Chapter 6

Configuration of the AVIATOR 700 system

This chapter has the following sections:

- SBU Configuration tasks
- Built-in web interface for the SBU
- The Dashboard
- The phone book
- To set up the interfaces of the SBU
- LAN/WLAN network users
- Administration of the SBU
- Site map of the SBU web interface
- Configuration of 3rd party phone systems
- AVIATOR 700 system ready for use



Line of sight during operation

You can configure the system while the aircraft is in the hangar. Note that you cannot typically check the satellite communication while the aircraft is still in the hangar. There must be a line of sight between the Satcom antenna and the satellite in order to use the satellite service.





6.1 Configure the basic system

To configure the AVIATOR 700 system you use the Aero-SDU Configuration Program for the SDU and the Built-in web interface for the SBU.



Figure 6-2: Configuration tools for SDU and SBU

For quick start instructions see:

- Basic configuration of the SDU on page 6-10
- Basic configuration of the SBU on page 6-13

6.2 Aero-SDU Configuration Program for the SDU

Configuration parameters for the SDU are stored in the SDU Configuration Module (CM), which is managed from the Aero-SDU Configuration Program for the MS Windows® operating systems.

The Aero-SDU Configuration Program makes it possible to:

- Read, write and edit a complete set of operating parameters for the SDU system
- Show which units are available
- Set up the SDU and cabling with all configurable parameters
- Access the SBU configuration tool (web interface)
- Save/load an SDU configuration to/from a file
- Print reports to a printer
- Update the SDU and HPA software
- Access a terminal emulator for troubleshooting purposes
- Acquire satellite elevation and azimuth for any geographical location
- Get online help on specific topics through the Help menu, by pressing F1, or by using the "What's This?" button

6.2.1 Install the Aero-SDU Configuration Program

Installation requirements

- Installation CD (included in the delivery of the AVIATOR 700 system). You can also download the Aero-SDU Configuration Program at https://sync.cobham.com/satcom/support/downloads.
- A PC running Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8 or Windows 10.
- 1024×768 or higher display resolution. The program is best viewed using small fonts.
- Data Cable (Part number TT 37-112940-A or equivalent) to connect a PC to the SDU.
- An available serial COM port (DB9) for the Data Cable.
- Ethernet cable (straight)

Installation procedure

Insert the CD-ROM with the Aero-SDU Configuration Program into the CD ROM drive and wait until the PC automatically starts the installation program (if the installation program does not start automatically, open the file-explorer and double-click the file named setup.exe).

Go through the InstallShield Wizard. When installation is done, a shortcut is placed on your desktop.

6.2.2 To use the Aero-SDU Configuration Program

The Aero-SDU Configuration Program is used to configure both AVIATOR 700 and Aero-HSD⁺systems.

Important

No mismatch for Level D and Level E allowed: If a level-D certified system detects an inconsistent hardware unit (level E) or software image (level E), it enters failure mode and the system will not be operational. Inconsistency messages are displayed to clearly inform the service personnel about the reason for this failure mode.



Figure 6-3: Aero-SDU Configuration Program: View Level D and Level E certification level

Start the Aero-SDU Configuration Program

To start up the Aero-SDU Configuration Program, double-click the program icon on your desktop.

The following picture shows the start up window of the configuration program.



Figure 6-4: Aero-SDU Configuration Program: Start-up window

You can perform several tasks from the start up window. This chapter concentrates on the configuration task.

Navigation

The most important menu commands to start managing a configuration are:

Menu keys	Icon or button	Description
File, New	New Configuration	Create a new configuration from scratch (Only the most critical parameters are initialized, the rest is up to you).
		Confirm the system to configure: AVIATOR 700
		Up to four different configurations can be open at the same time.
		The configuration can be created off-line (i.e. without an SDU connected to the PC). The settings can then be written to the SDU at a later stage.
		Note : Offline configuration can only be done for the SDU. To configure the SBU you must be online.
File, Open	*	Opens a previously saved configuration from the disk.
File, Read Configuration	R	Read configuration from the connected SDU and copy the data into a new configuration.
trom SDU		Note. This function is most suited for tasks that involve minor modifications to already installed systems.

Table 6-1: Configuration related menu commands

Having opened a new configuration, you are prompted to confirm the system you are about to configure. Select AVIATOR 700 and click OK to continue.



Figure 6-5: Configuration program: System selection, Aero-SDU Configuration Program



When one of the products is selected, the configuration view opens.

Figure 6-6: Aero-SDU Configuration Program, configuration view

The configuration view is divided into three panes:

- 1. Navigation pane to access specific sections of the configuration
- 2. Settings pane to set individual configuration settings
- 3. Warnings pane listing the tasks to set up a valid configuration, and displaying errors and notes.

For instructions how to make a software update see Software update on page 8-8.

Menus in the Navigation pane

The Aero-SDU Configuration Program comprises the following items:

- Installation aircraft details and installed units.
 - Handsets setting of handset type, volume, ring tones etc. Fax connected to 2-wire.
 - Ring Profiles setup of ring profiles that each determine the behavior of all handsets and annunciators.
 - RF setup of antenna and DLNA types, antenna heading, SBU unit installed and RF cable losses.

Note

- Ext. Systems setup of external systems such as IRS/AHRS, ACARS/AFIS/CMU, MCDU etc.
- Date & Time setup of date and time in the SDU and synchronization.
- Call Routing setup of how the SDU should behave to incoming and outgoing calls.
- LAN IP parameters for LAN connection. Under normal conditions, these parameters should not be changed.
- BITE List of BITE codes with the option to disable display of selected codes.
- Satellite Network setup of the conditions for logon to the satellite network, including automatic/manual logon, setup of GES for the H+ service and LES for the Swift64 service and initial satellite data.
- Phone Book a list of up to 99 phone numbers. From this window you can add, edit and delete information in the phone book and assign quick-dial numbers.

Information

• **Factory data** - showing the version of the software installed in the SDU, including the certification level D or E, the PCB numbers of the individual boards in the system, the serial numbers of the LRUs in the system, the LRU revision numbers of the: SDU, CM, HPA, 4W Handset(s) units.

4	🗲 Cobham SATCOM Aero-SDU CP - [New_configuration]							
	<u>P</u> <u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew Link PIN	Codes <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp						_ 8 ×
	🛍 🚅 🖬 🔤 🗖 R	🗰 😆 💦 💡						
1	🕈 Start up 🔛 New_co	onfiguration						
	Installation Handsets Ring Profiles RF Ext. Systems Date & Time Call Routing LAN BITE Satellite Network Phone Book Information Factory Data Commissioning IDs	SDU HPA CM LRU Serial No.: Part No.: Part No.: Certification Level: E SW Version: Build no.: Certification Level: E Detaile	4W Handset(s)	TT-5035A Satellite Data L	Jnit			
		Board H- Main Board C-Channel Board HSD Main Board	PCB No.	Min, Req. SW	Strap ID	HW level E E	SW level E E E	

Figure 6-7: SDU configuration, Information> Factory Data: View the certification level

• Commissioning IDs - setup of ICAO address and inspection of ISN numbers.

Settings pane

This pane contains the details related to the items you can select in the Navigation pane.

Warnings pane and SDU configuration guide

This pane contains a list that can hold a mix of: A list of the parameters that need to be entered, errors and notes. The list serves two main purposes:

- Configuration guide: To show what you need to change/set up before the configuration can be written to the SDU. If something important remains in this list when the write to SDU function is applied an error dialog appears. When you have configured the system correctly, this warnings pane will be empty.
- 2. **Warnings and notes**: To indicate where your configuration differs from what Cobham recommends (ex. antenna gain exceeds expected limits).

Note: Double click on the items in the list one by one to work through the necessary configuration settings. A click on an item brings you directly to the hot spots in the configuration that need your attention.

6.2.3 Basic configuration of the SDU

For detailed information on how to use the Aero-SDU Configuration Program, please refer to the built-in help system of the program. Press F1 or use the Help menu.

As a minimum setup, you need to set up the following parameters:

Commissioning ID

• ICAO address.

In the navigation pane of the Aero-SDU Configuration Program, select **Commissioning IDs** under **Information**. Then click the **Copy** button to copy the strapped ICAO address to the Config Module, or type in the ICAO address in the **Config Module** field.

RF settings SDU

- Antenna type and heading offset. Select **RF** under **Installation** and select the antenna type.
- DLNA type.

In the **RF** pane select the DLNA type.

• Cable loss for SDU.

In the **RF** pane, enter the cable losses in the **Cable Loss** fields. These cable loss values are without losses from the RX splitter and TX combiner.

The necessary RF settings for the SBU are described in *Basic configuration of the SBU* on page 6-13.

External systems

• Navigation parameters, IRS/AHRS.

Select Ext. Systems under Installation.

Then select IRS or AHRS, select which interfaces are connected and whether they run at low or high speed.

Satellite network

- Preferred GES Select Satellite Network and set up the list of preferred GES.
- Preferred LES and Logon Policy Set up the list of preferred LESs. Set H+ Logon Policy to Automatic or Manual.

Enable handsets

• Handset parameters, Broadcast Ring Tone.

Select **Handsets** under **installation**. Then select a ring tone from the **Broadcast Ring Tone** scroll list.

External equipment

Depending on the connected equipment, it may be necessary to enter information on some of the following items:

Handsets.

Select Handsets under Installation.

Then enter which handset is installed on which interface and set the parameters for each handset.

- For handset interface #1 and #2 you may select T&T Handset, MagnaStar, WH10, Cockpit Audio, Iridium-1, Iridium-2 or FONE.
- For handset interface #3 you may select T&T Handset, MagnaStar, WH10, Iridium-1, Iridium-2 or FONE.
- For handset interface #4 only T&T handset is available.
- For handset interface #5 and #6 you may select Handset, Fax or ICG Handset (for Sigma⁷ handset).
- Fax.

In the **Handsets** pane, select the Fax handset-type under Two-Wire POTS #5 or #6. This means the interface will not ring on a broadcast call.

• Ring Profiles.

Select **Ring Profiles** under **Installation**. Set up one or more profiles that determine which interfaces should ring when a broadcast call is received, and which should not. There are five possible profiles. One of them, "TakeOfLandng", is preset and cannot be changed. If the "Chime/Lamps Inhibit" input is activated, the "TakeOfLandng" profile is automatically used. This input should be activated during take-off and landing.

• ACARS/AFIS/CMU/MCDU/WOW.

Select Ext. Systems under Installation.

Then enter which systems are connected and enter the requested parameters for each system.

Write the configuration to the SDU

To transfer the content of the active configuration view into the connected SDU click the button **w** in the top toolbar.

6.2.4 Transfer configuration data to the SDU

You transfer configuration data to the SDU using the Aero-SDU Configuration Program. Before transferring the settings, connect the TT37-112940-A data cable between the serial port of the PC and the front connector of the SDU. Use the menu commands listed below to select the direction of the transmission.

Menu key combination	Icon	Description
Link - Read configuration from SDU	R	Transfer the configuration from the SDU connected into the configuration view that is active right now.
(Or use keyboard shortcut Ctrl-R)		
Link - Write configuration to		Transfer the content of the active configuration view into the connected SDU.
SDU (Or use keyboard shortcut Ctrl-W)		1. Before writing the configuration, the configuration program validates the data. If this validation fails due to errors in the configuration, a dialog will inform you about it, and the write operation is cancelled. See also messages in the warning pane for more information.
		2. Before the write operation is started you will have the choice to turn off reset-after-write. Please note that settings are only applied to the system after a reset. Under normal circumstances you do not need to change this.

Table 6-2: Menu commands for configuration data transfer

Select a COM port: The first time you try to communicate with the SDU, a popup dialog will ask you to select a COM-port from a list of installed COM-ports. This dialog will also appear if the SDU was not found on the selected COM-port.

6.3 SBU Configuration tasks

Having installed the AVIATOR 700 System you must also configure the SwiftBroadband Unit properly for use with the current antenna setup, including cable losses for the installation, and select the correct navigational input. Furthermore the interfaces have to be set up and configured to the specific aircraft installation and application requirements. IP connections, network user groups and profiles for IP data usage including LAN/WLAN network management must be configured so the required applications run smoothly on the system. For this purpose you use the built-in web interface of the SBU.

Note Before you start configuring the SBU make sure that the Configuration Module for the SBU is mounted in the SwiftBroadband Unit.

There are two ways to access the SBU web interface:

- 1. Use a web browser and enter the IP address of the SBU. The standard IP address is **192.168.0.1**.
- 2. Using the Aero-SDU Configuration Program, click on the button **SBU Dashboard** in the left side of the startup window.



Figure 6-8: 2 ways to access the SBU web interface

6.3.1 Basic configuration of the SBU

As a minimum, you need to set up the following parameters in the built-in web interface of the SBU:

 On the DASHBOARD verify that you have the latest SBU software version (see cobham.com/satcom, Service and support). Verify also that the certification level is correct (Level-D or Level-E). For more information on the individual fields see *The Dashboard* on page 6-23.

DASHBOARD	PROPERTIES		SESSIONS TOTAL	
CONNECT	Airtime provider	Swift	Standard voice inbound	01:28:39
PHONE BOOK	GPS position	N 55°48', E 12°30'	Standard voice outbound	d 03:35:40
MESSAGES	Status	Ready	3.1 kHz audio inbound	00:02:30
CALLS	Satellite selection	Auto	3.1 kHz audio outbound	00:08:45
SETTINGS	Current satellite	EMEA (elevation: 25°)	Standard data	31.12 MB
ADMINISTRATION	Unit serial number	11443372	Streaming 8 kbps	00:00:00
HELPDESK	Software version	2.02	Streaming 16 kbps	00:00:00
SITE MAP	Certification level	Level-D	Streaming 32 kbps	00:00:00
	IMSI number	901112115106122	Streaming 64 kbps	00:03:40
	IMEI number	35872303-000340-9	Streaming 128 kbps	00:00:00
			BGAN X-Stream	00:09:17
	ONGOING DATA SESSIONS		ONGOING CALLS	

Figure 6-9: Basic configuration of the SBU, step 1/6

2. In **SETTINGS > System type**, select AVIATOR 700 and click **Apply**.



CAUTION! Selecting a wrong system type may cause damage to the satcom antenna or GPS antenna. If the system type purchased can not be selected, please contact the supplier of your AVIATOR 700 system. **Do not try to use a different system type!**

DASHBOARD	SYSTEM TYPE
CONNECT	Select the system type and press Apply. If the system type you want to select cannot be selected, contact your service center for assistance. To clear the system type press Reset.
PHONE BOOK	Potential risk for damage: If you select a wrong system type there is a potential risk that the connected
MESSAGES	
1 CALLS	AVIATOR 700
SETTINGS	O AVIATOR 350
LAN	O AVIATOR 300
WLAN	O AVIATOR 200
Phone/Fax	O AVIATOR 100
ISDN	Apply Cancel Reset
Common	
IP handsets	
2 Discrete I/O	
System Type	

Figure 6-10: Basic configuration of the SBU, step 2/6

3. In **SETTINGS > External systems** enter the values for Navigational input and GPS voltage. For detailed instructions see *Set up the navigational input of the SBU* on page 6-51.

		EXTERNAL SYSTEM	5
	DACHROADD		-
	DASHBOARD		
	CONNECT	NAVIGATIONAL IN	PUT
	PHONE BOOK	Navigational input	◯ IRS ◯ GPS only
_	MESSAGES	PRIMARY	
1	CALLS	Connected	● Yes ○ No
L	SETTINGS	Speed	High O Low
	LAN	SECONDARY	
	WLAN	Connected	
	Phone/Fax	Connected	U Yes INO
	ISDN	Speed	● High ○ Low
	Common	GPS VOLTAGE	
	IP handsets	GPS voltage	● 0 VDC ○ 5 VDC ○ 26 VDC
	Discrete I/O	Selecting an incorrec	ct GPS voltage may damage the GPS antenna.
	System Type	Apply Cancel	
2	RF settings		
	External systems		

Figure 6-11: Basic configuration of the SBU, step 3/6

4. In **SETTINGS > RF settings**, enter the cable losses applicable to the SBU. For detailed instructions see *Configure RF settings of the SBU* on page 6-50.



Figure 6-12: Basic configuration of the SBU, step 4/6

5. In SETTINGS > LAN > Network user groups, click Edit.

	DASHBOARD	NETWORK USER GROUPS					
	CONNECT	Name	Status	Internet connection	Automatic activation	4	
	PHONE BOOK	Remote equipment	Enabled	Bridge mode	Enabled	Edit	
	MESSAGES	Group 1	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
1	CALLS	Group 2	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
Г	SETTINGS	Group 3	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
냙	LAN	Group 4	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
٩.	Port forwarding	Group 5	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
	Network devices	Group 6	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
		Group 7	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
2	Network classification	Group 8	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
З	Network user groups	Group 9	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit	
	PPPoE	Default group	Enabled	Router mode	Disabled	Edit	
	Static route						
	WLAN						

Figure 6-13: Basic configuration of the SBU, step 5/6

6. Enter the APN from your service provider. For detailed instructions see *Set up the network user groups* on page 6-56.

DASHBOARD	NETWORK USER GROUP	
CONNECT	Name	Remote equipment
PHONE BOOK	Status	Enabled Disabled
MESSAGES	Internet connection	Bridge mode 🗸 🗸
CALLS	Changes to Status and Interr	net connection only take effect after reboo
SETTINGS	TCP/IP	
LAN	Oynamic IP address	
Port forwarding	◯ Static IP address	
Network devices	IP Header compression	Enabled Disabled
Network classification	APN	
Network user groups	Common	
PPPoE		
Static route	SIM default	
WLAN	1 O Network assigned	2
Phone/Fax	O User defined	bgan.inmarsat.com
ISDN	User name	3
Common	Password	
IP handsets	PROFILES	
Discrete I/O		

Figure 6-14: Basic configuration of the SBU, step 6/6

6.4 Built-in web interface for the SBU

Use the built-in web interface of the SBU to access the SBU configuration settings in the CM of the SBU. A subset of the configuration settings are stored in a write-protected area of the CM. This subset contains the physical settings for the antenna, cabling and other external input.

Important

To set up or change the settings of the write-protected area you must connect a PC to the connector marked **Maintenance** on the SBU front plate. You can view all SBU settings from any LAN or WLAN interface.

The CM also contains the SIM card for accessing the SwiftBroadband service. The settings that can only be changed when connected to the SBU maintenance connector are:

- Discrete I/O settings
- System type
- Cable loss data in Settings, RF settings,
- Input from navigational systems in Settings, External systems
- Enabling options (Router, WLAN) in Settings, Flex.

Note For information on daily use of the AVIATOR 700 system refer to the AVIATOR 700 User Manual.

No installation of software is necessary because the web interface is built into the SBU.

Browsers supported

The web interface is built into the terminal and is used for operating, setting up and configuring the system.

You can access the web interface from a computer with a standard Internet browser.

6.4.1 Topics in the SBU web interface

The following drawing shows the topics available in the web interface. The topics in grey are mainly used during daily use of the system, they are described in detail in the AVIATOR 700 User Manual.



Figure 6-15: Topics in the SBU web interface

6.4.2 Check the connection to the web interface

To check whether you can connect to the web interface of the SBU do as follows:

- 1. Power up the AVIATOR 700 system. Wait until the LEDs on the front plate show that the system is ready to be configured.
 - Power LED: Green, then wait for approximately one minute.
- 2. Connect a PC to the Maintenance interface (standard Ethernet) on the front plate of the SBU.

If you want to change the setup of the user interfaces and change network usage you can use any of the terminal LAN interfaces (up to 6) installed in the aircraft cabin or the Wireless connection, if available. If you want to change the physical settings for the antenna, cabling and other external input you must use the SBU maintenance connector at the front of the SBU.

Important For systems without the built-in router option enabled, i.e. the basic version or the version with Wireless option only: To use the SBU Maintenance connector disconnect or switch off any PC connected to another LAN interface of the SBU.

Access the web interface

To access the web interface, do as follows:

- 1. Open your browser and enter the IP address of the SBU. The standard IP address is **192.168.0.1**.
 - Note If the local IP address of the SBU has been changed and you do not have the new address, you can temporarily set the IP address to the default value by pushing the **Reset** button on the front plate of the SBU. For detailed instructions see the table *How to reset the IP address or the terminal software to default settings* on page 8-23.

For further information on the Reset button, see *IP Reset (Default) button on the SBU* on page 8-22.

For further information on IP addresses of the SBU see *Set up the LAN IP addressing* on page 6-29.

2. The web interface opens directly with the **DASHBOARD** page. The web interface consists of the following sections:

2				
SIGNAL:		3)		
DASHBOARD	PROPERTIES		SESSIONS TOTAL	
CONNECT	Airtime provider	Swift	Standard voice inbound	01:28:39
PHONE BOOK	GPS position	N 55°48', E 12°30'	Standard voice outbound	1 03:35:40
MESSAGES	Status	Ready	3.1 kHz audio inbound	00:02:30
CALLS	Satellite selection	Auto	3.1 kHz audio outbound	00:08:45
SETTINGS	Current satellite	EMEA (elevation	Standard data	31.12 MB
ADMINISTRATION	Unit serial number	11443372	Streaming 8 kbps	00:00:00
HELPDESK	Software version	2.02	Streaming 16 kbps	00:00:00
SITE MAP	Certification level	Level-D	Streaming 32 kbps	00:00:00
	IMSI number	901112115106122	Streaming 64 kbps	00:03:40
(1)	IMEI number	35872303-000340-9	Streaming 128 kbps	00:00:00
\bigcirc			BGAN X-Stream	00:09:17
	ONGOING DATA S	ESSIONS	ONGOING CALLS	
	(No active data ses	sions)	(No active calls)	
	PROFILES ON LAN	(DEFAULT GROUP)		
	Start Standard	Start Streaming 64	Start Streaming 128	3
	Start BGAN X-Strea	m		
	Refresh			

Figure 6-16: Sections of the web interface

- 1. The **navigation pane** holds the main menu. Clicking an item in the menu opens a submenu in the navigation pane or a new page in the contents section.
- 2. The **signal status field** shows the signal strength. The signal strength can vary during operation, depending on the current position relative to the Inmarsat satellite and the call or data session activity.

- 3. The **icon bar** shows icons for new SMS messages and for active events, when relevant. For explanations of the icons, see the next section, *Icons in the icon bar*.
- 4. The **contents section** shows the page selected in the navigation pane. This section is used for viewing or changing settings, or for performing actions.

When the Dashboard is displayed you have verified that the connection to the SBU can be established. The web interface is ready for use. You can continue to configure the system.

If you cannot establish a connection to the SBU there might be problems with the Proxy server settings of your PC. See *Proxy server settings in your browser* on page 6-21 for further information.

Icons in the icon bar

The following icons may appear in the icon bar in the web interface:

Icon	Explanation
\boxtimes	A new SMS message, or information of Voice mail, has arrived. Click the icon to see new messages or information of Voice mail. For further information, see the AVIATOR 700 User Manual.
	An event is active. Click the icon to see a list of active events. For explanations of the event messages, see the AVIATOR 700 User Manual. Note that this icon will remain in the icon bar as long as the event is still active.

Table 6-3: Web interface: Icons

Navigate the web interface

- To expand a menu, click the menu in the navigation pane.
- **To access status and settings**, click the relevant subject in the navigation pane or click the relevant icon in the icon bar. The status or settings are displayed in the contents section.
- To get an overview over the submenus available use the site map, click SITE MAP in the navigation pane. Click on items in the site map to go directly to the relevant location.
- Note

You can limit access to some parts of the web interface for certain users. Then the parts are grayed out. For information on how to set up user permissions, see *Set up user permissions* on page 6-84.

Proxy server settings in your browser

If you are connecting your computer using a LAN or WLAN interface, the **Proxy server** settings in your browser must be disabled before accessing the web interface. Most browsers support disabling of the Proxy server settings for one specific IP address, so you can disable Proxy server settings for the web interface only, if you wish. Consult your browser help for information.

To disable the use of a Proxy server completely, do as follows:

- Note The following description is for **Microsoft Internet Explorer**. If you are using a different browser, the procedure may be different.
- In Microsoft Internet Explorer, select Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings.

Local Area Network (LAN) Settings				
Automatic configuration Automatic configuration may override manual settings. To ensure the use of manual settings, disable automatic configuration.				
Automatically detect settings				
Use automatic configuration script				
Address				
Proxy server				
Use a proxy server for your LAN (These settings will not apply to dial-up or VPN connections).				
Address: 10.1.1.8 Port: 80 Advanced				
$\boxed{\swarrow}$ <u>Bypass proxy server for local addresses</u>				
OK Cancel				

- 2. Clear the box labeled Use a proxy server for your LAN.
- 3. Click **OK**.

When the proxy server settings are disabled, close and restart your browser. You may need to change this setting back on return to your Internet connection.

IP address and DNS server address setup

To check whether automatic IP address and DNS server address is obtained automatically for your computer, do as follows (example for Windows 7):

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click on the LAN connection you want to use.
- 3. Select Properties, highlight Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).
- 4. Click Properties.

- 5. Make sure that the following is selected: - Obtain an IP address automatically
 - Obtain DNS server address automatically

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties			
General Alternate Configuration				
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.				
Obtain an IP address automatical	dy.			
OUse the following IP address:				
IP address:				
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:				
Default gateway:				
Obtain DNS server address autom	matically			
Ouse the following DNS server add	dresses:			
Preferred DNS server:				
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:				
Validate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced			
	OK Cancel			

Allocating IP addresses and DNS server lookups are handled by the SBU.

6.5 The Dashboard

6.5.1 Overview

The Dashboard is the first screen that is displayed when the user or administrator enters the IP address of the web interface. The Dashboard is used for control and inspection of ongoing communication and for viewing properties and status of the SBU and antenna.

SIGNAL:	\triangle				
DASHBOARD	PROPERTIES		SESSIONS TOTAL		
CONNECT	Airtime provider	Swift	Standard voice inbound	01:28	
PHONE BOOK	GPS position	N 55°48', E 12°30'	Standard voice outbound	1 03:35:	
MESSAGES	Status	Ready	3.1 kHz audio inbound	00:02:	
CALLS	Satellite selection	Auto	3.1 kHz audio outbound	00:08:	
SETTINGS	Current satellite	EMEA (elevation: 25°)	Standard data	31.12	
ADMINISTRATION	Unit serial number	11443372	Streaming 8 kbps	00:00	
HELPDESK	Software version	2.02	Streaming 16 kbps	00:00:	
SITE MAP	Certification level	Level-D	Streaming 32 kbps	00:00:	
	IMSI number	901112115106122	Streaming 64 kbps	00:03	
	IMEI number	35872303-000340-9	Streaming 128 kbps	00:00	
			BGAN X-Stream	00:09:	
	ONGOING DATA S	ESSIONS	ONGOING CALLS		
	(No active data ses	(No active data sessions)		(No active calls)	
	PROFILES ON LAN	(DEFAULT GROUP)			
	Chart Chandard	Start Streaming 64	Start Streaming 128		

Figure 6-17: Web interface: Dashboard

6.5.2 Properties

The **PROPERTIES** section of the **DASHBOARD** shows the following information:

- Airtime provider. The name of your Airtime Provider.
- **GPS position**. The GPS position of your AVIATOR 700 system.

Note In some cases, the BGAN network does not allow the position to be displayed to the user. If this is the case, the display may just show **GPS acquired**. This means that the GPS position is received, but the user is not allowed to see it.

This also applies if the AVIATOR 700 is not yet registered on the BGAN network, but the GPS position is received.

- **Status**. The status of the SBU and antenna. Examples of status information are: Scanning, Ready and Data active.
- Satellite selection. The satellite selected for logon. This is handled by the SDU.

- **Current satellite**. The currently used satellite and elevation angle.
- Unit serial number. The serial number of the SBU.
- Software version. The version of the software embedded in the SBU.
- Certification level. This field shows whether the system is Level-D or Level-E certified.

Important If **Inconsistent** is displayed, it means there is a mismatch with Level-D and Level-E certified units or software. This is not allowed.

- **IMSI number**. The IMSI number (International Mobile Subscriber Identity) of the SBU. This is a unique number that identifies the SIM card of your SBU.
- **IMEI number**. The IMEI number (International Mobile Equipment Identity) of the SBU. This is a unique number that identifies your SBU.

6.5.3 View information on calls and data sessions

The following sections in the **Dashboard** show information on calls and data sessions.

- **ONGOING DATA SESSIONS** is a list of data profiles that are currently active, including the external IP address that is assigned to each profile.
- **ONGOING CALLS** is a list of calls that are currently active. The list shows the call type and the time connected for each call.
- SESSIONS TOTAL lists the totals for each session type. The list shows the session type with accumulated time for voice and Streaming data, and MB transferred for Standard data.

The counters show totals for sessions since the counters were last cleared. For information on how to clear the counters, see *Log handling* on page 6-75.

6.5.4 Profiles on the dashboard

There is also a section on the dashboard showing the network user group and the profile(s) available for the current user. Here you can start the connections allowed for the current network user group. For more information on network user groups and profiles see *LAN/WLAN network users* on page 6-54.

Start or stop a standard data connection

On the Dashboard you can see under PROFILES ON LAN whether a standard connection is active or not.

To start or stop a Standard connection for your Network user group do as follows:

- 1. Open your Internet browser and enter the IP address of the AVIATOR 700 SBU (default: http://192.168.0.1) to access the Dashboard of the web interface.
- 2. Locate **PROFILES ON LAN** at the bottom of the page.
- 3. Click **Start <name of profile>**, in this case: **Start Standard**, or **Stop <name of profile>** to stop the connection.

ONGOING DATA SESSIONS	ONGOING CALLS
(No active data sessions)	(No active calls)
PROFILES ON LAN (Default group)	
<u>Start Standard</u>	
Refresh	

Figure 6-18: Web interface: Start a data connection

4. Click **Refresh** to update the current state of the connection(s). Note that there might be some latency when updating the connection status, you might have to wait and click **Refresh** again to update the Dashboard to the current state.

Note

The PDP context for a data session is not activated before any unit in the LAN tries to communicate, e.g. sends a DHCP request. You can also remotely start a data connection, see *Remote activation of a connection using SMS* on page 6-87.

6.6 The phone book

6.6.1 General usage

The phone book is stored in the Configuration module. In the phone book you can:

- Add new names and phone numbers.
- Modify or delete existing names and phone numbers.
- Look up phone numbers.
- Look up short-dial numbers for easy dialing from a handset.

For information how to access the phone book and how to add, edit and delete phone book entries see the AVIATOR 700 User Manual.

6.6.2 View and edit the mobile and additional numbers¹

The mobile numbers are the phone numbers to use when making a call to the terminal.



These numbers are not listed at delivery. Enter the numbers received from the Service and Airtime Provider.

To view the mobile numbers

To view the mobile numbers of the SBU, select **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers** from the left navigation pane.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD CONNECT PHONE BOOK Mobile numbers	MOBILE NUMBERS Standard voice 870772420567 3.1 kHz audio 870782105234 UDI (64 kbps) 870782105235 RDI (56 kbps) 870782105236
CALLS	Edit

Figure 6-19: Web interface: Phone book, mobile numbers (example, no Multi-voice)

^{1.} Available for systems with Multi-voice and subscriptions with additional numbers.

To enter or edit the mobile numbers

To enter or edit the mobile numbers, click **Edit** at the bottom of the page, type in the numbers received from your Airtime Provider and click **OK**. If Multi-voice is part of your system, the additional numbers from your airtime provider can be entered in the web interface.

MOBILE NUMBERS Standard voice 3.1 kHz audio UDI (64 kbps) RDI (56 kbps)	870772420567 870782105234 870782105235 870782105236
Standard voice 3.1 kHz audio UDI (64 kbps) RDI (56 kbps)	870772420567 870782105234 870782105235 870782105236
3.1 kHz audio UDI (64 kbps) RDI (56 kbps)	870782105234 870782105235 870782105236
UDI (64 kbps) RDI (56 kbps)	870782105235 870782105236
RDI (56 kbps)	870782105236
	RS
Standard voice #2	870444555666
Standard voice #3	870444555667
Standard voice #4	970444555669
Standard voice #4	070444333888
Standard voice #5	
Standard voice #6	
Standard voice #7	
Standard voice #8	
Standard voice #9	
Standard voice #10	
Standard voice #11	
Standard voice #12	
	Standard voice #3 Standard voice #4 Standard voice #5 Standard voice #6 Standard voice #7 Standard voice #8 Standard voice #9 Standard voice #10 Standard voice #11

Figure 6-20: Web interface: Phone book, mobile numbers (example, with Multi-voice)

6.7 To set up the interfaces of the SBU

The following subsections are available:

- The SETTINGS page
- Configure the LAN interface of the SBU
- WLAN interface of the SBU (option)
- Configure the Phone/Fax interface (2-Wire) of the SBU
- Configure the ISDN interface of the SBU
- Set the common interface settings of the SBU
- Set up call services
- Manage AVIATOR Wireless Handsets
- Configure the discrete I/O interfaces of the SBU
- Set the system type
- Configure RF settings of the SBU
- Set up the navigational input of the SBU
- Enable system options with FLEX keys
- Tracking

6.7.1 The SETTINGS page

From the **SETTINGS** page you have access to the submenus for system settings and configuration.

- LAN to configure the settings of the local area network.
- WLAN to configure the wireless network adapter.
- Phone/Fax to configure the phone and fax interfaces.
- **ISDN** to configure the ISDN interface.
- **Common** to configure settings that are common for all interfaces.
- IP handsets to configure connected AVIATOR Wireless Handsets.
- **Discrete I/O** to configure the discrete inputs/outputs of the installation.
- System type to select the AVIATOR 700 system
- **RF settings** to configure the cable losses between the satcom antenna and the SBU.
- External systems to configure the external navigational system.
- FLEX for system options.
- **Tracking** to send position information to a server
- **Upload** to upload new application software to the SBU.

A text message on the screen informs you if you need to reboot the system to activate a new setting or configuration.

To access this page, select SETTINGS from the left navigation pane.

Select a submenu to continue the system configuration.

6.7.2 Configure the LAN interface of the SBU

Overview

The SBU has 6 LAN connectors plus 1 LAN maintenance connector on the SBU front plate.

The major part of the LAN parameters are set up in the network management pages, which require an administrator password. For information on these settings, refer to *LAN/WLAN network users* on page 6-54.



CAUTION! All connections to the LAN interface may be affected when you change the settings below. This also includes your own current connection.

This page is by default not protected by an admin password. You can limit access to this page for certain user groups, for further details see *Set up user permissions* on page 6-84.

Set up the LAN IP addressing

In the web interface you can set up the IP addressing between the SBU and devices connected to the SBU. The SBU has a built-in DHCP server which can be used to dynamically assign IP addresses to devices connected to the SBU.

You can also set up the local IP address used by the connected devices to access the SBU. The Local IP address is the IP address of the SBU. It is used for accessing the web interface. The IP address towards the BGAN network is assigned by Inmarsat and visible on the Dashboard when the connection is active.



Figure 6-21: SBU IP addresses: Local and global IP addresses, default

Note

No router option: If the SBU does not have the router option and works in single-user mode, only one device can be connected to it. This device cannot have a static IP address, it must use the DHCP server of the SBU.

To change the local IP address of the SBU do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **SETTINGS > LAN**.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOARD	 DHCP	
CONNECT	DHCP status	\odot Enabled \bigcirc Disabled
PHONE BOOK	 Local IP address	192 .168 .0 .1
MESSAGES	Netmask	255 .255 .255 .0
CALLS	Apply Cancel]
SETTINGS		-
LAN		
Port forwarding		
Network devices		

Figure 6-22: Web interface: Settings, LAN

- 2. At DHCP status, select Enabled (recommended), or Disabled.
 - Enabled: The SBU assigns dynamic IP addresses to devices connected to the SBU.
 - Disabled: You need to set up a static IP address in the connected device.
- 3. To change the **Local IP address** and the **Netmask**, type in the new address and netmask. By default, the address is 192.168.0.1 and the netmask is 255.255.255.0.
- 4. Click **Apply**.

Port forwarding

Port forwarding enables you to set up a server connected to the SBU while the terminal is in Router mode. Without port forwarding it would not be possible to contact the server from the Internet. If you want to use port forwarding, the global IP address of the SBU should be a static IP address. Check with your service provider for availability of a static global IP address. Note that if not agreed otherwise, the global IP address of the SBU will be dynamically assigned as the SBU signs on to the BGAN network.

For information on how to set the terminal in Router mode, see *Set up the network user* groups on page 6-56.



CAUTION! This page is by default not protected by an admin password. You can limit access to this page for certain user groups, for further details see *Set up user permissions* on page 6-84.

The following example shows how to allow internet access to a mail server (smtp) connected to the terminal.

The mail server in this example has the IP address 192.168.0.100.

1. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > Port forwarding** in the left navigation pane.

SIGNAL: 000000	1			
DASHBOARD	PORT FO	RWARDING		
CONNECT	Port forw	arding	● Enabled ○ Dis	abled
PHONE BOOK	Active	Incoming port range	Destination IP	Destination port range
MESSAGES	v	25 - 25	192.168.0.100	25 - 25
CALLS				110
SETTINGS	V	- 110	192.168.0.100	- 110
LAN		0 - 0	0.0.0	0 - 0
Port forwarding		0 - 0	0.0.0	0 - 0
Network devices		0 - 0	0.0.0	0 - 0
Network classification		0 - 0	0.0.0	0 - 0
Network user groups		0 - 0	0.0.0.0	0 - 0
PPPoE				
Static route			0.0.0.0	- 0
WLAN		0 - 0	0.0.0	0 - 0
Phone/Fax		0 - 0	0.0.0	0 - 0
ISDN	Apply	Cancel		
Common				

Figure 6-23: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Port forwarding

- 2. Select Enabled to generally enable port forwarding.
- 3. Type in the **Incoming port range**.
- 4. Type in the **Destination IP** address, which in this example is the IP address of the mail server: 192.168.0.100.
- 5. Type in the **Destination port range**.
- 6. Repeat step 3 to step 5 to set up port forwarding to additional servers.
- 7. In the Active column, select which ports should have port forwarding activated.
- 8. Click **Apply**.

You can now access the mail server from the Internet, using the external IP address of the SBU. For more information on setting an external IP address see step 6 in *Edit a network user group* on page 6-56.

6.7.3 WLAN interface of the SBU (option)

Note that the settings from the LAN window, except Enabled/Disabled, also apply for the WLAN interface. See *Configure the LAN interface of the SBU* on page 6-29.

Enable and configure the WLAN interface

To enable the WLAN interface, do as follows:

- 1. Make sure that the discrete input, i.e. **TP5 WLAN Enable** input, is wired correctly for WLAN enable. Read more about this in *Pins for non-configurable discrete inputs on the SBU* on page 5-67 and *WLAN pins* on page 5-42.
- 2. In the web interface on the page SETTINGS > WLAN select the status Enabled.

For systems without the built-in Wireless option (WLAN) the submenu will still be available in the web interface and the screen will show that the WLAN option is not enabled. To enable the WLAN option enter the FLEX key for this option in the submenu **Settings > FLEX**. The WLAN interface functions properly if both of the above conditions are fulfilled. To configure the WLAN interface, do as follows:

DASHBOARD	WLAN	
CONNECT	Status	● Enabled ○ Disabled
PHONE BOOK	Broadcast SSID	● Enabled ○ Disabled
MESSAGES	SSID	AVIATOR700
CALLS		
SETTINGS	Country	Canada Australia
LAN		Korea
WLAN	Select channel automatically	Enabled Obisabled
Phone/Fax	Channel	
ISDN	Channel	3 4 5
Common		None
IP handsets	Security	WEP-40/64 WEP-104/128 WPA-AES
Discrete I/O		WPA-2-AES
System Type	Encryption key (Text)	
RF settings	Antenna configuration	● Diversity ○ Main ○ Aux
External systems	TX output power level	○ 25% ○ 50% ④ 100%
FLEX	MAC address filter	◯ Enabled ● Disabled
Tracking	Allowed MAC addresses	00:00:00:00:00:00 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:0
Upload		
ADMINISTRATION		00:00:00:00:00:00 00:00:00:00:00 00:00:0
HELPDESK		00:00:00:00:00:00 00:00:00:00:00 00:00:0
SITE MAP		00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:
		00:00:00:00:00:00 00:00:00:00:00 00:00:0
		00:00:00:00:00:00

1. Select **SETTINGS > WLAN**.

Figure 6-24: Web interface: Settings, WLAN

- 2. You can enable or disable the WLAN (default setting: Enabled).
- 3. For Broadcast SSID, select Enabled (default) or Disabled.

Enabled: your WLAN access point is shown to other users. Disabled: your WLAN access point is hidden.

- Type in the SSID of your choice or accept the default SSID, which is the name of the installed system: AVIATOR 700.
 The SSID (Service Set IDentifier) is the name of the wireless local area network. It is text with maximum 32 characters.
 All wireless devices on a WLAN must use the same wireless local area network in order to communicate with each other.
- 5. Select the **Country** for your present location. The default setting is USA. For a list of countries that can use WLAN with the setting USA see *Countries where the "US" country code applies* on page E-2.
- If you want to let the system automatically find a channel set Select channel automatically to Enabled. Then the Channel list will be grayed out.
 If you have set Select channel automatically to Disabled you can set the Channel used for communication on the WLAN interface.
- 7. Select the **Security** standard. Select one of the following encryption standards:
 - None (default)
 - WEP-40/64, enter the encryption key in hexadecimal format.
 - WEP-104/128, enter the encryption key in hexadecimal format.
 - WPA-TKIP, enter the encryption key in text format.
 - WPA2-AES, enter the encryption key in text format.
- 8. Type in the **Encryption key** for the selected Security standard. This is not applicable if you have selected **Security mode None**.
- 9. In **Antenna configuration** you set whether you have two or one WLAN antennas, and how a single WLAN antenna is connected to the SBU:
 - Diversity: 2 WLAN antennas are connected
 - Main: A single WLAN antenna is connected to SBU TP A4
 - Aux: A single WLAN antenna is connected to SBU TP A2
- 10. **TX output power level**: You can control the maximum transmitted output power from the SBU rear receptacle TP A2 or TP A4:
 - 100% 20 dBm, 100 mW
 - 50% 17 dBm, 50 mW
 - 25% 14 dBm, 25 mW
- 11. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** next to MAC address filters.

Enabled: You can set up a list of MAC addresses that are allowed access to your WLAN. Any device whose MAC address is not on the list will be denied access. **Disabled**: There will be no restrictions on MAC addresses.

- 12. If you have enabled MAC address filters, type in the **Allowed MAC addresses**. The list may contain up to 16 MAC addresses.
- 13. Click Apply.

To disable the WLAN interface

To disable the built-in WLAN interface, do as follows:

• Disable the WLAN interface using the **TP5 WLAN Enable** discrete input. Read more about this in *Pins for non-configurable discrete inputs on the SBU* on page 5-67 and *WLAN pins* on page 5-42.

or

• In the web interface go to **Settings > WLAN** and select **Disable**.

If the WLAN option is not enabled the page **Settings > WLAN** will still be available and the screen will show information that the WLAN option is not enabled.

6.7.4 Configure the Phone/Fax interface (2-Wire) of the SBU

By default all handsets connected to the system will ring on incoming calls. If you have connected a fax, set the incoming call type on that 2-wire interface to 3.1 kHz Audio to avoid that the fax rings and answers an incoming Standard call.

To configure this interface do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > Phone/Fax from the left navigation pane.

SIGNAL:	0000000		
DASHBOARD		PORT 1	
CONNECT		Incoming calls	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio
PHONE BOOK		Outgoing calls	◉ Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio
MESSAGES		Restricted dialing	Enabled
CALLS		PORT 2	
SETTINGS		Incoming calls	🖌 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio
LAN		Outgoing calls	◉ Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio
WLAN		Restricted dialing	Enabled
Phone/Fax		Apply Cancel]
ISDN			-

Figure 6-25: Web interface: Settings, Phone/Fax

2. For each Phone/Fax port, set the call type for incoming and outgoing calls.

Note To identify Port 1 and Port 2 see the drawings of your specific installation. Mark the connectors in the air cabin accordingly.

The call types are described in more detail in the AVIATOR 700 User Manual in the chapter Using a phone of fax machine.

For Incoming calls, you can check Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio or both.
 If you check both, any device connected to the Phone/Fax interface will react (ring) on incoming calls.

If you select only Standard, the Phone/Fax interface will only react on calls made to the Standard phone number, and not on calls to the 3.1 kHz Audio number.

Note

- For **Outgoing calls**, you can select either Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio. The selected type will be used by default, if possible, for any outgoing call. Note, however, that fax machines and modems must use 3.1 kHz Audio.
- Note
- You can override the default setting for outgoing calls by dialing 1* (force the call to Standard) or 2* (force the call to 3.1 kHz Audio) before the number. For further information, see the AVIATOR 700 User Manual.
- 3. Click Apply.

6.7.5 Configure the ISDN interface of the SBU

To configure the ISDN interface, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > ISDN**.

DASHBOARD	PORT 1				
CONNECT	I OKI I				
PHONE BOOK	Incoming calls	🖌 Standard	✓ 3.1 kHz Audio	✓ UDI	✓ RDI
MESSAGES	MSN numbers	<none> 🗸</none>	<none> 🗸</none>	<none> 🗸</none>	<none> 🗸</none>
CALLS	Outgoing calls		○ Standard	0 3 1 kHz Audia	
SETTINGS	outgoing cans	Autoinatic	O Standard	0 5.1 KH2 Addio	
LAN	Audio echo canceller	\bigcirc Enabled	Oisabled		
WLAN	Restricted dialing	Enabled			
Phone/Fax	PORT 2				
ISDN	Tananina arlla			dupt	
Common	Incoming cans	Y Standard		I ODI	I¶ KDI
IP handsets	MSN numbers	<none> 🗸</none>	<none> 🗸</none>	<none> 🗸</none>	<none> 🗸</none>
Discrete I/O	Outgoing calls	 Automatic 	◯ Standard	🔾 3.1 kHz Audio	
System Type		~			
RF settings	Audio echo canceller	⊖ Enabled	 Disabled 		
External systems	Restricted dialing	Enabled			
FLEX	Apply Cancel				
Tracking					

Figure 6-26: Web interface: Settings, ISDN

- 2. Set the call type(s) for incoming calls. You can select Standard, 3.1 kHz Audio, UDI and/or RDI.¹
 - Note Connected devices will only receive incoming calls with the call types that are selected here. For example, if only Standard is selected, and a G4 fax call (using call type UDI) arrives, a fax connected to the ISDN port will not receive the incoming call.
- 3. Set the MSN (Multiple Subscriber Numbering) numbers that are to be assigned to each call type. In most pieces of ISDN equipment you can program multiple subscriber

^{1.}If Multi-voice is enabled and you have entered additional numbers in the phone book, you can assign an additional number to this interface. For more information see *Multi-voice (option)* on page 6-88.

numbers. The number programmed into the equipment should be the dial-in number that you wish that piece of equipment to answer.

Important

If you set an MSN number to anything other than <None>, connected devices must be programmed with these MSN numbers.

Note that this setting only applies to the call type selected above the MSN number, and only if the connected device supports the call type used.

You have the following options with the MSN numbers:

- **<None>**. No MSN numbers are used. An incoming call is accepted in all devices connected to this port.
- **1***, **2***, **3*** **or 4***: If, for example, you select 1* at Standard call type, an incoming Standard call is accepted by all devices that are programmed with the number 1* and connected to the ISDN interface.
- **0401**, **0402**: These are local numbers for separate devices connected to the ISDN interface.

An incoming call is accepted by devices that are programmed with the selected number and connected to the ISDN interface.

You can combine the MSN settings.

Example: You have two devices connected to the ISDN interface. One is programmed with the numbers 1* and 0401, the other is programmed with 1* and 0402.
 In the web interface, you select the MSN number 1* under Standard.
 If an incoming Standard call arrives both devices will accept the call

If an incoming Standard call arrives, both devices will accept the call. If you make a local call to one of the local numbers 0401 or 0402, only the called device will accept the call.

- 4. Set the call type for outgoing calls.
 - If you select **Automatic**, the call type will be determined by the calling device.
 - If you select **Standard**, all outgoing calls, except UDI/RDI, will use the call type Standard. If you make a 3.1 kHz Audio call it will be converted to a Standard call. Outgoing UDI or RDI sessions will be not be influenced by this setting.
 - If you select **3.1 kHz Audio**, all outgoing calls, except UDI/RDI, will use the call type 3.1 kHz Audio. If you make a Standard call it will be converted to a 3.1 kHz Audio call. Outgoing UDI or RDI sessions will be not be influenced by this setting.

Note

You can override the call type setting for outgoing calls by dialing one of the following prefixes before the number:

- 1* (force the call to Standard)
- 2* (force the call to 3.1 kHz Audio)
- 5. If you hear an echo in your handset and the handset does not have its own echo canceller, enable the **Audio echo canceller**.
- 6. Click Apply.
6.7.6 Set the common interface settings of the SBU

The settings under COMMON are common for all interfaces. Note, however, that in order to use the common Access Point Name for an interface, you must select **Common** for the APN setting when setting up the network user group.

Definition of Access Point Name (APN)

The APN is used by the network user to establish a connection to the required external network. This means that the SBU must know the APN in order to be able to connect to the external network. APNs are provided by the airtime provider.

The common APN

The common APN setting is defined here and can be selected for each network user group. If you are using the same APN for many network user groups, it is easier to define it once, and then simply select it for the relevant network user groups. Also, if you change the common APN at a later stage, it is automatically updated for all network user groups where the Common setting is selected.

To set up the common interface settings

To set up the Common interface settings do as follows:

DASHBOARD	COMMON INTERFACE SETTINGS
CONNECT	APN
PHONE BOOK	○ SIM default
MESSAGES	○ Network assigned
CALLS	User defined
SETTINGS	PROFILES
LAN	Buffering on streaming profiles ④ Enabled 〇 Disabled
WLAN	Apply Cancel
Phone/Fax	
ISDN	

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common**.

Figure 6-27: Web interface: Settings, Common

- 2. Select the **APN**. You have the following options:
 - **SIM default**. The APN is taken from the SIM card. This option is not possible with AVIATOR 700, because the APN is not in the SIM card at delivery.
 - **Network assigned**. The APN is assigned from the network.
 - User defined. Type in the APN. This is the recommended option.



Contact your service provider for an APN or check the documentation received from the service provider for an APN.

3. At Buffering on Streaming profiles, select Enabled or Disabled.

- If you select **Enabled**, your Streaming connection will be buffered. This means that the transmission is slightly delayed in order to ensure a precise and continuous data stream.
- If you select **Disabled**, the Streaming connection will not be buffered. This means the data is delivered immediately, but may vary slightly in transmission speed.
- 4. Click Apply.

How to use the common APN

When you configure the APN for your individual network user group, select **Common** to use the setting from this page.

Where Common is selected in the individual network user groups, the setting will automatically be updated when the Common APN is changed.

6.7.7 Set up call services

The setup of call services is also common for all interfaces.



The SBU must be registered on the BGAN network before you can set up the call services in the web interface.

In the web interface you can set up the following supplementary services:

- Call forwarding
- Call barring
- Call waiting
- Line identification
- Closed user group
- Local exchange

Note that, depending on the network, some of these call service settings may prevent others from being activated.

The settings apply for all connected devices using a circuit-switched service.

Call forwarding

You can set up the SBU to automatically forward incoming calls to another phone number. To forward incoming calls do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Call forward** from the left navigation pane.

				COB
SIGNAL:				
DASHBOARD				
CONNECT	Read current settings O	k		
PHONE BOOK	STANDARD VOICE			
MESSAGES	Forward all calls	Enabled]
CALLS	Francisco di subara busari		004520550000]
SETTINGS	Forward when busy	✓ Enabled	004539558800]
LAN	Forward if not reachable	✓ Enabled	004539558800	
WLAN	Forward if no reply	✓ Enabled	004539558800	when unanswered in 20 Sec 🗸
Phone/Fax	3.1 KHZ AUDIO			
ISDN	Forward all calls	Enabled]
Common	Forward when busy	Enabled]
Call forward	Forward if not reachable	Enabled		
Call barring	Forward if no reply	- Enabled		when upanswered in 20 Sec V
Call waiting				
Line identification	DATA/ISDN			1
Closed user group	Forward all calls	Enabled]
Local exchange	Forward when busy	Enabled		
IP handsets	Forward if not reachable	Enabled]
Discrete I/O	Forward if no reply	Enabled		when unanswered in 20 Sec 🗸
System Type	Apply Cancel			
RF settings				
External systems	Please note that some ac may prevent other call fo	tive call forward, call ba	ard, call barring or call waiting se arring or call waiting settings	ettings
FLEX	from being activated			

Figure 6-28: Web interface: Settings, Common, Call forward

 Click OK next to Read current settings to display the phone numbers for call forwarding for the subscription. These numbers are operator controlled and come with your airtime subscription (default). A message saying Operation in progress, please wait. is displayed.



Allow sufficient time for the system to read the current settings over the satellite connection.

- 3. For each call type, select **Enabled** next to the situation(s) in which you want to forward incoming calls.¹
- 4. Next to the enabled items, you can type in a phone number to forward the call to.
- 5. If you have selected **Forward if no reply**, select from the drop-down list the period of time the system should wait before forwarding the call.
- 6. Click Apply.

^{1.} When Multi-voice is enabled, the "Forward when busy" setting is not available for Standard voice.

Call barring

Do as follows to bar incoming and/or outgoing calls to and from the SBU:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Call barring** from the left navigation pane.

signal: 0000000	
DASHBOARD	
CONNECT	Read current settings Ok
PHONE BOOK	STANDARD VOICE
MESSAGES	Bar all outgoing calls
CALLS	
SETTINGS	Bar outgoing international calls except to nome country
LAN	Bar all incoming calls
WLAN	□ Bar all incoming calls when roaming outside the home country
Phone/Fax	3.1 KHZ AUDIO
ISDN	□ Bar all outgoing calls
Common	Bar outgoing international calls except to home country
Call forward	Bar all incoming calls
Call barring	
Call waiting	Bar all incoming calls when roaming outside the home country
Line identification	DATA/ISDN
Closed user group	Bar all outgoing calls
Local exchange	Bar outgoing international calls except to home country
IP handsets	Bar all incoming calls
Discrete I/O	☐ Bar all incoming calls when roaming outside the home country
System Type	Barring PIN
RF settings	
External systems	Appry Cancer
FLEX	Please note that some active call forward, call barring or call waiting settings
Tracking	may prevent other call forward, call barring or call waiting settings from being activated
Upload	

Figure 6-29: Web interface: Settings, Common, Call barring

2. Click **OK** next to **Read current settings**. A message saying **Operation in progress**, **please wait**. is displayed.

Note Allow sufficient time for the system to read the current settings over the satellite connection.

- 3. For each call type, select which calls should be barred.
- 4. In the **Barring PIN** field, type in a PIN for your call barring setup.

This is **not** the SIM PIN entered at startup, but a network PIN. Contact your airtime provider for a Barring PIN.

5. Click **Apply**.

Note

Call waiting

You can set up whether or not you want to receive notification of waiting calls while you are making a call or transmitting data.

To receive a notification of waiting calls do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Call waiting** from the left navigation pane.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD	Read current settings Ok
PHONE BOOK	STANDARD VOICE
MESSAGES CALLS	3.1 KHZ AUDIO
SETTINGS	
WLAN Phone/Fax	Call waiting enabled
ISDN Common	Please note that some active call forward, call barring or call waiting settings may prevent other call forward, call barring or call waiting settings
Call forward	from being activated
Call barring Call waiting	

Figure 6-30: Web interface: Settings, Common, Call waiting

2. Click **OK** next to **Read current settings**. A message saying **Operation in progress**, **please wait**. is displayed.

Note Alle

Allow sufficient time for the system to read the current settings over the satellite connection.

- 3. For each call type, select **Call waiting enabled** if you want to get notification of waiting calls while you are making a call or transmitting data.
- 4. Click **Apply**.

Line identification

You can set up the terminal to show your number when you are making a call or transmitting data. The number shown is the standard voice number of the airtime subscription.

To show the number when making a call or transmitting data do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > Common > Line identification from the left navigation pane.

DASHBOARD CONNECT PHONE BOOK MESSAGES CALLS SETTINGS LAN WLAN Phone/Fax	CALLING LINE IDENTIFICATION Image: Cancel
ISDN Common	

Figure 6-31: Web interface: Settings, Common, Line identification

2. Select **Show my number** and click **Apply**.

Closed user group

Your subscription may include one or more closed user groups. A closed user group is a group of users permitted to make calls to each other but not to users outside the group. To define the settings for these user groups, do as follows:

DASHBOARD	GROUPS		
CONNECT	Group index	Active	Group no.
PHONE BOOK	0	۲	65535
MESSAGES	1	0	0
CALLS	2	0	0
SETTINGS	3	0	0
LAN	4	0	0
WLAN		0	
Phone/Fax	5	0	0
ISDN	6	0	0
Common	7	0	0
Call forward	8	0	0
Call barring	9	0	0
Call waiting	10	0	Subscribed
Line identification			
Closed user group	SETTINGS FOR A	ACTIVE CLOSEE) USER GROUP
Local exchange	Outgoing Acce	ess 🗌 Prefere	ential
	Apply Cancel	1	

1. Select **SETTINGS > Common > Closed user group** from the left navigation pane.

Figure 6-32: Web interface: Settings, Common, Closed user group

- 2. Type in your user group number(s) under **Group no**. Your airtime subscription lists your user group number(s).
- Select which group(s) should be active.
 If you select Active for Subscribed, the group(s) included in your subscription will be active.
- 4. To allow outgoing access for the activated user group(s), select **Outgoing Access** under **SETTINGS FOR ACTIVE CLOSED USER GROUP**. Note that if you selected **Subscribed** above, this setting will not be used.
- 5. Select **Preferential** if you want the activated user group to be selected when a member of a user group does not specify the group number during call set up. Note that if you selected **Subscribed** above, this setting will not be used.
- 6. Click **Apply**.

Local exchange

If you want to call a specific phone connected to the terminal, use the local exchange function. With this function enabled, when you dial the mobile number of the terminal, a recorded message instructs you to dial the number for the local phone you want to call. Your call is then transferred to the requested phone and only the requested phone rings. If the local exchange is not used, incoming calls will per default cause all connected phones to ring.



The Local exchange function is not available if you have enabled the Multi-voice option.

For a detailed description how to set up the local exchange function of the SBU from a remote location see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.

6.7.8 Manage AVIATOR Wireless Handsets

Overview

The SBU uses WLAN to connect AVIATOR Wireless Handsets or other IP equipment. The AVIATOR 700 supports connection of up to 16 AVIATOR Wireless Handsets.

Each handset must have a local number in the range 0501 to 0516 as well as a unique password.



Connect a new AVIATOR Wireless Handset

Note By default, a handset connected to the WLAN interface on the terminal is automatically registered in the terminal and assigned the first available local number.

Do as follows:

- 1. Connect the handset to the WLAN interface of the SBU. For a step-by-step procedure see the AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle User Manual, section Connecting the AVIATOR Wireless Handset to a wireless access point.
- 2. When the handset display shows in the upper right corner, the handset is ready to make a call. If you want to configure the handset or change the password, see the next section.

When the SBU and the AVIATOR Wireless Handset have recognized each other, a **Configure** link appears next to the handset in the **IP handsets** page of the web interface. This link provides direct access to the built-in web interface of the AVIATOR Wireless Handset. For further information, refer to the AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle User Manual.

Set up the AVIATOR Wireless Handset

To set up an AVIATOR Wireless Handset, do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > IP handsets.

					CO
	00				
DASHBOARD	Entry	Number	Handset password	Actions	Configure handset
CONNECT	1	0501	0501	Edit	Configure
	2	0502	0502	Edit	Unreserved
	3	0503	0503	Edit/Release	Reserved
MESSAGES	4	0504	0504	Edit/Release	Reserved
CALLS	5	0505	0505	Edit/Release	Reserved
SETTINGS	6	0506	0506	Edit	Unreserved
LAN	7	0507	0507	Edit/Release	Reserved
WLAN	8	0508	0508	Edit/Release	Reserved
Phone/Fax	9	0509	0509	Edit	Unreserved
ISDN	10	0510	0510	Edit	Unreserved
Common	11	0511	0511	Edit	Unreserved
IP handsets	12	0512	0512	Edit	Unreserved
Call settings	13	0513	0513	Edit	Unreserved
Discrete I/0	14	0514	0514	Edit	Unreserved
System Type	15	0515	0515	Edit	Unreserved
RF settings	16	0516	0516	Edit	Unreserved

Figure 6-33: Web interface: Settings, IP handsets

2. Select **Edit** next to a handset to change the password of the handset.

Remember that you must enter the same password and local number (user name) in the handset. Use the display menu system to enter the local number and the password you just entered in the web interface. Do as follows:

- 1. Enter the menu system and select **SIP** to get the list of profiles.
- 2. Select the BGAN profile and select Options.

3. Select Edit/View and change the user name and password.

Note that the user name is also the local number for the handset.

- If you want to remove a handset from the list, click **Release** under **Actions** (the Release link only appears when the handset is disconnected).
 When a handset is removed from the list, you can no longer access the SBU with this handset.
- 4. Select **Configure** next to a handset to access the built-in web interface of the AVIATOR Wireless Handset.



You can only access the web interface of the handset if **Web server** is enabled under **Settings > Web server** in the handset menu (default enabled).

The web interface of the handset opens. It is very similar to the web interface of the SBU, but has a handset icon in the top left corner.

With the web interface of the IP handset you can access the internal settings of the handset. For further information, refer to the *AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle User Manual*.

Set the call types for AVIATOR Wireless Handsets

On this page you set the call type and you can see whether **Restricted dialing** is enabled for each handset. For information how to set up restricted dialing see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.

To set the call types for AVIATOR Wireless Handsets, do as follows:

DASHBOARD	Number	Incoming calls	Outgoing calls	Restricted dialing
CONNECT	0501	Chandred 2 2 1 kHz Audia	Chandard () 2.1 kta Audia	Enabled
PHONE BOOK	0501		Standard () 5.1 kHz Audio	Lilabled
MESSAGES	0502	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
CALLS	0503	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
SETTINGS	0504	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	\odot Standard \bigcirc 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
LAN	0505	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	◉ Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
WLAN	0506	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Phone/Fax	0507	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	• Standard 0 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
ISDN	0500			E
Common	0508	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	Standard O 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
IP handsets	0509	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	◉ Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Call settings	0510	🖌 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	◉ Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Discrete I/O	0511	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
System Type	0512	✓ Standard ✓ 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
RF settings	0512	Chandrad 2 2 1 kHz Audia	Chandard 🔾 2.1 kills Audia	Enabled
External systems	0515		Standard () 5.1 kHz Audio	Lilabled
FLEX	0514	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Tracking	0515	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Upload	0516	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
ADMINISTRATION	Apply	ancel		

1. Select SETTINGS > IP handsets > Call settings.

Figure 6-34: Web interface: Settings, IP handsets, Call settings

2. For each handset, select the call types you want to enable for incoming and outgoing calls.

The call types are described in more detail in the User Manual.

- For **Incoming calls**, you can check Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio or both. If you check both, the handset will react (ring) on any incoming call. Example: If you select Standard, the handset will only react on calls made to the Standard phone number.¹
- For **Outgoing calls**, you can select either Standard or 3.1 kHz Audio. The selected type will be used by default, if possible, for any outgoing call.
- 3. Click Apply.

^{1.}If Multi-voice is enabled and you have entered additional numbers in the phone book, you can assign an additional number to each IP handset. For more information see *Multi-voice (option)* on page 6-88.

6.7.9 Configure the discrete I/O interfaces of the SBU

Overview

The SBU has 4 annunciators, 1 chime/lamp inhibit and 5 non-configurable discrete inputs. The non-configurable discrete inputs are SBU nOn (remote on/off), SBU Enable, WLAN Enable and two for Automatic Test Equipment (ATE). The ATE inputs are only for factory use, do not connect them.

Each I/O pin that can be configured is displayed in the web interface. For more information on the pins TP (Top Plug) and BP (Bottom Plug) see *Pin-out for SBU rear receptacle (top plug)* on page 4-17 and *Pin-out for SBU rear receptacle (bottom plug)* on page 4-18.

The functions of the I/O pins are as follows:

- Pin TP13: Input. Chime/Lamps Inhibit Input. This discrete input is used to inhibit Satcom activation of the chime and call lights during take-off and landing.
- Pin TP27: Output. Annunciator #3 "Service Available". Default behavior: Active low when the SwiftBroadband Service is logged on
- **Pin TP28: Output. Annunciator #1 "Incoming call"**. Default behavior: Active low when a handset is ringing.
- Pin TP29: Output. Annunciator #2 "SBU Failed". Default behavior: Active low whenever a BITE with severity essential or fatal is active on the SBU.
- Pin BP1: Output. Annunciator #4 "Message received"

 This discuss a start and he was dealed by the start the start and t
 - This discrete output can be used to indicate that there is an unread message in the SBU. Default behavior: Active low.

Set the discrete I/O interfaces

You can enable and set some of the discrete I/Os in the web interface. To set these, do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > Discrete I/O.

SIGNAL:	00					
DASHBOARD	DISCRETE I/C)				
CONNECT	Pin	I/0	Function	Enabled	Polarity	
PHONE BOOK	TP13	Input	Chime/Lamp inhibit	✓	◯ Active high	Active low
MESSAGES	TP27	Output	Service available	~	○ Active high	Active low
CALLS	TP28	Output	Incoming call		O Active high	Active law
SETTINGS	1926	output	Incoming call	•	 Active high 	Active low
LAN	TP29	Output	SBU failed	1	○ Active high	Active low
WLAN	BP1	Output	Message received	\checkmark	\bigcirc Active high	Active low
Phone/Fax	CALL OUTPUT					
ISDN	Incoming calls	🗸 Star	ndard 🗹 3.1 kHz Au	udio 🗌 UE	DI 🗌 RDI	
Common						
IP handsets	Apply Cano	el				
Discrete I/O						

Figure 6-35: Web interface: Settings, Discrete I/O

- 2. For each pin you want to use, select **Enabled**.
- 3. For each pin, select if the pin should be **Active high** or **Active low**.
- 4. For Call output you can select which incoming calls will activate the external ringer (Discrete I/O TP28: Incoming call).
- 5. Click **Apply** to save the new settings.

6.7.10 Set the system type

During the initial configuration of the system you must assign the system type, that is the AVIATOR 700 system that you have bought. You can typically only select the system type purchased. The **Reset** functionality is mainly used for support purposes or when the system type is changed.

To select the system type, do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > System Type.

	COA
SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD	SYSTEM TYPE
CONNECT	Select the system type and press Apply. If the system type you want to select cannot be selected, contact your service center for assistance. To clear the system type press Reset.
PHONE BOOK	Potential risk for damage: If you select a wrong system type there is a potential risk that the connected satcom antenna may be damaged.
MESSAGES	
CALLS	AVIATOR 700
SETTINGS	O AVIATOR 350
LAN	O AVIATOR 300
WLAN	O AVIATOR 200
Phone/Fax	O AVIATOR 100
ISDN	Apply Cancel Reset
Common	
IP handsets	
Discrete I/O	
System Type	
RF settings	

Figure 6-36: Web interface: Settings, System Type

2. Select the system type for the installation.

CAUTION! Selecting a wrong system type may cause damage to the satcom antenna or GPS antenna. If the system type purchased can not be selected, please contact the supplier of your AVIATOR 700 system.

Do not try to use a different system type!

3. Click **Apply** to save the new setting.

6.7.11 Configure RF settings of the SBU

Before you can configure the RF settings you must select the system type.

You must configure the AVIATOR 700 installation with the specific cable losses of the installation.

To configure the RF settings, do as follows:

- 1. Connect to the Maintenance connector on the front panel of the SBU and enter the web interface (default: http://192.168.0.1)
- 2. If prompted, confirm that the system is an AVIATOR 700 system.
- 3. From the left navigation pane select **SETTINGS > RF settings**.



Figure 6-37: Web interface: RF settings

- 4. Below CABLE LOSS enter the cable loss for the cables between the
 - DLNA and the RX Power Splitter
 - RX Power Splitter and the SBU

The sum of the two cable losses must be equal or less than 21.5 dB. These cable loss values are without losses from the RX splitter and TX combiner.

5. Click **Apply** to save the new settings.

6.7.12 Set up the navigational input of the SBU

Before you can configure the navigational input you must select the system type.

The AVIATOR 700 supports IRS or GPS only.

For further information on supported navigational systems see *About satcom antenna steering* on page 5-6.

ARINC 429 Speed can individually be set to high or low speed on the primary and secondary input, depending on your configuration. For redundancy reasons the system supports a secondary source, in case the primary source fails.

To set up the navigational input, do as follows:

Note N

Make sure that you configure the primary and secondary IRS to the correct speed in your configuration. This is essential to provide the necessary navigation data needed.

- 1. Connect to the Maintenance connector on the front panel of the SBU and enter the web interface (default address: http://192.168.0.1)
- 2. If prompted, confirm that the system is an AVIATOR 700 system.
- 3. From the left navigation pane select **SETTINGS > External systems**.

	EXTERNAL SYSTEM	s
DASHBOARD		
CONNECT	NAVIGATIONAL IN	PUT
PHONE BOOK	Navigational input	\bigcirc IRS \bigcirc GPS only
MESSAGES	PRIMARY	
CALLS	Connected	● Yes ○ No
SETTINGS	Speed	● High ○ Low
LAN	SECONDARY	-
WLAN	Connected	⊖ Yes ● No
Phone/Fax		
ISDN	Speed	High U Low
Common	GPS VOLTAGE	
IP handsets	GPS voltage	● 0 VDC ○ 5 VDC ○ 26 VDC
Discrete I/O	Selecting an incorrec	t GPS voltage may damage the GPS antenna.
System Type	Apply Cancel	
RF settings		
External systems		

Figure 6-38: Web interface: Settings, External systems

- 4. For NAVIGATIONAL INPUT select one option.
- 5. Only for IRS: For Primary and Secondary select Connected and Speed.
- 6. Only for IRS: If you do not have second navigational input source available you must set **Connected** of **SECONDARY** input to **No**.

- 7. **GPS Voltage**: If GPS only is selected and power to the GPS antenna is provided by the SBU apply the correct GPS voltage.
- 8. Click **Apply** to apply the new settings.

6.7.13 Enable system options with FLEX keys

On the FLEX page you can view the options for your system that are currently enabled or disabled. Enabling the purchased options is typically done at the factory. You can buy options at a later stage and open up for them by entering a FLEX key sequence for the specific built-in option.

To enable a built-in option, do as follows:

1. Connect to the Maintenance connector on the front panel of the SBU and enter the web interface (default: http://192.168.0.1).

2.	From the	left navigation	pane select	SETTINGS >	FLEX.
----	----------	-----------------	-------------	------------	-------

SIGNAL:			
DASHBOARD	FLEX		
CONNECT	FLEX key		
PHONE BOOK	Apply Cance	1	
MESSAGES			
CALLS	405040A-002	Built-in router option	Enabled
SETTINGS	405040A-003	Built-in wireless option	Enabled
LAN	405040A-009	Built-in CMU/ACARS option	Enabled
WLAN	405040A-010	Built-in Multi-voice option	Enabled
Phone/Fax	Show System Ty	<u>ypes</u>	
ISDN			

Figure 6-39: Web interface: Settings, FLEX (example)

- 3. Have the FLEX key ready and enter it into the insert fields.
- 4. Click **Apply** to enable the new option.
- 5. Click **Show System Types** to display the system types and their status (enabled or disabled).

6.7.14 Tracking

With tracking you can set the SBU to send reports with current position information at specified time intervals or distances to a server address. To set up tracking, do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS, Tracking.

SERVER CONNECTION Server IP address 90 .,163 .[245 .]34 Server port 5299 Client port 7475 Encryption key 706F656C7365000000000000000000000000000000000000						
Server IP address 90 .,163 .[245 .]34 Server port 5299 Client port 7475 Encryption key 706F656C7365000000000000000000000000000000000000	SERVER CONNECTION					
Server port 5290 Client port 7475 Encryption key 706F656C7365000000000000000000000000000000000000	Server IP address	80 .163 .245 .134				
Client port 7475 Encryption key 706F656C7365000000000000000000000000000000000000	Server port	5298				
Encryption key 706F656C7365000000000000000000000000000000000000	Client port	7475				
Register type CIMEI number ©ICAO Address ICAO Address O Hex © Octal 15315315 Allow remote control Yes © No (can only be changed by an administrator) APN Common © SIM default O User defined bgan.inmarsat.com User name Password PostTION REPORTS Report type © Compressed © Extended © ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status © inf (hh:mm) Dtstatus © inf (hh:mm) Status © inf (hh:mm) Men moved © meters Max one report per © inf (hh:mm)	Encryption key	706F656C736500000000000000000000				
ICAO Address C Hex Octal 15315315 Allow remote control Yes No (can only be changed by an administrator) APN Common Common CISIM default CNetwork assigned CUser defined bganinmarsat.com User name Password POSITION REPORT POSITION REPORT Report type Compressed C Extended C ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled Report each 0 :[1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled Muen moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 :[15 (hh:mm)	Register type	CIMEI number ⓒICAO Address				
Allow remote control i Yes i No (can only be changed by an administrator) APN Common SIM default SIM default Vertex assigned User defined Vertex assigned User name Password Password PossITION REPORT Report type Compressed CExtended CECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status CEnabled CDisabled Report each O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ICAO Address	C _{Hex} Octal 15315315				
APN Common © SIM default © Network assigned © User defined bganinmarsat.com User name	Allow remote contro	I⊖Yes €No (can only be changed by an administrator)				
Common © SIM default © Network assigned © User defined bgan.inmarsat.com User name	APN					
Image: SIM default Image: Network assigned Image: SIM default	Common					
Network assigned Ouser defined bgan.inmarsat.com User name	⊙ SIM default					
Ouser defined bgan.inmarsat.com User name	C _{Network} assigned					
User name Password PoSITION REPORTS Report type C Compressed C Extended C ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled Report each 0 :1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 :15 (hh:mm)	OUser defined	bgan.inmarsat.com				
Password POSITION REPORTS Report type © Compressed © Extended © ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status © Enabled © Disabled Report each 0 : [1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status © Enabled © Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 : [15 (hh:mm)	User name					
POSITION REPORT Report type © Compressed © Extended © ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status © Enabled © Disabled Report each © :[1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status © Enabled © Disabled When moved © meters Max one report per [0 : [15 (hh:mm)	Password					
Report type © Compressed © Extended © ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status © Enabled © Disabled Report each 0 ::1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status Status © Enabled © Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 ::15 (hh:mm)	POSITION REPORT	s				
C Extended C ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled Report each 0 : 1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 : 15 (hh:mm)	Report type	Compressed				
C ECEF INTERVAL REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled Report each 0 : 1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status C Enabled C Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 : 15 (hh:mm)		CExtended				
INTERVAL REPORT Status © Enabled C Disabled Report each © :1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status C Enabled © Disabled When moved © meters Max one report per 0:15 (hh:mm)		Cecef				
Status Image: Enabled C Disabled Report each Image: Image	INTERVAL REPORT					
Report each 0 :1 (hh:mm) DISTANCE REPORT Status O Enabled O Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 :15 (hh:mm)	Status	© Enabled CDisabled				
DISTANCE REPORT Status C Enabled Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0:15 (hh:mm)	Report each	0 : 1 (hh:mm)				
Status O Enabled O Disabled When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 :15 (hh:mm)	DISTANCE REPORT					
When moved 0 meters Max one report per 0 :15 (hh:mm)	Status	$C_{Enabled}$ $\odot_{Disabled}$				
Max one report per 0 :15 (hh:mm)	When moved	0 meters				
	Max one report per	0 :15 (hh:mm)				
Apply Cancel	Apply Cancel					

Figure 6-40: Web interface, Settings, Tracking

- 2. The information in the sections **SERVER CONNECTION** and **APN** must be provided by your airtime provider.
- 3. In **POSITION REPORTS** you can select among the following:
 - Compressed: Aircraft's position with latitude and longitude.
 - **Extended**: Aircraft's position latitude, longitude, heading, speed and UTC time.
 - **ECEF**: Aircraft's position in x,y,z coordinates and a velocity vector.
- 4. In **INTERVAL REPORT** and **DISTANCE REPORT** you can enable the respective report and set a report interval or distance.
- 5. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

6.8 LAN/WLAN network users

6.8.1 Introduction

With the built-in router functionality the system offers a flexible use of the data channel of the BGAN service. You can configure the use of the data channel by defining network user groups and profiles. The following picture gives an overview of the parameters involved.



Figure 6-41: Overview over network user groups and traffic flow filters

The network user group you belong to is determined by one or more of the following:

- the IP address of the device you are using
- the MAC address of the device you are using
- the LAN port you connect to

A connected IP device will automatically be assigned to the default network user group, if it is not specified otherwise.

For specific purposes like video streaming, a server on the network, a fixed IP address on the connected device or changing the startup mode of a connection, you must set up network groups with specific primary and/or secondary profiles. How to do this is described in the following sections.

Network user groups

The network management system divides the users of the SBU into network user groups. Each network user group has a profile which determines how the users connect to the Inmarsat BGAN network. The network user groups can allow or restrict certain services for different users.

For example, you may want to define:

- one network user group allowing both Standard and Streaming connections,
- one network user group for Internet, e-mail and VPN, allowing Standard connections,
- one network user group for remote management of systems. This would be a direct Standard connection (Bridge mode).

You can have up to 11 network user groups and global IP addresses.

Necessary steps when managing network users

The steps necessary for managing network users include:

- 1. **Defining a network user group.** See *Set up the network user groups* on page 6-56. The network user groups determine settings such as:
 - QoS (Standard/Streaming),

- IP addressing (Static or Dynamic, this is decided by the SIM card setup and the service provider)
- Internet access mode (Router Mode, Bridge Mode or No Internet Access)
- 2. **Identifying a network device**. See *Manage network devices* on page 6-59. The network devices are identified by their IP address, MAC address and (optionally) device name.
- 3. Associating the network user group and the network device. See *The network classification table* on page 6-60. The network classification table determines which devices should belong to which network user group. When a network device is connected, the SBU runs through the network classification table to check if the new connection matches any of the entries in the table. When a match is found, the SBU establishes a packet data connection (PDP context) with the settings determined for the belonging network user group, and the device is ready for use with the SBU.

Access to the network management settings

Access to the network management settings requires an administrator password. The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **1234**.

The administrator can create and manage network user groups and set up a network classification table defining priorities for devices, network user groups and LAN ports.

Important

All user connections to the LAN interface may be affected when you change the settings below, including your own current connection.

6.8.2 Set up the network user groups

Overview

A network user group, in this context, is a group of network users sharing the same Quality of Service profile and network parameters.

There are 11 configurable network user groups. For the Default network user group, certain settings are locked, to make sure there is always one functional network user group available. For example, the Default network user group does not allow you to select a Bridge mode connection.



You cannot delete network user groups. If you do not want to use them, click **Edit** and select **Disabled** at **Status** in the **NETWORK USER GROUP** field.

Edit a network user group

The default setting of this network user group is a standard IP data connection with automatic IP address allocation and automatic activation of the connection.



For further explanation of the terms used below, see *Definitions for network terms* on page 6-62.

To edit a network user group, do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > LAN > Network user groups.

If prompted, enter the administrator user name and password. The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **1234**.

The following screen shows the 11 user groups available and their current status, Internet connection type, and whether automatic activation is enabled or disabled.

					C
SIGNAL:					
DASHBOARD	NETWORK USER GRO	UPS			
CONNECT	Name	Status	Internet connection	Automatic activation	
PHONE BOOK	Remote equipment	Enabled	Bridge mode	Enabled	Edit
MESSAGES	Group 1	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
CALLS	Group 2	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
SETTINGS	Group 3	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
LAN	Group 4	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
Port forwarding	Group 5	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
Network devices	Group 6	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
Network classification	Group 7	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
Network user groups	Group 8	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
	Group 9	Disabled	Router mode	Enabled	Edit
PPPOE	Default group	Enabled	Router mode	Disabled	Edit
Static route					

Figure 6-42: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Network user groups

2. Click Edit next to the network user group you want to set up.



Changes to the status and internet connection only take effect after reboot of the SBU. This is also valid if a user wants to change the network user group, then the SBU must be restarted before the user has access to the new network user group.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOARD	HET WORK USER GROUP	
CONNECT	Name	Remote equipment
PHONE BOOK	Status	Enabled Obisabled
MESSAGES	Internet connection	Bridge mode
CALLS	Changes to Status and Inter	net connection only take effect after reboot
SETTINGS	TCP/IP	
LAN	• Dynamic IP address	
Port forwarding	◯ Static IP address	
Network devices	IP Header compression	• Enabled O Disabled
Network classification	APN	
Network user groups		
PPPoE	0	
Static route	SIM default	
WLAN	○ Network assigned	
Phone/Fax	○ User defined	bgan.inmarsat.com
ISDN	User name	
Common	Password	
IP handsets	PROFILES	
Discrete I/O	Automatic activation	Enabled Disabled
System Type	Primary	Standard Constants

Figure 6-43: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Network user groups, Edit

- 3. Type in a name for the group.
- 4. Select Enabled or Disabled.
- 5. Select the type of Internet connection.
 - **Router mode** means the connection will be shared with other users, and the NAT module of the SBU will make the necessary address translations. Read more about NAT in *NAT* (*Network Address Translation*) on page 6-63. Use this mode if one or more computers are connected using the LAN interface, and the SBU should acts a router.
 - **Bridge mode** is an exclusive connection, it is not shared with other users and NAT is disabled. Use the Bridge mode together with a network classification entry that selects a single computer (see *The network classification table* on page 6-60). The SBU acts a a bridge for this network user group. This mode is not available in the Default network user group.
 - **No internet access** means no connection to the Internet is allowed. Use this setting e.g. for IP handsets, where an Internet connection is not required. The external voice connection is still available; this setting only affects communication over the Internet.

6. Select Dynamic IP address.

This is the IP address used externally on the satellite network.

If you want to use a **static IP address**, and your subscription allows it, you must still leave this setting at **Dynamic**. Then select **SIM default** in step 8 and type in the APN user name and password from your provider in step 9.

Your SBU will then use the static IP address set up for your SIM card.



• Typing in a static IP address is currently not supported by the SwiftBroadband network.

7. Set IP Header compression to Enabled or Disabled.

For information on IP Header compression, see Header compression on page 6-62.

8. Select the source of the **APN** (Access Point Name).

You have the following options:

- Common. The APN is taken from the Common APN defined under SETTINGS > Common. Refer to Set the common interface settings of the SBU on page 6-37.
- **SIM default**. The APN is taken from the SIM card. If you want to use a static IP address on the external network, select this option either here or in the Common setting.
- Network assigned. The APN is assigned from the network.
- User defined. This is the preferred option. Type in the APN. APNs are provided from the Airtime Provider. Use this option if there is no automatic provisioning for a static IP address from the service provider.
- 9. If your APN uses a password, type in the user name and password provided from the Airtime Provider.



10. At **Automatic activation** select whether the profile selected in the next step should be activated automatically or manually.



If the selected primary profile is a Streaming profile, this setting has no effect. Streaming profiles must always be activated manually from the Dashboard.

- **Disabled** means you can activate/deactivate the profile from the Dashboard.
- Enabled means the profile is activated automatically.
- 11. Select the **Primary profile**.

Select a profile from the **Primary** scroll list. This profile is used by this network user group as a first choice, when possible.

There are several predefined profiles: Standard, Streaming 8, Streaming 16, Streaming 32, Streaming 64 and Streaming 128. Additionally, you can define your own custom profiles or any newer ones, Inmarsat defines.

Important

If you have selected and started a Streaming connection as your primary profile, the LAN interface will be running a Streaming connection until you stop it or disconnect the interface.

For further information on profiles and traffic flow filters, see To use profiles on page 6-75 and To use traffic flow filters on page 6-79.

12. Select the Secondary profile.

To select more than one secondary profile, press and hold **Ctrl** or **Shift** while selecting.



If you have selected both a primary and one or more secondary profiles you must define a traffic flow filter before you can establish a valid connection.

The Context Identifiers (CIDs) for the selected primary and secondary profiles are listed under Profile CIDs.

13. Click Apply.

Note that changes to the status and the Internet connection type of a network user group first take effect after rebooting the AVIATOR 700 SBU.

6.8.3 Manage network devices

Overview

A network device, in this context, is an Ethernet hardware device, identified by its unique MAC address.

When a network device with dynamic IP address is connected to the SBU, it is automatically listed in the Network devices list.

View the list of network devices

To view the list of network devices, select SETTINGS > LAN > Network devices. All network devices that have been connected to the SBU are listed here.

				C0
SIGNAL:				
DASHBOARD	LOCKED IP AD	DRESSES		
CONNECT	IP address	MAC address		
PHONE BOOK	192.168.0.15	00:1F:3B:8C:47:9B		<u>Delete</u>
MESSAGES	NETWORK DE	VICES		
CALLS	IP address	MAC address	Device Name	
SETTINGS	192.168.0.2	00:11:CF:01:A1:DE	Thrane IP Handset	Lock IP to MAC address
LAN	192.168.0.3	00:0A:CD:15:09:A8	pc1531	Lock IP to MAC address
Port forwarding	192.168.0.4	00:11:CF:01:BB:C8	Thrane IP Handset	Lock IP to MAC address
Network devices	192.168.0.15	00:1F:3B:8C:47:9B	pc1527	

Figure 6-44: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Network devices

Lock an IP address to a MAC address

When the device is locked to an IP address, the SBU will always assign this IP address to the device with this MAC address (if DHCP is enabled and the Internet connection is in Router mode, and not a Bridge mode connection).

To lock an IP address to a MAC address, do as follows:

- 1. If prompted, log in as an administrator. The default user name and password are **admin** and **1234**.
- 2. To lock a device to its current IP address, click the link next to the device. The device is then locked to the current IP address and added to the list of locked IP addresses at the top of the page.
- 3. To unlock a device from the IP address, click **Delete** next to the device in the **LOCKED IP ADDRESSES** list.

6.8.4 The network classification table

Overview

The network classification table is used to define which network devices, IP addresses and/or LAN ports are associated with which network user groups.

Each entry in the table shows MAC address, IP address, LAN port and network user group.

When a network device is connected, the SBU runs through the network classification table to check if the new connection matches MAC address, IP address and LAN port in any of the entries in the table. When a match is found, the SBU establishes a PDP context with the settings of the network user group assigned in the matching entry. The device is now ready for use with the SBU.

Add or edit an entry in the network classification table

The network classification table shows which devices are associated with which LAN ports and network user groups. An Asterisk (*) is a "wild card", meaning that any value is accepted.

You can add, edit and delete entries in the network classification table.

To add a new entry to the table or to edit an existing entry, do as follows:

1. If prompted, log in as an administrator. The default user name and password are **admin** and **1234**.

					CO
DASHBOARD	NETWORK CLASSIF	ICATION TABLE			
CONNECT	MAC address	IP address	LAN port	Network user group	
	00:19:D2:38:90:35	*	*	Group 9	Edit/Delete
PHONE BOOK	*	*	*	Default group	
IESSAGES	Add				
CALLS	Changes to this page	only take effect at	fter reboot		
SETTINGS					
LAN					
Port forwarding					
Network devices					
Network classification					

2. Select SETTINGS > LAN > Network classification.

Figure 6-45: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Network classification table

3. Click **Edit** next to the entry you want to edit, or click **Add** at the bottom of the list.

ENTER VALUES F	ENTER VALUES FOR NEW ENTRY				
Enter values below devices to use tha considered a wild	w or select a device from the list o it as a template. If a field is left er card	f known network npty it will be			
MAC address					
IP address					
LAN port					
Network user grou	Jp Remote equipment (Disabled)	•			
Apply Cancel	1				
NETWORK DEVIC	ES .				
IP address	MAC address	Device Name			
192.168.0.2	00:11:CF:01:84:7B	Thrane IP Handset	Add		
192.168.0.4	00:08:74:0F:7F:DA	PC1455	Add		
192.168.0.13	00:1F:3B:8C:47:9B	pc1527	Add		

Figure 6-46: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Network classification table, Edit or Add

4. Click **Add** next to a network device you want to use, or type in the MAC address manually at the top of the page.

Note If you leave a field empty, it is the same as a "wild card" and it will be shown as an Asterisk in the Network classification table. Unless you are using a Static IP address, the IP address field should always be left empty.

- 5. Select the **LAN port** and **Network user group** you want to associate with the device. Network user groups are created and defined in the Network user group page. See *Set up the network user groups* on page 6-56.
- 6. Click **Apply**.

Change the priority in the network classification table

Connections are evaluated in the order they are listed. The first entry (and **only** the first entry) that matches the properties of the connected device is applied, meaning that the connection will be using the settings of the network user group assigned to that entry.

To change the priority of an entry, click the up or down arrow next to the entry.

NETWORK CLASSIF	ICATION TABLE				
MAC address	IP address	LAN port	Network user group		
00:1F:3B:8C:47:9B	192.168.0.22	WLAN	Passenger	•	Edit/Delete
*	*	Maintenance	Service	_▲/ ▼	Edit/Delete
*	*	3	Streaming 64		Edit/Delete
*	*	*	Default group		
Add					
Changes to this page	only take effect after	reboot			

Figure 6-47: Web interface: Settings, LAN, Network classification table, change priority

The Default network user group is always last, so it is only used if none of the other entries match the properties of the connected device.

Remove an entry in the network classification table

In the **network classification table**, click **Delete** next to the entry you want to delete.

6.8.5 Definitions for network terms

Header compression

The header of a data packet contains control information belonging to that specific packet. The information in the header can take up a considerable amount of bandwidth. In order to use the bandwidth more efficiently, you can enable Header Compression, meaning the header information is compressed, leaving some of the information out. With disabled header compression the full header ist transmitted with each data packet. This takes up bandwidth and means a more reliable data transmission with less data loss.

You can select whether or not to use Header Compression for your data transmission.

- **Header Compression enabled**: More efficient use of the bandwidth available, recommended typically for Internet, e-mail, ftp applications etc.
- Header Compression disabled: More reliable data transmission. Recommended for time-critical applications like VoIP and streaming applications, as well as other applications where packet loss is to be minimized.

If there are problems with packet loss you might want to disable header compression and see whether the header compression is the reason for the packet loss.

6.8.6 NAT (Network Address Translation)

NAT enables a local-area network to use one set of private IP addresses for internal traffic and an assigned or static IP address for external traffic. The built-in NAT module in the SBU makes all necessary address translations between the local-area traffic and the external traffic.



Figure 6-48: NAT (Network Address Translation)

If more than one user is connected, you must select a network user group with **Router mode** to use the NAT functionality of the SBU.

6.8.7 Start and stop any data session

The administrator can start and stop data sessions for all network user groups connected to the SBU.

To start or stop a data session, do as follows:

1. Select CONNECT.

If prompted, enter the administrator user name and password. The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **1234**.

Under ONGOING DATA SESSIONS at the top you can see which data sessions are currently active.



Figure 6-49: Web interface: Connect, to start and stop data sessions (example)

In the example above you can manually start the **Streaming 128** connection of GROUP 0 and stop the **Standard** connection of the DEFAULT GROUP.

- 2. Click on the session you want to start or stop.
- 3. Click **Refresh** to update the current state of the connection(s). Note that there might be some latency when updating the connection status, you might have to wait and click **Refresh** again to update the Dashboard to the current state.



The PDP context for the data session is not activated before any unit in the LAN tries to communicate, e.g. sends a DHCP request.

6.8.8 Establish a PPPoE connection

Overview

You can establish a Point-to-Point-over-Ethernet (PPPoE) connection to the BGAN network using the AVIATOR 700 system. Use this connection type if you want to control start and stop of the connection independently from the built-in web interface of the SBU.

Possible applications for this type of connection are as follows:

- Connecting a router
- Connecting broadcast equipment, optionally through a PC
- Establishing a Pico cell for the use of cell phones



Without the built-in Router option the AVIATOR 700 system is limited to one PPPoE connection.

The following drawing shows how the PPPoE connection and the built-in web interface handle connections to the SwiftBroadband network.



Figure 6-50: Example for PPPoE connections

Enable PPPoE network connections in the AVIATOR 700 system

During the configuration of the system you can configure whether the system should allow and handle PPPoE network connections.

To enable or disable the system to support PPPoE network connections do as follows:

1. Select SETTINGS > LAN > PPPoE

AGNAL:	PPPOE PPPoE APN Common SIM default Network assigned User defined bg: Apply Cancel	Enabled Oisabled

Figure 6-51: Web interface, Settings, LAN, PPPoE

- 2. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** (default).
- 3. Check with your airtime provider what your **APN** is and select accordingly.
- 4. Click **Apply** to send the settings to the terminal.

How to configure the connected PC, router or other equipment

You must configure the equipment correctly to establish a network connection using PPPoE. How to set up a new network connection depends on the type of equipment, refer to the user documentation of the equipment.

You need the following parameters:

• User name and password

The user name and password can be left blank. Then the registration on the APN is most commonly done in a way that the data connection will be established with a dynamic IP address from the airtime provider.

To request a static IP (if subscribed to) from the APN you must type in the user name and password from your airtime subscription.

Note for **MAC OS**: User name and password are required. Use user name void and password void. This works for some ISPs. Contact your airtime provider for further information.

• For setups that have a check box for **Enable LCP extensions**, deselect this.

• **Service name**: For certain services, i.e. a streaming class, you must type in a specified text string when asked for a service name. The following table shows the service names and descriptions that are supported by the terminal.

Service name	Description
Blank	default, primary standard IP data connection
XBB ^a :BACKGROUND	default, primary standard IP data connection
XBB:STREAM8K	primary streaming IP data connection 8 kbps
XBB:STREAM16K	primary streaming IP data connection 16 kbps
XBB:STREAM32K	primary streaming IP data connection 32 kbps
XBB:STREAM64K	primary streaming IP data connection 64 kbps
XBB:STREAM128K	primary streaming IP data connection 128 kbps
XBB:X-STREAM	primary streaming IP data connection up to 512 kbps.

Table 6-4: PPPoE connection, service names and descriptions

a. For SwiftBroadband the part of the service name "XBB" can be replaced by "SBB".

PPPoE setup with a non-default APN

You can set up a network connection using PPPoE for another APN than the default APN. Check the documentation from the Service provider for the new APN name. Enter the following commands in the field **Service name** when setting up the network connection:

Service name for custom APN	Description
XBB ^a :AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,3</apn>	Standard IP data connection
XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,1,8,8,8,8,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0</apn>	Streaming IP data connection 8 kbps
XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,1,16,16,16,16,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0</apn>	Streaming IP data connection 16 kbps
XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,1,32,32,32,32,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0</apn>	Streaming IP data connection 32 kbps
XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,1,64,64,64,64,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0</apn>	Streaming IP data connection 64 kbps
XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,1,128,128,128,128,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0</apn>	streaming IP data connection 128 kbps
XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip," <apn name="">"; +CGEQREQ=1,1,512,512,512,512,2,0,"0E0","0E0",3,0,0</apn>	streaming IP data connection X-Stream

Table 6-5: PPPoE connection, service names and descriptions for custom APN

a. For SwiftBroadband the part of the service name "XBB" can be replaced by "SBB".

Example: To set up a standard background data connection using the APN "bgan.inmarsat.com" enter: XBB:AT+CGDCONT=1,ip,"bgan.inmarsat.com";+CGEQREQ=1,3

For more information about the command syntax see the standard 3GPP TS 27.007.

6.8.9 To set up static routing

When you have an external gateway connected to your SBU, the SBU is not automatically able to "see" the network on the other side of the gateway. However, you can set up your SBU to communicate with a device on the other side of a gateway, by using Static routing.

To set up a new device for static routing, do as follows:

1. Select **SETTINGS > LAN > Static route**.

SIGNAL:			
DASHBOARD CONNECT PHONE BOOK MESSAGES CALLS SETTINGS LAN	STATIC ROUT Destination Add	E Netmask	Gateway

Figure 6-52: Web interface, Settings, LAN, Static route

2. Click Add.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOARD	ENTER VALUES FOR N	EW ENTRY
CONNECT	Destination	· · · · · ·
PHONE BOOK	Netmask	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MESSAGES	Gateway	
CALLS	Apply Cancel	
SETTINGS		
LAN		

Figure 6-53: Web interface, Settings, LAN, Static route, add

- 3. Enter the values for your device.
 - Destination: The IP address you want to route to.
 - Netmask: The netmask you want to route to.
 - Gateway: The gateway, e.g. the address of a wireless access point or router to which the destination device is connected.

4. Click Apply.

The values for the new entry are now in the list. This means that the SBU can communicate with the destination IP address on the other side of the gateway.

6.8.10 SNMP interface

You can connect equipment to perform SNMP queries on the SBU in order to retrieve configuration and present settings.

Contact AVIATOR.support@cobham.com to obtain the MIB files.

6.9 Administration of the SBU

In this section of the web interface you can configure a number of administrative settings:

- Access the administration settings
- Save and load a configuration
- Call charges
- Log handling
- Data limits
- To use profiles
- To use traffic flow filters
- SIM card access protection: SIM PIN and SIM Lock
- Set up user permissions
- Remote management
- Remote activation of a connection using SMS
- Link monitoring (SwiftBroadband only)
- Restricted dialing
- Multi-voice (option)

6.9.1 Protect the SBU against unintended configuration changes

You can protect the SBU against unintended changes of the setup:

- 1. Change the administrator password from user name: admin and password: 1234 to a user name and password of your choice. For further details see *Change the administrator password* on page 6-70.
- 2. You can deny non-administrator users access to certain functions and make the respective pages in the web interface read-only. For further details see *Set up user permissions* on page 6-84.

6.9.2 Access the administration settings

Log on as administrator

The Administration settings require an Administration user name and password. You must also login as an administrator in the sections for **SETTINGS**, **LAN**, **Network Devices**, **Network classification**, **Network user groups** and **PPPoE**.

To log on as administrator, do as follows:

- 1. Select **ADMINISTRATION** from the left navigation pane.
- Enter the Administration user name and password. The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **1234**.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD	Enter administrator user name and password ADMINISTRATOR LOGON
CONNECT	User name:
PHONE BOOK	Password:
MESSAGES	Logon Cancel
CALLS	
SETTINGS	
ADMINISTRATION	
HELPDESK	Forget administrator password?
SITE MAP	

Figure 6-54: Web interface: Administration

If you have forgotten the administrator password, you can reset the password by clicking the link at the bottom of the page.¹ For further information, see the next section *Reset the administrator password*.

3. Click Logon.

The Administration page is now updated to let you change the user name and password, Save/load a configuration or log off Administration.

^{1.} The link is only shown when the PC is connected to the Maintenance connector on the SBU front plate.

Change the administrator password

To change the administrator password, do as follows:

1. After entering the administrator user name and password in the **ADMINISTRATION** page, locate the section **Change administrator logon**.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD CONNECT PHONE BOOK MESSAGES CALLS	Please remember to log off after use Change administrator logon User name New password Retype new password Change
ADMINISTRATION	Save configuration to file Save
Call charges Log handling	Load configuration from file (user data only) Browse Load Load configuration from file (include install data) Browse Load
Data limits Profiles Traffic flow filters	Administrator logoff

Figure 6-55: Web interface: Administration, change administrator logon

- 2. Type in the existing user name.
- 3. Type in the new password and retype it on the next line.
- 4. Click **Change**. At the next logon the new password is required.

Reset the administrator password

Important To reset the administrator password you must connect the PC to the Maintenance connector on the SBU front plate. If not, the link **Forgot** administrator password? on the ADMINISTRATOR LOGON page will not be visible.

If you have forgotten and need to reset the administrator password, do as follows:

Contact your supplier for a reset code.
 Report the serial number and IMEI number of the terminal.
 You find the serial number and IMEI number in the **Dashboard**.

2. Click the link **Forgot administrator password?** at the bottom of the **ADMINISTRATOR LOGON** page (see the previous section).

SIGNAL:	
	RESET ADMINISTRATOR PASSWORD
DASHBOARD	Reset code:
CONNECT	
PHONE BOOK	Keset Cancel
MESSAGES	

Figure 6-56: Web interface: Administration, Reset administrator password

- 3. Type in the reset code obtained from your supplier and click **Reset**.
- 4. Type in the user name Admin and the default password 1234.
- 5. Click Logon.

For information on how to change the password, see the next section *Change the administrator password*.

Log off administration

If you have not entered anything for 30 minutes under ADMINISTRATION, you are logged off automatically. To log off manually, click **Logoff** under administrator logoff in the **ADMINISTRATION** page.

6.9.3 Save and load a configuration

If you need to reuse a configuration in another SBU, you can save the current configuration to a file, which can then be loaded into the other SBU. You can also use this feature for backup purposes.

Configuration files can only be exchanged between SBUs with the same software version!

Save a configuration to a file

The settings from the following pages of the web interface are saved in the configuration file:

- SETTINGS
- ADMINISTRATION
- PHONE BOOK

To save your current configuration to a file, do as follows:

1. In the ADMINISTRATION page, under Configuration, click Save.

SIGNAL:			
DASHBOARD	Please remember to log off after use Change administrator logon		
CONNECT	User name		
PHONE BOOK	New password		
MESSAGES	Retype new password		
CALLS	Change		
SETTINGS	Configuration		
ADMINISTRATION	Save configuration to file	Save	
Call charges	Load configuration from file (user data only)		Browse Load
Log handling	Load configuration from file (include install data)		Browse Load
Data limits	Administrator logoff		
Profiles			
Traffic flow filters	Logon		

Figure 6-57: Web interface: Administration, saving a configuration file

- 2. Accept the default destination file name or type in the destination file name and location.
- 3. Click **OK**. The configuration is now saved to a file. This file is used to load the configuration into another SBU.

Note
Load a configuration from a file

In this example the PC is connected to the SBU front maintenance connector. To load a configuration from a file, do as follows:

- 1. In the ADMINISTRATION page, under Configuration, select the upload type:
 - Load configuration from file (include install data), available when connected to the SBU front maintenance connector.

The install data are the pages **Discrete I/O**, **RF settings** and **External systems**.

- Note This feature can only be used with systems of the same system type, for example one AVIATOR 700 SBU to another AVIATOR 700 SBU. To use this upload type the PC must be connected to the SBU front maintenance connector.
- Load configuration from file (user data only). This upload type is available on any other LAN/WLAN interface of the SBU.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD CONNECT PHONE BOOK MESSAGES CALLS SETTINGS	Please remember to log off after use Change administrator logon User name New password Retype new password Change Change
ADMINISTRATION	Save configuration to file Save
Call charges Log handling Data limits Profiles Traffic flow filters	Load configuration from file (user data only) Browse Load Load configuration from file (include install data) Browse Load Administrator logoff Logoff

Figure 6-58: Web interface: Administration, loading a configuration file

- 2. Click Browse... to browse to the file you want to import. Then click Open.
- 3. Click Load.

The new configuration is now loaded into your SBU.



Configuration files can only be exchanged between SBUs with the same software version!

4. Restart the SBU to activate the new configuration.

6.9.4 Call charges

Note

In this section you can enter the call charges so you at all times can see the current charges for the services used. Consult the documentation from your service provider for the subscribed services, then enter these tariffs in the web interface. The system automatically calculates the charges for your calls and data sessions. The entered tariffs are used for estimating the charges for calls and data sessions. The estimated charge is listed for each call or data session in the call log. For further information, see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.

Thrane & Thrane does not take responsibility for the correctness of the estimated charges. This calculation is only a rough estimate of the charge, based on the tariff entered by the user. Also, the Airtime Provider may have different methods of calculating the charge.

To enter the call tariffs, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Call Charges**.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOARD	The billing details from you	r Inmarsat Service Provider can be entered below.
CONNECT	Currency:	\$ ✔ (for display purposes only)
PHONE BOOK		
MESSAGES	Standard voice: EUR	0.00 per minute
CALLS	3.1 kHz Audio: EUR	0.00 per minute
SETTINGS		
ADMINISTRATION	Standard data: EUR	0.00 per MegaByte (1000 kB)
Call charges	Streaming 8: EUR	0.00 per minute
Log handling		
Data limits	Streaming 16: EUR	0.00 per minute
Profiles	Streaming 32: EUR	0.00 per minute
SIM Lock	Streaming 64: EUR	0.00 per minute
User permissions	Streaming 128: EUR	0.00 per minute
Remote management		
Link monitoring	BGAN X-Stream: EUR	0.00 per minute
Remote activation	Apply Cancel	
Restricted dialing	Disclaimer: Please note tha	t the estimates made on this basis are only indicative and
Multi-voice	bill. If you change the curre	neignable for any differences between these and your actual ency or the rates, these changes will also be applied to av want to save the call log to a senarate file to keep track of
HELPDESK	historical data.	ay want to save the can buy to a separate me to keep track of

Figure 6-59: Web interface: Administration, Call Charges

- 2. Select the currency from the Currency drop-down list.
- 3. Enter the tariff for each of the services.
- 4. Click **Apply**.

6.9.5 Log handling

To clear the logs of the SBU and/or reset the counters for the time connected, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane in the **ADMINISTRATION** page, select **Log Handling**.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOARD	Clear call log?	ок
CONNECT	Clear total counters?	ок
PHONE BOOK		
MESSAGES		
CALLS		
SETTINGS		
ADMINISTRATION		
Call charges		
Log handling		

Figure 6-60: Web interface: Administration, Log Handling

- 2. To clear the Call log, click **OK** next to **Clear call log**?.
- 3. To clear the total counters, click **OK** next to **Clear total counters**?. This will reset the **Time connected** counters on the Calls page.

6.9.6 Data limits

You can set a limit for the use of data services that can be downloaded over the AVIATOR 700 system. You either specify a maximum number of MB for the standard data connection, and/or a time interval from start to end for a streaming connection.

For a detailed description how to access the SBU from a remote location see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.

6.9.7 To use profiles

The profiles are used in the network user groups. You select one or several profiles when setting up a network user group. You need an administrator password to define profiles and traffic flow filters.

Together with traffic flow filters the profiles are used as a tool to manage the traffic flow.

Note If you have selected more than one profile (one primary and one or more secondary profiles) for an interface, you must define traffic flow filter(s) before you can establish a valid connection.

What is a profile?

A profile is a collection of Quality of Service (QoS) settings and other settings defining the mode in which data is transmitted on an interface. For example, a profile is used to define whether the connection is a Streaming connection or a Standard connection.

You can select between a number of predefined profiles or define your own profiles for your data transmission. For further information on profiles, refer to the 3GPP standard TS 23.107 "Quality of Service (QoS) concept and architecture".



If no traffic flow filters are defined, the Primary profile for a network user group is used for all traffic from that network user group. Then the secondary profile will not become active.

To learn more about traffic flow filters see What are traffic flow filters? in the next section.

Select the profiles for a network user group

When you set up a network user group, you typically select one of the predefined profiles to use as a Primary profile for that network user group. You select optionally one or more Secondary profiles.

For further information on how to select the profiles, see *LAN/WLAN network users* on page 6-54.

SIGNAL:		
	Name	Standard
DASHBOARD	Traffic class	Background
PHONE BOOK	Maximum bit rate UI (kbps)	0
MESSAGES	Maximum bit rate DI (kbps)	0
CALLS	Guaranteed bit rate UI (kbps)	0
SETTINGS	Guaranteed bit rate DI (kbps)	0
ADMINISTRATION	Delivery order	Subscribed
Call charges	Maximum SDU size (Byte)	0
Log handling	SDU error ratio	Subscribed
Data limits	Residual bit error ratio	Subscribed
Traffic flow filters	Delivery of erroneous SDUs	Subscribed
SIM PIN	Transfer delay (ms)	0
SIM Lock	Traffic handling priority	Subscribed
User permissions	Ok	
Remote management		

Figure 6-61: Web interface, Administration, Profiles, Example: Standard

You typically do not need to define new profiles, the predefined profiles cover the most common applications. You can customize a user profile and set up several user-defined profiles.

Define new profiles

When you define your profiles you can select **Subscribed** for many of the settings. If you select Subscribed, the value given in your Airtime subscription is automatically used.

Note

For AVIATOR 700, the maximum Streaming bit rate is the X-Stream service (up to approximately 450 kbps).

To define a new profile, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select ADMINISTRATION > Profiles.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOADD	Standard	<u>View details</u>
CONNECT	Streaming 8	<u>View details</u>
PHONE BOOK	Streaming 16	<u>View details</u>
MESSAGES	Streaming 32	<u>View details</u>
CALLS	Streaming 64	<u>View details</u>
SETTINGS	Streaming 128	<u>View details</u>
ADMINISTRATION	BGAN X-Stream	View details
Call charges	User defined 1	Edit
Data limits	User defined 2	Edit
Profiles	User defined 3	Edit
Traffic flow filters		

Figure 6-62: Web interface. Administration, Profiles, select profile

- 2. Click Edit for the profile you want to define.
- 3. Fill in the top field with the name for your profile.
- 4. In the Traffic class row of your new profile, select a class from the drop-down list.

Important

For best performance, choose the right traffic class for your application. In general, Standard IP (Background) is best suited for TCP/IP applications, e.g. web browsing, e-mail, file transfer, VPN. Streaming IP is best suited for UDP traffic, e.g. live video or audio.

You may select one of the following:

- **Conversational** is real-time two-way conversation. It is primarily used for voice over IP and video conferences.
- **Streaming** is real-time one-way communication. It is primarily used for video and audio.
- **Interactive** is two-way communication (not real-time). It is used for communication that is not very delay-sensitive, such as web browsing, data base retrieval and server access. Examples of machines interaction with remote equipment are: polling for measurement records and automatic data base enquiries (tele-machines).

- **Background** is used for data which is not delay-sensitive, such as E-mail, SMS, download of databases and reception of measurement records.
- 5. Type in the bit rates in kbps in the following rows:
 - **Maximum bit rate UI (kbps)** is the maximum upload bit rate allowed for this profile.
 - Maximum bit rate DI (kbps) is the maximum download bit rate allowed for this profile.
 - Guaranteed bit rate UI (kbps) is the guaranteed upload bit rate needed for this profile.
 - Guaranteed bit rate DI (kbps) is the guaranteed download bit rate needed for this profile.



When you click Apply, the bit rate values you typed in may be rounded off because only certain values are allowed.

- 6. In the **Delivery order** row, select from the scroll list whether or not data should be delivered in the same order it was sent.
 - Yes means the data packets are delivered in the same order they were sent.
- 7. In the **Maximum SDU size (byte)** row, type in the maximum allowed packet size in Bytes (rounded off to nearest 10). The maximum packet size possible is 1520.
- 8. In the **Delivery of erroneous SDUs** row, select one of the following from the list:
 - Yes means packets are allowed to contain errors. This setting is suitable for delaysensitive transmission, because the need for retransmission is limited. The SDU Error settings in step 9 and step 10 will apply.
 - No means packets are not allowed to contain errors, and the SDU Error setting in step 9 will **not** be applied. This setting is suitable where error-free transmission is important and delays are accepted.
 - **No detect** means that errors will not be detected, and the SDU Error setting in step 9 will **not** be applied.
- 9. If you selected **Yes** in step 8, select from the **SDU error ratio** drop-down list the fraction of a packet allowed to be lost or erroneous.
- 10. Select from the **Residual bit error ratio** drop-down list the undetected bit error ratio of a packet. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered packets.
- 11. In the **Transfer delay (ms)** row, type in the delay in ms. This is the delay from the time data is received in the SBU until it arrives at the receiving end.
 - If the Transfer delay is 500 ms, error correction is disabled.
 - If the Transfer delay is 4000 ms, error correction is applied.
- 12. In the **Traffic handling priority** row, select from the drop-down list which priority this connection should have.
- 13. Click Apply.

The new profile is now added, and can be selected from the lists of primary and secondary profiles when you set up your interfaces.

6.9.8 To use traffic flow filters

Purpose of the traffic flow filters

The purpose of the traffic flow filters is to assign different priorities to different types of traffic, in order to optimize performance.

Example: When you are browsing the Internet, a Standard IP connection is normally sufficient. However, to have a video conference you may need a Streaming IP connection in order to obtain a direct connection without interruptions. Your traffic flow filters can define these priorities, so that your connection automatically switches to Streaming e.g. when you have a video conference. Note that you have to activate a streaming connection in the web interface.



Figure 6-63: Traffic flow filters to filter traffic types

What are traffic flow filters?

When more than one type of traffic is needed, you must use both a primary and one or more secondary profiles. A traffic flow filter provides preferred treatment of a data packet. The traffic flow filter classifies data packets for the BGAN core network and the SBU received from the external network into the proper profile.

You can define up to eight traffic flow filters. Each packet filter has an evaluation precedence index that is unique within all traffic flow filters associated with the profiles that share the same PDP (Packet Data Protocol) address. The evaluation precedence index determines the order in which the filters are applied; 0 is applied first, then 1 and so forth. Information of source, destination, type of service etc. is combined in each packet filter in the list.

Define traffic flow filters

To define the traffic flow filters, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select

ADMINISTRATION > Traffic flow filters. The example below shows one traffic flow filter.

								COBHAM		
SIGNAL:										
DASHBOARD	Eval. Prec. Index	Profile	Source Address	Subnet Mask	Prot. No.	Dest. Port Range	Source Port Range	Type of Service	Type of Service Mask	
PHONE BOOK	0	Streaming 64			17		1024 to 5000			Edit/Delete
MESSAGES	New ent	тy								
CALLS										
SETTINGS										
ADMINISTRATION										
Call charges										
Log handling										
Data limits										
Profiles										
Traffic flow filters										

Figure 6-64: Web interface: Administration, Traffic flow filters

2. Click the link **New entry**.

IGNAL:	0	
	ENTER VALUES FOR NEW FILTER	
DASHBOARD	Eval. Prec. Index:	1 🗸
CONNECT	Profile	Standard 🗸
PHONE BOOK	Source Address	
MESSAGES	Subnet Mask	
CALLS	Prot. No.	
SETTINGS	Dest. Port Range	То
ADMINISTRATION	Causaa Dart Daaaa	
Call charges	Source Fort Kange	
Log handling	Type of Service	
Data limits	Type of Service Mask	
Profiles	Apply Cancel	
Traffic flow filters		

Figure 6-65: Web interface: Administration, Traffic flow filters, New entry

- 3. Select a number in the **Eval.Prec. Index** drop-down list. The evaluation precedence index defines the order in which the traffic flow filters are applied to packets. 0 is first, then 1, 2 etc.
- Select the Profile from the drop-down list. The available profiles are the profiles listed under ADMINISTRATION > Profiles. The selected profile is applied to all traffic that matches the conditions entered in step 5.

6-80

- 5. Fill in one or more of the following fields to define the filter. The allowed ranges appear in hover text when you pass the mouse over the fields.
 - Source address + Subnet mask. This is an IPv4 IP address and subnet mask. Only packets received from the specified source are accepted by the filter.
 - Protocol number.

This is uniquely assigned for the protocol being used. For TCP (typically Internet, e-mail, FTP) set this to 6, for UDP (typically streaming) to 17. The protocol number determines which protocol is used by the traffic flow filter.

- **Destination port range** (From and To). This parameter requires knowledge of ports being used by the selected applications. Note that Source and Destination are relative to the BGAN core network. This means that Destination is your SBU.
- **Source port range** (From and To). This parameter requires knowledge of ports being used by the selected applications. Note that you must fill in both From and To, even if there is only one port.
- Type of Service + Type of Service mask. Set this value to a number between 0 and 255. Type of Service (TOS) is an 8-bit field in a packet header, with associated mask, that is used to define Quality of Service.

For further information on the principles and parameters of the traffic flow filters, refer to the 3GPP standards TS27.007 V4.2.0 and TS 23.060 V4.7.0.

6. Click **Apply** at the bottom of the page.

Example of a list of traffic flow filters

Below is an example of a list with two traffic flow filters.

Profile	Source Address	Subnet Mask	Prot. No.	Dest. Port Range	Source Port Range	Type of Service	Type of Service Mask		
Streaming 64			17		2455 to 5000			<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>
Standard			6		524 to 524			<u>Edit</u>	<u>Delete</u>
<u>ry</u>									
	Profile Streaming 64 Standard TY	Profile Source Address Streaming 64 Standard	Profile Source Address Subnet Mask Streaming 64 Standard	Profile Source Address Subnet Mask Prot. No. Streaming 64 17 Standard 6	Profile Source Address Subnet Mask Prot. No. Dest. Port Range Streaming 64 17 Standard 6	ProfileSource AddressSubnet MaskProf. No.Dest. Port RangeSource Port RangeStreaming 64172455 to 5000Standard6524 to 524CX	Profile Source Address Subnet Mask Prot. No. Dest. Port Range Source Port Range Type of Service Streaming 64 17 2455 to 5000 524 to 524 Standard 6 524 to 524 524 to 524	Profile Source Address Subnet Mask Prot. No. Dest. Port Range Source Port Range Type of Service Type of Service Streaming 64 17 2455 to 5000 Standard 6 524 to 524	Profile Source Address Subnet Mask Prot. No. Dest. Port Range Source Port Range Type of Service Type Service Streaming 64 17 2455 to 5000 Edit Standard 6 524 to 524 Edit

Figure 6-66: Web interface: Example of two traffic flow filters

In this example, data packets are filtered in the following order:

- 1. The filter with evaluation precedence index 0 checks for UDP packets (protocol number 17), in the port range 2455-5000. When these packets are identified, they are assigned a 64 kbps Streaming channel (the Streaming 64 profile).
- 2. The filter with evaluation precedence index 1 checks remaining packets for TCP packets (protocol number 6), on port 524. These packets are routed to the standard IP connection (the Standard profile).
- 3. Remaining traffic is routed to the standard IP connection.

6.9.9 SIM card access protection: SIM PIN and SIM Lock



There is typically no SIM PIN needed for the AVIATOR 700 system. The following functions might apply for special airtime subscriptions that have a SIM PIN.

SIM PIN

To avoid unauthorized use of the system you can enable the SIM PIN. Then the user has to enter the SIM PIN before being able to use the system. The SIM PIN is disabled per default. You enable the SIM PIN in the web interface. You can also specify a new SIM PIN in the web interface. To do this you have to enter the original SIM PIN and then specify a new one.

To manage the SIM PIN of the terminal do as follows:

- 1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINSTRATION > SIM PIN**.
- 2. If you want to protect the system with a system SIM PIN select Enabled.
- 3. You can enter a new PIN or change the existing PIN.
- 4. Click **Apply** to save the changes.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD	REQUIRE PIN
CONNECT	Require PIN on startup 🔿 Enabled 🖲 Disabled
PHONE BOOK	PIN
MESSAGES	Apply Cancel
CALLS	
SETTINGS	CHANGE PIN
ADMINISTRATION	Old PIN
Call charges	New PIN
Log handling	Confirm new PIN
Data limits	Apply Cancel
Profiles	
Traffic flow filters	
SIM PIN	

Figure 6-67: Web interface, Administration, SIM PIN

SIM Lock

The supplier may lock the SIM card of the terminal to a specific service provider. For further information contact your supplier. To unlock the SIM lock of the SIM card from your airtime provider do as follows:

- 1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINSTRATION > SIM LOCK**.
- 2. Enter the SIM Lock Code and click **Apply**.

SIGNAL:	
DASHBOARD	 Enter SIM Lock Code
CONNECT	Apply Cancel
PHONE BOOK	
MESSAGES	

Figure 6-68: Web interface, Administration, SIM LOCK

6.9.10 Set up user permissions

You can manage user access to certain functions of the AVIATOR 700 system. You can allow or deny users that are not administrators access to certain functions and make these pages read-only. This is useful if you want to protect the system against unintended changes or tampering of the system.

Important Protect the SBU against unintended change of setup. We recommend to study the following screen thoroughly and decide which areas of the AVIATOR 700 system you want to give non-administrator users access to.

To set up the user permissions, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > User permissions**.

DASHBOARD	ALLOW USERS TO:		
CONNECT	Upload software	• Yes	
PHONE BOOK	Edit phone book	• Yes	
MESSAGES	Change phone settings	() Ves	
CALLS	change phone settings	© res	
SETTINGS	Change LAN settings	• Yes	⊖ No
ADMINISTRATION	Change WLAN settings	• Yes	
Call charges	Change ISDN settings	• Yes	
Log handling	Change IP handset settings	• Yes	
Data limits	Change discrete I/O settings	() Ves	
Profiles		0 163	0 140
Traffic flow filters	Change supplementary services	• Yes	⊖ No
SIM PIN	Change common settings	• Yes	
SIM Lock	Change general settings	• Yes	
User permissions	Change tracking settings	• Yes	
Remote management		() Yes	No
Link monitoring Remote activation	Change ACAKS settings	Ores	© NO
Restricted dialing	Perform self test	• Yes	⊖ No
Multi-voice	Control connections from IP handset	• Yes	
HELPDESK	ALLOW AT COMMANDS ON:		
SITE MAP	Changes to AT command permissions only take ef	fect after reboot	
	LAN/WLAN interface	⊖ Yes	No
	ALLOWED SERVICES:		
	SMS (MESSAGES)	• Yes	
	Apply Cancel		

Figure 6-69: Web interface: Administration, User permissions

- 2. For each item under ALLOW USERS TO:, select
 - Yes to allow access

- **No** to block access to the settings. Then the pages are read-only for nonadministrators. The settings on the page cannot be changed.
- 3. Under ALLOW AT COMMANDS ON: select
 - Yes to allow the use of AT commands on the LAN/WLAN interface
 - No to block the use of AT commands on the LAN/WLAN interface

AT commands are typically used during maintenance and service.



This setting does not take effect until the SBU is restarted.

- 4. Under ALLOWED SERVICES select:
 - Yes to allow that the user can send and receive text messages
 - No to block sending and receiving text messages. Note that the menu item **MESSAGES** is not displayed any longer.
- 5. Click Apply.

The settings to which access is denied are now greyed out for the non-administrator user.

6.9.11 Remote management

You can set up the SBU for control from a remote location.

Note

If you want to remotely control the SBU, it must have activated a connection. This can be done in several ways:

- Automatic activation of a Standard data connection, see step 10 on page 6-58 in *Edit a network user group*.
- Manual start of a data connection (Standard data or Streaming, see *Start or stop a standard data connection* on page 6-25)
- Remote start of a data connection with an SMS, see *Remote activation of a connection using SMS* on page 6-87.

To set up the SBU for remote management, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Remote management**.

DASHBOARD REMOTE MANAGEMENT CONNECT Web server PHONE BOOK Remote access Enabled MESSAGES Incoming port 80 CALLS AT commands	
ADMINISTRATION Incoming port 5454	
Call charges TRUSTED IP ADDRESSES Log handling IP address 0 0 0	
Data limits IP address 0 0 0 Profiles IP address 0 0 0 0	
Traffic flow filters Image: Constraint of the second sec	
SIM Lock IP address 0 0 0 User permissions Apply Cancel	

Figure 6-70: Web interface: Administration, Remote management

- 2. Select whether remote access using a web server should be **Enabled** or **Disabled** and enter the **Incoming port** number.
- 3. Select whether **AT commands** should be **Enabled** or **Disabled** and enter the **Incoming port** number.
- 4. Under **TRUSTED IP ADDRESSES**, type in the IP addresses of the devices you want to give access to the SBU.
- 5. Click **Apply** to save the new settings.

You can now access the SBU from one of the trusted IP addresses, using the incoming port defined in the **Incoming port** field. For a detailed description how to access the SBU from a remote location see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.

6.9.12 Remote activation of a connection using SMS

If you want to remotely control the SBU, it must have activated a connection. You can do this by sending an SMS to the SBU. The SBU must be powered up and logged on to the satellite services to receive the SMS and then start the connection. For a detailed description how to activate a connection using SMS see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.



The SBU must be logged on to the satellite services to receive and accept an activation SMS. If the SMS is considered too old or sent before the SBU has been switched on and has logged on, the SMS will be ignored.

6.9.13 Link monitoring (SwiftBroadband only)

You can monitor the external SwiftBroadband IP connection of the AVIATOR system using the link monitoring feature. With this feature activated, the terminal will send out ping commands (ICMP Echo Requests) to a server of your choice.

To set up link monitoring, do as follows:



Link monitoring is only performed on data connections with the Default network user group (see *Set up the network user groups* on page 6-56). This data connection must be activated before link monitoring can start.

1. From the left navigation pane, select **ADMINISTRATION > Link monitoring**.

SIGNAL:		
DASHROADD	LINK MONITORING	
CONNECT	Link monitoring	○ Enabled
PHONE BOOK	Interval	720 Minutes
MESSAGES	Retries	5
CALLS	Primary IP address	0.0.0.0
SETTINGS	Secondary IP address	s 0 .0 .0 .0
ADMINISTRATION	Apply Cancel	
Call charges		

Figure 6-71: Web interface: Administration, Link monitoring

- 2. Select Enabled if you want to enable Link monitoring.
- 3. Select the **Interval** between each ping.
- 4. Select the number of **Retries** before the terminal reboots.
- 5. Type in the **Primary** and optionally the **Secondary IP address**. This is the IP address of the server(s) to which the terminal will send ping commands.



Use a server that is reliable and that supports and responds to ICMP Echo Requests.

6. Click Apply.

When a data session is started with the Default network user group, the terminal will start sending ping commands to the Primary IP address the number of times specified at

Retries. If no response is received, it will send the same number of ping commands to the Secondary IP address, if available. If no response is received here either, the terminal will reboot.

6.9.14 Restricted dialing

In order to manage the use of the AVIATOR 700 system efficiently you can set up the SBU to limit all calls to allowed numbers or numbers in the phone book. This feature can be enabled for each connected handset separately. For a detailed description how to restrict dialing see the AVIATOR 700 user manual.

6.9.15 Multi-voice (option)

You can subscribe to Multi-voice with or without additional numbers. Multi-voice is disabled per default.

You must have Multi-voice in your airtime subscription, AVIATOR Wireless Handset software version minimum 1.03 and SBU software version minimum AVIATOR 700 (Level E): 1.07, AVIATOR 700D (Level D): 2.01, in order to support the Multi-voice function.

To enable Multi-voice, do as follows:

- 1. Enter the web interface of your terminal.
- 2. Select Administration > Multi-voice.
- 3. Select Multi-voice.

If you want to use an external PBX, select **Using external Multi-voice PBX** and select the interface used to connect the PBX to the terminal

You are now ready to use Multi-voice. For more detailed information about configuring Multi-voice see *Configure Multi-voice* on page 6-92.

Rules for concurrent calls (without cockpit reserve)

- First call initiated: You can use any connected handset and any call type for incoming as well as outgoing calls.
- Second and subsequent calls: You can only use handsets connected to the WLAN interface for calls initiated/received while another call is active. The call type for the second and subsequent calls is always Standard Voice.

Note

If you have additional numbers in your airtime subscription, you must set up how the system should use them. See the sections *Handset contexts* on page 6-89.

Additional numbers for Multi-voice

Note

You must have Multi-voice with additional numbers in your airtime subscription to be able to use this feature.

In addition to the phone numbers for incoming Standard Voice, and 3.1 kHz Audio and UDI/RDI, your subscription may include extra phone numbers that can be assigned to

Note

specific handsets. If you want to use the additional phone numbers in your subscription, you must set up the following in the web interface:

- Enable the use of additional numbers in the web interface under ADMINISTRATION > Multi-voice. See Configure Multi-voice on page 6-92.
- Add the additional numbers from your airtime subscription under PHONE BOOK > MOBILE NUMBERS > ADDITIONAL NUMBERS.
- Assign the numbers to handsets. Depending on the handset interface you want to use, see the pages SETTINGS > Phone/Fax, SETTINGS > ISDN or SETTINGS > IP handsets in the web interface.

Check with your service provider for individual billing of an additional number.

Handset contexts

Calls to the SBU are treated differently depending on the handset context. If additional numbers are used, there are 3 possible handset contexts, which are explained in this section:

- Call type groups
- Directly assigned handsets
- Unassigned handsets

Call type groups

The handsets are called using one of the mobile numbers for either Standard Voice or 3.1 kHz audio. All handsets in a group will ring when the belonging number is called.

For information on how to associate a handset with a group, see

- Set the call types for AVIATOR Wireless Handsets on page 6-46
- Configure the Phone/Fax interface (2-Wire) of the SBU on page 6-34
- Configure the ISDN interface of the SBU on page 6-35



Figure 6-72: Multi-voice, call type groups (example)

Directly assigned handsets

The mobile numbers are assigned to individual handsets. Only the assigned handset will ring when the associated number is called.

Note To use this feature you must have additional numbers in your airtime subscription and enable the use of additional numbers in the web interface. Then you can assign the numbers to individual handsets. For details on additional numbers, see Additional numbers for Multi-voice on page 6-88.

For information on how to assign a number to a handset, see the pages **SETTINGS** > **Phone/Fax**, **SETTINGS** > **ISDN** or **SETTINGS** > **IP handsets** in the web interface.



Figure 6-73: Multi-voice, example of directly assigned handsets (example)

Note that you can also assign the call type numbers directly (in the example above, the Standard Voice number is assigned to IP handset number 0501). If you do so, be aware that only the assigned handset can receive a call to this number. The handset connected to the Phone port 1 and the IP handset no. 0502 are each assigned an additional number.

Unassigned handsets

These are IP handsets that are not assigned a number, and that do not belong to a call type group. Use this handset context if you want to create a group of IP handsets that can be called together. All unassigned IP handsets will ring when you call a mobile number which has not been assigned to a handset.

To make an IP handset unassigned, clear all call types and the Assigned number field when setting up the handsets in the web interface. See *Set the call types for AVIATOR Wireless Handsets* on page 6-46.



Figure 6-74: Multi-voice, example of unassigned handsets

Cockpit reserve

With Cockpit reserve enabled, is it possible to reserve at least one call line to the handsets in the cockpit. The free call line is reserved for all handsets not assigned an additional Multi-voice number.

In the following example of a Multi-voice configuration with cockpit reserve, all handsets in the cabin have been assigned an additional number while the handsets in the cockpit belong to the standard call type group.



Figure 6-75: Multi-voice, example for a configuration with Cockpit reserve.

Configure Multi-voice

To enable and configure Multi-voice, do as follows:

1. From the left navigation pane, select Administration > Multi-voice.

signal: 0000000		
DASHBOARD	MULTI-VOICE	
CONNECT PHONE BOOK	Multi-voice	Disabled Multi-voice
MESSAGES CALLS		O Using external Multi-voice PBX Multi-voice PBX connected to ISDN Port 1 V
SETTINGS ADMINISTRATION	Use additional numbers	© Yes ● No
Call charges Log handling	Cockpit reserve	⊖ Yes
Data limits Profiles	APN	No multivoice.sbb.inmarsat.com
Traffic flow filters	Apply Cancel	

Figure 6-76: Web interface: Administration, Multi-voice

- To use the AVIATOR 700 terminal for Multi-voice, select Multi-voice. You can also use an external Multi-voice PBX. If so, select Using external Multi-voice PBX and select the interface used to connect the PBX to the terminal. Refer to the manufacturer documentation for your Multi-voice PBX.
- If you want to assign additional numbers, select Use additional numbers. You must have additional numbers in your subscription and enter the additional numbers under PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers. (See also Set up additional numbers on page 6-93.)

Then you can use the setup page for the handset interface, e.g. **SETTINGS** > **IP handsets** > **Call settings**, to assign the additional numbers to the handsets you want to be able to call directly. (See also *Assign additional numbers* on page 6-93).

- 4. You can configure a reserved line for the handsets in the cockpit by selecting **Use** additional numbers and **Cockpit reserve Yes**.
 - There will at all times be a free line for the handsets in the cockpit so a call can be made and received regardless the use of other handsets. Set up a call type group to assign handsets to the cockpit-reserved group, see Set the call types for AVIATOR Wireless Handsets on page 6-46, Configure the Phone/Fax interface (2-Wire) of the SBU on page 6-34 and Configure the ISDN interface of the SBU on page 6-35.
 - Use the additional numbers for other handsets, e.g. in the cabin.

Note The handsets using additional numbers must be AVIATOR Wireless Handsets or other SIP phones, a normal 2-wire handset cannot be used.

- 5. Type in the VoIP **APN** used for Multi-voice. You find the Multi-voice APN name in your subscription documentation.
- 6. Click Apply.

Set up additional numbers

DACHROADD	MOBILE NUMBERS	
DASHDUARD	Standard voice	870772420567
CONNECT	3.1 kHz audio	870782105234
PHONE BOOK	UDI (64 kbps)	870782105235
Mobile numbers		870782105226
MESSAGES	KDI (56 KDps)	870782103236
CALLS	ADDITIONAL NUMB	ERS
SETTINGS	Standard voice #2	870444555666
ADMINISTRATION	Standard voice #3	870444555667
	Standard voice #4	870444555668
HELPDESK	Standard voice #5	
SITE MAP	Standard voice #6	
	Standard voice #7	
	Standard voice #8	
	Standard voice #9	
	Standard voice #10	
	Standard voice #11	
	Standard voice #12	
	Standard voice #13	

Enter the additional numbers under **PHONE BOOK > Mobile numbers**.

Figure 6-77: Web interface: Phone book, mobile numbers (example, Multi-voice)

Assign additional numbers

Assign additional numbers under **SETTINGS > IP handsets > Call settings**.

DASHBOARD	Number	Incoming calls	Assigned number	Outgoing calls	Restricted dialing
CONNECT	0501	✓ Standard ✓ 3.1 kHz Audio	870444555666 V	Standard 3 1 kHz Audio	Enabled
PHONE BOOK					
MESSAGES	0502	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	8/0444555667 V	Standard 03.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
CALLS	0503	🗹 Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	870444555668 🗸	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
SETTINGS	0504	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	\checkmark	\textcircled{O} Standard \bigcirc 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
LAN	0505	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	~	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
WLAN	0506	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	\checkmark	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Phone/Fax	0507	Standard 3.1 kHz Audio	\checkmark	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
ISDN	0500				Conclused.
Common	0508	Standard 93.1 KHZ Audio	•	Standard 03.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
IP handsets	0509	✓ Standard ✓ 3.1 kHz Audio	\sim	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Call settings	0510	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	\checkmark	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Discrete I/O	0511	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	~	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
System Type	0512	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	~	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
RF settings	0510				Freehland
External systems	0513	Standard 93.1 kHz Audio	•	Standard 03.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
FLEX	0514	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	\sim	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Tracking	0515	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	~	\odot Standard \bigcirc 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
Upload	0516	Standard 🗹 3.1 kHz Audio	~	● Standard ○ 3.1 kHz Audio	Enabled
ADMINISTRATION	Apply	Cancel			
HELPDESK					



6.10 Site map of the SBU web interface

The web interface offers a site map page. Use this page to get an overview over the menus, submenus and topics. The following drawing shows the site map.



Figure 6-79: Web interface: Site map

To access the site map, select **SITE MAP** from the left navigation pane. You can click on each menu in the site map to go directly to the page or display the respective submenu.

6.11 Configuration of 3rd party phone systems

6.11.1 Sigma⁷ setup



When you set up Handset #5 and #6 in the Configuration Program, you must select **ICG Handset** for Sigma⁷. See *External equipment* on page 6-11.

There are a few adjustments that are typically made at the time of installation testing. Normally it is necessary to set the ear volume of the handset initially, in order to obtain sufficient volume in the ear piece.



The information in this section is only meant as a guideline. For complete information on the function of the Sigma⁷ handset, refer to the Sigma⁷ manual.

To set up the ear volume

To set up the ear volume of the handset, do as follows:

- 1. Take the handset out of the cradle and enter the menu system of the handset.
- 2. Use the volume control keys to scroll to the EARVOL setting.
- 3. Press the Flash key to select EARVOL.
- 4. Change the volume setting to **4** using the volume control keys.
- 5. Press **#** to store the setting. To adjust other settings, press **Flash** to return to the menu.
- 6. Place the handset back into the cradle.

For further information on the Sigma⁷ handset, refer to the manual for the Sigma⁷ handset.

6.11.2 ICG DECT Cordless Handset setup

It is sometimes necessary to adjust the volume of the ICG DECT Cordless Handset, in order to have sufficient volume in the ear piece. Also, you may want to change the setting of the handset from pulse to tone, if this is not already set.



The information in this section is only meant as a guideline. For complete information on the function of the ICG DECT Cordless Handset phone, refer to the manual for your ICG DECT Cordless Handset phone.

To set the volume

To change the volume setting, enter the handset menus and do as follows:

- 1. Scroll to Audio Sett and press OK.
- 2. Select **H/Set Vol** and press **OK**. The current volume is heard in the ear piece and the level is displayed.
- 3. Scroll to the desired volume and press OK.

To switch to Tone dialing

To change the dialing mode, do as follows:

- 1. Open the handset menu.
- 2. Scroll to Temp Tone and press OK. Tone dialing is now active.

6.11.3 Iridium Communication System, ICS-200

Overview

This section explains basic configuration of the ICS-200 system. Screen shots and instructions are given for **ICS-200 firmware revision F**, minor changes or variations may exist for newer firmware revisions.

For further information on the ICG configuration utility and the ICS-200 system in general, please refer to the ICS-200 Installation Manual available on ICG's homepage http://www.intcomgrp.com.

Important

When simultaneously operating the AVIATOR 700 over the Inmarsat network and the ICS-200 there is a potential risk of interference.

ICS-200 is configured from the ICG configuration utility. The main menu of this application is shown below.

📽 ICG Iridium Ulitity	- 🗆 🗙
Setup Upbad Download	
Main Menu Screen: Iridium ICS-200 Main Menu (1) Monitor Screens (2) Logging Options (3) Gonfiguration Update	TXD RXD
(F1) System Monitor (F2) Forts Monitor (F4) Command Line Copyright (c) International Communications Group, Inc., 2004-2006	
Refresh	
COM11: 115200, E, 7, I	11.

Configure audio levels and outgoing routing for the 4-wire ports

- 1. From the Main Menu, select Configuration Update.
- 2. Select Configure Ports.
- 3. In the Ports Editor menu, select the first 4-wire port, Station 4 wire (15).
- 4. Change **RESTRICTED_ROUTING** to **ENABLED**, and select **LBT** as **LBT-01**.

- 5. Change **Rx (ear) gain** to **-20 dBm**.
- 6. Verify that **TX (mic) gain** is set to **+0 dBm** and that **DTMF** setting is **High**. Configuration of extension 15 will then be as shown below.

🦉 ICG Iridium Ulility	_ _ _ ×
Setup Upload Download	
Station Editor Screen: Iridium ICS-200	
Station 4-wire Extension(15)	T×D
ConFiguration State: ENABLED (2) ICENTREMES: ENABLED (2) * STATION_TO_STATION: ENABLED (2) * CALL TRANSFER: ENABLED (2) * CALL TRANSFER: ENABLED (2) * CALL TRANSFER: ENABLED (2) * CALL TRANSFER: ENABLED (2) * CREDIT_CARD: DISABLED (2) * PIN RESTRICTED: DISABLED (2) * RING_DOWN: DISABLED (2) Enter Phone# * RESTRICT_ROUTING: ENABLED (2) * Executive OVERKIDE: DISABLED (2) * EXECUTIVE OVERKIDE: DISABLED (2)	Ain Control(-20+20dBm): RX (car) gain: -20 dBn IX (mic) gain: +0 dBm (MF Setting: High
Sct PriorityNo Priority <left, <ui <->Copy settings to all stations</ui </left, 	RIGHT ARROW> Change Value */DOWN ARROW> Next Field <esc> Return</esc>
Copyright (c) International Communication	ns Group, Inc., 2004-2006
Refresh	
COM11: 115200, E, 7, I	

- 7. Press **<Esc>** to return to the **Ports Editor** menu.
- 8. Repeat the same configuration for extension 16, but set the LBT to LBT-02.

Configure incoming routing for the transceivers

- 1. From the Ports Editor menu, select Transceiver LBT-01 (01).
- 2. Configure **ring extension** to be **Station (15)**. Configuration of LBT-01 will then be as below

🦉 ICG Iridium Ulility						- 🗆 🗙
Setup Upload Download						
Transceiver Editor &	Screen: Iridium	ICS-200				T×D
Configuration State:	BNABLED	Gain C RX () TX ()	ontrolK- Grd-To-f div-To-f	-20+20dBn) (ir): +0 dBm (rd): +0 dBm	=	RXD
Ring Extension: Absent Transfer:	Station (15) None					
FAX Timer:	ЗИ хес					
<->Copy settings to a	all transceiver	≺LEFT≠RIGHT ≺UP≠down 's	ARROW> ARHOW> <esc></esc>	Change Valu Next Field Roturn	Ľ	
Copyright (c) Intern	national Commun	ications Grou	up, Inc.	., 2004–2006		
Refresh						
COM11: 115200, E, 7, 1						Ř.

3. Press **<Esc>** to return to **Ports Editor** menu.

4. Repeat the same configuration for LBT-02, but set the ring extension to Station (16).

Configure I/O pins

- 1. Press **<Esc>** until you are back in the **Unit Setting** menu.
- 2. Choose Configure I/O pins.
- 3. In the I/O Pins Editor menu, select OUT 1 and then select Task as LBT_AVAIL and parameter as LBT-01.
- 4. In the I/O Pins Editor menu, select OUT 2 and then select Task as LBT_AVAIL and parameter as LBT-02.

The I/O Pins Editor menu should then look as below.

🦉 IC6 Iridium Ulility	- 🗆 X
Setup Upbad Download	
I/O Pins Editor Sereen: Iridium ICS-200 [IN 1] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 1 [IN 2] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 2 [IN 3] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 3 [IN 4] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 3 [IN 4] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 5 [IN 6] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 5 [IN 6] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 6 [IN 7] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 7 [IN 8] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 8 [IN 9] Task: TOGGLE_RELAY Parameter: Relay 8 [IN 9] Task: EXTERNAL_SWITCH [OUIT 1] Task: LET_STATUS Parameter: LET-M1 [OUIT 5] [OUIT 5] [OUIT 5] [OUIT 5] [OUIT 7]	TXD
<pre></pre> <up ahrow="" down=""> Next Line <enteb> Select I/O Pin to configure ESC> Return</enteb></up>	
Copyright (c) International Communications Group, Inc., 2004-2006 Refresh	
COM11: 115200, E, 7, I	

Save settings and reboot

1. Press **<Esc>** to get back to the **Unit Setting** menu, and then use **CTRL-S** to save the settings.

ICS-200 then responds **Configuration is saved** as below.

🦉 ICG Iridium Ulilly	- 🗆 X
Setup Upbad Download	
Unit Setting Screen: Iridium ICS-200	
	TXD
Unit Setting	TOP
Keturn	
(1) Configure Ports (2) Configure I/O Pins	
(3) Configure Serial Ports (4) Configure PIN Table	
(5) Configure System Data (6) Configure Data Link	
Your configuration is saved	
<ctrl 8=""> Save Changes</ctrl>	
Copyright (c) International Communications Group, Inc., 2004-2006	
Refresh	
COM11: 115200, E, 7, 1	<u> </u>

2. Press **F4** to get a command prompt, then type **reset** and press **<Enter>** to reset the unit for the new settings to take effect.

The response should be as shown below.

🦉 ICG Iridium Ulility	- - ×
Setup Upload Download	
Command Line Screen: Iridium ICS-200 PFGA LoadEdone] DSP LoadEdone] Station LoadEdone] DPL LoadEdone]	T×D H×D
<pre></pre>	
COM11: 115200, E, 7, l	ji.

6.12 AVIATOR 700 system ready for use

Having installed the AVIATOR 700 system, activated the SIM card, entered the ICAO number and configured the system you can verify whether the system is fully operational. Check that all LEDs on the SDU and SBU front panel are green.



Figure 6-80: AVIATOR 700 system ready for use

Note

Line of sight during operation!

Make sure that there is a line of sight between the Satcom antenna and the satellite in order to logon to and use the satellite service.

Chapter 7

Check procedures

7.1 Basic check flow

Important None of the check procedures described in this chapter can serve as a replacement for any of the required approvals and certifications.

7.1.1 Check procedures

In order to ensure the correct function of the system, the below check flow should be followed.

1. Pre-Installation Check.

Perform this check after wiring, but before inserting the LRUs. This is a check of the most important connections, the circuit breakers, cable losses etc. Refer to *Pre-Installation Check* on page 7-2.

2. Configuration.

After performing the Pre-Installation Check, configure the system using the Aero-SDU Configuration Program and the SBU web interface. Refer to *Configuration of the AVIATOR 700 system* on page 6-1.

3. Functional Test, on Ground.

When the system is configured and activated, a functional test should be performed. The functional test should check all user interfaces, such as voice, fax, high speed data, annunciators, satcom on/off switch etc.

Refer to Functional Test, on Ground on page 7-4.

4. Interference Test.

After the functional test, an interference test should be performed. This test is to verify that transmission from the AVIATOR 700 system has no effect on the avionics of the aircraft, particularly navigation equipment. Refer to *Interference Test* on page 7-6.



If additional avionics are installed in the aircraft at a later stage, the interference test should be performed again to ensure correct operation.

5. Functional Test, Airborne.

After the interference test, a functional test should be performed while the aircraft is airborne. This test is basically the same as the functional test on ground. Refer to *Functional Test, Airborne* on page 7-7.

7.2 Pre-Installation Check

It is recommended to check the installation before inserting LRUs. The following list provides some of the most important issues, but other additional checks may be relevant for the specific installation.

Item	Description of Check	Reference Section	\checkmark	Value/ Comment
Mounting trays	Ensure service/maintenance accessibility.	5.2		
Coding of tray	Check orientation of coding pins in SDU tray connector	4.1.3		
connectors	Check orientation of coding pins in HPA tray connector	4.2		
	Check orientation of coding pins in SBU tray connector	4.3.3		
Quadrax insert orientation	Check that the Quadrax connector is oriented correctly in the SDU tray connector.	4.1.3		
	Check that the Quadrax connectors are oriented correctly in the SBU tray connector.	4.3.3		
Grounding stud	Check that the grounding stud on the DLNA is connected correctly to aircraft chassis.			
Circuit	Check the SDU circuit breaker: 4 A	5.3.3		
breaker rating	Check the HPA circuit breaker: 20 A	5.3.3		
	Check the SBU circuit breaker: 7.5 A	5.3.3		
Polarity of 28 V DC Power	Check 28 V DC polarity on SDU tray connector (TP1: +28 V DC Power and TP2: GND, Power Return)	4.1.3 5.3.3		
	Check 28 V DC polarity on HPA tray connector (BPA1: +28 V DC Power and BPA2: GND, Power Return)	4.2 5.3.3		

Table 7-1: Check Sheet: Installation Check Before Inserting LRUs.

Item	Description of Check	Reference Section	\checkmark	Value/ Comment
	Check 28 V DC polarity on SBU tray connector (TP1: +28 V DC Power and TP2: GND, Power Return)	4.3.3 5.3.3		
Handset power	Check power to the handsets on DB15 connector to be inserted in cradle	5.3.11 4.4.2		
SDU nON	Check that TP5 (nOn) on the SDU tray connector is connected to a switch or directly to Chassis GND (TP3).	5.3.3 4.1.3		
SBU nON	Check that TP3 (nOn) on the SBU tray connector is connected to a switch or directly to Chassis GND (BP3).	5.3.3 4.3.3		
Handset connections to Cradles	Check that 2-wire handsets are not connected to 4-wire cradles.	5.3.11		
RF cable losses	Measure and note the cable loss from SDU to DLNA	5.3.4 6.2.3		
	Measure and note the cable loss from SDU to HPA			
	Measure and note the cable loss from HPA to DLNA			
	Measure and note the cable loss from DLNA to Antenna			
	Measure and note the cable loss from SBU to Rx Power Splitter			
	Measure and note the cable loss from SBU to Tx Coupler			
Software	Check the software version of the SDU.			
version	Check the software version of the SBU.			

Table 7-1: Check Sheet: Installation Check Before Inserting LRUs. (Continued)

After a successful check of the installation, use the Aero-SDU Configuration Program and the built-in web interface of the SBU to configure the system. For further information, refer to *Configuration of the AVIATOR 700 system* on page 6-1.



The cable loss values registered in the above table must be entered into the Aero-SDU Configuration Program during configuration.

7.3 Functional Test, on Ground

7.3.1 Before you start

The system must be activated before performing this test. For further details see *Activation of airtime services* on page 5-85.

7.3.2 Check list for functional test on ground

The following list provides some of the most important checks to perform after power-up, but other additional checks may be relevant for the specific installation.

If you already know that certain interfaces or services are not going to be used, it is not necessary to perform tests on these specific interfaces or services.

Item	Description of Check	Reference	\checkmark	Value/ Comment
SDU LEDs	Check that the SDU Power LED is green			
	Check that the SDU Fail/Pass LED is green			
	Check that the SDU Logon LED is green			
SBU LEDs	Check that the SBU Logon LED is green			
Voice handsets #1 to #6	Make an aircraft to ground call	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Make a ground to aircraft call	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - Fax	Send a fax over SwiftBroadband from ground to aircraft.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Send a fax over SwiftBroadband from aircraft to ground.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - ISDN	Connect to the internet from a laptop, using the ISDN connection.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - Ethernet	Connect to the internet from a laptop, using the Ethernet connection.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		

Table 7-2: Check Sheet: Functional Test, on Ground

Item	Description of Check	Reference	\checkmark	Value/ Comment
SBU- WLAN	Connect to the internet from a laptop, using the WLAN connection.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
ACARS / AFIS / CMU	Send test message and verify reply or request for weather data and verify the data is downloaded. Both is done from the CDU / MCDU.	CDU / MCDU Manual		

Table 7-2: Check Sheet: Functional Test, on Ground (Continued)

7.4 Interference Test

7.4.1 Introduction

It is recommended to perform an interference test to ensure that transmission from the AVIATOR 700 system does not influence any of the primary avionics on the aircraft.

Important This test is **not** a replacement for any EMC tests in connection with e.g. an STC, TC or Field Approval. It is only an additional practical test of the application.

7.4.2 Test

During the test, the aircraft must be on ground. A skilled person should be observing the instruments.

- 1. Log on to the satellite in the lowest possible elevation.
- 2. Place the aircraft in such a position that the satcom antenna transmits in the direction of the other antennas on the aircraft.

Example: If the satcom antenna is tail-mounted, place the aircraft with the nose pointing in the direction of the satellite. The antenna will then transmit in the direction of the other antennas placed in front of it.

- 3. While transmission is ongoing, observe all primary navigation instruments, autopilot, VOR/ILS, ADF and DME etc. and make sure none of the instruments are influenced by the AVIATOR 700 transmission.
- 4. Check GPS signal-to-noise ratio.
- 5. Monitor all VHF communication and make sure squelch is not opened unintentionally.
- 6. To check that the SBU can send continuously at a high data rate over SwiftBroadband make a 3.1 kHz audio call from the SBU.
- 7. If TCAS/ACAS is installed, verify that it is not flagged "FAILED" during satcom transmission.



If any additional avionics are installed at a later stage, the interference test should be performed again.

7.5 Functional Test, Airborne

The following list provides some of the most important checks to perform while the aircraft is airborne, after all on-ground tests are passed. Other additional checks may be relevant for the specific installation. If you already know that certain interfaces or services are not going to be used, it is not necessary to perform tests on these specific interfaces or services.

If any of the checks should fail, guidance is provided in the section *Initial troubleshooting* on page 8-27.

Item	Description of Check	Reference	\checkmark	Value/ Comment
SDU - Voice	Make an air to ground call and keep it up during a 360° turn. Monitor the C/No for any drops during the turn.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Make a ground to air call	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - Voice	Make an air to ground call and keep it up during a 360° turn. Monitor the C/No for any drops during the turn.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Make a ground to air call	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SDU - Fax	Send an H ⁺ fax from air to ground	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Send an H ⁺ fax from ground to air	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Send an HSD fax from air to ground	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Send an HSD fax from ground to air	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - Fax	Send a fax over SwiftBroadband from ground to aircraft.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
	Send a fax over SwiftBroadband from aircraft to ground.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - ISDN	Connect to the internet from a laptop, using the ISDN connection.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
SBU - Ethernet	Connect to the internet from a laptop, using the Ethernet connection.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		

Table 7-3: Check Sheet: Functional Test, Airborne

Item	Description of Check	Reference	\checkmark	Value/ Comment
SBU- WLAN	Connect to the internet from a laptop, using the WLAN connection.	AVIATOR 700 User Manual		
ACARS / AFIS / CMU	Send test message and verify reply or request for weather data and verify the data is downloaded. Both is done from the CDU / MCDU.	CDU / MCDU Manual		

Table 7-3: Check Sheet: Functional Test, Airborne (Continued)
Chapter 8

Maintenance and troubleshooting

8.1 Continued Airworthiness

8.1.1 General

Maintenance

Maintenance requirements and instructions for continued airworthiness of the Cobham units in the AVIATOR 700 System are restricted to the fact that the TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit requires replacement of an internal battery at a periodic scheduled service task of 7 years (Overhaul). The Overhaul period is defined as the recommended period from production date or last maintenance to next maintenance.



When replacing the **TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit (SDU)**, it is important to leave the TT-5035A-001 Configuration Module (CM) behind, attached to the airframe with a wire.



When replacing the **TT-5040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU)**, it is important to leave the TT-5040A-001 Configuration Module behind, attached to the airframe with a wire.

Contact for support

You can use the Cobham SYNC Partner Portal or contact Cobham by telephone or send an e-mail to Cobham technical support.

- Cobham SYNC: https://sync.cobham.com
- Mail address for Technical support: AVIATOR.support@cobham.com.
- Telephone numbers for Technical support:
 - APAC: +65 6643 4700
 - Greater China: +86 213 393 3006
 - EMEA: +45 3955 8989
 - Americas: +1 925 798 2399

8.1.2 Instructions

Documentation

Maintenance information for the AVIATOR 700 System is contained in this manual. Place the wiring diagram information in this manual in the aircraft operator's appropriate aircraft wiring diagram manuals.

Inoperative units

If a system component is inoperative, remove or replace the unit.

Important If a level-D certified system detects an inconsistent hardware unit (level E) or software image (level E), it enters failure mode and the system will not be operational. Inconsistency messages are displayed to clearly inform the service personnel about the reason for this failure mode.

If an inoperative SDU is removed, take out the TT-5035A-001 Configuration Module (CM) and fasten the CM and wiring. Secure all cables, collect applicable switches and circuit breakers, and label them inoperative. Revise the equipment list and weight and balance as applicable prior to flight and make a log book entry that the unit was removed.

Likewise, if an inoperative SBU is removed, take out the TT-5040A-001 CM and fasten the CM and wiring to the air frame. Secure all cables, collect applicable switches and circuit breakers, and label them inoperative. Revise the equipment list and weight and balance as applicable prior to flight and make a log book entry that the unit was removed.

For information on how to return a unit for repair, see *Return units for repair* on page 8-31. Once repaired, reinstall the unit in the aircraft in accordance with the instructions in this Installation and Maintenance Manual.

Scheduled Maintenance Program

The high-speed data system components are considered on-condition units and no additional maintenance is required other than a check for security and operation at normal inspection intervals.

Scheduled Maintenance Program tasks to be added to the aircraft operator's appropriate aircraft maintenance program are as follows:

Recommended Periodic Scheduled Servicing Tasks:

TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit (SDU)	7 years
TT-5040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU)	None required
TT-5035A-001 Configuration Module (CM)	None required
TT-5040A-001 Configuration module for SBU	None required
TT-5014A High Power Amplifier (HPA)	None required
TT-5620A 4-Wire Handset	None required
TT-5622A 4-Wire Cradle	None required
TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset	None required
TT-5622B 2-Wire Cradle	None required
TT-5013A Type-F DLNA (Original Manufacturer P/N: COMDEV 173628- 101)	None required
TT-5624B AVIATOR Wireless Handset TT-5626B Cradle for AVIATOR Wireless Handset	See AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle Installation & Maintenance Manual (98-129600).
Recommended Periodic Inspections:	
TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit (SDU)	None required
TT-5040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU)	None required
TT-5035A-001 Configuration Module (CM)	None required
TT-5040A-001 Configuration module for SBU	None required
TT-5014A High Power Amplifier (HPA)	None required
TT-5620A 4-Wire Handset	None required
TT-5622A 4-Wire Cradle	Nama na sudina d
	None required
TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset	None required
TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset TT-5622B 2-Wire Cradle	None required None required None required
TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset TT-5622B 2-Wire Cradle TT-5013A Type-F DLNA (Original Manufacturer P/N: COMDEV 173628- 101)	None required None required None required None required

Recommended Periodic Scheduled Preventative Maintenance Tests:

(Tests to determine system condition and/or latent failures)

TT-5624B AVIATOR Wireless Handset TT-5626B Cradle for AVIATOR Wireless Handset	See AVIATOR Wire Cradle Installation
TT-5013A Type-F DLNA (Original Manufacturer P/N: COMDEV 173628- 101)	None required
TT-5622B 2-Wire Cradle	None required
TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset	None required
TT-5622A 4-Wire Cradle	None required
TT-5620A 4-Wire Handset	None required
TT-5014A High Power Amplifier (HPA)	None required
TT-5040A-001 Configuration module for SBU	None required
TT-5035A-001 Configuration Module (CM)	None required
TT-5040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU)	None required
TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit (SDU)	None required

See AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle Installation & Maintenance Manual (98-129600).

8.2 Get support: Service log and HELPDESK

If this manual does not provide the remedies to solve your problem, you may want to contact your Airtime Provider or your local distributor.

8.2.1 Airtime support

If you need assistance from your Airtime Provider, call the help desk, click **HELP DESK** or check your Airtime subscription for a contact number.

8.2.2 System support

If you need assistance with problems caused by the SDU, SBU, and HPA or the antenna, please call a distributor in your area. A list of certified partners and distributors is available on Cobham web site: www.cobham.com/satcom. Select Where to buy, then AVIATOR, EXPLORER, SAILOR and Sea Tel branded products resellers.

There are two tools available to help you troubleshooting the system.



Figure 8-1: Support tools: Service log and Helpdesk

8.2.3 Service Log for the SDU

Generating a service log

When contacting your distributor for support, please include a service log. The service log contains information relevant for the service personnel during troubleshooting. When contacting your distributor for support, please enclose the service log for the SDU and the diagnostic report for the SBU.

To generate a service log, do as follows:

- 1. In the Aero-SDU Configuration Program click the button **Service Log** on the start page.
- 2. Choose a location for the file and click **OK** to save it.
- 3. It may take several minutes to complete the service log, wait until the operation is completed.

The service log contains also BITE error codes from the SDU, including 2 general BITE codes from the SBU. These SBU BITE codes inform you that there are errors in the SBU. Use the SBU diagnostic report for further information on the SBU BITE errors.

8.2.4 Help desk and diagnostic report from the SBU

Help desk

If you need help **with airtime-related issues** for the SwiftBroadband subscription you may call the Help desk. Enter the phone number for your Airtime Provider on this page. To access the Help desk, select **HELP DESK** from the left navigation pane in the SBU web interface.

SIGNAL:	0000000		
		SUPPORT:	
DASHBOARD		For help, please contact:	Please enter support information here
CONNECT			
PHONE BOOK		Generate diagnostic report to file?	Generate report
MESSAGES			
CALLS			
SETTINGS			
ADMINISTRATI	ON		
HELPDESK			

Figure 8-2: Web interface: Help desk

If you have entered the Help desk number, it is displayed as a link. To change the number, click the link, change the number and click **Apply**. If you need help **with SBU- or antenna-related issues** call your local distributor.

Generating a diagnostic report from the SBU

When contacting your distributor for support, please include an SBU diagnostic report. The diagnostic report contains information relevant for the service personnel during troubleshooting. When contacting your distributor for support, please enclose the service log for the SDU and the diagnostic report for the SBU.

To generate a diagnostic report with valuable information for the service team, do as follows:

- 1. Reboot the system.
- 2. Establish the problem or situation in which the error occurred, or
- 3. Make a CS call (if possible), i.e. making a call with a handset connected to the SBU.
- 4. Make a PS call (if possible), i.e. establish a data connection.
- Click Generate report from the HELP DESK page.
 In some browsers the file may open directly in your browser. If it does, choose File > Save As to save the file.
- 6. Choose a location for the file and save it on your computer.

8.3 Software update

ImportantWhen making a software update of the AVIATOR 700 system, consult youSTC house/Cobham support for applicable SW versions.

The software upgrade procedure can be divided into 3 steps: SDU software upload, AVIATOR 700 startup and SBU software upload. In step 2 the HPA is updated and the system runs a POST (power on self test).



Figure 8-3: Software upgrade procedure for SDU and SBU

Important

Level-D and Level E consistency!

A level-D certified system detecting an inconsistent hardware unit or software image enters failure mode, and the system will not be operational. Inconsistency messages clearly inform the service personnel about the reason for this failure mode.

Pay great attention to selecting the correct software file: Level D or Level E for both SDU and SBU. A mismatch of Level D and Level E software is not allowed and will result in a non-functioning system. A mismatch will be displayed in the built-in web interface and as a BITE error.

Minimum Software Version required for AVIATOR 700 SBU (Level E):

• Version 1.06, File: Swift_broadband-E_106.dl

Minimum Software Version required for AVIATOR 700D SBU (Level D):

• Version 2.01, File: Swift_broadband-D_201.dl

A POST error (UU24) is displayed if there is a mismatch between the software versions or if the RS422 connection between the SDU and SBU is not working properly.

Hardware and software requirements

The following items are required before the software can be updated:

- One IBM compatible PC with a 9-pin serial COM port (if not available, a USB to serial port converter can be used) and a standard Ethernet port available.
- Minimum PC requirements: Processor speed: 1 GHz, 512 MB RAM. Operating system for SDU configuration: Windows 7, 8 or 10. Browsers for SBU configuration: Minimum Internet Explorer 7, Mozilla Firefox 2.0 or Apple Safari 2.0.

- One serial maintenance cable 9-pin to 15-pin Sub-D, Cobham part no. 37-112940. Refer to Figure 5-35 on page 5-77.
- One straight LAN cable.
- The Cobham Aero-SDU Configuration Program (Cobham part no. 84-119958-114 or greater) installed on the PC. This program can be downloaded from https://sync.cobham.com/satcom/support/downloads.
 Select Product software > Aeronautical to narrow the search.
- An unzip program installed on the PC (e.g. WinZip)
- The zipped files containing the new software: 1 file for the SDU and 1 file for the SBU.
 - For Level E, the new software can be downloaded from https://sync.cobham.com/satcom/support/downloads.
 Select Product software > Aeronautical to narrow the search.
 - For Level D, contact Cobham Aero tech support at AVIATOR.support@cobham.com for access to the ftp site where you can download the Level D software.

8.3.1 SDU

Preparing the software update

Note Software update should only be done by qualified service personnel.

- 1. On the PC, unzip the zip file containing the new software for the SDU. Remember or write down which folder you extracted the file to.
- 2. Connect the SDU front port to the PC COM port, using the interconnect cable.
- 3. Power on the AVIATOR 700 system.
- 4. Close all other applications on the PC.
- 5. Start the Aero-SDU Configuration Program.
- 6. Normally you will enter the program in the **Start Up** tab window. If not, then select **Window**, **Start up** from the top menu bar.
- 7. From the top menu bar select **View**, **Options**. Select the COM port that you connected to the SDU in step 2.
- 8. Click the button SW Update. A new tab window, Software Update, opens.
- 9. Click on the '...' button next to the **File Selection** box in order to find the software file to upload. Find the file extracted in step 1 and open it.

Updating the software

- 1. Click the **Start** button in the field **SW Update**.
- 2. The software upload to the SDU is now in progress. You can follow the status in the progress bar. The upload will take about 8 minutes.
- 3. Should you experience a time-out failure during the upload, just wait 2 minutes and click **Start** again. The upload will then start over again.
- 4. When the upload has finished, wait 8 minutes while the SDU initializes and runs a self test. The Aero-SDU Configuration Program will guide you.
- 5. Do not start the upload of new software to the SBU before the SDU software update has finished successfully.

If software upload fails - how to recover

In rare cases the software upload may fail, leaving the software in the SDU corrupted. This will happen if the power to the SDU is interrupted during the first stage of the upload. If all 3 LEDs on the front stay orange after power up, the software is corrupted. To recover from this, reload the software with the Aero-SDU Configuration Program as follows:

- 1. Turn **off** the SDU.
- 2. Open the Aero-SDU Configuration Program and click the **Software update** button.
- 3. Click the **Start** button and turn on the SDU immediately after.
- 4. Continue as shown in *Updating the software* on page 8-10.

8.3.2 SBU

Preparing the software update

Note Software update should only be done by qualified service personnel.

- 1. On the PC, unzip the zip file containing the new software for the SBU. Remember or write down which folder you extracted the file to.
- 2. Connect the SBU to the PC LAN port, using the SBU maintenance connector and a straight LAN cable.
- 3. Power on the AVIATOR 700 system.
- 4. Open your browser and enter the IP address of the SBU. The standard IP address is **192.168.0.1**.
 - Note If the local IP address of the SBU has been changed and you do not have the new address, you can temporarily set the IP address to the default value by pushing the **Reset** button next on the front plate of the SBU. For detailed instructions see *How to reset the IP address or the terminal software to default settings* on page 8-23.

For further information on the Reset button, see *IP Reset (Default) button on the SBU* on page 8-22.

For further information on IP addresses of the SBU see Set up the LAN IP addressing on page 6-29.

- 5. Wait until step 2 in the SDU upgrade procedure has finished.
- 6. In the start-up page of the Aero-SDU Configuration Program click the **SBU Dashboard** button to access the SBU web interface.

Updating the software

- 1. In the web interface of the SBU, select **SETTINGS** from the left navigation pane.
- 2. Click **Upload** from the left navigation pane.

SIGNAL:		
DASHBOARD	CHECK FOR SOFTWARE UPD	ATES
CONNECT	Current software version	2.02
PHONE BOOK	Check for updates	
MESSAGES	Latest available	Not checked
CALLS	File size	
SETTINGS		
LAN		
WLAN		
Phone/Fax	UPLOAD SOFTWARE TO TER	
ISDN	Browse.	Upload
Common		
IP handsets	Disclaimer for Downloading an Please be informed that downl	nd Uploading software: oading and installing software from the Thrane &
Discrete I/O	Thrane web portal is at your own risk. Thrane & Thrane is not to be held liable for any possible damage with respect to downloading and installing	
System Type	software to your AVIATOR 700).
RF settings	If you have problems or questions with respect to downloading software or uploading your terminal please be informed that you will have to contact the	
External systems	Thrane & Thrane distributor fro your local Thrane & Thrane dis	om where the terminal was purchased or contact stributor.
FLEX	Please be advised that you will not be able to contact Thrane & Thrane for end user support and that we always recommend that software upgrades are being carried out by official Thrane & Thrane distribution partners.	
Tracking		
Upload		

Figure 8-4: Web interface: Settings, Upload

- 3. The Current software version field shows the current software version.
- 4. To automatically find new software available click **Check for updates**.

This works from software 1.06 (Level D) and 2.01 (Level E).

or click Browse ...

Note

- 5. Browse to the new software version and accept it.
- 6. Click the **Upload** button.

Note that the upload procedure takes a couple of minutes. Follow the instructions given in the Aero-SDU Configuration Program. When done, the SBU automatically restarts with the new software version.

If software upload fails - how to recover

To recover from a failed software upload, turn off the SBU and turn it on again. Then repeat the upload procedure as described in *Updating the software* on page 8-12.

If software upload still fails, use the IP Reset button as described in *IP Reset (Default) button on the SBU* on page 8-22 to initiate a software upload from an external server.

8.3.3 Verify the software update

Test procedure

- 1. Verify in the Aero-SDU Configuration Program (Button **Software update**, link: **Show more info**) that a green bar appears for the SDU in the SW status field, and that the version number in the same line is the new version number. The SBU software version can be viewed in the **DASHBOARD** window of the web interface.
- 2. After completing the software update procedure, the SDU and the SBU will perform a POST (Power On Self Test).
- 3. When the POST has finished, the green Fail/Pass LED on the front of the SDU and/or the SBU must become steadily green. Verify that the Fail/Pass LED is not red nor flashing orange once every 2 seconds. Wait until the Fail/Pass LED is green.
- 4. Verify that the software update has been completed successfully. You find the software version number in the **DASHBOARD** window of the web interface.

Software identification procedure

On the PartNumber / SerialNumber identification label make a cross mark in the **Software Ver**. field number according to the new software version. This applies to the SDU 405035A or 405035A-THD and the SBU 405040A or 405040A-THD in the AVIATOR 700 configuration.



Figure 8-5: Software identification on the SBU label, Level D and Level E



Figure 8-6: Software identification on the SDU label, Level D and Level E

8.4 To exchange LRUs

This document describes the procedures for removal and re-installation of an AVIATOR 700 LRU:

- SDU (405035A-THD)
- HPA (405014A-THD)
- SBU (405040A-THD).

8.4.1 Time consumption

The time consumption for removal and re-installation of an LRU is estimated to 15 minutes.

8.4.2 Tools

No tools required.

8.4.3 Removal and re-installation of the SDU or the SBU

- 1. Ensure that power is removed from the satcom system before removing any LRU!
- 2. Pull and turn to loosen the knurled knob(s) that retain(s) the LRU in the tray.



Figure 8-7: Exchanging an LRU (example)

3. Pull the LRU straight out from the tray by the handle. Be careful not to drop the unit.



Figure 8-8: Pull out the LRU

4. If the LRU has a Configuration Module (CM), unscrew it and pull it out from the rear of the LRU.



Make sure that the Configuration Module is attached to the airframe.



Figure 8-9: Attach CM to the airframe

Re-installation

Follow the procedure above in reverse order. Make sure that the LRU is completely seated against the mating A404 connector.

8.4.4 Removal and re-installation of the HPA

Use the same procedure as for the SDU and SBU. The only difference is that the HPA does not have a Configuration Module.

Important Coax connectors TPA1 and TPA2: In case the cables for these are bent too much there is a risk that the connectors are not aligned correctly with the mating HPA connector. Make sure that there is no strain on the cables connected to TPA1 and TPA2 on the tray side.

8.5 Troubleshooting

8.5.1 Status signalling

Built-In Test Equipment

The SDU and the SBU both provide a Built-In Test Equipment (BITE) function in order to make fault diagnostics easy during service and installation.

The BITE test is performed during:

- Power On Self Test (POST), which is automatically performed each time the system is powered on.
- Person Activated Self Test (PAST), which is initiated by pushing the Push To Test button on the SDU front panel.

Also, during operation a Continuous Monitoring BITE function is performed.

Each LRU in the AVIATOR 700 system has its own BITE function but they are all controlled and monitored by the SDU in the system.

Results from the BITE tests for the complete AVIATOR 700 system are shown as four digit error codes. The two most significant digits represent the main group and are displayed on the SDU front panel. The two least significant digits give further details. All four digits are displayed in the 4-wire handset display together with more detailed information. The SBU may report BITE error codes to the SDU. These SBU BITE codes inform you that there are errors in the SBU. Use the SBU diagnostic report for further information on the SBU BITE errors. To get further information about the BITE error codes the SBU access the web interface of the SBU.

Details on error messages after a POST or PAST for the SBU can be found in the event list of the SBU, see *View the Event list, Event log and extended status of the SBU* on page 8-24.

Means of signalling

The AVIATOR 700 system provides various methods for signalling the status of the system.

- LEDs on the front panel of the SDU, SBU and the HPA are used to signal:
 - Power on/off
 - Logon
 - Fail/Pass
- The **handset display** in the Thrane & Thrane 4-Wire Handset is used to display messages concerning:
 - information from the services

- status information from the system to the user
- equipment errors.
- The MCDU display shows the same messages as the 4-Wire Handset display.
- The **BITE display** on the SDU is used to display BITE error codes. Refer to *System* messages on page D-1.

Push to Test button on SDU and SBU

The SDU and SBU both have a hardware reset/test button placed on the front panel for BITE purposes. Use the button on the SDU to reset both SDU and SBU and to activate a self test (PAST).



Do not use the Push to Test button on the SBU. The SBU is reset automatically when the SDU is reset.

Messages in the Thrane & Thrane 4-Wire Handsets

Two types of messages are displayed in the Thrane & Thrane 4-Wire Handsets.

- Cause codes are information from the services or status information from the system to the user.
- BITE codes are information about errors in the equipment.

BITE codes are also shown in the BITE display of the SDU and in the display of the 4-Wire Handset.

For further information and lists of the possible error codes, see the appendix *System messages* on page D-1.

Messages in the MCDU display

The MCDU display shows the same messages as the 4-Wire Handset display.

BITE display on SDU

The two-digit 7-segment BITE display (green) is used for displaying BITE codes. Only the two most significant digits of the four-digit BITE codes are shown in the SDU display.

For further information and a list of the BITE codes, refer to *BITE Error codes* on page D-15.

8.5.2 Status signalling with LEDs

LEDs on the SDU

During the power-up procedure all LEDs on the front plate are orange. If all 3 LEDs on the front stay orange after power up, the software is corrupted.

Power LED

The function of the Power LED on the SDU is:

LED Color	Description
Green	Power OK
Orange	Uploading software
Off	No power

Table 8-1: Function of SDU Power LED

Logon LED (H⁺)

The Logon LED on the SDU shows the $\rm H^+$ logon status. The HSD logon status is only signalled in the 4-Wire Handset.

The possible colors are listed below, with a short description of what they indicate:

LED Color	Description
Red	Acquiring satellite network
Orange	Network synchronization
Green	Network Logon
Off	No acquired satellite/logged off

Table 8-2: Function of SDU Logon LED

Fail/Pass LED, SDU

The function of the Fail/Pass LED on the SDU is:

Behavior	Description
Steady red	A fault which may degrade the system operation is present in the system.
Alternating: Short green / long pause	Power On Self Test (POST) or Person Activated Self Test (PAST) in progress.
Alternating: Long green/ short orange 0.5 Hz	No current failure, but a BITE failure / warning is logged in the error log
Steady green	No faults

Table 8-3: Function of SDU Fail/Pass LED

LEDs on HPA

Power LED

The function of the Power LED on the HPA is:

Behavior	Description
Green	Power OK
Off	No power

Table 8-4: Function of HPA Power LED

Fail/Pass LED

The function of the Fail/Pass LED on the HPA is:

Behavior	Description
Red	Fail
Off	No Faults

Table 8-5: Function of HPA Fail/Pass LED

LEDs on SBU

During the power-up procedure all LEDs on the front plate are orange. If all 3 LEDs on the front stay orange after power up, check that the wiring between the SDU BP 56 and SBU TP 8 is wired and that the system is configured as an AVIATOR 700 (see *Set the system type* on page 6-49). If the wiring is good and the system is configured as an AVIATOR 700, the SBU software is corrupted. Contact your local distributor for instructions how to proceed.

Power LED on SBU	
Behavior	Description
Green	Power OK
Orange	During upstart procedure
Off	No power

Table 8-6: Function of the SBU Power LED

Logon LED on SBU		
Behavior	Description	
Red	Acquiring satellite network	
Orange	Network synchronization	
Green	Network logon	
Off	No acquired satellite/logged off	

Table 8-7: Function of the SBU Logon LED

Fail/Pass LED on SBU		
Behavior	Description	
Steady red	A fault which may degrade the system operation is present in the SBU	
Flashing: short green/ long pause	Power On Self Test (POST) or Person Activated Self Test (PAST) in progress	
Flashing: long green/ short orange	No current failure, but a BITE failure / warning is logged in the error log	
Steady green	No faults	

Table 8-8: Function of the SBU Fail/Pass LED

LEDs on maintenance connector



Figure 8-10: Function of the LEDs on the front maintenance connector

8.5.3 IP Reset (Default) button on the SBU

The SBU has an IP Reset (Default) button next to the front LAN maintenance connector below the metal cover. The button has two functions: To reset the terminal's IP address and netmask to the default value, 192.168.0.1 and to reset the terminal to factory default settings.



Figure 8-11: IP Reset (Default) button on SBU front

The table on the next page describes how you can use the IP reset button.

Action	Function
With the SBU running, push the IP Reset button normally.	Temporary reset to default values : The SBU's IP address and IP netmask are temporarily set to the default value (default IP address: 192.168.0.1, default netmask: 255.255.255.0).
	With this function, even if the IP address has been changed and you do not remember the new IP address, you can still access the web interface and see your current configuration. The default value is not saved in the configuration, but is only valid until next reboot.
With the terminal running, push and hold the IP Reset button for	Reset to factory settings : The SBU restores factory settings and reboots the system. All settings are reset to factory default, incl. the IP address of the SBU and the administrator password.
30 seconds, until the Power indicator on the SBU front plate flashes	Exception : The settings that are specific for the installation are not reset. These are the settings on the pages:
orange.	SETTINGS > System Type
	SETTINGS > RF Settings
	SETTINGS > External Systems
	SETTINGS > Flex
	ADMINISTRATOR > User permission > SMS
While the terminal is booting, push and hold the IP Reset button.	For service use only! This firmware upload procedure is only to be used if the other procedures fail due to missing or corrupted firmware. This setup uploads software to the SBU from a TFTP server via the LAN connection. The procedure is as follows:
	1. Activate or install a TFTP server on a PC.
	2. Locate the correct software image (xxx.dl) for the SBU and place it in the TFTP server directory.
	3. Rename the image to ttexp.dl .
	 Reconfigure the PC LAN interface to use the static address 192.168.0.2/255.255.255.0.
	5. Power off the SBU.
	6. Connect the PC LAN Interface to the SBU,
	7. Push and hold down the Reset button.
	8. Keep the Reset button pushed while powering on the SBU, and through the next step.
	9. Monitor the TFTP server window. When the upload starts you can release the Reset button.
	10. When the TFTP upload finishes the SBU boots up using the new image.

Table 8-9: How to reset the IP address or the terminal software to default settings

8.5.4 Service log of the SDU

You use the Aero-SDU Configuration Program to generate a service log. The service log contains all data necessary for troubleshooting the SDU, HPA and the satcom antenna. Errors from the POST and PAST tests are recorded in the service log.

For instructions how to generate a service log see Generating a service log on page 8-5.

8.5.5 View the Event list, Event log and extended status of the SBU

Overview

When an event is registered, the web interface shows an event icon 2 in the icon bar as long as the event is active. The **Event list** only shows events that are currently active, whereas the **Event log** shows the history of events that have occurred.

Event list

To view the event list, click the event icon from the icon bar at the top of the web interface, or select **HELPDESK > Event list** from the left navigation pane.

						COBH
SIGNAL:	0000					
		First reported	ID	Unit	Severity	Text
DASHBOARD		11:01:47 4 May 2016	08095-1	Terminal	WARNING	The password is too weak for ACARS Safety or 700D use. See the manual for password requirements
PHONE BOOK MESSAGES		11:01:47 4 May 2016	08096-1	Terminal	WARNING	Activation of Selftest or SW Upload are not protected by the administrator password
CALLS						
SETTINGS						
ADMINISTRATION						
HELPDESK						
Event list						
Event log						

Figure 8-12: Web interface: Help desk, Event list

The Event list page shows a detailed list of active events including the time of the first occurrence, ID and severity of the event message, and a short text describing the error. For a list of events with description, ID, explanation and remedy see *List of SBU events* on page D-28.

Event log

The **Event log** shows the same information as the Event list, but also includes events that occurred in the past and are no longer active. Additionally, it lists events of informational character, describing normal phases of operation for the SBU. The event log holds information of events registered in the SBU or antenna. The same events are also indicated in the Antenna and Terminal LEDs on the SBU LED panel. The log includes the time of the occurrence, a short description, location of the error etc. This information can help troubleshooting errors in the system. You can see the event log in the web interface.

To view the Event log, select **HELPDESK > Event log** from the left navigation pane.

Extended status

Click **Extended status** in the **HELP DESK** page to display further status information on logon status, ongoing data sessions and ongoing calls.

SIGNAL:	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
DASHBOARD	STATUS
CONNECT	IAI-2 status Registered
PHONE BOOK	Ongoing data sessions
CALLS	(No active data sessions)
SETTINGS	(No active calls)
ADMINISTRATION	Refresh
HELPDESK	
Event list	
Extended status	

Figure 8-13: Web interface: Help desk, Extended status

The Extended Status page shows the following information:

- The status of the connection to the air interface (IAI-2). This field should normally show "Registered", unless the system is still in the startup process.
- Ongoing data sessions (IP address) and connection status, e.g. Active or Suspended.
- Ongoing calls and their connection status.

To update the information on the **Extended status page**, click **Refresh**.

8.5.6 Self test of the SBU

The Self test performs system test on the AVIATOR 700 system, similar to the tests that are performed during the Power On Self Test (POST).



The SBU will reboot when performing the self test. All ongoing calls or data sessions will be terminated.

To activate a Self test, do as follows:

1. Select **HELPDESK > Self test**.

SIGNAL:	0000
DASHBOARD	Warning! The terminal will reboot to perform the self test. Rebooting the terminal will terminate all existing connections.
PHONE BOOK MESSAGES	
CALLS SETTINGS	
ADMINISTRATION HELPDESK	

Figure 8-14: Web interface: Help desk, Self test

- 2. Click Self test.
- Click **OK** in the Warning dialog. The SBU now performs a self test and resets the SBU.

8.5.7 Initial troubleshooting

Overview

This section describes an initial check of the primary functions of the AVIATOR 700 system, and provides some guidelines for troubleshooting, if one of the checks should fail.

Means available for troubleshooting

The following means are available for troubleshooting:

- **LEDs and BITE display**. Generally, if a fault occurs without any obvious reason, it is always recommended to observe the LEDs and the BITE display. For information on the LEDs and the BITE display, refer to *Status signalling* on page 8-17. For a list of all the BITE codes and Cause codes, refer to the appendix *System messages* on page D-1.
- Web interface. For troubleshooting errors in the SBU, you may connect to the front LAN interface on the SBU and use the web interface to inspect any alarm messages. For information on the web interface refer to *Built-in web interface for the SBU* on page 6-17.
- Low level commands. It may sometimes be necessary to use terminal commands for debugging, using the front Maintenance port of the SDU. For information on how to use the front port for debugging, see *Terminal commands* on page F-1.
- **Diagnostic report**. You can generate a diagnostic report that can be used for troubleshooting errors in the SBU of the AVIATOR 700 system. To generate the diagnostic report, access the web interface and select **HELPDESK**. then click **Generate report**. Save the report on your PC.
- To generate the service log, click the **Service log** button to the left in the Aero-SDU Configuration Program. For information see *Aero-SDU Configuration Program for the SDU* on page 6-2.

Problem	What to do	
No connection to the SBU maintenance connector	Depending on the options in your system you might experience limitations when using an Ethernet interface of the AVIATOR 700. For systems without the built-in router option enabled, i.e. the basic version or the version with Wireless option, note the following limitation:	
	• To use the SBU Maintenance connector disconnect or switch off any PC connected to another LAN interface of the SBU.	
No GPS signal: Interference from satcom antenna on GPS antenna	If the existing GPS antenna on board the aircraft does not provide sufficient filtering of the satcom antenna signal to provide a usable GPS signal, you must replace the existing GPS antenna with a GPS antenna that has a satcom filter.	
Registration for voice or data not possible	In case the system cannot register properly for voice or data service, check with your Service provider that the SIM card in the Configuration module of the SBU is not blocked.	

• Enclose the diagnostic report and the service log when requesting support.

Table 8-10: Initial troubleshooting

Check of LEDs



The below flow chart shows the initial check of the LEDs on the SDU, HPA and SBU.

Figure 8-15: Initial check of LEDs (1/2)

Check of Ethernet, ISDN and handsets

After checking the LEDs, the user functions should be checked. The below flow chart shows the initial check of Ethernet, ISDN and handsets.





Check of fax



The below flow chart shows the initial check of the fax interfaces.

Figure 8-17: Initial check of Fax

8.6 Return units for repair

Should your Cobham SATCOM product fail, please contact your dealer or installer, or the nearest Cobham SATCOM partner. You will find the partner details on www.cobham.com/satcom, **Technical Service Partner List**. You can also access the **Cobham SYNC Partner Portal** at https://sync.cobham.com/satcom, which may help you solve the problem. Your dealer, installer or Cobham SATCOM partner will assist you whether the need is user training, technical support, arranging on-site repair or sending the product for repair. Your dealer, installer or Cobham SATCOM partner will also take care of any warranty issue.

Repackaging requirements

Should you need to send the product for repair, please read the below information before packing the product.

The shipping carton has been carefully designed to protect the AVIATOR 700 and its accessories during shipment. This carton and its associated packing material should be used when repacking for shipment. Attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, part number and full serial number. Mark the carton FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.

Note Correct shipment is the customer's own responsibility.

If the original shipping carton is not available, the following general instructions should be used for repacking with commercially available material.

- 1. Wrap the defective unit in heavy paper or plastic. Attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, part number and full serial number.
- 2. Use a strong shipping container, e.g. a double walled carton.
- 3. Protect the front- and rear panel with cardboard and insert a layer of shock-absorbing material between all surfaces of the equipment and the sides of the container.
- 4. Seal the shipping container securely.
- 5. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.

Failure to do so may invalidate the warranty.

8.7 Disposal of electrical and electronic equipment

Old electrical and electronic equipment marked with this symbol can contain substances hazardous to human beings and the environment. Never dispose these items together with unsorted municipal waste (household waste). In order to protect the environment and ensure the correct recycling of old equipment as well as the re-utilization of individual components, use either



public collection or private collection by the local distributor of old electrical and electronic equipment marked with this symbol.

Contact the local distributor for information about what type of return system to use.

Appendices

Appendix A

Equipment specifications

A.1 Introduction

Important note!

The information, drawings, and wiring diagrams contained in this manual are intended as a reference for engineering planning only. It is the installer's responsibility to compose installation drawings specific to the aircraft.

In this appendix you find equipment specifications for the following units:

- TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit (SDU)
- TT-5014A High Power Amplifier (HPA)
- TT-5040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU)
- TT-5040A-004 WLAN antenna
- TT-5038A-002 Tx Coupler
- TT-5038A-003 Rx Power Splitter
- TT-5620A 4-Wire Handset
- TT-5622A 4-Wire Cradle
- TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset
- TT-5622B 2-Wire Cradle

Note Cables and connectors and DLNA are not included.

For specifications of the antenna please see the documentation provided with the antenna.

Note For equipment drawings of the AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle see AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle Installation & Maintenance Manual (98-129600).

A.2 AVIATOR 700 system components

A.2.1 TT-5035A Satellite Data Unit (SDU)

Specification with TT-5035A-001 Configuration Module (CM) mounted.

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	ARINC 404A 3/8 ATR short, 3 MCU 320.5 mm x 193.5 mm x 90.4 mm (12.62" x 7.62" x 3.56")
Weight	3.5 kg ±0.1 kg (7.72 lbs ±0.22 lbs) incl. Configuration Module
Mounting	Mount in an ARINC 404A 3/8 ATR short tray in a temperature controlled location. Forced cooling is not recommended.
Supply Voltage	Nominal: +28.0 V DC Voltage range continuous operation: +20.5 V DC to 32.2 V DC short time operation: +18.0 V DC to 32.2 V DC
Power Hold-up	5 ms. fully operational, 200 ms. Power Save Mode.
Power Consumption	Absolute max power consumption ^a : 46.5 W (Heat dissipation: 27 W). Typical operating power consumption (3 channels transmitting, one 4-wire handset): 30 W (Heat dissipation: 25 W).
	Typical stand-by power consumption (no transmitting, one 4-wire handset): 25 W (Heat dissipation: 22 W).
	Inrush current: 0-2 ms: Iin < 28 A 2 ms: Iin < 26 A 5 ms: Iin < 17 A 10 ms: Iin < 5.5 A 50 ms: Iin < 4.4 A 50 ms ->: Normal operation

Table A-1: General specifications for SDU
Characteristics	Specification
Connectors	Rear: ARINC 404A Front: SUB-D 15 Female.
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Ground Survival Temperature	-55 °C to +85 °C
Shelf life	7 years at 35°C in original packing
Altitude	55000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>Satellite Data Unit</i> on page B-2 in Appendix B.

Table A-1: General specifications for SDU

a. Includes 4 x 4-wire handsets, 2 x 2-wire handsets and 4 ISDN phones.

A.2.2 TT-5014A High Power Amplifier (HPA)

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	ARINC 404A 3/8 ATR short, 3 MCU 320.5 mm x 193.5 mm x 93.0 mm (12.62" x 7.79" x 3.66")
Weight	5.1 kg ±0.2 kg (11.24 lbs ±0.44 lbs)
Mounting	Can be installed in a non-temperature controlled location. The HPA is designed with built-in forced cooling. Do not block the cooling air holes. Minimum clearance top and bottom: 1" (25 mm) Mount in ARINC 404A 3/8 ATR short tray with oval cut-out as shown in Figure 3-16 on page 3-17
Supply Voltage	Nominal: +28.0 V DC Voltage range, continuous operation: +20.5 V DC to 32.2 V DC short time operation: +18.0 V DC to 32.2 V DC 5 ms fully operational 200 ms Power Save Mode
Power Consumption	Absolute max power consumption: 235 W (Heat dissipation: 185 W). Typical operating power consumption (4 channels transmitting): 130 W (Heat dissipation: 110 W). Typical standby power consumption (no transmitting):
	40 W (Heat dissipation: 40 W). Inrush current: 0-10ms: Iin < 55A 10ms: Iin < 6A 10-30ms: Iin < 20A 30ms: Iin < 15A 40ms: Iin < 10A 60ms: Iin < 4A 60ms ->: Normal operation
Composite Output Power	37.4 W (Burst Mode) 30.0 W (Continuous Mode)
Connectors	Rear: ARINC 404A

Table A-2: General specifications for HPA

Characteristics	Specification
Operating Temperature Ground Survival Temperature	-55 °C to +70 °C -55 °C to +85 °C
Altitude	55000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>High Power Amplifier</i> on page B-5 in Appendix B.

Table A-2: General specifications for HPA

A.2.3 TT-5040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU)

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions	ARINC 404A 1/4 ATR short
(L x W x H)	320.5 mm x 193.5 mm x 57.15 mm (12.62" x 7.62" x 2.25")
Weight	2.8 kg ±0.1 kg (6.2 lbs ±0.22 lbs) including TT-5040-001 CM
Mounting	Mount in an ARINC 404A 1/4 ATR short tray in a temperature controlled location. Forced cooling is not required and not recommended.
Supply Voltage	Nominal: +28.0 V DC
	Voltage range,
	continuous operation: +20.5 V DC to 32.2 V DC
	short time operation: +18.0 V DC to 32.2 V DC
Power Hold-up	200 ms. Fully operational: 5 ms.
Typical Power Consumption (idle) (SBU & CM)	17 W
Total Maximum Power Consumption (SBU & CM)	25 W
Maximum Heat Dissipation (SBU & CM)	<25 W
Connectors	Rear: ARINC 404A Front: RJ45 Female.
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Ground Survival Temperature	-55 °C to +85 °C
Shelf life	7 years at 35°C in original packing
Altitude	Non pressurized (Cat. F1): 55,000 ft Pressurized (Cat. A1): 15,000 ft Decompression (Cat. A1): 55,000 ft Overpressure (Cat. A1): -15,000 ft
Relative humidity	95% non-condensing at +50°C
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>SwiftBroadband unit (SBU)</i> on page B-7 in Appendix B.

Table A-3: Equipment specifications for TT-5040A SBU

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	12 mm x 119 mm x 13 mm (0.48" x 4.7" x 0.5")
Weight	28.3 g (1 ounce)
Mounting	For mounting instructions for WLAN antennas see Figure 5-3 on page 5-8 in the section <i>WLAN antennas</i> .
Connector	Male TNC
Operating Temperature	-40 °C to +71 °C
Ground Survival Temperature	-55 °C to +85 °C
Altitude	Pressurized (Cat. A1): 15,000 ft
	Overpressure (Cat. A1): -15,000 ft
Relative humidity	95% non-condensing at +50°C
Cable type	Plenum, RG-316U coaxial
Cable length (including connector)	7.5" ± 0.25" (190.5 ±6.4 mm)

A.2.4 TT-5040A-004 WLAN antenna

Table A-4: Equipment specifications for WLAN antenna

A.2.5 TT-5038A-002 Tx Coupler

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	106.6 mm x 57.1 mm x 22.4 mm (4.20" x 2.25" x 0.88") including connectors.
Weight	230 g ±10 g (0.50 lbs ±0.02 lbs)
Mounting	Can be mounted in an unpressurized but temperature controlled location.
Connectors	3 x N-connector, Female.
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Temperature	-55 C 10 +65 C
Altitude	55000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>Tx Coupler and Rx Power Splitter</i> on page B-9 in Appendix B.

Table A-5: General specifications for Tx Coupler

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	86.8 mm x 50.8 mm x 19.1 mm (3.42" x 2.00" x 0.75") including connectors.
Weight	146 g ±10 g (0.32 lbs ±0.02 lbs)
Mounting	If the Rx Power Splitter is to be mounted on a flat surface, mount it on a 3 mm mounting plate to provide enough space for mounting of the connectors. Can be mounted in an unpressurized but temperature controlled location.
Connectors	3 x N-connector, Female. Built-in DC-block on the HSU (SBU) port.
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Temperature	
Altitude	55000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>Tx Coupler and Rx Power Splitter</i> on page B-9 in Appendix B.

A.2.6 TT-5038A-003 Rx Power Splitter

Table A-6: General specifications for Rx Power Splitter

A.3 AVIATOR 700 handsets and cradles

For specifications of the AVIATOR Wireless Handset see AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle Installation & Maintenance Manual (part number: 98-129600)

A.3.1 TT-5620A 4-Wire Handset

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	200.0 mm x 52.0 mm x 31.5 mm (7.87" x 2.05" x 1.24")
Weight	0.31 kg ±50 g (0.68 lbs ±0.11 lbs) incl. cable.
Mounting	Mount in a pressurized and temperature controlled location.
Supply Voltage	+28 V DC, provided by SDU via Handset Cradle.
Power Consumption	Max. 3.5 W for handset and cradle (included in SDU power consumption).
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Ground Survival Temperature	-40 °C to +80 °C
Altitude	55000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>4-Wire</i> <i>Handset and 4-Wire Cradle</i> on page B-11 in Appendix B.

Table A-7: General specifications for 4-Wire Handset

Note

A.3.2 TT-5622A 4-Wire Cradle

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	160.5 mm x 61.0 mm x 28.4 mm (6.30" x 2.40" x 1.12")
Weight	0.27 kg ± 50 g (0.60 lbs ± 0.11 lbs) incl. connector cable.
Mounting	Mount in a pressurized and temperature controlled location.
Supply Voltage	+28 V DC, provided by SDU.
Power Consumption	See TT-5620A 4-Wire Handset on page A-10.
Operating Temperature Ground Survival Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C -40 °C to +80 °C
Altitude	55000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>4-Wire Handset and 4-Wire Cradle</i> on page B-11 in Appendix B.

Table A-8: General specifications for 4-Wire Cradle

A.3.3 TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	200.0 mm x 52.0 mm x 31.5 mm (7.87" x 2.05" x 1.24")
Weight	$0.22~kg~\pm 50~g$ (0.49 lbs ± 0.11 lbs) incl. cable.
Mounting	Mount in a pressurized and temperature controlled location.
Power consumption	Max. 750 mW for handset and cradle (included in SBU power consumption).
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Ground Survival Temperature	-40 °C to +80 °C
Altitude	55,000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>2-Wire</i> <i>Handset and 2-Wire Cradle</i> on page B-13 in Appendix B.

Table A-9: Equipment specifications for 2-Wire Handset

A.3.4 TT-5622B 2-Wire Cradle

Characteristics	Specification
Dimensions (L x W x H)	160.5 mm x 61.0 mm x 28.4 mm (6.30" x 2.40" x 1.12")
Weight	0.20 kg ±50 g (0.43 lbs ±0.11 lbs) incl. connector cable.
Mounting	Mount in a pressurized and temperature controlled location.
Power consumption	See TT-5621B 2-Wire Handset above.
Operating Temperature	-25 °C to +55 °C
Ground Survival Temperature	-40 °C to +80 °C
Altitude	55,000 ft
Environmental Categories	Refer to Environmental Qualification form in <i>2-Wire</i> <i>Handset and 2-Wire Cradle</i> on page B-13 in Appendix B.

Table A-10: Equipment specifications for 2-Wire Cradle

Appendix B

DO-160 specifications

B.1 General

B.1.1 Certifying agency

Approval of the installation of the AVIATOR 700 system is not authorized by this installation manual. Acceptance for the installation and use of the AVIATOR 700 system and its associated components must be obtained through the appropriate offices of the FAA or other certifying agency. It is recommended that all proposed installations be coordinated with the local jurisdiction of the FAA or other certifying agency prior to performing the installation.

B.1.2 Environmental Qualification Forms

The Environmental Qualification Forms list the environmental categories under which all Cobham components of the AVIATOR 700 system are approved.

Please refer to RTCA DO-160D/E for further details on the following Environmental Qualification Forms.

B.2 AVIATOR 700 system components

B.2.1 Satellite Data Unit

Part Number: 405035A (AVIATOR 700) or 405035A-THD (AVIATOR 700D)

DO-160D string: [(A1)(F1)X]CAB[(S2B2)(SM)]EXXXXXZ[A()B]A[A()B]Z[RR]M[A3E3]XXA

		RTCA/DO-160D Change Numbers	
Change Number	Date of Issue	Title	Section
Change No. 1	Dec. 14, 2000	Vibration	8.0
		Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0
Change No. 2	June 12, 2001	Power Input	16.0
		Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	18.0

Table B-1: RTCA/DO-160D Change Numbers, SDU

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Temperature and Altitude	4.0	A1 and F1	Installation in controlled temperature locations and inside or outside pressurized locations.
Low Temperature	4.5.1		Min. operating low temperature: -25°C
High Temperature	4.5.2 & 4.5.3		Max. operating high temperature: $+55^{\circ}C$
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	4.5.4	Х	Forced cooling is not recommended.
Altitude	4.6.1		Max. altitude: 55000 ft
Decompression	4.6.2		Decompression at 55000 ft
Overpressure	4.6.3		Overpressure at -15000ft
Temperature Variation	5.0	С	Installation within controlled temperature locations: 2°/min.
Humidity	6.0	A	Standard Humidity: 95% relative humidity at 38°C to 50°C for 48 hours. Installation within environmentally controlled zones.
Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	7.0	В	Equipment tested to: Standard operational shocks and crash safety.

Table B-2: Environmental Qualification Form for SDU

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Vibration	8.0	S2B2	Standard random vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Turbojet or turbofan engines.
		SM	Standard sinusoidal vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Reciprocating or turbo propeller engines.
			Aircraft zone: Instrument panel, console or equipment rack.
Explosion Proofness	9.0	E	
Waterproofness	10.0	Х	No test required
Fluids Susceptibility	11.0	Х	No test required
Sand and Dust	12.0	Х	No test required
Fungus Resistance	13.0	Х	No test required
Salt Spray	14.0	Х	No test required
Magnetic Effect	15.0	Z	Magnetic deflection distance: < 0.3 m
Power Input	16.0	A()B	Power supply: +28 V DC. Reconnection of voice and data calls is not required, if a power interrupt less than 200 ms occurs during transfer of power sources.
Voltage Spike	17.0	А	
Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	18.0	A()B	
Induced Signal Susceptibility	19.0	Z	Equipment intended for operation in systems where interference-free operation is required.
Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0	RR	High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) associated with normal environment.
Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	21.0	М	

Table B-2: Environmental Qualification Form for SDU (Continued)

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0	A3E3	Equipment and wiring in moderately exposed environment in an all metal airframe.
			The Configuration Module is an integrated part of the SDU, and so the pin injection tests are not required for the Configuration Module interface.
Lightning Direct Effects	23.0	Х	No test required
Icing	24.0	Х	No test required
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	25.0	A	Operation, installation and repair in an aerospace environment.

Table B-2: Environmental Qualification Form for SDU (Continued)

B.2.2 Configuration Module for SDU

Part Number: 405035A-001

DO-160D string: Please refer to the section *Satellite Data Unit* on page B-2, as the Configuration Module is an integral part of the SDU during normal operation and tests.

B.2.3 High Power Amplifier

Part Number: 405014A (AVIATOR 700) or 405014A-THD (AVIATOR 700D)

DO-160D string: [(A2)(F2)Z]BBB[SCL]EXXXXXZ[A()B]A[A()B]Z[RR]M[A3E3]XXA

RTCA/DO-160D Change Numbers					
Change Number	Date of Issue	Title	Section		
Change No. 1	Dec. 14, 2000	Vibration	8.0		
		Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0		
Change No. 2	June 12, 2001	Power Input	16.0		
		Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	18.0		

Table B-3: RTCA/DO-160D Change Numbers, HPA

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Temperature and Altitude	4.0	A2 and F2	Installation in non-controlled temperature locations and inside or outside pressurized locations.
Low Temperature	4.5.1		Min. operating low temperature: -55°C
High Temperature	4.5.2 & 4.5.3		Max. operating high temperature: +70°C
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	4.5.4	Z	Continuous operation at 40°C, tested with internal fan turned off.
			Use the recommended tray and leave at least 1 inch (25 mm) of free space above and below the HPA, to allow free airflow.
			The HPA is overheat protected.
			External forced cooling is not recommended.
Altitude	4.6.1		Max. altitude: 55000 ft
Decompression	4.6.2		Decompression at 55000 ft
Overpressure	4.6.3		Overpressure at -15000 ft
Temperature Variation	5.0	В	Installation within non-temperature- controlled location: 5°C/min.
Humidity	6.0	В	Severe humidity: 95% relative humidity at 38°C to 65°C for 240 hours. Installation within non-environmentally controlled zones.
Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	7.0	В	Equipment tested to: Standard operational shocks and crash safety.

Table B-4: Environmental Qualification Form for HPA

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Vibration	8.0	SCL	Standard sinusoidal and random vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Turbojet, turbofan, reciprocating or turbo propeller engines.
Explosion Proofness	0.0	F	All craft zone. Fuselage
Waterproofness	10.0	<u>г</u> Х	No test required
Fluide Succoptibility	11.0	х х	No test required
Find and Dust	12.0	^ 	No test required
	12.0	<u>х</u>	
Fungus Resistance	13.0	X	No test required
Salt Spray	14.0	X	No test required
Magnetic Effect	15.0	Z	Magnetic deflection distance: < 0.3 m
Power Input	16.0	A()B	Power supply: +28 V DC. Reconnection of voice and data calls is not required, if a power interrupt less than 200 ms occurs during transfer of power sources.
Voltage Spike	17.0	Α	
Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	18.0	A()B	
Induced Signal Susceptibility	19.0	Z	Equipment intended for operation in systems where interference-free operation is required.
Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0	RR	High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) associated with normal environment.
Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	21.0	М	
Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0	A3E3	Equipment and wiring in moderately exposed environment in an all metal airframe.
Lightning Direct Effects	23.0	Х	No test required
Icing	24.0	Х	No test required
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	25.0	A	Operation, installation and repair in an aerospace environment.

Table B-4: Environmental Qualification Form for HPA (Continued)

B.2.4 SwiftBroadband unit (SBU)

Part Number: 405040A (AVIATOR 700) or 405040A-THD (AVIATOR 700D)

DO-160E string: [(A1)(F1)X]CAB[SB2M]ExxxxxZ[AB]A[RB][ZC][RR]M[A3J33]XXAX

Conditions	DO-160E	Cat.	Comments
Temperature and Altitude	4.0	A1, F1	Installation in temperature controlled areas and inside or outside pressurized locations.
Low Temperature	4.5.1 & 4.5.2		Short time operating low is -40°C. Unit is active, but inoperable until the unit temperature is > -30°C.
			Min. operational temperature is -25°C.
High Temperature	4.5.3 & 4.5.4		Short time operating high (30 min.): $+70^{\circ}$ C
			Max. operating high temperature is $+55^{\circ}C$
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	4.5.5	Х	Forced cooling is not required and not recommended.
Altitude	4.6.1		Max. altitude: 55000 ft
Decompression	4.6.2		Decompression test at 55000 ft
Overpressure	4.6.3		Overpressure at -15000 ft
Temperature Variation	5.0	С	Installation within temperature controlled areas: 2°C/min.
Humidity	6.0	A	Standard Humidity: 95% relative humidity at 38°C to 50°C for 48 hours. Installation within environmentally controlled zones
Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	7.0	В	Equipment tested to: Standard operational shock and crash safety.
Vibration	8.0	S, B2, M	Equipment tested without shock mounts to Category S, Curve B2 and Curve M.
Explosion Proofness	9.0	E	Not hermetically sealed equipment
Waterproofness	10.0	Х	No test required
Fluids Susceptibility	11.0	Х	No test required
Sand and Dust	12.0	Х	No test required
Fungus Resistance	13.0	Х	No test required

Table B-5: Environmental Qualification Form for SBU

Conditions	DO-160E	Cat.	Comments
Salt Spray	14.0	Х	No test required
Magnetic Effect	15.0	Z	Magnetic deflection distance: < 0.3 m
Power Input	16.0	AB	Power supply: +28 V DC. Reconnection of voice and data calls is not required, if a power interrupt less than 200 ms occurs during transfer of power sources.
Voltage Spike	17.0	Α	Power supply: +28 V DC.
Audio Susceptibility	18.0	RB	Power supply: +28 V DC.
Induced Susceptibility	19.0	ZC	Equipment intended for operation in systems where interference-free operation is required.
Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0	RR	High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) associated with normal environment.
Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	21.0	М	Installation in areas with significant electromagnetic apertures.
Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0	A3J33	Equipment and wiring in moderately exposed environment in an all metal airframe.
			The Configuration Module is an integrated part of the SBU, and so the pin injection tests are not required for the Configuration Module interface.
Lightning Direct Effects	23.0	Х	No test required
Icing	24.0	Х	No test required
Electrostatic Discharge ESD	25.0	A	Operation, installation and repair in an aerospace environment.
Fire, Flammability	26.0	х	Equipment is tested according to FAR 25 Airworthiness Standards: Transport Category Airplanes, Paragraph 25.853(a) and Appendix F - Part I (a)(1)(ii) and Paragraph 25.869(a)(4) and Appendix F - Part I (a)(3).

Table B-5: Environmental Qualification Form for SBU (Continued)

B.2.5 Configuration Module (CM) for SBU

Part Number: 405040A-001

DO-160E string: Please refer to the section *SwiftBroadband unit (SBU)* on page B-7, as the Configuration Module is an integral part of the SBU during normal operation and tests. However, the section 25 Category A test is performed on the Configuration Module as an individual LRU.

B.2.6 Tx Coupler and Rx Power Splitter

Part Numbers: 405038A-002 and 405038A-003

DO-160D string: [(A1)(F1)X]CBB[SCL]EXXXXXZXXZ[RR]M[A3E3]XXA

RTCA/DO-160D Change Numbers					
Change Number	Date of Issue	Title	Section		
Change No. 1	Dec. 14, 2000	Vibration Radio Frequency Susceptibility	8.0 20.0		
Change No. 2	June 12, 2001	Power Input Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	16.0 18.0		

Table B-6: RTCA/DO-160D Change Numbers, Tx Coupler and Rx Power Splitter

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Temperature and Altitude	4.0	A1 and F1	Installation in controlled temperature locations and inside or outside pressurized locations.
Low Temperature	4.5.1		Min. operating low temperature: -25°C
High Temperature	4.5.2 & 4.5.3		Max. operating high temperature: +55°C
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	4.5.4	Х	Forced cooling is not recommended.
Altitude	4.6.1		Max. altitude: 55000 ft
Decompression	4.6.2		Decompression at 55000 ft
Overpressure	4.6.3		Overpressure at -15000 ft
Temperature Variation	5.0	С	Installation within controlled temperature locations: 2°/min.
Humidity	6.0	В	Severe humidity: 95% relative humidity at 38°C to 65°C for 240 hours. Installation within non-environmentally controlled zones.

Table B-7: Environmental Qualification Form for Tx Coupler and Rx Power Splitter

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	7.0	В	Equipment tested to: Standard operational shocks and crash safety.
Vibration	8.0	SCL	Standard sinusoidal and random vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Turbojet, turbofan, reciprocating or turbo propeller engines.
			Aircraft zone: Fuselage
Explosion Proofness	9.0	E	
Waterproofness	10.0	Х	No test required
Fluids Susceptibility	11.0	Х	No test required
Sand and Dust	12.0	Х	No test required
Fungus Resistance	13.0	Х	No test required
Salt Spray	14.0	Х	No test required
Magnetic Effect	15.0	Z	Magnetic deflection distance: < 0.3 m
Power Input	16.0	Х	No test required
Voltage Spike	17.0	Х	No test required
Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	18.0	х	No test required
Induced Signal Susceptibility	19.0	Z	Equipment intended for operation in systems where interference-free operation is required
Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0	RR	High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) associated with normal environment.
Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	21.0	Μ	
Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0	A3E3	Equipment and wiring in moderately exposed environment in an all metal airframe.
Lightning Direct Effects	23.0	X	No test required
Icing	24.0	Х	No test required
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	25.0	A	Operation, installation and repair in an aerospace environment.

Table B-7: Environmental Qualification Form for Tx Coupler and Rx Power Splitter (Continued)

B.3 AVIATOR 700 handsets and cradles



For DO-160 specifications of the AVIATOR Wireless Handset see AVIATOR Wireless Handset and Cradle Installation & Maintenance Manual (part number: 98-129600)

B.3.1 4-Wire Handset and 4-Wire Cradle

Part Number: 405620A-THW / 405620A-THR / 405622A-THW / 405622A-THR

DO-160C String: A1-BA[MNB]XXXXXAXXXB[UR]ZXXE3XX

		RTCA/DO-160C Change Numbers	
Change Number	Date of Issue	Title	Section
Change No. 2	June 19, 1992	Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0
Change No. 3	May 13, 1993	Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0

Table B-8: RTCA/DO-160C Change Numbers, 4-Wire Handset and Cradle

Conditions	DO-160C	Cat.	Comments
Temperature and Altitude	4.0	A1	Installation in controlled temperature and pressurized location.
Low Temperature	4.5.1		Min. operating low temperature: -25°C
High Temperature	4.5.2 & 4.5.3		Max. operating high temperature: $+55^{\circ}C$
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	4.5.4	-	No forced cooling required.
Altitude	4.6.1		Max. altitude: 55000 ft
Decompression	4.6.2		Decompression at 55000 ft
Overpressure	4.6.3		Overpressure at -15000 ft
Temperature Variation	5.0	В	Installation within partially or non-controlled temperature locations: 5°C/min.
Humidity	6.0	A	Standard Humidity: 95% relative humidity at 38°C to 50°C for 48 hours. Installation within environmentally controlled zones
Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	7.0	Yes	Equipment tested to: Standard operational shocks and crash safety.
Operational Shock	7.2	Yes	
Crash Safety	7.3	Yes	

Table B-9: Environmental Qualification Form for 4-Wire Handset and Cradle

Conditions	DO-160C	Cat.	Comments
Vibration	8.0	MB	Standard sinusoidal and random vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Turbojet, turbofan, reciprocating or turbo propeller engines.
		N	Aircraft type: Helicopter. Turbojet or reciprocating engines.
			Aircraft zone: Instrument panel, console or equipment rack.
Explosion Proofness	9.0	Х	No test required
Waterproofness	10.0	Х	No test required
Fluids Susceptibility	11.0	Х	No test required
Sand and Dust	12.0	Х	No test required
Fungus Resistance	13.0	Х	No test required
Salt Spray	14.0	Х	No test required
Magnetic Effect	15.0	А	Magnetic deflection distance: 0.3 m to 1 m
Power Input	16.0	Х	No test required. DC power is provided by the SDU.
Voltage Spike	17.0	Х	No test required
Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility - Power Inputs	18.0	Х	No test required
Induced Signal Susceptibility	19.0	В	Installation where interference is controlled to a tolerable level.
Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0	UR	
Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	21.0	Z	Equipment intended for operation in systems where interference-free operation is required.
Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0	XXE3	Cable Bundle Test: Equipment and wiring in moderately exposed environment in an all metal airframe.
Lightning Direct Effects	23.0	Х	No test required
Icing	24.0	Х	No test required

Table B-9: Environmental Qualification Form for 4-Wire Handset and Cradle (Continued)

B.3.2 2-Wire Handset and 2-Wire Cradle

Part Number: 405621B-THW / 405621B-THR / 405622B-THW / 405622B-THR

DO-160C String: [A1X]CAB[(SMB2)(SM)(UFF1)]XXXXXAXXXB[RR]M[A2E3]XXA

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Temperature and Altitude	4.0	A1	Installation in controlled temperature and pressurized location.
Low Temperature	4.5.1		Min. operating low temperature: -25°C
High Temperature	4.5.2 & 4.5.3		Max. operating high temperature: +55°C
In-Flight Loss of Cooling	4.5.4	Х	No forced cooling required.
Altitude	4.6.1		Max. altitude: 55000 ft
Decompression	4.6.2		Decompression at 55000 ft
Overpressure	4.6.3		Overpressure test at -15000 ft
Temperature Variation	5.0	С	Installation within controlled temperature locations: 2°/min.
Humidity	6.0	A	Standard Humidity: 95% relative humidity at 38°C to 50°C for 48 hours. Installation within environmentally controlled zones.
Operational Shocks and Crash Safety	7.0	В	Equipment tested to: Standard operational shocks and crash safety.
Vibration	8.0	S2B2	Standard random vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Turbojet or turbofan engines.
		SM	Standard sinusoidal vibration: Aircraft type: Fixed wing. Reciprocating or turbo propeller engines.
		UFF1	Robust Sine-on-Random vibration: Aircraft type: Helicopter. Turbojet or reciprocating engines.
			Aircraft zone: Instrument panel, console or equipment rack.
Explosion Proofness	9.0	Х	No test required
Waterproofness	10.0	X	No test required
Fluids Susceptibility	11.0	Х	No test required

Table B-10: Environmental Qualification Form for 2-Wire Handset and Cradle

Conditions	DO-160D	Cat.	Comments
Sand and Dust	12.0	Х	No test required
Fungus Resistance	13.0	Х	No test required
Salt Spray	14.0	Х	No test required
Magnetic Effect	15.0	A	Magnetic deflection distance: 0.3 m to 1 m
Power Input	16.0	Х	No test required
Voltage Spike	17.0	Х	No test required
Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility	18.0	Х	No test required
Induced Signal Susceptibility	19.0	В	Installation where interference is controlled to a tolerable level.
Radio Frequency Susceptibility	20.0	RR	High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) associated with normal environment.
Emission of Radio Frequency Energy	21.0	М	
Lightning induced Transient Susceptibility	22.0	A2E3	Cable bundle test: Equipment and wiring in moderately exposed environment in an all metal airframe.
Lightning Direct Effects	23.0	Х	No test required
Icing	24.0	Х	No test required
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	25.0	A	Operation, installation and repair in an aerospace environment.

Table B-10: Environmental Qualification Form for 2-Wire Handset and Cradle (Continued)

Appendix C

Upgrade from Aero-HSD+ to AVIATOR 700

C.1 Avionics hardware needed

Depending on your current HSD⁺ Level E installation you need the following items to upgrade your system to AVIATOR 700 (Level E) or AVIATOR 700D (Level D):

	AVIATOR 7	00 (Level E)	AVIATOR 700D (Level D)	
Items needed for existing Aero-HSD+ system	Aero-HSD+ 4 channels	Aero-HSD+ 5 channels	Aero-HSD+ 4 channels	Aero-HSD+ 5 channels
405040A SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU) [without CM]	yes	yes		
405040A-THD SwiftBroadband Unit (SBU) [without CM]			yes	yes
Connector kit for TT-5040A	yes	yes	yes	yes
New tray for TT-5040A SBU	yes	yes	yes	yes
405040A-001 Configuration Module (CM) for SBU	yes	yes	yes	yes
405040A-005 SDU to SBU Software Interface	yes	yes	yes	yes
405038A-002 TX-Coupler	yes		yes	
405038A-003 RX Power Splitter	yes		yes	
405035A-THD Satellite Data Unit (SDU) Level-D			yes	yes
405014A-THD High Power Amp (HPA) Level-D			yes	yes

Table C-1: Items needed for upgrading to AVIATOR 700 Level E or AVIATOR 700D (Level D)

	Satcom antenna system	
Item	HGA-7000	Other
405013A DLNA Type F	yes	yes
405007A-801 Cobham BSU-7100	yes	no

Table C-2: Items needed for upgrading for different antenna types

Important

Level-D and Level E consistency!

When upgrading to a Level-D or Level-E certified system you must pay great attention to secure consistency of the hardware units SDU, HPA and SBU — all units and software must be either Level D or Level E.

A mismatch of Level D and Level E units or software is not allowed and will result in a non-functioning system.

C.2 Mounting and wiring considerations

C.2.1 Overview



Figure C-1: Upgrade overview, exchange HSU with SBU

It	ems to mount and rewire	Description	More information
1.	Tray for the SBU	The tray from an existing HSU can not be re- used. The SBU requires a tray that is more rigid.	3.12: SBU trays on page 3-14
2.	Connectors HSU versus SBU	The connector of an HSU only uses the top plug. The SBU also uses the bottom plug, and most of the pins in the top plug have moved or have new functions.	4.3.3: <i>SBU rear</i> <i>receptacle</i> on page 4-14
3.	Aircraft power	If the SBU is replacing an existing HSU, the power wiring and circuit breaker may be re- used, if it fulfills the slightly stricter requirements.	5.3.3 Wiring power supply: Wiring the SwiftBroadbandUnit on page 5-14

Table C-3: Upgrade to AVIATOR 700, mounting and wiring considerations

Ite	ems to mount and rewire	Description	More information
4.	Satcom antenna	For an existing AMT-50/HGA-6000 antenna, change only the diplexer to a Type F.	
		For an existing HGA-7000 antenna in combination with a T&T 5012A Diplexer, the following changes must be made:	
		 Change the diplexer to Type F, which is physically slightly different. 	
		 The Type F diplexer must be powered directly from the aircraft power. 	
		• The antenna, which was originally powered through the T&T 5012A diplexer, must now be powered through a Chelton BSU-7100.	
		• Bring power wiring to the BSU.	
		• A429 wires must connect the BSU to the HPA 5014A.	
5.	WLAN	Optionally, mount the two WAN antennas and connect them to the SBU.	5.2.7 WLAN antennas on page 5- 8 and 5.3.9 Wiring WLAN antenna interface on page 5-42
6.	User interfaces	If the user interfaces (ISDN, RS-232) of an existing HSU is wired directly to the cabin, it is recommended to wire some of the Ethernet interfaces (i.e. Ethernet 1) from the SBU to the cabin.	5.3.8 Wiring Ethernet at the SBU on page 5-39
		If the user interfaces (ISDN, RS-232) of an existing HSU is wired to a Cabin Router, which in turn provides the user connectivity, one of the Ethernet interfaces of the SBU needs to be wired to the Cabin Router.	
		If the system is a 4 channel, a new Ethernet cable may be needed from the SBU to the router. There should be two in total, one for Ethernet WAN and one for ISDN fallback (Swift64 on I3).	
		Also, route one or both of the 2-wire POTS interfaces of the SBU to the cabin.	

Table C-3: Upgrade to AVIATOR 700, mounting and wiring considerations (Continued)

C.2.2 Wiring navigational input IRS/AHRS

Even though the SDU has navigation data to feed to the SBU, the SBU also needs to receiver position, track and speed information.

If IRS is used, the ARINC 429 signal must be wired to both the SDU and SBU.

If AHRS/GPS is used (with HGA-7000), only GPS L-band RF coax needs to be wired to both the SDU and SBU. The cable to the SDU can be split with e.g. a 405038A-003 Power Splitter (see *TT-5038A-003 Rx Power Splitter* on page 3-8).

Installation	Existing SDU		Additional SBU	
Navigational input	ARINC 429 input	GPS RF pin TP A4	ARINC 429 input	GPS RF pin BP A4
IRS	\checkmark	_	\checkmark	
AHRS/GPS				

Table C-4: Upgrade, wiring navigational input

For more information see 5.3.5, Wiring ARINC 429 interfaces on page 5-31.

C.3 Upgrading the SDU

The following steps are required to update the SDU to function properly in an AVIATOR 700 system:

- 1. SDU software update to version 1.14 or higher
- 2. Read the configuration from the SDU
- 3. Select the correct product: AVIATOR 700
- 4. Update the cable loss
- 5. Update the GES list with I-4 satellites
- 6. Update the known GES list
- 7. Write the configuration to the SDU



Make sure you have the Aero-SDU Configuration Program v. 1.14 or higher.

C.3.1 SDU software update to version 1.14 or higher

1. Click the button SW Update to start the software update procedure.



Figure C-2: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 1/7

2. Download the software from https://sync.cobham.com/satcom/support/downloads. Select the .SWU file and click the button **Start**.



Pay great attention to selecting the correct software file: Level D or Level E for both SDU and SBU. A mismatch of Level D and Level E software is not allowed and will result in a non-functioning system.

The most important thing we build is trust					
CDM port					
File Selection					
2					
SDU SW Version:	Timestamp:				
SDU CRC:					
Size: Certification Level:		Details			
SW Update					
Activity:	Time remaining (approx.):				
Downloading:					
Transmission retries:		Start			
Show more info	_	Cancel			

Figure C-3: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 1/7, continued

C.3.2 Read the configuration from the SDU

Click the button Read from SDU to read the current setting.



Figure C-4: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 2/7

C.3.3 Select the correct product: AVIATOR 700

Select the product AVIATOR 700 and click **OK**.



Figure C-5: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 3/7,

C.3.4 Update the cable loss

Enter the values for the cable losses for the SDU on the page RF.

Gobham SATCOM Aero-S	SDU CP - [New_configuration(2)]	- • •
💯 <u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew Link PIN	Codes <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	_ 8 ×
] 🏠 🚅 🖬 🖾 R	📕 🙁 🕂 💡	
🚮 Start up 🕅 🕅 New_co	nfiguration 🐻 Software Update 📴 New_configuration(2)	
 Installation Handsets Ring Profiles RF Ext. Systems Date & Time Call Routing LAN BITE Satellite Network Phone Book Information Factory Data Commissioning IDs 	Arterna Type: ARINC741 Antenna Advice BSU Cabing: ARINC741 Antenna Advice Heading Offset: $\frac{1}{2}$ (0.00 Deg. (Clockwise) Roll Offset: $\frac{1}{2}$ (0.00 Deg. (Right Wing Down) Pitch Offset: $\frac{1}{2}$ (0.00 Deg. (Nose Up) DLNA Type: ARINC741 Diplexer Loss: $\frac{1}{2}$ (0.8 dB Default Advanced	SBU #1

Figure C-6: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 4/7

C.3.5 Update the GES list with I-4 satellites

Add I-4 GESs on the page **Satellite Network**.

1 📽 🖬 🖾 🖪	N S	•		1	
Start up P New_cont Installation Handsets Ring Profiles RF Ext. Systems Date & Time Call Routing_	Preferred GES - Priority 01 01 01 01 01 01	Ocean Region AORW AORE POR IOR	Name Eik Eik Santa Paula Eik	Abbreviation EK EK SP EK	H+ Logon Policy Automatic
EAN BITE Satellite Network Phone Book Information Factory Data Commissioning IDs	Service Providers HSD + Vizada (13 onl HSD + Vizada (13 onl HSD + Stratos (13 or HSD + Satcom Direct (1 HSD + Arinc Direct (1 A700 Vizada (13+14) A700 Stratos (13+14)	me jy).hsd iy)hsd :(13 only).hsd :(13 only).hsd 3 only).hsd i).hsd i).hsd		4 Insert Cancel	Known GES Table Initial Satellite Data
	A700 Satcom 1 (I3+) A700 Satcom Direct A700 Arinc Direct (I3	:4).hsd (I3+I4).hsd 3+I4).hsd			Delete Delete All New Known LES Table

Figure C-7: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 5/7

C.3.6 Update the known GES list

Installation	Preferred GES					
Handsets	Priority	Ocean Region	Name	Abbreviation A	H+ Logon Policy	7
	01	AMER (14)	** Unknown GES (208)		Automatic 💌	
Ext Systems	01	APAC (14)	** Unknown GES (80)			
Date & Time	01	EMEA (14)	** Unknown GES (144)	E	Delete All	1
Call Routing	01	AORW	Eik	EK		
LAN	01	IOR	Eik	EK	New Default	
▷ BITE	01	POR	Santa Paula	SP		
Satellite Network	01	AORE	Eik	EK	Known GES Table	
🗴 Phone Book	02	AORE	Aussaguel	AS 👻	Initial Satellite Data	
Information						_
Eactory Data						
, actory Data	Known GES Editor				— ו	/
Commissioning IDs	Known GES Editor	esta GEGI	id Nama	Abbreviation		/
Commissioning IDs	Crean Region	SatId GESI	ld Name	Abbreviation	СК су	/
Commissioning IDs	Known GES Editor	Satid GES 00 002	ld Name	Abbreviation EK	OK cy Cancel synchion	/
Commissioning IDs	AORW AORW	SatId GES 00 002 00 005	ld Name Eik Aussaguel	Abbreviation EK AS	OK cy Cancel]
Commissioning IDs	Known GES Editor Ocean Region AORW AORW AORE	SatId GES 00 002 00 005 01 067	ld Name Eik Aussaguel Eit	Abbreviation EK AS AS	OK cy Cancel experien]
 Commissioning IDs 	Ccean Region AORW AORW AORE AORE POP	Sat Id GES 00 002 00 005 01 067 01 068 02 120	Id Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula	Abbreviation EK AS AS EK SP	Cancel Delate All]
Commissioning IDs	Ccean Region AORW AORW AORE AORE POR POR POR	Sat Id GES i 00 002 00 005 01 067 01 068 02 130 02 132	ld Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula Paute	Abbreviation EK AS AS EK SP	OK Cancel Policion Delete All	/]]
 Commissioning IDs 	AORW AORW AORE AORE POR POR IOP	Satid GES 00 005 01 067 01 067 01 068 02 130 02 133	ld Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula Petth	Abbreviation EK AS AS EK SP PH EK	OK Cancel Delete Al	
 Commissioning IDs 	ADRW AORW AORW AORE AORE POR POR IOR	Sat Id GES 00 002 00 005 01 067 02 130 02 133 03 193	ld Name Eik Aussaguel Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula Perth Eik Route	Abbreviation EK AS AS EK SP PH EK EK	Cancel Delete All	
 Commissioning IDs 	ADRW AORW AORW AORE AORE POR POR IOR IOR IOR	Sat Id GES 00 002 00 005 01 067 01 081 02 133 03 193 03 197	Id Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula Perth Eik Perth Hanne	Abbreviation EK AS EK SP PH EK PH EK PH	OK Cancel Delete All	
 Commissioning IDs 	Anown GES Editor Ocean Region AORW AORW AORE AORE POR POR IOR IOR APAC ((4) EMER (4)	Sat Id GES 00 002 00 005 01 067 02 130 03 193 03 197 05 080 05 080	Id Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula Santa Paula Perth Eik Perth Hawaii Eiusina	Abbreviation EK AS EK SP PH EK PH HW FI	OK Cancel Delete All Delete All	
 Commissioning IDs 	ADRW ADRW ADRW ADRE ADRE POR POR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR	Sat Id GES 00 002 00 005 01 067 02 130 02 133 03 193 05 080 06 144	Id Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Eik Santa Paula Perth Perth Hawaii Fucino Loursi	Abbreviation EK AS EK SP PH EK PH HW FU	OK Cancel Delete All Delete All New	
 Commissioning IDs 	Crean Region AORW AORW AORE POR POR POR POR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR IOR I	Sat Id GES 00 002 00 005 01 067 01 068 02 130 03 193 03 197 05 080 06 144 07 208 04 205	Id Name Id Name Eik Aussaguel Eik Santa Paula Eik Perth Eik Perth Hawaii Fucino Harwaii	Abbreviation EK AS EK SP PH EK PH HW FU AM	OK Cancel Delete All Delete All New	

1. Update the Known GES Table on the page Satellite Network.

Figure C-8: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, SDU, step 6/7

C.3.7 Write the configuration to the SDU

Click the red button **W** to write the new configuration into the SDU.



Figure C-9: Upgrading HSD⁺ to AVIATOR 700, step 7/7

Appendix D

System messages

D.1 Types of messages

The AVIATOR 700 system announces messages in the 4-Wire Handset and the MCDU display or in the built-in web interface of the SBU. In this appendix you find:

- H+ Cause Codes
- MPDS Cause Codes
- ISDN Cause Codes
- List of BITE codes
- List of SBU events

Cause codes contain information from the satcom services or status information from the system to the user.

BITE codes contain information from the AVIATOR 700 system. This information is a result of a POST or PAST sequence or Continuous Monitoring performed by the Built-In Test Equipment.

D.2 Cause Codes

D.2.1 H⁺ Cause Codes

Logon Reject Cause Codes

Display Text	ID	Description	Guidance	
ClassReject	0x88	Class rejected	The GES does not support this class.	
GlobChanLoss	0x82	Global channel loss	Verify that there are no obstacles between the satellite and the AES antenna.	
EMCON Active	0x8B	Emission Control is active		
GlobCunavlb	0x09	Global C channel not available at GES		
ManualLogRej	0x89	Manual login rejected	Manual logon is not allowed when logon policy is automatic.	
NetworkFail	0x03	Network Failure		
NoGesSignal	0 x81	No GES signal		
NoInitData	0x86	No valid system table available		
NoSatSignal	0x80	No satellite signal	Verify that there are no obstacles between the satellite and the AES antenna.	
NotAuthorizd	0x0F	AES not authorized	Verify that the ICAO address used is correct.	
			Verify that the ICAO address is registered, by contacting the service provider.	
OtherReason	0x0E	Other Reason		
OutsideCover	0x84	Outside spot beam coverage The AES is not under a spot the specified GES.		
P/R/Tunavlb	0x07	Packet data channel unavailable		
PkdtaUnavlb	0x08	Packet data service unavailable		
SatHandover	0x8C	Satellite handover		
SDUfailure	0x8A	SDU failure Check the current BITE errors		
SpotChanLoss	0x83	Spot channel loss		
TableFull	0x00	Table Full		

Table D-1: List of H⁺ Logon Reject Cause Codes

Display Text	ID	Description	Guidance		
UserLogoff	0x87	User logoff			
VCC&dUnavlb	0x0A	Voice not available at GES			
VoiceUnavlb	0x01	Voice Unavailable			
WrongGES	0x85	GES not existing	Check GES ID validity.		
WrongGESid	0x06	Wrong GES identifier	Check GES ID validity.		
WrongParam	0x02	Wrong Parameter			
WrongSatID	0x05	Wrong Satellite identifier	Check satellite ID validity.		

Table D-1: List of H⁺ Logon Reject Cause Codes (Continued)

Call Reject Cause Codes

The SLCV codes refer to: S = coding Standard, L = cause Location, C = cause Class, V = cause Value.

Display taxt		Code			Description	Guidance
Display text	S	L	С	V	Description	Guidance
0010	0	0	1	0	Normal clearing by called/calling party	
1 1 7 15	1	1	7	15	Undefined cause	
1 2 7 15	1	2	7	15	Undefined cause	
1 3 7 15	1	3	7	15	Undefined cause	
1 4 7 15	1	4	7	15	Undefined cause	
AddrComplete	1	3	0	1	Address complete signal sent to terrestrial network	
AddrComplete	1	6	0	1	Address complete signal received from terrestrial network	
AESabsent	1	3	7	3	Calling/called AES not logged-on to system	
AnalogFail	1	4	2	3	Analog data equipment not supported at GES	
AnalogRate	1	4	6	2	Analog data rate not supported by GES	
CallBarred	1	4	4	3	Called AES barred for incoming calls	

Table D-2: List of H⁺ Call Reject Cause Codes

		Code				A
Display text	S	L	С	V	Description	Guidance
CallPreempt	1	1	1	1	Preemption by higher priority call at AES	The call is preempted, e.g. because you attempted to make an HSD call and HSD is barred in the FLEX configuration.
CardInvalid	1	3	6	1	Credit card type not supported by GES	
CardRejected	1	3	3	1	Credit card number rejected by GES	
DigitalFail	1	4	2	4	Digital data equipment not supported at GES	
DigitalRate	1	4	6	3	Digital data rate not supported by GES	
Handover	1	3	7	4	Spot beam handover	
InvalidAddr	1	2	3	2	Call Ann. / C-ch. Assign. not recd. from GES	
InvalidAddr	1	3	3	2	Incomplete called (AES) number	
InvalidAddr	1	4	3	2	Invalid called number format received from AES	
InvalidNumbr	0	4	1	12	Incomplete called number format from AES	
Network busy	1	2	5	1	C-channel continuity test failure at AES/ Connect acknowledge not received by AES	
Network busy	1	3	5	1	C-Channel continuity test failure at GES/AES not responding/ Incomplete call information received from AES/ Interruption in received AES carrier/ Connect acknowledge not received by GES	
NoAnswer	0	1	1	2	Expiry of answer time supervision at AES	
NoAnswer	0	4	1	2	Expiry of answer time supervision at the MSSC	

Table D-2: List of H⁺ Call Reject Cause Codes (Continued)
Disalautaut	Сс	ode			Description	Cuidanaa	
Display text	S	L	С	۷	Description	Guidance	
NoChanAvail	1	3	2	1	C-channel frequency/power unavailable at GES		
NoUnitAvail	1	2	2	2	C-channel unit unavailable at AES		
NoUnitAvail	1	3	2	2	C-channel unit unavailable at GES		
SatDestFail	1	1	4	1	Called AES terminal not in service		
ServiceType	1	3	6	5	Service type not supported by GES		
SwitchBusy	0	2	2	10	GES equipment congestion		
SwitchBusy	0	4	2	10	GES equipment congestion/ No route to destination from GES/ Circuit to terrestrial network unavailable		
UnassignedNo	1	4	7	2	AES not authorized for service		
Unauthorised	1	3	4	2	Calling AES not authorized for service		
UserBusy	1	1	7	1	Called AES terminal busy		
UserBusy	1	3	7	1	Call reference number unavailable at GES		
VoiceTypeErr	1	2	6	4	Required voice channel characteristics not supported by AES		
VoiceTypeErr	1	3	6	4	Required voice channel characteristics not supported by GES		
WrongNumber	0	4	0	1	Unallocated called number received from AES		

Table D-2: List of H⁺ Call Reject Cause Codes (Continued)

D.2.2 MPDS Cause Codes¹

Layer 2 Reason Codes

L2 Reason Number	Interpretation
690 (2B2)	Registration time-out
691 (2B3)	Service connection establishment time-out
692 (2B4)	Bearer time-out
693 (2B5)	Preempted by master unit
700	Reason Unspecified
701	L3 Release
702	L3 Deregister
703	L3 Reject
716	SAN Idle Timer Expiry
717	MAN Idle Timer Expiry
718	SAN Connect Timer
719	SAN Modify Timer
720	SAN Handover Timer
721	SAN Connection Timer
722	MAN Connection Timer
732	Insufficient operating system resources at MAN
733	Insufficient memory at MAN
748	Invalid L3 Call Ref in Establish SDU
749	Invalid L3 Call Ref in Modify SDU
764	Unsupported IPDS MAC version
765	Invalid Bearer Connection type in Establish SDU
766	Invalid Bearer Control type in Establish SDU
767	Invalid Bearer Connection ID in Establish SDU
768	Invalid Bearer Connection type in Modify SDU
769	Invalid Bearer Control type in Modify SDU

Table D-3: List of MPDS Layer 2 Reason Codes

1. MPDS is to be discontinued as part of Inmarsat's migration of the I3 satellites to I4. For details, see https://www.inmarsat.com/support/i-3-to-i-4-services-migration/.

L2 Reason Number	Interpretation
770	Invalid Bearer Connection ID in Modify SDU
771	Invalid Handover SDU
772	Invalid SDU type
773	SDU Incorrectly Formatted
780	Connection sub-layer protocol failure (MAN specific signalling)
781	Connection sub-layer protocol failure (HDLC signalling)
796	Control sub-layer protocol failure
812	Channel Unit failure
813	Hardware failure
814	MAN not responding to frequency corrections
815	MAN not responding to power corrections
816	MAN not responding to timing corrections
828	Internal SAN failure
829	SAN Shutting Down
844	Bearer Control - No satellite link
845	Bearer Control - No suitable contention slot
846	Bearer Control - Status Acknowledgement failure
847	Bearer Control - Incorrect SAN ID
860	No such MAN
861	Invalid L3 Call Reference

Table D-3: List of MPDS Layer 2 Reason Codes (Continued)

D.2.3 ISDN Cause Codes

The SLCV codes refer to: S = Coding Standard, L = cause Location, C = cause Class, V = cause Value.

Co	de (Hex))	Te te mente ti an			
S	L	С	۷	Interpretation			
1	0	0	1	MES is clearing the call as instructed by the relevant MES terminal equipment (i.e., normal clearing due to MES terminal "on-hook" etc.).			
1	0	1	1	MES is rejecting the call because the specified MES terminal number is currently busy, and MES has not been authorized to divert calls which are addressed to that number.			
1	0	1	2	MES is clearing the fixed-originated call because subsequent to the acceptance of the call and the signalling of the identity of the mobile terminal to which the call will actually be routed, that terminal has become busy and cannot be called.			
1	0	2	1	MES is clearing the call because appropriate "off-hook" signalling has not been received from the addressed MES terminal (including any authorized diversions) within the allowed time limit.			
1	0	8	1	MES is rejecting the call because the specified MES terminal number has not been installed, and MES has not been authorized to divert calls which are addressed to that number.			
1	0	9	1	MES is rejecting the call because the specified MES terminal number is currently out-of-service, and MES has not been authorized to divert calls which are addressed to that number.			
1	0	9	2	MES is clearing the fixed-originated call because subsequent to the acceptance of the call and the signalling of the identity of the mobile terminal to which the call will actually be routed, that terminal has become out-of-service and cannot be called.			
1	1	4	3	MES is prematurely clearing the fixed-originated call which is in the process of being established because the MES user has initiated a call from a terminal which is authorized to automatically preempt an existing fixed-originated call.			
1	1	4	4	MES is prematurely clearing the MES-originated call which is in the process of being established because the MES user has initiated a higher priority call.			
1	1	4	5	MES is prematurely clearing the mobile-originated call which is in the process of being established because the MES user has initiated a call from a terminal which is authorized to automatically preempt an existing mobile-originated call.			

Table D-4: List of ISDN Cause Codes (SLCV)

Code (Hex)				Test and actions			
S	L	С	۷	Interpretation			
1	1	4	6	MES is prematurely clearing the mobile-originated call which is in the process of being established because the MES user has abandoned the call (by placing the originating terminal "on-hook").			
1	1	D	1	LES is rejecting the call because the "Service Nature" and/or "Service Type" and/or "Channel parameter" information received from the MES is invalid (e.g., not currently defined in the SDM, mutually contradictory, or not applicable to a MES originated call).			
1	1	D	2	LES is clearing the call because the "service address" information received from the MES is invalid (i.e., less than 2 digits).			
1	1	D	3	LES is clearing the call because the "service address" information received from the MES is a 2-digit address which is either undefined or which is currently unavailable at this LES.			
1	1	D	5	LES is clearing the call because the "service address" information received from the MES contains a country code which is regarded (by this LES) as invalid.			
1	1	D	6	LES is clearing the call because the "PID" information received from the MES in the "scrambling vector" message (type 8D H) is not consistent with the PID information in the Fixed/MES Originated (PID) and PID/MES Registration Tables at the LES as it relates to this call.			
1	2	0	2	(Spot Beam Handover): MES is ready to make the transition from the current beam to the next beam.			
1	2	8	1	MES is rejecting the call because the MES is not equipped to provide the specified service.			
1	2	9	1	MES is rejecting the call because although it is equipped to provide the specified service, it is not currently able to do so.			
1	2	В	1	MES is rejecting or clearing the call for a reason which is not covered by any of the currently defined "Cause" events.			
1	2	C	3	MES is clearing the call because a "LES Connect" message (type 8C H) has not been received by the MES within the allowed time limit.			
1	2	C	4	MES is clearing the call because the "authentication query" ISU message (type B4 H) and/or the "authentication query" SSU message (type B5 H) have not been received by the MES within the allowed time limit.			
1	2	С	5	MES is clearing the call because an expected supplementary services SU(s) has (have) not been received by the MES within the allowed time limit.			

Со	de (Hex))	Tetermentet:			
S	L	С	۷	Interpretation			
1	2	C	6	MES is clearing the call because the "supplementary services interrogation" ISU (type B2 H), and/or "subscriber digits" SSU (type AD H) messages have not been received by the MES within the allowed time limit.			
1	2	С	7	MES is clearing the call because a "SCPC channel release" SU (type 8A H) has not been received by the MES, in response to the transmission of a "notification acknowledge" message (type BA H) during the supplementary services call diversion information retrieval process, within the allowed time limit.			
1	2	C	8	(Spot Beam Handover): MES is clearing the call session in the next beam because the MES did not detect the LESH carrier on the new frequency.			
1	2	D	1	LES is rejecting the call because the "spot-beam ID" information received from the MES is invalid (i.e., ID is not allocated on satellite in use).			
1	2	D	2	LES is clearing the call because the "Scrambling Vector" information received from the MES is invalid (i.e., 0000H, 6959H or 7FFFH).			
1	3	6	2	MES is clearing the call because a long-term interruption in reception has occurred (the definition of a "long-term interruption" depends upon the service type, see Section B).			
1	3	6	3	A Secondary Functional Centre of a Multi-channel MES is clearing the call because the Primary Functional centre has commanded the Above-decks equipment to re-point to a different Ocean Region.			
				Note : The above text is specific to a Fleet system. However, for the AVIATOR 700 system this SLCV code is relevant when the H ⁺ sub-system is repointing the antenna from one ocean region to another. That will cause the Swift64 sub-system to be pre-empted with the SLCV 1363.			
1	3	9	1	MES is clearing the call because the call has lasted more than 700 km in linear travelled distance.			
1	3	9	2	MES is clearing the call because it has moved out of spot beam coverage.			
1	3	9	3	MES in "cooperative mode" is clearing the call because of a pre-emption request from the master entity.			
1	4	5	1	LES is rejecting the call because an appropriate terrestrial circuit is not currently available at this specific LES.			
1	4	5	2	LES is rejecting the call because an appropriate channel unit and associated terrestrial circuit are not currently available at this LES. [This "cause" is only utilized when there is a permanent "one-to-one" connection between appropriate channel units and their terrestrial circuits].			

Co	de (Hex)	• • • • •		
S	L	С	۷	Interpretation		
1	5	0	2	(Spot Beam Handover): LES is ready to make the transition from the current beam to the next beam and is clearing the call session in the current beam (normal clear).		
1	5	5	1	LES is rejecting the call because an appropriate satellite channel is not currently available at this specific LES.		
1	5	8	1	LES is rejecting the call because the requested service is not provided by this specific LES.		
1	5	9	1	LES is rejecting the call because the requested service is temporarily not available at this specific LES.		
1	5	A	1	LES is rejecting the call because the specified MES is not authorized for any service at this specific LES.		
1	5	A	2	LES is rejecting the call because the specified MES is not authorized to use specific requested service via this specific LES.		
1	5	A	3	LES is clearing the call because the "credit card data" information received from the MES has been rejected by the credit card authorization process.		
1	5	A	4	LES is clearing the call because the data received from the MES in the "authentication reply" message (type B6 H) has been declared "invalid" by the LES authentication process.		
1	5	A	5	LES is rejecting the call because the specified PID is not authorized for any service at this specific LES.		
1	5	A	6	LES is rejecting the call because the specified PID is not authorized to use specific requested service via this specific LES.		
1	5	A	7	LES is clearing the call because the service address received from the MES is not authorized for the requested priority.		
1	5	В	1	LES is rejecting or clearing the call for a reason which is not covered by any of the currently defined "Cause" events.		
1	5	С	1	LES is rejecting the call because an appropriate "Channel Assignment" message has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		
1	5	С	2	LES is clearing the call because the "service address" information has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		
1	5	С	3	LES is clearing the call because a "Scrambling Vector" message (type 8D H) has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		
1	5	С	4	LES is clearing the call because neither the "service address" information nor a "Scrambling Vector" message (type 8D H) has been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		

Code (Hex))	Teterestetion			
S	L	С	V	Interpretation		
1	5	C	7	LES is clearing the call because a "MES Connect" message (type 99 H) has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		
1	5	C	9	LES is clearing the call because a "authentication reply" message (type B6 H) has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		
1	5	C	A	LES is clearing the call because a "notification acknowledge" message (type BA H) has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.		
1	5	C	В	LES is clearing the call because the request sequence number contained in the received "notification acknowledge" message (type BA) is not valid (i.e. either not '0' or not the next value in the sequence).		
1	5	C	C	(Spot Beam Handover): LES is terminating the procedure because it did not receive a response to the Handover Request from the NCS.		
1	5	C	D	(Spot Beam Handover): LES is clearing the call session in the next beam because the MES did not indicate that it was ready to make the transition (possibly because the MES did not receive the Channel Assignment).		
1	5	D	1	LES is rejecting the call because the "Channel Assignment" message received from the NCS contains inappropriate or conflicting information.		
1	5	D	2	LES is clearing this MES ID and channel number in the busy lists at LES and NCS because a new call to/from this MES is being set-up (and thus any previous call to/from this MES must have cleared).		
1	5	E	1	LES is attempting to clear an MES which has sent an SCPC channel release message but is found still to be transmitting 5.12 s later.		
1	6	5	1	LES is rejecting the call because an appropriate channel unit is not currently available at this specific LES.		
1	6	6	1	LES is clearing the call because of an interruption in reception of the MES carrier exceeding the allowed time limit.		
1	6	C	2	LES is clearing the call because an appropriate SCPC MES carrier has not been received by the LES (at the commencement of the call) within the allowed time limit.		
1	6	С	3	(Spot Beam Handover): LES is clearing the call session in the next beam because the LES did not detect the MESH carrier on the new frequency.		
1	7	9	1	LES is clearing the call because of a malfunction in the authentication checking database or in the communications links thereto.		
1	8	1	1	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES ID is in the "MES busy" list at the NCS.		
1	8	1	2	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is busy with an IPDS call at the NCS.		

Co	de (Hex))	•			
S	L	С	۷	Interpretation			
1	8	1	3	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is busy with an IPDS call at the NCS, and the call waiting notification was declined or timed out by the MES.			
1	8	1	4	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is busy with an IPDS call at the NCS, and call waiting notification is unavailable.			
1	8	5	1	NCS is rejecting the call because an appropriate SCPC channel is not currently available.			
1	8	5	2	NCS is rejecting the call because no SCPC channel exists at the NCS which matches the contents of the Channel Parameters, Service Nature, Service Type, MES Category, Spot Beam ID and Priority fields contained in the Request for Channel Assignment.			
1	8	5	3	NCS is rejecting the call because no SCPC channel is currently available for the specified lease marked MES.			
1	8	5	4	NCS is rejecting the call because the MES is outside the spot beam coverage area.			
1	8	5	5	NCS is rejecting the call because an appropriate SCPC channel is not currently available and channel pre-emption failed.			
1	8	5	6	NCS is rejecting the call because the requested spot beam indicates failed spot beam selection ("FF") and an appropriate global SCPC channel is not currently available.			
1	8	5	7	(Spot Beam Handover) NCS is rejecting the Handover Request because an appropriate SCPC channel is not available in the next beam.			
1	8	A	1	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES ID was not found in the "Forward and Return MES ID" cross-reference table.			
1	8	A	2	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is not authorized for any service (except for Distress calls) at the NCS.			
1	8	A	3	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified LES is not authorized for the requested service at the NCS.			
1	8	В	1	NCS is rejecting or clearing the call for a reason which is not covered by any of the currently defined "Cause" events.			
1	8	В	2	NCS is rejecting the call because the requested service variant is invalid.			
1	8	C	1	NCS is rejecting the call because no message was received from the specified MES (in reaction to a Call Announcement message) within the allowed time limit.			
1	8	С	3	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES was busy and the MES pre-emption failed (i.e. no response within the allowed time limit).			

Co	de (Hex)	
S	L	С	۷	Interpretation
1	8	D	1	NCS is rejecting the call because the Request for Call Announcement or Request for Channel Assignment contains invalid or inappropriate information.
1	8	E	1	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES ID is in the "MES busy" list at the NCS, and is listed as being busy with a call through the same LES as that now requesting a "call announcement" addressed to that MES.
1	8	Ε	2	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is busy with an IPDS call through the same LES which is requesting the call announcement.
1	8	E	4	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is busy with an IPDS call through the same LES which is requesting the call announcement, and the call waiting notification was declined or timed out by the MES.
1	8	Ε	5	NCS is rejecting the call because the specified MES is busy with an IPDS call through the same LES which is requesting the call announcement, and call waiting notification is unavailable.
1	F	0	1	LES is clearing the call because of the receipt of "on-hook" signalling from the relevant terrestrial circuit (i.e., normal clearing).
1	F	1	1	LES is clearing the call because the terrestrial called party is engaged (busy).
1	F	2	1	LES is clearing the call because appropriate "off-hook" signalling from the terrestrial called party has not been received by the LES within the allowed time limit.
1	F	6	1	LES is clearing the call because of the detection of a failure in the relevant terrestrial circuit.
1	F	6	2	The LES is clearing the call because the terrestrial calling party or the terrestrial network has cleared the call before the "MES connect" message has been received by the LES.

D.3 BITE Error codes

D.3.1 Definition of severity levels

Severity	Definition
Fatal	Total loss of service – Ongoing calls are terminated and no further calls are allowed.
Essential	Partial loss of service, action taken to isolate the fault – some services / calls may work.
Non-E	Non-Essential, no action taken, not displayed in handset – only stored in BITE log.

Table D-5: Definition of severity levels for BITE codes

The 4-Wire Handset, the MCDU display and the SDU BITE display show Fatal and Essential faults when possible.

Access to the full BITE log is only possible through the SDU Maintenance front connector. The BITE log is included in the service log.

There are two BITE codes coming from the SBU. To see more details on errors and warnings coming from the SBU you must use the built-in web interface of the SBU. It provides access to the event list using the SBU Maintenance front connector.

D.3.2 List of BITE codes

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy
A501	HGA	Fatal	Fatal Antenna Failure (Cobham HGA-7000)	Replace antenna
A502	HGA	Essential	Essential Antenna Failure (Cobham HGA-7000)	Replace antenna
A503	HGA	Non-E.	Antenna Warning (Cobham HGA-7000)	Check antenna error detail in slog. Replace antenna
AA01	HGA	Essential	High Gain Antenna (Label 350 Bit 11)	Check antenna power and communications lines, replace antenna
AAS1	S/HGA	Essential	STBO High Gain Antenna (Label 350 Bit 11)	Check antenna power and communications lines, replace STBD antenna
AC01	ACU	Essential	Communication ACU/BSU- HPA. No input from ACU/BSU	Check A429 lines between ACU/BSU and HPA (BP13 & BP14). Replace ACU/BSU
AC02	ACU	Essential	Communication ACU/BSU- HPA. invalid input from ACU/BSU	Check A429 lines between ACU/BSU and HPA, (BP13 & 14). Replace ACU/BSU
AC03	ACU	Essential	Any Internal Parameter (Label 350 Bit 18)	Replace ACU/BSU
AC04	ACU	Non-E.	Cross-talk Input	Check A429 lines between Port & STBO BSU
AC05	ACU	Non-E.	Control Bus Input (Label 350 Bit 13) BSU/ASU has no input from HPA	Check Arinc 429 line from HPA to ACU/BSU. HPA pins BP8 & BP9 and BP10 & BP11 in case of dual BSU installation
AC06	ACU	Non-E.	Internal RAM	Replace ACU/BSU
AC07	ACU	Non-E.	Internal ROM	Replace ACU/BSU
AC08	ACU	Non-E.	Internal Power Supply	Replace ACU/BSU
AC09	ACU	Non-E.	Temperature	Replace ACU/BSU
AC10	ACU	Non-E.	Parity Errors on ARINC429 Link	Check A429 lines between ACU/BSU and HPA, replace ACU/BSU
ACS1	S/ACU	Essential	Communication STBD ACU/BSU-HPA. No input from ACU/BSU (Dual PNL only)	Check A429 lines between STBD ACU/BSU and HPA (BP15 & BP16). Replace STBD ACU/BSU

Table D-6: List of BITE codes

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
ACS2	S/ACU	Essential	Communication ACU/BSU- HPA. Invalid input from ACU/BSUCheck A429 lines between STBD ACU/BSU and HPA (BP15 & BP10 Replace STBD ACU/BSU		
ACS3	S/ACU	Essential	Any Internal Parameter (Label 350 Bit 18)	Replace ACU/BSU	
ACS4	S/ACU	Non-E.	Cross-talk Input	Check A429 lines between Port & STBO BSU	
ACS5	S/ACU	Non-E.	Control Bus Input (Label 350 Bit 13) BSU/ASU has no input from HPA	Check Arinc 429 line from HPA to ACU/BSU. HPA pins BP10 & BP11	
ACS6	S/ACU	Non-E.	Internal RAM	Replace STBD ACU/BSU	
ACS7	S/ACU	Non-E.	Internal ROM	Replace STBD ACU/BSU	
ACS8	S/ACU	Non-E.	Internal Power Supply	Replace STBD ACU/BSU	
ACS9	S/ACU	Non-E.	Temperature	Replace STBD ACU/BSU	
ACSA	S/ACU	Non-E.	Parity Errors on ARINC429 Link	Check A429 lines between STBD ACU/BSU and HPA, replace STBD ACU/BSU	
AH01	HGA	Essential	BSU-HPA Port Dual Antenna Cross installation	Check antenna coax lines, replace antenna	
AHS1	S/HGA	Essential	BSU-HPA STBD Dual Antenna Cross installation	Check antenna coax lines, replace antenna	
AL01	LNA	Essential	LNA/Diplexer (Label 350 bit 20)	Check power and connections on DLNA, replace DLNA	
ALS1	S/LNA	Essential	STBD LNA/Diplexer (Label 350 bit 20)	Check power and connections on DLNA, replace DLNA	
AP01	HPR	Essential	High Power Relay	Check wiring from BSU to HPR, replace HPR	
APS1	HPR	Essential	STBD High Power Relay	Check wiring from BSU to HPR, replace HPR	
C502	Cable	Essential	SDU-DLNA RF RX Cable broken	Check if HSU/SBU and SDU coaxes are swapped or open on splitter, DLNA coax is removed or open	
C503	Cable	Essential	SDU-DLNA RF RX Cable shorted	Check if DLNA and HSU/SBU coaxes are swapped or shorted on splitter, DLNA and SDU coaxes are swapped or shorte	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
C601	Cable	Fatal	SDU - HPA Cable Test	Check if TX coax between SDU and HPA is open or shorted, Cables are swapped on TX coupler	
C705	Cable	Fatal	Communication Test with HGA-7000 Antenna	Check if GPS, Modem, control coax open or shorted between SDU and HGA-7000 antenna, Coax pigtails are swapped on HGA-7000 antenna	
C801	Cable	Fatal	Communication Test with HPA	Check HPA power LED is green (if not, check HPA nON signal between SDU BP57 and HPA BP6 and power input) Check RS-422 control lines SDU BP78/79 to HPA BP27/28 and SDU BP80/81 to BP25/26. Replace HPA if persists	
C802	Cable	Fatal	No GPS Signal to GPS Module	Check GPS coax between antenna and SDU, replace GPS antenna, replace SDU	
C957	НРА	Fatal	HPA Communication with PSM Module	Replace HPA	
CA30	СМ	Fatal	Invalid ICAO Number. (Mismatch between CM and strapping)	Check that ICAO strapping matches ICAO programmed in configuration module and that it is correct	
CE01	SDU	Fatal	The H+ board certification level is inconsistent	Replace SDU	
CE02	SDU	Essential	The SDU unit certification level is inconsistent	Replace SDU	
CE03	НРА	Fatal	The HPA unit certification level is inconsistent	Replace HPA	
CE04	SDU	Essential	The HSD/HSU unit certification level is inconsistent	Replace SDU	
CE05	SBU	Essential	The SBU unit certification level is inconsistent	Replace SBU	
CE06	SDU, HPA	Fatal	The certification level between SDU and HPA is inconsistent	Check and fix BITE C801. Check part numbers for the SDU, SBU/HSU and HPA all end in -THD (A700D) or all do NOT end in -THD (HSD+ & A700 level- E/legacy)	
CE07	SDU	Fatal	The H+ boot code cannot find the OTP cert. HW tag	Replace SDU	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
CE08	System	Essential	The certification level between H+, HSD or SBU is inconsistent	tion level between BU is inconsistent Check and fix BITE UU6S, Check part numbers for the SDU, SBU/HSU and HI all end in -THD (A700D) or all do NOT end in -THD (HSD+ & A700 level- E/legacy)	
CE09	SDU	Essential	The HSD boot code cannot find the OTP cert. HW tag	Replace SDU	
E108	СМ	Fatal	Configuration Module Fitted Test	Ensure that the proper Part number CM is fitted in the SDU, reseat the CM, Make sure SDU has latest SW, replace CM, replace SDU	
H201	HPA	Fatal	HPA Software Integrity	Replace HPA	
H202	HPA	Fatal	HPA Communication with Main Module EEPROM	Replace HPA	
H203	НРА	Fatal	HPA Essential Data Integrity	If it happens after software upload, use terminal emulator in Aero-SDU CP, press ctrl+x and select HPA shell, enter the command "fixcrc" then reboot the system to reset the HPA data table. If BITE persists, replace HPA	
H204	HPA	Non-E.	HPA Non-Essential Data Integrity	Replace HPA	
H401	HPA	Fatal	HPA Communication with Main Module UART	Replace HPA	
H502	HPA	Fatal	HPA Communication with RFHP Module	Replace HPA	
H701	HPA	Fatal	HPA FPGA Version Conflict	Replace HPA	
H803	HPA	Fatal	HPA Gain Adjustment Limit	Fix any BITE C801/C601, Replace HPA	
H804	HPA	Fatal	HPA Frequency Calibration	Check TX coax SDU to coupler and coupler to HPA	
H805	HPA	Fatal	HPA 1st and 2nd Transistor fail	Replace HPA	
H901	HPA	Fatal	HPA Communication Failure	HPA not receiving SDU RS-422 signal. Check SDU BP78/79 to HPA BP27/28	
HP01	HPA	Fatal	HPA Thermal Safe Operational Limits	Check temperature around HPA, Replace HPA	
HP02	HPA	Fatal	RF power limit exceeded	Replace HPA	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
HP11	HPA	Fatal	ARINC 429 Interface Voltage (-12 VD)	Replace HPA	
HP13	HPA	Fatal	HPA Internal Voltage (+5V1A)	Replace HPA	
HP14	HPA	Fatal	ARINC 429 Interface Voltage (+12 VD)	Replace HPA	
HP15	HPA	Fatal	HPA HGA-7000 Supply Voltage (+26 VA)	Replace HPA	
HP17	HPA	Fatal	HPA RFHP Module Voltage (+26 VC)	Replace HPA	
HPF1	HPA	Essential	HPA Forced Cooling (FAN1, FAN2 and FAN3)	Replace HPA	
L101	DLNA	Essential	DLNA Current too high	Replace DLNA	
L102	DLNA	Essential	DLNA Current too low	Replace DLNA	
L201	DLNA	Essential	DLNA Gain Failure	Replace DLNA	
U402	SDU	Fatal	HPLUS Files Existing Test	Replace SDU	
U403	SDU	Essential	HPLUS Files CRC Test	Replace SDU	
U405	SDU	Essential	HPLUS Software Versions Inconsistency Test	Replace SDU	
U901	Cable	Non-E.	IRS/AHRS 1 Failure	Check that IRS is aligned and ready, Check A429 wires from IRS#1 to SDU (BP 26 & BP27), check correct configuration (Speed/Type), check all labels valid	
U902	Cable	Non-E.	IRS/AHRS 2 Failure Check that IRS is aligned and re Check A429 wires from IRS#2 (BP 28 & BP29), check correct configuration (Speed/Type), ch labels valid		
U908	Cable	Fatal	IRS/AHRS/GPS Data Invalid	Check and correct any U901/U902/C802 BITEs.	
U915	SDU	Fatal	SDU needs SW update to support HPA	e to Update software in SDU	
UA01	SDU	Non-E.	BITE Display Interface Data Loop Test	Replace SDU	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
UC00	SDU	Essential	5.Lo Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU	
UC0G	SDU	Essential	5.Lo Lock Failure	Replace SDU	
UCOP	SDU	Essential	Interface to C-FDM DSP Channel 1 Test	Replace SDU	
UC0Q	SDU	Essential	Interface to TIF DSP Channel 1 Test	Replace SDU	
UC10	SDU	Essential	6.Lo Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU	
UC1G	SDU	Essential	6.Lo Lock Failure	Replace SDU	
UC1P	SDU	Essential	Interface to C-FDM DSP Channel 2 Test	Replace SDU	
UC1Q	SDU	Essential	Interface to TIF DSP Channel 2 Test	Replace SDU	
UC1R	SDU	Essential	SDU needs SW update (C- Channel)	Try updating/reloading software in SDU and HSU, replace SDU/HSU	
UE01	SDU	Non-E.	HSD Rx Cable Test	Replace SDU	
UF01	SDU	Fatal	1.Lo Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU	
UF02	SDU	Fatal	2.Lo Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU	
UF03	SDU	Fatal	3.Lo Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU	
UF04	SDU	Fatal	4.Lo Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU	
UF30	SDU	Fatal	RT Channel ALC Test	Replace SDU	
UF51	SDU	Essential	1.Lo Lock Failure	Replace SDU	
UF52	SDU	Essential	2.Lo Lock Failure	Replace SDU	
UF53	SDU	Essential	3.Lo Lock Failure	Replace SDU	
UF54	SDU	Essential	4.Lo Lock Failure	Replace SDU	
UF71	SDU	Fatal	GPS Communication Test	Replace SDU	
UH01	SDU	Essential	1.LO Low Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH02	SDU	Essential	2.LO Low Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
UH03	SDU	Essential	3.LO Low Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH04	SDU	Essential	1.LO High Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on locatic in BITE list	
UH05	SDU	Essential	2.LO High Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH06	SDU	Essential	3.LO High Lock Detector Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH11	SDU	Essential	1.LO Minimum Frequency Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on locati in BITE list	
UH12	SDU	Essential	2.LO Minimum Frequency Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH13	SDU	Essential	3.LO Minimum Frequency Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH18	SDU	Essential	1.LO Lock Time Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on locatio in BITE list	
UH19	SDU	Essential	2.LO Lock Time Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH20	SDU	Essential	3.LO Lock Time Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH21	SDU	Essential	1.LO Maximum Frequency Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH22	SDU	Essential	2.LO Maximum Frequency Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH23	SDU	Essential	3.LO Maximum Frequency Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH24	SDU	Essential	1.LO DDS Divider Test	SDU is not able to see the satellite. Bad PRT signal and the master oscillator is not able to tune. Normally shown with UH25,UH32 and UH3B. Check for ACU fault. Check coaxes in the RX path, make sure DLNA on/off is wired correctly, replace DLNA, replace SDU	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
UH25	SDU	Essential	3.LO DDS Divider Test	SDU is not able to see the satellite. Bad PRT signal and the master oscillator is not able to tune. Normally shown with UH24,UH32 and UH3B. Check for ACU fault. Check coaxes in the RX path, make sure DLNA on/off is wired correctly, replace DLNA, replace SDU	
UH30	SDU	Essential	ALC Carrier off Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH31	SDU	Essential	ALC Carrier on Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH32	SDU	Essential	RF BER Loop Back Test	SDU is not able to see the satellite. Bad PRT signal and the master oscillator is not able to tune. Normally shown with UH24, UH25 and UH3D. Check for ACU fault. Check coaxes in the RX path, make sure DLNA on/off is wired correctly, replace DLNA, replace SDU	
UH33	SDU	Non-E.	Average Amplitude Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH35	SDU	Non-E.	Step Attenuator Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH3B	SDU	Essential	Rx TX frequency offset to big Test	SDU is not able to see the satellite. Bad PRT signal and the master oscillator is not able to tune. Normally shown with UH24, UH25 and UH32. Check for ACU fault. Check coaxes in the RX path, make sure DLNA on/off is wired correctly, replace DLNA, replace SDU	
UH3D	SDU	Essential	Loop Back Switch Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH51	SDU	Essential	1.LO Lock Failure	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH52	SDU	Essential	2.LO Lock Failure	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH53	SDU	Essential	3.LO Lock Failure Replace SDU/HSU depending of in BITE list		
UH61	SDU	Essential	ALC Level to Low Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
UH62	SDU	Essential	ALC Level to High Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH63	SDU	Essential	Master Oscillator to low	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH64	SDU	Essential	Master Oscillator to high	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH70	SDU	Essential	Communication problem with H+ system	Replace SDU	
UH78	SDU	Essential	Position Unavailable	In HGR and/or IRS/AHRS not aligned	
UH79	SDU	Essential	Velocity Unavailable	In HGR and/or IRS/AHRS not aligned	
UH7D	SDU	Non-E.	Software Versions Consistency Test	Reload SDU software. Replace SDU is BITE persists.	
UH7F	SDU	Non-E.	ATE pins connected. Not allowed	Ensure ATE pins are not shorted (should not be pinned)	
UH7G	SDU	Non-E.	ATE pins connected. Not allowed	Ensure ATE pins are not shorted (should not be pinned)	
UH82	SDU	Essential	Parameter Block Checksum Test HSD	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH83	SDU	Essential	CPU Application CRC Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH84	SDU	Essential	CPU RAM Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH85	SDU	Non-E.	Battery Check Test HSD	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH87	SDU	Essential	All Files Exist in Flash Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH88	SDU	Essential	Flash Files CRC Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH89	SDU	Essential	SDU needs SW update (HSD)	Try updating/reloading software in SDU, replace SDU	
UH91	SDU	Non-E.	DSP Debug Port Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH95	SDU	Essential	Frame DSP Interface Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
UH96	SDU	Essential	Turbo FPGA Interface Failure	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH97	SDU	Essential	Frame DSP to VFC DSP interface	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UH98	SDU	Essential	VFC DSP Interface Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA1	SDU	Non-E.	Burst Duration Monitor Circuit Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA4	SDU	Essential	TDM Burst Duration Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA5	SDU	Essential	Carrier On Signals Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA6	SDU	Essential	Turbo FPGA Load Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA7	SDU	Essential	ISDN Transceiver Interface Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA8	SDU	Essential	ISDN Supply Voltage Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHA9	SDU	Essential	ISDN Rx Voltage Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHAA	SDU	Essential	Turbo FPGA RAM Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHAB	SDU	Essential	Power Fail sensor false alarm	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHAC	SDU	Essential	ISDN 38 V shorted.	The current limit on the 38V power output has been exceeded and the output power has therefore been turned off. Remove the device(s) connected and restart the system, check for proper pin out and shorted ISDN wires	
UHB0	SDU	Non-E.	Environment temperature to low	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHB1	SDU	Non-E.	Temperature Sensor Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHEE	SDU	Essential	EEPROM Essential Data Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy	
UHEU	SDU	Non-E.	EEPROM Test	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHP0	SDU	Essential	Communication Test with HSD-CPU	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UHW2	SDU	Non-E.	Master Oscillator needs calibration	Replace SDU/HSU depending on location in BITE list	
UU02	SDU	Essential	Parameter Block Checksum Test	With aircraft outside and nave system up, from terminal emulator enter the command "TX -x -1" and hit enter. The system will reboot and parameter block will be reset.	
UU10	SDU	Essential	PRT DSP Interface Test	Replace the SDU	
UU16	SDU	Essential	UART Loop Back, CPDF (COM12) Test	Replace the SDU	
UU19	SDU	Essential	SDU needs SW update (H+)	Replace the SDU	
UU1C	SDU	Non-E.	Temperature Sensor Test	Replace the SDU	
UU1D	SDU	Fatal	Environment Temperature Failure, H-Plus	Replace the SDU	
UU20	SDU	Non-E.	H+ EEPROM Non Essential Data Test	Replace the SDU	
UU21	SDU	Fatal	H+ EEPROM Essential Data Test	Replace the SDU	
UU23	SDU	Essential	H+/HSD SW Version Inconsistency Test	Make sure SDU & HSU has latest software, replace SDU, replace HSU	
UU24	SBU	Essential	H+/SBU SW Version Inconsistency Test	Make sure SDU & SBU has latest software, replace SDU, replace SBU	
UU60	SDU	Essential	PBX DSP Interface Test	Replace the SDU	
UU6H	SDU	Essential	Communication Problem with HSD CPU, H+ Detected	Check "location" of BITE with Aero-SDU CP Terminal Emulator "list" or in handset. If location [HSD pcb] reload software in SDU and replace SDU if BITE persists after reboot. If location [HSU pcb] check Arinc 429 connection to HSU (SDU BP32/33 to HSU TP19/20 and SDU BP34/35 to HSU TP21/22), check HSU power and software version. Replace HSU if persist after reboot	

Code	LRU	Severity	Description	Remedy
UU6K	Cable	Essential	Calibration problem with HSU TX cable	HSU TX coax on TX coupler is disconnected or broken or the SDU and HPA connectors are swapped on the TX coupler
UU6L	SBU	Essential	Essential error in SBU	See SBU dashboard/event list for further troubleshooting of the SBU
UU6M	SBU	Non-E.	Non-essential error in SBU	See SBU dashboard/event list for further troubleshooting of the SBU
UU6S	SBU	Essential	Communication Problem with H+/SBU CPU, H+ Detected	Ensure SBU power LED is Green (if Amber, check SBU enable discrete (SDU BP56 to SBU TP8)), check SBU "SYSTEM TYPE" is configured as AVIATOR 700, check RS-422 lines between SDU BP73/72 to SBU TP20/19 and SDU BP71/70 to SBU TP22/21
UUB1	SDU	Non-E.	Battery Check Test	Replace the SDU
UUC0	СМ	Fatal	System Configuration Test	Ensure SDU configuration is written to CM
UUC1	СМ	Essential	CM CRC Error	Replace CM
UUC2	СМ	Essential	Config Module Needs Upgrade	Replace CM
UUCU	СМ	Fatal	Configuration Module Test Replace CM	

D.4 List of SBU events

The following list explains the events (warnings and errors) that may show in the web interface of the SBU.

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy
0100	00100to 00199	ERROR	System data damaged	Important system data is damaged	Do not use the terminal. Contact your Cobham partner.
0210	00210to 00219	ERROR	SIM module error	The SIM interface on the terminal cannot be used.	Contact your Cobham partner.
0240	00240to 00249	ERROR	Temperature sensor error	The terminal is in danger of overheating.	Do not use the terminal. Contact your Cobham partner.
0260	00260to 00269	ERROR	System error	The terminal cannot communicate on the satellite network.	Contact your Cobham partner.
0300	00300to 00309	ERROR	GPS module error	The GPS module is out of function. The terminal cannot obtain a valid GPS position.	Contact your Cobham partner.
0310	0310	ERROR	WLAN module error	The WLAN access point failed initialization	Contact your Cobham partner if the problem persists.
0330	00330to 00339	ERROR	ISDN failure	The ISDN interface on the terminal cannot be used.	Contact your Cobham partner.
0340	00340to 00349	ERROR	2-wire failure	The Phone/Fax interface of the terminal cannot be used.	Contact your Cobham partner.
0350	00350to 00359	ERROR	AD9864 calibration data error	Internal error in the receiving part of the terminal.	Contact your Cobham partner if the problem persists.
0380	0380	ERROR	SNMP agent initialization failed	The SNMP agent failed initialization	Contact your Cobham partner if the problem persists.
1010	01010to 01019	WARNING	Temperature too low (critical)	Low ambient temperature is causing the performance of the terminal to be degraded or halted.	Move the terminal to a warmer location. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.
1020	01020to 01029	WARNING	Too low temperature warning	Low ambient temperature is causing the performance of the terminal to be degraded or halted. The terminal will assume radio silence if the problem is in the HLD.	Move the terminal to a warmer location. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.

Table D-7: SBU events

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy
1110	01110to 01119	WARNING	Temperature too high (critical)	Terminal: Critically high temperature is causing the terminal to shut down. HLD: Critically high temperature is causing the HLD to stop transmission.	If possible, move the failing unit to a cooler location. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual. Contact your Cobham partner if the problem persists.
1120	01120to 01129	WARNING	Too high temperature warning	High ambient temperature is causing the performance of the terminal to be degraded or halted. If the problem is in the terminal: All PoE ports are shut down, except port 1 and the bit rate for Standard data is reduced. If the problem is in the HLD: The bit rate is reduced.	Move the terminal to a cooler location. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.
1400	01400to 01409	WARNING	Satellite signal lost	The AVIATOR system no longer receives a signal from the satellite.	Make sure the antenna has a free line of sight to the satellite. Check the Rx cables W2 between the SBU and the HLD and W3 between the satcom antenna and the HLD.
1600	01600to 01609	WARNING	SOS call only	The SIM card is not accepted by the network. Only emergency calls are allowed.	Enter the PIN and wait for network approval. If the problem persists, contact your Airtime Provider.
1700	01700to 01709	WARNING	Registration for voice failed	The AVIATOR system has not yet been allowed to register for voice services (Circuit Switched). Your SIM card may be blocked by the service provider.	Contact your service provider if the problem persists.
1800	01800to 01809	WARNING	Registration for data failed	The AVIATOR system has not yet been allowed to register for data services (Packet Switched). Your SIM card may be blocked by the service provider.	Contact your service provider if the problem persists.

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy
2900	02900 to 02909	WARNING	Network failed authentication	The AVIATOR system does not accept the network as a valid BGAN network.	Restart the AVIATOR system. Contact your Cobham partner if the problem persists.
3500	3500	ERROR	2-wire calibration failure	2-wire calibration failed on the Phone/Fax interface, because of: Common mode balance error. The phone is off hook. Wires are shorted to each other or shorted to ground.	Check the wires to your phone or fax. Put the phone on hook. Check the wires.
3600	03600to 03609	ERROR	2-wire operational failure	The Phone/Fax interface fails to operate, for one of the following reasons: Ground shorted. Power overload. Temperature overload.	Check the wires. Wait until the event is cleared; then try again. Wait until the event is cleared; then try again.
3900	3900	ERROR	Air link error	Problems related to TX and Rx DSPs. Example: PLL out of lock.	
801F	801F	WARNING	Power Hold-up - the input voltage has dropped	pA power glitch was detected, the length of the glitch exceeds what the power supply can absorb. This event could have negative influence on ongoing connections.Check external power connection.	
8020	8020	ERROR	Power Hold-up - the terminal has lost power for more than 200 ms	The terminal has lost power for more than 200 ms.	Check the external power connection.
8040	8040	WARNING	Excessive writes to the flash memory	Wrong APN name or user name/ password for a connection which is set to auto-activate.	
8041	8041	ERROR	Flex key is missing or corrupt	The license system has detected a corrupt or missing Flex Key.	Re-install your Flex key. Please find your Flex key on the Certificate of Conformity (CoC) of the TT-5040A-001 Configuration Module.

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy
8042	8042	ERROR	Can not read from Configuration Module	This error occurs when the TT-5040A-001 Configuration Module has not been inserted into the back of the TT-5040A SBU.	Insert the TT-5040A-001 Configuration Module into the back of the TT-5040A SBU.
8043	8043	ERROR	Flash on Configuration Module corrupt	The AVIATOR system has detected corrupt data on the TT-5040A-001 Configuration Module.	Please contact your Cobham partner for further assistance.
8044	8044	ERROR	Flash on Configuration Module is getting worn out	The Configuration Module is aging and will have less that 10% of the expected lifetime left.	
804A	804A	WARNING	Flash on Configuration Module is worn out	The Configuration Module is completely worn-out and will have to be replaced.	The Configuration Module might still be operational but can fail at any time since the expected lifetime has been exceeded.
804C	804C	WARNING	The chosen satellite is not visible at current GPS position	The terminal is set up to use a satellite that is not visible at the current GNSS position.	Enter the web interface and select SETTINGS > Satellite selection . Then select Auto to let the terminal automatically find the satellite with the best signal, or select a satellite visible from your current position.
804F	804F	WARNING	ARINC-429 Navigational input is missing or not yet ready	None of the navigational inputs receive valid data for one of the following reasons: Wiring is broken. The navigational source is not switched on or power-on sequence takes longer time than expected.	Check the wiring. Wait until power-on sequence has completed for the external navigational data source. Check if the external unit has been configured properly.
8053	8053	ERROR	SDU Communica- tion error	The communication between the SBU (TT5040A) and SDU (TT5035A is not working. This error applies to AVIATOR 700 systems only.	Check that the RS-422 connection between SBU and SDU is made correct. Check that the SDU has the correct SW and power up. Check that the SDU is configured to an AVIATOR 700 system.

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy
8054	8054	WARNING	Transmission aborted due to extreme temperature	The system stops all transmission because the temperature is critically high or critically low.	None. The system must operate within the allowed temperature range to work properly. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the installation manual.
8056	08056	WARNING	USIM rejected	The type of USIM card inserted in the terminal is not correct for your terminal.	Make sure you have the correct type of USIM card.
8060	8060	WARNING	NAT session table full	There are too many open connections through NAT - typically too many users generating too much web traffic.	Do not establish new connections until the load has been reduced.
8075	08075	ERROR	DO-178B or DO-254 certification level is inconsistent	The system consists of mixed Level-E and Level-D units.	The system is not operational. Contact your Cobham partner.
8077	8077	WARNING	Multi-voice control connection config failure	Data write procedure failed when making a connection.	Reboot the SBU or make a reset to factory default settings. If this does not help contact your Cobham partner.
8079	8079	WARNING	Multi-voice control connection error	Not possible to establish connection to Multi-voice server.Check that Multi-voice included in your airtime subscription. Check that Multi-voice APN entere web interface under ADMINISTRATION > M voice matches the Multi- APN from your airtime subscription.	
807C	807C	WARNING	Multi-voice register failed	Not possible to register on the Multi-voice server.	Check that Multi-voice is included in your airtime subscription.
808D	808D	WARNING	ACARS failed, cannot create PDP context	The SBU cannot open ACARS PDP context. A unique PDP context is used for the transfer of ACARS data and this PDP context cannot be opened.	Check with the service provider that the SBU is allowed to logon to the ACARS APN. Use the default ACARS APN name if not instructed otherwise.

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy
808E	808E	WARNING	ACARS failed, cannot perform DNS lookup	The SBU cannot lookup the IP address for the AGGW. The SBU has created an ACARS PDP context and tries to find the IP address for the AGGW.	Use the default AGGW name if not instructed otherwise. Check with your service provider that the AGGW name is correct.
808F	808F	WARNING	ACARS failed, logon to AGGW rejected	The AAGW in the SBU cannot log in to the AGGW.	Check with your service provider that your SBU (IMSI and ICAO) has been registered in the AGGW. Try again later. This can be a temporary error in the AGGW.
8090	8090	WARNING	ACARS failed, lost contact with Ground Gateway (AGGW).	The connection between AAGW and AGGW has been lost. The AAGW in the SBU has had contact with the AGGW but it has been lost. The AAGW in the SBU and AGGW on the ground can no longer communicate.	This is typically a temporary problem. The signal can be lost or blocked. Try to make a normal voice call or data session. You cannot expect ACARS traffic to work if you can not make a normal voice or data call. Check if other alarms have been reported. Reboot the system.
8091	8091	WARNING	CMU link failure	The connection between CMU and SBU is not working. The CMU and SBU cannot communicate.	Check the cabling between CMU and SBU. Check that the CMU is powered on.
8092	8092	WARNING	WLAN failure or power off	WLAN Failure The WLAN interface is not working.	Check that the WLAN is not disabled with a discrete input (TP5).
8093	8093	ERROR	Selected Antenna cannot coexist with CMU/ACARS units	Mismatch between CMU and antenna configuration. The CMU interface is enabled together with an ARINC 741/781 antenna. It is not allowed since they are using the same ARINC 429 interface.	Change configuration to use an antenna that does not use the ARINC 429 interface.

Event ID	ID range	Severity	Description	Explanation	Remedy	
8094	8094	WARNING	Enabling ACARS Position reporting violates discrete operation	Mismatch between ACARS position reporting and discrete USIM. The SBU has a discrete USIM installed so that the airplane position is hidden, but at the same time can report if position reporting is enabled in ACARS.	Disable position reporting in ACARS.	
8095	8095	WARNING	The password is too weak for ACARS Safety or 700D use. See the manual for password requirements.	Administrator password too weak. The administrator password is too weak when ACARS is enabled, it creates a safety risk. The SBU is probably using the default administrator password.	vord too Change the administrator password following the guidelines provided below: CARS is safety pably ord. CARS is The password must have at least 8 characters ocontain letters, figures and special characters	
8096	8096	WARNING	Activation of Self test or SW Upload are not protected by the administrator password.	Software upload and self test unprotected. This alarm will only be seen on an AVIATOR 700D system. The user is allowed to upload software to the SBU or start self-test without a password. This will cause the SBU to reset and can cause the SDU to change from I4 to I3 satellite, and it will have an impact on the ACARS running on the SDU.	In the web interface under User permissions, select No at Upload software and Perform self test . See <i>Set up</i> <i>user permissions</i> on page 6-84.	
809F	809F	ERROR	Aero basic config is not initialised	The basic configuration of the system is not complete.	Check the configuration in the web interface, see <i>SBU</i> <i>Configuration tasks</i> on page 6-13.	
80A0	80A0	ERROR	Tracking register failed	The system fails to register on the Tracking server.	Check with your Airtime provider that you have registered with the correct IMSI and IMEI/ICAO address. See <i>Tracking</i> on page 6-53.	
80A2	80A2	ERROR	Tracking unregistered	The system has not yet registered on the tracking server even though tracking is enabled.	Check that you have the correct IP address, port numbers and encryption key. See <i>Tracking</i> on page 6-53.	

Appendix E

WLAN country codes

E.1 Restrictions in WLAN use

Not all countries allow full use of all channels. Also, some countries do not allow operation according to the 802.11g standard. Therefore the WLAN interface must be set up to the right country code.

By default, the SBU is set up to the US country code that allows the WLAN interface to operate according to the 802.11b and 802.11g standards on the channels 1 to 11. If the equipment is used in the countries listed in Table E-1 on page E-2, the default country code "US" can be used. In other countries the country code "other countries" must be used, allowing the interface to operate only according to the 802.11b standard on channels 4-9.

To set up the country code, use the WLAN page of the built-in web interface in the SBU. For further information see *WLAN interface of the SBU (option)* on page 6-32.

E.2 Countries where the "US" country code applies

The below table shows the countries in which country code "US" applies.

Antigua and Barbuda	Estonia	Latvia	Singapore
Aruba	El Salvador	Kuwait	Saudi Arabia
Australia	EU Countries	Latin America	Serbia and Montenegro
Austria	Finland	Liechtenstein	Slovenia
Bahamas	France	Luxembourg	South Africa
Barbados	Germany	Malaysia	South Korea
Belgium	Greece	Malta	Spain
Bermuda	Guam	Mexico	Sweden
Bulgaria	Guatemala	Morocco	Switzerland
Canada	Haiti	Netherlands	Taiwan
Cayman Islands	Honduras	Netherlands Antilles	Thailand
China	Hong Kong	New Zealand	Turkey
Colombia	Hungary	Norway	UK
Costa Rica	Iceland	Oman	Ukraine
Cyprus	Indonesia	Peru	United Arab Emirates
Czech Republic	Ireland	Poland	US
Denmark	Israel	Portugal	Venezuela
Dominican Republic	Italy	Puerto Rico	Virgin Islands / British
Ecuador	Japan	Romania	Virgin Islands / US
Egypt	Jordan	Russia	XA ^a

Table E-1: Countries that accept the country code "US" for WLAN indoor operation

 a. The two letter code XA is available for individual use and will not be allocated to countries. (ISO 3166-1, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 1: Country codes)

Appendix F

Terminal commands

F.1 Get started

F.1.1 Connecting to the SDU

Hardware and software requirements

The following items are required to run terminal commands:

- One IBM compatible PC with a 9-pin serial COM port available (if not available, a USB to serial port converter can be used).
- One serial interconnect cable 9-pin to 15-pin Sub-D, Cobham part no. TT-37-112940. Refer to Figure 5-35 on page 5-77.
- The terminal emulator included in the Aero-SDU Configuration Program or another terminal program, e.g. Windows HyperTerminal.

Preparing the terminal

Do as follows to set up the terminal:

- 1. Connect the SDU front connector to the PC COM port using the TT 37-112940 Data Cable.
- 2. Open the Aero-SDU Configuration Program. (Other terminal programs: Set the terminal program to 115200 baud, No parity, 8 bit symbols)
- 3. On the Start up page click **Terminal Emulator**. Press <Enter> a couple of times and confirm that the prompt "H+>" appears on the terminal monitor.
- 4. **Option**: If you need to communicate with another unit in the installation you can change the shell. Press **Ctrl+x**, then type in the number of the desired unit and press enter.

🗲 Thrane & Thrane HSD+SB+ CP -	[Terminal En	nulator]		
≻_ <u>Fi</u> le <u>V</u> iew <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp				
) 🏠 📽 🖬 🛯 🖀 🕷 🕷	0 k ? '	?		
🚮 Start up 🕒 Terminal Emula	tor			
Start Log	Key Editor	Basic stuff.key	•	Nev
H+> Enter Shell: 0 = H+, 1 =	HSD, 2 =	HPA, 3 = HSU, 4 =	SBU:	2
HPA>				

Figure F-1: How to change shells

F.1.2 Connect to the SBU

Hardware and software requirements

The following items are required to run terminal commands:

- One IBM compatible PC with an Ethernet port available.
- One standard Ethernet cable. RJ-45<->RJ-45.
- A suitable Telnet client. In Windows XP and previous versions of Windows, you can use the included HyperTerminal. In Windows Vista and Windows 7 you can use the included DOS-based client, but this is not optimal. A 3rd party client that supports logging to a file is recommended.

Prepare the telnet client

Do as follows to set up the telnet client:

- 1. Connect the SBU front connector to the PC Ethernet port.
- 2. Open the Telnet client, and make a TCP/IP (winsock) connection to IP address (host) 192.168.0.1 and port 23 (default).
- 3. Login with **admin** and 1234 (default) and press <Enter> a couple of times and confirm that the SBU prompt **telnet:/\$** appears.

Option: If you need to save the output from HyperTerminal, go to the **Transfer** menu and select **Capture text**... In other clients, the menus will be different.

F.2 Commands for troubleshooting the SDU

Introduction

In this section, some of the useful commands for troubleshooting are listed.

BITE List ("list" command)

To get a list of BITE errors, use the **list** command.

The following options are available with the list command:

Command to Type in (Followed by <enter>)</enter>	Result/Explanation
list	Lists all errors for the current flight session.
list a	Lists all errors for all flight sessions.
list <leg></leg>	Lists all errors for flight session number: leg ^a .
list <id> a</id>	Lists errors with error id: id, for all flight sessions.
list <id><leg></leg></id>	Lists errors with error id: id, for flight session number: leg ^a .

Table F-1: "list" Commands

a. In this context, a leg is defined as a session, that is the time from the system was turned on until it is turned off.

Response example:

The following example shows a response to the command "list", that is a list of all errors for the current session. "Session number" corresponds to <leg> "Error ID" corresponds to <id>, which is the BITE code for the error.

```
H+> list
H+>
LOGFILEMANAGER:Displaying contents of session 11
------
Session number: 11 Severity: Fatal Active
Error ID: C801-Communication Test with HPA
Error occurrence: 001 Found during: CM
Additional Information: ' ' Location: Cabling
First error: 09:40:14-27/08 Last error: 09:40:14-27/08
```

System Log ("slog" command)

To access the system log, use the **slog** command. The following options are available with the slog command:

Command to Type in (Followed by <enter>)</enter>	Result/Explanation
slog l <prio></prio>	Inserts text into the system log with priority <prio>^a.</prio>
slog t	Shows the priority thresholds.
slog tp <prio></prio>	Sets the print threshold. Log entries with priority <prio>^a or higher will be printed.</prio>
slog ts <prio></prio>	Sets the store threshold. Log entries with priority <prio>^a or higher will be stored.</prio>
slog v[arl] [-p <prio>] [-t<text>] [<count>]</count></text></prio>	Shows the system log as defined by the parameters.
	Explanation of parameters:
	a : All entries
	r : Reverse order
	 I cong time format (toggles between long/short time format) (sticky^b)
	<prio>: ^a (See table footnote)</prio>
	<text>: Only entries containing <text></text></text>
	<count>: Max. number of entries shown (sticky^b)</count>
slog R	Reset system log.

Table F-2: "slog" Commands

- a. <prio> : Priority limit (one of {facewnid} or 0-7).
 The priority parameters {facewnid} are defined as:
 f: System is unusable.
 a: Action must be taken immediately.
 - c: Critical conditions.
 - e: Error conditions.
 - w: Warning conditions.
 - n: Normal but significant condition.
 - i: Informational.
 - d: Debug-level messages.
- b. "Sticky" means this setting is maintained during future command sessions until the setting is changed by the user.
Response example:

The following example shows a part of a response to the command "slog va":

H+> slog va
H+>
 Time Severity Process Info
09:15:05.661 WARNING:LogServe:0:System log invalid - reset
09:15:05.663 WARNING:LogServe:0:System log options invalid reset
09:14:53.005 NOTICE: Boot:0:Starting up
09:14:54.523 ERROR: SATMGR:0:System table checksum failed
09:14:54.525 ERROR:Nav_Main:0:Static RAM failure!!
09:14:55.057 WARNING:FlashDis:0:PIT 1ms tick: Interrupts
disabled too long: 531058 us.
09:14:55.505 WARNING:FlashDis:0:PIT 1ms tick: Interrupts
disabled too long: 505840 us.

Call Log ("call_log" command)

To access the call log, use the **call_log** command.

The following options are available with the call_log command:

Command to Type in (Followed by <enter>)</enter>	Result/Explanation
call_log -p	Prints the call log.
call_log -i <number> <device></device></number>	Inserts a call into the call log, with the given phone number and device number.
call_log -g <device></device>	Returns the last call in the call log from the given device.
call_log -d <device> <index></index></device>	Deletes the call with index <index> from the given device in the call log.</index>
call_log -c	Clears the call log.

Table F-3: "call_log" Commands

Response example:

The following example shows a part of a response to the command "call -p":

🔁 Calllog_200912.txt - Notepad			
File Edit Format View Help			
H+> call -p Current UTC Time is: 2009-10-22 08:04:42 Date Time Duration Number hh:mm:ss	Ges/ Dir kBytes Les (down/up)	Call Device Call Service Ref Type Type	Term Pri Code
 2009-08-19 11:04:15 00:00:09 204539558681 2009-08-24 09:01:16 00:00:16 204539558282 2009-08-24 09:05:59 00:00:41 104539558282 2009-08-24 09:18:28 00:00:91 04539558282 2009-08-24 09:18:45 00:00:10 104539558282 2009-08-25 13:34:04 00:00:10 104539558282 2009-09-08 07:12:41 00:00:03 004539558681 2009-09-08 07:12:41 00:00:60 004539558681 2009-09-08 07:12:59 00:00:60 004539558681 2009-09-08 07:25:59 00:00:06 204539558681 2009-09-11 07:19:05 00:00:09 204539558681 2009-09-11 11:57:11 00:00:26 204539558681 2009-10-09 08:42:23 00:00:22 104570101155 H+>	1 Out (0/ 0) 1 Out (0/ 0) 68 Out (0/ 0) 1 Out (0/ 0) 1 Out (0/ 0) 1 Out (0/ 0) 68 Out (0/ 0) 1 Out (0/ 0) 68 O	0 4W4 VOICE HSD 0 4W4 VOICE HSD 1 4W4 VOICE H+ 2 4W4 VOICE H+ 3 4W4 VOICE H+ 0 4W4 VOICE H+ 0 4W4 VOICE H+ 1 4W4 VOICE H+ 0 4W4 VOICE HSD 0 4W4 VOICE HSD 0 4W4 VOICE HSD 0 4W4 VOICE H+ 1 4W4 VOICE H+ 1 4W4 VOICE H+	1001 PUB 1001 PUB 0000 PUB 0000 PUB 0000 PUB 0010 PUB 0000 PUB 1001 PUB 1001 PUB 1001 PUB 1001 PUB

Figure F-2: Troubleshooting SDU, Call Log command: call -p

Flight Test ("flight" command)

To trace flight data, use the **flight** command. The flight test data comprises position data, signal strength and EIRP.

The following options are available with the flight command:

Command to Type in (Followed by <enter>)</enter>	Result/Explanation
flight -c <time></time>	Change the update rate to <time>.</time>
flight -e	End flight test traces.
flight -s	Start trace of flight test data with an update rate of 1 second.
flight -s <time></time>	Start trace of flight test data with an update rate of <time>.</time>
	The unit for <time> is 10 ms, that is: <time>=2 corresponds to 20 ms.</time></time>

Table F-4: "flight" Commands

Response example:

The following example shows a response to the command "flight -s", that is flight test data with an update rate of 1 second. The command "flight -e'' stops the tracing.

```
H+> flight -s
```

```
H+> Fri Aug 27 12:26:32 2004 H+Temp 44
               9.13, Lat 55.73, Alt 117 m
NAV POS: Lon
NAV ATT: Roll 0.41, Pitch -0.97, Hea 135.71, Speed 0 m/s
DSP:
         Azi 73.11, Ele 23.60, VDopp 0 m/s
PRT:
         C/No 54.0 EIRP 09.1 FreqOff 006
C0:
         C/No 45.1 EIRP
                        06.5
C1:
         C/No 54.1 EIRP 18.5
         C/No 57.3 EIRP 22.5 FreqOff -01
HSD:
___
```

flight -e

F.3 Commands for troubleshooting the SBU

F.3.1 Monitor the ARINC interfaces on the SBU

Below is an example on how to get a status for the ARINC interfaces. After the debug command for getting the status report (first line, bold) the status report is shown.

```
stat -m arinc
STAT Report
Module: ARINC, Status: Ok, Message:
REPORT: SHORT
CONFIGURATION
Primary Receiver : ARINC 704-7 Inertial Reference System (IRS), speed: High
Secondary Receiver: Disabled, speed: Low
Antenna Modem : Disabled
STATUS ARINC DRIVER
Current Time
            : Thu Jan 01 00:00:54 1970
Primary Receiver : 6 RO_6_IRS_CONNECTED Qualified Forwarding forwardingPeriods:1
Secondary Receiver: 0 RO_0_NULL
                                     Await-Label Standby forwardingPeriods:0
Antenna Modem : 1 RT 1 INIT
                                      Await-Label
Primary Receiver:
Label Status
                                       Age Value
                  Error
                           Active
                                                              Name
                             0
 101 No Label
                    422
                                         0 0.000000
                                                              HDOP
                               0
 150 No Label
                    422
                                         0 00:00:00 gnss
                                                             UTC Time
                    422
 260 No Label
                               0
                                         0 00/00/00
                                                             UTC Date
 273 Normal
                   353
                              69
                                       158 Self Test
                                                             GNSS Sensor Status
 274 Normal
                   353
                              69
                                       158 Self Test
                                                             GPIRS Status
                   353
                                       158 55.794067 N
 310 Normal
                              69
                                                            Latitude
                   353
                              69
                                       158 12.523041 E
                                                             Longitude
 311 Normal
                                        158 0.000000 Knots
 312 Normal
                    353
                               69
                                                              Ground Speed
                                       158 0.000000 Deg
 313 Normal
                    353
                               69
                                                              Track Angle True
                                       158 0.000000 E
                              69
 314 Normal
                    353
                                                             True Heading
 324 Normal
                    353
                              69
                                       158 0.010986 Deg
                                                            Pitch Angle
                                                            Roll Angle
 325 Normal
                    353
                              69
                                       159 0.120850 Deg
                                       159 -0.015625 Deg/Sec Inertial Pitch Rate
 336 Normal
                    353
                               69
                                       159 0.000000 Deg/Sec
                    353
 337 Normal
                               69
                                                             Inertial Roll Rate
                                        159 167.250000 Feet
 361 Normal
                     353
                               69
                                                              Altitude Inertial
                                       159 0x004 IRS (704) Equipment Identification
 377 Plus
                     353
                               69
Details:
 273 Satellites-Tracked:0 Visible:0
 273 IRS/FMS : Present Source: Primary
 273 DADC/FMS: Present Source: Primary
 274 Satellites-Tracked: 0
 274 Primary GPSSU Validity: Valid
 274 Secondary GPSSU Validity: Valid
 274 GPSSU Source: Primary
 377 Source Identifier: Primary
COUNTERS ARINC-429: Primary Secondary
                                     Ant-Rx
                                               Ant-Tx
                    20
                          0
allocation
                                      0
                    6752
                               0
wordsA429
                                          0
                                                    0
```

discardError	0	0	0	0	
framingError	0	0	0		
parityError	0	0	0		
overflowError	0	0	0		
regStatusRead	422	0	0		FPGA Status Read
regTimeTagRead	422	0	0		FPGA TimeTag Read
regCtrlWrite	2	0	5		FPGA Control Write
interrupt	0	0	0		FPGA Interrupt
reset	0	0	0	0	Debug only
clearCounters	0	0	0	0	

F.3.2 Description of the status report

The status report consists of up to seven parts:

- 1. Report header
- 2. ARINC driver configuration
- 3. The overall status for the ARINC driver
- 4. Status for the Primary ARINC Receiver
- 5. Status for the Secondary ARINC Receiver, if configured
- 6. Status for the ARINC Antenna modem, if configured
- 7. Low level ARINC-429 counters

Below is a detailed description of each part of the status report.

STAT Report

The following lines are part of the standard system header, there is no information relevant for the ARINC interfaces present in the header, you may just ignore these lines:

```
STAT Report
Module: ARINC, Status: Ok, Message:
REPORT: SHORT
```

CONFIGURATION

The configuration part is a mirror of the ARINC information already available at *Set up the navigational input of the SBU* on page 6-51, **SETTINGS > External systems** of the SBU.

STATUS ARINC DRIVER

Current Time: This is the current UTC time, if available. In the example in section F.3.1 the year 1970 indicates that the UTC time is not yet available.

Read the following overview information in the following way:

Interface	State number and name	Status	Source	Source Activations
Primary Receiver	6 RO_6_IRS_CONNECTED	Lost-Label	Forwarding	forwardingPeriods:1
Secondary Receiver	0 RO_0_NULL	Await-Label	Standby	forwardingPeriods:0
Antenna Modem	1 RT_1_INIT	Await-Label		

Table F-5: Status ARINC driver, overview

The states for receivers have the following purpose:

State name	Description
RO_0_NULL	The receiver is not configured and therefore not started.
RO_1_INIT	The receiver is in the progress of starting up.
RO_2_LOOPBACK	A loop back test command has been running and a power- cycle is needed.
RO_4_AHRS_CONNECTED	The AHRS driver is running.
RO_6_IRS_CONNECTED	The IRS driver is running.

Table F-6: Purpose of the states for receivers

The states for the antenna modem can be used for the following purpose:

State name	Description
RT_0_NULL	The antenna modem is not configured and therefore not started.
RT_1_INIT	Awaits the BSU (Beam Steering Unit) start sending the status word.
RT_2_LOOPBACK	A loop back test command has been running and a power-cycle is needed.
RT_3_AMT50	The ARINC AMT-50 / HGA-6000 driver is running.

Table F-7: Purpose of the states for the antenna modem

Status: This reflects the overall status considering all mandatory labels on the interface in question.

Status	Description
Await-Label	At least one mandatory label has never showed up on the interface.
Lost-Label	A label previously received is now missing on the interface.
Unreliable	May be used in the future for selecting between two channels where one of them is more degraded than the other.
Degraded	One or more of the labels is degraded.
Evaluation	All mandatory labels are operational and has to be stable for a period of time before they can be qualified.
Qualified	All mandatory labels are operational and this port can now be forwarded.

Table F-8: Status for all mandatory labels on the interface in question

Source:

Source	Description
Forwarding	This ARINC receiver is forwarding valid navigational date to the SBU. Forwarding means that the data on the interface is used by the system.
Standby	This ARINC receiver is on standby and not forwarding data to the SBU. Standby means that the data on the interface are not used by the system.

Table F-9: Status ARINC driver: Source

Forwarding Periods: The number of periods the interface has being forwarding data to the system.

RECEIVER

Header	Description
Label	The label number in octal number system.
Status	Take status of the label word according to bit 30 and 31 Sign/Status Matrix. See table directly below.
Error	The number of 100mS interval the label has not been operational.
Active	The number of 100mS interval the label has been operational.
Age	The age of the label in ms sampled every 100 ms.
Value	The decoded value of the label
Name	The name of the label according to ARINC-429

Table F-10: Receiver: Header line for the table

The specific label type (BCD/BNR/DISC) can be looked up in the ARINC-429 Specification.

Status	BCD	BNR	DISC
0	<u>Plus</u>	Failure	<u>Normal</u>
1	No Data	No Data	No Data
2	Test	Test	Test
3	Minus	Normal	Failure

Table F-11: Status for label types

The underlined status is the operational state for the specific label type.

Appendix G

SIP setup for Wifi-enabled phones

G.1 Introduction

The built-in PBX of the AVIATOR 700 can route VoIP calls that are terminated in the SIP server of the SBU. If you have a phone with a SIP client and WLAN interface you can connect to the SBU via WLAN and configure the SIP client in your phone to communicate with the SBU. After successful configuration you can use your phone to make calls through the AVIATOR 700 system.

There are two tasks you have to do:

- Connect to the WLAN interface
- Set up a SIP profile

G.1.1 Connect to the WLAN interface

To connect to the WLAN interface of the SBU, do as follows:

- 1. Refer to the user documentation of your phone for instructions how to connect to a wireless access point.
- You can see the name of the wireless network in the web interface at SETTINGS > WLAN, SSID. The default value is the name of the system type, for example 'AVIATOR 700'.

G.1.2 Set up a SIP profile

SIP telephony and SIP profiles

If your phone has an integrated SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) client you can use SIP telephony between your phone and the SBU, which has an integrated SIP server.

How to set up the SIP profile in your phone depends on your subscription, the SIP server in the terminal and the network which your phone is connected to, in this case the WLAN network on board the aircraft.

Where to get a SIP client application

If your smartphone does not have a SIP client, you can download one from one of the links below:

- Apple iPhone App store (www.apple.com/iphone/from-the-app-store/)
- Android Market (https://play.google.com/store)

Note The SIP client is a third party application. Cobham does not offer technical support for it.

To set up a SIP profile

Set up a SIP profile if you want to connect the SIP client of your phone to the SIP server of the terminal. You need to enter several network specific values so your phone can communicate with the SIP server.

Depending on your phone, some or all of the following parameters may have to be set up in the SIP profile of your phone:

- Profile name
- SIP server and port
- User name
- Password
- Codec priority
- Realm
- Audio configuration, Silence support

User name: When connecting to the AVIATOR 700, the user name should be a local number, i.e. 05xx. This must be configured in the built-in web interface under **SETTINGS > IP handsets**.

Password: When connecting to the AVIATOR 700, the password must match the IP Handset password entered in the web interface of the AVIATOR 700 on the page **SETTINGS > IP handsets**.

Codec priority: The SIP client must have G.729A as highest priority codec and G.711 A-LAW as second highest priority. The G.729A codec is required for the Multi-voice option.

Audio configuration, Silence support enable: Set to No. The phone should not stop sending data packets even though there is silence and no one speaks.

Appendix H

References

H.1 Applicable standards

- [1] IEEE Standard for Information technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications. IEEE Std 802.3, 2000 Edition (Incorporating IEEE Std 802.3, 1998 Edition, IEEE Std 802.3ac-1998, IEEE Std 802.3ab-1999, and IEEE Std 802.3ad-2000) [Adopted by ISO/IEC and redesignated as ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000(E)].
- [2] ISO/IEC 8877:1992 Information technology -- Telecommunications and information exchange between systems -- Interface connector and contact assignments for ISDN Basic Access Interface located at reference points S and T
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- [12] ARINC 741 P2-7. Aviation Satellite Communication System. Part 2, System Design and Equipment Functional Description
- [13] RFC 1549: PPP in HDLC Framing. December 1993. (Obsoleted by RFC 1662)

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- [20] ARINC CHARACTERISTIC 741P1. Aviation Satellite Communication System Part 1. Aircraft installation provisions
- [21] ARINC CHARACTERISTIC 781. Mark 3 Aviation Satellite Communication Systems
- [22] EIA/TIA-232-E: Interface Between Data Terminal Equipment and Data Circuit-Terminating Equipment Employing Serial Binary Data Interchange (superseded by TIA-232-F) Published: January 1, 1900. Category: Telecommunications.

H.2 Other references

- [23] AVIATOR 700 User Manual.
- [24] Cobham: Vendor Service Information Letter: Service migration from Inmarsat I-3 to I-4 satellite constellation (available for download).

See also Related documentation on page 1-2.

Glossary

Α	
ACARS	Airborne Communications Addressing and Reporting System
ACAS	Aircraft Collision Avoidance System. Early relative of the now operational TCAS (Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System) which warns pilots of potential conflicts with other aircraft.
ACP	Audio Control Panel
ACU	Antenna Control Unit
ADF	Automatic Direction Finder. A navigation receiver based on the AM radio band. A very simple device which literally points towards the station that is tuned in.
AES	Aircraft Earth Station
AFIS	Airborne Flight Information System
AHRS	Attitude and Heading Reference System
ALC	Automatic Level Control
AMBE	Advanced Multi-Band Excitation
AMER	Americas (Satellite coverage)
AMS	Audio Management System
AOC	Aeronautical Operational Control
AORE	Atlantic Ocean Region East (Satellite coverage)
AORW	Atlantic Ocean Region West (Satellite coverage)
APAC	Asia Pacific (Satellite Coverage)
APN	Access Point Name. The Access Point Name is used by the terminal operator to establish the connection to the required destination network.
APS	Aircraft Power Supply
ARINC	Aeronautical Radio, Incorporated. A provider of transport communications and systems engineering solutions
AT	AT commands are used for controlling modems.
ATS	Air Traffic Service
AWG	American Wire Gauge
В	
BGAN	Broadband Global Area Network

BITE	Built-In Test Equipment. A BITE error is a hardware error detected by the automatic error detection system in the AVIATOR 700 System.
BP	Bottom Plug
С	
C-FDM	C-channel Frame Demodulator/Modulator
CID	Context Identifier
СМ	Configuration Module
CMU	Communications Management Unit
СР	Cockpit
СР	Configuration Program
CPU	Central programming Unit
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
CS	Circuit switched
D	
DCE	Data Communication Equipment. Equipment that does not generate data, but only relays data generated by someone else.
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. A protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network.
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
DSP	Digital Signal Processor
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency. The signal to the phone company that is generated when you press an ordinary telephone's touch keys. DTMF has generally replaced loop disconnect (pulse) dialing.
E	
ECS	Electronic Cable Specialists, Inc., a Carlisle IT company
EEPROM	Electronically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory
EIA	Electronic Industries Alliance. A US national trade organization that includes the full spectrum of U.S. manufacturers, representing more than 80% of the electronics industry. The alliance provides several standards for the electronics industry.
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility

ETSI	European Telecommunication Standard Institute
F	
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FNBDT	Future Narrowband Digital Terminal. A US Government standard for secure voice communication.
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
G	
GES	Ground Earth Station.
GND	Ground
GPS	Global Positioning System
Н	
HGA	High Gain Antenna
HPA	High Power Amplifier
HPR	High Power Relay
HS	High Speed
HSD	High Speed Data
Ι	
I/O	Input/Output
IAI-2	Inmarsat Air Interface-2. The air interface used for BGAN. IAI-2 is an evolution of MPDS with new bearer types, which give a wide range of data rates from 16 kbps up to 492 kbps. By utilizing different modulation schemes, variable coding rate and power adjustment, it is possible to change the bearer type to give optimum throughput with efficient use of the satellite resources.
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
ILS	Instrument Landing System. A system of tightly focused transmitters located at the end of a runway that provides flight guidance information to flight crews.
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity. A unique number identifying your terminal
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IOR	Indian Ocean Region (Satellite coverage)
IP	Internet Protocol

IRS	Inertial Reference System
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
ISN	Inmarsat Serial Number
ISP	Internet Service Provider
ITU	International Telecommunication Union
K kbps	kilobit per second, unit of data transfer rate
L	
LAN	Local Area Network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LES	Land Earth Station.
LRU	Line Replaceable Unit. A separate unit or module which can easily be replaced. Examples are the SDU and the HPA.
LS	Low Speed
М	
MCDU	Multifunction Control and Display Unit. Part of the Flight Management System.
MEAS	Middle East, Asia (Satellite coverage)
MES	Mobile Earth Station
MIB	Management Information Base
MOD	Modification
MSN	Multiple Subscriber Numbering. In most pieces of ISDN equipment you can program multiple subscriber numbers. The number programmed into the equipment should be the dial-in number that you wish that piece of equipment to answer.
Ν	
NAT	Network Address Translation. An Internet standard that enables a local-area network to use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic. A NAT module makes all necessary address translations.
NC	No Connect
NCS	Network Coordination Station
nON	Power-on control signal, active low
NT	Network Termination. A device connecting the customer's data or

	telephone equipment to the local ISDN exchange carrier's line. It provides a connection for terminal equipment (TE) and terminal adaptor (TA) equipment to the local loop.
Р	
PAST	Person Activated Self Test
PBX	Private Branch Exchange, telephone exchange that serves a particular business or office.
РС	Personal Computer
PDF	Portable Document Format, a file format created by Adobe Systems for document exchange
PDP	Packet Data Protocol. A network protocol used by external packet data networks that communicate with a GPRS network.
PID	Packet IDentifier
POR	Pacific Ocean Region (Satellite coverage)
POST	Power On Self Test. A system test that is activated each time the system is powered on.
POTS	Plain Old Telephony System. Traditional 2-wire system.
PS	Packet switched
PSM	Phase Shift Modulation
PTT	Push-To-Talk
Q	
QoS	Quality of Service
R	Dendem Access Memory
	Random Access Memory
	Radio Frequency
REHP	Radio Frequency High Power
RICA	Radio Technical Commission for Aeronautics
SATCOM	Satallita Communications
SATCOM	
28	voice and broadband data.
SBU	SwiftBroadband Unit. Unit in the satcom system providing access to the aeronautical BGAN service, SwiftBroadband.
SCPC	Single Channel Per Carrier. A VSAT satellite transmission system that uses a

separate carrier for each of its channels. In an SCPC system, transmissions are sent to the satellite continuously on a single satellite carrier.

SDM	System Definition Manual
SDU	Satellite Data Unit. The controlling unit of the AVIATOR 700 system.
SDU	Service Data Unit. Also known as a data packet.
SIM	Subscriber Identification Module
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol. An application-layer control (signaling) protocol for creating, modifying, and terminating sessions with one or more participants. Used e.g. for Internet telephony.
SLCV	S = coding Standard, L = cause Location, C = cause Class, V = cause Value
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol. An Internet-standard protocol for managing devices on IP networks. It is used mostly in network management systems to monitor network-attached devices for conditions that warrant administrative attention.
SSID	Service Set IDentifier. An SSID is the name of a wireless local area network (WLAN). All wireless devices on a WLAN must use the same SSID in order to communicate with each other.
STBO	Starboard
STC	Supplemental Type Certificate. FAA or EASA certification document issued to companies that perform significant modifications on an aircraft.
STE	Secure Terminal Equipment
STU	Secure Telephone Unit
Т	
тс	Type Certificate
TCAS	Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System. A system which warns pilots of potential conflicts with other aircraft.
TDM	Time Division Multiplex
TE	Terminal Equipment
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol. A very simple file transfer protocol, with the functionality of a very basic form of FTP. Since it is so simple, it is easy to implement in a very small amount of memory.
TIA	Telecommunications Industry Association. TIA is a U.S. non-profit trade association serving the communications and information technology industry. TIA provides several standards for these industries.
ТР	Top Plug

V	
VFC	Voice Fax Codec
VHF	Very High Frequency. 30-300 MHz, a "straight-line" signal used for communication and navigation.
VOR	VHF Omnidirectional Range
W	
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WOW	Weight On Wheels

Numerics 2.4GHz Cordless phone wiring (4-wire), 5-59 2-Wire Cradle connector functions, 4-23 DB9 male connector, 4-22 Environmental Qualification Form, B-13 outline drawing, 3-13 specifications, A-12 2-Wire Handset Environmental Qualification Form, B-13 outline drawing, 3-12 specifications, A-12 2-wire interface setting call type, 6-34 4-Wire Cradle connector functions, 4-20 DB15 male connector, 4-20 Environmental Qualification Form, B-11 outline drawing, 3-11 specifications, A-11 4-Wire Handset Environmental Qualification Form, B-11 outline drawing, 3-10 specifications, A-10

A

about this manual, 1-1 ACARS wiring, 5-34 Access Point Name, 6-37 activation SIM card, 5-86 additional numbers description, 6-88 enter, 6-27 address manufacturer, -ii administration settings, 6-68 administration, remote, 6-86 administrator log off, 6-71 log on, 6-69 password, reset, 6-71 advanced configuration WLAN, 6-32

Aero-SDU CP basic configuration, 6-10 installation requirements, 6-3 AES ID, 5-85 AFIS wiring, 5-34 AHRS navigational input, 5-6 wiring, 5-31 air interface status, 8-25 aircraft interfaces, 4-16 mating connectors, 4-24 airtime services, 5-85 Airworthiness, Continued, 8-1 alarms log, 8-24 view, 8-24 AMT-50 subsystem wiring, 5-17 annunciators default setting, 4-16 wiring, 5-64 antenna GPS distance, 5-7 mounting, 5-6 systems, 2-8 viewing status, 6-23 viewing type, 6-23, 8-25 wiring, 5-16 antenna steering, 5-6 APN, 5-86 common, 6-37 setup, 6-37 ARINC stat command, F-8 stat report, F-8 ARINC 404 connectors, 4-12 ARINC 429 wiring, 5-31 ARINC 741 antenna system cable requirements, 5-20 wiring, 5-17 ARINC 741 dual side panel antenna system wiring, 5-21 assigned numbers, 6-88

AT commands, 6-85 ATE pins, 5-78 automatic test equipment pins, 5-78 AVIATOR Wireless Handset connect, 6-44 setup, 6-45 setup call types, 6-46

В

backup.configuration, 6-72 barring calls, 6-40 bit error ratio, 6-78 BITE codes list of, D-16 severity levels, D-15 block diagrams, 2-16 ARINC 741 compatible antenna, 2-17 dual side panel antenna system, 2-19 Broadcast SSID, 6-32 browser settings for web interface, 6-21 browsers supported, 6-17 buttons Push To Test, 8-18

С

cable loss, 6-50 RF cables, 5-16 cable specification SBU maintenance connector, 4-13 cables allowed lengths for power, 5-80 ARINC 429, 5-35 ARINC 429, recommended types, 5-84 ARINC 741 antenna system, 5-20 discrete signals, 5-84 Ethernet, 5-84 Ethernet, recommended, 5-84 HPA power supply, 5-14 ISDN, requirements, 5-45 maximum length, SBU to HLD, 5-83 maximum length, WLAN, 5-83 power, recommended types, 5-82 recommended, 5-80 RF, general requirements, 5-7 RF, recommended types, 5-83 RS-232 data cable, 5-77 SBU power supply, 5-16 SDU power supply, 5-12 WLAN, max. length, 5-83

call charges calls, 6-74 call limiting, 6-88 call log clear, 6-75 Call output, 6-48 call type setting for AVIATOR Wireless Handset, 6-46 setting for ISDN, 6-35 setting for Phone/Fax interface, 6-34 calls barring, 6-40 closed user group, 6-43 forwarding, 6-39 line identification, 6-42 ongoing, 8-25 viewing ongoing, 6-24 waiting indication, 6-41 Cause codes H+, D-2 ISDN (SLCV), D-8 Cause codes, list, D-2 charges calls, 6-74 data sessions, 6-74 check procedures, 7-1 after power-up, 7-4 airborne, 7-7 before inserting LRUs, 7-2 interference with other systems on aircraft, 7-6 Chime/Lamps Inhibit configuration, 6-47 wiring, 5-64 Circuit breaker specifications, 2-14 circuit breaker, 5-15 clearing logs, 6-75 clearing usage counter, 6-75 closed user group, 6-43 CM DO-160 form, B-9 Environmental Qualification Form, B-9 CMU, wiring, 5-34 Coax, 5-9 Cockpit reserve, 6-92 **Cockpit Voice** wiring, 5-68 common network settings, 6-37 compliance, 2-1, 2-2

configuration cable losses, 6-50 discrete I/O, 6-48 exporting to file, 6-72 importing from file, 6-73 input of navigational systems, 6-51 ISDN, 6-35 LAN, 6-29 phone systems, 6-95 phone, fax, 6-34 step-by-step, 6-18 upload, 6-73 web interface, 6-13 WLAN, 6-32 configuration data enter, 2-8, 6-17 Configuration Module, 2-7 DO-160 form, B-4 Environmental Qualification Form, B-4 outline drawing, 3-3 configuration of SBU backup, 6-72 Configuration Program, 6-2 connect AVIATOR Wireless Handset, 6-44 connection standard data, 6-25 start or stop, 6-25 connectors, 4-1 2-Wire Cradle, 4-22 4-Wire Cradle, 4-20 ARINC 404, 4-12 Configuration Module, 4-12 HPA receptacle, 4-10 Maintenance front, 4-12 mating, in aircraft, 4-24 part number, 2-14 SBU front, 4-12 SBU rear receptacle, 4-14 SDU front, 4-2 SDU rear receptacle, 4-4 contact address, -ii contact information, 8-5 Continued Airworthiness, 8-1 cooling requirements, 5-5 counter reset, 6-75 Country selecting for WLAN, 6-33

country code WLAN, default, E-1 WLAN, US, E-2 Coupler outline drawing, 3-7 specifications, A-8

D

dashboard, 6-23 data profiles, 6-75 traffic flow filters, 6-79 data cable for RS-232 front connection, 5-77 data limits, 6-75 data rates, 2-5 data sessions cost, 6-74 viewing ongoing, 6-24 debug command ARINC, F-8 default button, 8-22 default netmask, 8-23 defect units, 8-2 DHCP, 6-29 no router option, single user, 6-29 DHCP request, 6-25 diagnostic report, 8-6, 8-27 dimensions HLD, A-7 SBU, A-6 direct dial local phone, 6-44 disable WLAN, 6-32, 6-34 discrete I/O configuration, 6-48 discretes types and description, 5-67 wiring, 5-64 DO-160 forms, B-1 2-Wire Handset and Cradle, B-13 4-Wire Handset and Cradle, B-11 CM, B-9 Configuration Module, B-4 HPA, B-5 SBU, B-7 SDU, B-2

drawings, 3-1 2-Wire Cradle, 3-13 2-Wire Handset, 3-12 4-Wire Cradle, 3-11 4-Wire Handset, 3-10 Configuration Module, 3-3 HPA, 3-4 HPA Tray, 3-15 HPA Tray connector, 3-19 Rx Power Splitter, 3-8 SBU, 3-5 SBU Tray connector, 3-20 SDU, 3-2 SDU Tray, 3-15 SDU Tray connector, 3-18 Tx Coupler, 3-7 dual side panel antenna system wiring, 5-21

Ε

electrical installation, 5-9 enable, 6-32 SBU, 5-29 WLAN, 6-32 encryption key, 6-33 Environmental Qualification Forms, B-1 2-Wire Handset and Cradle, B-13 4-Wire Handset and Cradle, B-11 CM, B-9 Configuration Module, B-4 HPA, B-5 SBU, B-7 SDU, B-2 error codes, D-1 error correction for data packets, 6-78 Ethernet interface setting up, 6-29 Eval.Prec. Index, 6-80 events list of, D-28 list of active, 8-24 exchanging units, 8-2 exporting configuration, 6-72 external access, 6-86

F

factory settings, 8-23 Fail/Pass LED HPA, 8-20 SDU, 8-19 Fail/Pass LED, SBU, 8-21 features, 2-10 FLEX key sequence, 6-52 forwarding calls, 6-39 front connector SBU, 4-12 SDU, 4-2 functional test, airborne, 7-7 functional test, on ground, 7-4

G

GPS antenna distance from antenna, 5-7 input, 4-16 interference, 5-7 wiring, 5-36 ground speed, 5-33

Η

H+ number, 5-85 handset contexts for Multi-voice, 6-89 handsets AVIATOR Wireless, configuration, 6-44 initial configuration, 6-95 wiring, 5-46 header compression, 6-62 heading, 5-33 magnetic, 5-33 help desk number, 8-6 changing in web interface, 8-6 HLD dimensions, A-7 HPA DO-160 form, B-5 Environmental Qualification Form, B-5 LEDs on front panel, 8-20 mating connectors for, 4-25 mounting, 5-6 outline drawing, 3-4 power cables, 5-14 power supply, wiring, 5-12 rear receptacle, 4-10 specifications, A-4 Tray connector, outline drawing, 3-19 HSD+ upgrade, 2-15

Ι

IAI air interface status, 8-25 ICAO, 5-85

ICAO address, 24 bit discrete, 5-38 ICAO, wiring, 5-37 ICG DECT Cordless Handset initial configuration, 6-95 wiring (2-wire), 5-63 ID SBU software, 8-14 SDU software, 8-14 ID numbers, 5-85 IMEI number, 6-23 importing configuration, 6-73 Inmarsat service number, 5-85 inoperative units, 8-2 input GPS antenna, 4-16 installation kit contact information, 2-15 part number, 2-14 upgrade HSD+ to AVIATOR 700, 2-15 installation kits supplier, 5-1 interface SNMP, 6-68 WLAN, disable, 6-34 interface for software upgrades, 4-12 interfaces, 5-1 user, 2-21 interference GPS antenna, 5-7 IP address, 8-22 default, 8-22 external, setting up, 6-58 for connected device, 6-59 for web interface, 6-19 local, setting up, 6-30 local, viewing, 6-23 reset, 8-22 **IP** connection monitoring, 6-87 IP data streaming rate, 2-5 IP handset setting call type, 6-46 setting up, 6-44 IRIDIUM filter, G-1 Iridium ICS-200 wiring, 5-56 IRS navigational input, 5-6, 6-51 wiring, 5-31

ISDN cable requirements, 5-45 Cause codes (SLCV), D-8 interface description, 5-45 pins, 5-44 setup, 6-35 wiring, 5-44 ISDN interface setting up, 6-35 ISDN routing phone, fax and data, 5-47 ISN, 5-85

L

lamp driver interface specifications, 5-67, 5-68 LAN managing network users, 6-54 setting up interface, 6-29 setup, 6-29 LAN communication, 6-25 LEDs on HPA Fail/Pass, 8-20 Power, 8-20 LEDs on SBU Fail/Pass, 8-21 Logon, 8-21 Maintenance connector, 8-21 Power, 8-20 system ready, 6-99, 6-100 LEDs on SDU Fail/Pass, 8-19 Logon, 8-19 Power, 8-19 limit calls, 6-88 limiting data services, 6-75 streaming, 6-75 line identification, 6-42 link monitoring, 6-87 local exchange, 6-44 Multi-voice, 6-44 location SBU temperature controlled, 5-5 log off administrator, 6-71 log on administrator, 6-69 Logon LED on SBU, 8-21 Logon LED, SDU, 8-19

logs, clearing, 6-75 low pass filter, 5-42

Μ

MAC address, 6-23 Maintenance connector functional description, 4-12 LED, 8-21 PC and Reset, wiring, 5-75 pin-out, 4-13 Maintenance handset wiring, 5-78 Maintenance interface pin allocation, 5-77 manufacturer address, -ii MCDU wiring, 5-35 menu tree, 6-18 messages, D-1 MIB files, 6-68 minimum setup SBU, 6-13 SDU, 6-10 minimum system drawing, 5-3 mobile numbers viewing and editing, 6-26 model numbers, applicable, 2-12 monitoring external IP connection, 6-87 mounting considerations, 5-5 antenna, 5-6 HPA, 5-6 Rx Power Splitter, 5-5 SBU, 5-5 SDU, 5-5 WLAN antenna, 5-8 MSN number, 6-35 Multi-voice, 2-9, 6-27, 6-92 additional numbers, 6-88 additional numbers, assign to 2-wire, 6-35 additional numbers, assign to AVIATOR Wireless Handset, 6-46 handset contexts, 6-89 local exchange, 6-44

Ν

NAT, 6-63 NAV source wiring, 5-31 navigation in web interface, 6-20 navigational input, 5-3 AHRS/IRS, 5-6, 6-10 enter in configuration, 6-51 IRS in SBU, 6-51 SBU, 6-17 wiring, 5-31 netmask default, 8-23 Network Address Translation, 6-63 network management, 6-54 network terms definitions, 6-62 non-safety interfaces, 2-2

0

operation, 2-23 options FLEX keys, 6-52 outline drawings, 3-1

Ρ

packaging for return, 8-31 part number installation kit, 2-15 part numbers, 2-12 connector, 2-14 installation kit, 2-14 PAST, 8-17 PBX unit, 2-7 PC, Maintenance wiring, 5-75 PDP context, 6-25 permissions user, 6-84 Person Activated Self Test, 8-17 phone book, 6-26 phone numbers for terminal, 6-26 Phone/Fax setup, 6-34 Phone/Fax interface setting call type, 6-34 phonebook limit calls to, 6-88 phones wiring, 5-46 PIN administration PIN, 6-69 ping command from SBU, 6-87

pin-out, 4-1 2-Wire Cradle, DB9 connector, 4-23 4-Wire Cradle, DB15 connector, 4-21 HPA receptacle, 4-11 ISDN, 5-44 Maintenance interface, 5-77 SBU front connector, 4-13 SBU rear receptacle, 4-17, 4-18 SDU front connector, 4-3 SDU rear receptacle, 4-6 pitch angle, 5-33 pitch rate, 5-33 port forwarding, 6-30 POST, 8-17 **POTS** interface configuration, 5-47 power cables, 5-16 recommended, 5-82 Power LED on HPA, 8-20 on SBU, 8-20 on SDU, 8-19 Power On Self Test, 8-17 power splitter DO-160 string, B-9 equipment drawing, 3-8 specifications, A-9 **PPPoE** connection, 6-64 network connections, 6-65 setup, 6-65 setup equipment, 6-65 **PPPoE** setup non-default APN, 6-66 profiles for data transmission, 6-75 properties system, 6-23 protect change of SBU setup, 6-84 protection SBU setup, 6-68 protocol number, 6-81 provisioning, 5-86 Proxy server, disabling, 6-21 Push To Test button, 8-18

Q

QoS, 6-76 Quadrax connector wiring, 5-41 Quality of Service, 6-76 quick start SBU, 6-13 SDU, 6-10

R

rear receptacle HPA pin-out, 4-11 SBU pin-out, 4-17, 4-18 SDU pin-out, 4-6 reboot, 6-28, 8-25 references, H-1 remote control SBU, 6-87 remote management, 6-86 Repackaging requirements, 8-31 repair, 8-2 returning units, 8-31 reports distance, 6-53 interval, 6-53 position, 6-53 server connection, 6-53 Reset wiring, 5-75 reset default IP-address, 8-22 during self test, 8-25 password, 6-71 reset administrator password, 6-71 reset time counter for calls, 6-75 reset to factory settings, 8-23 residual bit error ratio, 6-78 restricted dialing, 6-46, 6-88 returning units, 8-31 **RF** cable requirements WLAN, 5-43 **RF** settings SBU, 6-10, 6-50 SDU, 6-10 roll angle, 5-33 roll rate, 5-33 router option limit when not available, 6-18 limits in single user mode, 6-29 RS-232 data cable, 5-77 RS-232 Maintenance wiring, 5-75 RTCA DO-160 forms, B-1

Rx Power Splitter mounting, 5-5 outline drawing, 3-8 specifications, A-9

S

satcom antennas, 2-8 satellite view selected, 6-23 SBU configuration backup, 6-72 cooling, 5-5 dimensions, A-6 DO-160 form, B-7 Environmental Qualification Form, B-7 front connector, 4-12 front connector, pin-out, 4-13 location in aircraft, 5-5 mating connectors for, 4-25 maximum cable length, 5-83 minimum software version Level D, 8-8 minimum software version Level E, 8-8 mounting, 5-5 outline drawing, 3-5 power cables, 5-16 protect for setup change, 6-84 quick start, 6-13 rear receptacle, 4-14 remote control, 6-87 specifications, A-6 Tray connector, outline drawing, 3-20 SBU Enable, 5-29 SBU Failed, 5-65, 6-47 SBU nON, 5-67 SBU nOn remote on/off, 5-67 SBU setup protection, 6-68 SBU software ID, 8-14

SDU

DO-160 form, B-2 Environmental Qualification Form, B-2 front connector, 4-2 LEDs on front panel, 8-19 mating connectors for, 4-24 mounting, 5-5 outline drawing, 3-2 power cables, 5-12 power supply, wiring, 5-10 quick start, 6-10 rear receptacle, 4-4 rear receptacle, pin-out, 4-6 software version, 8-8 specifications, A-2 Tray connector, outline drawing, 3-18 SDU and HPA Tray outline drawing, 3-15 SDU software ID, 8-14 security key wireless network, 6-33 self test, 8-25 serial number, 6-23 server connection reports, 6-53 Service Available, 6-47 service log, 8-5, 8-27 service numbers, 5-85 services supplementary, 6-35 services available, 2-4 sessions ongoing, 8-25 SETTINGS page, 6-28 setup, 5-86 AVIATOR Wireless Handset, 6-45 SBU minimum, 6-13 SDU minimum, 6-10 show number, 6-42 Sigma7 handsets initial configuration, 6-95 wiring, 5-62 SIM card activation, 5-86 SIM default, 6-37 SIM Lock, 6-82 SIM PIN, 6-82 single user, 6-29 single-user mode, 6-29 SIP client where to get, G-1 SIP profile, G-1

SIP setup, G-1 SIP telephony, 5-46 site map, 6-94 SLCV codes, D-8 SMS control SBU, 6-87 SNMP, 6-68 software viewing version, 6-23 software identification SBU label, 8-14 SDU label, 8-14 software update, 8-8 software upgrades interface, 4-12 software version minimum, 8-8 specifications, A-1 2-Wire Cradle, A-12 2-Wire Handset, A-12 4-Wire Cradle, A-11 4-Wire Handset, A-10 circuit breaker, 2-14 HPA, A-4 Rx Power Splitter, A-9 SBU, A-6 SDU, A-2 Tx Coupler, A-8 WLAN antenna, A-7 Splitter mounting, 5-5 outline drawing, 3-8 specifications, A-9 SSID, 6-33 standards, applicable, H-1 start connection, 6-25 static IP address device connected to SBU, 6-29 static route, 6-67 status ongoing calls and data sessions, 6-24 viewing, 6-23 streaming limit, 6-75 streaming rates, 2-5 supplementary services setting up, 6-35 support contact details, 8-1 contact information, 8-5 Swift 64 number, 5-85

SwiftBroadband number, 5-85 system drawing minimum, 5-3 system messages, D-1 system ready, 6-99, 6-100 system type, 6-49 system, minimum, 2-11

Т

tail number, 5-85 tariffs, 6-74 telephone interface setting call type, 6-34 temperature controlled SBU, 5-5 test procedures, 7-1 after power-up, 7-4 airborne, 7-7 before inserting LRUs, 7-2 interference with other systems on aircraft, 7-6 time connected, 6-75 time counter calls, reset, 6-75 total usage viewing, 6-24 track angle, 5-33 tracking, 6-53 traffic class, 6-77 traffic flow filters, 6-79 Transfer delay, 6-78 troubleshooting, 8-17 diagnostic report, 8-6 service log, 8-5 Tx Coupler outline drawing, 3-7 specifications, A-8

U

updating software, 8-8 upgrade from HSD+, trays needed, 2-15 HSD+ to AVIATOR 700 installation kit, 2-15 upload configuration, 6-73 usage counter, 6-24 clearing, 6-75 user interfaces, 2-21 user permissions, 6-84 setup, 6-84

۷

version of software, 6-23 voice mail number viewing, 6-28 voice quality setting for IP handsets, 6-46 setting for ISDN, 6-35 setting for Phone/Fax interface, 6-34 VoIP, 5-46

W

waiting calls, 6-41 warranty, 8-31 web interface accessing, 6-17 browser settings, 6-21 configuration, 6-13 menu tree, 6-18 navigating, 6-20 WH-10 handsets wiring, 5-53 Wifi encryption key, 6-33 name, 6-33 Wireless Handset, 6-44 wireless LAN interface setting up, 6-32 wireless local area network name, 6-33

wiring, 5-1, 5-9 2.4GHz Cordless phone (4-wire), 5-59 ACARS, 5-34 AFIS, 5-34 AHRS and IRS, 5-31 AMT-50 subsystem, 5-17 annunciators, 5-64 antenna, 5-16 ARINC 429 interfaces, 5-31 ARINC 741 antenna, 5-17 Chime/Lamps Inhibit, 5-64 CMU, 5-34 Cockpit Voice, 5-68 data cable for front connector, 5-75 discrete annunciators, 5-64 dual side panel antenna, 5-21 GPS antenna, 5-36 HPA power supply, 5-12 ICAO, 5-37 ICG DECT Cordless Handset (2-wire), 5-63 Iridium ICS-200 interface, 5-56 ISDN, 5-44 Maintenance handset, 5-78 Maintenance PC and Reset, 5-75 MCDU, 5-35 NAV source, 5-31 phones and handsets, 5-46 Quadrax connector, 5-41 SDU power supply, 5-10 Sigma7 handsets, 5-62 symbols, 5-9 WH-10 handsets, 5-53 WLAN antenna, 5-42 wiring symbol Coax, 5-9 Ground, 5-9 Shield, 5-9 Twisted and shielded, 5-9 WLAN cable, max. length, 5-83 country code, 6-33 disable, 6-32, 6-34 enable, 6-32 encryption key, 6-33 interface description, 5-42 interface, setting up, 6-32 low pass filter, 5-42 maximum cable length, 5-83 RF cable requirements, 5-43 setup, 6-32 single antenna, 5-43

WLAN antenna mounting, 5-8 recommended type, 5-8 specifications, A-7 wiring, 5-42 WLAN Enable, 5-67 WOW SDU pins, 5-66



