



EUROFINS ELECTRICAL TESTING SERVICE (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

RADIO TEST - REPORT

FCC&ISED Compliance Test Report for

Product name: Degrii Zima Pro Cordless Robotic Pool Cleaner

Model name: Zima Pro

**FCC ID: 2A82N-DCRPCFBP
IC: 29487-DCRPCFBP**

Test Report Number: EFGX23030250-IE-01-E01



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1 General Information

1.1 Notes

The results of this test report relate exclusively to the item tested as specified in chapter "Description of test item" and are not transferable to any other test items.

Eurofins Electrical Testing Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any generalisations and conclusions drawn from this report. Any modification of the test item can lead to invalidity of test results and this test report may therefore be not applicable to the modified test item.

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operator

2023-05-29

Bruce Zheng / Project Engineer

A handwritten signature in black ink that appears to read "Bruce Zheng".

Date

Eurofins-Lab.

Name / Title

Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

2023-05-29

Albert Xu / Lab Manager

A handwritten signature in black ink that appears to read "Albert Xu".

Date

Eurofins-Lab.

Name / Title

Signature



1.2 Testing laboratory

Eurofins Electrical Testing Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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The Laboratory has passed the Accreditation by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). The Accreditation number is 5376.01

The Laboratory has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements, The CAB identifier is CN0088

1.3 Details of applicant

| | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| Name | : | Degrii, Inc. |
| Address | : | 8 The Green, Ste A, Dover, Delaware, 19901, USA |
| Telephone | : | ./. |
| Fax | : | ./. |

1.4 Details of manufacturer

| | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| Name | : | Degrii, Inc. |
| Address | : | 8 The Green, Ste A, Dover, Delaware, 19901, USA |
| Telephone | : | ./. |
| Fax | : | ./. |

1.5 Application details

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Date of receipt of application | : | 2023-03-20 |
| Date of receipt of test item | : | 2023-03-20 |
| Date of test | : | 2023-03-20 to 2023-05-29 |
| Date of issue | : | 2023-05-29 |

1.6 Test item

| | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Product type | : | Degrii Zima Pro Cordless Robotic Pool Cleaner |
| Test Model | : | Zima Pro |
| Sample ID | : | 230320-25-004 |
| Model name | : | Zima Pro |
| Serial number | : | N/A |
| Hardware Version | : | ZB_121_1003 |
| Software / Firmware Version | : | 1.0.0 |
| Ratings | : | Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz Output: DC 22.2V, 250W) |
| Test voltage | : | 230V~ 50Hz |
| FCC ID | : | 2A82N-DCRPCFBP |
| IC | : | 29487-DCRPCFBP |
| PMN | : | Degrii Zima Pro Cordless Robotic Pool Cleaner |
| HVIN | : | Zima Pro |
| Additional information | : | ./. |

RadioTechnical data

| | | |
|----------------------|---|---|
| Radio Tech. | : | WLAN 2.4G |
| Modulation | : | 802.11b(DSSS):CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK 802.11g(OFDM):BPSK,QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM 802.11n(OFDM):BPSK,QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM |
| Antenna type | : | FPC antenna |
| Maximum antenna gain | : | 4.6 dBi |

The above sample(s) and sample information was/were submitted and identified on behalf of the applicant.
Eurofins assures objectivity and impartiality of the test, and fulfills the obligation of confidentiality for applicant's commercial information and technical documents.



1.7 Test standards

| Test Standards | |
|-----------------------|--|
| FCC Part 15 Subpart C | PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES Subpart C - Intentional Radiators |
| RSS-247 | RSS-247 — Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices |
| RSS-GEN | RSS-Gen — General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus |

Test Method

- 1: ANSI C63.4-2014, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
- 2: ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- 3: KDB558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

2 Technical test

2.1 Summary of test results

No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.

or

The deviations as specified were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.

2.2 Test environment

Ac line conducted

| Enviroment Parameter | Temperature °C | Relative Humidity |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 101.4 kPa | 23.7 | 51.9% |

RF Conducted

| Enviroment Parameter | Temperature °C | Relative Humidity |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 101.4 kPa | 24.6 | 62.9% |

Radiated

| Enviroment Parameter | Temperature °C | Relative Humidity |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 101.4 kPa | 24.7 | 53.7% |

2.3 Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty is calculated using the methods suggested in the "Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement" (GUM) published by ISO.

| System Measurement Uncertainty | |
|--|---|
| Test Items | Extended Uncertainty |
| Uncertainty in conducted measurements | 1.96dB |
| Uncertainty for Conducted RF test | RF Power Conducted: 1.16dB Frequency test involved: 1.05×10-7 or 1% |
| Uncertainty for Radiated Emission 9KHz-30MHz | 4.56dB |
| Uncertainty for Radiated Spurious Emission 30MHz-3000MHz | Horizontal: 4.46dB; Vertical: 4.54dB; |
| Uncertainty for Radiated Spurious Emission 3000MHz-18000MHz | Horizontal: 4.42dB; Vertical: 4.41dB; |
| Uncertainty for Radiated Spurious Emission 18000MHz-40000MHz | Horizontal: 4.63dB; Vertical: 4.62dB; |

2.4 Test mode

| Operation Frequency each of channel(802.11b/g/n HT 20) | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency |
| 1 | 2412MHz | 4 | 2427MHz | 7 | 2442MHz | 10 | 2457MHz |
| 2 | 2417MHz | 5 | 2432MHz | 8 | 2447MHz | 11 | 2462MHz |
| 3 | 2422MHz | 6 | 2437MHz | 9 | 2452MHz | | |

For 802.11b/g n(HT20) (2.4GHz band), the lowest, middle, highest channel numbers of the EUT used and tested in this report are separately 1 (2412MHz), 6 (2437MHz) and 11 (2462MHz).

2.5 Test equipment utilized

| EQUIPMENT ID | EQUIPMENT NAME | MODEL NO. | CAL. DUE DATE |
|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 23-2-13-05 | EMI Test Receiver | ESR3 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-06 | LISN | NNLK 8127 RC | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-16 | Attenuator | VTSD 9561-F | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-63 | Temperature & Humidity Meter | COS-03 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-65 | Barometer | Baro | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-12 | Signal Analyzer | N9010B-544 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-13 | BT/WLAN Tester | CMW270 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-14 | Signal Generator | N5183B-520 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-15 | Vector Signal Generator | N5182B-506 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-43 | Switch and Control Unit | ERIT-E-JS0806-2 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-44 | DC power supply | E3642A | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-45 | Temperature test chamber | SG-80-CC-2 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-50 | Temperature & Humidity Meter | COS-03 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-66 | Barometer | Baro | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-01 | EMI Test Receiver | ESR7 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-02 | Signal Analyzer | N9020B-544 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-12-01 | Active Loop Antenna | FMZB 1519B | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-12-02 | TRILOG Broadband Antenna | VULB9168 | 2024-05-29 |
| 23-2-12-03 | Horn Antenna | 3117 | 2024-05-29 |
| 23-2-12-04 | Horn Antenna | BBHA 9170 | 2024-05-29 |
| 23-2-10-01 | Preamplifier | BBV9745 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-02 | Preamplifier | TAP01018048 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-03 | Preamplifier | TAP18040048 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-62 | Temperature & Humidity Meter | COS-03 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-64 | Barometer | Baro | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-14 | Switch and Control Unit | ERIT-E-JS0806-SF1 | N/A |
| 23-2-13-03 | EMI Test Receiver | ESR7 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-13-04 | Signal Analyzer | N9020B-526 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-12-06 | Active Loop Antenna | FMZB 1519B | 2024-05-05 |
| 23-2-12-07 | TRILOG Broadband Antenna | VULB9168 | 2024-05-05 |
| 23-2-12-08 | Horn Antenna | 3117 | 2024-05-05 |
| 23-2-10-46 | Preamplifier | BBV9745 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-47 | Preamplifier | TAP01018048 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-61 | Temperature & Humidity Meter | COS-03 | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-52 | Barometer | Baro | 2024-03-21 |
| 23-2-10-15 | Switch and Control Unit | ERIT-E-JS0806-SF1 | N/A |



2.6 Auxiliary equipment used during test

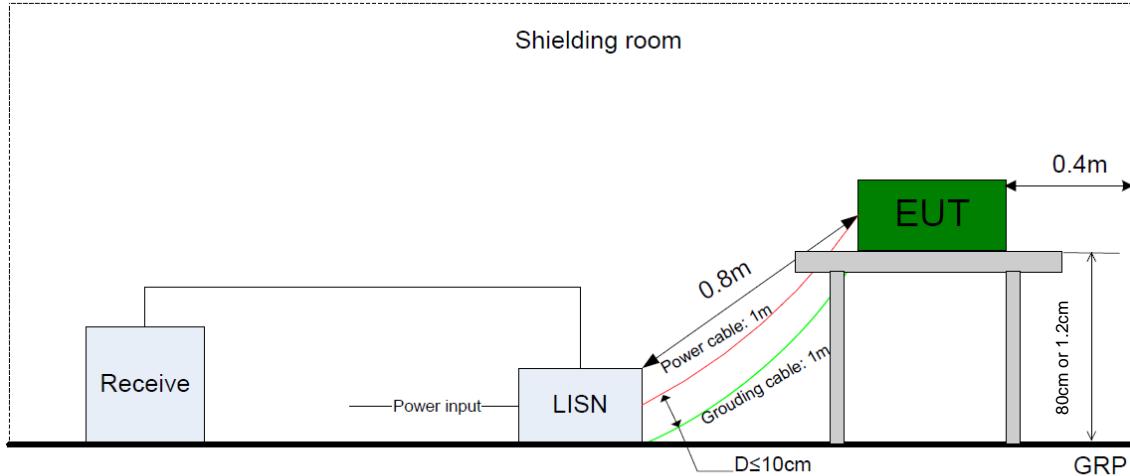
| DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER | MODEL NO. | S/N |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Laptop | LENOVO | TP00096A | PF-1QH0LV |

2.7 Test software information

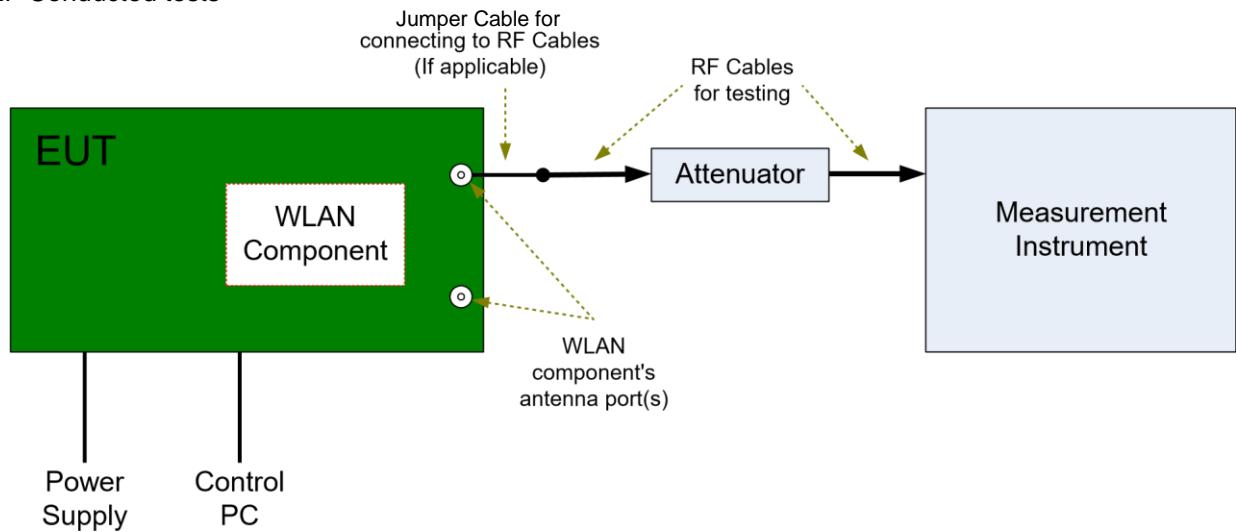
| Test Software&Version | MPtool.exe | |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Mode | Power setting | Rate |
| 802.11b | 34 | 1Mbit |
| 802.11g | 42 | 6Mbit |
| 802.11n HT20 | 40 | MCS0-6.5Mbit |

2.8 Test setup

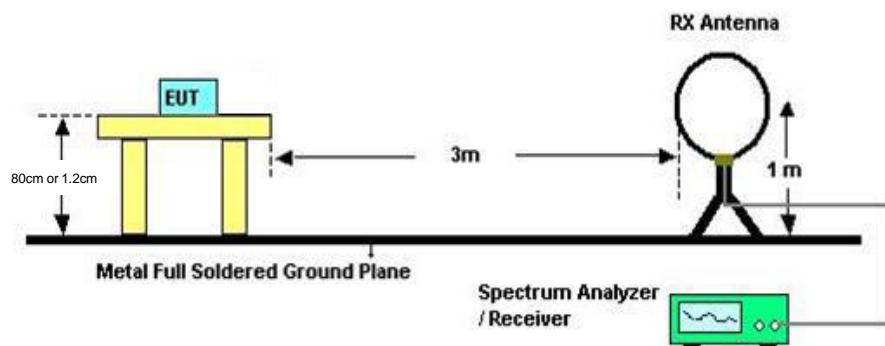
Ac line conducted



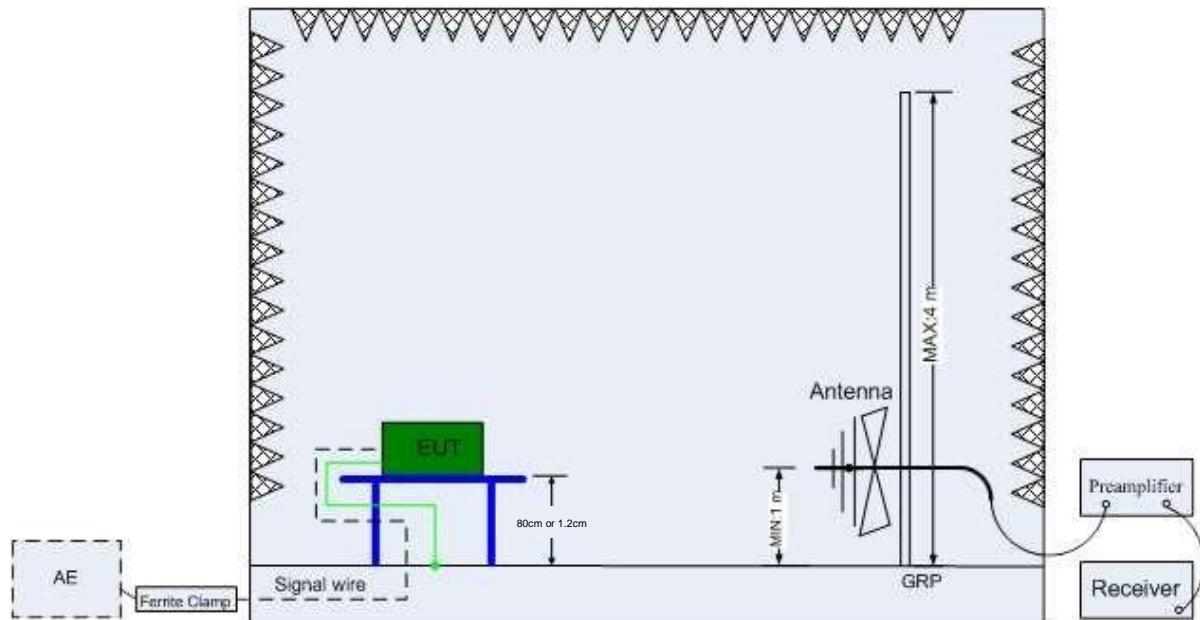
RF Conducted tests



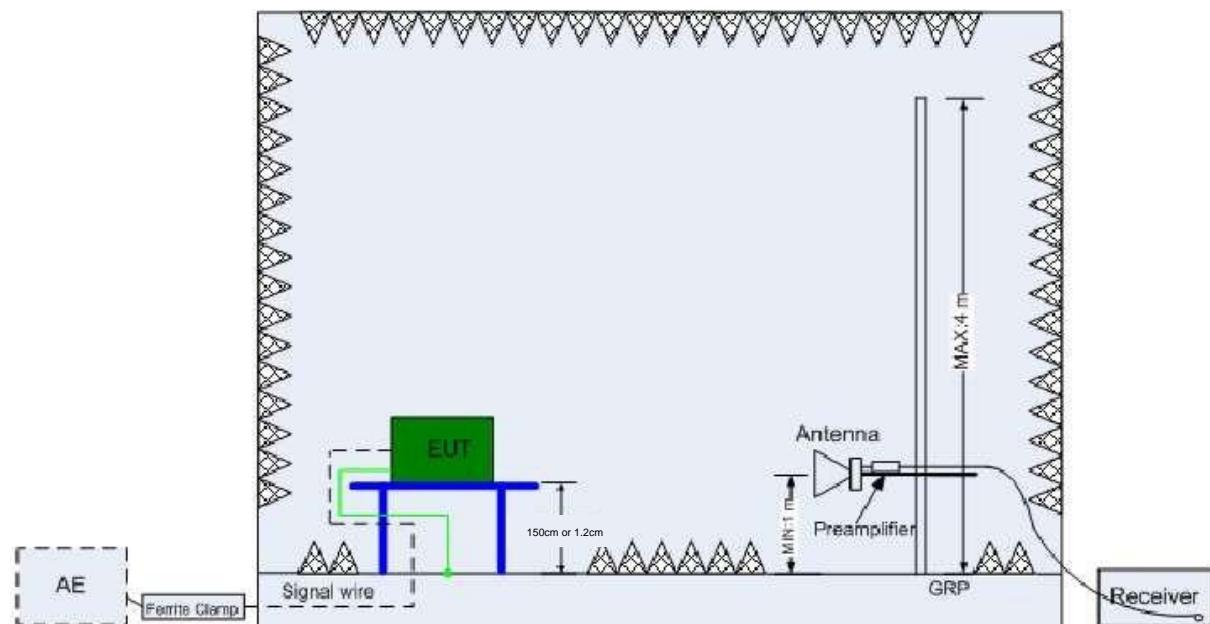
Radiated tests below 30MHz



Radiated tests below 1GHz



Radiated tests above 1GHz



2.9 Test results

 1st test

 test after modification

 production test

| Technical Requirements | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------|-----------|
| FCC Part 15 Subpart C/RSS-247 Issue 2/RSS-Gen Issue 5 | | | Test Result | Verdict | Test Site |
| Test Condition | | | | | |
| §15.207 | RSS-GEN 8.8 | Conducted emission AC power port | Appendix J | Pass | Site 1 |
| §15.247(b)(1) | RSS-247 Clause 5.4(b) | Conducted output power for FHSS | -- | N/A | -- |
| §15.247(b)(3) | RSS-247 Clause 5.4(d) | Conducted output power for DTS | Appendix C | Pass | Site 1 |
| §15.247(e) | RSS-247 Clause 5.2(b) | Power spectral density | Appendix D | Pass | Site 1 |
| §15.247(a)(2) | RSS-247 Clause 5.2(a) | 6dB bandwidth | Appendix A | Pass | Site 1 |
| §15.247(a)(1) | RSS-247 Clause 5.1(a) | 20dB Occupied bandwidth | -- | N/A | -- |
| -- | RSS-GEN 6.7 | 99% Occupied Bandwidth | Appendix B | Pass | Site 1 |
| §15.247(a)(1) | RSS-247 Clause 5.1(b) | Carrier frequency separation | -- | N/A | -- |
| §15.247(a)(1)(iii) | RSS-247 Clause 5.1(d) | Number of hopping frequencies | -- | N/A | -- |
| §15.247(a)(1)(iii) | RSS-247 Clause 5.1(d) | Dwell Time | -- | N/A | -- |
| §15.247(d) | RSS-247 Clause 5.5 | Conducted Band Edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions | Appendix E Appendix F | Pass | Site 1 |
| §15.209 & §15.205 | RSS-GEN 8.9 RSS-GEN 8.10 | Spurious emissions , Band edge & Restricted Band | Appendix H Appendix I | Pass | Site 1 |
| -- | -- | Duty cycle | Appendix G | Pass | Pass |
| §15.203 | RSS-GEN 6.8 | Antenna requirement | See note 1 | Pass | -- |

Remark 1: N/A – Not Applicable.

Note 1: The EUT uses a PCB antenna, Antenna 4.6 dBi. According to §15.203/ RSS-GEN 6.8, it is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.



3 Technical Requirement

3.1 Conducted emission AC power port

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.10.

The receiver is set to a resolution bandwidth of 9 kHz. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak or average.

Line conducted data is recorded for both Neutral and Live lines.

Limit:

FCC §15.207 (a)

RSS-Gen 8.8

| Frequency | QP Limit | AV Limit |
|-------------|------------|------------|
| MHz | dB μ V | dB μ V |
| 0.150-0.500 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.500-5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5-30 | 60 | 50 |

Decreasing linear.

3.2 Duty cycle

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 11.6 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

- a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have a sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal.
- b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:
 - 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
 - 2) Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
 - 3) Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak or average.
 - 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7 \mu s$.)

Limit:

None; for reporting purposes only.

3.3 6dB bandwidth

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 11.8 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Option 1

The steps for the first option are as follows:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- c) Detector = peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in Option 1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.

Limit:

FCC §15.407 (e)

RSS-247 5.2 (a)

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 6.9.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Limit:

None; for reporting purposes only.



3.5 DTS fundamental emission output power

Test Method

The test method was referred to the subclause 11.9.3.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The tests below are run with the EUT's transmitter set at high power in TX mode. The EUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. Remove the Subjective device's antenna and connect the RF output port to power sensor

Limits:

FCC §15.247 (b) (3)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

RSS-247 Clause 5.4 (d)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

3.6 Power spectral density

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 11.10 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Selection of applicable test method

Some regulatory requirements specify a conducted PSD limit within the *DTS bandwidth* during any time interval of continuous transmission. Such specifications require that the same method as used to determine the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If maximum peak conducted output power was measured, then the peak PSD procedure 11.10.2 (method PKPSD) shall be used. If maximum conducted output power was measured, then one of the average PSD procedures shall be used, as applicable based on the following criteria (the peak PSD procedure is also an acceptable option):

- a) **Method AVGPSD-1** shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:
 - 1) The EUT transmits continuously (or with a $D \geq 98\%$).
 - 2) Sweep triggering can be implemented in such a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT, and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout these durations.
- b) **Method AVGPSD-2 or method AVGPSD-2A (alternative)** shall be applied if the conditions of the preceding item a) cannot be achieved, and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than $\pm 2\%$.
- c) **Method AVGPSD-3 or method AVGPSD-3A (alternative)** shall be applied if the conditions of the preceding paragraphs a) and b) cannot be achieved.

If the average PSD is measured with a power averaging (rms) detector or a sample detector, then the instrument shall be capable of using several measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span / RBW, to set a bin-to-bin spacing of $\leq RBW / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

Where the measured power (peak conducted output power or maximum conducted output power) complies with the regulatory requirement for the PSD, then measurement of PSD is not required, provided that the PSD level is reported as being equal to the measured output power.

Method AVGPSD-1

Method AVGPSD-1 uses trace averaging with EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep.

The following procedure may be used when the maximum (average) conducted output power was used to determine compliance to the fundamental output power limit. This is the baseline method for determining the maximum (average) conducted PSD level. If the instrument has a power averaging (rms) detector, then it must be used; otherwise, use the sample detector. The EUT must be configured to transmit continuously ($D \geq 98\%$), or else sweep triggering/signal gating must be implemented to ensure that measurements are made only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level (no transmitter OFF time to be considered):

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- c) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Detector = power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available).
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$.
- g) Sweep time = auto couple.
- h) Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- j) If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

11.10.5 Method AVGPSD-2

Method AVGPSD-2 uses trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction.

The following procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., $D < 98\%$), when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than $\pm 2\%$):

- a) Measure the duty cycle (D) of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- c) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- d) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- e) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- f) Detector = power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available).
- g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$.
- h) Sweep time = auto couple.
- i) Do not use sweep triggering; allow sweep to “free run.”
- j) Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- l) Add $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle measured in step a), to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
- m) If measured value exceeds requirement specified by regulatory agency, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of



interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

Method AVGPSD-3

Method AVGPSD-3 uses rms detection across ON and OFF times of the EUT with max hold.

The following procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., $D < 98\%$), when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is not constant (i.e., duty cycle variations exceed $\pm 2\%$):

- a) Set the instrument span to a minimum of 1.5 times the OBW.
- b) Set sweep trigger to "free run."
- c) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Number of points in sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- f) Sweep time $\leq (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times T$, where T is defined in 11.6.
- g) Detector = RMS (power averaging).
- h) Trace mode = max hold.
- i) Allow max hold to run for at least 60 s or longer as needed to allow the trace to stabilize.
- j) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
 - k) If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

Limit:

FCC §15.247 (e)

RSS-247 (5.2) (b)

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

3.7 Conducted Band Edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Method:

The test method refers to subclause 8.5/8.7 of KDB 558074 v05r02 and subclause 11.11/11.13 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

Limit:

FCC §15.247 (d)

RSS-247 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

3.8 Spurious emissions & Restricted Band

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 11.12 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Radiated emission measurements setup:

- 1: The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2: The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference – receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable – height antenna tower.
- 3: The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4: For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

Antenna-port conducted measurements:

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for determining compliance in the restricted frequency bands requirements. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case emissions is required.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:

For Above 1GHz

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 1MHz, VBW \geq RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak,
Trace = max hold.

For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 100 KHz, VBW \geq RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak,
Trace = max hold.

For Below 30MHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 200 Hz, VBW \geq RBW from 9KHz to 0.15MHz, RBW 9KHz VBW \geq RBW from 0.15MHz to 30MHz for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

Note:

- 1: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2: The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video band-width is 3MHz for peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3: If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously ($D \geq 98\%$), The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 3MHz for RMS Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4: If continuous transmission of the EUT ($D \geq 98\%$) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than $\pm 2\%$), The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 3MHz for RMS Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz, then the measurement results was added to a correction factor ($10\log(1/\text{duty cycle})$).
- 5: If continuous transmission of the EUT ($D \geq 98\%$) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations exceed $\pm 2\%$), The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is $\text{VBW} \geq 1 / T$, the T is transmission duration (T).



Limit:

FCC §15.209

RSS-GEN, Section 8.9

| Frequency Range | Field Strength Limit (uV/m) at 3 m | Field Strength Limit (dBuV/m) at 3 m |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| (MHz) | (uV/m) at 3 m | (dBuV/m) at 3 m |
| 0.009-0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) @ 300 m | - |
| 0.490-1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) @ 30 m | - |
| 1.705 - 30 | 30 @ 30m | - |
| 30 - 88 | 100 | 40 |
| 88 - 216 | 150 | 43.5 |
| 216 - 960 | 200 | 46 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 54 |

§15.205 Restricted bands of operation

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090-0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| 0.495-0.505 | 16.69475-16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735-2.1905 | 16.80425-16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475-156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2690-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3600-4400 | |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |



RSS-GEN 8.10

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42 - 16.423 | 1660 - 1710 | 9.0 - 9.2 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 1718.8 - 1722.2 | 9.3 - 9.5 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 25.5 - 25.67 | 2200 - 2300 | 10.6 - 12.7 |
| 3.020 - 3.026 | 37.5 - 38.25 | 2310 - 2390 | 13.25 - 13.4 |
| 4.125 - 4.128 | 73 - 74.6 | 2483.5 - 2500 | 14.47 - 14.5 |
| 4.17725 - 4.17775 | 74.8 - 75.2 | 2655 - 2900 | 15.35 - 16.2 |
| 4.20725 - 4.20775 | 108 - 138 | 3260 - 3267 | 17.7 - 21.4 |
| 5.677 - 5.683 | 149.9 - 150.05 | 3332 - 3339 | 22.01 - 23.12 |
| 6.215 - 6.218 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 3345.8 - 3358 | 23.6 - 24.0 |
| 6.26775 - 6.26825 | 156.7 - 156.9 | 3500 - 4400 | 31.2 - 31.8 |
| 6.31175 - 6.31225 | 162.0125 - 167.17 | 4500 - 5150 | 36.43 - 36.5 |
| 8.291 - 8.294 | 167.72 - 173.2 | 5350 - 5460 | Above 38.6 |
| 8.362 - 8.366 | 240 - 285 | 7250 - 7750 | |
| 8.37625 - 8.38675 | 322 - 335.4 | 8025 - 8500 | |
| 8.41425 - 8.41475 | 399.9 - 410 | | |
| 12.29 - 12.293 | 608 - 614 | | |
| 12.51975 - 12.52025 | 960 - 1427 | | |
| 12.57675 - 12.57725 | 1435 - 1626.5 | | |
| 13.36 - 13.41 | 1645.5 - 1646.5 | | |

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4 Test Setup Photos

Ref "EFGX23030250-IE-01-E01_Setup_Photos.pdf"

5 External Photos

Ref "EFGX23030250-IE-01-E01_External_Photos.pdf"

6 Internal Photos

Ref "EFGX23030250-IE-01-E01_Internal_Photos.pdf"

7 Appendix

Ref "EFGX23030250-IE-01-E01_appendix.pdf"

-End of report-