FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: Tablet PC

Trademark: Blackview

Model Name: Tab 60 WiFi

Family Model: Tab A6 Kids

Report No.: S24060401606001

FCC ID: 2A7DX-TAB60WIFI

Prepared for

DOKE COMMUNICATION (HK) LIMITED

19H MAXGRAND PLAZANO 3 TAI YAU STREETSAN PO KONG KL

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name DOKE COMMUNICATION (HK) LIMITED.

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Manufacturer's

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Product description

Product name......Tablet PC

Trademark Blackview

Model NameTab 60 WiFi

Family Model..... Tab A6 Kids

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards.....IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093). The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Test Sample Number \$240604016006

Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests... Jun. 05, 2024 ~ Jun. 07, 2024

Date of Issue Jun. 28, 2024

Test Result Pass

Prepared .

(Project Engineer)

Reviewed

(Supervisor)

Approved .

(Manager)

Report No.: S24060401606001



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REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Jun. 28, 2024	Jack Li

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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT



1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Tab 60 WiFi are as follows.

	Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)
Band	1-g Body
	(Separation distance of 0mm)
WLAN 2.4G	0.516
WLAN 5.2G	0.676
WLAN 5.8G	1.457

Note: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information					
Product Name	Tablet PC				
Trade Name	Blackview				
Model Name	Tab 60 WiFi				
Family Model	Tab A6 Kids				
Madal Difference	Except for the model name	e, all models have th	ne same circuit		
Model Difference	and RF module.				
FCC ID	2A7DX-TAB60WIFI				
Device Phase	Identical Prototype				
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment				
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna				
Battery Information	DC 3.8V, 5100mAh, 19.38Wh				
Hardware version	BND-C863-D V1.0				
Software version	Tab_60_WiFi_NEU_C863	-D_V1.1			
Device Operating Configurations					
Supporting Mode(s)	WLAN 2.4G/5G, Bluetooth				
Test Modulation	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Blu	etooth(GFSK, π/4-D	QPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	В		•		
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)		
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462			
Operating Frequency Range(s)	WLAN 5.2G				
	WLAN 5.8G 5745-5825				
	Bluetooth	2402-2480			
	•	•			



1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

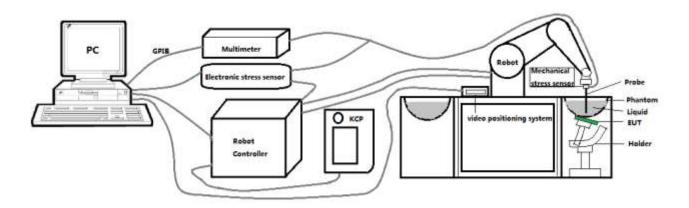
1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe 3423-EPGO-426 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.06 dBAxial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ±0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119

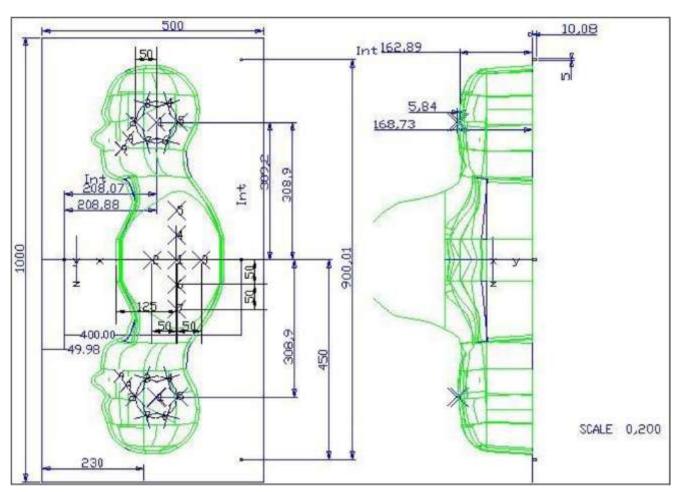


The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.



2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



Serial Number	Left	Head(mm)	Righ	nt Head(mm)	Flat	Part(mm)
SN 16/15 SAM119	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

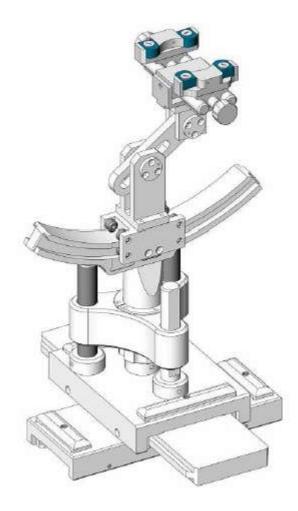
The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.





2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent	
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005	





2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked 🛛

	Name of Equipment FIELD PROBE 50 MHz Dipole 85 MHz Dipole	Type/Model SSE2 SID750	Serial Number 3423-EPGO-426 SN 03/15 DIP	Last Cal. Sep. 18, 2023 Feb. 21,	Due Date Sep. 17, 2024	
	FIELD PROBE		SN 03/15 DIP	Sep. 18, 2023	Sep. 17, 2024	
	50 MHz Dipole		SN 03/15 DIP	2023	2024	
	50 MHz Dipole		SN 03/15 DIP			
☐ MVG 75	•	SID750		Feb. 21,		
INIVG /2	•	310730		,	Feb. 20,	
	35 MHz Dipole		0G750-355	2024	2027	
	33 IVII IZ DIPOIE	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
INVO 03		310000	0G835-347	2024	2027	
MVG 90	00 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
NIVG 90	o wii iz Dipole	310900	0G900-348	2024	2027	
	1800 MHz	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
L WIVO	Dipole	3ID 1000	1G800-349	2024	2027	
	1900 MHz	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
	Dipole	31D 1900	1G900-350	2024	2027	
	2000 MHz	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
INVG	Dipole	3102000	2G000-351	2024	2027	
	2300 MHz	SID2300	SN 03/16 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
L WVG	Dipole	31D2300	2G300-358	2024	2027	
⊠ MVG	2450 MHz	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
MVG	Dipole	3102430	2G450-352	2024	2027	
	2600 MHz	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
MVG	Dipole	3102000	2G600-356	2024	2027	
⊠ MVG	5000 MHz	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Feb. 21,	Feb. 20,	
MV C	Dipole	0110000	014 10/14 WOA 33	2024	2027	
⊠ MVG	Liquid	SCLMP	ON 04/45 OODO 70	NOD	NOD	
me	easurement Kit	OOLIVII	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR	
MVG Pc	ower Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR	
	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR	
U	niversal radio			A == = 0.00	A	
☐ R&S co	ommunication	CMU200	117858	Apr. 26,	Apr. 25,	
	tester			2024	2025	
w	ideband radio			Apr. 00	Apr 05	
R&S co	ommunication	CMW500	103917	Apr. 26,	Apr. 25,	
	tester			2024	2025	
	Network	8753D	3410J01136	Apr. 26,	Apr. 25,	

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2024 2025 Analyzer MXG Vector Apr. 25, Apr. 24, \boxtimes Agilent N5182A MY47070317 Signal Generator 2024 2025 Apr. 24, Apr. 25, \boxtimes Agilent Power meter E4419B MY45102538 2024 2025 Apr. 25, Apr. 24, XAgilent Power sensor E9301A MY41495644 2024 2025 Apr. 25, Apr. 24, \boxtimes Agilent E9301A Power sensor US39212148 2024 2025 Jul. 03, Directional Jul. 04, \boxtimes MCLI/USA CB11-20 0D2L51502 Coupler 2023 2024 Mar. 27, Mar. 26, \boxtimes N/A Thermometer N/A LES-085 2023 2026 \boxtimes MVG **SAM Phantom** SSM2 **NCR** SN 16/15 SAM119 NCR \boxtimes MVG **SMPPD** Device Holder SN 16/15 MSH100 NCR NCR Shenzhen Tianxu Human \boxtimes Communication Head 2450 Head 2450 NCR NCR Simulating Liquid Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Tianxu Human Communication \boxtimes Head 5200 Head 5200 **NCR** NCR Simulating Liquid Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Tianxu Human \boxtimes Communication Head 5800 NCR NCR Head 5800 Simulating Liquid Technology Co., Ltd.

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.



Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding evice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.





4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)					Body ⁻	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.







4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	ed Tissue		
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	37.72	1.76	21.7 °C	Jun. 05, 2024
Head 5200	5200	36.00 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	34.87	4.60	21.7 °C	Jun. 07, 2024
Head 5800	5800	35.30 (33.54~37.07)	5.27 (5.01~5.53)	34.30	5.25	21.4 °C	Jun. 06, 2024

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

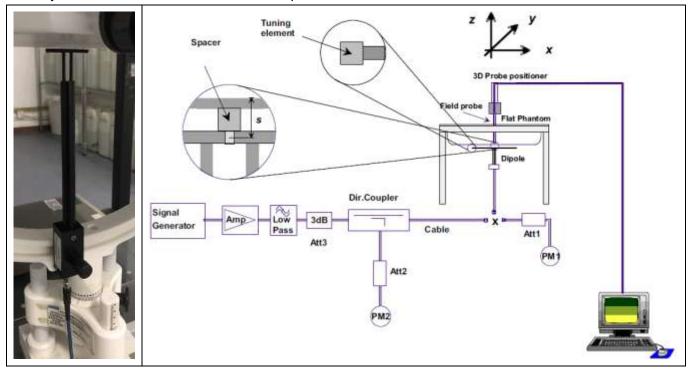




4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:







4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System	Target SA (±10	, ,	Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid		
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.	Test Date	
2450MHz	50.05 (45.05~55.06)	23.80 (21.42~26.18)	50.12	22.32	21.7 °C	Jun. 05, 2024	
5200MHz	162.59 (146.33~178.85)	56.21 (50.59~61.83)	176.68	56.03	21.7 °C	Jun. 07, 2024	
5800MHz	182.20 (163.98~200.42)	61.32 (55.19~67.45)	193.79	61.20	21.4 °C	Jun. 06, 2024	

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Tablet PC host platform exposure conditions

Refer to KDB616217 D04, when the modular approach is used, transmitters and modules must be initially tested for standalone operations in generic host conditions according to the following minimum test separation distance and antenna installation requirements for incorporation in the tablet platform. The separation distance required for incorporation in qualified hosts is described in KDB 447498; item 5) of section 4.1 and item 1) of section 5.2.2 etc.

- ≤ 5 mm between the antenna and user for both back surface and edge exposure conditions
- the antennas used by the host must have been tested for equipment approval or qualify for SAR test
 exclusion
- the antenna polarization, physical orientation, rotation and installation configurations used by the host must have been tested for compliance or qualify for test exclusion
- when the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 applies, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required to determine test exclusion for the tablet platform

The antennas embedded in tablets are typically \leq 5mm from the outer housing. The required antenna to user test separation distance is a "not to exceed test" distance required to apply the modular approach. Instead of the typical zero gap tablet edge test requirement between the edge of a tablet and the user, when an antenna has been tested at \leq 5 mm according to the modular approach it can be incorporated into tablets with at least twice the tested distance from the outer housing of the tablet edge; otherwise, the tablet edge zero gap test requirement applies. When the dedicated host approach is applied, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom.



7. RF Output Power

WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power 7.1.

7.1.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	18.00	17.56
802.11b	6	2437	18.00	17.72
	11	2462	18.00	17.22
	1	2412	14.00	13.83
802.11g	6	2437	14.00	13.09
	11	2462	14.00	13.29
000 44 =	1	2412	13.00	12.78
802.11n	6	2437	13.00	12.25
HT20	11	2462	13.00	12.27
000 44 =	3	2422	13.00	12.16
802.11n	6	2437	13.00	12.64
HT40	9	2452	13.00	12.43
	1	2412	13.50	12.65
ax20	6	2437	13.50	12.95
	11	2462	13.50	13.17
	3	2422	12.50	11.63
ax40	6	2437	12.50	12.04
	9	2452	12.00	11.79

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

Mode	Mode Channel F		Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
	36	5180	13.00	12.54
802.11a	40	5200	13.00	12.52
	48	5240	13.00	12.57
	36	5180	13.00	12.43
802.11n HT20	40	5200	13.00	12.50
	48	5240	13.00	12.57
802.11n HT40	38	5190	12.50	12.12
002.1111 1140	46	5230	12.50	12.04
	36	5180	13.00	12.37
802.11ac VHT20	40	5200	13.00	12.55
	48	5240	13.00	12.54





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802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	12.50	12.03
002.11ac VH140	46	5230	12.50	12.34
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	12.50	12.15
	36	5180	12.50	12.47
ax20	40	5200	12.50	12.45
	48	5240	12.50	12.36
0×40	38	5190	12.50	12.15
ax40	46	5230	12.50	12.21
ax80	42	5210	12.50	12.04

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.2G.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
	149	5745	13.50	12.44
802.11a	157	5785	13.50	13.07
	165	5825	13.50	13.19
	149	5745	13.50	12.36
802.11n HT20	157	5785	13.50	13.09
	165	5825	13.50	13.31
802.11n HT40	151	5755	13.50	12.44
802.11n H140	159	5795	13.50	13.01
	149	5745	13.50	12.26
802.11ac VHT20	157	5785	13.50	12.98
	165	5825	13.50	13.25
802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	13.50	12.55
802.11ac vH140	159	5795	13.50	13.22
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	13.00	12.53
	149	5745	13.50	12.31
ax20	157	5785	13.50	13.01
	165	5825	13.50	13.29
10	151	5755	13.50	12.64
ax40	159	5795	13.50	13.26
ax80	155	5775	13.00	12.54

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.8G.

7.1.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

		Output Po	ower (dBm)		
BR+EDR	Data Batas	Tung up	Channel		
	Data Rates	Tune-up	0CH	39CH	78CH





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I				
1M	5.00	3.17	3.36	4.16
2M	7.00	5.31	5.40	6.11
3M	7.00	5.67	5.89	6.71

	Q1 1	_	Output Po	wer (dBm)
	Channel	Tune-up	1M	2M
BLE	0CH	4.00	3.38	3.27
	19CH	4.00	3.53	3.40
	39CH	5.00	4.27	4.15

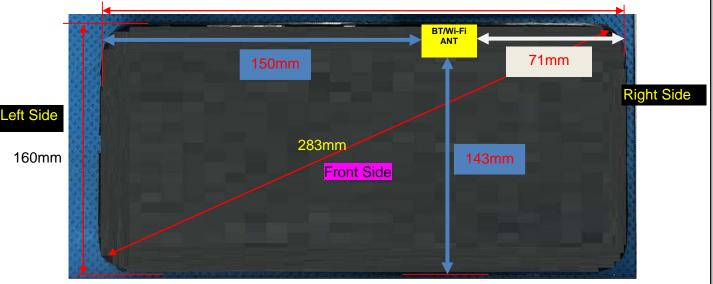
NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.



8. Antenna Location

Top Side

242mm



Bottom Side

Front View

Note: Since the confidentiality request of EUT, the antenna location example diagram see as above.

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antennas	Antennas Front Side Back Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side								
WLAN & Bluetooth	WLAN & Bluetooth 5 5 150 71 5 143								

Note: When the minimum separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Positions for SAR tests						
Test separation distances > 50 mm						
Formania Desiring	Tune-up Maximum p	ower of WLAN 2.4G				
Exposure Positions	18.00 dBm	63.10 mW				
	Antenna to user(mm)	150				
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1096				
	SAR testing required?	NO				
	Antenna to user(mm)	71				
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	306				
	SAR testing required?	NO				
	Antenna to user(mm)	143				
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1026				
	SAR testing required?	NO				
Francisco Designations	Tune-up Maximum p	ower of WLAN 5.2G				
Exposure Positions	13.00 dBm	19.95 mW				

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	Antenna to user(mm)	150
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1066
	SAR testing required?	NO
	Antenna to user(mm)	71
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	276
	SAR testing required?	NO
	Antenna to user(mm)	143
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	996
	SAR testing required?	NO
E D '''	Tune-up Maximum p	power of WLAN 5.8G
Exposure Positions	13.50 dBm	22.39 mW
	Antenna to user(mm)	150
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1062
	SAR testing required?	NO
	Antenna to user(mm)	71
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	272
	SAR testing required?	NO
	Antenna to user(mm)	143
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	992
	SAR testing required?	NO

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.



9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P _{max}	P _{max}	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
iviode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	7.00	5.01	5	2.480	1.6	3	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position	Test			Value ⁄kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR		
of Body	channel /Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
Front								(vv/kg)		
Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.484	0.190	-1.15	17.72	18.00	0.516	2024/6/05	3#
Back	6/2427	802.11b	0.245	0.107	2.61	17.72	19.00	0.264	2024/6/05	
Side	6/2437	002.110	0.245	0.107	-3.61	17.72	18.00	0.261	2024/6/05	
Top Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.333	0.133	-0.07	17.72	18.00	0.355	2024/6/05	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.2G

Test Position	Test			Value /kg)		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled		
of Body with 0mm	channel /Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Power Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
Front	48/5240	802.11a	0.612	0.189	-0.10	12.57	13.00	0.676	2024/6/07	1#

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Control was proved.								_			
Side											
Back	48/5240	802.11a	0.420	0.138	1.28	12.57	13.00	0.464	2024/6/07		
Side	40/3240	002.11a	0.420	0.130	1.20	12.57	13.00	0.404	2024/0/07		
Тор	48/5240	802.11a	0.552	0.160	3.10	12.57	13.00	0.609	2024/6/07		
Side	40/3240	002.11a	0.552	0.100	3.10	12.57	13.00	0.009	2024/0/01		

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.2G

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.8G

Test Position	Test	Mada	SAR (W	Value /kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR	Doto	Plot
of Body with 0mm	channel /Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Piot
Front Side	165/5825	802.11n HT20	1.119	0.311	-0.93	13.31	13.50	1.169	2024/6/06	
Back Side	165/5825	802.11n HT20	0.603	0.197	1.45	13.31	13.50	0.630	2024/6/06	
Top Side	165/5825	802.11n HT20	0.721	0.268	3.01	13.31	13.50	0.753	2024/6/06	
Front Side	149/5745	802.11n HT20	1.014	0.296	-3.57	12.36	13.50	1.318	2024/6/06	
Front Side	157/5785	802.11n HT20	1.326	0.400	-4.85	13.09	13.50	1.457	2024/6/06	2#
Front Side Repeated	157/5785	802.11n HT20	1.321	0.397	0.12	13.09	13.50	1.452	2024/6/06	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO simultaneous transmissions are possible for this device of Bluetooth, 2.4G/5G Wi-Fi.

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR



12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 5200MHz
•
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 5800MHz

MEASUREMENT 1

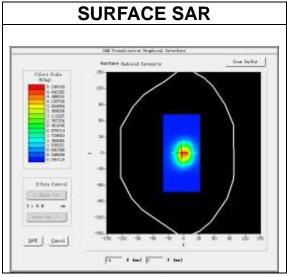
Date of measurement: 5/6/2024

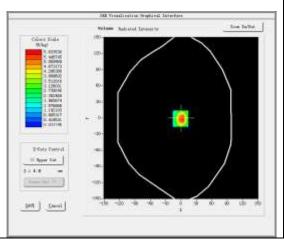
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.85</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

7 11 1 111 3 43 3 41 3 111 3 111 1 1 1 3 3 41 1 3	
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.717635
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.931778
Conductivity (S/m)	1.760159
Variation (%)	2.020000





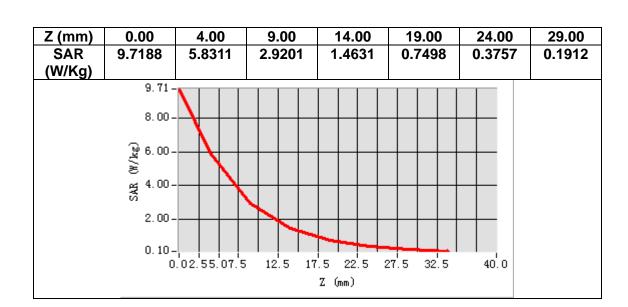
VOLUME SAR

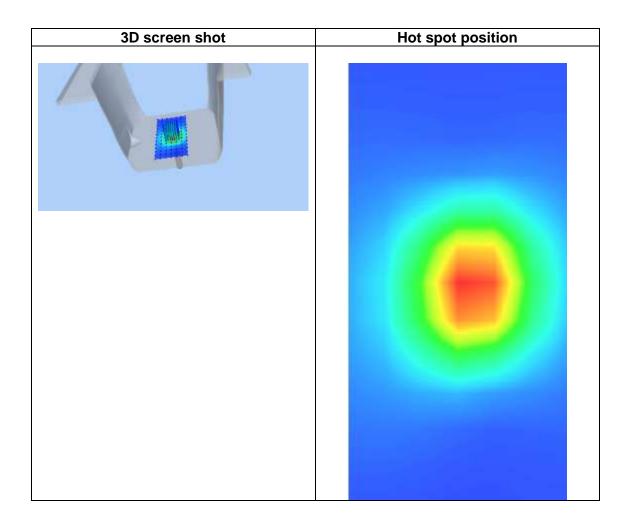
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 9.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.232087
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.012334













MEASUREMENT 2

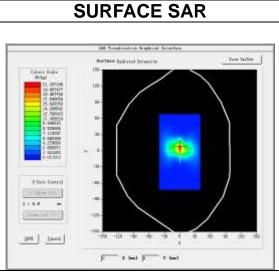
Date of measurement: 7/6/2024

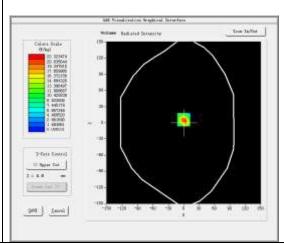
A. Experimental conditions.

- ti =2tp-0:::::0:::0:::0:::0:::0:::0::0::0::0::0	
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5200</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.07</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.873427
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.913428
Conductivity (S/m)	4.597213
Variation (%)	0.440000





VOLUME SAR

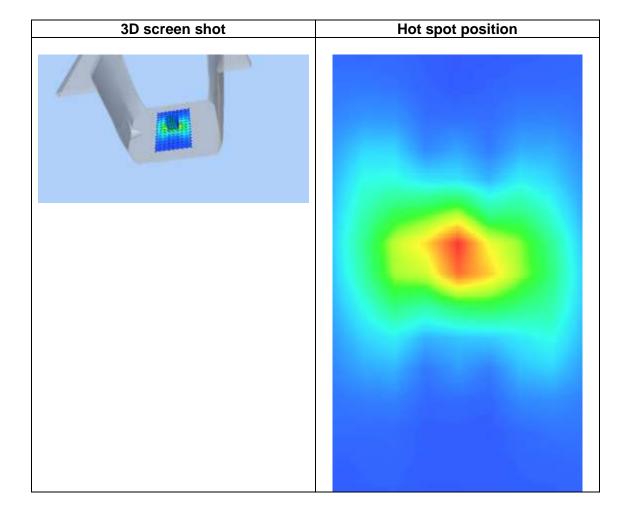
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 40.06 W/kg

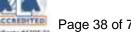
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.603161
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	17.668023





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 37.8 22.3 11.3 5.66 2.82 1.40 0.71 0.36 0.18 0.10 0.05 0.03 SA 85 22 45 29 99 84 89 21 60 R 35 35 05 (W/ Kg) 37.84-30.00 25.00 20.00 撰 15.00· 10.00 5.00-0.02-16 18 20 22 $Z \pmod{mm}$





MEASUREMENT 3

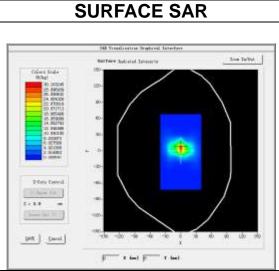
Date of measurement: 6/6/2024

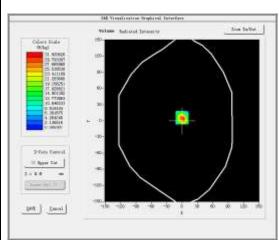
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.04</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.304577
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.300199
Conductivity (S/m)	5.252286
Variation (%)	0.470000





VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 57.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.120029
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	19.379356

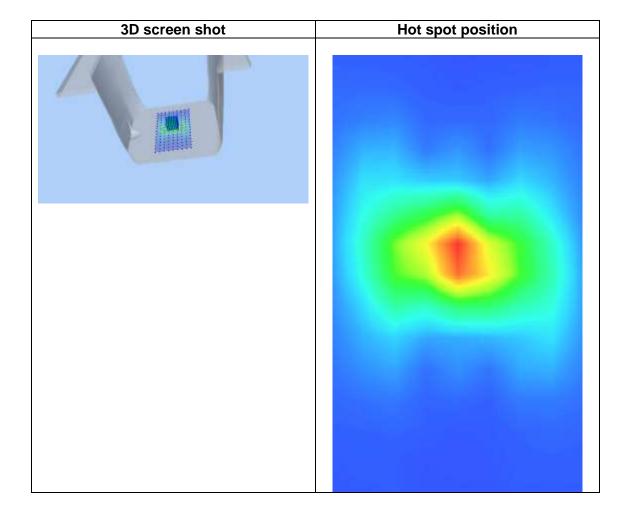




Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 m) 54.0 31.9 16.1 8.17 4.08 2.05 1.03 0.51 0.27 0.15 0.07 0.04 SA 32 83 34 84 **76** 49 65 25 74 92 68 23 R (W/ Kg) 54.0-j 40.0-30.0-뙻 20.0· 10.0-0.0-

14

12 Z (mm) 16 18 20 22





13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 5.2G Body	
MEASUREMENT 2 WLAN 5.8G Body	
MEASUREMENT 3 WLAN 2.4G Body	



MEASUREMENT 1

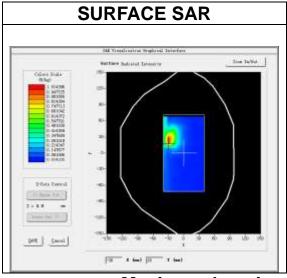
Date of measurement: 7/6/2024

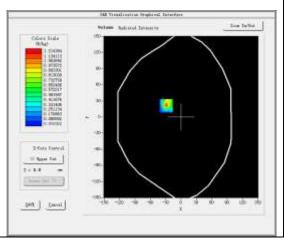
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11a U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.07

B. SAR Measurement Results

	
Frequency (MHz)	5240.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.718903
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.924813
Conductivity (S/m)	4.635890
Variation (%)	-0.099998





VOLUME SAR

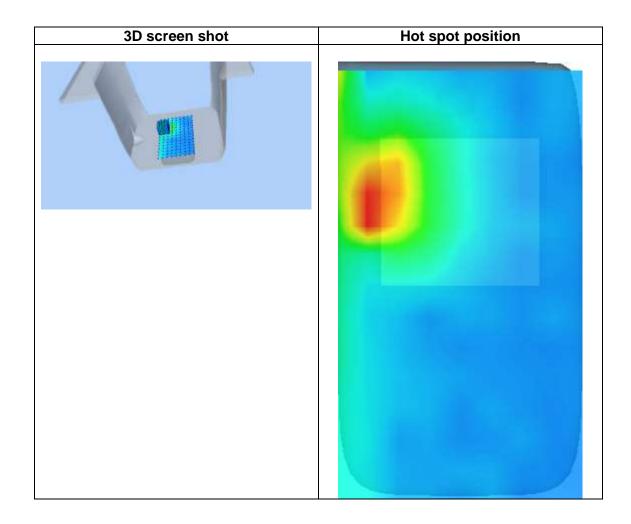
Maximum location: X=-29.00, Y=21.00 SAR Peak: 2.28 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.188764
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.611540





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 2.13 1.21 0.55 0.26 0.12 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01 SA 62 03 24 65 R 44 64 40 38 28 82 85 65 (W/ Kg) 2.14-1.75-1.50-1.25 1.00-₩ 0.75 0.50-0.25-0.02-16 18 Z (mm)





MEASUREMENT 2

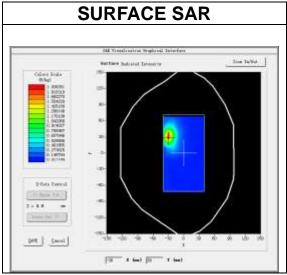
Date of measurement: 6/6/2024

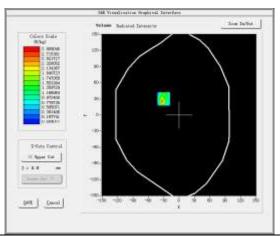
A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>	
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11n U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11n (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.04</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

7 11 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Frequency (MHz)	5785.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.380528
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.175756
Conductivity (S/m)	5.198708
Variation (%)	-4.849998





VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-30.00, Y=30.00

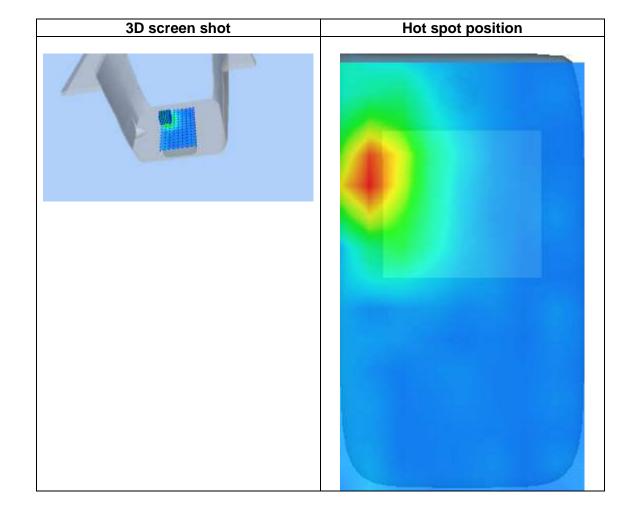
SAR Peak: 5.78 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.400381
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.326026





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 5.47 2.90 0.54 0.48 0.09 80.0 0.03 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.02 SA 51 00 97 41 36 38 R 90 83 74 85 92 61 (W/ Kg) 5. 48 – 5. 00 – 4.00 3.00-**₹** 2.00-1.00-0.02-14 16 18 20 22 24 26 12 Z (mm)





of 74 Report No.: S24060401606001

MEASUREMENT 3

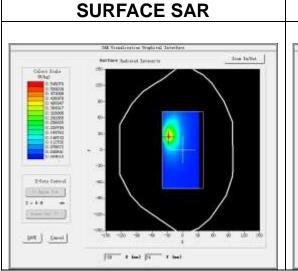
Date of measurement: 5/6/2024

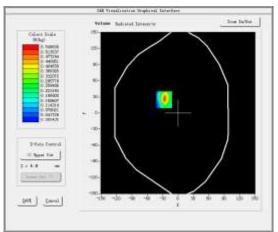
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.85</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

- 11 1 11 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.769733
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.850278
Conductivity (S/m)	1.739785
Variation (%)	-1.150000





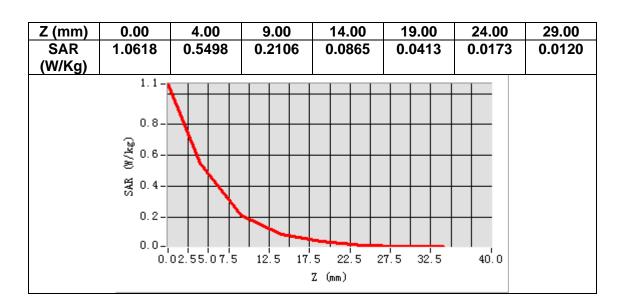
VOLUME SAR

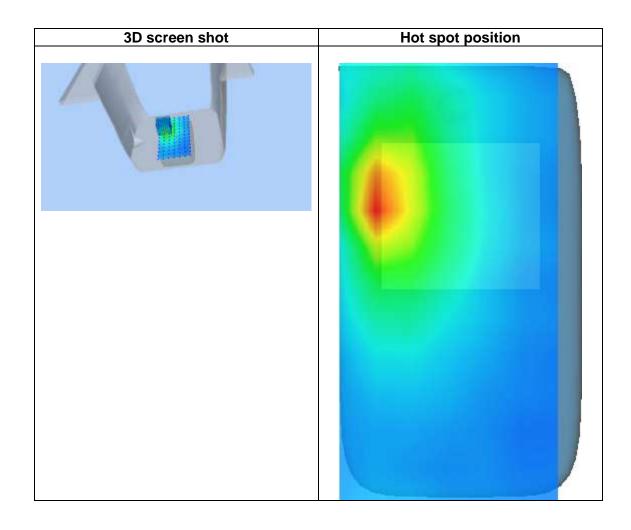
Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=25.00

SAR Peak: 1.04 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.190226
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.483840









14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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E Field Probe - 3423-EPGO-426	
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33	







COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

Report No.: S24060401606001

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: 3423-EPGO-426

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 09/18/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR 261 11 23 BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Cyrille ONNEE	Measurement Responsible	9/18/2023	(28)
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	9/18/2023	25
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	9/19/2023	Yana TOUTAAN

Signature Yann numérique de Yann Toutain ID Toutain ID Date: 2023.09.19 09:08:14 +02'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution:	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Cyrille ONNEE	9/18/2023	Initial release
			*
			+





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR 261 11 23 BES.A

Report No.: S24060401606001

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR 261 11 23 BES A

Report No.: S24060401606001

DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	3423-EPGO-426	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.261 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.213 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.233 MΩ	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.





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3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{de}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2 d_{\mathrm{step}}} \, \frac{\left(\mathrm{e}^{-d_{\mathrm{eq}} \left(\delta \beta 2\right)}\right)}{\delta / 2} \quad \mathrm{for} \, \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

Δstep is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

ASARbe in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance dbe from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR 261 11 23 BES.A.

Report No.: S24060401606001

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

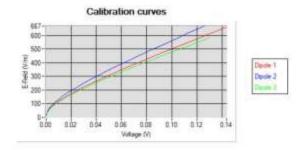
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^{2} = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \frac{V_{i} \left(1 + \frac{V_{i}}{DCP_{i}}\right)}{Norm_{i}}$$

where

Vi=voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCPi=diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

Normi=dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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Report No.: S24060401606001

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
1 (μV/(V/m) ²)	2 (μV/(V/m) ²)	3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
0.78	0.62	0.85

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
105	108	107

5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

σ=the conductivity of the liquid

ρ=the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c=the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt=the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{4p_W}{ab\delta}e^{\frac{-12}{\delta}}$$

where

a=the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide b=the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide δ=the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide Pw=the power delivered to the liquid

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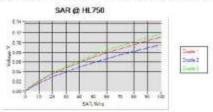
Ref. ACR 261 11 23 BES.A

Report No.: S24060401606001

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz*)	ConvE
HL750	750	2.37
HL850	835	2.32
HL900	900	2.23
HL1800	1800	2.45
HL1900	1900	2.63
HL2000	2000	2.83
HL2300	2300	2.81
HL2450	2450	2.85
HL2600	2600	2.65
HL3300	3300	2.21
HL3500	3500	2.20
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.40
HL4200	4200	2.40
HL4600	4600	2.33
HL4900	4900	2.37
HL5200	5200	2.07
HL5400	5400	2.11
HL5600	5600	2.20
HL5800	5800	2.04

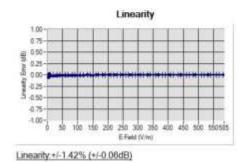
(*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz

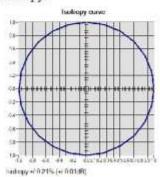




6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is +/-0.2 dB for linearity and +/-0.15 dB for axial isotropy.



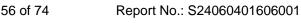


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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YYMVGB.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vL

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR 261 11.23 BES.A

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date Validated. No ca required.			
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.				
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024			
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2023			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025			
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024			
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025			
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2022	09/2025			
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG2_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G600_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR 261 11.23 BES.A

Report No.: S24060401606001

Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated, No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated, No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
emperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.53.29.24.BES.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15DIP2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE





Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.







Ref: ACR 53 29 24 BES A

Report No.: S24060401606001

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	fedurating
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	75
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/27/2024	Gann TOUTACLE

Signature Yann numérique de Yann Toutain ID Toutain ID Date: 2024.02.27 08:57:39 +01'00'

12	Customer Name
Distribution:	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release
			1
			+





Ref : ACR 53 29 24 BES A

Report No.: S24060401606001

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Ref : ACR 53:29:24 BES A

INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID2450			
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP2G450-352			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







Ref : ACR 53 29 24 BES A

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MEASUREMENT METHOD

4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.3 SAR REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

5.2 S11 PARAMETER

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is +/-0.08 with respect to measurement conditions.

5.3 SAR

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

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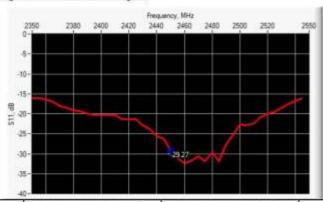
CALIBRATION RESULTS

6.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

L	L mm		h mm		mm
Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required
	51.50 +/- 2%	-	30.40 +/- 2%	-	3.60 +/- 2%

6.2 S11 PARAMETER

6.2.1 S11 parameter in Head Liquid



I	Frequency (MHz)	S11 parameter (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
	2450	-29.27	-20	$53.6\Omega + 0.1j\Omega$

6.3 SAR

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

6.3.1 SAR with Head Liquid

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.





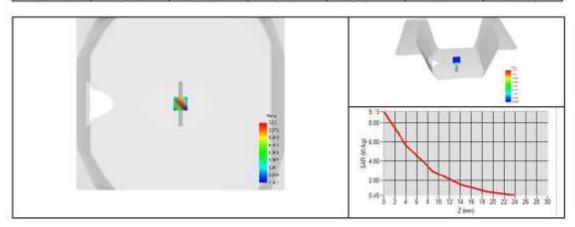


Ref : ACR 53:29:24 BES A

Report No.: S24060401606001

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	3523-EPGO-429
Liquid	Head Liquid Values; eps'; 42.1 sigma: 1.83
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency		1g SAR (W/kg	kg) 10g SAR			(W/kg)	
	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	
2450 MHz	5.00	50.05	52.40	2.38	23.80	24.00	









Ref: ACR 53 29 24 BES A

Report No.: S24060401606001

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Description			Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN 13/09 SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025	
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	11/2022	11/2025	
Reference Probe	MVG	3523-EPGO-429	11/2023	11/2024	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025	
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024	
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025	
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024	





SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.53.31.24.BES.A

Report No.: S24060401606001

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

> FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 13/14 WGA 33

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/21/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









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Report No.: S24060401606001

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	fedurating
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	Jes
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Name	Date	Modifications
Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release
	10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	



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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference waveguides used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

	Device Under Test
Device Type	COMOSAR 5000-6000 MHz REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SWG5500
Serial Number	SN 13/14 WGA 33
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Waveguides are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

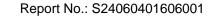
4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -8 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.







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4.3 SAR REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

5.2 S11 PARAMETER

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is +/-0.08 with respect to measurement conditions.

5.3 SAR

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

6 CALIBRATION RESULTS

6.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency	L ()	mm)	W (mm)		Lr (mm)		Wr (mm)	
(MHz)	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured
5800	40.39 ±		20.19 ± 0.13	- 12	81.03 ±	92	61.98 ±	

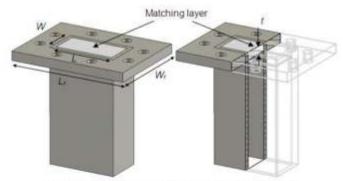
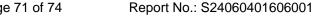


Figure 1: Validation Waveguide Dimensions

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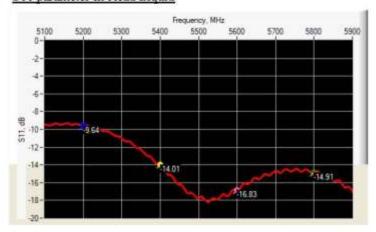




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6.2 S11 PARAMETER

6.2.1 S11 parameter In Head Liquid



Frequency (MHz)	S11 parameter (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
5200	-9.64	-8	25.80 Ω - 6.58 jΩ
5400	-14.01	-8	51.53 Ω + 20.60 jΩ
5600	-16.83	-8	44.12 Ω - 12.35 jΩ
5800	-14.91	-8	38.53 Ω + 11.21 jΩ

6.3 SAR

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference waveguide meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed with the matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell.

6.3.1 SAR With Head Liquid

At those frequencies, the target SAR value can not be generic. Hereunder is the target SAR value defined by MVG, within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W net power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.







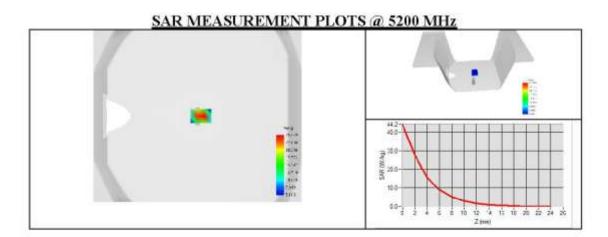


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Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	3523-EPGO-429
Liquid	Head Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps':34.16 sigma:4.42 Head Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps':33.63 sigma:4.64 Head Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps':33.12 sigma:4.87 Head Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps':32.57 sigma:5.12
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %
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Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)			10 g SAR (W/kg)		
	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W
5200	16.26	162.59	159.00	5.62	56.21	56.90
5400	15.98	159.81	166.40	5.50	55.00	58.43
5600	17.91	179.15	173.80	6.10	61.01	59.97
5800	18.22	182.20	181.20	6.13	61.32	61.50



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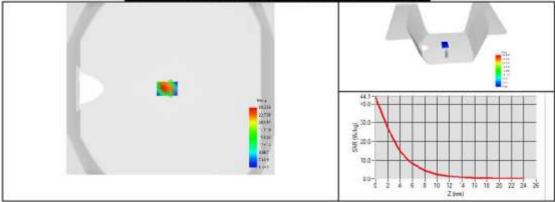




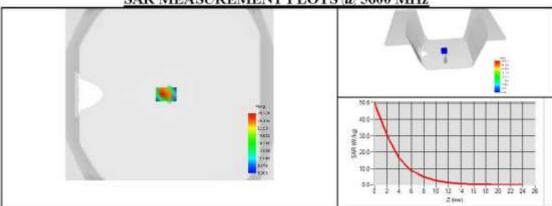
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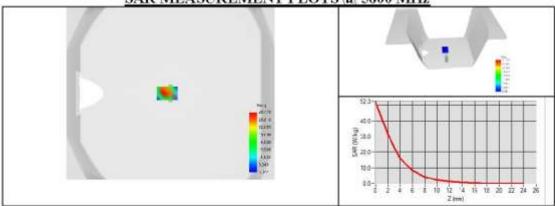




SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz



SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz



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7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet								
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date				
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN 13/09 SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.				
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.				
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024				
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025				
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	11/2022	11/2025				
Reference Probe	MVG	3623-EPGO-431	11/2023	11/2024				
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026				
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025				
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024				
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025				
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024				

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