



# SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant: Shenzhen Huion Trend Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: Huion Science and Technology Park, Keji 1st Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen

China

**FCC ID: 2A8IG-D226** 

**Product Name: Creative Pen Computer** 

Tested Model: KS1601

Multiple Models: KS1301, KT1001, KT1101, KT1201, KT1601

**Standard(s):** 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: CR230206891-20A

**Date Of Issue: 2023-03-25** 

Reviewed By: Karl Gong Karl Gong

Title: SAR Engineer

**Test Laboratory: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)** 

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# SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Operation Frequency Bands	Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)  Body SAR (Gap 0mm)	Limits (W/kg)				
WLAN 2.4G	0.33					
WLAN 5.2G	1.26					
WLAN 5.3G	1.18	1.6				
WLAN 5.6G	1.00	]				
WLAN 5.8G	1.32					
Maxim	Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR					
Items	Body-Supported (Gap 0mm)	Limits				
Sum SAR(W/kg)	2.25	1.6				
SPLSR	0.04	0.04				
EUT Received Date:	2023/03/06					
Tested Date:	2023/03/20~2023/03/21					
Tested Result:	Pass					

### **Test Facility**

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 442868, the FCC Designation No.: CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

#### **Declarations**

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "\( \Lambda \)". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number Report Number		Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	CR230206891-20A	Original Report	2023-03-25

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Device Type:	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	None	
Operation modes:	WLAN and Bluetooth	
Frequency Band:	WLAN 2.4G: 2412 MHz-2462 MHz/2422 MHz-2452 MHz WLAN 5.2G: 5150 MHz-5250 MHz WLAN 5.3G: 5250 MHz-5350 MHz WLAN 5.6G: 5470 MHz-5725 MHz WLAN 5.8G: 5725 MHz-5850 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz-2480 MHz	
Conducted RF Power:	WLAN 2.4G: 15.30 dBm WLAN 5.2G: 14.42 dBm WLAN 5.3G: 14.99 dBm WLAN 5.6G: 16.45 dBm WLAN 5.8G: 15.89 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 3.46 dBm BLE: 3.15 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	385 mm (L) * 237 mm (W) * 14 mm (H)	
Rated Input Voltage:	: DC 15.4 V from Rechargeable Battery	
Serial Number:	: 2265-1	
Normal Operation:	Body Supported	

# 1.2 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

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KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures

### 1.3 SAR Limts

### **FCC Limit**

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	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg for 1g SAR applied to the EUT.

# 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

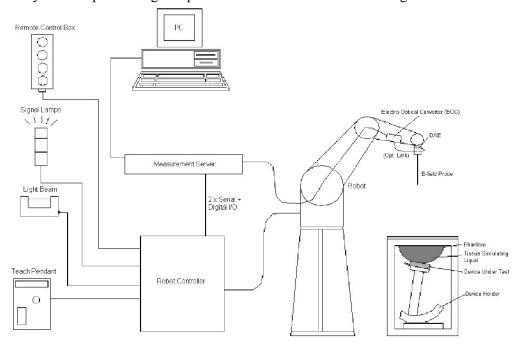
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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# **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is
  battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the
  EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



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processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

# **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \ \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

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# Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7329 Calibrated: 2023/1/3.

Calibration Frequency	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
Point(MHz)	From	To	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	10.33	10.33	10.33
900 Head	850	1000	9.90	9.90	9.90
1450 Head	1350	1550	8.96	8.96	8.96
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.47	8.47	8.47
1900 Head	1850	2000	8.18	8.18	8.18
2100 Head	2000	2200	8.25	8.25	8.25
2300 Head	2200	2400	8.00	8.00	8.00
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.75	7.75	7.75
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.51	7.51	7.51
5200 Head	5090	5250	5.60	5.60	5.60
5300 Head	5250	5410	5.37	5.37	5.37
5600 Head	5490	5700	4.90	4.90	4.90
5800 Head	5700	5910	4.85	4.85	4.85

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

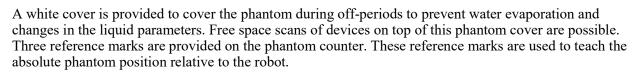
The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left Head
- \_ Right Head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of  $100 \times 50 \times 85 \text{ cm}$  (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the

standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



#### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.



#### **SAR Scan Pricedures**

### **Step 1: Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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### **Step 2: Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

### **Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

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Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	solution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

### **Step 4: Power Drift Measurement**

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

# Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 - Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

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Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (σ)
MHz	$arepsilon_{ m r}$	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

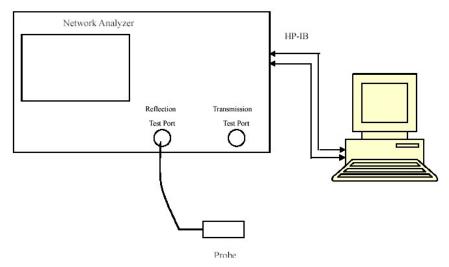
# 3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

# **3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information**

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1354	2022/10/31	2023/10/30
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2023/1/3	2024/1/2
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1412	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2021/6/28	2024/6/27
Dipole,5GHz	D5GHzV2	1246	2022/11/1	2025/10/31
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head(500-9500 MHz)	HBBL600-10000V6	220420-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2828A00170	2022/10/24	2023/10/23
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350144	2022/7/15	2023/7/14
USB Wideband Power Sensor	U2021XA	MY54080015	2022/7/15	2023/7/14
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR

# 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# 4.1 Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O(S/m)	$\Delta  \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ	(%)
2400	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.325	1.742	39.30	1.76	-2.48	-1.02	±5
2410	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.289	1.759	39.28	1.77	-2.52	-0.62	±5
2420	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.223	1.763	39.26	1.77	-2.64	-0.4	±5
2430	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.191	1.776	39.24	1.78	-2.67	-0.22	±5
2440	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.036	1.788	39.22	1.79	-3.02	-0.11	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.972	1.797	39.2	1.8	-3.13	-0.17	±5
2460	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.905	1.812	39.19	1.81	-3.28	0.11	±5
2470	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.844	1.828	39.18	1.82	-3.41	0.44	±5
2480	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.729	1.833	39.16	1.83	-3.65	0.16	±5
2490	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.614	1.842	39.15	1.84	-3.92	0.11	±5
2500	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.588	1.856	39.14	1.86	-3.97	-0.22	±5
2510	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.425	1.867	39.12	1.87	-4.33	-0.16	±5
2520	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.358	1.879	39.11	1.88	-4.48	-0.05	±5
2530	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.305	1.899	39.1	1.89	-4.59	0.48	±5
2540	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.297	1.901	39.09	1.9	-4.59	0.05	±5
2550	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.214	1.923	39.07	1.91	-4.75	0.68	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/03/20.

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Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O'(S/m)	$\Delta  \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔO	(%)
5150	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.244	4.452	36.05	4.61	0.54	-3.43	±5
5160	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.241	4.455	36.04	4.62	0.56	-3.57	±5
5170	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.264	4.471	36.03	4.63	0.65	-3.43	±5
5180	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.275	4.482	36.02	4.64	0.71	-3.41	±5
5190	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.286	4.494	36.01	4.65	0.77	-3.35	±5
5200	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.287	4.505	36	4.66	0.80	-3.33	±5
5210	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.282	4.516	35.99	4.67	0.81	-3.30	±5
5220	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.291	4.527	35.98	4.68	0.86	-3.27	±5
5230	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.284	4.539	35.97	4.69	0.87	-3.22	±5
5240	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.257	4.546	35.96	4.7	0.83	-3.28	±5
5250	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.233	4.557	35.95	4.71	0.79	-3.25	±5
5260	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.189	4.566	35.94	4.72	0.69	-3.26	±5
5270	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.133	4.576	35.93	4.73	0.56	-3.26	±5
5280	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.109	4.584	35.92	4.74	0.53	-3.29	±5
5290	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.066	4.593	35.91	4.75	0.43	-3.31	±5
5300	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.047	4.61	35.9	4.76	0.41	-3.15	±5
5310	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.022	4.624	35.89	4.77	0.37	-3.06	±5
5320	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.001	4.63	35.88	4.78	0.34	-3.14	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/03/20

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O(S/m)	$\Delta  \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ	(%)
5500	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.59	4.855	35.65	4.97	-0.17	-2.31	±5
5510	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.554	4.868	35.64	4.98	-0.24	-2.25	±5
5520	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.533	4.885	35.62	4.99	-0.24	-2.10	±5
5530	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.5	4.9	35.61	5	-0.31	-2.00	±5
5540	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.48	4.911	35.59	5.01	-0.31	-1.98	±5
5550	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.447	4.921	35.58	5.02	-0.37	-1.97	±5
5560	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.416	4.93	35.56	5.03	-0.40	-1.99	±5
5570	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.391	4.937	35.55	5.04	-0.45	-2.04	±5
5580	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.374	4.941	35.53	5.05	-0.44	-2.16	±5
5590	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.35	4.96	35.52	5.06	-0.48	-1.98	±5
5600	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.336	4.98	35.5	5.07	-0.46	-1.78	±5
5610	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.311	4.99	35.49	5.08	-0.50	-1.77	±5
5620	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.295	4.999	35.48	5.09	-0.52	-1.79	±5
5630	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.264	5.011	35.47	5.1	-0.58	-1.75	±5
5640	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.236	5.02	35.46	5.11	-0.63	-1.76	±5
5650	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.215	5.032	35.45	5.12	-0.66	-1.72	±5
5660	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.183	5.042	35.44	5.13	-0.73	-1.72	±5
5670	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.171	5.056	35.43	5.14	-0.73	-1.63	±5
5680	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.157	5.075	35.42	5.15	-0.74	-1.46	±5
5690	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.158	5.087	35.41	5.16	-0.71	-1.41	±5
5700	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.166	5.092	35.4	5.17	-0.66	-1.51	±5
5710	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.154	5.099	35.39	5.18	-0.67	-1.56	±5
5720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.143	5.11	35.38	5.19	-0.67	-1.54	±5
5730	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.11	5.126	35.37	5.2	-0.74	-1.42	±5
5740	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.086	5.139	35.36	5.21	-0.77	-1.36	±5
5750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.043	5.149	35.35	5.22	-0.87	-1.36	±5
5760	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.017	5.16	35.34	5.23	-0.91	-1.34	±5
5770	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.992	5.168	35.33	5.24	-0.96	-1.37	±5
5780	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.973	5.179	35.32	5.25	-0.98	-1.35	±5
5790	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.949	5.19	35.31	5.26	-1.02	-1.33	±5
5800	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.942	5.203	35.3	5.27	-1.01	-1.27	±5
5810	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.947	5.223	35.29	5.28	-0.97	-1.08	±5
5820	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.964	5.254	35.28	5.29	-0.90	-0.68	±5
5830	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.969	5.275	35.27	5.3	-0.85	-0.47	±5
5840	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.985	5.294	35.26	5.31	-0.78	-0.30	±5
5850	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	34.973	5.315	35.25	5.32	-0.79	-0.09	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/03/21.

# 4.2 System Accuracy Verification

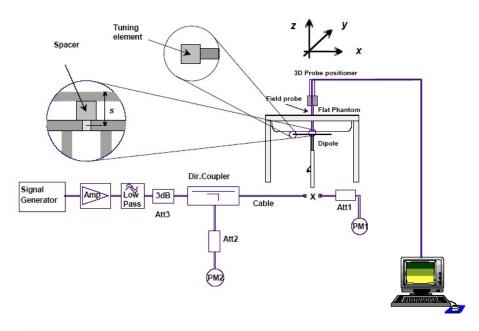
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 300 MHz  $\leq f \leq 1 000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$ .

### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	S	sured AR //kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2023/03/20	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	5.45	54.5	53.5	1.87	±10
2023/03/20	5250 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	7.08	70.8	77.5	-8.65	±10
2023/03/21	5600 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	7.37	73.7	80.7	-8.67	±10
2023/03/21	5750 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	7.14	71.4	78.4	-8.93	±10

<sup>\*</sup>The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

### 4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

### **System Performance 2450MHz**

DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.797$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.972$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/1/3

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• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2022/10/31

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1412

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.53 W/kg

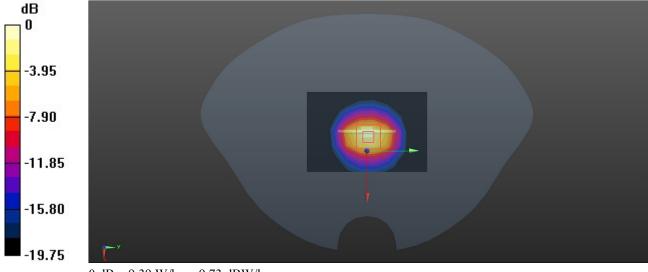
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.39 W/kg



 $0 \ dB = 9.39 \ W/kg = 9.73 \ dBW/kg$ 

#### System Performance 5250 MHz

#### DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5250 MHz; Serial: 1246

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.557$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.233$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(5.6, 5.6, 5.6) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/1/3

Report No.: CR230206891-20A

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2022/10/31

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

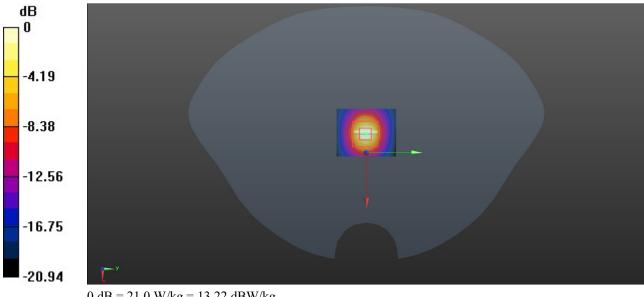
Area Scan (5x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.3 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x16)/Cube 0:: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 44.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



0 dB = 21.0 W/kg = 13.22 dBW/kg

### System Performance 5600 MHz

#### DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5600 MHz; Serial: 1246

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.98$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.336$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/1/3

Report No.: CR230206891-20A

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2022/10/31

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1412

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

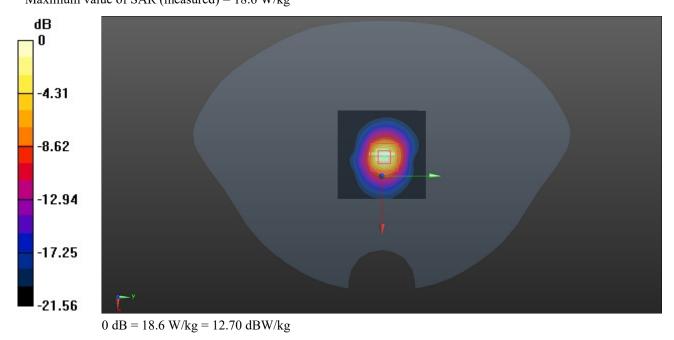
Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x16)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 37.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



#### System Performance 5750 MHz

#### DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5750 MHz; Serial: 1246

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.149$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.043$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/1/3

Report No.: CR230206891-20A

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2022/10/31

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

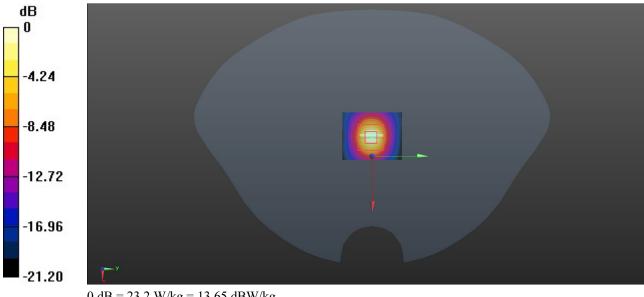
Area Scan (5x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.7 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x16)/Cube 0:: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 41.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



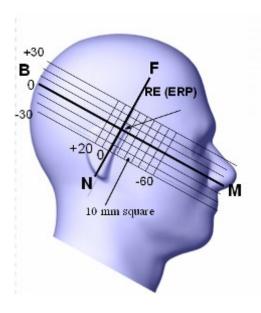
0 dB = 23.2 W/kg = 13.65 dBW/kg

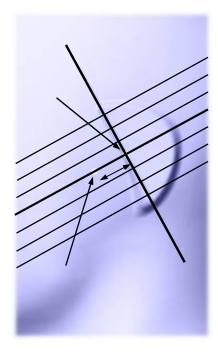
# 5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### 5.1 Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





#### **5.2** Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

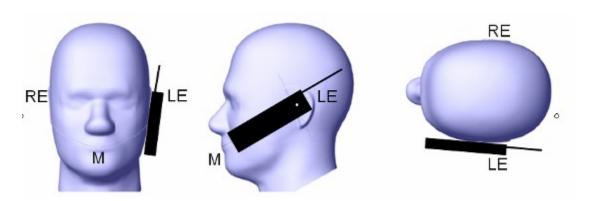
When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek / Touch Position**



### 5.3 Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

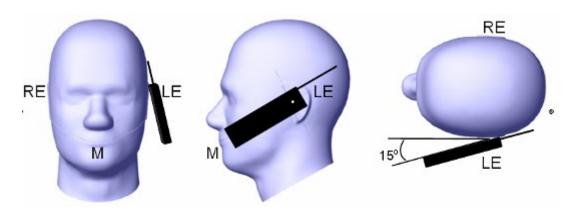
- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and

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right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



### 5.4 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

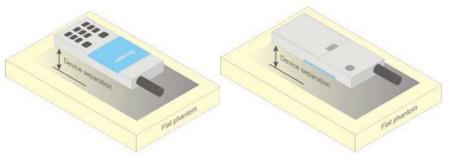


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

# **5.5 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 0mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

#### **5.6 SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

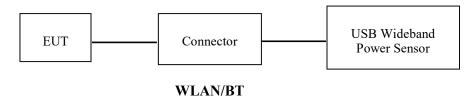
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

# 6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

# **6.1 Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the USB Wideband Power Sensor through Connector.



# **6.3 Maximum Target Output Power**

M	ax Target Power(	(dBm)	
M. I. /D.		Channel	
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High
WLAN 2.4G(802.11b) ANT1	13.5	13.5	13.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11g) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11n ht20) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11n ht40) ANT1	15	15	15
WLAN 2.4G(802.11 ax20) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11 ax40) ANT1	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11b) ANT2	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11g) ANT2	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11n ht20) ANT2	15	15	15
WLAN 2.4G(802.11n ht40) ANT2	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 2.4G(802.11 ax20) ANT2	14	14	14
WLAN 2.4G(802.11 ax40) ANT2	15	15	15
WLAN 5.2G(802.11a) ANT1	14	14	14
WLAN 5.2G(802.11n20) ANT1	14	14	14
WLAN 5.2G(802.11n40) ANT1	14	/	14
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ac20) ANT1	13	13	13
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ac40) ANT1	14	/	14
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ac80) ANT1	/	14	/
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ax20) ANT1	13	13	13
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ax40) ANT1	13.5	/	13.5
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ax80) ANT1	/	14	/
WLAN 5.2G(802.11a) ANT2	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.2G(802.11n20) ANT2	13.5	13.5	13.5
WLAN 5.2G(802.11n40) ANT2	14.5	/	14.5
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ac20) ANT2	13.5	13.5	13.5
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ac40) ANT2	14	/	14
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ac80) ANT2	/	14.5	/
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ax20) ANT2	13	13	13
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ax40) ANT2	14	/	14
WLAN 5.2G(802.11ax80) ANT2	/	14.5	/
WLAN 5.3G(802.11a) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11n20) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11n40) ANT1	14.5	/	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ac20) ANT1	14	14	14
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ac40) ANT1	14.5	/	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ac80) ANT1	/	14.5	/
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ax20) ANT1	13.5	13.5	13.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ax40) ANT1	14	/	14

WLAN 5.3G(802.11ax80) ANT1	/	14	/
WLAN 5.3G(802.11a) ANT2	15	15	15
WLAN 5.3G(802.11n20) ANT2	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11n40) ANT2	15	/	15
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ac20) ANT2	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ac40) ANT2	15	/	15
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ac80) ANT2	/	14.5	/
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ax20) ANT2	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ax40) ANT2	14.5	/	14.5
WLAN 5.3G(802.11ax80) ANT2	/	15	/
WLAN 5.6G(802.11a) ANT1	16	16	16
WLAN 5.6G(802.11n20) ANT1	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11n40) ANT1	16	16	16
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ac20) ANT1	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ac40) ANT1	16	16	16
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ac80) ANT1	14.5	/	14.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ax20) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ax40) ANT1	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ax80) ANT1	15	/	15
WLAN 5.6G(802.11a) ANT2	16.5	16.5	16.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11n20) ANT2	16	16	16
WLAN 5.6G(802.11n40) ANT2	16.5	16.5	16.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ac20) ANT2	16	16	16
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ac40) ANT2	16.5	16.5	16.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ac80) ANT2	15.5	/	15.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ax20) ANT2	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ax40) ANT2	16	16	16
WLAN 5.6G(802.11ax80) ANT2	16	/	16
WLAN 5.8G(802.11a)ANT1	15	15	15
WLAN 5.8G(802.11n20) ANT1	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN 5.8G(802.11n40) ANT1	15	/	15
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ac20) ANT1	14	14	14
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ac40) ANT1	15	/	15
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ac80) ANT1	/	14.5	/
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ax20) ANT1	14	14	14
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ax40) ANT1	14.5	/	14.5
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ax80) ANT1	/	14.5	/
WLAN 5.8G(802.11a) ANT2	16	16	16
WLAN 5.8G(802.11n20) ANT2	16	16	16
WLAN 5.8G(802.11n40) ANT2	16	/	16
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ac20) ANT2	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ac40) ANT2	16	/	16
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ac80) ANT2	/	15	/

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WLAN 5.8G(802.11ax20) ANT2	15.5	15.5	15.5
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ax40) ANT2	15	/	15
WLAN 5.8G(802.11ax80) ANT2	/	15.5	/
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	3.5	3.5	3.5
BLE 1M	3.5	3.5	3.5
BLE 2M	3.5	3.5	3.5

# **6.4 Test Results:**

# **WLAN 2.4G:**

Mode	Channel frequency	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	RF Average Output Power (dBm)			
1,1000	(MHz)		(%)	ANT1	ANT2	Total	
	2412			13.19	13.47	16.34	
802.11b	2437	1Mbps	77.02	13.16	13.85	16.53	
	2462			12.99	14.19	16.64	
	2412			14.16	14.21	17.20	
802.11g	2437	6Mbps	35.75	14.04	14.15	17.11	
	2462			13.59	14.23	16.93	
	2412	MCS0	32.05	14.37	14.19	17.29	
802.11n ht20	2437			14.08	14.45	17.28	
	2462			13.51	14.55	17.07	
	2422		19.81	14.88	15.27	18.09	
802.11n ht40	2437	MCS0		14.82	15.23	18.04	
	2452			14.84	15.30	18.09	
	2412			14.26	13.25	16.79	
802.11ax20	2437	MCS0	19.81	14.39	13.33	16.90	
	2462			13.51	13.67	16.60	
	2422			14.95	13.82	17.43	
802.11ax40	2437	MCS0	19.81	14.86	14.16	17.53	
	2452			14.86	14.52	17.70	

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Note: The duty cycle plots please refer to report: RA221230-64660E-RFB.

# Wi-Fi 5.2G:

Mode	Channel frequency	Data Rate	Data Rate Duty Cycle		RF Average Output Power (dBm)			
	(MHz)	2 1	(%)	ANT1	ANT2	Total		
	5180			13.78	14.38	17.10		
802.11a	5200	6Mbps	100	13.89	14.35	17.14		
	5240	]		13.92	14.42	17.19		
	5180			12.79	13.06	15.94		
802.11n20	5200	MCS0	32.24	12.7	13.03	15.88		
	5240	1		13.56	13.33	16.46		
002 11 40	5190	MCS0	20.12	13.1	13.65	16.39		
802.11n40	5230		20.13	13.81	14.15	16.99		
	5180			12.7	12.64	15.68		
802.11ac20	5200	MCS0	32.79	12.38	12.67	15.54		
	5240	1		12.96	13.25	16.12		
002.11 40	5190	MCCO	20.26	13.28	13.51	16.41		
802.11ac40	5230	MCS0	20.26	13.78	13.83	16.82		
802.11ac80	5210	MCS0	12.14	13.78	14.29	17.05		
	5180			12.43	12.64	15.55		
802.11ax20	5200	MCS0	29.71	12.41	12.54	15.49		
	5240			12.64	12.83	15.75		
902.11 .40	5190	MCCO	10.61	13.09	13.5	16.31		
802.11ax40	5230	MCS0	19.61	13.41	13.63	16.53		
802.11ax80	5210	MCS0	11.51	13.81	14.28	17.06		

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Note: The duty cycle plots please refer to report: RA221230-64660E-RF-00.

## Wi-Fi 5.3G:

Mode	Channel frequency	Data Rate	<b>Duty Cycle</b>	RF Average Output Power (dBm)			
112040	(MHz)	2 11	(%)	ANT1	ANT2	Total	
	5260			14.41	14.76	17.60	
802.11a	5280	6Mbps	100	14.49	14.87	17.69	
	5320	]	Ī	14.46	14.99	17.74	
	5260			13.47	14.09	16.80	
802.11n20	5280	MCS0	32.42	14.15	14.37	17.27	
	5320	1	į	13.94	14.44	17.21	
002 11 40	5270	MCS0	20.12	14.22	14.79	17.52	
802.11n40	5310		20.13	14.4	14.72	17.57	
	5260			13.28	13.81	16.56	
802.11ac20	5280	MCS0	32.97	13.95	14.21	17.09	
	5320	1		13.89	14.29	17.10	
002.11 40	5270	MCCO	20.20	14.39	14.61	17.51	
802.11ac40	5310	MCS0	20.39	14.41	14.74	17.59	
802.11ac80	5290	MCS0	11.43	14.1	14.46	17.29	
	5260			13.38	13.9	16.66	
802.11ax20	5280	MCS0	29.31	13.39	13.6	16.51	
	5320	1		13.32	14.05	16.71	
802.11ax40	5270	MCSO	20.12	13.94	14.27	17.12	
602.11ax40	5310	MCS0	20.13	13.81	14.44	17.15	
802.11ax80	5290	MCS0	11.51	13.93	14.54	17.26	

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Note: The duty cycle plots please refer to report: RA221230-64660E-RF-00.

Wi-Fi 5.6G:

	Channel		Duty Cycle	RF Av	erage Output (dBm)	Power
Mode	frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	(%)	ANT1	ANT2	Total
	5500			15.92	16.29	19.12
002.11	5580		100	15.83	16.34	19.1
802.11a	5700	6Mbps	100	15.95	16.45	19.22
	5720			14.32	14.58	17.46
	5500			13.94	14.74	17.37
002.11.20	5580	Maga	32.79	14.02	14.92	17.5
802.11n20	5700	MCS0		15.27	15.81	18.56
	5720	1	32.97	14.23	14.35	17.3
	5510			15.63	16.14	18.9
002 11 40	5550	MCGO	20.12	15.74	16.07	18.92
802.11n40	5670	MCS0	20.13	15.81	16.26	19.05
	5710			15.08	15.17	18.14
	5500	- MCS0		13.61	14.3	16.98
902.11.20	5580		32.42	13.96	14.77	17.39
802.11ac20	5700			15.08	15.68	18.4
	5720	]	32.79	14.15	14.23	17.2
	5510		20.12	14.12	15.11	17.65
902 1140	5550	MCCO	20.13	14.75	15.48	18.14
802.11ac40	5670	MCS0	20.20	15.62	16.19	18.92
	5710		20.39	15.07	15.01	18.05
002.11.00	5530	MCCO	11.42	14.23	15.41	17.87
802.11ac80	5690	MCS0	11.43	14.43	15.39	17.95
	5500			13.53	14.15	16.86
902.11 20	5580	MCGO	29.14	13.93	14.46	17.21
802.11ax20	5700	MCS0		14.47	15.02	17.76
	5720		32.42	14.13	14.19	17.17
	5510			14.2	14.81	17.53
802.11ax40	5550	MCS0	18.42	14.44	15.2	17.85
002.11ax40	5670	MICSU		15.46	15.81	18.65
	5710		18.54	15.02	12.27	16.87
802.11ax80	5530	MCS0	11.51	14.3	15.3	17.84
002.11ax60	5690	MCSU	11.31	14.43	15.51	18.01

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Note: The duty cycle plots please refer to report: RA221230-64660E-RF-00.

## Wi-Fi 5.8G:

Mode	Channel frequency	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	RF Av	verage Output Power (dBm)		
Wiouc	(MHz)	2 2	(%)	ANT1	ANT2	Total	
	5745			14.91	15.89	18.44	
802.11a	5785	6Mbps	100	14.88	15.75	18.35	
	5825	]		14.93	15.78	18.39	
	5745			14.16	14.79	17.50	
802.11n20	5785	MCS0	32.60	14.04	15.14	17.64	
	5825	]		13.93	15.53	17.81	
902 11 40	5755	MCS0	10.61	14.56	15.19	17.90	
802.11n40	5795		19.61	14.39	15.51	18.00	
	5745			13.81	14.59	17.23	
802.11ac20	5785	MCS0	32.79	13.73	14.94	17.39	
	5825	1		13.69	15.43	17.66	
002 11 40	5755	Maga	10.40	14.52	15.24	17.91	
802.11ac40	5795	MCS0	19.48	14.21	15.52	17.92	
802.11ac80	5775	MCS0	11.51	14.11	14.94	17.56	
	5745			13.32	14.05	16.71	
802.11ax20	5785	MCS0	30.11	13.51	14.69	17.15	
	5825	1		13.6	15.33	17.56	
902.11 40	5755	MCCO	10.54	14.06	14.79	17.45	
802.11ax40	5795	MCS0	18.54	13.83	14.94	17.43	
802.11ax80	5775	MCS0	11.51	14.12	15.11	17.65	

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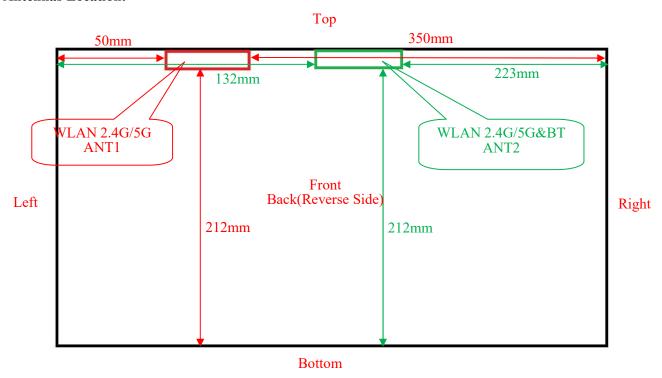
Note: The duty cycle plots please refer to report: RA221230-64660E-RF-00.

## **Bluetooth:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	2402	1.23
BDR(GFSK)	2441	2.67
	2480	2.07
	2402	2.57
$EDR(\pi/4-DQPSK)$	2441	3.04
	2480	2.27
	2402	2.91
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	3.46
	2480	2.87
	2402	2.84
BLE_1M	2440	3.15
	2480	2.55
	2402	2.86
BLE_2M	2440	2.77
	2480	2.41

## 7. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

## **Antennas Location:**



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## 7.1 Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)									
Antenna Back Front Left Right Top Botto									
2.4G/5G WLAN ANT 1	< 5	< 5	50	350	< 5	212			
2.4G/5G WLAN&BT ANT 2	< 5	< 5	132	223	< 5	212			

#### 7.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN 2.4G ANT 1	2462	15.5	35.48	0	11.1	3	NO
WLAN 2.4G ANT 2	2462	15.5	35.48	0	11.1	3	NO
WLAN 5.2G ANT 1	5240	14	25.12	0	11.5	3	NO
WLAN 5.2G ANT 2	5240	14.5	28.18	0	12.9	3	NO
WLAN 5.3G ANT 1	5320	14.5	28.18	0	13	3	NO
WLAN 5.3G ANT 2	5320	15	31.62	0	14.6	3	NO
WLAN 5.6G ANT 1	5720	16	39.81	0	19	3	NO
WLAN 5.6G ANT 2	5720	16.5	44.67	0	21.4	3	NO
WLAN 5.8G ANT 1	5825	15	31.62	0	15.3	3	NO
WLAN 5.8G ANT 2	5825	16	39.81	0	19.2	3	NO
Bluetooth	2480	3.5	2.24	0	0.7	3	YES

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Note: The Wi-Fi based average power for calculation, The bluetooth based peak power for calculation.

#### **NOTE:**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

#### 7.3 Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Body	2480	3.5	2.24	0	0.09

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/( min. test separation distance,mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}] W/kg$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

#### Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations detail:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Test Exclusion Distance (mm)
WLAN 2.4G ANT 1	2462	15.5	35.48	18.6
WLAN 2.4G ANT 2	2462	15.5	35.48	18.6
WLAN 5.2G ANT 1	5240	14	25.12	19.2
WLAN 5.2G ANT 2	5240	14.5	28.18	21.5
WLAN 5.3G ANT 1	5320	14.5	28.18	21.7
WLAN 5.3G ANT 2	5320	15	31.62	24.3
WLAN 5.6G ANT 1	5720	16	39.81	31.7
WLAN 5.6G ANT 2	5720	16.5	44.67	35.6
WLAN 5.8G ANT 1	5825	15	31.62	25.4
WLAN 5.8G ANT 2	5825	16	39.81	32

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### SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
WLAN 2.4G ANT 1	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 2.4G ANT 2	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.2G ANT 1	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.2G ANT 2	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.3G ANT 1	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.3G ANT 2	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.6G ANT 1	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.6G ANT 2	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.8G ANT 1	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
WLAN 5.8G ANT 2	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
BT ANT 2	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*

#### Note:

**Required**: The distance is less than **Test Exclusion Distance**, the SAR test is required.

**Exclusion**: The distance is large than **Test Exclusion Distance**, SAR test is not required.

Exclusion\*: SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above.

## SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations detail:

## Distance < 50mm (To Edges)

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

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- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.
- 5. The Time based average Power is used for calculation

### Distance > 50mm(To Edges)

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

- a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)  $\cdot$  10] mW at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz

## 8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

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## 8.1 SAR Test Data

## **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.1-22.7 ℃	22.5-23.2 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56 %	62 %
ATM Pressure:	100.6 kPa	100.9 kPa
Test Date:	2023/03/20	2023/03/21

Testing was performed by Carl Chen, Weidong Lu, Jaime Zong.

#### **WLAN 2.4G(ANT1):**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Duty Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D	2412	802.11b	13.19	13.5	1.074	0.132	1.30	0.18	1#
Body Front (0mm)	2437	802.11b	13.16	13.5	1.081	0.073	1.30	0.10	2#
	2462	802.11b	12.99	13.5	1.125	0.100	1.30	0.15	3#
D 1 D 1	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	2437	802.11b	13.16	13.5	1.081	0.059	1.30	0.08	4#
(OIIIII)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (0mm)	2437	802.11b	13.16	13.5	1.081	0.089	1.30	0.13	5#
(omin)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

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#### **WLAN 2.4G(ANT2):**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Duty Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 E .	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	2437	802.11b	13.85	14.5	1.161	0.135	1.30	0.20	6#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	2437	802.11b	13.85	14.5	1.161	0.069	1.30	0.10	7#
(omm)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	2412	802.11b	13.47	14.5	1.268	0.133	1.30	0.22	8#
Body Top (0mm)	2437	802.11b	13.85	14.5	1.161	0.201	1.30	0.30	9#
(Olimi)	2462	802.11b	14.19	14.5	1.074	0.238	1.30	0.33	10#

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. Per FCC Guidance, 802.11ax was considered a higher order 802.11 mode when compared to a/b/g/n/ac to apply KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for OFDM mode selection. Therefore, SAR tests were not required for 802.11ax based on the maximum allowed output powers of OFDM modes and the reported SAR values. Per FCC Guidance, maximum conducted powers were performed for each RU size to demonstrate that the output powers would not be higher than the other OFDM 802.11 modes.

## 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

Modulation Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Highest Reported SAR(W/kg)	Adjusted SAR(W/kg)	Limit(W/kg)	SAR Test Exclusion
802.11b(DSSS)	14.5	28.18	0.33	/	/	/
802.11g(OFDM)	14.5	28.18	/	0.33	1.2	YES
802.11n HT20(OFDM)	15	31.62	/	0.37	1.2	YES
802.11n HT40(OFDM)	15.5	35.48	/	0.42	1.2	YES

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<sup>1.</sup> KDB 248227 D01-SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

#### **WLAN 5.2G (ANT1):**

EUT	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
Position			Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 E	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	5200	802.11a	13.89	14	1.026	0.741	0.76	11#
(Ollilli)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	5200	802.11a	13.89	14	1.026	0.247	0.25	12#
(Omm)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	5180	802.11a	13.78	14	1.052	1.2	1.26	13#
Body Top (0mm)	5200	802.11a	13.89	14	1.026	1.2	1.23	14#
(Omin)	5240	802.11a	13.92	14	1.019	1.19	1.21	15#

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#### **WLAN 5.2G (ANT2):**

EUT	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
Position			Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D. I. E.	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	5200	802.11a	14.35	14.5	1.035	0.344	0.36	16#
(Ollilli)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	5200	802.11a	14.35	14.5	1.035	0.214	0.22	17#
(omm)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	5180	802.11a	14.38	14.5	1.028	0.756	0.78	18#
Body Top (0mm)	5200	802.11a	14.35	14.5	1.035	0.608	0.63	19#
(Olimin)	5240	802.11a	14.42	14.5	1.019	0.655	0.67	20#

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$ W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. For 802.11a mode power is the largest among 802.11a/n/ac, 802.11 a mode as initial test configuration is selected to test.
- 4. Per FCC Guidance, 802.11ax was considered a higher order 802.11 mode when compared to a/b/g/n/ac to apply KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for OFDM mode selection. Therefore, SAR tests were not required for 802.11ax based on the maximum allowed output powers of OFDM modes and the reported SAR values. Per FCC Guidance, maximum conducted powers were performed for each RU size to demonstrate that the output powers would not be higher than the other OFDM 802.11 modes.

#### WLAN 5.3G (ANT1):

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D	5260	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	5280	802.11a	14.49	14.5	1.002	0.72	0.72	21#
(Ollilli)	5320	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1	5260	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	5280	802.11a	14.49	14.5	1.002	0.237	0.24	22#
(Ollill)	5320	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	5260	802.11a	14.41	14.5	1.021	1.1	1.12	23#
Body Top (0mm)	5280	802.11a	14.49	14.5	1.002	1.18	1.18	24#
(omin)	5320	802.11a	14.46	14.5	1.009	0.965	0.97	25#

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#### **WLAN 5.3G (ANT2):**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D	5260	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	5280	802.11a	14.87	15	1.03	0.527	0.54	26#
(Omm)	5320	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1	5260	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	5280	802.11a	14.87	15	1.03	0.263	0.27	27#
(Omm)	5320	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	5260	802.11a	14.76	15	1.057	0.915	0.97	28#
Body Top (0mm)	5280	802.11a	14.87	15	1.03	1.02	1.05	29#
(Olimi)	5320	802.11a	14.99	15	1.002	1.07	1.07	30#

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. For 802.11a mode power is the largest among 802.11a/n/ac, 802.11 a mode as initial test configuration is selected to test.
- 4. Per FCC Guidance, 802.11ax was considered a higher order 802.11 mode when compared to a/b/g/n/ac to apply KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for OFDM mode selection. Therefore, SAR tests were not required for 802.11ax based on the maximum allowed output powers of OFDM modes and the reported SAR values. Per FCC Guidance, maximum conducted powers were performed for each RU size to demonstrate that the output powers would not be higher than the other OFDM 802.11 modes.

#### **WLAN 5.6G (ANT1):**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot		
	5500	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Body Front	5580	802.11a	15.83	16	1.04	0.344	0.36	31#		
(0mm)	5700	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	5720	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	5500	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Body Back	5580	802.11a	15.83	16	1.04	0.322	0.34	32#		
(0mm)	5700	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	5720	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	5500	802.11a	15.92	16	1.019	0.594	0.61	33#		
Body Top (0mm)	5580	802.11a	15.83	16	1.04	0.635	0.66	34#		
	5700	802.11a	15.95	16	1.012	0.425	0.43	35#		
	5720	802.11a	14.32	16	1.472	0.223	0.33	36#		

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#### **WLAN 5.6G (ANT2):**

EUT	Frequency	Test Mode	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)		Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	5500	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body Front	5580	802.11a	16.34	16.5	1.038	0.488	0.51	37#	
(0mm)	5700	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	5720	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	5500	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body Back	5580	802.11a	16.34	16.5	1.038	0.27	0.28	38#	
(0mm)	5700	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	5720	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	5500	802.11a	16.29	16.5	1.05	0.764	0.80	39#	
Body Top (0mm)	5580	802.11a	16.34	16.5	1.038	0.86	0.89	40#	
	5700	802.11a	16.45	16.5	1.012	0.99	1.00	41#	
	5720	802.11a	14.58	16.5	1.556	0.594	0.92	42#	

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. For 802.11a mode power is the largest among 802.11a/n/ac, 802.11 a mode as initial test configuration is selected to test.
- 4. Per FCC Guidance, 802.11ax was considered a higher order 802.11 mode when compared to a/b/g/n/ac to apply KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for OFDM mode selection. Therefore, SAR tests were not required for 802.11ax based on the maximum allowed output powers of OFDM modes and the reported SAR values. Per FCC Guidance, maximum conducted powers were performed for each RU size to demonstrate that the output powers would not be higher than the other OFDM 802.11 modes.

#### WLAN 5.8G (ANT1):

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D	5745	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	5785	802.11a	14.88	15	1.028	0.252	0.26	43#
(Ollilli)	5825	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1	5745	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	5785	802.11a	14.88	15	1.028	0.163	0.17	44#
(Omm)	5825	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 T	5745	802.11a	14.91	15	1.021	0.364	0.37	45#
Body Top (0mm)	5785	802.11a	14.88	15	1.028	0.314	0.32	46#
(Omin)	5825	802.11a	14.93	15	1.016	0.295	0.30	47#

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#### **WLAN 5.8G (ANT2):**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode Powe (dBm		Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
D 1 E	5745	802.11a	15.89	16	1.026	0.841	0.86	48#	
Body Front (0mm)	5785	802.11a	15.75	16	1.059	0.825	0.87	49#	
(Omm)	5825	802.11a	15.78	16	1.052	0.85	0.89	50#	
D 1 D 1	5745	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body Back (0mm)	5785	802.11a	15.75	16	1.059	0.194	0.21	51#	
(Omm)	5825	802.11a	15.78	/	/	/	/	/	
D 1 T	5745	802.11a	15.89	16	1.026	1.29	1.32	52#	
Body Top (0mm)	5785	802.11a	15.75	16	1.059	1.19	1.26	53#	
(011111)	5825	802.11a	15.78	16	1.052	1.22	1.28	54#	

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$ W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. For 802.11a mode power is the largest among 802.11a/n/ac, 802.11 a mode as initial test configuration is selected to test.
- 4. Per FCC Guidance, 802.11ax was considered a higher order 802.11 mode when compared to a/b/g/n/ac to apply KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for OFDM mode selection. Therefore, SAR tests were not required for 802.11ax based on the maximum allowed output powers of OFDM modes and the reported SAR values. Per FCC Guidance, maximum conducted powers were performed for each RU size to demonstrate that the output powers would not be higher than the other OFDM 802.11 modes.

## 9. Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

# The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band Body

SAR probe	Frequency	Freq.(M	EUT Position	Meas. SA	AR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest
calibration point	Band	Hz)	EU1 Position	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
5.2GHz (5090-5250MHz)	WLAN 5.2G ANT1	5200	Body Top	1.2	1.12	1.07
5.3GHz (5250-5410MHz)	WLAN 5.3G ANT1	5280	Body Top	1.18	1.07	1.10
5.3GHz (5250-5410MHz)	WLAN 5.3G ANT2	5320	Body Top	1.07	1.03	1.04
5.6GHz (5490-5700MHz)	WLAN 5.6G ANT2	5700	Body Top	0.99	0.972	1.02
5.8GHz (5700-5910MHz)	WLAN 5.8G ANT2	5745	Body Top	1.29	1.19	1.08

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

## 10. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

## **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Ca	pabilities	
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
ANT 1(WLAN 2.4G) + ANT 2(WLAN 2.4G)	V	×
ANT 1(WLAN 5.2G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.2G)	V	×
ANT 1(WLAN 5.3G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.3G)	V	×
ANT 1(WLAN 5.6G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.6G)	V	×
ANT 1(WLAN 5.8G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.8G)	V	×
ANT 1(WLAN 2.4G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5G)	×	×
ANT 1(WLAN 5G) + ANT 2(WLAN 2.4G)	×	×
ANT1(WLAN 2.4G) +ANT 2(BT)	V	×
ANT 1(WLAN 5G) + ANT 2(BT)	V	×
ANT 2(WLAN 2.4G/5G ) + ANT 2(BT)	×	×
ANT 2(WLAN 2.4G ) + ANT 2(WLAN 5G)	×	×

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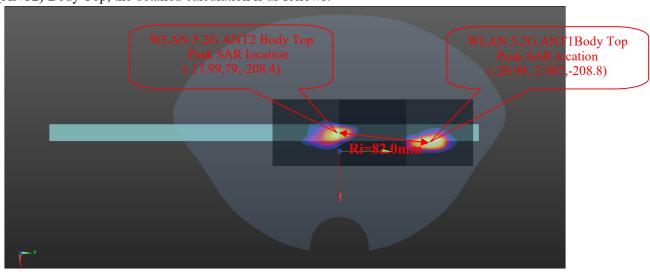
## **Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	AR(W/kg)	ΣSAR <
,		MAX <sub>SAR1</sub>	MAX <sub>SAR2</sub>	1.6W/kg
	Body Front	0.18	0.20	0.38
ANT 1(WLAN 2.4G) + ANT 2(WLAN 2.4G)	Body Back	0.08	0.10	0.18
	Body Top	0.13	0.33	0.46
	Body Front	0.18	0.09	0.27
ANT 1(WLAN 2.4G) + ANT 2(BT)	Body Back	0.08	0.09	0.17
	Body Top	0.13	0.09	0.22
	Body Front	0.76	0.36	1.12
ANT 1(WLAN 5.2G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.2G)	Body Back	0.25	0.22	0.47
	Body Top	1.26	0.78	2.04 <sup>SPLSR 1</sup>
	Body Front	0.76	0.09	0.85
ANT 1(WLAN 5.2G) + ANT 2(BT)	Body Back	0.25	0.09	0.34
	Body Top	1.26	0.09	1.35
	Body Front	0.72	0.54	1.26
ANT 1(WLAN 5.3G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.3G)	Body Back	0.24	0.27	0.51
, , ,	Body Top	1.18	1.07	2.25 SPLSR 2

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR <	
, ,		MAX <sub>SAR1</sub>	MAX <sub>SAR2</sub>	1.6W/kg
	Body Front	0.72	0.09	0.81
ANT 1(WLAN 5.3G) + ANT 2(BT)	Body Back	0.24	0.09	0.33
, ,	Body Top	1.18	0.09	1.27
	Body Front	0.36	0.51	0.87
ANT 1(WLAN 5.6G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.6G)		****		
,	Body Top	0.66	1.00	1.66 <sup>SPLSR 3</sup>
	Body Front	0.36	0.09	0.45
ANT 1(WLAN 5.6G) + ANT 2(BT)	Body Back	0.34	0.09	0.43
,	Body Top	0.66	0.09	0.75
	Body Front	0.26	0.89	1.15
ANT 1(WLAN 5.8G) + ANT 2(WLAN 5.8G)	Body Back	0.17	0.21	0.38
,	Body Top 0.37 1.3	1.32	1.69 <sup>SPLSR 4</sup>	
	Body Front	Front 0.26 0.09 0.35		
ANT 1(WLAN 5.8G) + ANT 2(BT)	Body Back	0.17	0.09	0.26
` /	Body Top	0.37	0.09	0.46

## SPLSR 1:

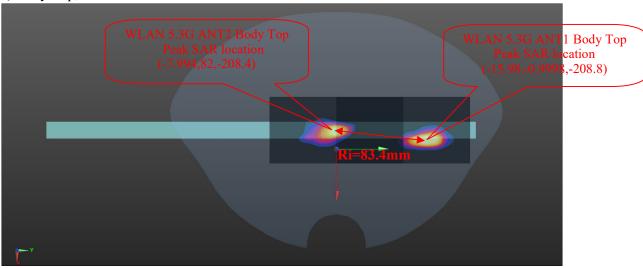
SAR1=1.26W/kg from WLAN5.2G(ANT1) Body Top, and SAR2=0.78W/kg from WLAN 5.2G(ANT2) Body Top, the detailed calculation is as follows:



Distance(Ri) =  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]^{0.5} = 82.0$ mm SPLSR 1=  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri = (1.26 + 0.78)^{1.5}/82.0 =$ **0.036** $\leq$ 0.04

#### SPLSR 2:

SAR1=1.18W/kg from WLAN5.3G(ANT1) Body Top, and SAR2=1.07W/kg from WLAN 5.3G (ANT2) Body Top, the detailed calculation is as follows:

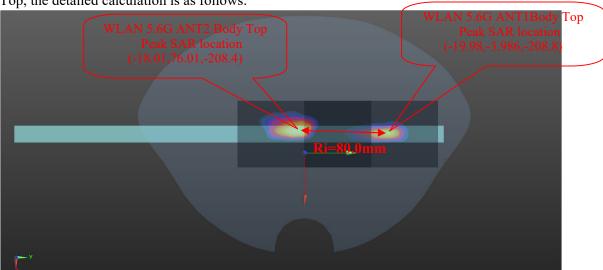


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Distance(Ri) = 
$$[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]^{0.5} = 83.4$$
mm  
SPLSR 2=  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri = (1.18 + 1.07)^{1.5}/83.4 = \textbf{0.040} \le 0.04$ 

#### SPLSR 3:

SAR1=0.66W/kg from WLAN5.6G(ANT1) Body Top, and SAR2=1.00W/kg from WLAN 5.6(ANT2) Body Top, the detailed calculation is as follows:

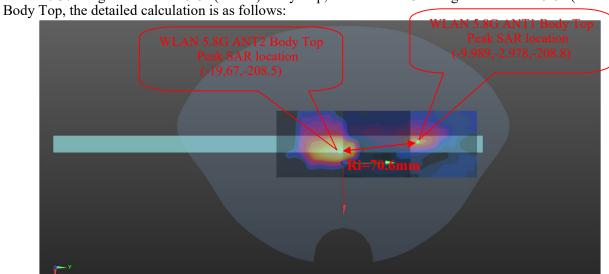


Distance(Ri) = 
$$[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]^{0.5} = 80.0 \text{mm}$$
  
SPLSR 3=  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri = (0.66 + 1.00)^{1.5}/80.0 = \textbf{0.027} \le 0.04$ 

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## SPLSR 4:

SAR1=0.37W/kg from WLAN5.8G(ANT1) Body Top, and SAR2=1.32W/kg from WLAN 5.8G(ANT2)



Distance(Ri) = 
$$[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]^{0.5} = 70.6 \text{mm}$$
  
SPLSR 4=  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri = (0.37 + 1.32)^{1.5}/70.6 = \textbf{0.031} \le 0.04$ 

**Note:** The **SPLSR** is not greater than 0.04, volume Scans is not **required**.

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11. SAR Plots	
Please Refer to the Attachment.	
Trease Refer to the Attachment.	

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
	•	Measuremer	nt system	•	•		
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom ar	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.1	23.7

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

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Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measureme	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sampl	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom a	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.0	23.6

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APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHO	TOS	
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ease Refer to the Attachment.		

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)  Report No.: CR230206891-2  APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES				
Please Refer to the Attachment.		<del>~~</del>		
**	*** END OF REPOR	T ****		