

## FCC ID: 2A9MY-HT-S055

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})} \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHZ})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Modulation	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conduct ed power (dBm)	Conducte d power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Result calculatio n	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
GFSK	2.480	-7.43	0.18	-7±1	-6.00	0.25	<5	0.07911	3.00	YES
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2.480	-6.61	0.22	-6±1	-5.00	0.32	<5	0.09960	3.00	YES
8DPSK	2.480	-6.08	0.25	-6±1	-5.00	0.32	<5	0.09960	3.00	YES

**Conclusion:**

For the max result :  $0.09960 < 3$ , the SAR testing is not required.