

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.197.12.21.BES.A

WALTEK TESTING GROUP (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD

1/F., ROOM 101, BUILDING 1, HONGWEI INDUSTRIAL PARK, LIUXIAN 2ND ROAD, BLOCK 70
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 18/21 EPGO356

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 07/08/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme Le Gall | Measurement Responsible | 7/10/2022 | |
| Checked by : | Jérôme Luc | Technical Manager | 7/10/2022 | Jes |
| Approved by : | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 7/14/2022 | Gann TOUTANN |

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| | Customer Name |
|----------------|--|
| Distribution : | Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd |

| Issue | Name | Date | Modifications |
|-------|------------|-----------|-----------------|
| A | Jérôme Luc | 7/10/2022 | Initial release |
| - | | | |
| | | | |
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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| Device Type COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROB | | | |
| Manufacturer | MVG | | |
| Model | SSE2 | | |
| Serial Number | SN 18/21 EPGO356 | | |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New | | |
| Frequency Range of Probe | 0.15 GHz-6GHz | | |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.221 MΩ | | |
| | Dipole 2: R2=0.197 MΩ | | |
| Dipole 3: R3=0.195 MΩ | | | |

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

| Probe Length | 330 mm |
|--|--------|
| Length of Individual Dipoles | 2 mm |
| Maximum external diameter | 8 mm |
| Probe Tip External Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm |

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100 W/kg.



3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{\rm be}$ + $d_{\rm step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2 d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}} f(\delta \rho)}\right)}{\delta / 2} \quad \mathrm{for} \, \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

 d_{be} is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{he} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.



The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2 | | | | a. | 14 % |

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Calibration Parameters Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Lab Humidity 30-70 % | | | | |

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

| Normx dipole $1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ | Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ | Normz dipole 3 (μ V/(V/m) ²) | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 0.98 | 0.94 | 0.75 | |

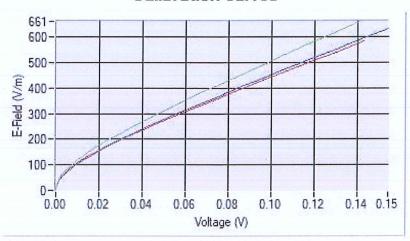
| DCP dipole 1 | DCP dipole 2 | DCP dipole 3 | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| (mV) | (mV) | (mV) | |
| 105 | 107 | 104 | |

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



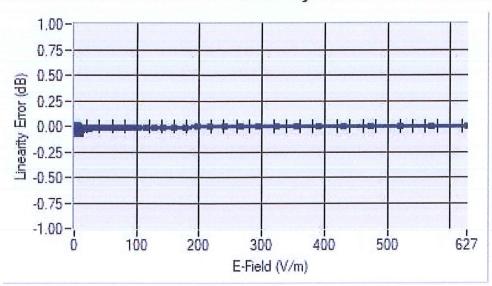




Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

5.2 **LINEARITY**

Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.73% (+/-0.08dB)





SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

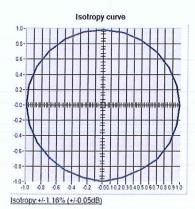
| Liquid | Frequency | ConvF |
|--------|-----------------|-------|
| | <u>(MHz +/-</u> | |
| | <u>100MHz)</u> | |
| HL750 | 750 | 1.66 |
| BL750 | 750 | 1.76 |
| HL850 | 835 | 1.71 |
| BL850 | 835 | 1.78 |
| HL900 | 900 | 1.88 |
| BL900 | 900 | 1.85 |
| HL1800 | 1800 | 2.11 |
| BL1800 | 1800 | 2.15 |
| HL1900 | 1900 | 2.21 |
| BL1900 | 1900 | 2.30 |
| HL2000 | 2000 | 2.41 |
| BL2000 | 2000 | 2.39 |
| HL2450 | 2450 | 2.29 |
| BL2450 | 2450 | 2.60 |
| HL2600 | 2600 | 2.22 |
| BL2600 | 2600 | 2.41 |
| HL3300 | 3300 | 2.64 |
| BL3300 | 3300 | 2.16 |
| HL3500 | 3500 | 2.05 |
| BL3500 | 3500 | 2.20 |
| HL3700 | 3700 | 2.27 |
| BL3700 | 3700 | 2.24 |
| HL3900 | 3900 | 2.38 |
| BL3900 | 3900 | 2.45 |
| HL4200 | 4200 | 2.42 |
| BL4200 | 4200 | 2.53 |
| HL4600 | 4600 | 2.41 |
| BL4600 | 4600 | 2.64 |
| HL4900 | 4900 | 2.21 |
| BL4900 | 4900 | 2.46 |
| HL5200 | 5200 | 1.91 |
| BL5200 | 5200 | 1.84 |
| HL5400 | 5400 | 2.12 |
| BL5400 | 5400 | 2.02 |
| HL5600 | 5600 | 2.25 |
| BL5600 | 5600 | 2.20 |
| HL5800 | 5800 | 2.14 |
| BL5800 | 5800 | 2.11 |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg



5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL1800 MHz



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LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Equipment Description | I donatification No. | | | | | |
| Flat Phantom | MVG | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. | | |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. | | |
| Network Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM | 100203 | 05/2022 | 05/2024 | | |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223 | 05/2022 | 05/2024 | | |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1160271 | 02/2020 | 02/2023 | | |
| Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz SMB | 106589 | 04/2022 | 04/2024 | | |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | |
| Power Meter | NI-USB 5680 | 170100013 | 05/2022 | 05/2024 | | |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | |
| Waveguide | Mega Industries | 10091/=108=13=/171 | | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Waveguide Transition | Mega Industries | 10091/-108-13-/1111 | | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Waveguide Termination | Mega Industries | 0091/-158-13-701 | | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor | Testo 184 H1 | 44220687 | 05/2020 | 05/2023 | | |



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.104.1.15.SATU.A

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road BAO'AN DISTRICT SHENZHEN, P.R.C. (518101)

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



03/11/2020

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 3/11/2020 | Jes |
| Checked by: | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 3/11/2020 | JES |
| Approved by: | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 3/11/2020 | him Puthowshi |

| | Customer Name |
|---------------|---|
| Distribution: | Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|
| A | 3/11/2020 | Initial release |
| | | |
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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE | | |
| Manufacturer | MVG | | |
| Model | SID2450 | | |
| Serial Number | SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364 | | |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New | | |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 <u>MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|--|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.1 dB |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 3 - 300 | 0.05 mm | | |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 g | 20.3 % |

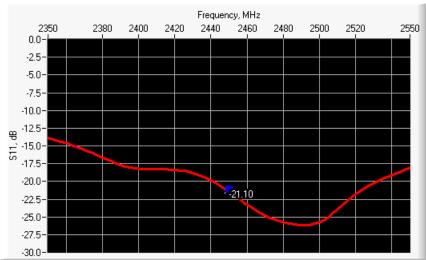
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| 10 g | 20.1 % |
|------|--------|
| | |

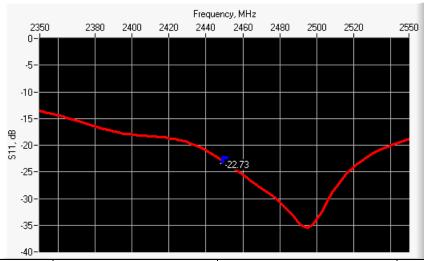
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID</u>



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2450 | -21.10 | -20 | $45.2 \Omega + 7.3 j\Omega$ |

6.2 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID</u>



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2450 | -22.73 | -20 | $48.7 \Omega + 7.2 j\Omega$ |

6.3 <u>MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS</u>

| Frequency MHz | L mm | | h mm | | d mm | |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 420.0 ±1 %. | | 250.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |

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| 450 | 290.0 ±1 %. | | 166.7 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|------------|------|
| 750 | 176.0 ±1 %. | | 100.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 835 | 161.0 ±1 %. | | 89.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 900 | 149.0 ±1 %. | | 83.3 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1450 | 89.1 ±1 %. | | 51.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1500 | 80.5 ±1 %. | | 50.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1640 | 79.0 ±1 %. | | 45.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1750 | 75.2 ±1 %. | | 42.9 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1800 | 72.0 ±1 %. | | 41.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1900 | 68.0 ±1 %. | | 39.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1950 | 66.3 ±1 %. | | 38.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2000 | 64.5 ±1 %. | | 37.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2100 | 61.0 ±1 %. | | 35.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2300 | 55.5 ±1 %. | | 32.6 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2450 | 51.5 ±1 %. | PASS | 30.4 ±1 %. | PASS | 3.6 ±1 %. | PASS |
| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. | | 28.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3000 | 41.5 ±1 %. | | 25.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.0±1 %. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7±1 %. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}') | | Conductiv | ity (σ) S/m |
|------------------|---|----------|-----------|-------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 ±5 % | | 0.89 ±5 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.90 ±5 % | |
| 900 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.97 ±5 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 ±5 % | | 1.20 ±5 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 ±5 % | | 1.23 ±5 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 ±5 % | | 1.31 ±5 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 ±5 % | | 1.37 ±5 % | |

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| 1800 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|
| 1900 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1950 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2100 | 39.8 ±5 % | | 1.49 ±5 % | |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±5 % | | 1.67 ±5 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±5 % | PASS | 1.80 ±5 % | PASS |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±5 % | | 1.96 ±5 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±5 % | | 2.40 ±5 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±5 % | | 2.91 ±5 % | |

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

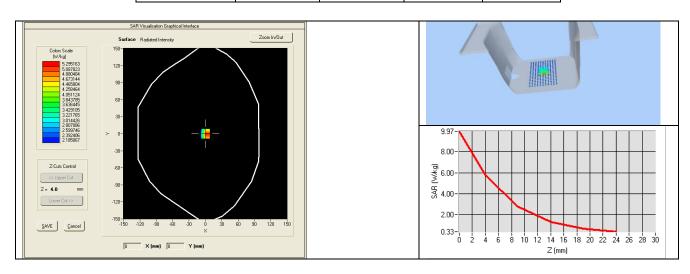
| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Head Liquid Values: eps': 38.9 sigma: 1.79 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | | 10 g SAR (| (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|----------|------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | | 6.22 | |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |

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| 1900 | 39.7 | | 20.5 | |
|------|------|--------------|------|--------------|
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |
| 2450 | 52.4 | 53.76 (5.38) | 24 | 24.32 (2.43) |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |



7.3 <u>BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}') | | Conductiv | ity (σ) S/m |
|------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 150 | 61.9 ±5 % | | 0.80 ±5 % | |
| 300 | 58.2 ±5 % | | 0.92 ±5 % | |
| 450 | 56.7 ±5 % | | 0.94 ±5 % | |
| 750 | 55.5 ±5 % | | 0.96 ±5 % | |
| 835 | 55.2 ±5 % | 0.97 ±5 % | | |
| 900 | 55.0 ±5 % | 1.05 ±5 % | | |
| 915 | 55.0 ±5 % | | 1.06 ±5 % | |
| 1450 | 54.0 ±5 % | | 1.30 ±5 % | |
| 1610 | 53.8 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1800 | 53.3 ±5 % | | 1.52 ±5 % | |
| 1900 | 53.3 ±5 % | | 1.52 ±5 % | |
| 2000 | 53.3 ±5 % | 1.52 ±5 % | | |
| 2100 | 53.2 ±5 % | 1.62 ±5 % | | |
| 2450 | 52.7 ±5 % | PASS | 1.95 ±5 % | PASS |

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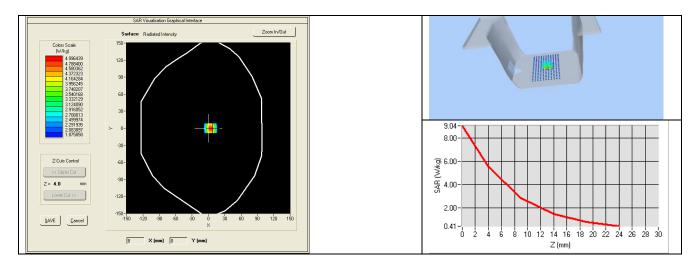


| 2600 | 52.5 ±5 % | 2.16 ±5 % | |
|------|------------|------------|--|
| 3000 | 52.0 ±5 % | 2.73 ±5 % | |
| 3500 | 51.3 ±5 % | 3.31 ±5 % | |
| 5200 | 49.0 ±10 % | 5.30 ±10 % | |
| 5300 | 48.9 ±10 % | 5.42 ±10 % | |
| 5400 | 48.7 ±10 % | 5.53 ±10 % | |
| 5500 | 48.6 ±10 % | 5.65 ±10 % | |
| 5600 | 48.5 ±10 % | 5.77 ±10 % | |
| 5800 | 48.2 ±10 % | 6.00 ±10 % | |

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Body Liquid Values: eps': 52.7 sigma: 1.94 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | measured | measured |
| 2450 | 50.33 (5.03) | 23.38 (2.34) |



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| | Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date | | |
| SAM Phantom | MVG | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2019 | 02/2022 | | |
| Calipers | Carrera | CALIPER-01 | 12/2019 | 12/2022 | | |
| Reference Probe | MVG | EPG122 SN 18/11 | 10/2019 | 10/2020 | | |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 12/2019 | 12/2022 | | |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2019 | 12/2022 | | |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 12/2019 | 12/2020 | | |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 12/2019 | 12/2022 | | |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to Characterized prior test. No cal required. test. No cal requi | | | |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 8/2018 | 8/2021 | | |

Appendix A. Extended Calibration SAR Dipole

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dBm, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of Extended Calibration SAR Dipole SID2450- serial no.SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364

| | | | Head | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (johm) | Delta (johm) |
| 2020-03-11 | -21.10 | / | 45.2 | / | 7.3 | / |
| 2021-03-01 | -22.02 | 19.09 | 46.0 | 0.8 | 7.0 | 0.3 |
| 2022-03-08 | -21.48 | 8.38 | 46.6 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 0.8 |

| Body | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (johm) | Delta (johm) |
| 2020-03-11 | -22.73 | / | 48.7 | / | 7.2 | / |
| 2021-03-01 | -23.42 | 14.69 | 48.9 | 0.2 | 7.0 | 0.2 |
| 2022-03-08 | -23.28 | 11.90 | 49.3 | 0.6 | 6.8 | 0.4 |

The Return-Loss is <-20dB, and within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the value result should support extended.