# **FCC RF Exposure Evaluation**

#### 1. Product Information

FCC ID : 2AA7L-OTS169

Product name : Multi-function Bluetooth speaker

Test Model : OTS169 Additional Model : 79277PI/XX

Model Declaration : PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the

same, So no additional models were tested

Input: DC 5V--2A

Power Supply : For AC Adapter Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, 0.3A

For AC Adapter Output: 5.0V --- 2.0A, 10.0W

Hardware Version : /
Software Version : /

Bluetooth : 2402-2480MHz

Channel Number : 79 channels for Bluetooth V5.0 (DSS)
Channel Spacing : 1MHz for Bluetooth V5.0(DSS)

Modulation Type : GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK for Bluetooth V5.0 (DSS)

Bluetooth Version : V5.0

Antenna Type : PCB Antenna

Antenna Gain : OdBi

Exposure category : General population/uncontrolled environment

EUT Type : Production Unit Device Type : Mobile Devices

## 2. Evaluation method and Limit

Systems operating under the provisions of FCC 47 CFR section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's quidelines.

In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device, and below RF Permissible Exposure limit shall comply with.

In accordance with KDB447498D01 for Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modelled or measured field strengths or power density, is  $\leq$  1.0. The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum test separation distance required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency. Either the maximum peak or spatially averaged results from measurements or numerical simulations may be used to determine the MPE ratios. Spatial averaging does not apply when MPE is estimated using simple calculations based on far-field plane-wave equivalent conditions. The antenna installation and operating requirements for the host device must meet the minimum test separation distances required by all antennas, in both standalone and simultaneous transmission operations, to satisfy compliance.

#### 3. Refer Evaluation Method

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

<u>FCC KDB publication 447498 D01 General 1 RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

FCC CFR 47 part1 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

FCC CFR 47 part2 2.1091: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices

#### 3. 2 Limit

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Controlled Exposure

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field Power Density		Averaging Time	
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m) (mW/cm²)		(minute)	
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure					
0.3 – 3.0	614	1.63	(100) *	6	
3.0 – 30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f <sup>2</sup> )*	6	
30 – 300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300 – 1500	/	/	f/300	6	
1500 – 100,000	/	/	5	6	

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field Power Density		Averaging Time			
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m)	(mW/cm²)	(minute)			
	Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure						
0.3 - 3.0	3 – 3.0 614 1.63		(100) *	30			
3.0 – 30	3.0 – 30 824/f		(180/f <sup>2</sup> )*	30			
30 – 300 27.5		0.073	0.2	30			
300 – 1500	300 – 1500 /		f/1500	30			
1500 – 100,000 /		/	1.0	30			

F=frequency in MHz

## 4. MPE Calculation Method

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

 $S=PG/4\pi R^2$ 

Where: S=power density

P=power input to antenna

G=power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R=distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

<sup>\*=</sup>Plane-wave equivalent power density

## 5. Antenna Information

OTS169 Antenna can only use antennas certificated as follows provided by manufacturer;

Internal Identification	Antenna type and antenna number	Operate frequency band	Maximum antenna gain	Note
Antenna	PCB Antenna	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz	0dBi	BT Antenna

## 6. Conducted Power Results

## <BT Classics>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	1.21
	39	2441	2.36
	78	2480	0.93
	0	2402	0.23
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	1.4
	78	2480	-0.03

# 7. Manufacturing Tolerance

## <BT Classics>

GFSK (Peak)					
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78		
Target (dBm)	1.0	2.0	0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
π/4DQPSK (Peak)					
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78		
Target (dBm)	0	1.0	0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

## 6. Evaluation Results

### **6.1 Standalone Evaluation**

As declared by the Applicant, the EUT is a wireless device used in a fix application, at least 20 cm from any body part of the user or nearby persons; from the maximum EUT RF output power, the minimum separation distance, r =20cm, as well as the gain of the used antenna refer to antenna information, the RF power density can be obtained.

[Antenna]

<BT>

Band/Mode	RF output power		Antenna Gain	MPE	MPE
	dBm	mW	(dBi)	(mW/cm2)	Limits (mW/cm2)
GFSK	3.0	1.9953	3.0	0.0004	1.0000
π/4DQPSK	2.0	1.5849	3.0	0.0003	1.0000

#### Remark:

- 1. Output power including tune up tolerance;
- 2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to f) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### 6.2 Simultaneous Transmission for SAR Exclusion

The sample support one BT modular. No need consider simultaneous transmission.

### 7. Conclusion

The measurement results comply with the FCC Limit per 47 CFR 2.1091 for the uncontrolled RF Exposure of mobile device.