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FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

| Product Name | Rugged Tablet |
|----------------|--|
| Trademark | Emdoor |
| Model Name | EM-Q16 |
| Family Model 3 | W16Q, EM-I16H, W16H, EM-I16HH, W16HH, EM-T16, W16T, EM-R16, EM-T16P, EM-Q16P, EM-Q165M, EM-I16K, W16K, IRT05, E10T, Q16-Q10, ST16 |
| Report No. | S21121702305001 |
| FCC ID : | 2A37Q-EM-Q16 |

Prepared for

Emdoor Information Co.,Ltd.

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

| Applicant's name: | Emdoor Information Co.,Ltd. |
|---------------------|---|
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| Address: | Rd, Xin'an Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen518101, Guangdong |
| | Province, China |
| Manufacturer's Name | Emdoor Information Co.,Ltd. |
| | 3/F, Bldg 5th, Wonderful Life Wisdom Valley TechnoPark, No.83 Dabao |
| Address | Rd, Xin'an Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen518101, Guangdong |
| | Province, China |
| Product description | |
| Product name: | Rugged Tablet |
| Trademark | Emdoor |
| Model Name: | EM-Q16 |
| | W16Q, EM-I16H, W16H, EM-I16HH, W16HH, EM-T16, W16T, EM-R16, |
| Family Model: | EM-T16P, EM-Q16P, EM-Q165M, EM-I16K, W16K, IRT05, E10T, |
| | Q16-Q10, ST16 |
| Ctandarda | FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093); ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 |
| Standards | IEEE Std 1528-2013; Published RF exposure KDB procedures |

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

| Date (s) of performance of tests: | Jan. 04, 2022 ~ Jan. 06, 2022 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Date of Issue | Jan. 13, 2022 |
| Test Result | Pass |

Prepared By (Test Engineer)

Jacob. Chen (Jacob Chen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)

(Alex Li)





\times \times Revision History \times \times

| REV. | DESCRIPTION | ISSUED DATE | REMARK |
|---------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Rev.1.0 | Initial Test Report Release | Jan. 13, 2022 | Jacob Chen |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |





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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

NOTE: *Whole-Body SAR* is averaged over the entire body, *partial-body SAR* is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. *SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles* is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE TRUNK LIMIT 1.6 W/kg APPLIED TO THIS EUT



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1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EM-Q16 are as follows.

| | Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg) |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| Band | 1-g Body |
| | (Separation distance of 0mm) |
| Bluetooth | 0.091 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 0.113 |
| WLAN 5.2G | 0.096 |
| WLAN 5.8G | 0.198 |

Note: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/ uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

| Device Information | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|
| Product Name | Rugged Tablet | | |
| Trade Name | Emdoor | | |
| Model Name | EM-Q16 | | |
| | W16Q, EM-I16H, W16H, | EM-I16HH, W16HH | , EM-T16, W16T, |
| Family Model | EM-R16, EM-T16P, EM-0 | Q16P, EM-Q165M, | EM-I16K, W16K, |
| | IRT05, E10T, Q16-Q10, S | Т16 | |
| FCC ID | 2A37Q-EM-Q16 | | |
| Device Phase | Identical Prototype | | |
| Exposure Category | General population / Unco | ontrolled environmer | it |
| Antenna | PIFA Antenna | PIFA Antenna | |
| Battery Information | DC 3.7V, 10000mAh | DC 3.7V, 10000mAh | |
| HW Version | EM_Q16_MB | | |
| SW Version | Android 10 | | |
| Device Operating Configurations | | | |
| Supporting Mode(s) | WLAN 2.4G/5G, Bluetooth | n, NFC | |
| Test Modulation | Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK), NFC(ASK) | | |
| Device Class | B | | |
| | Band | Tx (MHz) | Rx (MHz) |
| Operating Frequency Range(s) | WLAN 2.4G | | |
| Operating Frequency Range(S) | WLAN 5.2G | 5180- | 5240 |
| | WLAN 5.8G | 5745-5825 | |





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| Bluetooth | 2402-2480 |
|-----------|-----------|
| NFC | 13.56 |

1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE Std 1528-2013

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

1.5. Ambient Condition

| Ambient temperature | 20°C – 24°C |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Relative Humidity | 30% – 70% |

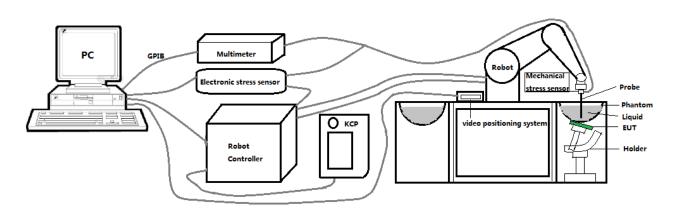


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2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

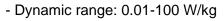
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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

- Probe linearity: ±0.08 dB
- Axial isotropy: ±0.01 dB
- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB
- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





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2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.



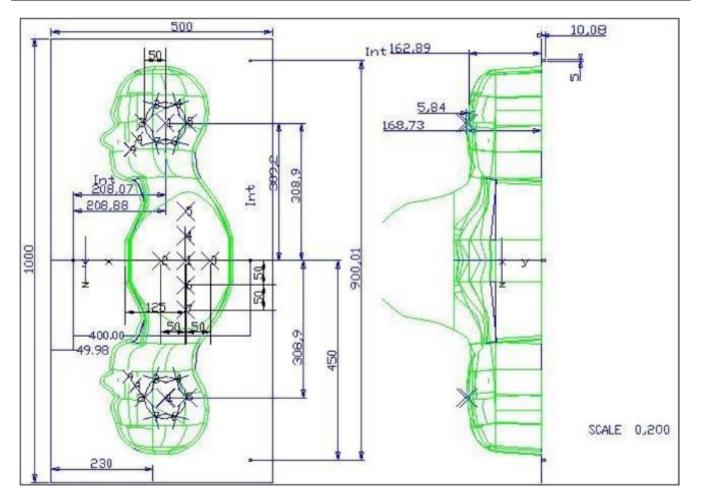


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2.4.1. Technical Data

| Serial Number | Shell thickness | Filling volume | Dimensions | Positionner Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| SN 16/15 SAM119 | 2 mm ±0.2 mm | 27 liters | Length:1000mm Width:500mm Height:200mm | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4 | 0.02 |



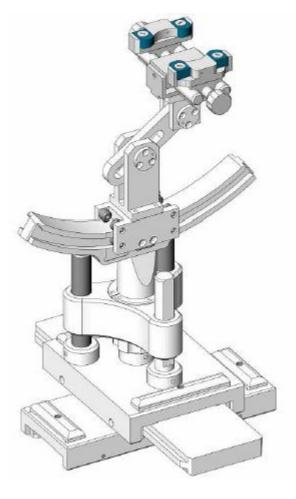
| Serial Number | Left Head(mm) | | Righ | nt Head(mm) | Flat Part(mm) | |
|-----------------|---------------|------|------|-------------|---------------|------|
| | 2 | 2.02 | 2 | 2.08 | 1 | 2.09 |
| | 3 | 2.05 | 3 | 2.06 | 2 | 2.06 |
| | 4 | 2.07 | 4 | 2.07 | 3 | 2.08 |
| | 5 | 2.08 | 5 | 2.08 | 4 | 2.10 |
| SN 16/15 SAM119 | 6 | 2.05 | 6 | 2.07 | 5 | 2.10 |
| | 7 | 2.05 | 7 | 2.05 | 6 | 2.07 |
| | 8 | 2.07 | 8 | 2.06 | 7 | 2.07 |
| | 9 | 2.08 | 9 | 2.06 | - | - |

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.



2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



| Serial Number | Holder Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| SN 16/15 MSH100 | Delrin | 3.7 | 0.005 |



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2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked \square

| | Manufacturer | Name of | Type/Model | Serial Number | Calibration | | |
|-------------|--------------|--|-------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | Manufacturer | Equipment | i ype/wodei | Senar Number | Last Cal. | Due Date | |
| \boxtimes | MVG | E FIELD PROBE | SSE2 | SN 08/16 EPGO287 | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NV G | E FIELD FROBE | 33EZ | SN 00/10 EFG0207 | 2021 | 2022 | |
| | MVG | 750 MHz Dipole | SID750 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NV G | | 310750 | 0G750-355 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| | MVG | 835 MHz Dipole | SID835 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NIV O | | 010000 | 0G835-347 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| | MVG | 900 MHz Dipole | SID900 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NIV G | | 310900 | 0G900-348 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| | MVG | 1800 MHz Dipole | SID1800 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NV G | | 3101000 | 1G800-349 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| | MVG | 1900 MHz Dipole | SID1900 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | WV G | | 01900 | 1G900-350 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| | MVG | 2000 MHz Dipole | SID2000 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NV G | | 3102000 | 2G000-351 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| \boxtimes | MVG | 2450 MHz Dipole | SID2450 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NV G | | 3102430 | 2G450-352 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| | MVG | 2600 MHz Dipole | SID2600 | SN 03/15 DIP | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | IVI V G | | 3102000 | 2G600-356 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| \boxtimes | MVG | 5000 MHz Dipole | SWG5500 | SN 13/14 WGA 33 | Mar. 01, | Feb. 28, | |
| | NIV G | | 300000 | SN 13/14 WGA 33 | 2021 | 2024 | |
| \boxtimes | MVG | Liquid measurement Kit | SCLMP | SN 21/15 OCPG 72 | NCR | NCR | |
| \square | MVG | Power Amplifier | N.A | AMPLISAR_28/14_003 | NCR | NCR | |
| \square | KEITHLEY | Millivoltmeter | 2000 | 4072790 | NCR | NCR | |
| | R&S | Universal radio communication tester | CMU200 | 117858 | Jul. 01, 2021 | Jun. 30, 2022 | |
| | R&S | Wideband radio communication tester | CMW500 | 103917 | Jul. 01, 2021 | Jun. 30, 2022 | |
| \boxtimes | HP | Network Analyzer | 8753D | 3410J01136 | Jul. 01, 2021 | Jun. 30, 2022 | |
| \boxtimes | Agilent | PSG Analog Signal Generator | E8257D | MY51110112 | Jul. 01, 2021 | Jun. 30, 2022 | |





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| \boxtimes | Agilent | Dower motor | E4419B | MY45102538 | Jul. 01, | Jun. 30, |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|---------|---------------|----------|----------|
| | , ignorit | Power meter | E4419D | IVI 145102556 | 2021 | 2022 |
| \boxtimes | Agilent | Power sensor | E9301A | MY41495644 | Jul. 01, | Jun. 30, |
| | , ignorit | Fower sensor | E930TA | 101141495044 | 2021 | 2022 |
| \boxtimes | Agilent | Power sensor | E9301A | US39212148 | Jul. 01, | Jun. 30, |
| | , ignorit | Fower sensor | E930TA | 0339212140 | 2021 | 2022 |
| \boxtimes | | Directional | | | Jul. 17, | Jul. 16, |
| | MCLI/USA | Coupler | CB11-20 | 0D2L51502 | 2020 | 2023 |

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

(c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.

(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

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Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | | \leq 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr | | | $5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ | |
| Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n | | | $30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ | |
| | | | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm | |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | | | When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution m x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding evice with at least one | |
| Maximum zoom scan s | patial reso | olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom} | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$ | |
| | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ | | \leq 5 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 2 \text{ mm}$ | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | \leq 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | |
| | grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points | | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ | | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | | ≥ 30 mm | $3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm | |

P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

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The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than $\pm 5\%$, the SAR will be retested.



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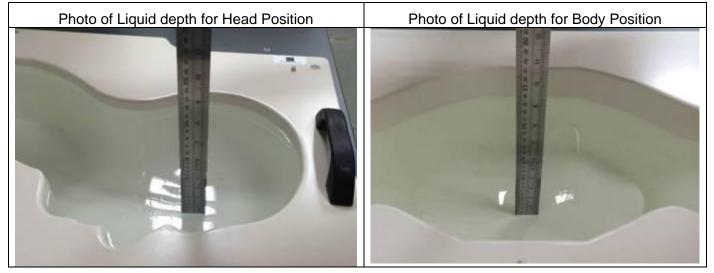
4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Ingredients (% of weight) | Head Tissue | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency Band (MHz) | 750 | 835 | 900 | 1800 | 1900 | 2000 | 2450 | 2600 | 5200 | 5800 |
| Water | 34.40 | 34.40 | 34.40 | 55.36 | 55.36 | 57.87 | 57.87 | 57.87 | 65.53 | 65.53 |
| NaCl | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 1,2-Propanediol | 64.81 | 64.81 | 64.81 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Triton X-100 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 30.45 | 30.45 | 19.97 | 19.97 | 19.97 | 24.24 | 24.24 |
| DGBE | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 13.84 | 13.84 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 10.23 | 10.23 |

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.





4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

| | Measured | Target T | issue | Measure | d Tissue | | |
|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| Tissue Type | Frequency (MHz) | εr (±5%) | σ (S/m) (±5%) | ٤r | σ (S/m) | Liquid Temp. | Test Date |
| Head 2450 | 2450 | 39.20 (37.24~41.16) | 1.80 (1.71~1.89) | 40.20 | 1.83 | 21.6 °C | Jan. 04, 2022 |
| Head 5200 | 5200 | 36.00 (34.20~37.80) | 4.66 (4.43~4.89) | 37.20 | 4.67 | 21.7 °C | Jan. 06, 2022 |
| Head 5800 | 5800 | 35.30 (33.54~37.07) | 5.27 (5.01~5.53) | 36.17 | 5.30 | 21.5 °C | Jan. 05, 2022 |

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

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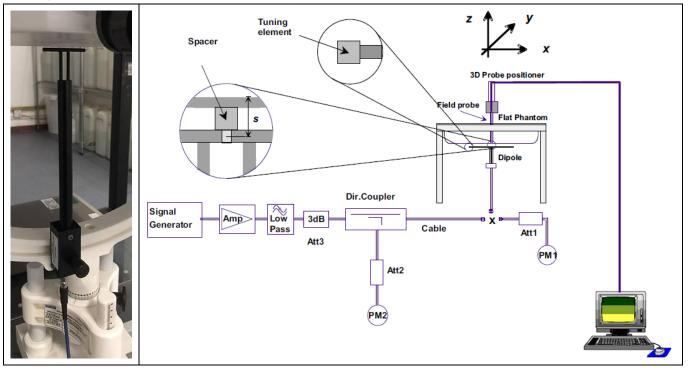


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4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:





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4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

| System | Target SA (±10 | () | Measure (Normalize | | Liquid | T . D / |
|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------------|
| Verification | 1-g (W/Kg) | 10-g (W/Kg) | 1-g (W/Kg) | 10-g (W/Kg) | Temp. | Test Date |
| 2450MHz | 53.69 (48.33~59.05) | 23.94 (21.55~26.33) | 56.19 | 26.11 | 21.6 °C | Jan. 04, 2022 |
| 5200MHz | 162.34 (146.11~178.57) | 55.42 (49.88~60.96) | 175.47 | 60.68 | 21.7 °C | Jan. 06, 2022 |
| 5800MHz | 178.89 (161.01~196.77) | 59.32 (53.39~65.25) | 170.95 | 63.95 | 21.5 °C | Jan. 05, 2022 |

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5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

 Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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6. **RF Exposure Positions**

6.1. Tablet host platform exposure conditions

Refer to KDB616217 D04, when the modular approach is used, transmitters and modules must be initially tested for standalone operations in generic host conditions according to the following minimum test separation distance and antenna installation requirements for incorporation in the tablet platform. The separation distance required for incorporation in qualified hosts is described in KDB 447498; item 5) of section 4.1 and item 1) of section 5.2.2 etc.

- \leq 5 mm between the antenna and user for both back surface and edge exposure conditions
- the antennas used by the host must have been tested for equipment approval or qualify for SAR test exclusion
- the antenna polarization, physical orientation, rotation and installation configurations used by the host must have been tested for compliance or qualify for test exclusion
- when the *SAR Test Exclusion Threshold* in KDB 447498 applies, a *test separation distance* of 5 mm is required to determine test exclusion for the tablet platform

The antennas embedded in tablets are typically ≤ 5 mm from the outer housing. The required antenna to user test separation distance is a "not to exceed test" distance required to apply the modular approach. Instead of the typical zero gap tablet edge test requirement between the edge of a tablet and the user, when an antenna has been tested at ≤ 5 mm according to the modular approach it can be incorporated into tablets with at least twice the tested distance from the outer housing of the tablet edge; otherwise, the tablet edge zero gap test requirement applies. When the dedicated host approach is applied, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom.



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7. RF Output Power

7.1. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up | Output Power (dBm) |
|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| | 1 | 2412 | 15.60 | 14.79 |
| 802.11b | 6 | 2437 | 15.60 | 15.59 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 15.60 | 13.82 |
| | 1 | 2412 | 13.50 | 13.15 |
| 802.11g | 6 | 2437 | 13.50 | 12.60 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 13.50 | 12.24 |
| 000 11- | 1 | 2412 | 13.00 | 12.34 |
| 802.11n | 6 | 2437 | 13.00 | 12.67 |
| HT20 | 11 | 2462 | 13.00 | 11.01 |
| 000 11- | 3 | 2422 | 13.00 | 12.47 |
| 802.11n | 6 | 2437 | 13.00 | 12.64 |
| HT40 | 9 | 2452 | 13.00 | 11.90 |

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up | Output Power (dBm) |
|------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|
| | 36 | 5180 | 10.00 | 9.64 |
| 802.11a | 40 | 5200 | 10.00 | 9.29 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 10.00 | 9.43 |
| | 36 | 5180 | 10.00 | 8.60 |
| 802.11n HT20 | 40 | 5200 | 10.00 | 9.41 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 10.00 | 9.78 |
| 802.11n HT40 | 38 | 5190 | 10.00 | 8.96 |
| ου2.1111 H140 | 46 | 5230 | 10.00 | 9.64 |
| | 36 | 5180 | 10.00 | 9.81 |
| 802.11ac VHT20 | 40 | 5200 | 10.00 | 9.39 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 10.00 | 9.77 |
| 802 11aa \/UT 40 | 38 | 5190 | 10.50 | 9.34 |
| 802.11ac VHT40 | 46 | 5230 | 10.50 | 10.18 |
| 802.11ac VHT80 | 42 | 5210 | 9.50 | 9.34 |

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up | Output Power (dBm) |
|------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|
| | | | | |



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| | 149 | 5745 | 10.00 | 9.59 |
|-------------------|-----|------|-------|------|
| 802.11a | 157 | 5785 | 10.00 | 9.84 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 10.00 | 8.61 |
| | 149 | 5745 | 10.00 | 9.59 |
| 802.11n HT20 | 157 | 5785 | 10.00 | 9.97 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 10.00 | 8.71 |
| 802.11n HT40 | 151 | 5755 | 9.00 | 8.84 |
| 002.11111140 | 159 | 5795 | 9.00 | 8.83 |
| | 149 | 5745 | 10.00 | 9.74 |
| 802.11ac VHT20 | 157 | 5785 | 10.00 | 9.98 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 10.00 | 8.76 |
| 802 11 co \/UT 40 | 151 | 5755 | 9.00 | 8.89 |
| 802.11ac VHT40 | 159 | 5795 | 9.00 | 8.71 |
| 802.11ac VHT80 | 155 | 5775 | 8.50 | 8.40 |

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.8G.

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| | Output Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|---------|------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| | Channel | | Data Rates | | | | | |
| | | Tune-up | 1M | 2M | 3M | | | |
| BR+EDR | 0CH | 10.000 | 9.020 | 8.802 | 9.081 | | | |
| | 39CH | 10.000 | 8.792 | 8.871 | 9.056 | | | |
| | 78CH | 8.000 | 7.685 | 7.644 | 7.861 | | | |

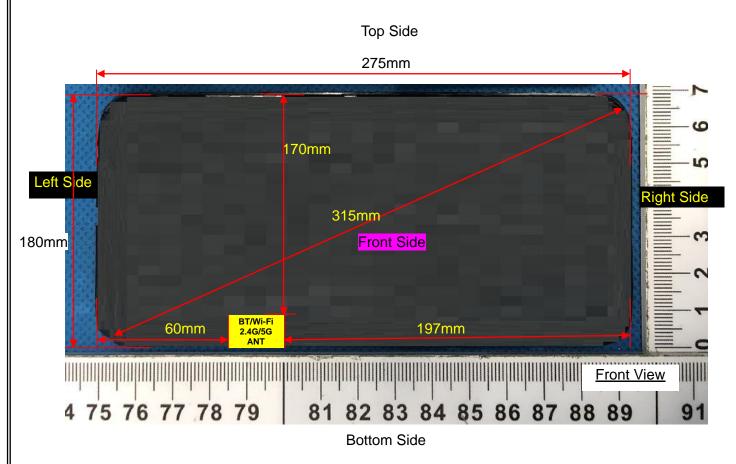
| | Channel | Tune-up | Output Power (dBm) | |
|-----|---------|---------|--------------------|--|
| | 0CH | 1.000 | 0.088 | |
| BLE | 19CH | 1.000 | 0.580 | |
| | 39CH | 2.000 | 1.236 | |

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.





8. Antenna Location



Note: Since the confidentiality request of EUT, the antenna location example diagram see as above.

| Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|----|-----|-----|---|--|--|
| Antennas Front Side Back Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side | | | | | | | | |
| WLAN & Bluetooth | 5 | 5 | 60 | 197 | 170 | 5 | | |

Note: When the minimum separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

| Positions for SAR tests | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test separation distances \leq 50 mm | | | | | | | |
| Tune-up Maximum power of Bluetooth | | | | | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 10dBm | | | | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | | | |
| Front Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 3.2 | | | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | | | |
| Back Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 3.2 | | | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | | | |
| Dottom Cide | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | | | |
| Bottom Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 3.2 | | | | | |





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| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 2.4G | | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 15.6 | dBm | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Front Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 11.4 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Back Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 11.4 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Bottom Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 11.4 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| European Desiliare | Tune-up Maximum p | power of WLAN 5.2G | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 10.5 | dBm | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Front Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 5.1 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Back Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 5.1 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Bottom Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 5.1 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| Evposure Desitions | Tune-up Maximum p | oower of WLAN 5.8G | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 100 | IBm | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Front Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 4.8 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Back Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 4.8 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 5 | | | |
| Bottom Side | SAR exclusion threshold | 4.8 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | YES | | | |

| Positions for SAR tests | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Test separation distances > 50 mm | | | | | | |
| | Tune-up Maximum power of Bluetooth | | | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 10dBm | 10mW | | | | |





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| Left Side | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Loft Sido | Antenna to user(mm) | 60 | | | |
| Leit Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 196 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 197 | | | |
| Right Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 1566 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 170 | | | |
| Bottom Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 1296 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Tune-up Maximum p | ower of WLAN 2.4G | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 15.60dBm | 36.3mW | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 60 | | | |
| Left Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 196 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 197 | | | |
| Right Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 1566 | | | |
| J | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 170 | | | |
| Bottom Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 1296 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 5.2G | | | | |
| Exposure Positions | 10.5dBm | 11.2mW | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 60 | | | |
| Left Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 166 | | | |
| | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) | 197 | | | |
| Right Side | SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 1536 | | | |
| Right Side | | | | | |
| Right Oldo | SAR testing required? | NO | | | |
| | SAR testing required? Antenna to user(mm) | <u>NO</u> 170 | | | |
| Bottom Side | Antenna to user(mm) | 170 | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 170 1266 | | | |
| Bottom Side | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? | 170 1266 NO | | | |
| | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G | | | |
| Bottom Side | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p 10dBm | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G 10mW | | | |
| Bottom Side Exposure Positions | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p 10dBm Antenna to user(mm) | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G 10mW 60 | | | |
| Bottom Side | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p 10dBm Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G 10mW 60 162 | | | |
| Bottom Side Exposure Positions | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p 10dBm Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G 10mW 60 162 NO | | | |
| Bottom Side Exposure Positions Left Side | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p 10dBm Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Antenna to user(mm) | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G 10mW 60 162 NO 197 | | | |
| Bottom Side Exposure Positions | Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? Tune-up Maximum p 10dBm Antenna to user(mm) SAR exclusion threshold(mW) SAR testing required? | 170 1266 NO ower of WLAN 5.8G 10mW 60 162 NO | | | |





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| SAR exclusion threshold(mW) | 1262 |
|-----------------------------|------|
| SAR testing required? | NO |

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.

9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

| Mada | Pmax | Pmax | Distance | f | Calculation | SAR Exclusion | SAR test | |
|-----------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|-------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| wode | Mode (dBm) (mW) | | (mm) | (GHz) | Result | threshold | exclusion | |
| Bluetooth | 10.00 | 10.00 | 5 | 2.480 | 3.15 | 3 | NO | |

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth





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10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement Result

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of Bluetooth

| Test Position of | Test | | | Value ′kg) | Power | Conducted power | Tune-up power | Scaled SAR | Data |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|----------|
| Body with 0mm | channel /Freq. | Test Mode | 1g | 10g | Drift (±5%) | (dBm) | (dBm) | 1g (W/Kg) | Date |
| Front Side | 39/2441 | 3DH5 | 0.073 | 0.045 | 2.42 | 9.056 | 10.000 | 0.091 | 2022/1/4 |
| Back Side | 39/2441 | 3DH5 | 0.045 | 0.026 | -1.58 | 9.056 | 10.000 | 0.056 | 2022/1/4 |
| Bottom Side | 39/2441 | 3DH5 | 0.060 | 0.037 | 1.64 | 9.056 | 10.000 | 0.075 | 2022/1/4 |

NOTE: Body SAR test results of Bluetooth

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

| Test | Teet | | SAR | Value | Dowor | Conducted | Tune-up | Scaled | |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------|-------|-------|----------------|-----------|---------|--------|----------|
| Position of | Test channel | Test Mode | (W) | /kg) | Power Drift | power | power | SAR | Date |
| Body with | /Freq. | Test Mode | 10 | 10a | (±5%) | (dBm) | (dBm) | 1g | Dale |
| 0mm | /rieq. | | 1g | 10g | (±3 %) | | | (W/Kg) | |
| Front Side | 6/2437 | 802.11b | 0.113 | 0.058 | -1.59 | 15.59 | 15.60 | 0.113 | 2022/1/4 |
| Back Side | 6/2437 | 802.11b | 0.070 | 0.036 | 3.11 | 15.59 | 15.60 | 0.070 | 2022/1/4 |
| Bottom Side | 6/2437 | 802.11b | 0.094 | 0.048 | -1.67 | 15.59 | 15.60 | 0.094 | 2022/1/4 |

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.2G

| Test Position of | Test | Test Mode | | Value ⁄kg) | Power Drift | Conducted power | Tune-up power | Scaled SAR | Date |
|---------------------|---------|-------------------|-------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|----------|
| Body with 0mm | /Freq. | Test Mode | 1g | 10g | (±5%) | (dBm) | (dBm) | 1g (W/Kg) | Date |
| Front Side | 46/5230 | 802.11ac VHT40 | 0.089 | 0.048 | -1.31 | 10.18 | 10.50 | 0.096 | 2022/1/6 |
| Back Side | 46/5230 | 802.11ac VHT40 | 0.045 | 0.023 | -3.37 | 10.18 | 10.50 | 0.048 | 2022/1/6 |
| Bottom Side | 46/5230 | 802.11ac VHT40 | 0.060 | 0.031 | -2.82 | 10.18 | 10.50 | 0.065 | 2022/1/6 |

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.2G

10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.8G

| Test Test Mode SAR Value Power Conducted Tune-up Scaled | Date | |
|---|------|--|
|---|------|--|





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| Position of | channel | | (W/ | /kg) | Drift | power | power | SAR | |
|-------------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------|
| Body with | /Freq. | | 1 ~ | 10~ | (±5%) | (dBm) | (dBm) | 1g | |
| 0mm | | | 1g | 10g | | | | (W/Kg) | |
| Front Side | 157/5785 | 802.11a | 0.191 | 0.075 | -1.94 | 9.84 | 10.00 | 0.198 | 2022/1/5 |
| Back Side | 157/5785 | 802.11a | 0.110 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 9.84 | 10.00 | 0.114 | 2022/1/5 |
| Bottom Side | 157/5785 | 802.11a | 0.144 | 0.056 | -0.61 | 9.84 | 10.00 | 0.149 | 2022/1/5 |

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO simultaneous transmissions are possible for this device of Bluetooth, 2.4G Wi-Fi and 5G Wi-Fi.

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

| Table of contents | | |
|--|--|--|
| MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz | | |
| MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 5200MHz | | |
| MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 5800MHz | | |





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MEASUREMENT 1

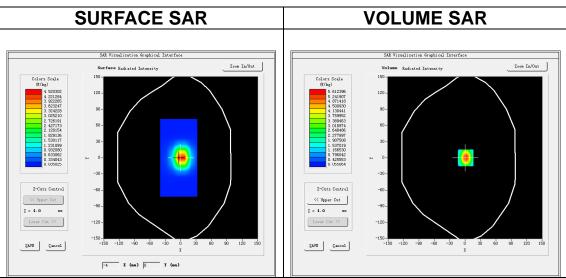
Date of measurement: 4/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| <u>Area Scan</u> | <u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u> |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ZoomScan | <u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u> |
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Dipole |
| Band | <u>CW2450</u> |
| <u>Channels</u> | Middle |
| Signal | CW (Crest factor: 1.0) |
| | |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 2450.000000 |
|---|-------------|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.199355 |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.438397 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.829115 |
| Variation (%) | -3.640000 |

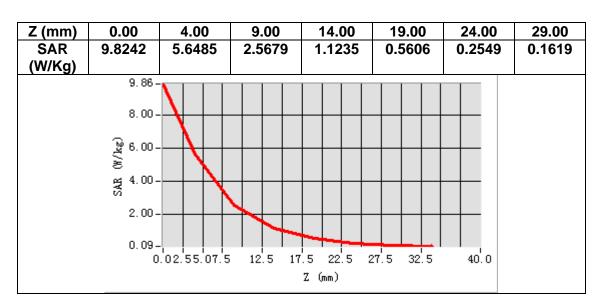


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 9.79 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.611231 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 5.619129 |



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| 3D screen shot | Hot spot position |
|----------------|-------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |





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MEASUREMENT 2

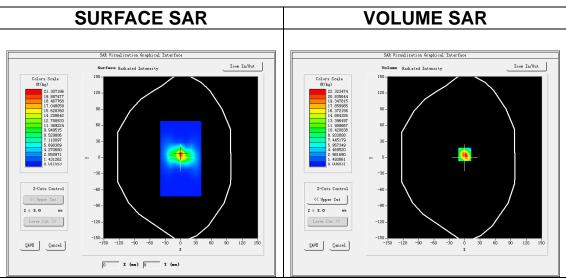
Date of measurement: 6/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| <u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u> |
|------------------------------------|
| 7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm |
| Validation plane |
| Dipole |
| <u>CW5200</u> |
| Middle |
| CW (Crest factor: 1.0) |
| |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 5200.000000 |
|---|-------------|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 37.202178 |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 16.152048 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 4.666147 |
| Variation (%) | -2.960000 |



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 40.06 W/kg

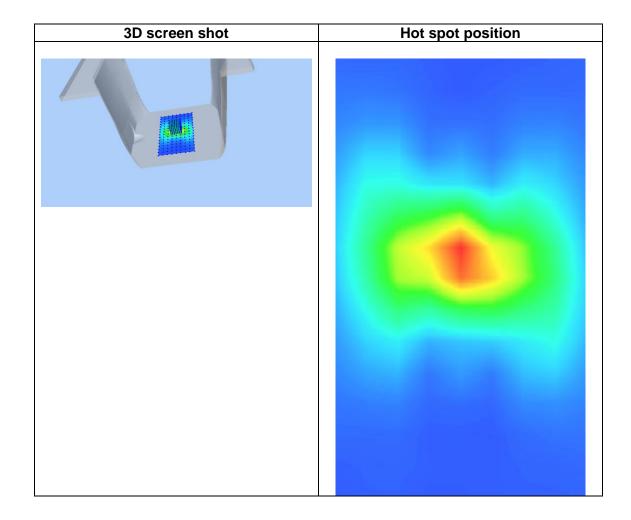
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 6.068168 |
|----------------|-----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 17.547132 |



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| Z (m m) | 0.00 | 2.00 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 8.00 | 10.0 0 | 12.0 0 | 14.0 0 | 16.0 0 | 18.0 0 | 20.0 0 | 22.0 0 |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| SA | 37.5 03 | 22.3 59 | 11.2 54 | 5.62 88 | 2.81 67 | 1.46 93 | 0.79 44 | 0.33 61 | 0.12 45 | 0.18 85 | 0.01 45 | 0.05 26 |
| R (W/ Kg) | 03 | 59 | 54 | 00 | 07 | 93 | 44 | 01 | 43 | 00 | 43 | 20 |
| ity) | | 37. | 84- | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 30. | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | · · · · | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (^{25.} ∦, ∦ 20. | 00 | \mathbf{N} | | | _ | | | <u> </u> | | |
| | | 3월 ^{15.} 85 | | \mathbb{N} | ++ | | ++ | | | <u> </u> | | |
| | | 10. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 00 02 - , | | | + | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 4 | 6 8 | 10 12 | 14 16 | 18 20 | 0 22 2 | 4 26 | | |
| | | | | | | Z | (mm) | | | | | |







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MEASUREMENT 3

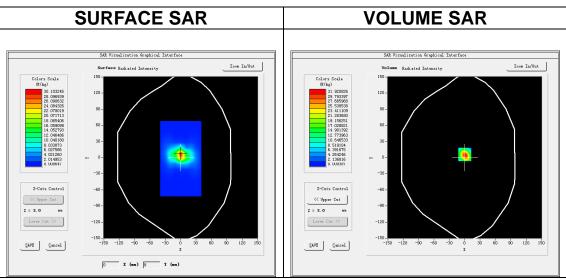
Date of measurement: 5/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| Area Scan | <u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u> |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ZoomScan | <u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u> |
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Dipole |
| Band | <u>CW5800</u> |
| <u>Channels</u> | Middle |
| <u>Signal</u> | CW (Crest factor: 1.0) |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 5800.000000 |
|---|-------------|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 36.172509 |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 16.456983 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 5.302806 |
| Variation (%) | -2.800000 |



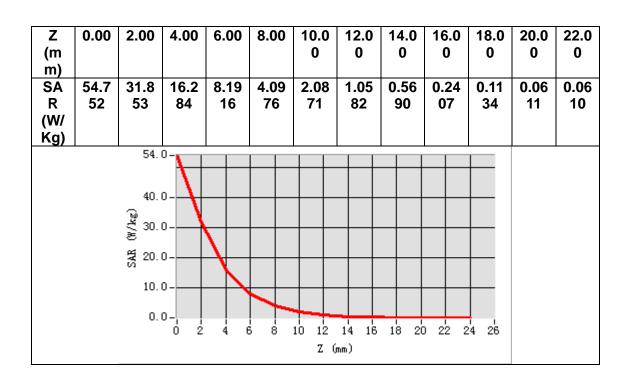
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 57.37 W/kg

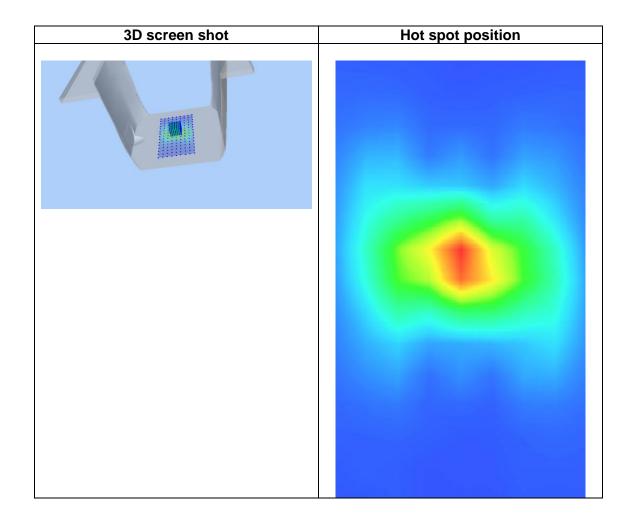
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 6.395255 |
|----------------|-----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 17.095047 |



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13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 5.2G Body

MEASUREMENT 2 WLAN 5.8G Body

MEASUREMENT 3 WLAN 2.4G Body

MEASUREMENT 4 Bluetooth Body





MEASUREMENT 1

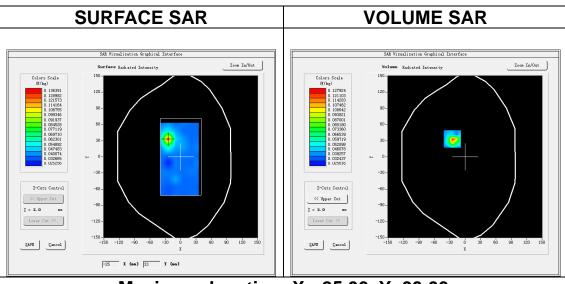
Date of measurement: 6/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| Area Scan | dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| ZoomScan | 7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm |
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | IEEE 802.11ac U-NII |
| <u>Channels</u> | Middle |
| Signal | IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0) |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 5230.000000 |
|---|-------------|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 37.114135 |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 16.189728 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 4.704015 |
| Variation (%) | -1.310000 |



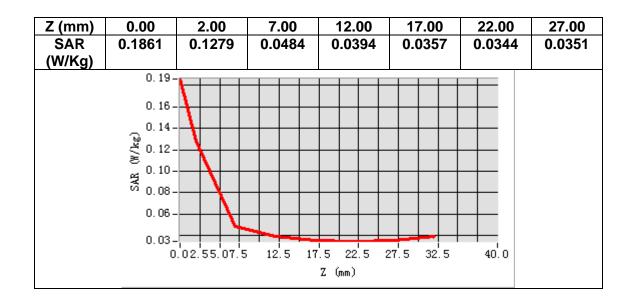
Maximum location: X=-25.00, Y=33.00 SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.047894 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.089483 |



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| 3D screen shot | Hot spot position |
|----------------|-------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |





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MEASUREMENT 2

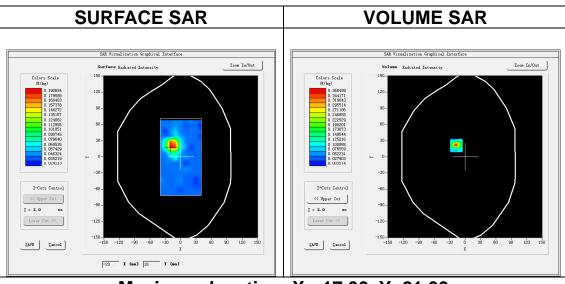
Date of measurement: 5/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| Area Scan | <u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u> |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ZoomScan | 7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm |
| Phantom Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | IEEE 802.11a U-NII |
| <u>Channels</u> | Middle |
| <u>Signal</u> | IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0) |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 5785.000000 |
|---|-------------|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 36.248459 |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 16.332541 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 5.249097 |
| Variation (%) | -1.940000 |



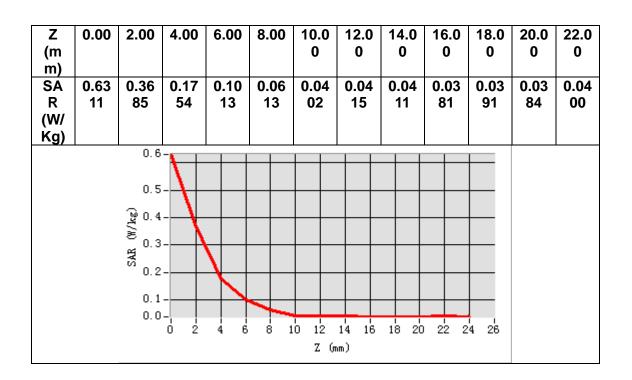
Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=21.00 SAR Peak: 0.72 W/kg

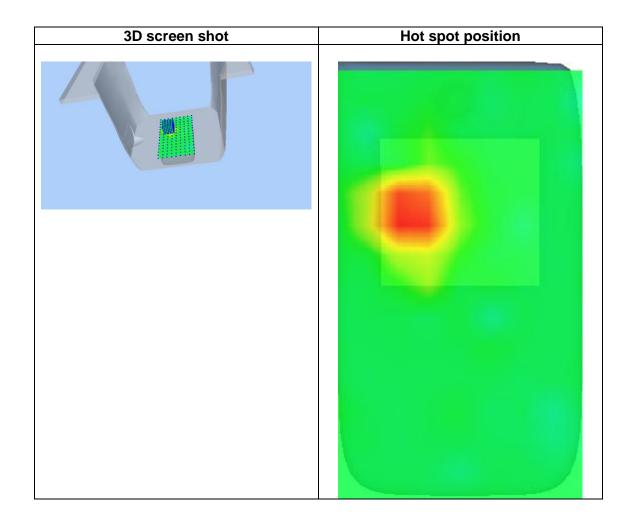
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.075031 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.190566 |



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MEASUREMENT 3

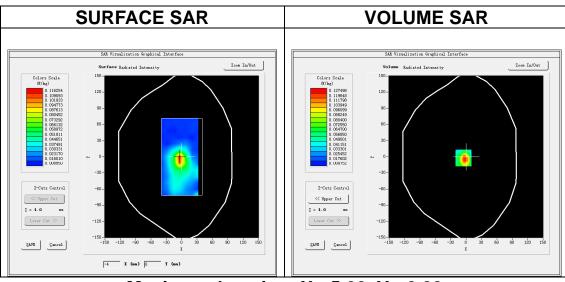
Date of measurement: 4/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| Area Scan | dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ZoomScan | <u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u> |
| Phantom Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | IEEE 802.11b ISM |
| <u>Channels</u> | Middle |
| <u>Signal</u> | IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0) |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 2437.000000 | |
|---|-------------|--|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.251453 | |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.356897 | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.808375 | |
| Variation (%) | -1.590000 | |



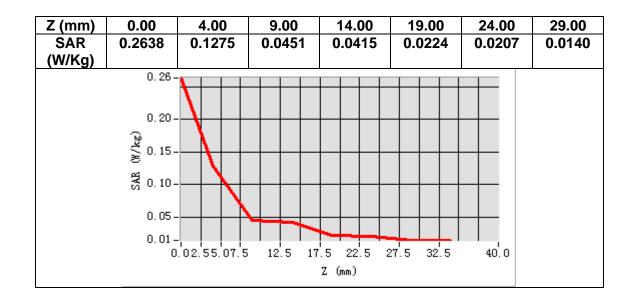
Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-2.00 SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

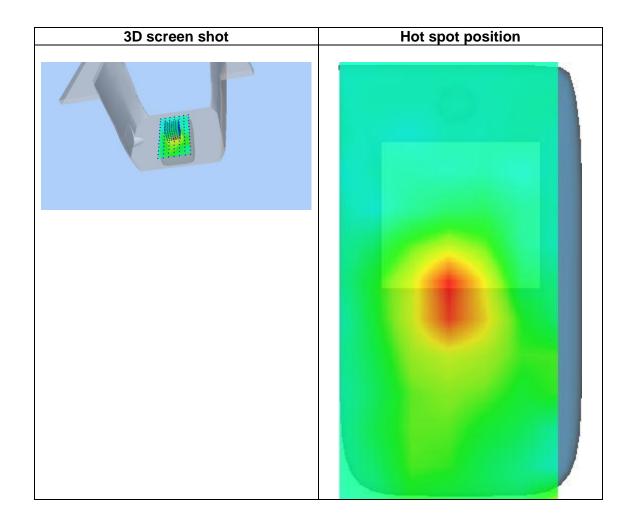
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.058115 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.113251 |



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MEASUREMENT 4

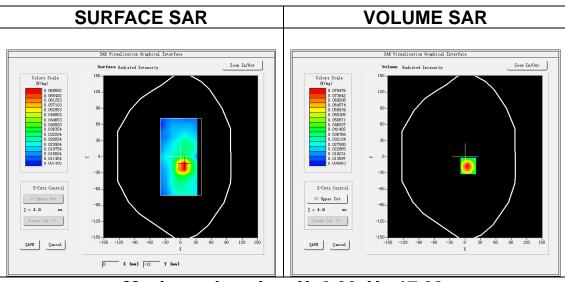
Date of measurement: 4/1/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

| Area Scan | <u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u> |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>ZoomScan</u> | 7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm |
| Phantom Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | <u>Bluetooth</u> |
| <u>Channels</u> | Middle |
| Signal | (Crest factor: 0.77) |

B. SAR Measurement Results

| Frequency (MHz) | 2441.000000 | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.227355 | | |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.367997 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.812849 | | |
| Variation (%) | 2.420000 | | |

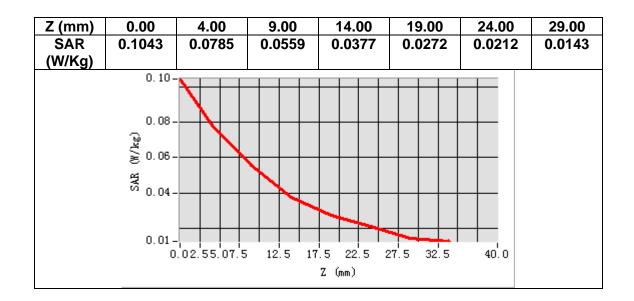


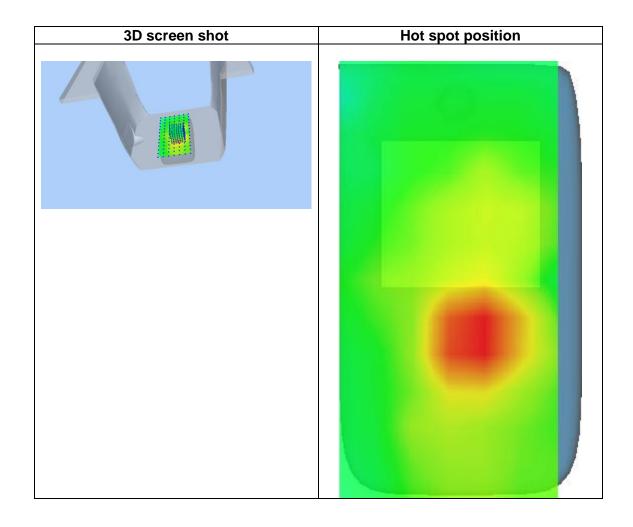
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 0.11 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.044983 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.073159 |



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14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287

2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352

5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33





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COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).







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Report No.: S21121702305001



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|--------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme Luc | Technical Manager | 3/1/2021 | JS |
| Checked by : | Jérôme Luc | Technical Manager | 3/1/2021 | JS |
| Approved by : | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 3/1/2021 | Gann Toutain |

d'emplei 2021.03.0 1 13:07:12 +01'00'

| | Customer Name |
|----------------|---|
| Distribution : | SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. |

| Issue | Name | Date | Modifications |
|-------|------------|----------|-----------------|
| А | Jérôme Luc | 3/1/2021 | Initial release |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

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1

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Device Type | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE |
| Manufacturer | MVG |
| Model | SSE2 |
| Serial Number | SN 08/16 EPGO287 |
| Product Condition (new / used) | Used |
| Frequency Range of Probe | 0.15 GHz-6GHz |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ |
| | Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ |
| | Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ |

2 **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

2.1 <u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

| and the second second second |
|------------------------------|

Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

| Probe Length | 330 mm |
|--|--------|
| Length of Individual Dipoles | 2 mm |
| Maximum external diameter | 8 mm |
| Probe Tip External Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm |

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 <u>LINEARITY</u>

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{\left(d_{be} + d_{step}\right)^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{be}/\delta/2}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{be} + d_{step}\right) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

| where | |
|------------------------|---|
| SARuncertainty | is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect |
| dbe | is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement |
| | point, in millimetre |
| Δ_{step} | is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that |
| - | are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible |
| δ | is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent |
| | liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14 \text{ mm}$ at 3 GHz; |
| ⊿SAR _{be} | in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the |
| | distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value. |

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2 | | | | | 14 % |

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Calibration Parameters | | |
|------------------------|-------------|--|
| Liquid Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C | |
| Lab Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C | |
| Lab Humidity | 30-70 % | |

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

| Normx dipole | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| $1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ | $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ | $3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ |
| 0.72 | 0.66 | 0.77 |

| DCP dipole 1 | DCP dipole 2 | DCP dipole 3 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (mV) | (mV) | (mV) |
| 107 | 110 | 110 |

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

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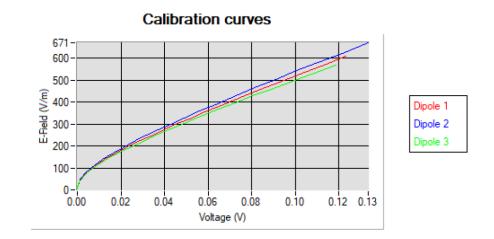


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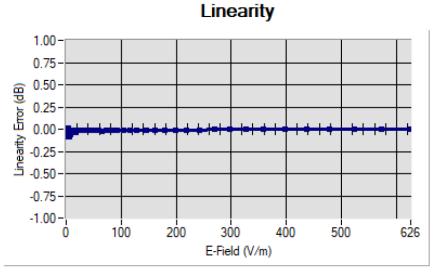


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A



5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>



Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)

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Report No.: S21121702305001



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

| <u>Liquid</u> | Frequency (MHz +/- | ConvF |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------|
| | 100MHz) | |
| HL750 | 750 | 1.49 |
| HL850 | 835 | 1.50 |
| HL900 | 900 | 1.61 |
| HL1800 | 1800 | 1.73 |
| HL1900 | 1900 | 1.91 |
| HL2000 | 2000 | 1.97 |
| HL2300 | 2300 | 1.92 |
| HL2450 | 2450 | 1.98 |
| HL2600 | 2600 | 1.87 |
| HL3300 | 3300 | 1.79 |
| HL3500 | 3500 | 1.85 |
| HL3700 | 3700 | 1.79 |
| HL3900 | 3900 | 2.07 |
| HL4200 | 4200 | 2.21 |
| HL4600 | 4600 | 2.25 |
| HL4900 | 4900 | 2.05 |
| HL5200 | 5200 | 1.80 |
| HL5400 | 5400 | 2.05 |
| HL5600 | 5600 | 2.16 |
| HL5800 | 5800 | 2.07 |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

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Report No.: S21121702305001

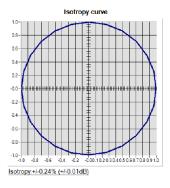


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date |
| Flat Phantom | MVG | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Network Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM | 100203 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1160271 | 02/2020 | 02/2023 |
| Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz SMB | 106589 | 04/2019 | 04/2022 |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | |
| Power Meter | NI-USB 5680 | 170100013 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Waveguide | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-712 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Waveguide Transition | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-701 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Waveguide Termination | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-701 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor | Testo 184 H1 | 44220687 | 05/2020 | 05/2023 |

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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Report No.: S21121702305001



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme LUC | Technical Manager | 3/1/2021 | JS |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Technical Manager | 3/1/2021 | JS |
| Approved by : | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 3/1/2021 | Gann Toutain |
| | • | | | Autoreautor 2021.03.0 |



| | Customer Name |
|----------------|---------------|
| | SHENZHEN NTEK |
| Distribution : | TESTING |
| Distribution : | TECHNOLOGY |
| | CO., LTD. |

| Issue | Name | Date | Modifications |
|-------|----------------|----------|-----------------|
| А | Jérôme LE GALL | 3/1/2021 | Initial release |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

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Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

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INTRODUCTION 1

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

| Device Under Test | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE | |
| Manufacturer | MVG | |
| Model | SID2450 | |
| Serial Number | SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352 | |
| Product Condition (new / used) | Used | |

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

GENERAL INFORMATION 3.1

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>RETURN LOSS</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.08 LIN |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 - 300 | 0.20 mm |
| 300 - 450 | 0.44 mm |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume Expanded Uncertainty |
|----------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|

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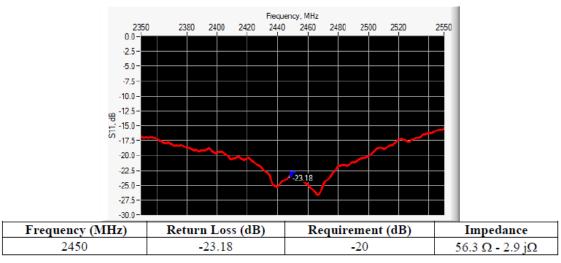
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| 1 g | 19 % (SAR) |
|------|------------|
| 10 g | 19 % (SAR) |

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | Lm | ım | h mm | | h mm | | d mm | |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|------|--|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured | | |
| 300 | 420.0 ±1 %. | | 250.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | | | |
| 450 | 290.0 ±1 %. | | 166.7 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | | | |
| 750 | 176.0 ±1 %. | | 100.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | | | |
| 835 | 161.0 ±1 %. | | 89.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 900 | 149.0 ±1 %. | | 83.3 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1450 | 89.1 ±1 %. | | 51.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1500 | 80.5 ±1 %. | | 50.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1640 | 79.0 ±1 %. | | 45.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1750 | 75.2 ±1 %. | | 42.9 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1800 | 72.0 ±1 %. | | 41.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1900 | 68.0 ±1 %. | | 39.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 1950 | 66.3 ±1 %. | | 38.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 2000 | 64.5 ±1 %. | | 37.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 2100 | 61.0 ±1 %. | | 35.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 2300 | 55.5 ±1 %. | | 32.6 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | | | |
| 2450 | 51.5 ±1 %. | - | 30.4 ±1 %. | - | 3.6 ±1 %. | - | | |

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| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. | 28.8 ±1 | %. | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
|------|------------|---------|----|-----------|--|
| 3000 | 41.5 ±1 %. | 25.0 ±1 | %. | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.0±1 %. | 26.4 ±1 | %. | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7±1 %. | 26.4 ±1 | %. | 3.6 ±1 %. | |

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

| Software | OPENSAR V5 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 13/09 SAM68 |
| Probe | SN 41/18 EPGO333 |
| Liquid | Head Liquid Values: eps' : 41.9 sigma : 1.88 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 24502450 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 30-70 % |

| 7.2 | <u>HEAI</u> | EASUREM | ENT | |
|-----|-------------|-----------|-----|--|
| | | Frequency | | |

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ɛ,') | | Conductivi | it y (σ) S/m |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----------|------------|----------------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 ±10 % | | 0.87 ±10 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 ±10 % | | 0.87 ±10 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 ±10 % | | 0.89 ±10 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 ±10 % | | 0.90 ±10 % | |
| 900 | 41.5 ±10 % | | 0.97 ±10 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 ±10 % | | 1.20 ±10 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 ±10 % | | 1.23 ±10 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 ±10 % | | 1.31 ±10 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 ±10 % | | 1.37 ±10 % | |
| 1800 | 40.0 ±10 % | | 1.40 ±10 % | |
| 1900 | 40.0 ±10 % | | 1.40 ±10 % | |
| 1950 | 40.0 ±10 % | | 1.40 ±10 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 ±10 % | | 1.40 ±10 % | |

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| 2100 | 39.8 ±10 % | | 1.49 ±10 % | |
|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| 2300 | 39.5 ±10 % | | 1.67 ±10 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±10 % | 41.9 | 1.80 ±10 % | 1.88 |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±10 % | | 1.96 ±10 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±10 % | | 2.40 ±10 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±10 % | | 2.91 ±10 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±10 % | | 2.40 ±10 % | |

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | | 10 g SAR | (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | | 6.22 | |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |
| 1900 | 39.7 | | 20.5 | |
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |
| 2450 | 52.4 | 53.69 (5.37) | 24 | 23.94 (2.39) |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |

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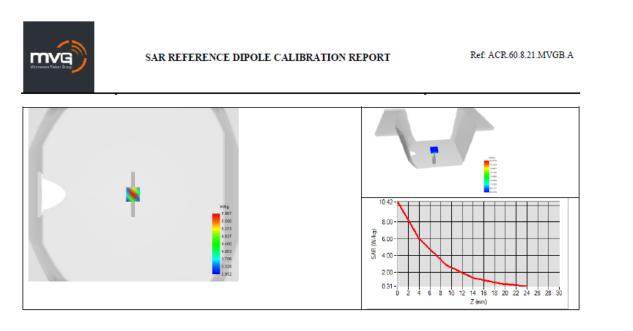
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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date | | | |
| SAM Phantom | MVG | SN-13/09-SAM68 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | | |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | | Validated. No cal required. | | | |
| Network Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM | 100203 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 | | | |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 | | | |
| Calipers | Mitutoyo | SN 0009732 | 10/2019 | 10/2022 | | | |
| Reference Probe | MVG | EPGO333 SN 41/18 | 05/2020 | 05/2021 | | | |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1160271 | 02/2020 | 02/2023 | | | |
| Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz SMB | 106589 | 04/2019 | 04/2022 | | | |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | | |
| Power Meter | NI-USB 5680 | 170100013 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 | | | |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | | |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor | Testo 184 H1 | 44220687 | 05/2020 | 05/2023 | | | |

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SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

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SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

> FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 13/14 WGA33

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme Luc | Technical Manager | 3/1/2021 | JES |
| Checked by : | Jérôme Luc | Technical Manager | 3/1/2021 | JS |
| Approved by : | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 3/1/2021 | Gann Toutain |
| | - | ł | | Made diversity 2021 02 |



| | Customer Name |
|----------------|---|
| Distribution : | SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. |

| Issue | Name | Date | Modifications |
|-------|------------|----------|-----------------|
| А | Jérôme Luc | 3/1/2021 | Initial release |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

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| 5 | Mea | surement Uncertainty | |
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| 8 | List | of Equipment | |

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference waveguides used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| | Device Under Test |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 5000-6000 MHz REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE |
| Manufacturer | MVG |
| Model | SWG5500 |
| Serial Number | SN 13/14 WGA33 |
| Product Condition (new / used) | Used |

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Waveguides are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference waveguides used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The waveguide used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -8 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed with matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical dimensions of the validation waveguide, the specified dimensions are as shown in Section 6.2. Figure 1 shows how the dimensions relate to the physical construction of the waveguide. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

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5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.08 LIN | |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 - 300 | 0.20 mm | | |

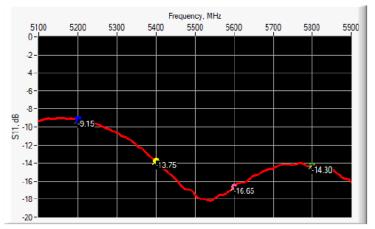
5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g | 19 % (SAR) |
| 10 g | 19 % (SAR) |

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS</u>



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| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| 5200 | -9.15 | -8 | $21.17 \Omega + 13.26 j\Omega$ |
| 5400 | -13.75 | -8 | $68.57 \Omega + 6.68 j\Omega$ |
| 5600 | -16.65 | -8 | 35.76 Ω - 2.15 jΩ |
| 5800 | -14.30 | -8 | $54.74 \Omega + 18.27 j\Omega$ |

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency | L (1 | mm) | W (| mm) | Lf (| mm) | Wf (| (mm) |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| (MHz) | Required | Measured | Required | Measured | Required | Measured | Required | Measured |
| 5800 | 40.39 ± 0.13 | | 20.19 ± 0.13 | 17 | 81.03 ± 0.13 | 252 | 61.98 ± 0.13 | 5 |

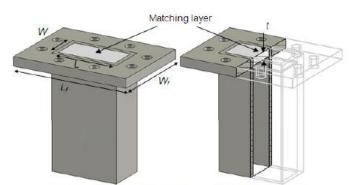


Figure 1: Validation Waveguide Dimensions

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference waveguide meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed with the matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell.

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| Measurement Condition | |
|--|--|
| Software | OPENSAR V5 |
| Phantom | SN 13/09 SAM68 |
| Probe | SN 41/18 EPGO333 |
| Liquid | Head Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps':34.06 sigma : 4.70 Head Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps':33.39 sigma : 4.91 Head Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps':32.77 sigma : 5.13 Head Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps':32.40 sigma : 5.34 |
| Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid | 0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm |
| Frequency | 5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 30-70 % |

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7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MHz | Relative per | mittivity (ɛɾ') | Conductivity (σ) S/m | | |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------|--|
| | required | measured | required | measured | |
| 5000 | 36.2 ±10 % | | 4.45 ±10 % | | |
| 5100 | 36.1 ±10 % | | 4.56 ±10 % | | |
| 5200 | 36.0 ±10 % | 34.06 | 4.66 ±10 % | 4.70 | |
| 5300 | 35.9 ±10 % | | 4.76 ±10 % | | |
| 5400 | 35.8 ±10 % | 33.39 | 4.86 ±10 % | 4.91 | |
| 5500 | 35.6 ±10 % | | 4.97 ±10 % | | |
| 5600 | 35.5 ±10 % | 32.77 | 5.07 ±10 % | 5.13 | |
| 5700 | 35.4 ±10 % | | 5.17 ±10 % | | |
| 5800 | 35.3 ±10 % | 32.40 | 5.27 ±10 % | 5.34 | |
| 5900 | 35.2 ±10 % | | 5.38 ±10 % | | |
| 6000 | 35.1 ±10 % | | 5.48 ±10 % | | |

7.2 MEASUREMENT RESULT

At those frequencies, the target SAR value can not be generic. Hereunder is the target SAR value defined by Satimo, within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W net power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency (MHz) | 1 g SAR (W/kg) | | 10 g SAR (W/kg) | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 5200 | 159.00 | 162.34 (16.23) | 56.90 | 55.42 (5.54) |
| 5400 | 166.40 | 168.48 (16.85) | 58.43 | 57.03 (5.70) |
| 5600 | 173.80 | 174.92 (17.49) | 59.97 | 58.63 (5.86) |
| 5800 | 181.20 | 178.89 (17.89) | 61.50 | 59.32 (5.93) |

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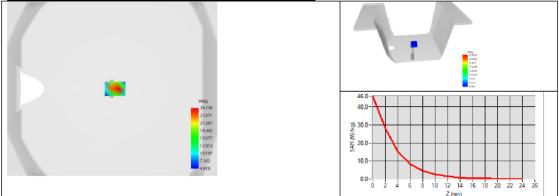
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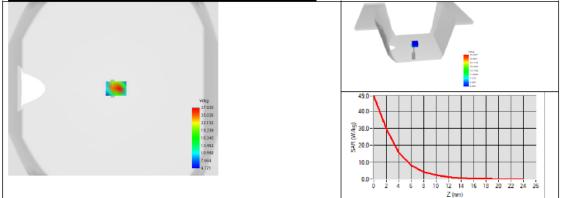
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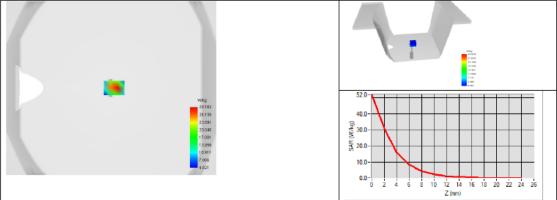
SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5200 MHz



SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz



SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz



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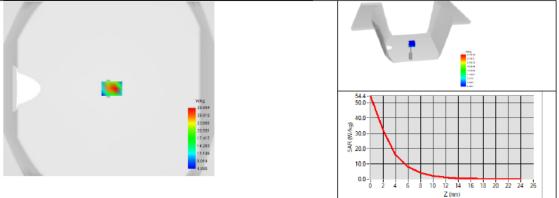
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SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz



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LIST OF EQUIPMENT 8

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date | | | |
| Flat Phantom | MVG | SN-13/09-SAM68 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | | |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | | |
| Network Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM | 100203 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 | | | |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 | | | |
| Calipers | Mitutoyo | SN 0009732 | 10/2019 | 10/2022 | | | |
| Reference Probe | MVG | EPGO333 SN 41/18 | 05/2020 | 05/2021 | | | |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1160271 | 02/2020 | 02/2023 | | | |
| Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz SMB | 106589 | 04/2019 | 04/2022 | | | |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | | |
| Power Meter | NI-USB 5680 | 170100013 | 05/2019 | 05/2022 | | | |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | | |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor | Testo 184 H1 | 44220687 | 05/2020 | 05/2023 | | | |

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