

## FCC §15.247 & §1.1310 & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

### Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247 and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guidelines.

### Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
<b>Frequency Range (MHz)</b>	<b>Electric Field Strength (V/m)</b>	<b>Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)</b>	<b>Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Averaging Time (minutes)</b>
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	×(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	×(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500–100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; × = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

### Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

### Calculated Data:

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Gain*		Tune-up Conducted Power*		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
		(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
500 kHz	903.125 - 924.125	3.0	2.0	10.0	10.0	20	0.0040	1.0

Result: The device meets FCC MPE at ≥20 cm distance.