

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation

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February 3, 2017

Vuzix Corporation 25 Hendrix Road West Henrietta, NY 14586

Dear Devrin Talen,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Vuzix Corporation, M300 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Joel Huna

Documentation Department

Reference: (\Vuzix Corporation\EMC91667B-FCC247 BT Rev. 3)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Vuzix Corporation M300

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in 15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC91667B-FCC247 BT Rev. 3

February 3, 2017

Prepared For:

Vuzix Corporation 25 Hendrix Road West Henrietta, NY 14586

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230



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Donald Salguero, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab Joel Huna

Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Part 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

a Bajura.

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	January 9, 2017	Initial Issue.
1	January 11, 2017	Addition of FCC ID and updated antenna list
2	January 25, 2017	TCB Review Corrections
3	February 3, 2017	Editorial correction.



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μ H	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Vuzix Corporation M300, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the M300. Vuzix Corporation should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the M300, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Vuzix Corporation, purchase order number 507684. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2014.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	Description	Compliance
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	20dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Channels	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Vuzix Corporation to perform testing on the M300, under Vuzix Corporation's purchase order number 507684.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Vuzix Corporation, M300.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	M300	M300		
Model(s) Covered:	M300			
	Primary Power: 5VDC			
	FCC ID: 2AA9D-446			
EUT	Type of Modulations:	GFSK		
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DSS		
	Peak RF Output Power:	9.32 dBm		
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 2402 - 2480 MHz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar			
Evaluated by:	Donald Salguero			
Report Date(s):	February 3, 2017	February 3, 2017		

Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies	
ANSI C63.4:2014	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories	
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Vuzix Corporation M300, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a smart glasses device that is worn on the head. The device includes a display, processor, camera, speaker, and wireless connectivity, and runs the Android operating system. The user runs applications on the device that assist them in their job or provide environmental information.

The M300 must always be connected to an external battery pack. The connection is a custom 8-pin cable designed by Vuzix that connects the M300 to custom battery packs. The default battery pack is an 860 mAh cell with onboard electronics to monitor state of charge and provide battery charging over USB.

E. Equipment Configuration

Ref. ID	Slot #	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Rev. #
A		Smart Glasses	M300	446MA0101	TBD	3
В		Vuzix Power Cable		446CA0002	N/A	1
С		Glasses Battery Pack		446MA0116	TBD	2
D		Glasses Frames		446MA0123	N/A	1

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	*Customer Supplied Calibration Data
E	USB Cable			Not Applicable
F	Laptop	Lenovo		Not Applicable

The 'Customer Supplied Calibration Data' column will be marked as either not applicable, not available, or will contain the calibration date supplied by the customer.

Table 5. Support Equipment



G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty	Length as tested (m)	Max Length (m)	Shielded? (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port Name
1	8-pin Connector	Vuzix 8-pin Cable	1	30"		Yes	8-pin Connector on Battery
2	USB Micro A/B	USB A to Micro-B	1	2	2	Yes	Laptop

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

Non-wireless test mode: The M300 will enable all peripherals, including the camera, flash, display, orientation sensors, proximity sensors, battery charging and communication with the battery pack. The M300 will stay in this mode until explicitly disabled.

Bluetooth test mode: The M300 will be configured to continuously transmit either in normal or hop mode via a test application.

WiFi test mode: The M300 will be configured to continuously transmit with modulation applied with the ability to change channels as well as changing between B, G, N, and AC modes via a test application.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

- 1: The unit will continue to display the camera feed and show the sensor readouts in the display.
- 2: Any other condition or sensor readout will say FAIL.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Vuzix Corporation upon completion of testing.





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. EUT has integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Donald Salguero

Test Date(s): January 1, 2017

Gain (dBi)	Туре	Model	Manufacturer	Comment
0	LDS antenna	Custom	Sunway	WiFi/GPS antenna
0	FPC antenna	Custom	Sunway	WiFi/BT/BLE antenna

Table 7. Antenna List

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§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBµV)			
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average		
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46		
0.45 - 0.5	56	46		
0.5 - 30	60	50		

Table 8. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were within applicable limits

Test Engineer(s):

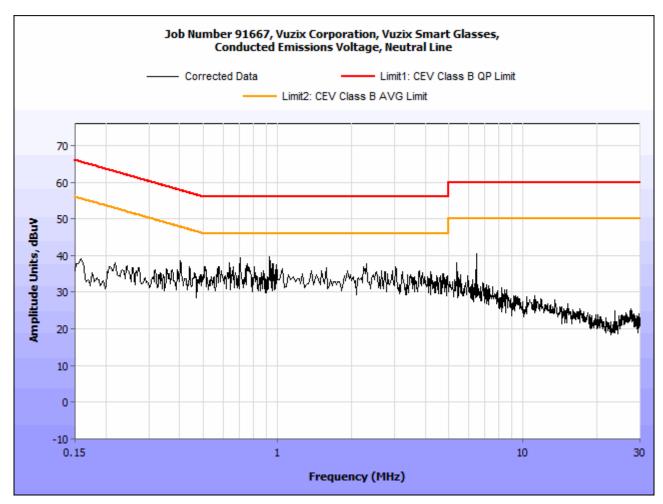
Donald Salguero

Test Date(s):

November 14, 2016



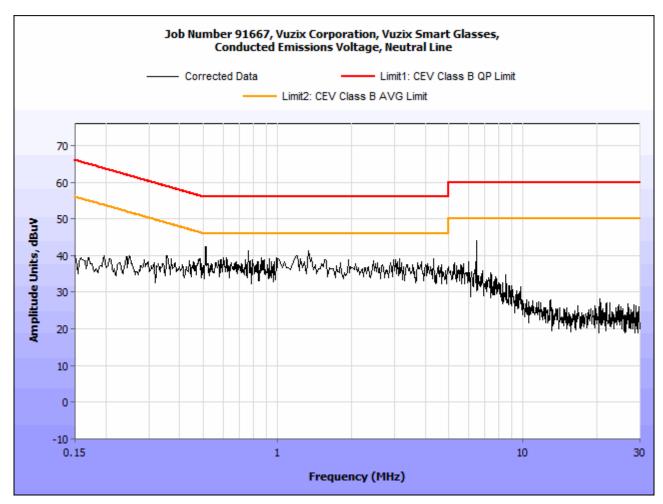
15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results



Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results



Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line



§ 15.247(a)(1) 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and

digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. For DTS, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz. For frequency hopping systems, the EUT shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping

channel, whichever is greater.

Test Procedure: The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a

RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth. The 20 dB bandwidth was

measured and recorded.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2). No anomalies detected.

Test Engineer(s): Donald Salguero

Test Date(s): January 3, 2017

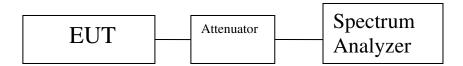
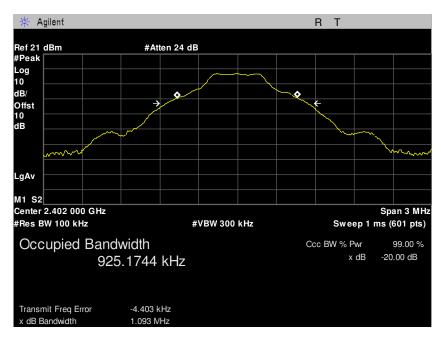


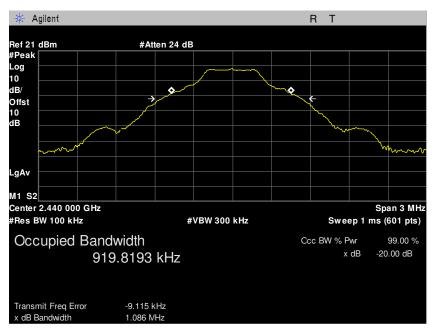
Figure 1. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



20 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

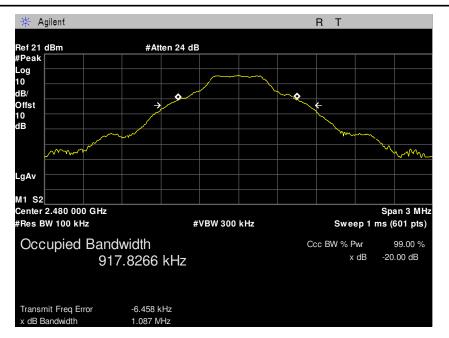


Plot 3. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel



Plot 4. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel





Plot 5. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel



§ 15.247(a)(1) Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Remarks: The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a

20 second period.

The EUT meets the requirement for Average Time of Occupancy or Dwell time. The calculated

result is shown in table below:

Dwell Time							
Frequency Range	No. of Channels	Hopping Period (s)	No. of Burst per Period	Burst duration (s)	Dwell Time (s)	Limit (s)	Margin
2402-2480	79	31.6	97	0.000385	0.0373	0.4	-0.3627

Table 9. Average Time of Occupancy

Dwell Time Calculation;

Hopping period = Number of channel *0.4 = 79*0.4 = 31.6 seconds

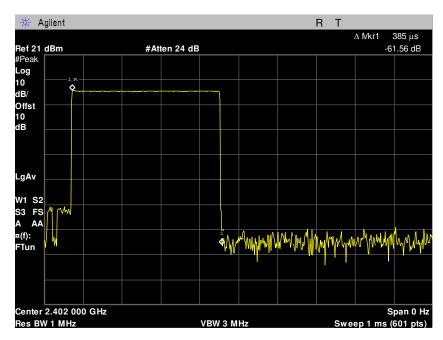
Number of Burst = Burst per hopping period = 97

Burst Duration = time of single burst = 0.000385 seconds

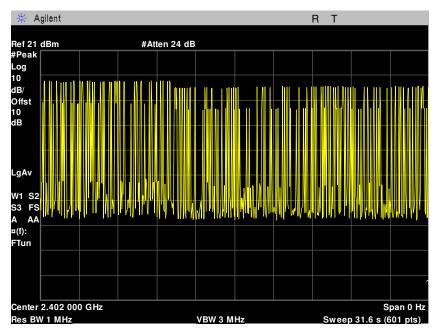
Dwell time = Number of Burst * Burst duration = 97 * 0.000385 = 0.0373 seconds



Dwell Time



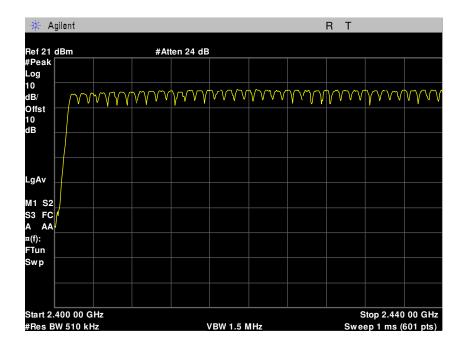
Plot 6. Dwell Time per channel



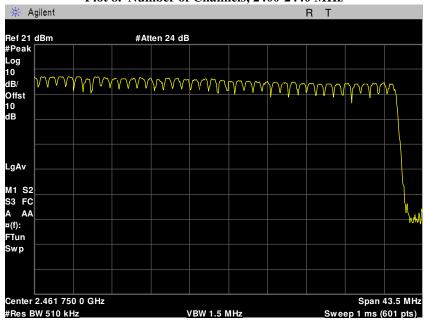
Plot 7. Number of Bursts per Period



§ 15.247(a)(1) Number of RF Channels



Plot 8. Number of Channels, 2400-2440 MHz



Plot 9. Number of Channels, 2440-2483.5 MHz



§ 15.247(a)(1) RF Channel Separation

Requirement: Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of

25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is

greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

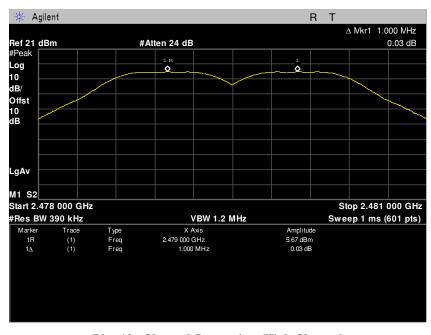
Remarks: EUT operates below 125mW (20dBm). Channels are separated by more than two thirds of the -20dB

Bandwidth.

EDR – 2/3 *1.090 MHz (20dB Bandwidth) = 727 kHz Minimum Separation Distance

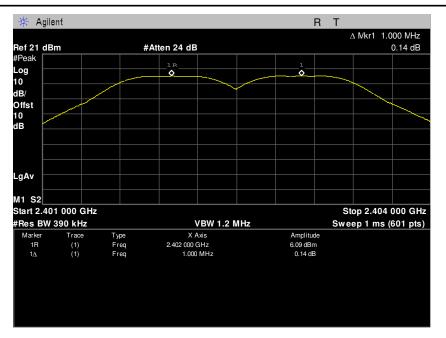
Frequency Band	Channel	Channel-1 MHz	Channel -2 MHz	Separation MHz
	Low Channel	2402	2403	1
2400-2483.5 MHz	Mid Channel	2440	2441	1
	High Channel	2479	2480	1

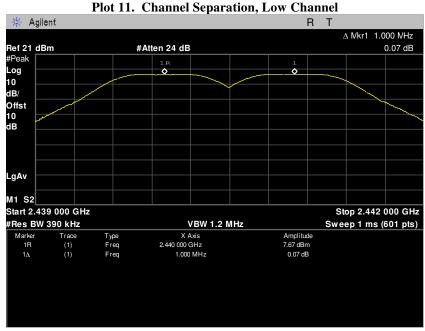
Table 10. RF Channel Separation Results



Plot 10. Channel Separation, High Channel







Plot 12. Channel Separation, Mid Channel



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b)(1): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1)., as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the

low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b). No anomalies

detected.

Test Engineer(s): Donald Salguero and Arsalan Hasan

Test Date(s): January 3, 2017

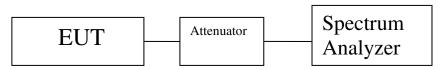


Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



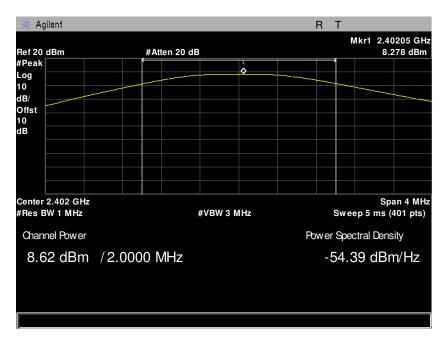
Peak Power Output Test Results

Frequency MHz	Conducted Power dBm	Limit dBm	Margin dBm	Result
2402	8.62	30	-21.38	Pass
2440	9.32	30	-20.68	Pass
2480	7.50	30	-22.5	Pass

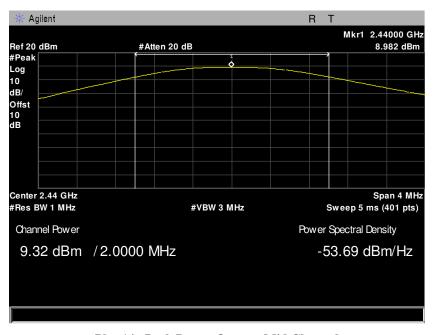
Table 11. Peak Power Output, Test Results



Peak Power Output Test Results

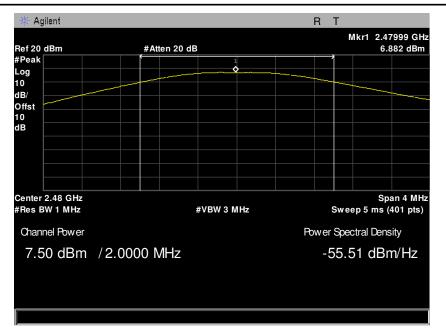


Plot 13. Peak Power Output, Low Channel



Plot 14. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel





Plot 15. Peak Power Output, High Channel



§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 12. Restricted Bands of Operation

 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 13.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits		
	(dBμV) @ 3m		
30 - 88	40.00		
88 - 216	43.50		
216 - 960	46.00		
Above 960	54.00		

Table 13. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures:

The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast with 1 m to 4 m height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions. Measurement were repeated the measurement at the low and highest channels.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

In accordance with §15.35(b) the limit on the radio frequency emissions as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function shall be 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit for the frequency being investigated unless a different peak emission limit is otherwise specified in the rules.

EUT Field Strength Final Amplitude = Raw Amplitude - Preamp gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Distance Correction Factor

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d). Measured

emissions were within applicable limits. Above 15GHz only noise floor was observed on the

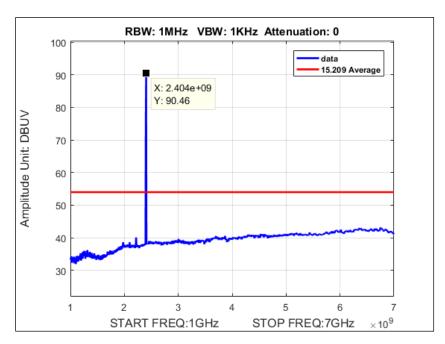
average plots.

Test Engineer(s): Donald Salguero and Arsalan Hasan

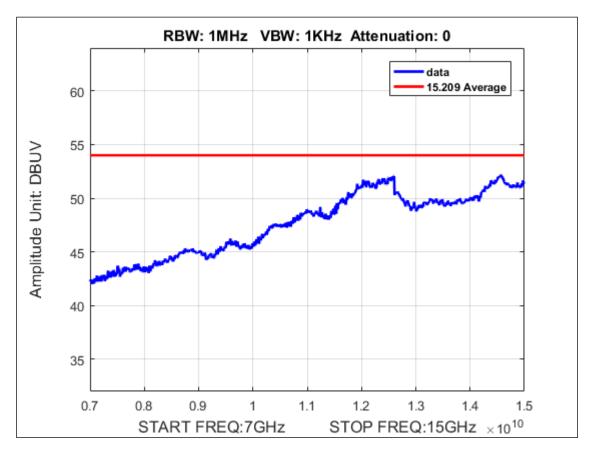
Test Date(s): January 3, 2017



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

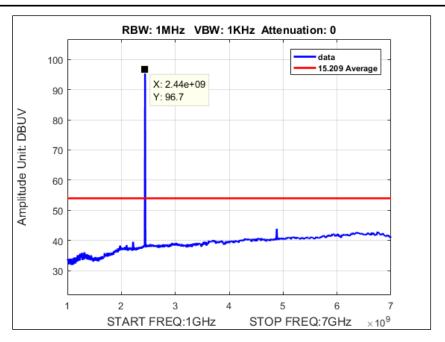


Plot 16. Average Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Low Channel, 2402, 1-7 GHz

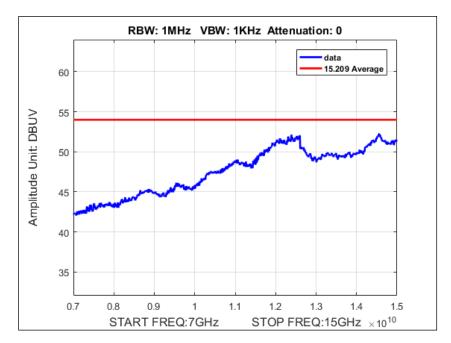


Plot 17. Average Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Low Channel, 2402, 7-15 GHz



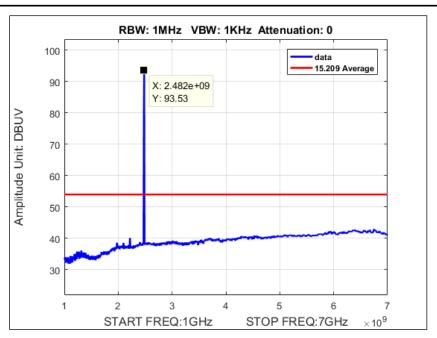


Plot 18. Average Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Mid Channel, 2440, 1-7 GHz

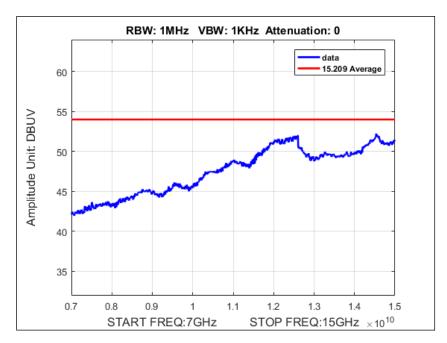


Plot 19. Average Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Mid Channel, 2440, 7-15 GHz



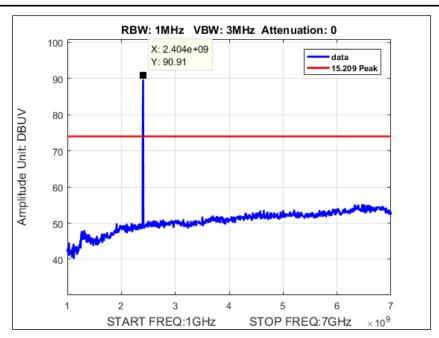


Plot 20. Average Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, High Channel, 2480, 1-7 GHz

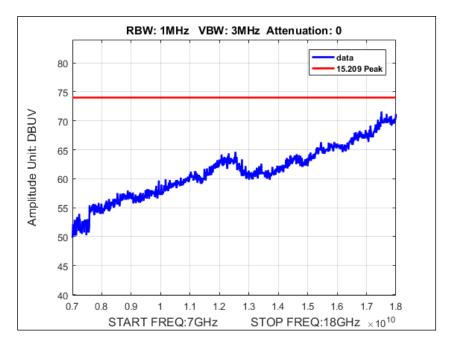


Plot 21. Average Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, High Channel, 2480, 7-15 GHz



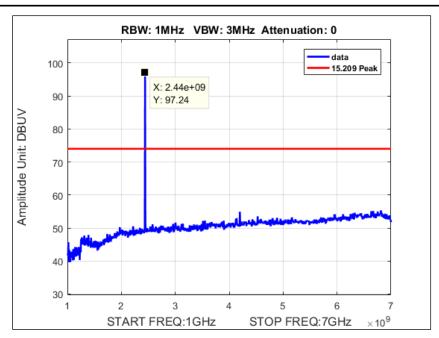


Plot 22. Peak Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Low Channel, 2402, 1-7 GHz

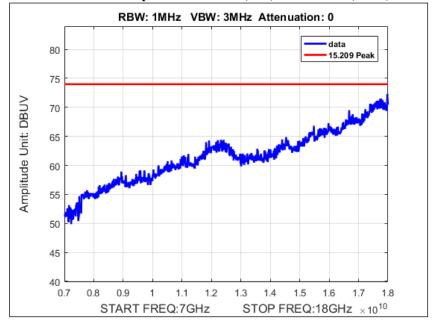


Plot 23. Peak Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Low Channel, 2402, 7-18 GHz



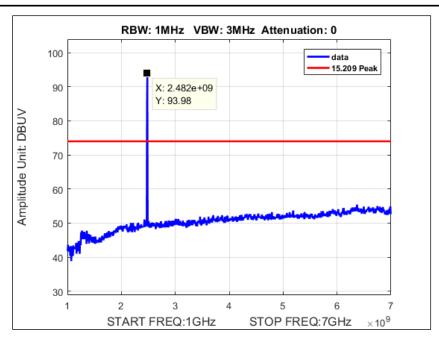


Plot 24. Peak Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Mid Channel, 2440, 1-7 GHz

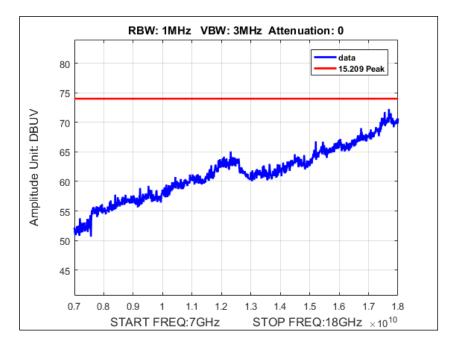


Plot 25. Peak Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, Mid Channel, 2440, 7-18 GHz





Plot 26. Peak Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, High Channel, 2480, 1-7 GHz



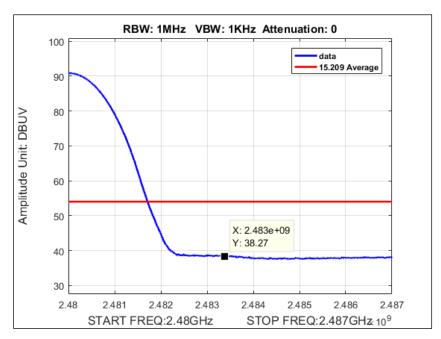
Plot 27. Peak Radiated Spurious Emissions, BT, High Channel, 2480, 7-18 GHz



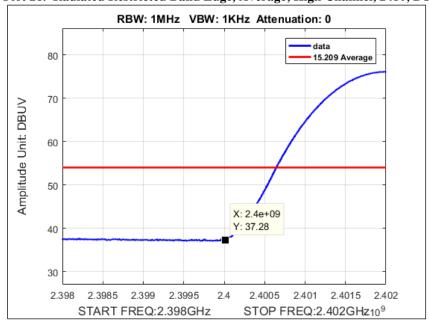
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures:

The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the lowand high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.

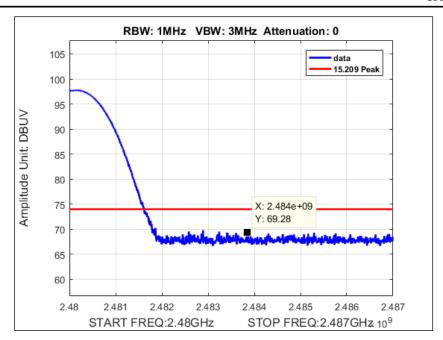


Plot 28. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 2480, BT

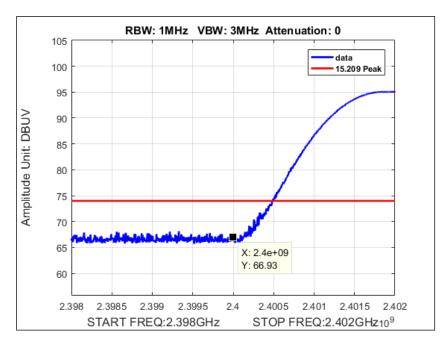


Plot 29. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 2402, BT





Plot 30. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 2480, BT



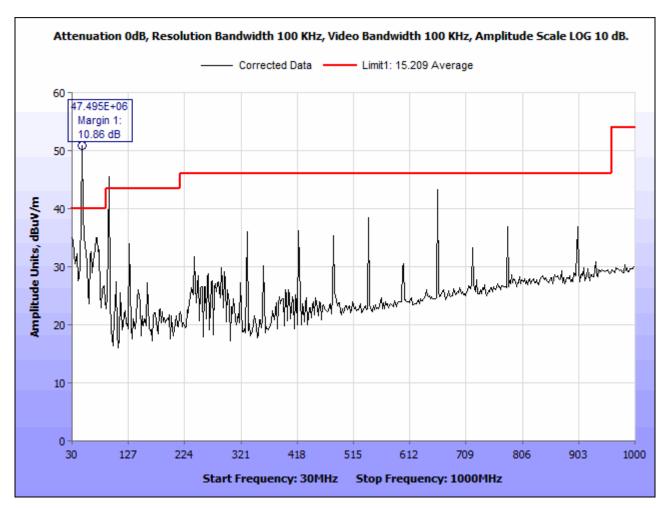
Plot 31. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 2402, BT



Radiated Emissions, Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected EMI Meter Reading (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss/Pre- amp (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
47.013026	77	Н	1.4586	7.04	10.49	0.73	10.46	7.80	39	-31.20
47.013026	30	V	1.2808	24.3	10.49	0.73	10.46	25.06	39	-13.94
94.1483	340	Н	1.7195	5.87	9.14	1.05	10.46	5.60	43.5	-37.90
94.1483	324	V	1.3456	8.35	9.14	1.05	10.46	8.08	43.5	-35.42

Table 14. Radiated Emissions, High Channel, Below 1 GHz, QP Data, Test Results

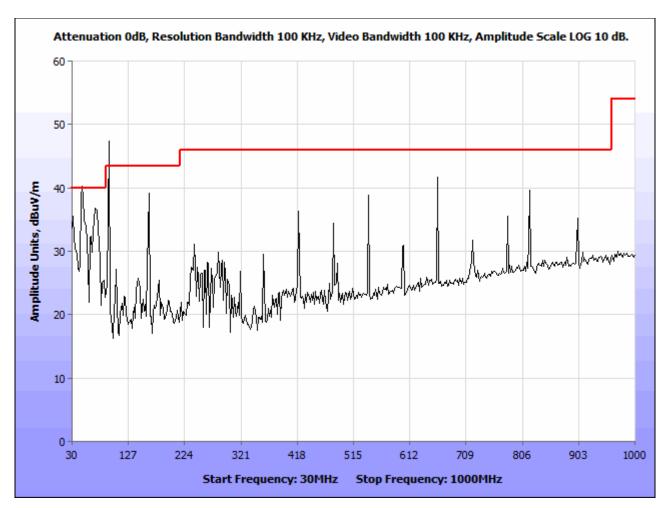


Plot 32. Radiated Emissions, High Channel, Below 1 GHz



Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected EMI Meter Reading (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss/Pre- amp (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
93.714429	172	Н	1.5391	5.8	9.04	1.05	10.46	5.43	43.5	-38.07
93.714429	183	V	1.306	7.42	9.04	1.05	10.46	7.05	43.5	-36.45

Table 15. Radiated Emissions, Low Channel, Below 1 GHz, QP Data, Test Results

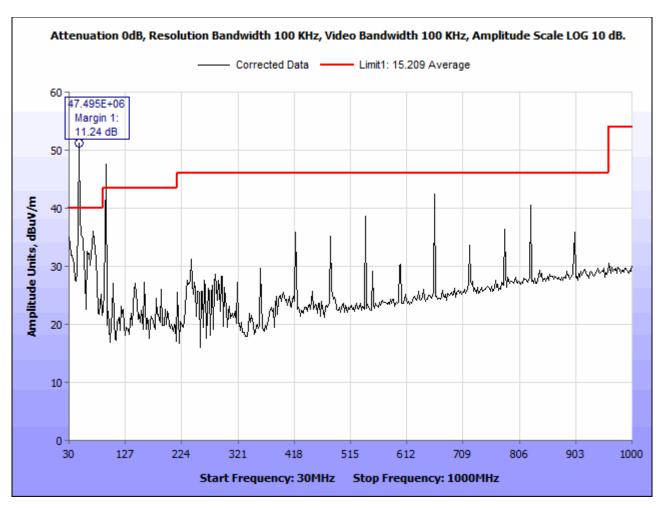


Plot 33. Radiated Emissions, Low Channel, Below 1 GHz



Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected EMI Meter Reading (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss/Pre- amp (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
47.013026	39	Н	1.7643	7.29	10.49	0.73	10.46	8.05	39	-30.95
47.013026	328	V	1.3991	23.53	10.49	0.73	10.46	24.29	39	-14.71
94.1483	134	Н	1.7039	5.8	9.14	1.05	10.46	5.53	43.5	-37.97
94.1483	321	V	1.2813	8.24	9.14	1.05	10.46	7.97	43.5	-35.53

Table 16, Radiated Emissions, Mid Channel, Below 1 GHz, QP Data, Test Results



Plot 34. Radiated Emissions, Mid Channel, Below 1 GHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement:

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d). Measured emissions were within applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s):

Donald Salguero and Arsalan Hasan

January 3, 2017

Test Date(s):

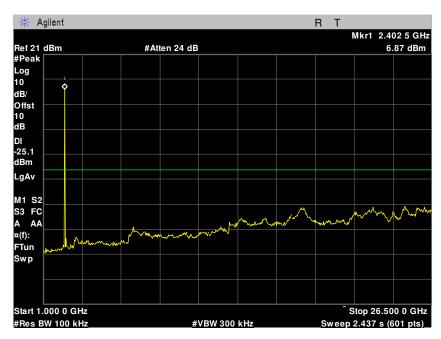
EUT Attenuator Spectrum Analyzer

Figure 3. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

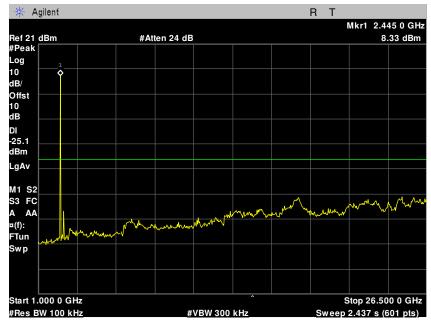
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Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

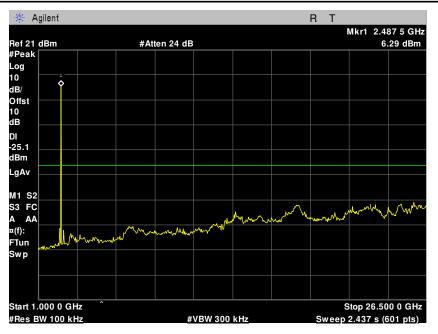


Plot 35. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 100 kHz, 1-26.5 GHz

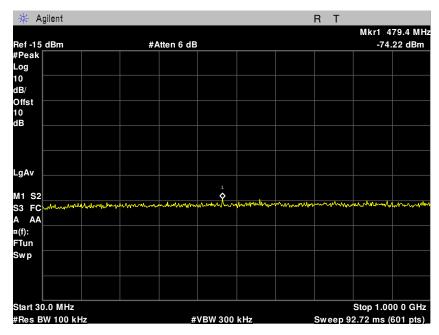


Plot 36. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 100 kHz, 1-26.5 GHz





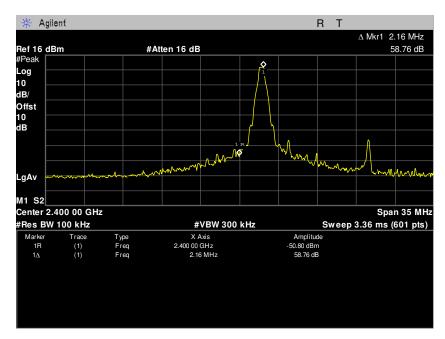
Plot 37. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 100 kHz, 1-26.5 GHz



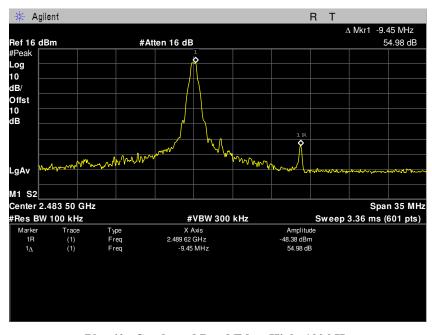
Plot 38. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Worst case, 100 kHz, 30-1000 MHz



Conducted Band Edge Test Results

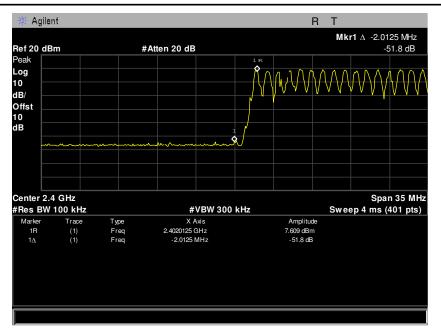


Plot 39. Conducted Band Edge, Low, 100 kHz

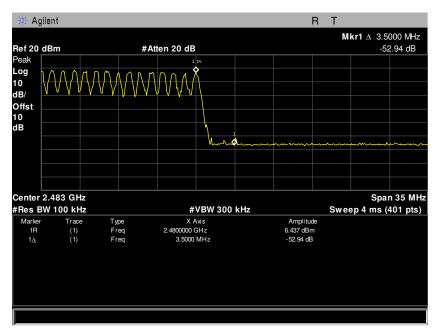


Plot 40. Conducted Band Edge, High, 100 kHz





Plot 41. Conducted Band Edge, Low, 100 kHz, Hopping



Plot 42. Conducted Band Edge, High, 100 kHz, Hopping



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T414 9	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY PROOF	81	NOT RE	QUIRED
1T430 0	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1 (NSA)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	2/6/2015	2/6/2018
1T440 9	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	12/7/2016	12/7/2018
1T444 2	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800-30- 10P	SEE NOTE	
1T448 3	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	10/8/2015	4/8/2017
1T475 1	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	2/26/2016	8/26/2017
1T477 1	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	8/10/2016	2/10/2018

Table 17. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

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- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

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1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1)Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

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The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report