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TE	ST REPORT		
Report No	CHTEW22120003	Report vertification:	
Project No:	SHT2209079802EW		
FCC ID:	2A3OORB48		
Applicant's name:	Shenzhen Ysair Technology	Co., LTD	
Address	6/F, building 6, Yunli intelligent Road, Yangmei community, Ba Shenzhen,Guangdong,China	park, No. 3, Changfa Middle antian street, Longgang District,	
Test item description:	Two Way Radio		
Trade Mark:	RETEVIS		
Model/Type reference	RB48		
Listed Model(s)	-		
Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Editio IEEE 1528: 2013	n	
Date of receipt of test sample	Nov.18, 2022		
Date of testing	Nov.18, 2022- Nov.30, 2022		
Date of issue:	Dec.01, 2022		
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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)	
RF Exposure Conditions	FRS
Head(Dist.= 25mm)	0.592
Body-worn(Dist.= 0mm)	1.303

Note:

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg@1g) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and IEEE Std C95.1,

2. This device had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

TCB workshop: April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2022-12-01	Original

3. <u>Summary</u>

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Shenzhen Ysair Technology Co., LTD
Address:	6/F, building 6, Yunli intelligent park, No. 3, Changfa Middle Road, Yangmei community, Bantian street, Longgang District, Shenzhen,Guangdong,China
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Ysair Technology Co., LTD
Address:	6/F, building 6, Yunli intelligent park, No. 3, Changfa Middle Road, Yangmei community, Bantian street, Longgang District, Shenzhen,Guangdong,China

3.2. Product Description

Main unit	
Name of EUT:	Two Way Radio
Trade Mark:	RETEVIS
Model No.:	RB48
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	DC 3.7V from battery
Hardware version:	V1.02
Software version:	V1.02
Device Dimension:	Length x Width x Thickness (mm): 120X60X45mm
Device Category:	Portable
Product stage:	Production unit
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled
HTW test sample No.:	YPHT22090798002
Ancillary unit	
Battery information:	Model: BL648 Voltage: 3.7V Capacity: 2000mAh(7.4Wh)
Charger information:	Model: DC648 Input: 5V/1A Output: 5V/480mA*2

Note:

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.

3.3. Radio Specification Description

	CH01~CH07: 462.5625MHz~ 462.71	25MHz
Operation Frequency Range:	CH08~CH14: 467.5625MHz~ 467.7125MHz	
	CH15~CH22: 462.5500MHz~ 462.72	250MHz
Rated Output Power:	High Power: 2W	Low Power: 0.5W
Modulation Type:	FM	
Channel Bandwidth:	12.5kHz	
Antenna Type:	Integral	
Remark:		
1. The maximum duty cycle supported by the device is 50%.		

3.4. Test frequency list

When the frequency channels required for SAR testing are not specified, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels. The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode.

$$N_{\rm c} = Round \left\{ \left[100 \left(f_{\rm high} - f_{\rm low} \right) \right] f_{\rm c} \right\}^{0.5} \times \left(f_{\rm c} / 100 \right)^{0.2} \right\},$$

 N_c is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer,

f_{high} and f_{low} are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band,

 $f_{\rm c}$ is the mid-band channel frequency,

all frequencies are in MHz.

Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency band (MHz)
CH4	462.6375	462.5625~462.7125 462.5500~462.7250
CH11	467.6375	467.5625~467.7125

Test Channel	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency band (MHz)
01	462.5625	12	467.6625
02	462.5875	13	467.6875
03	462.6125	14	467.7125
04	462.6375	15	462.5500
05	462.6625	16	462.5750
06	462.6875	17	462.6000
07	462.7125	18	462.6250
08	467.5625	19	462.6500
09	467.5875	20	462.6750
10	467.6125	21	462.7000
11	467.6375	22	462.7250

The Product channel frequency table:

3.5. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.	
Laboratory Location	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China	
Connect information:	Tel: 86-755-26715499 E-mail: <u>cs@szhtw.com.cn</u> <u>http://www.szhtw.com.cn</u>	
Qualifications	Туре	Accreditation Number
Qualifications	FCC	762235

3.6. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2022/04/12	2023/04/11
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3748	2022/08/03	2023/08/02
0	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2022/05/12	2023/05/11
• T	issue-equivalent liquids Va	lidation				
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2022/08/29	2023/08/28
• S	ystem Validation					
0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2021/01/20	2024/01/19
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2021/01/26	2024/01/25
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2022/05/25	2023/05/24
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2022/05/25	2023/05/24
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101386	2022/05/12	2023/05/11
•	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2022/11/10	2023/11/09
•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2022/11/10	2023/11/09
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2022/11/10	2023/11/09
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2022/11/10	2023/11/09

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix E and F.

2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

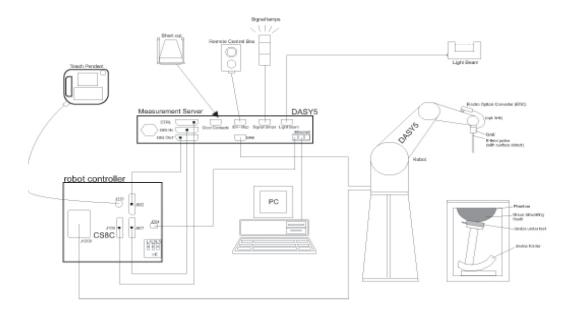
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

• Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

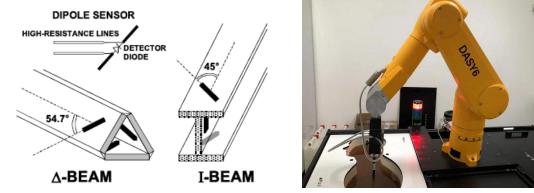
CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency	10 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 10 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

• Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

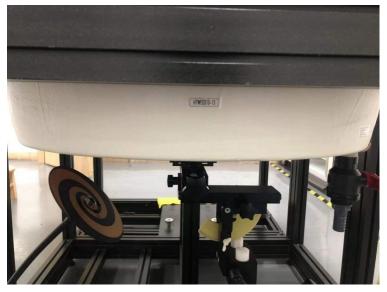
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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6.3. Phantoms

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with standard and all known tissuesimulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can beintegrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of thecomplete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurementgrids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAGdosimetric probes and dipoles.



ELI4 Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \operatorname{mm} \pm 0.5 \operatorname{mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orienta above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be \leq the nsion of the test device with

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Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 5 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \\ 4-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \end{array}$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	\leq 5 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \; \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{graded} \\ \mbox{grid} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(1) \mbox{: between } \\ \mbox{1st two points closest} \\ \mbox{to phantom surface} \\ \hline \Delta z_{Zoom}(n \mbox{>} 1) \mbox{: between subsequent} \\ \mbox{points} \end{array}$		\leq 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
			$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Z_{OC}}$	m(n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		\geq 30 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \geq 28 \text{ mm} \\ 4-5 \text{ GHz:} \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ 5-6 \text{ GHz:} \geq 22 \text{ mm} \end{array}$
A				

Note: \hat{o} is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity: Conversion factor:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2 ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

	J
Vi:	compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Normi:	sensor sensitivity of channel ($i = x, y, z$),
	[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF:	sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij:	sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f:	carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei:	electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi:	magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\delta}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot: total field strength in V/m

σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. <u>Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom</u>

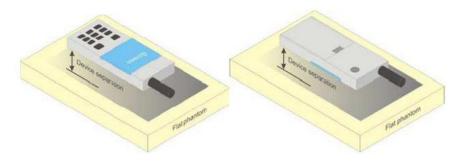
8.1. Front-of-face

A typical example of a front-of-face device is a two-way radio that is held at a distance from the face of the user when transmitting. In these cases the device under test shall be positioned at the distance to the phantom surface that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, a separation distance of 25 mm between the phantom surface and the device shall be used.



8.2. Body Position

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



9. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C

and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ε_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within \pm 5% of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%. This is limited to frequencies \leq 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters for Head						
Target Frequency	Head					
(MHz)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)				
450	43.5	0.87				

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Measurement Results:

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency		٤ _r	σ(\$		σ(S/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp	Date
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ε _r)	(σ)	Limit	(°C)	Date		
450	43.50	42.61	0.870	0.896	-2.05%	2.99%	±5%	22.2	2022/11/25		
462	43.44	42.41	0.871	0.902	-2.37%	3.56%	±5%	22.2	2022/11/25		
467	43.41	42.33	0.871	0.904	-2.49%	3.79%	±5%	22.2	2022/11/25		

9.2. SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02,SAR system validadion status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

9.3. System Check

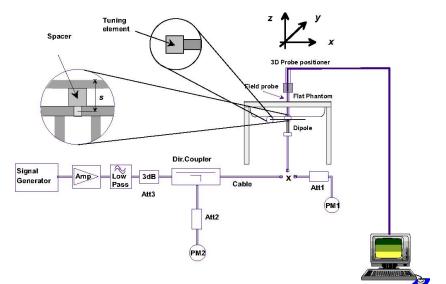
SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz

and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup



Photo of Dipole Setup

Measurement Results:

Head											
Frequency	Frequency 1g SAR 10g SAR		Delta Delta	Delta	Delta	Temp					
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g))g)	(°C)	Date
450	4.60	4.80	1.20	3.09	3.18	0.796	4.35%	3.04%	±10%	22.4	2022/11/25

Note:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 450MHz

Communication System: UID 0, A-CW (0); Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

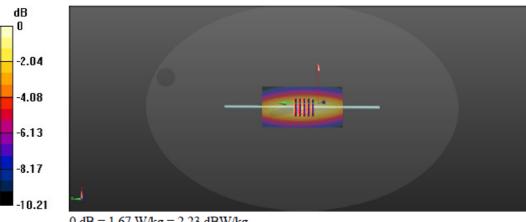
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 8/3/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.64 W/kg

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 44.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.796 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.67 W/kg



0 dB = 1.67 W/kg = 2.23 dBW/kg

10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)					
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment				
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0				
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

11. Radiated Power Measurement Results and Tune-up

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D04

	Power								
Mada	Channel	Channel Frequency			Tune up limit				
Mode	Separation	Channel	MHz	ERP (dBm)	(dBm)				
Analog	10.564	CH4	462.6375	31.87	32.00				
Analog	12.5kHz	CH11	467.6375	25.77	26.00				

12. SAR Measurement Results

	Head										
Mode	Channel	Frequency		ency ERP		Tune up scaling	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	50% Duty SAR(1g)	Plot No.
wode	Separation	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	FIOLINO.
Analog	12.5kHz	CH4	462.6375	31.87	32.00	1.030	-0.020	1.150	1.185	0.592	1
Analog	Analog 12.5kHz	CH11	467.6375	25.77	26.00	1.054	-0.090	0.422	0.445	0.222	-

	Body-worn												
Mode	Channel			ERP limit		Tune up Tune up		scaling Power		Measured SAR(1g)			Plot No.
mode	Separation	СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	110(110).		
Analog	12.564	CH4	462.6375	31.87	32.00	1.030	-0.11	2.530	2.607	1.303	2		
Analog	12.5kHz	CH11	467.6375	25.77	26.00	1.054	-0.18	0.981	1.034	0.517	-		

Note:

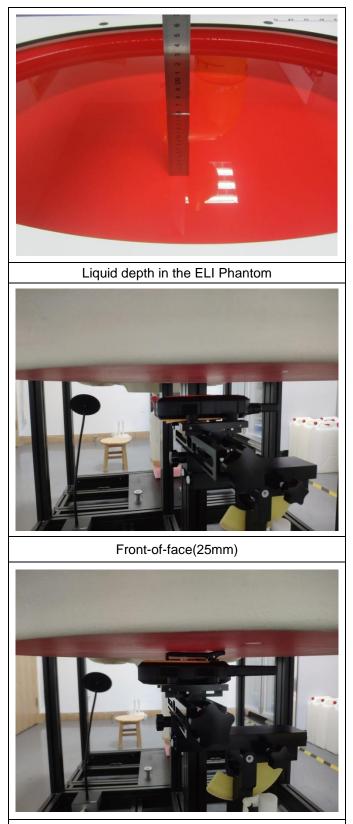
1. The distance of the front-of-face test is 25mm, the distance of the Body-worn test is 0mm.

2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.

3. The Body-worn SAR evaluation was performed with the Leather Case body-worn accessory attached to the DUT and touching the outer surface of the planar phantom.

4. SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix D.

13. Test Setup Photos



Body-worn(0mm)

14. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please refer to the test report No.: CHTEW22120001

-----End of Report------

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Analog-CH4-12.5k-Head

Communication System: UID 0, Analog (0); Frequency: 462.637 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 463 MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.395$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.3°C;

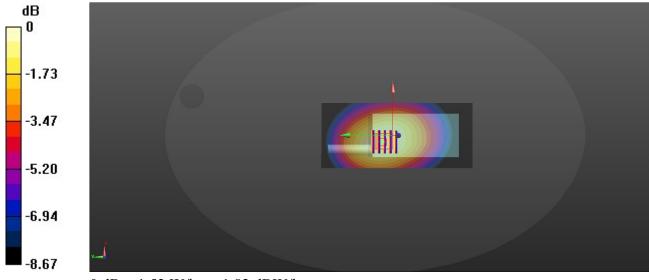
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72) @ 462.637 MHz; Calibrated: 8/3/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Front of face/CH 4/Area Scan (61x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.53 W/kg

Front of face/CH 4/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 40.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.80 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.832 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg



0 dB = 1.52 W/kg = 1.82 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Analog-CH4-12.5k-Body

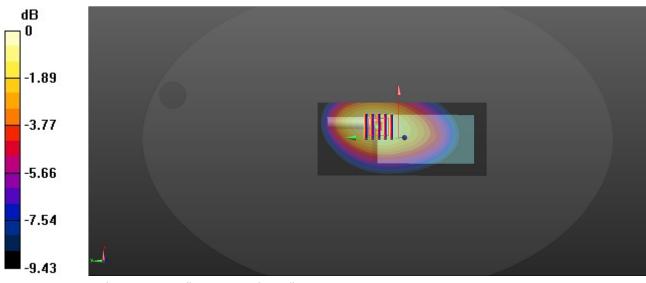
Communication System: UID 0, Analog (0); Frequency: 462.637 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 463 MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.395$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.2°C;Liquid Temperature:22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72) @ 462.637 MHz; Calibrated: 8/3/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 4/Area Scan (61x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.43 W/kg

Rear/CH 4/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 58.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.09 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.78 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.44 W/kg



0 dB = 3.44 W/kg = 5.37 dBW/kg

1.1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com	Fax: +86-10-623046. Http://www.chinattl.org	33-2504	CNAS L0570
Client : HT	and the second se		No: Z22-60121
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	
Object	DAE4 -	SN: 1549	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-211	-002-01 tion Procedure for the Data Acquis	sition Electronics
Calibration date:	April 12	2, 2022	
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%.	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in t	raceability to national standards, whi the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: environ	ability are given on the following
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo	the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: environ	ability are given on the followin
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal	the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: environ or calibration)	ability are given on the followin
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal 1971018	the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: environ or calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465)	ability are given on the followin nment temperature(22±3)℃ an Scheduled Calibration Jun-22
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards Process Calibrator 753	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal	the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: environ or calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	ability are given on the followin nment temperature(22±3)°C an Scheduled Calibration
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal 1971018	the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: environ or calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465) Function	ability are given on the following nment_temperature(22±3)℃ and Scheduled Calibration Jun-22



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

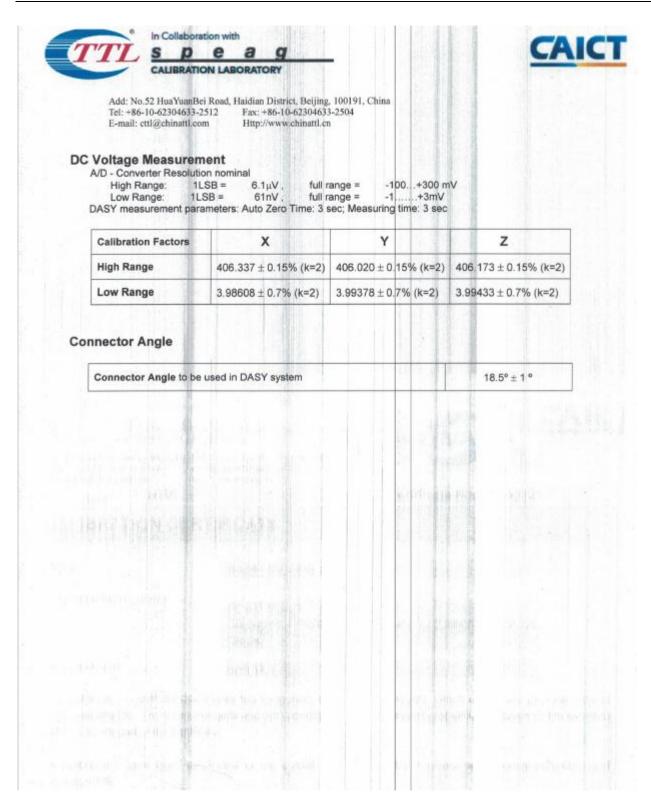
Glossary: DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





С

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Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Morefast (Auden)

Certificate No

EX-3748_Aug22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3748
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date	August 03, 2022
The measurements and the un	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). acertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. ducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	20-Oct-21 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct21)	Oct-22
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	20-Oct-21 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013 Dec21)	Dec-22

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check		
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24		
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24		
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24		
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24		
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22		

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	d. top
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	5.6
This calibration certifica	ate shall not be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the la	Issued: August 3, 2022 boratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y,z = NORMx, y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvE
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- · ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \le 800 \text{ MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- · Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3748

Basic Calibration Parameters

Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc $(k = 2)$
0.38	0.47	0.47	±10.1%
104.7	100.0	103.4	±4.7%
	0.38	0.38 0.47	0.38 0.47 0.47

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	$B dB \sqrt{\mu V}$	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	Х	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	163.9	±2.5%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		160.2		± 1.7 /
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		152.5		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E⁻-field uncertainty inside for (see Fage 2).
 ^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3748

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-69.5°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	9 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3748

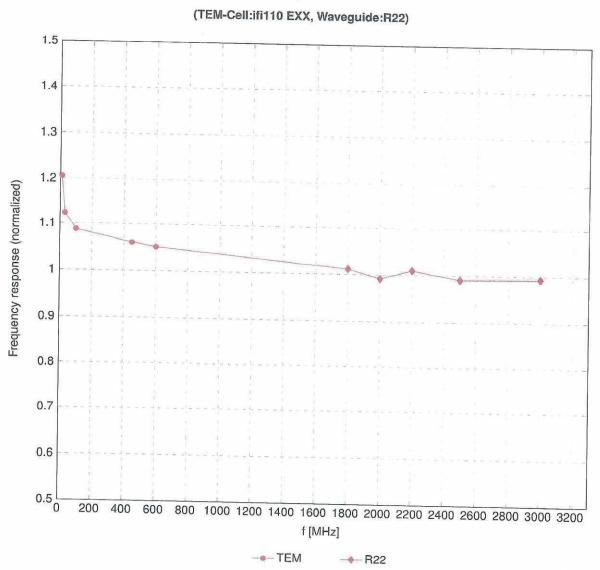
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
150	52.3	0.76	11.72	11.72	11.72	0.00	1.00	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.16	1.30	±13.3%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

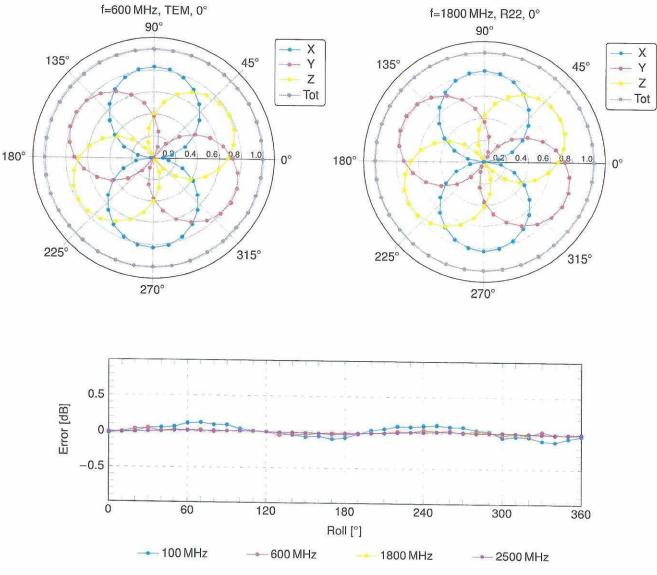
At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$ if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to $\pm 5\%$. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



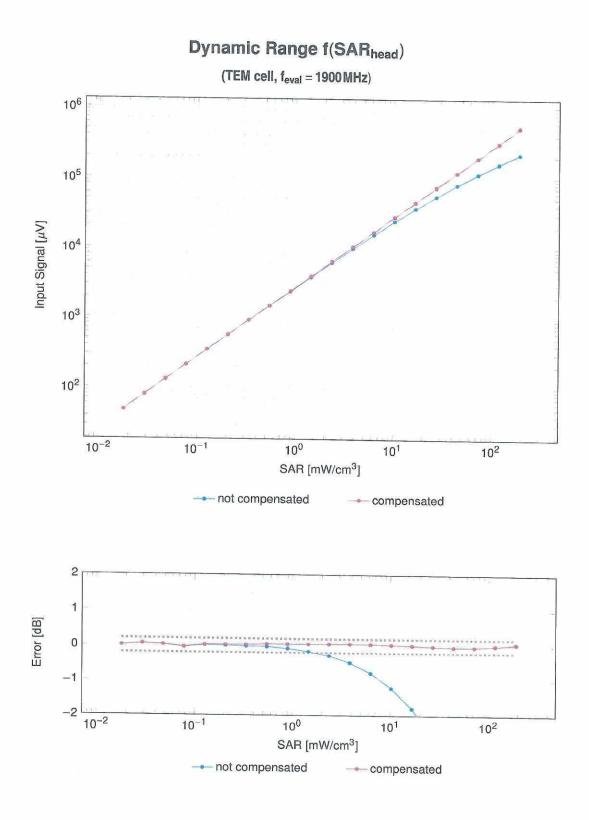
Frequency Response of E-Field

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)



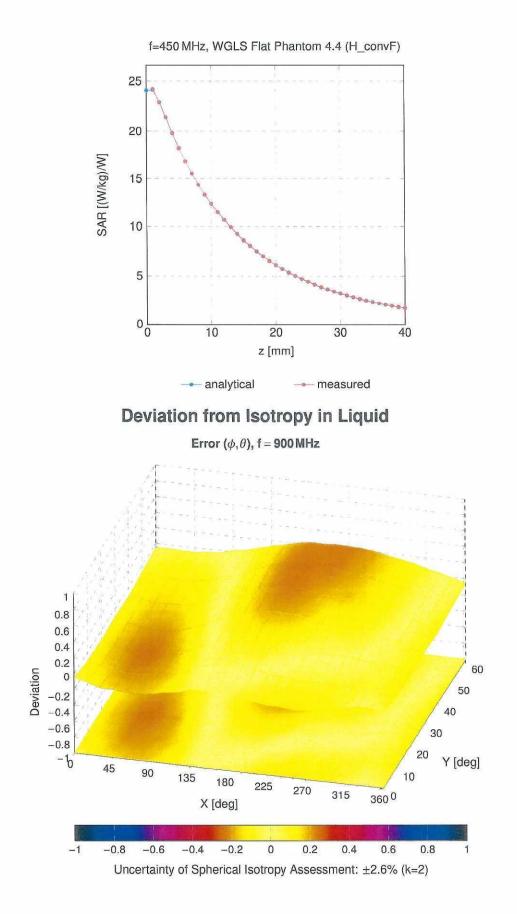
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



1.1. D450V3 Dipole Calibration Certificate

			Swiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accreditatione Swiss Accreditation Service is	s one of the signatories	to the EA	creditation No.: SCS 0108
ultilateral Agreement for the reco ient HTW (Auden)	ognition of calibration of		. D450V3-1102_Jan21
CALIBRATION CE	RTIFICATE		
Dbject	D450V3 - SN:110	2	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v9		
	Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	January 20, 2021		
salibration dale.	January 20, 2021		
		y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°(C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards		y łacility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)° Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-21
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP	critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	eritical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 310982 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: C2552 (20x) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 654 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3877_Dec20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: C2552 (20x) SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3877_Dec20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 03245 SN: 02552 (20x) SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3877_Dec20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 202552 (20x) SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210 SN: US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3877_Dec20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 03245 SN: 02552 (20x) SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. 2X7-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 202552 (20x) SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210 SN: US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3877_Dec20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: C2552 (20x) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 654 ID # SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210 SN: US41080477	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. 2X7-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 06245 SN: 06245 SN: 06247 SN: 654 ID # SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210 SN: US3642U01700 SN: US3642U01700 SN: US41080477 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. 2X7-03104) 30-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) 26-Jun-20 (No. DAE4-654_Jun20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Function	Scheduled Calibration Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22

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Schmid & P Engineerii Zeughausstrass		Hac-MRA		C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service
		Malabaha .		000 0100
	Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)	tarias to the EA		Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
	editation Service is one of the signa eement for the recognition of calibra			
Glossary:				
TSL	tissue simulating			
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL			
N/A	not applicable or	not measured		
Calibration	is Performed According	a to the Followi	ng Standards:	
a) IFFF	Std 1528-2013, "IEEE R	ecommended P	actice for Deter	mining the Peak Spatial-
Aver	aged Specific Absorption	Rate (SAR) in th	e Human Head	from Wireless
Com	munications Devices: Mea	asurement Tech	niques", June 20)13
b) IEC	62209-1. "Measurement p	procedure for the	assessment of	Specific Absorption Rate
(SAF	R) from hand-held and boo	dy-mounted devi	ces used next to	the ear (frequency range o
300	MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016	6		
c) IEC	62209-2, "Procedure to de	etermine the Spe	ecific Absorption	Rate (SAR) for wireless
		in close proximit	y to the human t	oody (frequency range of 30
MHz	to 6 GHz)", March 2010			t- 0.01/-"
d) KDB	865664, "SAR Measuren	nent Requiremer	nts for 100 MHZ	to 6 GHZ
Additional	Documentation:			
	Y4/5 System Handbook			
e) bhe	14,0 Oystern Handbook			
Methods A	pplied and Interpretatio	n of Parameters	5:	
 Mea 	surement Conditions: Fur	ther details are a	available from th	e Validation Report at the er
of th	e certificate. All figures sta	ated in the certif	cate are valid at	the frequency indicated.
 Ante 	enna Parameters with TSL	.: The dipole is n	nounted with the	spacer to position its feed
poin	t exactly below the center	marking of the f	lat phantom sec	tion, with the arms oriented
	llel to the body axis.			
 Fee 	d Point Impedance and R	eturn Loss: Thes	e parameters a	re measured with the dipole
posi	tioned under the liquid fille	ed phantom. The	impedance sta	ted is transformed from the
	surement at the SMA con		ed point. The He	turn Loss ensures low
refle	cted power. No uncertain	ty required.		and the entenne food point
		ay between the s	SMA connector	and the antenna feed point.
	uncertainty required.		antenna innut nu	
	R measured: SAR measure			
		asurea, normaliz	ed to an input po	ower of 1 W at the antenna
	nector. 2 for nominal TSL paramo	tore: The mesou	red TSL parame	eters are used to calculate th
	ninal SAR result.	ters. The measu	reu roc parame	
The report	ted uncertainty of measur	ement is stated	as the standard	uncertainty of measurement
multiplied	by the coverage factor k=	2, which for a ne	ormal distribution	n corresponds to a coverage
probabilit	y of approximately 95%.			

Measurement Conditions DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm		
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.7 ± 6 %	0.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.60 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.771 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.09 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.4 Ω - 3.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.346 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.01.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

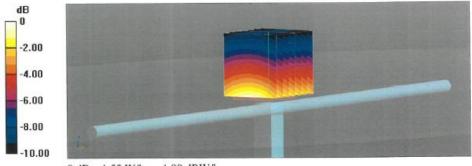
DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.87 S/m; ε_r = 43.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.06.2020
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

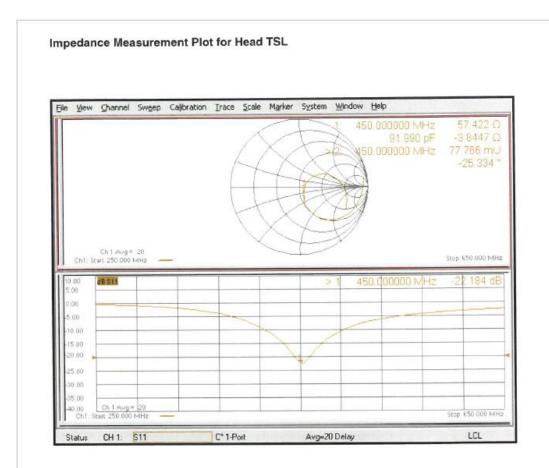
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 39.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.771 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 30mm) Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.55 W/kg



0 dB = 1.55 W/kg = 1.90 dBW/kg

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Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-450								
Date of measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)		
2021-01-20	-22.2		57.4		-3.80			
2022-01-17	-22.7	2.70	56.9	0.5	-3.66	0.24		

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.