

RF Exposure evaluation

**Test report
On Behalf of
ZAPPITI AV
For
Media Player**

Model No.: ZAP014, ZAP015, ZAP016, ZAP017, ZAP018, ZAP019

FCC ID: 2A3VB-ZAP014

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**Date of Test: Sep. 22, 2021 ~ Nov. 18, 2021
Date of Report: Dec. 22, 2021
Report Number: UNIA21102016ER-64**

1.1 Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

KDB447498 v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

1.2 Requirement

Systems operating under the provisions of FCC 47 CFR section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device, and below RF Permissible Exposure limit shall comply with.

In accordance with KDB447498D01 for Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0 . The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum test separation distance required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency. Either the maximum peak or spatially averaged results from measurements or numerical simulations may be used to determine the MPE ratios. Spatial averaging does not apply when MPE is estimated using simple calculations based on far-field plane-wave equivalent conditions. The antenna installation and operating requirements for the host device must meet the minimum test separation distances required by all antennas, in both standalone and simultaneous transmission operations, to satisfy compliance.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range(MHz)	Electric Field Strength(V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength(A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minute)
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3 – 3.0	614	1.63	(100) *	6
3.0 – 30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f ²)*	6
30 – 300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300 – 1500	/	/	f/300	6
1500 – 100,000	/	/	5	6

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range(MHz)	Electric Field Strength(V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength(A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minute)
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3 – 3.0	614	1.63	(100) *	30
3.0 – 30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30 – 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 – 1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500 – 100,000	/	/	1.0	30

F=frequency in MHz

*=Plane-wave equivalent power density



1.4 MPE Calculation Method

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S=power density

P=power input to antenna

G=power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R=distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

As declared by the Applicant, the EUT transmits with the maximum source-based Duty Cycle of 100%-see the User manual, and the EUT is a wireless device used in a mobile application, at least 20 cm from any body part of the user or nearby persons; from the maximum EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, $r=20\text{cm}$, the gain of the used antenna is -0.70dBi for WCDMA Band 5, the gain of the used antenna is 1.5dBi for WCDMA Band 2, the gain of the used antenna is 1.5dBi for LTE Band 2, the gain of the used antenna is 1.4dBi for LTE Band 4, the gain of the used antenna is -1.2dBi for LTE Band 12, and the power drift from Turn-up Procedure provide by manufacturer as following states, the RF power density can be obtained.

1.5 Evaluation Result

1.5.1 Standalone MPE

Mode	Minimum Separation Distance (cm)	Output Power (Turn-up Procedure)		Antenna Gain (Numeric)	Power Density At 20 cm (mW/cm ²)	Power Density Limit (mW/cm ²)	Test Results
		dBm	mW				
2.4G WiFi	20.00	12.25	16.788	0.631	0.0021	1.0000	PASS
5G WiFi	20.00	12.85	19.275	0.631	0.0024	1.0000	PASS

1.5.2 Simultaneous transmission MPE Considerations

According to KDB447498: For mobile exposure host platform to qualify for simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion, all transmitters and antennas in the host must be either evaluated for MPE compliance, by measurement or computational modeling, or qualify for the standalone MPE test exclusion in section 7.1.

Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0 .

This means that:

$$\sum \text{ of MPE ratios} \leq 1.0$$

Power Density / Power Density Limit

$$\text{Power density / Power density Limit}(2.4G WiFi) = 0.0021$$

$$\text{Power density / Power density Limit}(5G WiFi) = 0.0024$$

$$0.0021+0.0024=0.0045<1$$

So the Simultaneous transmission of the 2.4G WiFi/5G WiFi conform the requirements

1.6 Conclusion

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

.....End of Report.....