

SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC14070220802FH01

FCC ID : 2A3KR-KST102SF

APPLICATION PURPOSE: Original Equipment

PRODUCT DESIGNATION: Android Tablet

BRAND NAME: Kinstone

MODEL NAME : KST102SF, KST102SF_EA

APPLICANT: SHENZHEN KINSTONE D&T DEVELOP CO.LTD.

DATE OF ISSUE : Oct. 26,.2022

IEEE Std. 1528:2013

STANDARD(S) : FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093

IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005

REPORT VERSION: V1.0

Attestation of Global compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.





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Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Oct. 26,.2022	Valid	Initial Release



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Test Report							
Applicant Name	SHENZHEN KINSTONE D&T DEVELOP CO.LTD.						
Applicant Address	5th Floor, Building A2, Xinjianxing Technology Industrial Park, Fengxin Road, Guangming District, SHENZHEN, China						
Manufacturer Name	SHENZHEN KINSTONE D&T DEVELOP CO.LTD.						
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Factory Name	SHENZHEN KINSTONE D&T DEVELOP CO.LTD.						
Factory Address	5th Floor, Building A2, Xinjianxing Technology Industrial Park, Fengxin Road, Guangming District, SHENZHEN, China						
Product Designation	Android Tablet						
Brand Name	Kinstone						
Model Name	KST102SF, KST102SF_EA						
Different Description	All the same except model name						
EUT Voltage	DC3.7V by battery						
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005						
Date of receipt of test item	Oct. 24,.2022						
Test Date	Oct. 24,.2022 to Oct. 26,.2022						
Report Template	AGCRT-US-5G/SAR (2021-04-20)						

Note: The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only.

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Oct. 26,.2022

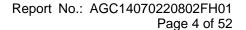




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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/kg)	SAR Test Limit
	Body-worn(with 0mm separation)	(W/kg)
2.4 GHz WIFI	1.158	
5.2 GHz WIFI	0.632	1.6
5.8 GHz WIFI	0.495	
SAR Test Result	PASS	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04
- KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 616217 D04 SAR evaluation requirements for laptop, notebook, notebook and tablet computers



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2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

2.1. EUT Description	
General Information	
Product Designation	Android Tablet
Test Model	KST102SF
Hardware Version	P30-T310-V1.0 (1.0X) -210719-C
Software Version	3906_JST_T310_P30_KST102SF_US_WIFIONLY_S_20220928_user
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	PIFA
Bluetooth	
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Antenna Gain	0.21dBi
Bluetooth Version	V5.0
Duty cycle of BR/EDR	77%
Type of modulation	BR/EDR : GFSK, Π /4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK; BLE : GFSK
Max Peak Power(dBm)	BR/EDR : 9.360dBm ; BLE : 6.586dBm
2.4GHz WIFI	
WIFI Specification	☐802.11a ☐802.11b ☐802.11g ☐802.11n(20) ☐802.11n(40)
Operation Frequency	2412~2472MHz
Max Average Power	IEEE 802.11b:16.75dBm; IEEE 802.11g:15.36dBm; IEEE 802.11n(HT20):15.59dBm; IEEE 802.11n(HT40):14.95dBm
Antenna Gain	0.21dBi
5GHz WIFI	
WIFI Specification	
Operation Frequency	5.180GHz~5.825GHz
	802.11a: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM)
Type of modulation	802.11n: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM,128QAM) 802.11ac: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM,128QAM,256QAM)
	IEEE 802.11a:12.19dBm; IEEE 802.11n-HT20:19.61.78dBm;
Max Average Power	IEEE 802.11n-HT40:11.45dBm; IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20:10.96dBm;
<u> </u>	IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40:10.71dBm; IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80:9.86dBm
Antenna Gain	-2.82dBi
Accessories	<u>'</u>
Battery	Brand name: N/A Model No. : GX30100140 Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7 V & 4000mAh
Earphone	Brand name: N/A Model No. : N/A

Note:1.The sample used for testing is end product.

2. The test sample has no any deviation to the test method of standard mentioned in page 1.

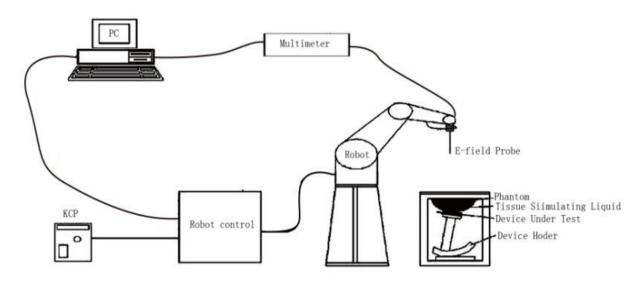
Product	Туре	· -	
Floduct		☐ Identical Prototype	



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3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data. A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- •The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.





3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE1528 etc.)Under ISO17025.The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	SSE2
Manufacture	MVG
Identification No.	SN 13/22 EPGO368
Frequency	0.15GHz-6GHz Linearity:±0.09dB(0.15GHz-6GHz)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg-100W/kg Linearity:±0.09dB
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:2mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:2.5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:1mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precisin of better 30%.

3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)

High reliability (industrial design)

Jerk-free straight movements

Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

6-axis controller

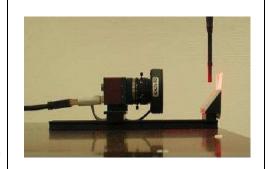


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3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

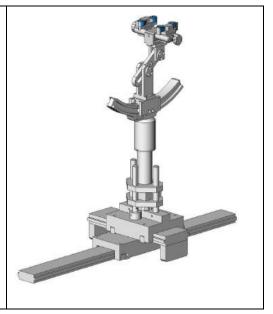


3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity

 $\epsilon r=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





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3.6. ELLI39 Phantom

The Flat phantom is a fiberglass shellphantom with 2mm+/- 0.2 mm shell thickness. It has only one measurement area for Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



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4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}\Big|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;
E is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;
σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;

c_h is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre; is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $\frac{dT}{dt}$ | t = 0 is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

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4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC62209 standards, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.



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Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

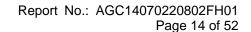
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	$\begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(1)\text{: between} \\ 1^{st} \text{ two points closest} \\ \text{to phantom surface} \\ \\ \Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)\text{:} \\ \text{between subsequent} \\ \text{points} \end{array}$	1 st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V Z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



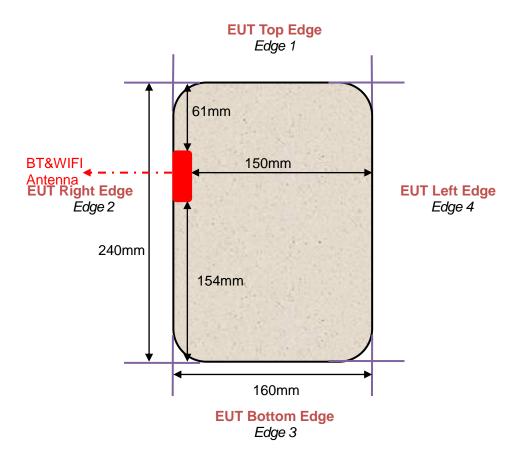


4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

Test Configuration and setting:

The device is a sport camera which support 2.4GHz & 5G Wifi, Bluetooth; And share one antenna. For SAR testing, the EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool through qualcomm software.

Antenna Location: (the back view)





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SAR Test Exclusion Consideration for Adjacent Edges

Per KDB 447498 D01 cl. 4.3.1:

a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determine d by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for1-g SAR, and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR.

- b) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:
- 1) {[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance $-50 \text{ mm}) \cdot (f(\text{MHz})/150)]$ } mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- 2) {[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance − 50 mm)•10]} mW, for > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for WWAN							
Test Mode	Test position	Edge 1 (61mm)	Edge 2 (1mm)	Edge 3 (154mm)	Edge 4 (150mm)		
	SAR test exclusion thresholds(mW)	206.01	9.60	1136.01	1096.01		
BT(BR/EDR)	SAR Max. Avg. Burst Power(mW)	8.630	8.630	8.630	8.630		
	SAR required (Yes/No)	No	No	No	No		
	SAR test exclusion thresholds(mW)	206.03	9.60	1136.03	1096.03		
BT(BLE)	SAR Max. Avg. Burst Power(mW)	4.556	4.556	4.556	4.556		
	SAR required (Yes/No)	No	No	No	No		
	SAR test exclusion thresholds(mW)	206.09	9.61	1136.09	1096.09		
2.4 GHz WIFI	SAR Max. Avg. Burst Power(mW)	47.315	47.315	47.315	47.315		
	SAR required (Yes/No)	No	Yes	No	No		
	SAR test exclusion thresholds(mW)	175.91	1.318	1105.91	1065.91		
5.2 GHz WIFI	SAR Max. Avg. Burst Power(mW)	16.558	16.558	16.558	16.558		
	SAR required (Yes/No)	No	Yes	No	No		
	SAR test exclusion thresholds(mW)	172.58	1.252	1102.58	1062.58		
5.8 GHz WIFI	SAR Max. Avg. Burst Power(mW)	10.617	10.617	10.617	10.617		
	SAR required (Yes/No)	No	Yes	No	No		

CONCLUSION:

- 1.BT SAR is not required.
- 2. Edge2 of WIFI SAR is required.

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5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 5.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) requency MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2- Propanediol	Triton X-100	Diethylen glycol monohex ylether
2450 Head	71.88	0.16	0.0	7.99	0.0	19.97	0.0
5000 Head	65.52	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.24	17.24

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency	h	ead	b	ody
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20	40.5	1.20
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	38.5	2.40
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

($\epsilon r = relative permittivity$, $\sigma = conductivity and <math>\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$)



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5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

		Tissue Stimulant Me	easurement for 2450MHz		
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	ameters (±5%)	Tissue	
	(MHz)	εr 39.2(37.24-41.16)	δ[s/m] 1.80(1.71-1.89)	Temp [°C]	Test time
Head	2412	40.46	1.75		
rieau	2437	40.12	1.79	21.3	Oct. 24, 2022
	2450	39.68	1.84	21.3	Oci. 24, 2022
	2462	38.22	1.86		

	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 5200MHz									
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	ameters (±5%)	Tissue						
Head	(MHz)	εr	δ[s/m]	Temp	Test time					
11044	(**************************************	36(34.2-37.8)	4.66(4.43-4.89)	[°C]						
	5200	35.29	4.61	21.4	Oct. 25, 2022					

	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 5800MHz									
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	ameters (±5%)	Tissue Temp	Test time					
Head	(MHz)	εr 35.3(33.535-37.065)								
	5785	35.69	5.19	20.9	Oct. 26, 2022					
	5800	34.91	5.22	20.9	Oct. 26, 2022					



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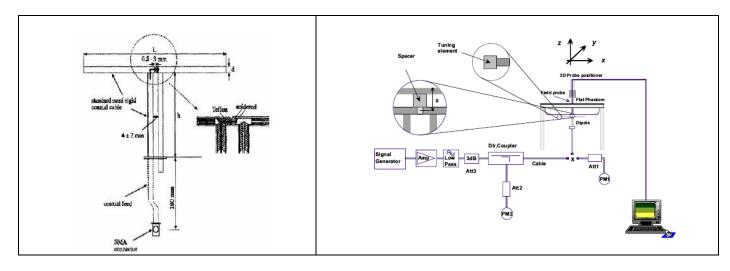
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

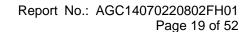
6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

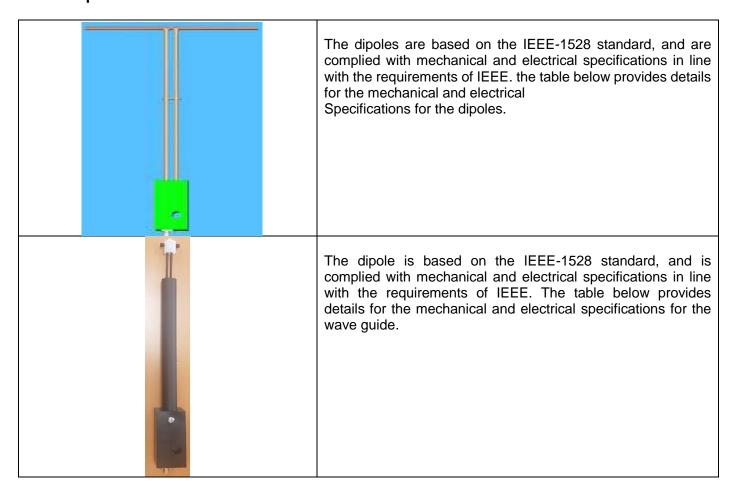
The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.







6.2. SAR System Check 6.2.1. Dipoles



Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6
5000MHz	20.6	40.3	3.6



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6.2.2. System Check Result

System Per	System Performance Check at 2450MHz & 5200-5800MHz for Head												
Validation I	Validation Kit: SN 29/15 DIP 2G450-393 & SN 17/22 DIP 5G000-671												
Frequency		rget (W/kg)	Reference (± 10		_	alized (W/kg)	Tissue Temp.	Test time					
[MHz]	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	[°Cj						
2450	54.32	24.25	48.888-59.752	21.825-26.675	51.50	23.19	21.3	Oct. 24, 2022					
5200	73.43	21.83	66.087-80.773	19.647-24.013	69.31	21.76	21.4	Oct. 25, 2022					
5800	75.69	22.44	68.121-83.259	20.196-24.684	76.72	24.31	20.9	Oct. 26, 2022					

Note:

⁽¹⁾ We use a CW signal of 18dBm and 10 dBm for system check, and then all SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within $\pm 10\%$ of target value.



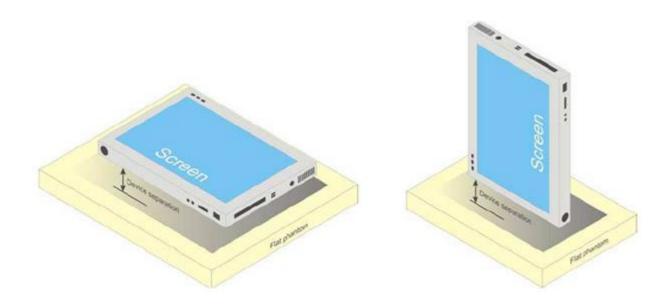
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7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in Body back, Edge2.

7.1. Body Worn Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to 0mm.





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8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

	1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1 g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0



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9. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	975832
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA



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10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment	Manufacturer/	Identification No.	Software	Current calibration	Next calibration
description	Model	identification No.	version	date	date
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 13/22 EPGO368	N/A	Apr. 13,2022	Apr. 12,2023
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_2316_ELLI39	N/A	Validated. No	Validated. No
Thantom	O/ (T IIVIO	ON_2010_E2E100	14// (cal required.	cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	N/A	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4114939	N/A	Aug. 06,2022	Aug. 05,2023
SAR Software	MVG-OpenSAR	N/A	OpenSAR V4_02_35	N/A	N/A
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN 29/15 DIP 2G450-393	N/A	Apr. 28,2022	Apr. 27,2025
Dipole	SID5000	SN 17/22 DIP 5G000-671	N/A	Apr. 28,2022	Apr. 27, 2025
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	V5.03	Aug. 03,2022	Aug. 02,2023
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	MY44303916	N/A	Mar. 28,2022	Mar. 27,2023
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN101443	3.2	Oct. 28,2021	Oct. 27,2022
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	S/N:WRJ34AYM2F1	N/A	June 08,2022	June 07,2023
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	31405	N/A	June 08,2022	June 07,2023
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	N/A	June 09,2022	June 08,2023
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	N/A	Mar. 10,2022	Mar. 09,2024
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	N/A	Mar. 10,2022	Mar. 09,2024
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	N/A	Sep. 06,2022	Sep. 05,2023
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	100323		Feb. 16,2022	Feb. 15,2023
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0		N/A	N/A
Calibration standard parts for network sub - port	R&S/ ZV-Z132	N/A	V2.3.1.0	Dec. 07, 2021	Dec. 06, 2022

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.



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11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

11. MEASUREMENT		TIMO Unce		N 13/22 EF	CU368				
M	عد easurement u					10 gram.			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		(+- 70)	Dist.				(+-70)	(+-70)	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.071	0.071	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.071	0.071	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.990	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.572	0.572	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.000	R	√3	1	1	0.000	0.000	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.400	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.400	R	√3	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.400	R	√3	1	1	0.808	0.808	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.300	R	√3	1	1	1.328	1.328	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.600	2.600	∞
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3	N	1	1	1	3.000	3.000	∞
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	5	R	√3	1	1	2.887	2.887	000
SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	√3	1	1	2.887	2.887	∞
Phantom and tissue parameter	s								
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	√3	1	1	2.309	2.309	000
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.900	1.596	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	R	√3	0.78	0.71	3.120	2.840	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.150	1.300	M
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	1.126	1.025	œ
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.332	0.375	N
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.529	10.344	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				21.058	20.688	



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Cuntom		TIMO Unce			PGO368 over 1 gram	2 / 10 gram			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		(+- 70)	Dist.	<u> </u>			(+-70)	(+-70)	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	√3	1	1	0.101	0.101	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.000	0.000	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.990	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.572	0.572	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	√ 3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	√ 3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	√ 3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√ 3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√ 3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
System validation source									
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.3	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	8
Liquid conductivity (measured)	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.462	10.276	<u> </u>
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				20.924	20.551	



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	SA	TIMO Unce	rtaintv- S	N 13/22 EF	PGO368				
Sy	stem Check u	uncertainty f	or DUT a			/ 10 gram.	1	1	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		,					,	,	
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1.3	0.500	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.990	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System check source (dipole)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2.0	N	1	1	1	2.00	2.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parameter	rs								
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness,	E.3.1	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
and permittivity Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	R	√3	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.15	1.30	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				5.562	5.203	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				11.124	10.406	



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12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

2.4GHz WIFI

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		1	2412	15.37
802.11b	1	6	2437	16.75
		11	2462	15.44
		1	2412	14.91
802.11g	6	6	2437	15.36
		11	2462	14.56
		1	2412	15.08
802.11n HT20	6.5	6	2437	15.59
		11	2462	14.67
		1	2412	14.97
802.11n HT40	13.5	6	2437	14.95
		11	2462	14.89

Bluetooth V5.0

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)
	0	2402	6.653
GFSK	39	2441	7.604
	78	2480	6.840
	0	2402	8.288
π /4-DQPSK	39	2441	9.194
	78	2480	8.292
	0	2402	8.437
8-DPSK	39	2441	9.360
	78	2480	8.408

Bluetooth_V5.0

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)
	0	2402	4.836
GFSK 1M	19	2440	6.586
	39	2480	5.511
	0	2402	4.846
GFSK 2M	19	2440	6.403
	39	2480	5.228



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5GHz WIFI

5GHz WIF						D	/dDrs.\			
							r(dBm)			
Mode	channel	Frequency			4000		ate(bps)		4000	
	2.2	-100	6M	9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M
	36	5180	12.19	12.05	11.93	11.77	11.66	11.54	11.37	11.21
	40	5200	11.86	11.78	11.77	11.61	11.47	11.38	11.36	11.32
	44	5220	11.72	11.64	11.51	11.33	11.29	11.15	11.15	11.06
802.11a	48	5240	10.53	10.52	10.43	10.33	10.16	10.05	10.01	9.93
	149	5745	10.26	10.25	10.09	9.95	9.86	9.82	9.81	9.77
	157	5785	9.29	9.23	9.06	8.89	8.74	8.67	8.49	8.30
	165	5825	8.31	8.15	8.11	7.92	7.74	7.68	7.65	7.54
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
	36	5180	11.78	11.62	11.49	11.44	11.25	11.05	10.86	10.82
	40	5200	11.00	10.99	10.86	10.75	10.62	10.55	10.52	10.45
802.11n	44	5220	10.36	10.19	10.10	10.01	9.93	9.81	9.78	9.67
(20)	48	5240	9.75	9.70	9.67	9.54	9.51	9.43	9.33	9.17
	149	5745	9.94	9.90	9.71	9.60	9.58	9.51	9.51	9.36
	157	5785	8.69	8.64	8.57	8.54	8.51	8.46	8.39	8.25
	165	5825	7.10	6.98	6.83	6.77	6.68	6.50	6.41	6.25
	•		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
	38	5190	11.45	11.29	11.25	11.17	10.99	10.85	10.79	10.77
802.11n	46	5230	10.24	10.10	9.95	9.80	9.77	9.67	9.60	9.42
(40)	151	5755	10.08	9.91	9.74	9.69	9.62	9.61	9.52	9.37
	159	5795	8.73	8.71	8.63	8.59	8.58	8.48	8.38	8.28
	l .	l	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
	36	5180	10.96	10.88	10.74	10.70	10.61	10.51	10.34	10.23
	40	5200	10.23	10.09	9.93	9.86	9.76	9.64	9.59	9.54
000.44	44	5220	10.02	9.86	9.72	9.69	9.53	9.49	9.46	9.26
802.11ac	48	5240	8.58	8.51	8.50	8.34	8.28	8.24	8.12	7.92
(20)	149	5745	8.49	8.43	8.29	8.14	7.99	7.92	7.86	7.85
	157	5785	7.61	7.58	7.39	7.34	7.14	6.98	6.98	6.95
	165	5825	6.60	6.43	6.24	6.09	6.00	5.91	5.74	5.69
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
	38	5190	10.71	10.54	10.40	10.38	10.23	10.10	10.01	9.83
802.11ac	46	5230	9.41	9.24	9.20	9.02	8.88	8.86	8.75	8.67
(40)	151	5755	8.64	8.61	8.44	8.32	8.15	8.11	7.93	7.82
	159	5795	7.69	7.61	7.45	7.38	7.38	7.26	7.08	7.06
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11ac	42	5210	9.86	9.75	9.74	9.59	9.40	9.39	9.31	9.12
(80)	155	5775	8.97	8.91	8.79	8.70	8.68	8.51	8.35	8.23

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13. TEST RESULTS

13.1. SAR Test Results Summary 13.1.1. Test position and configuration

- 1. The EUT is a Android Tablet
- 2. Lab use the head liquid with a separation of 0mm at flat phantom to test;
- 3. For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

13.1.2. Operation Mode

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required, that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
 - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
 - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/kg.
 - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 Chapter 5.2.2,when SAR measurement is required for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reducing procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - (1) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - (2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/kg,
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 Chapter 5.3.4, SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.
 - (1) When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 D01 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
 - (2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified



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maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

- (3) When the specified maximum output power is same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A,begin SAR measuremengs in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the report SAR for UNII 2A is <1.2W/kg,SAR is nor required for UNII 1;otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- (4) When the specified maximum output power different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A,begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤1.2W/kg,testing for the band with the lower specicied output power is not required;otherwise test is remaining separately for SAR;
- 5. Per KDB616217 D04 v01r02, The antennas in tablets are typically located near the back (bottom) surface and/or along the edges of the devices; therefore, SAR evaluation is required for these configurations. Exposures from antennas through the front (top) surface of the display section of a full-size tablet, away from the edges, are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary, except for tablets that are designed to require continuous operations with the hand(s) next to the antenna(s).
- 6. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:

 Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]



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13.1.3. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			Rela	tive Humidity	· (%): 61.1			
Product: Android Ta	ablet								
Test Mode: 2.4GHz 802.11b									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Limit W/kg
Body back	DTS	6	2437	-0.18	0.544	17.00	16.75	0.576	1.6
Edge 2 (Right)	DTS	1	2412	-0.11	1.041	15.50	15.37	1.073	1.6
Edge 2 (Right)	DTS	6	2437	0.11	0.963	17.00	16.75	1.020	1.6
Edge 2 (Right)	DTS	11	2462	-0.28	1.142	15.50	15.44	1.158	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- The test separation of all above table(body part) is 0mm.
- Plots are only shown for the bold markered worst case SAR results.



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SAR MEASUREMENT								
Depth of Liquid (c	Relative Hur	Relative Humidity (%): 56.8						
Product: Android Tablet								
Test Mode: 5.2Gl	Test Mode: 5.2GHz 802.11a							
Position	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body Back	40	5200	-0.28	0.584	12.20	11.86	0.632	1.6
Edge 2 (Right)	40	5200	-0.31	0.324	12.00	11.86	0.375	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- The test separation of all above table(body part) is 0mm.
- · Plots are only shown for the bold markered worst case SAR results



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SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (d	cm):>15			Relative Hur	Relative Humidity (%): 49.3				
Product: Android	Product: Android Tablet								
Test Mode: 5.8Gl	Test Mode: 5.8GHz 802.11a								
Position	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Body Back	157	5785	-0.03	0.392	10.30	9.29	0.495	1.6	
Edge 2 (Right)	157	5785	-0.13	0.197	10.30	9.29	0.249	1.6	

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- The test separation of all above table(body part) is 0mm.
- · Plots are only shown for the bold markered worst case SAR results



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Repeated SAR	Repeated SAR									
Product: Android	Product: Android Tablet									
Test Mode: 2.4GH	Test Mode: 2.4GHz 802.11b									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Once SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Twice SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Third SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit W/kg
Edge 2 (Right)	DTS	11	2462	-0.26	1.051					1.6

The second	The second repeated SAR judge reference							
Product: An	Product: Android Tablet							
Band	Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Orignal SAR (1g) (W/kg)	First SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Ratio	Limit
2.4GHz 802.11b	Edge 2 (Right)	DTS	11	2462	1.142	1.051	1.087	<1.2



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APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 24, 2022

System Check Head 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.99 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 39.68$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.3

SATIMO Configuration:

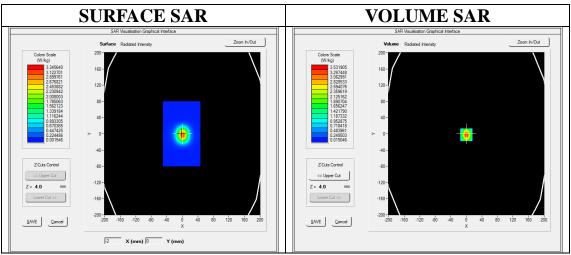
Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

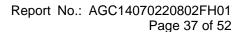
• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 2450 MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 2450 MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

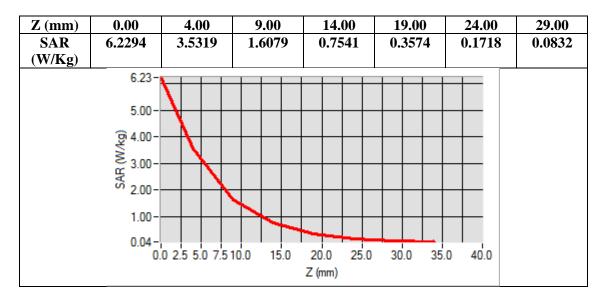


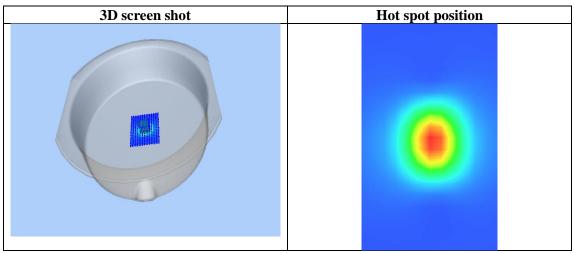
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-2.00 SAR Peak: 6.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.463072
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.249315











Date: Oct. 25, 2022

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 5200 MHz DUT: Dipole 5000MHz Type: SID5000

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D5000 (5000.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.28 Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.61$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 35.29$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=10dBm

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.4

SATIMO Configuration:

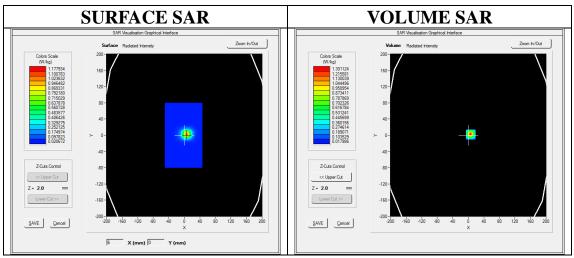
• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

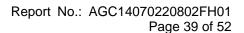
• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 5200 MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 5200 MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,dy=4mm, dz=2mm



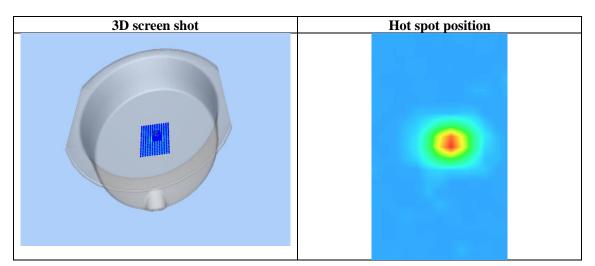
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 2.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.217604
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.693146





Z (mm) SAR (W/ Kg)	0.00 2.15 77	2.00 1.30 11	4.00 0.69 27	6.00 0.36 96	8.00 0.19 40	10.0 0 0.11 01	12.0 0 0.06 08	14.0 0 0.03 91	16.0 0 0.03 14	18.0 0 0.03 03	20.0 0 0.02 10	22.0 0 0.02 10
		2.2- SAR (W/kg) 1.0- 0.5-		4 6	8 1	0 12 Z (mr	14 16 m)	18 20	22 2	4 26		





Date: Oct. 26, 2022

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 5800 MHz DUT: Dipole 5000MHz Type: SID5000

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D5000 (5000.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.42 Frequency: 5800 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.22$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 34.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=10dBm

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.2, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.9

SATIMO Configuration:

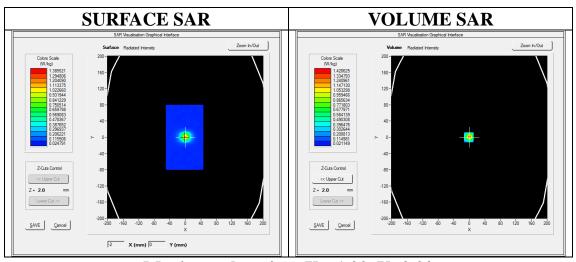
• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 5800 MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 5800 MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,dy=4mm, dz=2mm

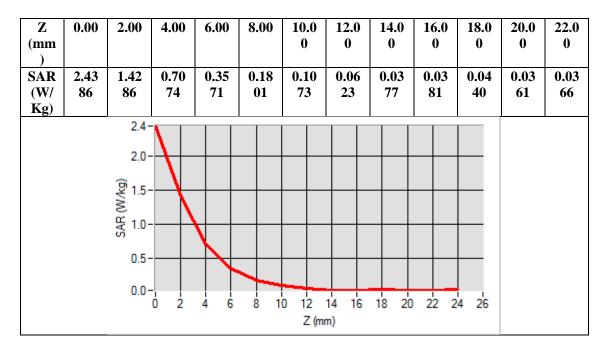


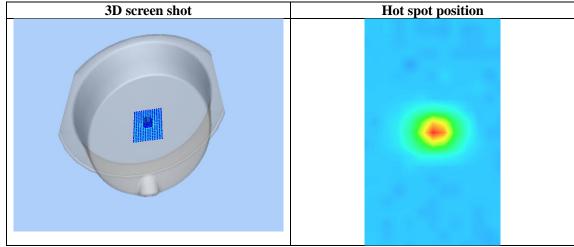
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 2.62 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.243087
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.767229











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APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

2.4GHz 802.11b

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 24, 2022

802.11b High- Édge 2 (Right)

DUT: Android Tablet; Type: KST102SF

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.99;

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.12$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21.6, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.3

SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

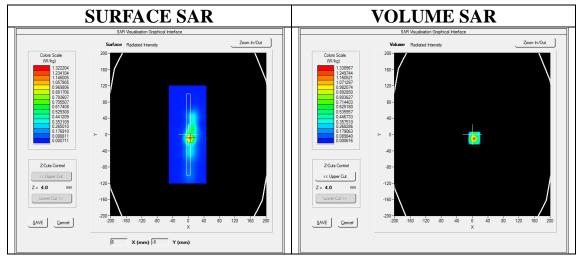
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 35

Configuration/802.11b High-Edge 2 (Right)/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b High-Edge 2 (Right)/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Edge 2 (Right)			
Band	2450MHz			
Channels	High			
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0			

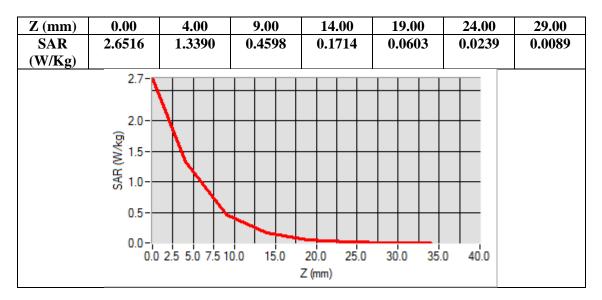


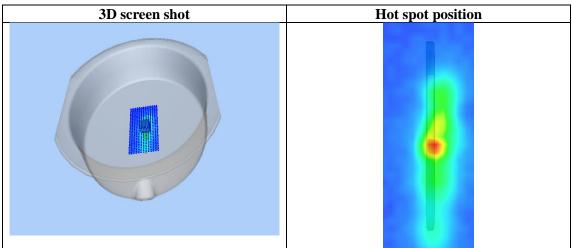
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-9.00 SAR Peak: 2.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.416195
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.141531











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5.2GHz 802.11a

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 25, 2022

802.11a CH40- Body Back

DUT: Android Tablet; Type: KST102SF

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11a; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.28;

Frequency: 5200MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.61$ mho/m; ϵ r =35.29; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.4

SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

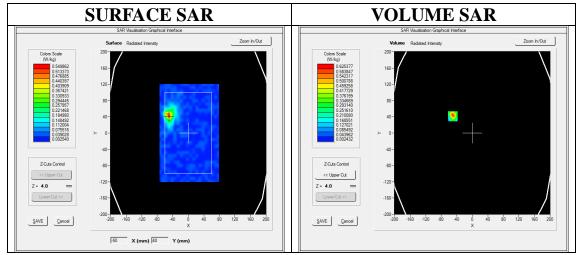
· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 35

Configuration/802.11a CH40- Body Back / Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

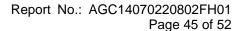
Configuration/802.11a CH40- Body Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x12 dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	5200MHz
Channels	CH40
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0



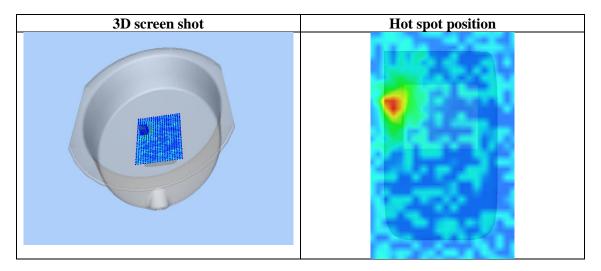
Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=41.00 SAR Peak: 1.76 W/kg

	0
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.202385
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.583584





Z (m m) SA R (W/ Kg)	1.82 53	0.62 54	6.00 0.25 29	8.00 0.15 69	10.0 0 0.03 35	12.0 0 0.02 07	14.0 0 0.01 85	16.0 0 0.00 68	18.0 0 0.00 42	20.0 0 0.00 46	22.0 0 0.00 32	24.0 0 0.03 43
		1.83 1.50 1.25 1.00 0.75 0.50 0.25 0.00		4 6	8 1	0 12 Z (m	14 16 m)	18 20) 22 2	4 26		





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5.8GHz 802.11a

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 26, 2022

802.11a CH157- Body Back

DUT: Android Tablet; Type: KST102SF

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11a; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.42;

Frequency: 5785MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.19$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 35.69$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.2, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.9

SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

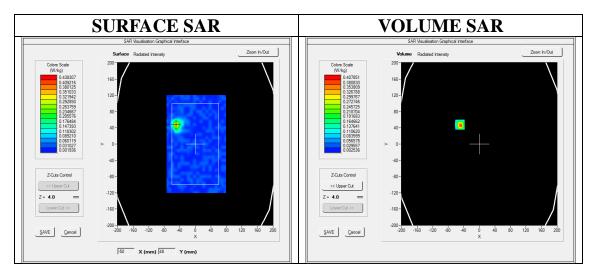
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

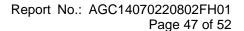
Configuration/ 802.11a CH157- Body Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ 802.11a CH157- Body Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm					
ZoomScan 7x7x12 dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm						
Phantom	ELLI					
Device Position	Body Back					
Band	5800MHz					
Channels	CH157					
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0					



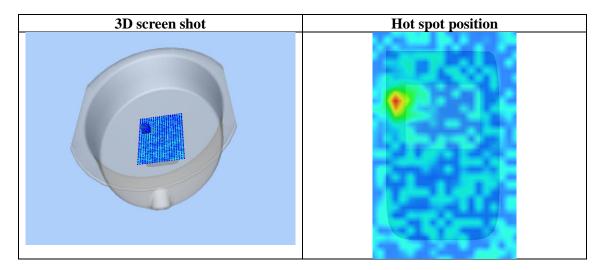
Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=48.00 SAR Peak: 1.31 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.130970
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.391630





Z (m m) SA R (W/ Kg)	1.33 93	0.40 79	0.16 32	8.00 0.04 93	10.0 0 0.05 22	12.0 0 0.02 62	14.0 0 0.00 50	16.0 0 0.03 59	18.0 0 0.03 19	20.0 0 0.03 21	22.0 0 0.00 38	24.0 0 0.03 32
		1.3- 1.0- 1.08- 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0.0-		4 6	8 1	0 12 Z (mr	14 16 m)	18 20	22 2	4 26		





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Repeated SAR 2.4GHz 802.11b

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 24, 2022

802.11b High- Edge 2 (Right)

DUT: Android Tablet; Type: KST102SF

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.99;

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; ϵ r =40.12; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21.6, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.3

SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

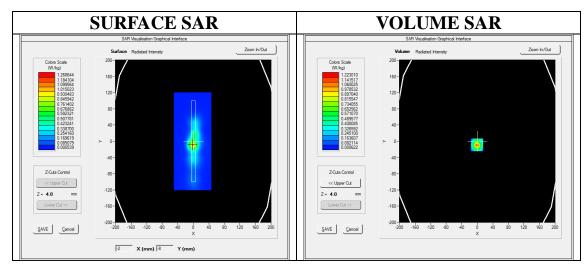
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

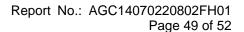
Configuration/802.11b High-Edge 2 (Right)/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b High-Edge 2 (Right)/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Edge 2 (Right)			
Band	2450MHz			
Channels	High			
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0			

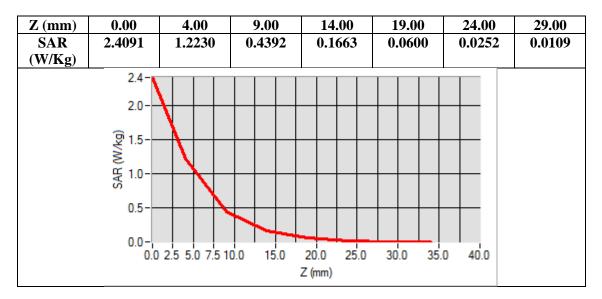


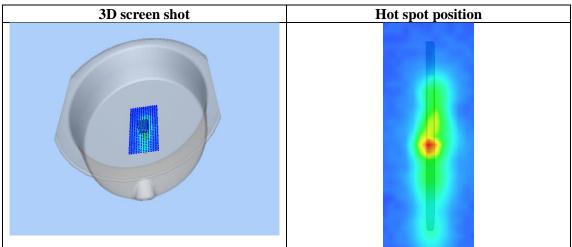
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-9.00 SAR Peak: 2.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.380447
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.051201







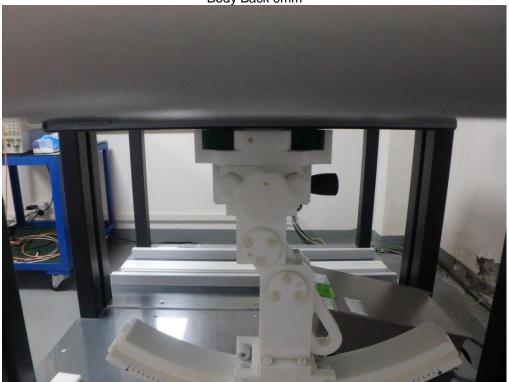






APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Body Back 0mm



Edge 2 (Right) 0mm



Any report having not been signed by authorized approver, or having been altered without authorization, or having not been stamped by the "Dedicated Testing/Inspection Stamp" is deemed to be invalid. Copying or excerpting portion of, or altering the content of the report is not permitted without the written authorization of AGC. The test results presented in the report apply only to the tested sample. Any objections to report issued by AGC should be submitted to AGC within 15days after the issuance of the test report. Further enquiry of validity or verification of the test report should be addressed to AGC by agc01@agccert.com.

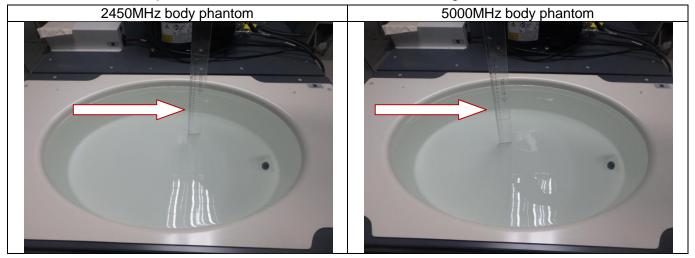
Tel: +86-755 2523 4088 E-mail: agc@agccert.com Web: http://www.agccert.com/



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DEPTH OF THE LIQUID IN THE PHANTOM—ZOOM IN

Note: The position used in the measurement were according to IEEE Std. 1528:2013





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APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA

Refer to Attached files.

----END OF REPORT----



Conditions of Issuance of Test Reports

- 1. All samples and goods are accepted by the Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (the "Company") solely for testing and reporting in accordance with the following terms and conditions. The company provides its services on the basis that such terms and conditions constitute express agreement between the company and any person, firm or company requesting its services (the "Clients").
- 2. Any report issued by Company as a result of this application for testing services (the "Report") shall be issued in confidence to the Clients and the Report will be strictly treated as such by the Company. It may not be reproduced either in its entirety or in part and it may not be used for advertising or other unauthorized purposes without the written consent of the Company. The Clients to whom the Report is issued may, however, show or send it, or a certified copy thereof prepared by the Company to its customer, supplier or other persons directly concerned. The Company will not, without the consent of the Clients, enter into any discussion or correspondence with any third party concerning the contents of the Report, unless required by the relevant governmental authorities, laws or court orders.
- 3. The Company shall not be called or be liable to be called to give evidence or testimony on the Report in a court of law without its prior written consent, unless required by the relevant governmental authorities, laws or court orders.
- 4. In the event of the improper use of the report as determined by the Company, the Company reserves the right to withdraw it, and to adopt any other additional remedies which may be appropriate.
- 5. Samples submitted for testing are accepted on the understanding that the Report issued cannot form the basis of, or be the instrument for, any legal action against the Company.
- 6. The Company will not be liable for or accept responsibility for any loss or damage however arising from the use of information contained in any of its Reports or in any communication whatsoever about its said tests or investigations.
- 7. Clients wishing to use the Report in court proceedings or arbitration shall inform the Company to that effect prior to submitting the sample for testing.
- 8. The Company is not responsible for recalling the electronic version of the original report when any revision is made to them. The Client assumes the responsibility to providing the revised version to any interested party who uses them.
- 9. Subject to the variable length of retention time for test data and report stored hereinto as otherwise specifically required by individual accreditation authorities, the Company will only keep the supporting test data and information of the test report for a period of six years. The data and information will be disposed of after the aforementioned retention period has elapsed. Under no circumstances shall we provide any data and information which has been disposed of after retention period. Under no circumstances shall we be liable for damage of any kind, including (but not limited to) compensatory damages, lost profits, lost data, or any form of special, incidental, indirect, consequential or punitive damages of any kind, whether based on breach of contract of warranty, tort (including negligence), product liability or otherwise, even if we are informed in advance of the possibility of such damages.