

## RF Exposure Evaluation

According to KDB447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

### Limits

According to FCC Part1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in part1.1307(b)

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)				
Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
<b>(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures</b>				
0.3–3.0 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30 .....	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30–300 .....	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
0.3–1.34 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30 .....	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300 .....	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

F= Frequency in MHz Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula:  $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2)$  Where

$P_d$  = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$P_{out}$  = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi$  = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

$P_d$  is the limit of MPE . If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

## Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

Antenna Gain: 0dBi

Antenna Gain: The maximum Gain measured in fully anechoic chamber is 1.0 in linear scale.

Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure Evaluation Distance:

**Measurement Data**

BLE-worst mode and channel				
Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (dBm)	Tune up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum tune-up	
			(dBm)	(mW)
2480	1.14	1 ± 1	2	1.585

Mode	Max tune-up Power (mW)	Calculated value (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Result
BLE	1.585	0.00032	1.0	PASS

Remark:

- 1) The Max Conducted Peak Output Power data refer to report Report No.: ZKT-220302L1289-02
- 2)  $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2) = (1.585 * 1) / (4 * 3.1415 * 20 * 20) = 0.00032$
- 3) In normal use, the wifi module should be at least 20cm away from the human body

2.4GWIFI-worst mode and channel				
Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (dBm)	Tune up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum tune-up	
			(dBm)	(mW)
802.11g 2412MHz	16.74	17 ± 1	18	63.096

Mode	Max tune-up Power (mW)	Calculated value (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Result
802.11g-2412MHz	63.096	0.0126	1.0	PASS

So there is no sar requirement.

Remark:

- 1) The Max Conducted Peak Output Power data refer to report Report No.: ZKT-220302L1289-01
- 2)  $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2) = (63.096 * 1) / (4 * 3.1415 * 20 * 20) = 0.0126$
- 3) In normal use, the wifi module should be at least 20cm away from the human body