

# SAR TEST REPORT

Product Name: Feature phone

Model Name: INOI 105

FCC ID: 2A9SN-INOI105

Issued For : INOI Limited Office 302, Dominion Centre 43-59, Queens Road, East Wanchai, Hong Kong, China

Issued By : Shenzhen LGT Test Service Co., Ltd.

Room 205, Building 13, Zone B, Chen Hsong Industrial Park, No.177 Renmin West Road, Jinsha Community, Kengzi Street, Pingshan New District, Shenzhen, China

Report Number:	LGT23A020HA01
Sample Received Date:	Jan. 12, 2023
Date of Test:	Jan. 16, 2023
Date of Issue:	Feb. 09, 2023
	Head: 0.365 W/kg
Max. SAR (1g):	Body: 0.199 W/kg

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## **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Contents
00	Feb.09, 2023	Initial Issue



# **TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION**

Applicant	INOI Limited
Address	Office 302, Dominion Centre 43-59, Queens Road, East Wanchai, Hong Kong, China
Manufacture	INOI Limited
Address	Office 302, Dominion Centre 43-59, Queens Road, East Wanchai, Hong Kong, China
Product Name	Feature phone
Trademark	INOI
Model Name	INOI 105
Sample number	LGT23001025

APPLICABLE STANDARDS			
STANDARD TEST RESULTS			
ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) IEEE 1528: 2013	PASS		

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# **1. General Information**

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

## **1.1 EUT Description**

Product Name	Feature phone					
Trademark	INOI					
Model Name	INOI 105					
Series Model	INOI 100, INOI 101					
Model Difference	ModelMotorKey Screen printingAdapterCameraHardware VersionRear coverINOI 100ONdifferentNONOidenticalidenticalNOI 105YESidenticalYESYESidenticaldifferentNOI 101YESidenticalYESNOidenticalidentical					
Device Category	Portable					
Product stage	Production unit					
RF Exposure Environment	General Population / Uncontrolle	General Population / Uncontrolled				
Hardware Version	E38_MB_V1.0					
Software Version	E19_XMF_BM17M_INOI_105_RU+CIS_V01_20210929_1740					
Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824 ~ 849 MHz PCS 1900: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz					
	Mode Head (W/ kg) Body (W/ kg)					
Max. Reported	GSM 850 0.365 0.199					
SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg)	PCS 1900 0.123 0.082					
	Bluetooth 0.044 0.039					
Battery	Rated Voltage:3.7V Capacity: 600mAh					
Description test modes	SIM 1 and SIM 2 is a chipset unit and tested as single chipset, SIM 1 is used to tested.					
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS Bluetooth: GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8DPSK					
Antenna Specification	GSM: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: monopole Antenna					



Operating Mode	Maximum continuous output		
SIM Card	Support dual-SIM, dual standby, the multiple SIM card with two lines cannot trans mitting at the same time		
Hotspot Mode	Not Support		
DTM Mode	Not Support		



## **1.2 Test Environment**

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Test Environment	
bient conditions in the SAR laboratory:	
Items	Required
Temperature (℃)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

# 1.3 Test Factory

Company Name:	Shenzhen LGT Test Service Co., Ltd.	
Address:	Room 205, Building 13, Zone B, Chen Hsong Industrial Park, No.177 Renmin West Road, Jinsha Community, Kengzi Street, Pingshan New District, Shenzhen, China	
	FCC Registration No.: 746540	
Accreditation Certificate	A2LA Certificate No.: 6727.01	
	IC Registration No.: CN0136	



## 2. Test Standards and Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial- Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01	RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles	į

0.4 8.0 20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

#### **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



## 3. SAR Measurement System

## 3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

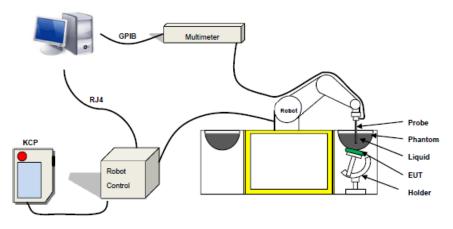
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue;

 $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

#### 3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



COMOSAR is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The COMOSAR system consists of the following items: - Main computer to control all the system

- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 1g mass.

#### 3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 04/22 EPGO364 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 600 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- -Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe



#### 3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 06/22 SAM 148



Figure-SN 06/22 ELLI 51



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm$  0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm$  20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

3.2.3 Device Holder



## 4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

## 4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The uncertainty due to the liquid conductivity and permittivity arises from two different sources. The first source of error is the deviation of the liquid conductivity from its target value (max  $\_$  5 %) and the second source of error arises from the measurement procedures used to assess conductivity. The uncertainty shall be assessed using a rectangular probability For 1 g averaging, the maximum weighting coefficient for SAR is 0,5.

#### IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head and body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table.

Frequency	۶r		σ 1g S/m	
	Head	Body	Head	Body
300	45.3	45.3	0.87	0.87
450	43.5	43.5	0.87	0.87
900	41.5	41.5	0.97	0.97
1450	40.5	40.5	1.20	1.20
1800	40.0	40.0	1.40	1.40
2450	39.2	39.2	1.80	1.80
3000	38.5	38.5	2.40	2.40
5200	36.0	36.0	4.70	4.70



Date	Ambient		Simulating Liquid		Parameters Targe		Measured	Deviation	Limited	
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity %	Frequency (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Farameters	Target	Measureu	%	%	
2023-01-16	21.5	40	835 21.3	Permittivity	41.50	41.60	0.24	±5		
2023-01-16	21.5	48	000	35 21.3	Conductivity	0.90	0.96	6.67	±5	
2022 04 40	01.0	40	1000	04 5	Permittivity	40.00	40.69	1.72	±5	
2023-01-16	21.8	49	1900	21.5	Conductivity	1.40	1.42	1.43	±5	
2023-01-29	23.7	FC	2450	23.4	Permittivity	39.20	40.05	2.17	±5	
2023-01-29	23.7	56	2400	23.4	Conductivity	1.80	1.82	1.11	±5	

## LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

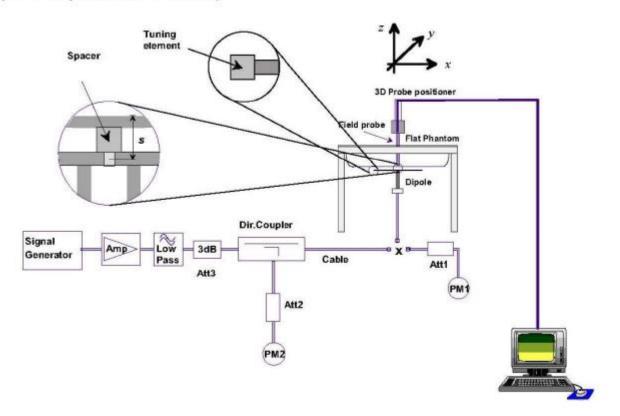


## 5. SAR System Validation

#### 5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.





## 5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of  $\pm 10$  %.

Date	Freq.	Power	Tested Value	Normalized SAR	Target SAR	Tolerance	Limit
	(MHz)	(mW)	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	1g(W/kg)	(%)	(%)
2023-01-16	835	100	0.985	9.85	9.75	1.03	10
2023-01-16	1900	100	4.067	40.67	40.85	-0.44	10
2023-01-29	2450	100	5.146	51.46	54.28	-5.20	10

Note:

- 1. The tolerance limit of System validation  $\pm 10\%$ .
- 2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- 3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



## 6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position.

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface

- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.

- Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or

8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



# 7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a Smart phone, support GSM/BT mode.



**Right side** 

	Antenna Separation Distance(cm)							
ANT	Back Side	Front Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side		
BT	0.5	0.5	0.5	4	7.5	2		
WWAN	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	8.3	0.5		

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.



## 7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

The WWAN/BT SAR evaluation of Maximum power (	(dBm) summing tolerance.

	Wireless Interface	GSM 850	PCS1900	BT
Exposure	Calculated Frequency (GHz)	0.8488	1.880	2.402
Position	Maximum Turn-up power (dBm)	ulated Frequency (GHz)0.8488num Turn-up power (dBm)31.5laximum rated power(mW)1412.54ation distance (cm)0.5ion threshold(mW)9.04sting required?YESation distance (cm)8.3ion threshold(mW)494.62sting required?YESation distance (cm)0.5ion threshold(mW)9.04	26.5	3
	Maximum rated power(mW)	1412.54	446.68	2.00
	Separation distance (cm)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Back Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	9.04	3.39	2.79
	Testing required?	0.8488         1.880           r         31.5         26.5           1412.54         446.68            )         0.5         0.5           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39           )         8.3         8.3           )         8.3         8.3           )         9.04         3.39           )         9.04         3.39 <td>NO</td>	NO	
	Separation distance (cm)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Front Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	9.04	3.39	2.79
	Testing required?	uired? YES YES ance (cm) 0.5 0.5	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Left Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	9.04	3.39	2.79
	Testing required?	0.8488         1.880         2           31.5         26.5         1           1412.54         446.68         2           0.5         0.5         1           9.04         3.39         2           YES         YES         1           9.04         3.39         14           YES         YES         1           9.04         3.39         14           YES         YES         1           8.3         8.3         1           494.62         604.16         47           YES         0.5         1	NO	
	Separation distance (cm)	0.5	0.5	4
Right Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	9.04	3.39	144.27
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	8.3	8.3	7.5
Top Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	494.62	604.16	475.66
	Testing required?	31.5         20.5         33           1412.54         446.68         2.0           (cm)         0.5         0.5         0.           mW)         9.04         3.39         2.7           ?         YES         YES         No           (cm)         0.5         0.5         0.           mW)         9.04         3.39         2.7           ?         YES         YES         No           (cm)         0.5         0.5         0.           mW)         9.04         3.39         2.7           ?         YES         YES         No           (cm)         0.5         0.5         0.           mW)         9.04         3.39         2.7           ?         YES         YES         No           (cm)         0.5         0.5         0.           mW)         9.04         3.39         144           ?         YES         YES         No           (cm)         8.3         8.3         7.           mW)         494.62         604.16         475           ?         YES         NO         No	NO	
	Separation distance (cm)	0.5	0.5	2
Bottom Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	9.04	3.39	38.71
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO



#### Note:

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D04, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D04, if the maximum time-averaged power available does not exceed 1 mW. This stand-alone SAR exemption test.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D04, the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). Pth is given by:

$$P_{th} (mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \ cm} (d/20 \ cm)^x & d \le 20 \ cm \\ \\ ERP_{20 \ cm} & 20 \ cm < d \le 40 \ cm \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz};$$

and

$$ERP_{20\ cm}\ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5\ \text{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5\ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6\ \text{GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

5. Per KDB 447498 D04, An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is using below table and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in below table to apply, R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of  $\lambda/4$  or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).



RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	1,920 R².
1.34-30	3,450 R²/f².
30-300	3.83 R².
300-1,500	0.0128 R <sup>2</sup> f.
1,500-100,000	19.2R <sup>2</sup> .

- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary.



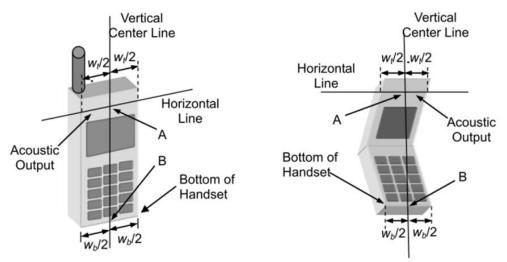
# 8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

## 8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

(1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
 (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.

(3) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



#### Cheek Position

1) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the earpiece with the line RE-LE.

2) To move the device towards the phantom with the earpiece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost





**Title Position** 

(1) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.

(2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.



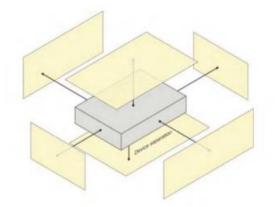
Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).





# 9. Uncertainty

## 9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

ipproximately the 95% confide			coverage			4 1	40	
Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System	(1- 70)	Dist.			(109)	(1-70)	(1-70)	
Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	2.41	2.41	8
Boundary effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	
•								8
System detection limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.81	1.81	$\infty$
RF ambient conditions- Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF ambient conditions- reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algoritms for Max, SAR	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Test sample Related	_				-	-	-	-
Test sample positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device holder uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	ø
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
Phantom and tissue param	eters				-	-	-	-
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	ø
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	2	Ν	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	ø
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty)	4	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	5
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	5	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	5
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	8
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	$\infty$
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.47	10.34	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		К				20.95	20.69	



## 9.2 System validation uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System	-			-			-	-
Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.02	2.02	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Boundary effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.71	0.71	8
System detection limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	0	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	<u></u> 1	1	1	0.50	0.50	80
Response Time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	80
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
RF ambient conditions-	1.4	ĸ		0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
RF ambient conditions- reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	$\infty$
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	$\infty$
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algoritms for Max, SAR	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	ø
Dipole								
Deviation of Experimental Source from Numerical Source	5	Ν	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	8
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.29	0.29	$\infty$
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
Phantom and Tissue Param	eters							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	ø
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	2	Ν	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty)	4	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	5
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	5	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	5
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	8
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.16	10.03	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		к				20.32	20.06	



## **10. Conducted Power Measurement**

#### 10.1 Test Result:

Burst Average Power (dBm)									
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900					
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8			
GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.99	30.72	31.42	25.30	26.12	26.44			
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.88	30.64	31.32	25.55	26.36	26.67			
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	28.82	28.62	29.06	23.74	24.02	24.35			
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	26.87	26.76	27.24	22.12	22.46	22.86			
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	24.96	24.90	25.51	20.25	20.66	21.16			
Remark: GPRS, CS4 codin	•				•				

Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Frame- Average Power(dBm)									
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900					
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8			
GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.96	21.69	22.39	16.27	17.09	17.41			
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.85	21.61	22.29	16.52	17.33	17.64			
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	22.80	22.60	23.04	17.72	18.00	18.33			
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	22.61	22.50	22.98	17.86	18.20	18.60			
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	21.95	21.89	22.50	17.24	17.65	18.15			
Remark <sup>.</sup>									

Remark:

1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.

2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

Burst - averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 TX Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 TX Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 TX Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 TX Slots) - 3.01 dB



	BT									
Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)						
	0	2402	0.94	1.24						
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	0.74	1.19						
	78	2480	0.74	1.19						
	0	2402	2.15	1.64						
π/4-QPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	1.92	1.56						
	78	2480	1.44	1.39						
	0	2402	2.37	1.73						
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	2.19	1.66						
	78	2480	1.45	1.40						



# 11. EUT and Test Setup Photo

## 11.1 EUT Photos



#### Back side





## **Right Edge**



## Left Edge





Top Edge



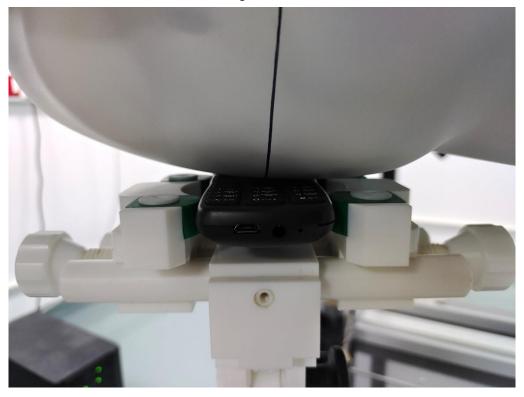
## Bottom Edge





# 11.2 Setup Photos

# Right Touch

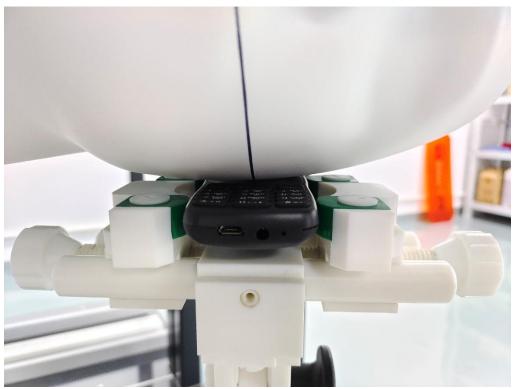


# Right Tilt





Left Touch

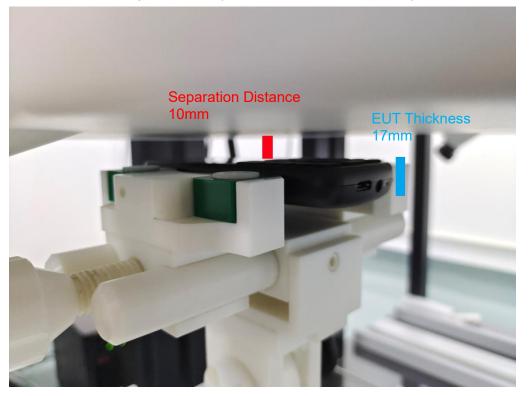


Left Tilt

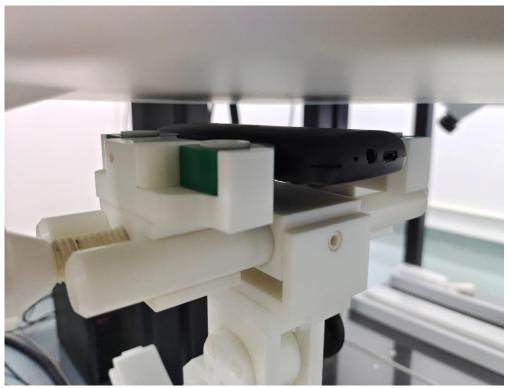




## Body Front side (separation distance is 10mm)



Body Back side (separation distance10mm)





Body Left side (separation distance is 10mm)

Body Right side (separation distance is 10mm)







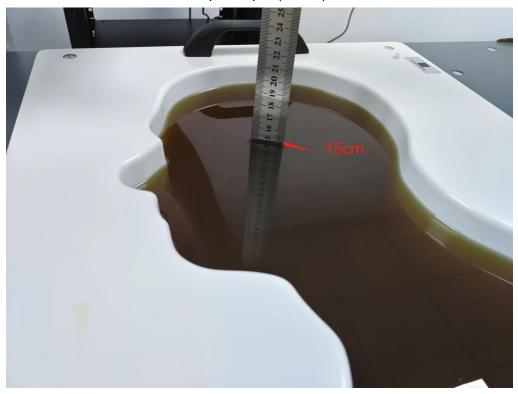
Body Top side (separation distance is 10mm)

Body Bottom side (separation distance is 10mm)

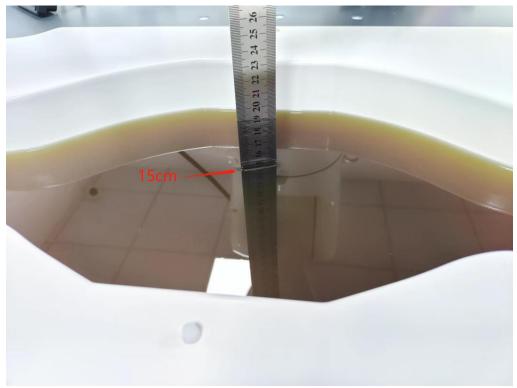




Liquid depth (15 cm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)





# 12. SAR Result Summary

#### 12.1 Head SAR

Band	Model	Test Position	Freq.	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas.No.
		Right Cheek	848.8	0.322	3.58	31.50	31.42	0.328	/
		Right Tilt	848.8	0.153	-2.95	31.50	31.42	0.156	/
GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	824.2	0.290	-1.05	31.50	30.99	0.326	/
G3101650	GSIVI	Left Cheek	836.6	0.285	3.27	31.50	30.72	0.341	/
		Left Cheek	848.8	0.358	-3.84	31.50	31.42	0.365	1
		Left Tilt	848.8	0.234	-3.23	31.50	31.42	0.238	/
		Right Cheek	1880	0.113	-1.49	26.50	26.12	0.123	3
PCS 1900	GSM	Right Tilt	1880	0.065	2.14	26.50	26.12	0.071	/
PC5 1900	GSIM	Left Cheek	1880	0.071	-0.05	26.50	26.12	0.077	/
		Left Tilt	1880	0.040	-3.62	26.50	26.12	0.044	/
		Right Cheek	2402	0.031	-1.09	3.00	2.37	0.036	/
Pluotooth	8DPSK	Right Tilt	2402	0.038	0.40	3.00	2.37	0.044	5
Bluetooth	ODPSK	Left Cheek	2402	0.020	3.31	3.00	2.37	0.023	/
		Left Tilt	2402	0.021	-3.94	3.00	2.37	0.024	/

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D04, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated

power among all production units.

b. Scaled SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) \*Tune-up Scaling Factor

2. Per KDB 865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg



#### 12.2 Body-worn SAR

Band	Model	Test Position	Freq.	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn- up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas.No.
		Front Side	824.2	0.165	-1.58	29.50	28.82	0.193	/
		Front Side	836.6	0.150	3.05	29.50	28.62	0.184	/
		Front Side	848.8	0.180	-2.45	29.50	29.06	0.199	2
COMPEO	GPRS	Back Side	848.8	0.145	-3.52	29.50	29.06	0.160	/
GSM850	Data-2 Slot	Left Side	848.8	0.103	2.72	29.50	29.06	0.114	/
		Right Side	848.8	0.099	-2.42	29.50	29.06	0.110	/
		Top Side	848.8	0.019	-3.99	29.50	29.06	0.021	/
		Bottom Side	848.8	0.044	-2.22	29.50	29.06	0.049	/
	GPRS Data-3 Slot	Front Side	1909.8	0.052	3.54	23.00	22.86	0.054	/
		Back Side	1909.8	0.079	-0.20	23.00	22.86	0.082	4
PCS 1900		Left Side	1909.8	0.036	-3.50	23.00	22.86	0.037	/
		Right Side	1909.8	0.025	-1.86	23.00	22.86	0.026	/
		Bottom Side	1909.8	0.021	3.88	23.00	22.86	0.022	/
Bluetooth	8DPSK	Front Side	2402	0.034	1.13	3.00	2.37	0.039	6
		Back Side	2402	0.026	-2.08	3.00	2.37	0.030	/
		Left Side	2402	0.025	3.12	3.00	2.37	0.029	/
		Right Side	2402	0.015	-3.91	3.00	2.37	0.017	/
		Тор	2402	0.022	-1.98	3.00	2.37	0.025	/

Note:

1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.

Per KDB 447498 D04, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

b. Scaled SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) \*Tune-up Scaling Factor

3. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.



#### Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous State
Head	1. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	1. GSM + Bluetooth

#### NOTE:

1. Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.

2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.

3. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.

4. KDB 447498 Appendix E, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion: SARest =1.6 · Pant / Pth [W/kg].

Pant is maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, and Pth is defined in Formula KDB 447498 (B.2). When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR	1-g Sum SAR
			(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM + Bluetooth	Head	GSM	0.365	0.409
		Bluetooth	0.044	
		GSM	0.199	0.238
	Body	Bluetooth	0.039	0.236

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



# 13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	MVG	DIP0G835	SN 06/22 DIP0G835-639	2022.02.11	2023.02.10
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	DIP1G900	SN 06/22 DIP1G900-641	2022.02.11	2023.02.10
2450MHz Dipole	MVG	GIP2G450	SN 06/22 DIP2G450-645	2022.02.11	2023.02.10
E-Field Probe	MVG	EPGO364	SN 04/22 EPGO364	2022.02.11	2023.02.10
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	OCPG 87	SN 06/22 OCPG87	2022.02.11	2023.02.10
Antenna	MVG	ANTA 73	SN 06/22 ANTA 73	N/A	N/A
Ellipsoid Phantom	MVG	ELLI 51	SN 06/22 ELLI 51	N/A	N/A
Phantom	MVG	SAM 148	SN 06/22 SAM148	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	MSH 117	SN 06/22 MSH 117	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	LSH 36	SN 06/22 LSH 38	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	SHW	SHWDCP	202203280013	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46418070	2022.03.28	2023.03.27
Multi Meter	Keithley	DMM6500	DMM6500	2022.05.05	2023.05.04
Signal Generator	Keithley	N5182B	MY59100717	2022.04.29	2023.04.28
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	137737	2022.04.29	2023.04.28
Power Sensor	R&S	Z11	116184	2022.03.28	2023.03.27
Temperature hygrometer	N/A	ST-W2318	N/A	2022.05.05	2023.05.04
Thermograph	N/A	TP101	N/A	2022.05.05	2023.05.04



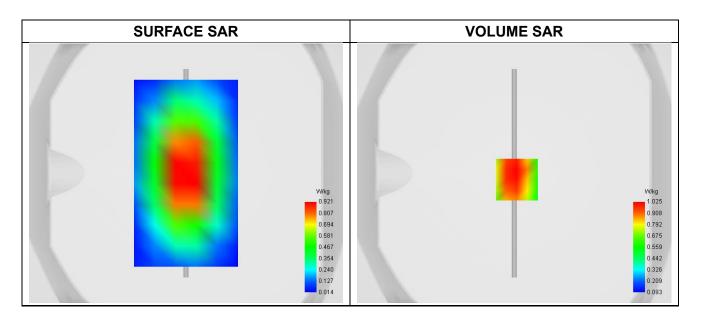
# **Appendix A. System Validation Plots**

## System Performance Check Data (835MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2023-01-16

### Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835.000
Relative permittivity	41.60
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Probe	SN 04/22 EPGO364
ConvF	1.72
Crest factor:	1:1

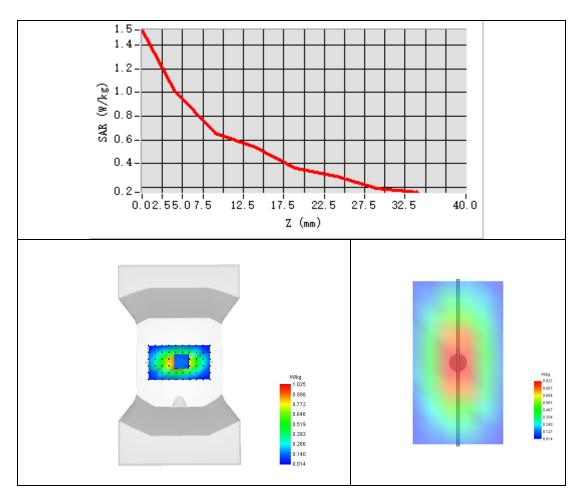


#### Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-5.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.44 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.622260
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.985219



Z Axis Scan



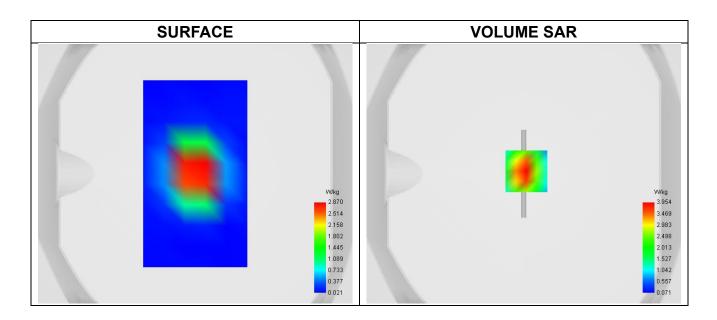


# System Performance Check Data (1900MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement:2023-01-16

### Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity	40.69
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Probe	SN 04/22 EPGO364
ConvF	2.25
Crest factor:	1:1

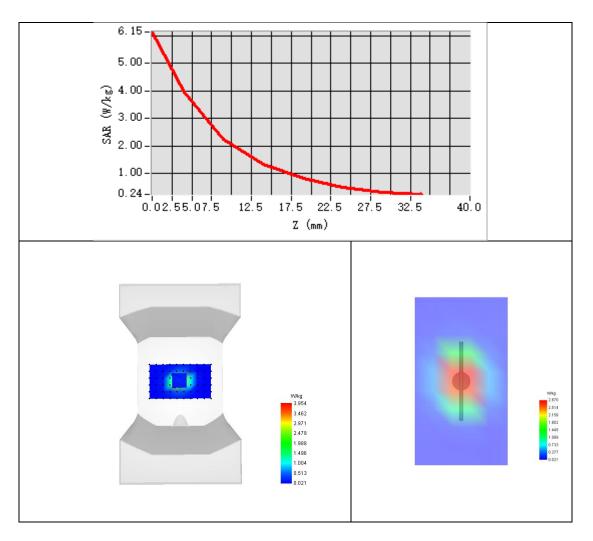


### Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00 ; SAR Peak: 6.20 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.082880
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.067303







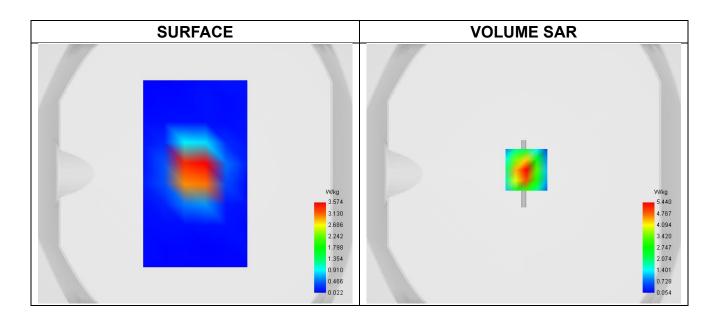


# System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement:2023-01-29

### Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permittivity	40.05
Conductivity (S/m)	1.82
Probe	SN 04/22 EPGO364
ConvF	2.33
Crest factor:	1:1

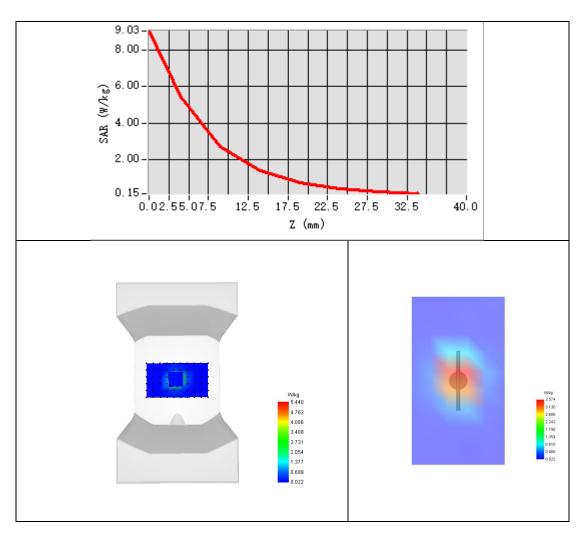


### Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=3.00 ; SAR Peak: 9.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.375
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.146



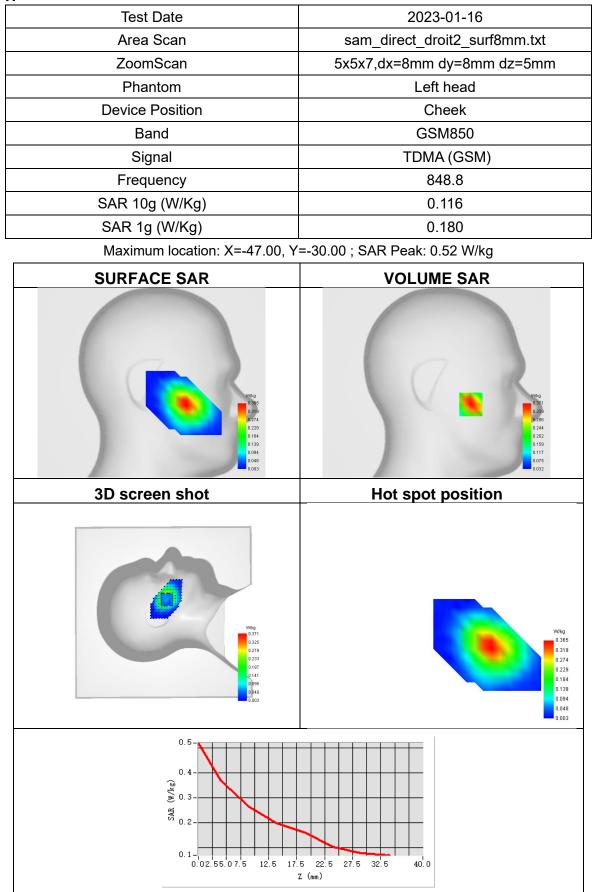






# **Appendix B. SAR Test Plots**

Plot 1:

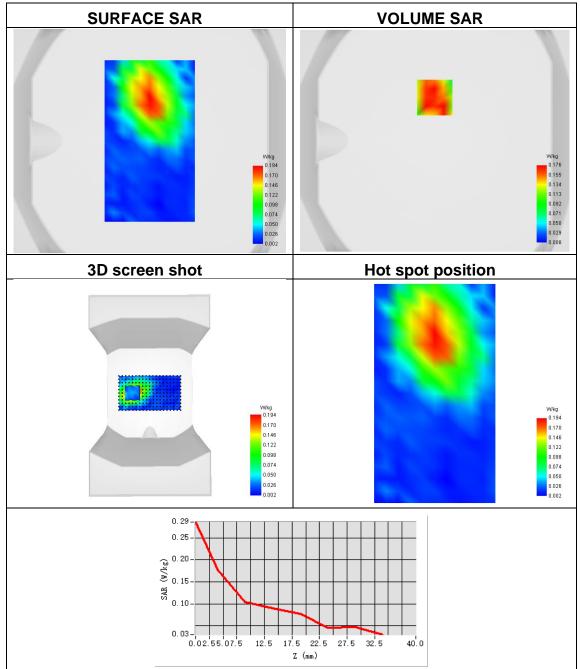




Plot 2:

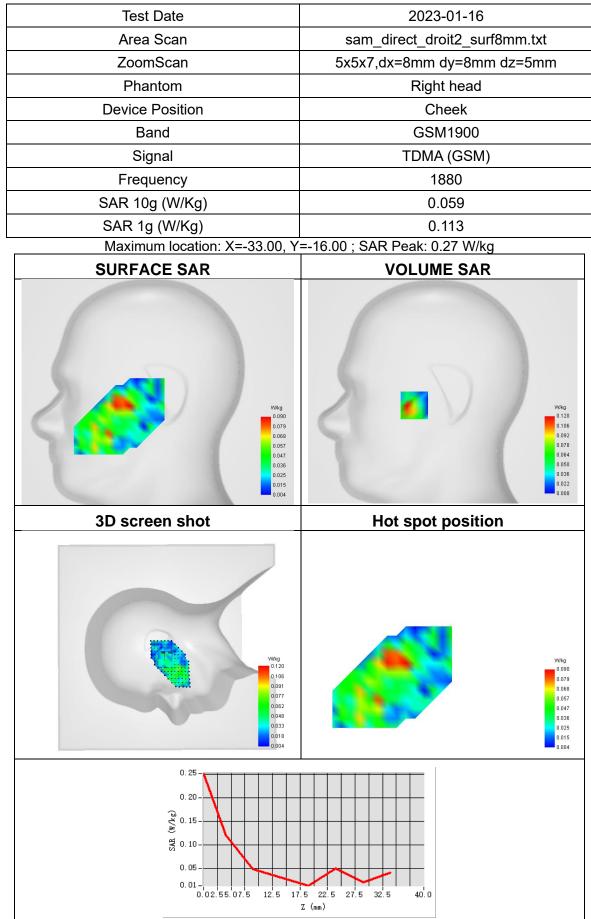
Test Date	2023-01-16
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Front Side
Band	GPRS850
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)
Frequency	848.8
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.212
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.358

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=39.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.30 W/kg





Plot 3:

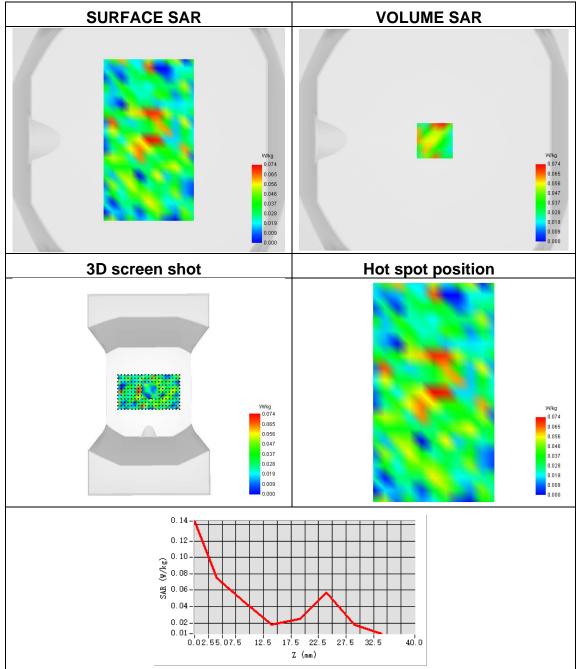




#### Plot 4:

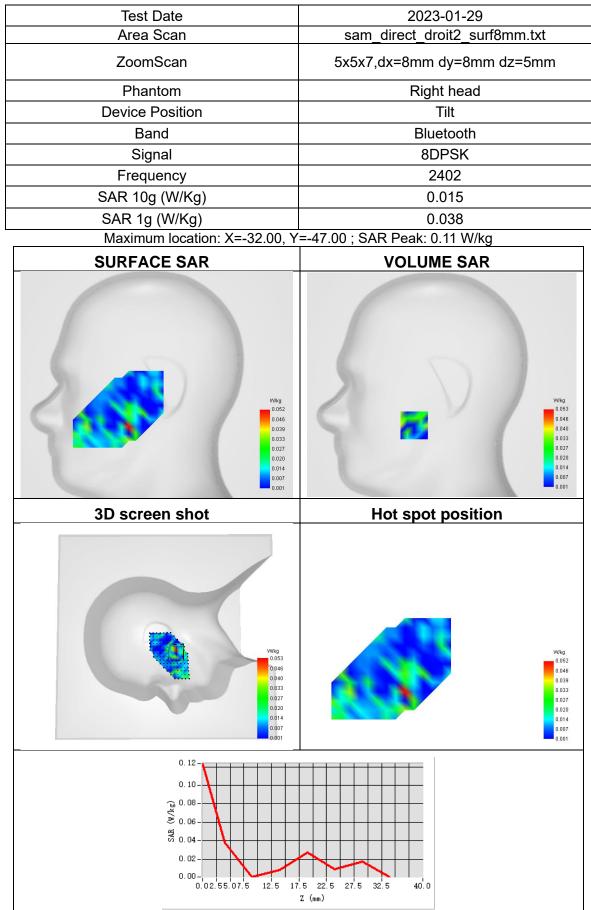
Test Date	2023-01-16
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back Side
Band	GPRS1900
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)
Frequency	1909.8
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.043
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.079

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg





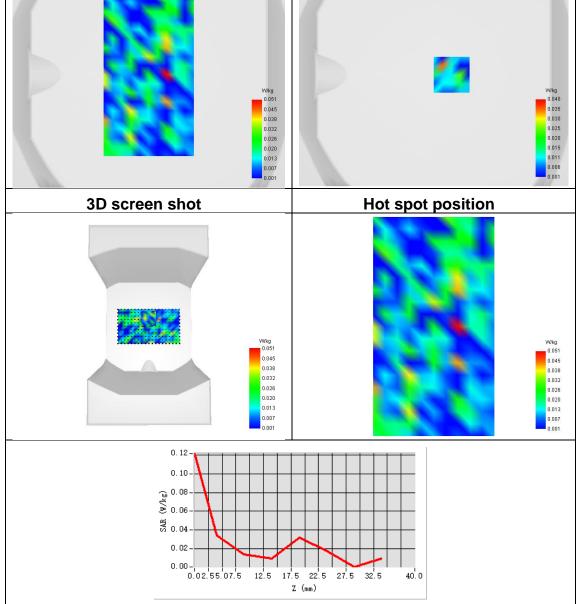
Plot 5:





Plot 6:

Test Date	2023-01-29
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Front Side
Band	Bluetooth
Signal	8DPSK
Frequency	2402
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.016
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.034
Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.11 W/kg	
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR





# Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

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