

FCC ID : 2A3QW-K-RECEIVER

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Band of Operation		Conducted Power w/tolerance	Conducted Power	Distance (R) mm	Result calculation	SAR Exclusion threshold	Result
Type	MHz						
2.4G Hopping Radio	2403- 2480	-2.46	0.57 mW	<5	0.17875	3.00	Pass

Conclusion:

For the max result: $0.17875 \leq 3.0$ for 1g SAR, SAR is not required.