SAR Exclusion Justification for FCC ID 2AA3A-SENSORE

Test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm

Guidance document reference: 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01, page 11, paragraph 4.3.1(1).

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] * [Vf(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

SAR test exclusion analysis:

Assumptions: Since the device is hand-held, the minimum separation distance of 5 mm is assumed per the guidance document. Measured rf power output is 5.04 dBm or 3.2 mW

Max. power of channel:	3	mW
Min. separation distance:	5	mm
Max. frequency:	2.48	GHz

[(Pwr/Dist)*Freq.] = 1.488

The result of the above SAR threshold calculation demonstrates that the result is less than the 1-g numeric threshold of 3 and the 10-g numeric threshold of 7.5.

Conclusion: The above analysis shows that the digital transmission system transceiver with FCC ID 2AA3A-SENSORE qualifies for exemption from SAR testing.

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