FCC ID:2A5EZA4

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· $[\sqrt{f(GHZ)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

433.92

Transmit power:

Frequency	EIRP power	EIRP power		
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBm)		
433.92	61.92	-33.34		

EIRP=E-104.8+20log(D)

EIRP=conducted power + antenna gain antenna gain: 0.71dBi;

Modulatio	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conduct ed power (dBm)	Conducte	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)		Result calculation	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
FSK	0.43392	-34.05	0.0004	-34±1	-33	0.001	<5	0.00007	3.00	YES

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.00007 \le 3.0$ for 1g SAR, SAR is not required.

Signature:

Alex

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