

### **Abbott Laboratories**

GLP12179 Roundabout 3-entry FCC 2.1091:2023 RFID

Report: ABBO0123.7, Issue Date: April 10, 2023







### **CERTIFICATE OF EVALUATION**



Last Date of Evaluation: March 23, 2023
Abbott Laboratories
EUT: GLP12179 Roundabout 3-entry

### RF Exposure Evaluation

### **Standards**

| Specification   | Method  |
|-----------------|---|
| FCC 2.1091:2023 | FCC 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 |

### Results

| Method<br>Clause | Description                  | Applied | Results | Comments |
|------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| 7.1              | Maximum Permissible Exposure | Yes     | Pass    | None     |

### **Deviations From Evaluation Standards**

None

Approved By:

**Donald Facteau, Process Architect** 

Product compliance is the responsibility of the client; therefore, the tests and equipment modes of operation represented in this report were agreed upon by the client, prior to testing. The results of this test pertain only to the sample(s) tested. The specific description is noted in each of the individual sections of the test report supporting this certificate of test. This report reflects only those tests from the referenced standards shown in the certificate of test. It does not include inspection or verification of labels, identification, marking or user information. As indicated in the Statement of Work sent with the quotation, Element's standard process is to always use the latest published version of the test methods even when earlier versions are cited in the test specification. Issuance of a purchase order was de facto acceptance of this approach. Otherwise, the client would have advised Element in writing of the specific version of the test methods they wanted applied to the subject testing

# **REVISION HISTORY**



| Revision<br>Number | Description | Date<br>(yyyy-mm-dd) | Page Number |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 00                 | None        |                      |             |

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# ACCREDITATIONS AND AUTHORIZATIONS



### **United States**

FCC - Designated by the FCC as a Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB). Certification chambers, Open Area Test Sites, and conducted measurement facilities are listed with the FCC.

**A2LA** - Each laboratory is accredited by A2LA to ISO / IEC 17025, and as a product certifier to ISO / IEC 17065 which allows Element to certify transmitters to FCC and IC specifications.

### Canada

**ISED** - Recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada as a Certification Body (CB) and as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### **European Union**

European Commission - Recognized as an EU Notified Body validated for the EMCD and RED Directives.

### **United Kingdom**

BEIS - Recognized by the UK as an Approved Body under the UK Radio Equipment and UK EMC Regulations.

### Australia/New Zealand

ACMA - Recognized by ACMA as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### Korea

MSIT / RRA - Recognized by KCC's RRA as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### Japan

VCCI - Associate Member of the VCCI. Conducted and radiated measurement facilities are registered.

### **Taiwan**

**BSMI** – Recognized by BSMI as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

NCC - Recognized by NCC as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### **Singapore**

IDA - Recognized by IDA as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### Israel

MOC - Recognized by MOC as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### Hong Kong

OFCA - Recognized by OFCA as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### **Vietnam**

MIC – Recognized by MIC as a CAB for the acceptance of test data.

### **SCOPE**

For details on the Scopes of our Accreditations, please visit:

<u>California</u> <u>Minnesota</u> <u>Oregon</u> <u>Texas</u> <u>Washington</u>

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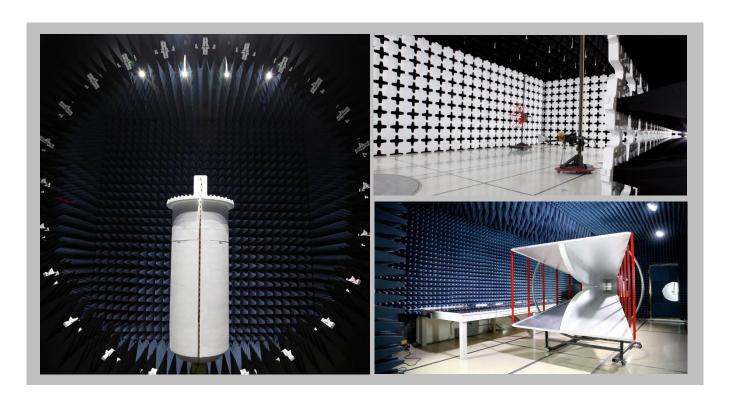
# **FACILITIES**







| <b>California</b> Labs OC01-17 41 Tesla Irvine, CA 92618 (949) 861-8918        | Minnesota<br>Labs MN01-11<br>9349 W Broadway Ave.<br>Brooklyn Park, MN 55445<br>(612)-638-5136 | Oregon Labs EV01-12 6775 NE Evergreen Pkwy #400 Hillsboro, OR 97124 (503) 844-4066 | <b>Texas</b> Labs TX01-09 3801 E Plano Pkwy Plano, TX 75074 (469) 304-5255 | <b>Washington</b> Labs NC01-05 19201 120 <sup>th</sup> Ave NE Bothell, WA 98011 (425)984-6600 |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| A2LA   |  |  |  |   |  |  |
| Lab Code: 3310.04  | Lab Code: 3310.05  | Lab Code: 3310.02  | Lab Code: 3310.03  | Lab Code: 3310.06   |  |  |
| Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada                            |  |  |  |   |  |  |
| 2834B-1, 2834B-3   | 2834E-1, 2834E-3   | 2834D-1  | 2834G-1  | 2834F-1   |  |  |
| BSMI   |  |  |  |   |  |  |
| SL2-IN-E-1154R   | SL2-IN-E-1152R   | SL2-IN-E-1017  | SL2-IN-E-1158R   | SL2-IN-E-1153R  |  |  |
| VCCI   |  |  |  |   |  |  |
| A-0029   | A-0109   | A-0108   | A-0201   | A-0110  |  |  |
| Recognized Phase I CAB for ISED, ACMA, BSMI, IDA, KCC/RRA, MIC, MOC, NCC, OFCA |  |  |  |   |  |  |
| US0158   | US0175   | US0017   | US0191   | US0157  |  |  |



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# **RF EXPOSURE CONDITION**



| The following RF Exposure conditions were used for the assessment documented in this report: |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Intended Use   | Mobile   |  |  |  |
| Location on Body (if applicable)   | N/A  |  |  |  |
| How is the Device Used   | The equipment is used at a distance of more than 20 cm from the user.  |  |  |  |
| Radios Contained in the Same Host Device   | The equipment contains four Roundabout Switches. Each Cross Switch contains two 13.56 MHz RFID Radios (referred to as 'RFID'. The radios are referenced by:  Roundabout Controller (1 through 4): referred to as "Switch Controller"  Radio (1 or 2)  The numbering used here is consistent with the information in the test report, ABBO0123.3. |  |  |  |
| Simultaneous Transmitting Radios   | None   |  |  |  |
| Body Worn Accessories  | N/A  |  |  |  |
| Environment  | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure   |  |  |  |

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### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



### **Client and Equipment Under Evaluation Information**

| Company Name:            | Abbott Laboratories         |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Address:                 | 1921 Hurd Drive             |
| City, State, Zip:        | Irving, TX 75038            |
| Evaluation Requested By: | Don Mendell                 |
| EUT:                     | GLP12179 Roundabout 3-entry |
| Date of Evaluation:      | 3/23/2023                   |

### Information Provided by the Party Requesting the Evaluation

### **Functional Description of the Equipment:**

The GLP systems Track is a modular laboratory automation system used to perform multiple preanalytic and post-analytic steps to automate sample preparation and distribution processes in clinical laboratories. These processes include bar code identification of samples, centrifugation, aliquoting of samples, transport of samples between processes (modules), and delivery of samples to one or more Abbott and third-party commercially available laboratory analyzers. Each module includes a built-in touchscreen, a user interface that functions as a central operating and display element.

The AAS Roundabout 3-Entry is used to connect 3 sections of track together, allowing a CAR to merge onto a section of track by activating a switch to divert to the chosen track. This includes 13.56 MHz RFID readers to determine the location of each CAR. The system has four Roundabout Switch controllers, each containing two 13.56 MHz RFID radios. All radios are stand-alone, limited by the system mechanics.

### **Objective:**

To demonstrate compliance with FCC requirements for RF exposure for 2.1091 mobile/fixed devices

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## MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)



#### **OVERVIEW**

Human exposure to RF emissions from mobile devices (47 CFR §2.1091) may be evaluated based on the MPE limits adopted by the FCC for electric and magnetic field strength and/or power density, as appropriate, since exposures are assumed to occur at distances of 20 cm or more from persons. ANSI C95.1:2005 + Amd 1:2010 specifies a minimum separation distance of 20 cm for performing reliable field measurements to determine adherence to MPE limits. If the minimum separation distance between a transmitter and nearby persons is more than 20 cm under normal operating conditions, compliance with MPE limits may be determined at such distance from the transmitter. When applicable, operation instructions and prominent warning labels may be used to alert the exposed persons to maintain a specified distance from the transmitter or to limit their exposure durations and usage conditions to ensure compliance. If the use of warning labels on a transmitter is not effective or desirable, the alternative of performing SAR evaluation with the device at its closest range to persons under normal operating conditions may be used. The field strength and power density limits adopted by the FCC are based on whole-body averaged exposure and the assumption of RF field levels relate most accurately to estimating whole-body averaged SAR. This means some local values of exposures exceeding the stated field strength and power density limits may not necessarily imply non-compliance if the spatial average of spatially averaged RF fields over the exposed portions of a person's body does not exceed the limits.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH FCC 2.1091**

### 47 CFR §1.1307

"(b)(1) Requirements. (i) With respect to the limits on human exposure to RF provided in §1.1310 of this chapter, applicants to the Commission for the grant or modification of construction permits, licenses or renewals thereof, temporary authorities, equipment authorizations, or any other authorizations for radiofrequency sources must either:

- (A) Determine that they qualify for an exemption pursuant to §1.1307(b)(3);
- (B) Prepare an evaluation of the human exposure to RF radiation pursuant to §1.1310 and include in the application a statement confirming compliance with the limits in §1.1310; or
- (C) Prepare an Environmental Assessment if those RF sources would cause human exposure to levels of RF radiation in excess of the limits in §1.1310.

### 47 CFR §2.1091

"A mobile device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between the RF source's radiating structure(s) and the body of the user or nearby persons. In this context, the term "fixed location" means that the device is physically secured at one location and is not able to be easily moved to another location while transmitting. Transmitting devices designed to be used by consumers or workers that can be easily re-located, such as wireless devices associated with a personal desktop computer, are considered to be mobile devices if they meet the 20-centimeter separation requirement."

The device will only be used with a separation distance between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby persons as shown in the table below and can therefore be considered a mobile transmitter per 47 CFR 2.1091(b).

### **MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)**



### COMPLIANCE WITH FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

"KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06" provides the procedures, requirements, and authorization policies for mobile and portable devices.

Devices operating in standalone mobile device exposure conditions may contain a single transmitter or multiple transmitters that do not transmit simultaneously are covered in section 7.1.

Devices containing multiple transmitters capable of simultaneous transmissions are covered in section 7.2.

#### LIMITS

Limits for General Population /Uncontrolled Exposure: 47 CFR 1.1310

| Frequency Range<br>(MHz) | Electric Field<br>Strength<br>(V/m) | Magnetic Field<br>Strength<br>(A/m) | Power Density<br>(mW/cm²) | Averaging Time<br>(minutes) |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0.3 - 1.34               | 614                                 | 1.63                                | *(100)                    | 30                          |
| 1.34 - 30                | 824/f                               | 2.19/f                              | *(180/f <sup>2</sup> )    | 30                          |
| 30 - 300                 | 27.5                                | 0.073                               | 0.2                       | 30                          |
| 300 - 1500               | ·                                   |                                     | f/1500                    | 30                          |
| 1500 - 100000            |                                     |                                     | 1                         | 30                          |

f = frequency in MHz

### **ASSESSMENT**

The exposure level for the radio is evaluated at a 20 cm distance from the radio's transmitting antenna using the general equation:

$$S = \frac{P * G}{4 * \pi * R^2}$$

Where: S = power density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = power input to the antenna (mW)

G = numeric power gain relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna (20 cm = limit for MPE estimates)

P\*G = EIRP

Solving for S, the maximum power density 20 cm from the transmitting antenna is determined. This level is then compared to the applicable limit for the transmit frequency. If limits were not met at the 20 cm boundary the evaluation distance is increased until the limit is met as shown in the table below.

For co-located radios, the ratio of the calculated level to the limit is determined. The ratios for each co-located radio are summed. If the sum is less than or equal to one, then the device is excluded from testing and is deemed compliant.

When the transmitted power is measured as a field strength value (dBµV/m), this value is converted to a power level using the following derivation (assuming the field strength value has been distance corrected to 3 m, see notes below table):

<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density

### **MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)**



Step 1 – Per ANSI C63.10:2013 section 10.3.9 equation (34), the relationship between EIRP and field strength is as follows:

$$EIRP_{meas} = E_{meas} - 95.3$$

#### Where:

EIRP $_{meas}$  is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm as converted from a measured value  $E_{meas}$  is the field strength at a 3 m measurement distance in dB $_{\mu}$ V/m. To convert from the specification measurement distance to 3 m, a 40 dB/decade adjustment was applied.

Step 2 – If a power tolerance or a tune-up value is provided, the reported power should be scaled accordingly:

$$EIRP = EIRP_{meas} + Tolerance$$

#### Where:

EIRP is the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm

EIRP<sub>meas</sub> is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm as converted from a measured value Tolerance is either the tolerance provided in dB or the positive tune-up tolerance range in dB

Step 3 - Convert the EIRP value to linear terms

$$EIRP(mW) = 10^{\frac{EIRP(dBm)}{10}}$$

Where:

EIRP is the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power, in terms of either mW or dBm

This value can then be compared against the limit to determine compliance.

The standalone MPE and summed MPE ratios are summarized in the following table:

| Radio                        | Transmit<br>Frequency<br>(MHz) | Field Strength<br>(dBuV/m @ 30m) | Power<br>Tolerance<br>(dB) | Duty<br>Cycle | Minimum<br>Separation<br>Distance<br>(cm) | Power<br>Density<br>(mW/cm²) | Limit<br>(mW/cm²) | Compliant |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|
| Switch controller 4, radio 2 | 13.56                          | 37.5                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 4, radio 1 | 13.56                          | 21.6                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 3, radio 2 | 13.56                          | 29                               | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 3, radio 1 | 13.56                          | 27.2                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 2, radio 2 | 13.56                          | 38.1                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 2, radio 1 | 13.56                          | 21.5                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 1, radio 2 | 13.56                          | 25.5                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |
| Switch controller 1, radio 1 | 13.56                          | 29.8                             | 1.76                       | 100.0%        | 20  | 0.0                          | 1.0               | Yes       |  |

The information in the table above was obtained from:

A measured value was used in these calculations. From customer supplied information and Element Report No. ABBO0123.3 Rev 1. A worst case 100% duty cycle is used here.

Evaluator: Nolan De Ramos

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### End of Test Report

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