2300             | 39.5 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.67 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 2450             | 39.2 $\pm$ 5 %                          | PASS     | 1.80 $\pm$ 5 %                | PASS     |
| 2600             | 39.0 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 1.96 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 3000             | 38.5 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 2.40 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 3500             | 37.9 $\pm$ 5 %                          |          | 2.91 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |

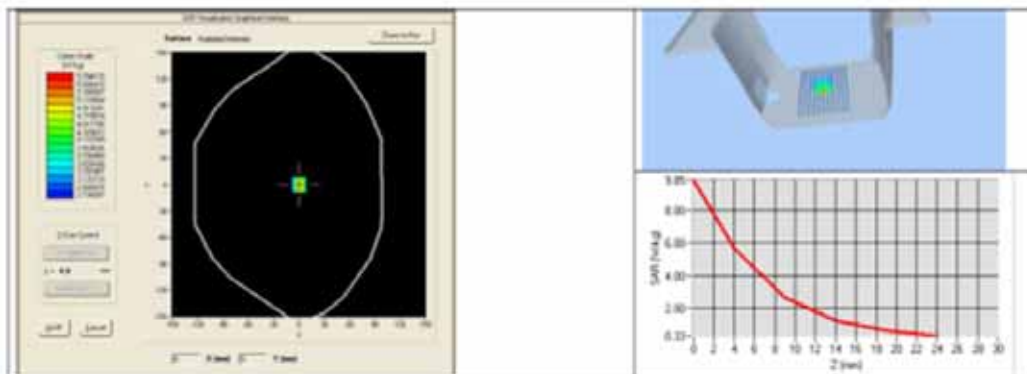
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### 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
|                  | required         | measured     | required          | measured     |
| 300              | 2.85             |              | 1.94              |              |
| 450              | 4.58             |              | 3.06              |              |
| 750              | 8.49             |              | 5.55              |              |
| 835              | 9.56             |              | 6.22              |              |
| 900              | 10.9             |              | 6.99              |              |
| 1450             | 29               |              | 16                |              |
| 1500             | 30.5             |              | 16.8              |              |
| 1640             | 34.2             |              | 18.4              |              |
| 1750             | 36.4             |              | 19.3              |              |
| 1800             | 38.4             |              | 20.1              |              |
| 1900             | 39.7             |              | 20.5              |              |
| 1950             | 40.5             |              | 20.9              |              |
| 2000             | 41.1             |              | 21.1              |              |
| 2100             | 43.6             |              | 21.9              |              |
| 2300             | 48.7             |              | 23.3              |              |
| 2450             | 52.4             | 53.96 (5.40) | 24                | 23.92 (2.39) |
| 2600             | 55.3             |              | 24.6              |              |
| 3000             | 63.8             |              | 25.7              |              |
| 3500             | 67.1             |              | 25                |              |





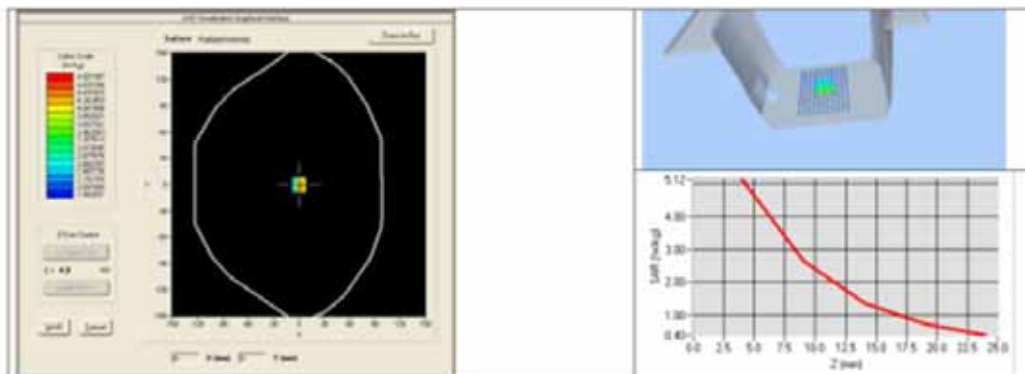
## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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## 7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

|                                           |                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Software                                  | OPENSAR V4                                                  |
| Phantom                                   | SN 20/09 SAM71                                              |
| Probe                                     | SN 18/11 EPG122                                             |
| Liquid                                    | Body Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}' : 52.0$ $\sigma : 1.94$ |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm                                                     |
| Area scan resolution                      | $dx=8mm/dy=8mm$                                             |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | $dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$                                      |
| Frequency                                 | 2450 MHz                                                    |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                                      |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 21 °C                                                       |
| Lab Temperature                           | 21 °C                                                       |
| Lab Humidity                              | 45 %                                                        |

| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
|                  | measured         | measured          |
| 2450             | 52.37 (5.24)     | 24.26 (2.43)      |



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## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet         |                      |                    |                                               |                                               |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Equipment Description           | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date                      | Next Calibration Date                         |
| SAM Phantom                     | Satimo               | SN-20/09-SAM71     | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| COMOSAR Test Bench              | Version 3            | NA                 | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Network Analyzer                | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA  | SN100132           | 02/2013                                       | 02/2016                                       |
| Calipers                        | Carrera              | CALIPER-01         | 12/2012                                       | 12/2015                                       |
| Reference Probe                 | Satimo               | EPG122 SN 18/11    | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Multimeter                      | Keithley 2000        | 1188656            | 11/2012                                       | 11/2015                                       |
| Signal Generator                | Agilent E4438C       | MY49070581         | 12/2012                                       | 12/2015                                       |
| Amplifier                       | Aethercomm           | SN 046             | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                     | HP E4418A            | US38261498         | 11/2012                                       | 11/2015                                       |
| Power Sensor                    | HP ECP-E26A          | US37181460         | 11/2012                                       | 11/2015                                       |
| Directional Coupler             | Narda 4216-20        | 01386              | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company      | 11-661-9           | 3/2013                                        | 3/2015                                        |

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