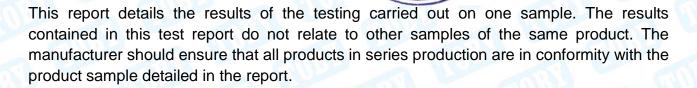




Report No.: TBR-C-202209-0299-81 1 of 64 Page:

# **RF Test Report** FCC ID: 2A2GJ-HT62374832L

Report No.		TBR-C-202209-0299-81				
Applicant		Heltec Automation Technology Co., Ltd				
Equipment Under Tes	st (E	UT)				
EUT Name	;	Sufficient IoT Hub				
Model No.	2	Sufficient IoT Hub				
Series Model No.	1	Sufficient IoT Hub Mini, Sufficient IoT Hub Pro, Sufficient IoT Hub Plus, Sufficient IoT Hub Modul				
Brand Name	1	Heltec				
Sample ID	2	RW-C-202209-0299-4-1#& RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#				
Receipt Date		2023-08-13				
Test Date	9	2023-08-13 to 2023-10-17				
Issue Date	÷	2023-10-17				
Standards	•	FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247				
Test Method	:	ANSI C63.10: 2013				
RUDD		KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02				
Conclusions	•	<b>PASS</b> In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.				
Witness Engineer		: Wade W : WAN SU : fuy ta. : Fay tai				
Engineer Supervisor		: WAN SU E wantsu				
Engineer Manager		: fuy dai. Ray Lat				



TB-RF-074-1.0



# Contents

CON	NTENTS	2
1.	GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT EUT	6
	1.1 Client Information	
	1.2 General Description of EUT (Equipment Under Test)	
	1.3 Block Diagram Showing the Configuration of System Tested	
	1.4 Description of Support Units	
	1.5 Description of Test Mode	9
	1.6 Description of Test Software Setting	10
	1.7 Measurement Uncertainty	10
	1.8 Test Facility	11
2.	TEST SUMMARY	12
3.	TEST SOFTWARE	12
4.	TEST EQUIPMENT	
5.	CONDUCTED EMISSION	
	5.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	5.2 Test Setup	
	5.3 Test Procedure	
	5.4 Deviation From Test Standard	
	5.5 EUT Operating Mode	
	5.6 Test Data	
6.	RADIATED AND CONDUCTED UNWANTED EMISSIONS	17
	6.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	6.2 Test Setup	
	6.3 Test Procedure	
	6.4 Deviation From Test Standard	20
	6.5 EUT Operating Mode	20
	6.6 Test Data	20
7.	EMISSIONS IN NONRESTRICTED FREQUENCY BANDS	21
	7.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	7.2 Test Setup	21
	7.3 Test Procedure	21
	7.4 Deviation From Test Standard	22
	7.5 EUT Operating Mode	
	7.6 Test Data	22
8.	99% OCCUPIED AND 20DB BANDWIDTH	23
	8.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	8.2 Test Setup	23
	8.3 Test Procedure	
	8.4 Deviation From Test Standard	24





	8.5 EUT Operating Mode	24
	8.6 Test Data	24
9.	PEAK OUTPUT POWER TEST	
	9.1 Test Standard and Limit	25
	9.2 Test Setup	25
	9.3 Test Procedure	25
	9.4 Deviation From Test Standard	26
	9.5 EUT Operating Mode	
	9.6 Test Data	
10.	POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
	10.1 Test Standard and Limit	27
	10.2 Test Setup	27
	10.3 Test Procedure	
	10.4 Deviation From Test Standard	27
	10.5 Antenna Connected Construction	27
	10.6 Test Data	
11.	CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION	
	11.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	11.2 Test Setup	28
	11.3 Test Procedure	28
	11.4 Deviation From Test Standard	29
	11.5 Antenna Connected Construction	
	11.6 Test Data	
12.		
	12.1 Test Standard and Limit	30
	12.2 Test Setup	
	12.3 Test Procedure	
	12.4 Deviation From Test Standard	
	12.5 Antenna Connected Construction	
	12.6 Test Data	
13.	NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES	
	13.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	13.2 Test Setup	
	13.3 Test Procedure	
	13.4 Deviation From Test Standard	
	13.5 Antenna Connected Construction	
	13.6 Test Data	
14.	HOPPING FUNCTION REQUIREMENTS	
	14.1 Test Standard and Limit	
	14.4 Deviation From Test Standard	
	14.6 Test Data	
15.	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	





15.1 Test Standard and Limit	25
15.2 Deviation From Test Standard	
15.3 Antenna Connected Construction	35
15.4 Test Data	35
ATTACHMENT A CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST DATA	36
ATTACHMENT B UNWANTED EMISSIONS DATA	
ATTACHMENT C EMISSIONS IN NONRESTRICTED FREQUENCY DATA	50
ATTACHMENT D 99% OCCUPIED AND 20DB BANDWIDTH DATA	54
ATTACHMENT E PEAK OUTPUT POWER DATA	58
ATTACHMENT F POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY DATA	60
ATTACHMENT G CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION DATA	62
ATTACHMENT H TIME OF OCCUPANCY(DWELL TIME) DATA	63
ATTACHMENT I NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY	64



 Report No.: TBR-C-202209-0299-81

 Page:
 5 of 64

# **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
TBR-C-202209-0299-81	Rev.01	Initial issue of report	2023-10-17
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## 1. General Information about EUT

## 1.1 Client Information

Applicant		Heltec Automation Technology Co., Ltd			
Address	: 1st floor, No. 54, 56, 58 zirui North Street, High-tech Zone, Chengdu city, China				
Manufacturer	er : Heltec Automation Technology Co., Ltd				
Address : 1st floor, No. 54, 56, 58 zirui North Street, High-tech Zone, Chengdu city, China		1st floor, No. 54, 56, 58 zirui North Street, High-tech Zone, Chengdu city, China			

1.2 General Description of EUT (Equipment Under Test)

EUT Name	:	Sufficient IoT Hub			
Models No.	:	Sufficient IoT Hub, Sufficient IoT Hub Mini, Sufficient IoT Hub Pro, Sufficient IoT Hub Plus, Sufficient IoT Hub Modul			
Model Different		All these models are identical in the same PCB, layout and electrical circuit, the only difference is appearance and color.			
Product Description	A VEN A	Operation Frequency:	LORA(125KHz): 902.3MHz~914.9MHz		
		Number of Channel:	64 channels		
		Antenna Gain:	1.97dBi Dipole Antenna		
		Bit Rate of Transmitter:	5.47kbps		
Power Rating	1.8	USB Input: DC 5V			
Software Version					
Hardware Version	3				
Bomark	I				

#### Remark:

(1) The antenna gain and adapter provided by the applicant, the verified for the RF conduction test provided by TOBY test lab.

(2) For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.

(3) Antenna information provided by the applicant. And the type of antenna please see the external photos.





## (4) Channel List:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
01	902.3	23	906.7	45	911.1	
02	902.5	24	906.9	46	911.3	
03	902.7	25	907.1	47	911.5	
04	902.9	26	907.3	48	911.7	
05	903.1	27	907.5	49	911.9	
06	903.3	28	907.7	50	912.1	
07	903.5	29	907.9	51	912.3	
08	903.7	30	908.1	52	912.5	
09	903.9	31	908.3	53	912.7	
10	904.1	32	908.5	54	912.9	
11	904.3	33	908.7	55	913.1	
12	904.5	34	908.9	56	913.3	
13	904.7	35	909.1	57	913.5	
14	904.9	36	909.3	58	913.7	
15	905.1	37	909.5	59	913.9	
16	905.3	38	909.7	60	914.1	
17	905.5	39	909.9	61	914.3	
18	905.7	40	910.1	62	914.5	
19	905.9	41	910.3	63	914.7	
20	906.1	42	910.5	64	914.9	
21	906.3	43	910.7	100	11UL	
22	906.5	44	910.9			





## 1.3 Block Diagram Showing the Configuration of System Tested

## **Conducted Test**

- mups				
liated Test	IDBI DEF	0035	MBY TUE	NUBI
		EUT	ADAPTER	]

## 1.4 Description of Support Units

	Equipment Information								
Name	NameModelFCC ID/SDOCManufacturerUsed " $$ "								
Adapter			HUAWEI	$\checkmark$					
Cable Information									
Number	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note					
Cable 1	Yes	NO	1.0M	Accessory					
Note: The cables	Note: The cables provided by the Applicant, The adapter provided by the Test Lab.								



### 1.5 Description of Test Mode

To investigate the maximum EMI emission characteristics generates from EUT, the test system was pre-scanning tested base on the consideration of following EUT operation mode or test configuration mode which possible have effect on EMI emission level. Each of these EUT operation mode(s) or test configuration mode(s) mentioned follow was evaluated respectively.

For Conducted Test				
Final Test Mode	Description			
Mode 1	TX Mode Channel 01			
	For Radiated Test			
Final Test Mode	Description			
Mode 1	TX Mode Channel 01			
Mode 2 TX Mode Channel 01/34/64				
Mode 3 Hopping Mode				

#### Note:

(1) For all test, we have verified the construction and function in typical operation. And all the test modes were carried out with the EUT in transmitting operation in maximum power with all kinds of data rate.

According to ANSI C63.10 standards, the measurements are performed at the highest, middle, lowest available channels.

- (2) During the testing procedure, the continuously transmitting with the maximum power mode was programmed by the customer.
- (3) The EUT is considered a Mobile unit; in normal use it was positioned on X-plane. The worst case was found positioned on X-plane. Therefore only the test data of this X-plane was used for radiated emission measurement test.



### 1.6 Description of Test Software Setting

During testing channel& Power controlling software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product power parameters of RF setting.

Test Software Version	putty			
Frequency	902.3MHz	908.9MHz	914.9MHz	
LORA	10	10	10	

### 1.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement  $y \pm U$ , where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

Test Item	Parameters	Expanded Uncertainty (U <sub>Lab</sub> )
Conducted Emission	Level Accuracy: 9kHz~150kHz 150kHz to 30MHz	±3.50 dB ±3.10 dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: 9kHz to 30 MHz	±4.60 dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: 30MHz to 1000 MHz	±4.50 dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: Above 1000MHz	±4.20 dB



#### 1.8 Test Facility

The testing report were performed by the Shenzhen Toby Technology Co., Ltd., in their facilities located at 1/F., Building 6, Rundongsheng Industrial Zone, Longzhu, Xixiang, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. At the time of testing, the following bodies accredited the Laboratory:

#### **CNAS (L5813)**

The Laboratory has been accredited by CNAS to ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories for the competence in the field of testing. And the Registration No.: CNAS L5813.

#### A2LA Certificate No.: 4750.01

The laboratory has been accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA) to ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories for the technical competence in the field of Electrical Testing. And the A2LA Certificate No.: 4750.01.FCC Accredited Test Site Number: 854351. Designation Number: CN1223.

#### IC Registration No.: (11950A)

The Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing. The site registration: Site# 11950A. CAB identifier: CN0056.





# 2. Test Summary

Standard Section	Test How		local anno an d	Demen
FCC	Test Item	Test Sample(s)	Judgment	Remark
FCC 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	RW-C-202209-0299-4-1#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.209 & 15.247(d)	Radiated Unwanted Emissions	RW-C-202209-0299-4-1#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.203	Antenna Requirement	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth & 20dB Bandwidth	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(f)	Power Spectral Density	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)(1)	Carrier frequency separation	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(f)	Time of occupancy	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(b)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequency	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A (2)
FCC 15.247(d)	Band Edge	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.207	Conducted Unwanted Emissions	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.205	Emissions in Restricted Bands	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)(1)	Hopping function Requirements	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#	PASS	N/A
	On Time and Duty Cycle	RW-C-202209-0299-4-2#		N/A

**Note:** N/A is an abbreviation for Not Applicable.

## 3. Test Software

Test Item	Test Software	Manufacturer	Version No.
Conducted Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	CDI-03A2
Radiation Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	FA-03A2RE
Radiation Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	FA-03A2RE+
RF Conducted Measurement	MTS-8310	MWRFtest	V2.0.0.0
RF Test System	JS1120	Tonscend	V3.2.22





# 4. Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100321	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
	Compliance		100021		00111 10, 2021
RF Switching Unit	Direction Systems	RSU-A4	34403	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
	Inc	any b			
AMN	SCHWARZBECK	NNBL 8226-2	8226-2/164	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101131	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
ISN	SCHWARZBECK	NTFM 8131	8131-193	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
ISN	SCHWARZBECK	CAT3 8158	cat3 5158-0094	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
ISN	SCHWARZBECK	NTFM5158	NTFM5158 0145	Jun. 06, 2023	Jun. 05, 2024
ISN	SCHWARZBECK	CAT 8158	cat5 8158-179	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
<b>Radiation Emissio</b>	n Test (B Site)				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Spectrum	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	102197	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
Analyzer			400470/000		<b>E</b> 1 00 0004
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU-8	100472/008	Feb. 23, 2023	Feb.22, 2024
Bilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	1225	Dec. 05, 2021	Dec. 04, 2023
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	2463	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb.25, 2024
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	1118	Jun. 26, 2022	Jun.25, 2024
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519 B	1519B-059	Jun. 26, 2022	Jun.25, 2024
HF Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP9E6343	AP21C806117	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
HF Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP051845	AP21C806141	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
HF Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP0184050	AP21C806129	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Highpass Filter	CD	HPM-6.4/18G		N/A	N/A
Highpass Filter	CD	HPM-2.8/18G		N/A	N/A
Highpass Filter	XINBO	XBLBQ-HTA67(8-25G)	22052702-1	N/A	N/A
Antenna Conducte	ed Emission	1	T	1	T
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY45106456	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	102197	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020B	MY60110172	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY47380425	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50141294	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY48180463	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY59101429	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61252685	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024





## Report No.: TBR-C-202209-0299-81 Page: 14 of 64

	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17100015SNO26	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17100015SNO29	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
RF Power Sensor	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17100015SNO31	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17100015SNO33	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
RF Control Unit	Tonsced	JS0806-1	21C8060380	N/A	N/A
RF Control Unit	Tonsced	JS0806-2	21F8060439	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Power Control Box	Tonsced	JS0806-4ADC	21C8060387	N/A	N/A
Wideband Radio Comunication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	144382	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Rohde&Schwarz	CMW500	168796	Feb. 23, 2023	Feb.22, 2024
Temperature and Humidity Chamber	ZhengHang	ZH-QTH-1500	ZH2107264	Jun. 20, 2023	Jun. 19, 2024





## 5. Conducted Emission

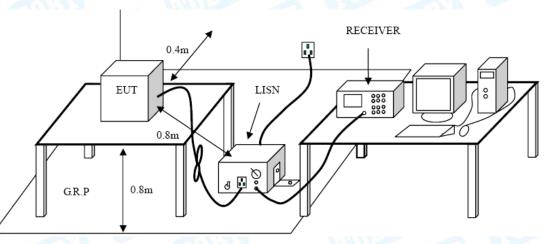
- 5.1 Test Standard and Limit
  - 5.1.1 Test Standard
    - FCC Part 15.207
  - 5.1.2 Test Limit

Frequency	Maximum RF Line	Voltage (dBµV)
Frequency	Quasi-peak Level	Average Level
150kHz~500kHz	66 ~ 56 *	56 ~ 46 *
500kHz~5MHz	56	46
5MHz~30MHz	60	50

#### Notes:

- (1) \*Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency.
- (2) The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
- (3) The limit decrease in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

## 5.2 Test Setup



### 5.3 Test Procedure

● The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipments powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/ 50 uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.

●Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.

●I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.

●LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.

●The bandwidth of EMI test receiver is set at 9 kHz, and the test frequency band is from 0.15MHz to 30MHz.





5.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

5.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

5.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment A.



## 6. Radiated and Conducted Unwanted Emissions

- 6.1 Test Standard and Limit
  - 6.1.1 Test Standard

#### FCC Part 15.209 & FCC Part 15.247(d)

6.1.2 Test Limit

General field strength limits at frequencies Below 30MHz			
Frequency	Field Strength	Field Strength	Measurement
(MHz)	(µA/m)*	(microvolt/meter)**	Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	6.37/F (F in kHz)	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	63.7/F (F in kHz)	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	0.08	30	30

**Note:** 1, The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.

2, \*is for RSS Standard, \*\*is for FCC Standard.

General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz			
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m at 3 m)	Measurement Distance (meters)	
30~88	100	3	
88~216	150	3	
216~960	200	3	
Above 960	500	3	

General field strength limits at frequencies Above 1000MHz			
Frequency	Distance of 3m (dBuV/m)		
(MHz)	Peak	Average	
Above 1000	74	54	

#### Note:

(1) The tighter limit applies at the band edges.

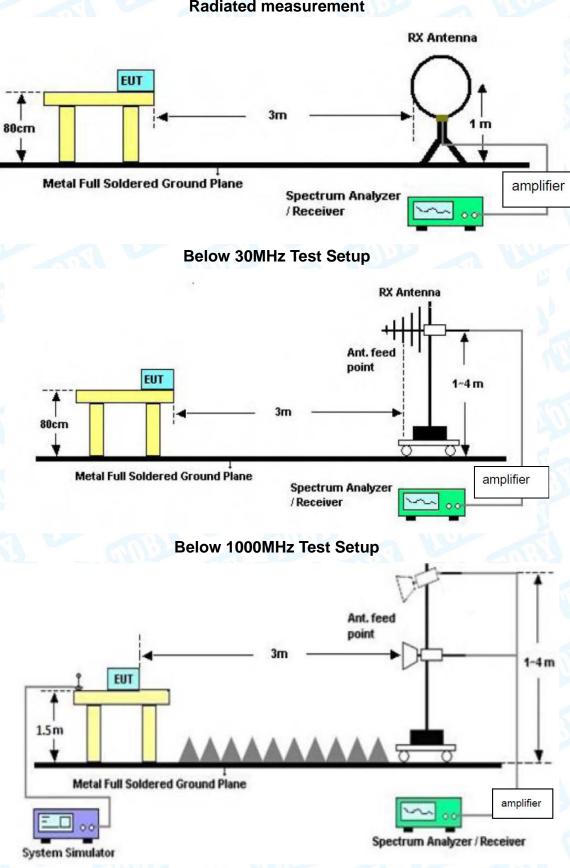
(2) Emission Level(dBuV/m)=20log Emission Level(uV/m)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.





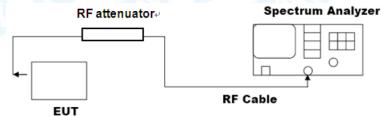
6.2 Test Setup







## Above 1GHz Test Setup Conducted measurement



#### 6.3 Test Procedure

#### ---Radiated measurement

● The measuring distance of 3m shall be used for measurements at frequency up to 1GHz and above 1 GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 0.8m high above ground, the table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

• Measurements at frequency above 1GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 1.5m high above the ground. RF absorbers covered the ground plane with a minimum area of 3.0m by 3.0m between the EUT and measurement receiver antenna. The RF absorber shall not exceed 30cm in high above the conducting floor. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

• The Test antenna shall vary between 1m and 4m, Both Horizontal and Vertical antenna are set to make measurement.

● The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.

● If the Peak Mode measured value compliance with and lower than Quasi Peak Mode Limit Below 1 GHz, the EUT shall be deemed to meet QP Limits and then no additional QP Mode measurement performed. But the Peak Value and average value both need to comply with applicable limit above 1 GHz.

● Testing frequency range 30MHz-1GHz the measuring instrument use VBW=120 kHz with Quasi-peak detection. Testing frequency range 9KHz-150Hz the measuring instrument use VBW=200Hz with Quasi-peak detection. Testing frequency range 9KHz-30MHz the measuring instrument use VBW=9kHz with Quasi-peak detection.

● Testing frequency range above 1GHz the measuring instrument use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=3 MHz with Peak Detector for Peak Values, and use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=10 Hz with Peak Detector for Average Values.

For the actual test configuration, please see the test setup photo.



Report No.: TBR-C-202209-0299-81 Page: 20 of 64



#### --- Conducted measurement

#### •Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to≥1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW≥[3\*RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.

i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

#### Emission level measurement

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW≥[3\*RBW].
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.

h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 6.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 6.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 6.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment B.



## 7. Emissions in nonrestricted frequency bands

7.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 7.1.1 Test Standard

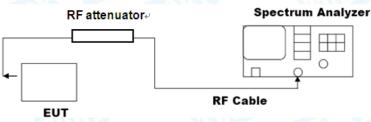
#### FCC Part 15.205 & FCC Part 15.247(d)

7.1.2 Test Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

### 7.2 Test Setup





#### 7.3 Test Procedure

#### **Reference level measurement**

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to  $\geq$ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW≥[3\*RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.





Report No.: TBR-C-202209-0299-81 Page: 22 of 64

#### **Emission level measurement**

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3\*RBW].
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

#### 7.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

7.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

7.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment C.





## 8. 99% Occupied and 20dB Bandwidth

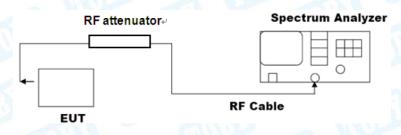
- 8.1 Test Standard and Limit
  - 8.1.1 Test Standard

#### FCC Part 15.205 & FCC Part 15.247(a)

8.1.2 Test Limit

There are no limits for 20dB bandwidth and 99% occupied bandwidth.

#### 8.2 Test Setup



### 8.3 Test Procedure

● The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.

b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.

f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.

g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The





99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### 8.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

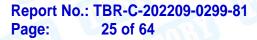
### 8.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 8.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment D.





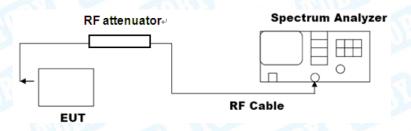


## 9. Peak Output Power Test

- 9.1 Test Standard and Limit
  - 9.1.1 Test Standard FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)
  - 9.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)	
	P <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 1 W		
	$N_{ch} \ge 50$		
	f ≥ MAX {25 kHz, BW20dB}		
	BW20dв ≤250KHz	and by	
Dook Output Dowor	$tch \le 0.4  ext{ s for } T = 20  ext{ s}$	002 028	
Peak Output Power	P <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 0.25W	902~928	
	25≤ <i>N</i> <sub>ch</sub> <50		
	f ≥ MAX {25 kHz, BW20dB}		
	250KHz <bw20db td="" ≤500khz<=""><td></td></bw20db>		
	$tch \le 0.4  ext{ s for } T = 10  ext{ s}$		
tch = average time of oc	$t_{ch}$ = average time of occupancy; $T$ = period; $N_{ch}$ = # hopping frequencies; BW = bandwidth;		
f = hopping channel carrier frequency separation			

### 9.2 Test Setup



### 9.3 Test Procedure

•This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

- a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
  - 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
  - 3) VBW≥ RBW.
  - 4) Sweep: Auto.
  - 5) Detector function: Peak.
  - 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external





Report No.: TBR-C-202209-0299-81 Page: 26 of 64

attenuators and cables.

e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

NOTE-A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the unlicensed wireless device, rather than a spectrum analyzer.

#### 9.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

9.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

9.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment E.



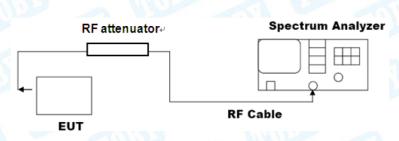
## 10. Power Spectral Density

10.1 Test Standard and Limit

10.1.1 Test Standard FCC Part 15.247(f) 10.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit
Power Spectral Density	8dBm(in any 3 kHz)

10.2 Test Setup



### 10.3 Test Procedure

• The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to 3 kHz≤RBW≤100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW ≥[3\*RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.

i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 10.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

### 10.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

### 10.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment F.





## 11. Carrier frequency separation

### 11.1 Test Standard and Limit

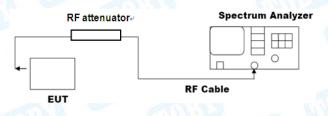
11.1.1 Test Standard

## FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)

11.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)	
	P <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 1 W		
	$N_{ch} \ge 50$		
	f ≥ MAX { 25 kHz, BW20dB }		
	BW20dB ≤250KHz	aniti s	
Carrier frequency	$tch \le 0.4  ext{ s for } T = 20  ext{ s}$	000.000	
separation	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \le 0.25 \text{W}$	902~928	
Can By	25≤ <i>N</i> <sub>ch</sub> <50		
	f ≥ MAX { 25 kHz, BW20dB }		
	250KHz <bw20dв td="" ≤500khz<=""><td></td></bw20dв>		
	$tch \le 0.4  ext{ s for } T = 10  ext{ s}$		
tch = average time of or	$t_{ch}$ = average time of occupancy; $T$ = period; $N_{ch}$ = # hopping frequencies; BW = bandwidth;		
f = hopping channel carrier frequency separation			

### 11.2 Test Setup



### 11.3 Test Procedure

• The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\ge$  RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.





11.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

11.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

11.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment G.



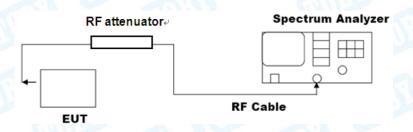
## 12. Time of occupancy (Dwell time)

### 12.1 Test Standard and Limit

12.1.1 Test Standard FCC Part 15.247(f) 12.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)			
	<i>P</i> <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 1 W	TUN			
	$N_{ch} \ge 50$				
	f ≥ MAX { 25 kHz, BW20dB }				
	BW20dB ≤250KHz	60033			
Time of occupancy	$tch \le 0.4$ s for $T = 20s$	002 028			
(dwell time)	P <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 0.25W	902~928			
Can US	25≤ <i>N</i> ch <i>&lt;</i> 50	A DEAL			
	f ≥ MAX { 25 kHz, BW20dB }				
	250KHz <bw20db td="" ≤500khz<=""><td></td></bw20db>				
	$tch \le 0.4$ s for $T = 10s$				
$t_{ch}$ = average time of occupancy; $T$ = period; $N_{ch}$ = # hopping frequencies; BW = bandwidth;					
f = hopping channel carrier frequency separation					

### 12.2 Test Setup



### 12.3 Test Procedure

• The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.

b) RBW shall be 
channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where

T is the expected dwell time per channel.

c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.

d) Detector function: Peak.

e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies





with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) =

(number of hops on spectrum analyzer)x(period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)

The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

### 12.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

### 12.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

### 12.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment H.





## 13. Number of hopping frequencies

### 13.1 Test Standard and Limit

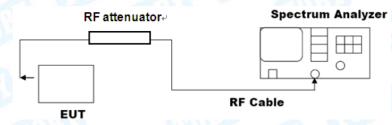
13.1.1 Test Standard

## FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)

13.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)			
	P <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 1 W				
	$N_{ch} \ge 50$				
	f ≥ MAX { 25 kHz, BW20dB }	002 028			
Carrier frequency	BW20dB ≤250KHz				
	$tch \le 0.4  ext{ s for } T = 20  ext{ s}$				
separation	P <sub>max-pk</sub> ≤ 0.25W	902~928			
60033	25≤ <i>N</i> <sub>ch</sub> <50				
	f ≥ MAX { 25 kHz, BW20dB }				
A CI	250KHz <bw20dв td="" ≤500khz<=""><td></td></bw20dв>				
	$tch \le 0.4  ext{ s for } T = 10  ext{ s}$				
$t_{ch}$ = average time of occupancy; $T$ = period; $N_{ch}$ = # hopping frequencies; BW = bandwidth;					
	f = hopping channel carrier frequency s	eparation			
There is no minimum num	ber of hopping channels associated wi	th this type of hybrid system. While			
there is not a specific minimum limit, the hop sequence is required to appear as pseudorandom per					
Section 15.247(a)(1) (see Section 3 of this document).					

### 13.2 Test Setup



## 13.3 Test Procedure

• The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.

b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

c) VBW ≥ RBW.

- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.





f) Trace: Max hold.

g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies.

Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

### 13.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

13.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 13.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment I.





## 14. Hopping function Requirements

### 14.1 Test Standard and Limit

- 14.1.1 Test Standard FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)
- 14.1.2 Test Limit

The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### 14.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 14.6 Test Data

The transmitter follows the LORA alliance protocol which complies with the pseudo-random hop sequence, equal use of each frequency, and receiver matching bandwidth and synchronization requirements.





## 15. Antenna Requirement

### 15.1 Test Standard and Limit

15.1.1 Test Standard FCC Part 15.203

15.1.2 Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

### 15.2 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 15.3 Antenna Connected Construction

The gains of the antenna used for transmitting is 1.97dBi, and the antenna de-signed with Unique connector antenna and consideration of replacement. Please see the EUT photo for details.

### 15.4 Test Data

The EUT antenna is a Dipole antenna. It complies with the standard requirement.

Antenna Type				
	Permanent attached antenna	Mar I		
3 100	Unique connector antenna	2		
Tan	Professional installation antenna			





## **Attachment A-- Conducted Emission Test Data**

emperature:	<b>23.7℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	49%
est Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		
erminal:	Line		
est Mode:	Mode 1	60022	2100
Remark:	Only worse case is repo	rted.	
80.0 dBuV			
			AVG:
30	Mun Mun Marine		AVG

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1900	22.63	11.17	33.80	64.03	-30.23	QP
2		0.1900	8.08	11.17	19.25	54.03	-34.78	AVG
3		0.3700	19.88	11.16	31.04	58.50	-27.46	QP
4		0.3700	8.41	11.16	19.57	48.50	-28.93	AVG
5	*	0.6580	23.17	11.28	34.45	56.00	-21.55	QP
6		0.6580	11.82	11.28	23.10	46.00	-22.90	AVG
7		1.0460	16.86	10.89	27.75	56.00	-28.25	QP
8		1.0460	7.44	10.89	18.33	46.00	-27.67	AVG
9		1.9980	14.87	10.52	25.39	56.00	-30.61	QP
10		1.9980	6.92	10.52	17.44	46.00	-28.56	AVG
11		14.3740	21.51	10.27	31.78	60.00	-28.22	QP
12		14.3740	10.95	10.27	21.22	50.00	-28.78	AVG

Remark:

1. Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Margin (dB) =QuasiPeak/Average (dBuV)-Limit (dBuV)





emperature:	<b>23.7</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	49%
est Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	AUP-	200
erminal:	Neutral	110	132
est Mode:	Mode 1	AU	
emark:	Only worse case is reported	ed.	
80.0 dBu¥			
			QP: AVG:
30	MUHMA Maliman Withour and marine	where we have a wear of the for the second of the	when he have a second second
man	Mark M. M. Sund We and Market March and Market M	-conserved and the state of the	Nerrow AVI
-20			

No. Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1	0.1900	22.22	11.17	33.39	64.03	-30.64	QP
2	0.1900	8.40	11.17	19.57	54.03	-34.46	AVG
3	0.2340	20.18	11.23	31.41	62.30	-30.89	QP
4	0.2340	11.15	11.23	22.38	52.30	-29.92	AVG
5	0.6419	16.37	11.24	27.61	56.00	-28.39	QP
6 *	0.6419	6.74	11.24	17.98	46.00	-28.02	AVG
7	3.5340	11.46	10.44	21.90	56.00	-34.10	QP
8	3.5340	6.17	10.44	16.61	46.00	-29.39	AVG
9	6.4980	12.55	10.26	22.81	60.00	-37.19	QP
10	6.4980	6.80	10.26	17.06	50.00	-32.94	AVG
11	12.8740	18.36	10.33	28.69	60.00	-31.31	QP
12	12.8740	9.10	10.33	19.43	50.00	-30.57	AVG

Remark: 1. Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Margin (dB) =QuasiPeak/Average (dBuV)-Limit (dBuV)





# **Attachment B-- Unwanted Emissions Data**

### ---Radiated Unwanted Emissions

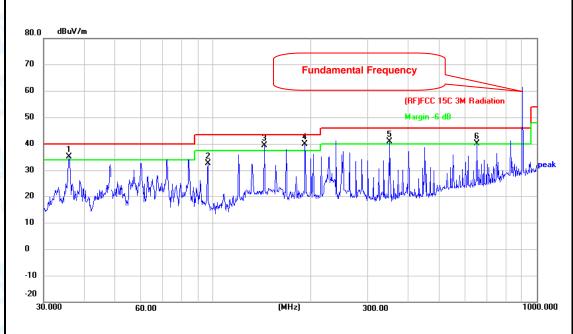
## 9 KHz~30 MHz

From 9 KHz to 30 MHz: Conclusion: PASS

Note: The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB Below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

### 30MHz~1GHz

Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		CR.
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal		
Test Mode:	Mode 2 (902.3MHz)		
Remark:	Only worse case is report	ed.	



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBu∀)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1!	35.8746	58.16	-23.06	35.10	40.00	-4.90	peak	Р
2	96.0986	58.76	-26.04	32.72	43.50	-10.78	peak	Р
3 !	143.8294	62.02	-22.67	39.35	43.50	-4.15	peak	Р
4 *	191.7450	64.24	-24.40	39.84	43.50	-3.66	peak	Р
5 !	350.4768	60.34	-19.36	40.98	46.00	-5.02	peak	Р
6 !	651.9417	52.05	-11.95	40.10	46.00	-5.90	peak	Р

\*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

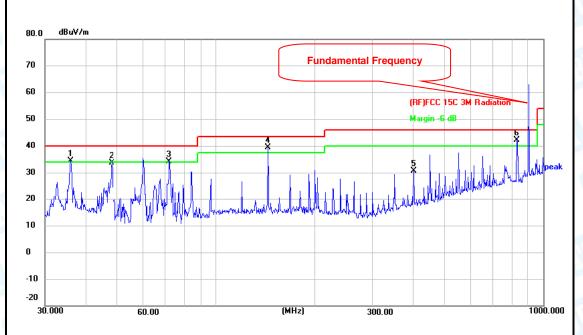
#### Remark:

- 1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
- 2. QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit QPK(dB $\mu$ V/m)





<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
AC 120V/60Hz	THUE	200
Vertical		
Mode 2 (902.3MHz)		
Only worse case is reported	ed.	all
	AC 120V/60Hz Vertical Mode 2 (902.3MHz)	AC 120V/60Hz Vertical



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBu∀)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
11	35.8746	57.42	-23.06	34.36	40.00	-5.64	peak	Р
2	47.9938	56.34	-22.65	33.69	40.00	-6.31	peak	Р
3 !	71.8319	58.94	-24.76	34.18	40.00	-5.82	peak	Р
4 !	143.8293	61.98	-22.67	39.31	43.50	-4.19	peak	Ρ
5	400.4318	48.59	-17.94	30.65	46.00	-15.35	peak	Р
6 *	827.4932	50.77	-8.58	42.19	46.00	-3.81	peak	Р

#### Remark:

- Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
   QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)-Limit QPK(dBµV/m)





emperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
est Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	TUL'	200
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal		132
est Mode:	Mode 2 (908.9MHz)		
Remark:	Only worse case is repor	ted.	2 194
80.0 dBuV/m			
70       60       50       40       30       20       10       0       -10		Margin -1	15C 3M Radiation
-20	60.00	(MHz) 300.00	1000.00

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBu∀)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
11	59.8588	59.37	-23.59	35.78	40.00	-4.22	peak	Р
2 *	83.8156	62.96	-26.68	36.28	40.00	-3.72	peak	Р
3	143.8295	58.48	-22.67	35.81	43.50	-7.69	peak	Р
4	199.9856	58.22	-24.81	33.41	43.50	-10.09	peak	Р
5	451.1350	53.88	-16.64	37.24	46.00	-8.76	peak	Р
6	550.9480	51.48	-14.05	37.43	46.00	-8.57	peak	Р

- Remark: 1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) 2. QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)-Limit QPK(dBµV/m)





Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
Fest Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	TUP-	100
Ant. Pol.	Vertical		MBD -
Fest Mode:	Mode 2 (908.9MHz)		
Remark:	Only worse case is rep	ported.	
80.0 dBuV/m			
70       60       50       40       30       20       10       0		Margin	C 15C 3M Radiation
-10			

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
11	59.8588	58.87	-23.59	35.28	40.00	-4.72	peak	Р
2 !	83.8155	61.96	-26.68	35.28	40.00	-4.72	peak	Р
3	143.8295	59.98	-22.67	37.31	43.50	-6.19	peak	Р
4	451.1350	53.88	-16.64	37.24	46.00	-8.76	peak	Р
5	550.9480	51.48	-14.05	37.43	46.00	-8.57	peak	Р
6 *	827.4934	50.27	-8.58	41.69	46.00	-4.31	peak	Р

#### Remark:

- Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
   QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)-Limit QPK(dBµV/m)





Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
Fest Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		~
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal		
Fest Mode:	Mode 2 (914.9MH	z)	
Remark:	Only worse case i	s reported.	
80.0 dBuV/m			
70		Fundamental Frequency	
50			CC 15C 3M Radiation
40 30 20	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	how more have been and the stand of the stan	MM Huller Manuter Jonathia
0			
-10			
30.000	60.00	(MHz) 300.00	1000.00

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBu∀)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
11	59.8588	60.11	-23.59	36.52	40.00	-3.48	peak	Р
2	71.8320	57.84	-24.76	33.08	40.00	-6.92	peak	Р
3	143.8295	58.37	-22.67	35.70	43.50	-7.80	peak	Р
4	400.4319	49.64	-17.94	31.70	46.00	-14.30	peak	Р
5	651.9417	48.47	-11.95	36.52	46.00	-9.48	peak	Р
6 *	827.4934	51.14	-8.58	42.56	46.00	-3.44	peak	Р

#### Remark:

- Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
   QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)-Limit QPK(dBµV/m)





			GHILL		
Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity	: 48%		
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz				
Ant. Pol.	Vertical	and the second sec			
Test Mode:	Mode 2 (914.9	)MHz)			
Remark: Only worse case is reported.					
80.0     dBuV/m       70		M	RFJFCC 15C 3M Fradration		
-10					
30.000	60.00	(MHz) 300.00	1000.000		

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	59.8588	60.40	-23.59	36.81	40.00	-3.19	peak	Р
2 !	71.8320	59.44	-24.76	34.68	40.00	-5.32	peak	Р
3	143.8295	57.55	-22.67	34.88	43.50	-8.62	peak	Р
4	199.9856	58.82	-24.81	34.01	43.50	-9.49	peak	Р
5	400.4319	49.87	-17.94	31.93	46.00	-14.07	peak	Р
6	651.9417	48.62	-11.95	36.67	46.00	-9.33	peak	Р

- Remark: 1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) 2. QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)-Limit QPK(dBµV/m)



## Above 1GHz

Temperature:	<b>24.3℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	0 0	
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal		
Test Mode:	TX 902.3MHz		61102
Remark:	Only worse case is reporte	d.	

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)		Level (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	6472.000	50.06	-6.95	43.11	74.00	-30.89	peak	Р
2 *	7705.000	49.64	-3.04	46.60	74.00	-27.40	peak	Р

#### Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

- 2. Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBµV/m)

4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.

5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.

6. The peak value<average limit, So only show the peak value.

Temperature:	<b>24.3℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		
Ant. Pol.	Vertical		and by
Test Mode:	TX 902.3MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is	reported.	

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)		Level (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	7714.000	50.44	-3.03	47.41	74.00	-26.59	peak	Р
2	8362.000	49.05	-2.10	46.95	74.00	-27.05	peak	Р

#### Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)

3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)

4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.

5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.

6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.





Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	2 1	
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal		
Test Mode:	TX 908.9MHz		CIID -
Remark:	Only worse case is reported		

No.	Frequency (MHz)			Level (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	6922.000	51.39	-5.25	46.14	74.00	-27.86	peak	Р
2 *	8425.000	49.75	-2.28	47.47	74.00	-26.53	peak	Р

#### Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

- 2. Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)
- 3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBµV/m)

4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.

5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.

6. The peak value<average limit, So only show the peak value.

Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		
Ant. Pol.	Vertical		
Test Mode:	TX 908.9MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is	reported.	

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	7534.000	48.67	-3.96	44.71	74.00	-29.29	peak	Р
2 *	8803.000	49.01	-1.82	47.19	74.00	-26.81	peak	Р

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)

3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)

4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.

5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.

6. The peak value<average limit, So only show the peak value.





Temperature:	<b>24.3℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	0	
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal		
Test Mode:	TX 914.9MHz		61102
Remark:	Only worse case is reported	1.	

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBu∀)		Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	6922.000	49.77	-5.25	44.52	74.00	-29.48	peak	Ρ
2 *	8416.000	48.69	-2.25	46.44	74.00	-27.56	peak	Р

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)

3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBµV/m)

4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.

5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.

6. The peak value<average limit, So only show the peak value.

Temperature:	<b>24.3℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	48%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		A REAL
Ant. Pol.	Vertical	and a	NU.
Test Mode:	TX 914.9MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is	s reported.	No.

No.	Frequency (MHz)			Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	7435.000	49.06	-4.38	44.68	74.00	-29.32	peak	Р
2 *	8983.000	48.14	-1.27	46.87	74.00	-27.13	peak	Р

#### Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Peak/AVG (dBµV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBµV)

3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)

4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.

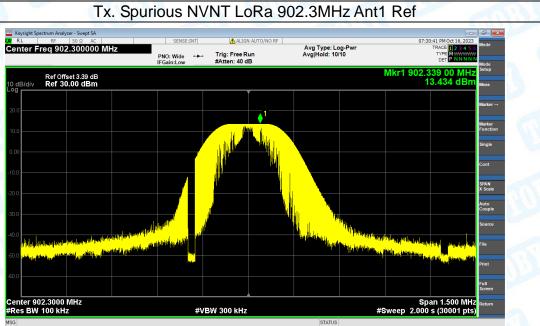
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.

6. The peak value<average limit, So only show the peak value.

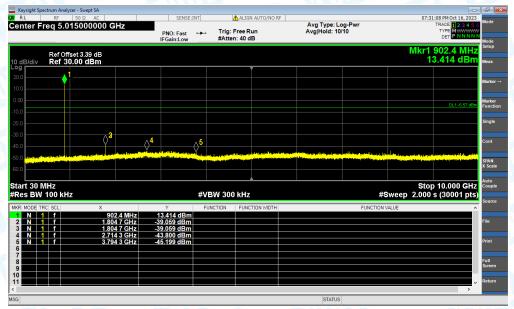




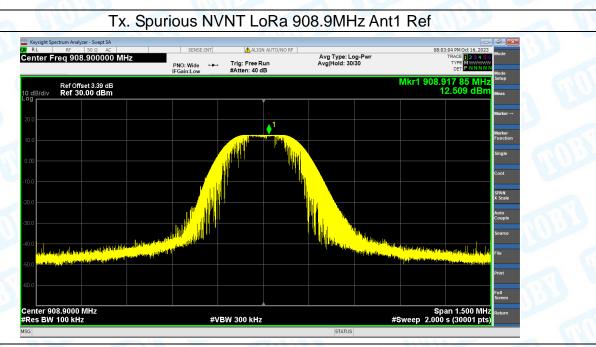
### ---Conduction Unwanted Emissions



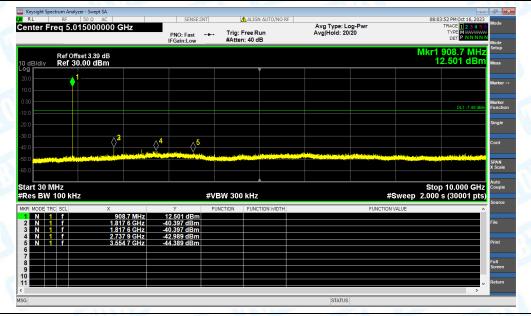
# Tx. Spurious NVNT LoRa 902.3MHz Ant1 Emission





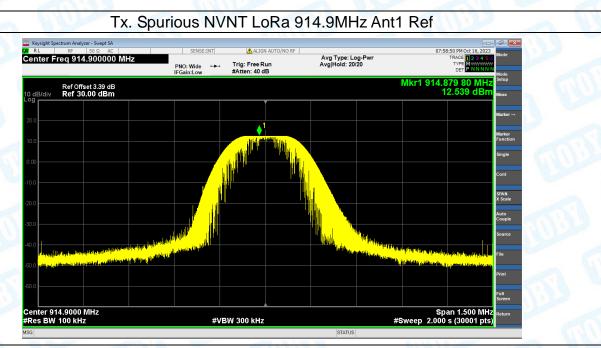


# Tx. Spurious NVNT LoRa 908.9MHz Ant1 Emission



TB-RF-074-1.0





## Tx. Spurious NVNT LoRa 914.9MHz Ant1 Emission

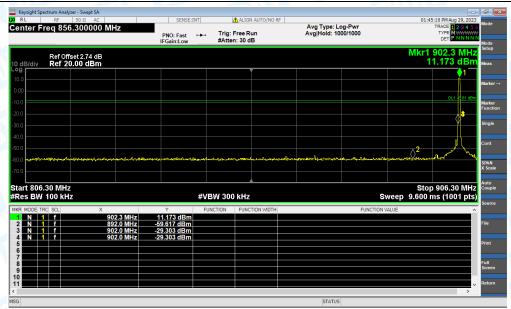




# **Attachment C-- Emissions In Nonrestricted Frequency Data**

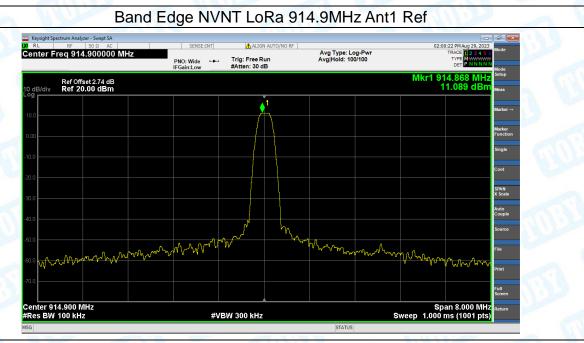
Band Edge NVNT LoRa 902.3MHz Ant1 Ref Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA Center Freq 902.300000 MHz PN0: Wide +→→ Trig: Free Run IFGainLow #Atten: 30 dB ALIGN AUTO/NO RF 01:44:52 PM Aug 29, Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 100/100 1 902.268 MH 11.194 dBn Ref Offset 2.74 dB Ref 20.00 dBm ▲1 PAN Scale uto puple many many many Murrana Center 902.300 MHz #Res BW 100 kHz Span 8.000 MHz Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 300 kHz

## Band Edge NVNT LoRa 902.3MHz Ant1 Emission









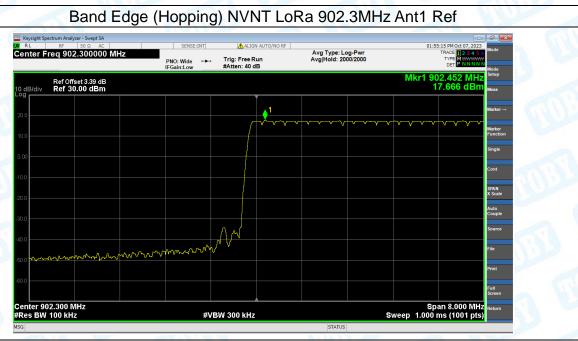
# Band Edge NVNT LoRa 914.9MHz Ant1 Emission

enter Freq 960.900000 MHz	PNO: Fast + IFGain:Low		Free Run n: 30 dB	Avg Hold: 10	0/100		DET P N N N N	Mode
Ref Offset 2.74 dB							914.9 MHz 1.076 dBm	Mode Setup Meas
<b>19</b> 1.0								Marker
							DL1 -8.91 dBm	Marker Functi
.0								Single
	∧3							Cont
1.0 Martin Martin Andrew Martin Martin Martin		and the second states	and the second	and the state of the state of the	-	No. Barta Marca Autor A	and your trades and the server with	CDA N
1.0 Mar		and and the second	wyerwy mylanddwelybru.		anghourse an are		Entrandoutoport	SPAN X Scale
1.0 - W martin and water to a state of the second	and the second second second	#VBW 300		the fear of the second s			1.01090 GHz	X Scal Auto Coupl
Image: Second and sec	11.076 dBm -60.626 dBm -60.470 dBm			re-levendrywoodapoeron		Stop weep 9.600 r	1.01090 GHz	X Scal Auto Coupl
0         Image: An and an approximate of the approximate	11.076 dBm -60.526 dBm	#VBW 300	kHz	networking and a second	s	Stop weep 9.600 r	1.01090 GHz ns (1001 pts)	X Scal Auto Coupl Source

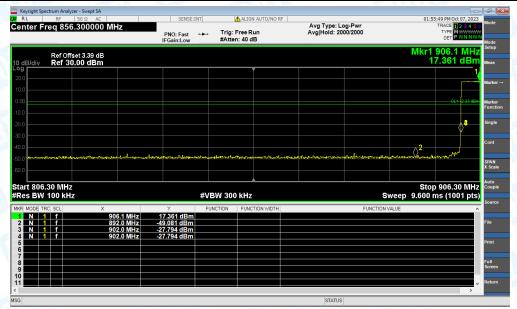
TB-RF-074-1.0





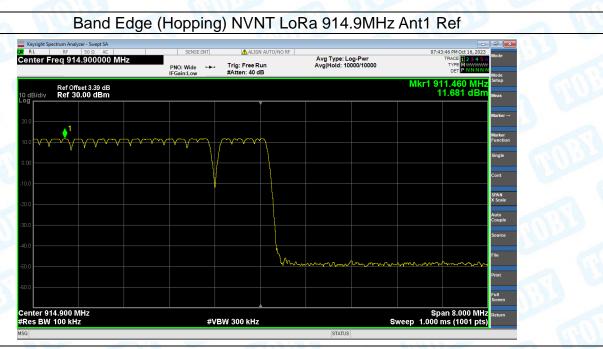


# Band Edge (Hopping) NVNT LoRa 902.3MHz Ant1 Hopping Emission









# Band Edge (Hopping) NVNT LoRa 914.9MHz Ant1 Hopping Emission

Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA RL RF 50 Ω AC	SENSE:INT	ALIGN AUTO/NO RF		07:46:25 PM Oct 16, 2023	Mode
enter Freq 960.900000 MHz		Trig: Free Run #Atten: 40 dB	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold: 10000/10000	TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE MWWWWW DET P NNNN	
Ref Offset 3.39 dB 0 dB/div Ref 30.00 dBm				Mkr1 913.3 MHz 11.765 dBm	
°g1					Marke
.00				DL1 -8.32 dBm	Marke Funct
0.0					Single
					Cont
0.0 <b>Warner American</b>	the stren with a second s	ana na ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	an antification and the states of the second		SPAN X Sca
tart 0.91090 GHz Res BW 100 kHz	#VBM	/ 300 kHz	s	Stop 1.01090 GHz weep   9.600 ms (1001 pts)	Auto Coup
KR MODE TRC SCL X	Y FUNCT	ION FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION	VALUE ^	Source
1         N         1         f         913.3 I           2         N         1         f         928.0 I           3         N         1         f         938.0 I           4         N         1         f         928.4 I	MHz -47.615 dBm MHz -48.192 dBm				File
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5					Print
8 9 0					Full Scree
1				~	Retur
G			STATUS	>	

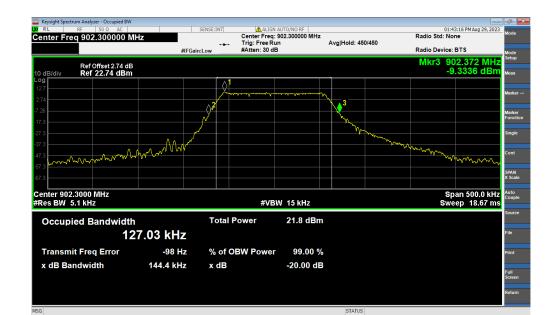
TB-RF-074-1.0



# Attachment D-- 99% Occupied and 20dB Bandwidth Data

Temperature:	<b>25</b> ℃		Relative Humidity:	55%
Test Voltage:	DC 5	5V		ABL -
Test Mode:	TX N	lode		
Channel freque	ency	20dB Bandwidth	20dB Bandwidth	Limit
(MHz)		(kHz)	*2/3 (kHz)	(kHz)
902.3		144.4	96.3	
908.9		144.2	96.1	500
914.9		144.2	96.1	-

#### 902.3MHz







#### 914.9MHz





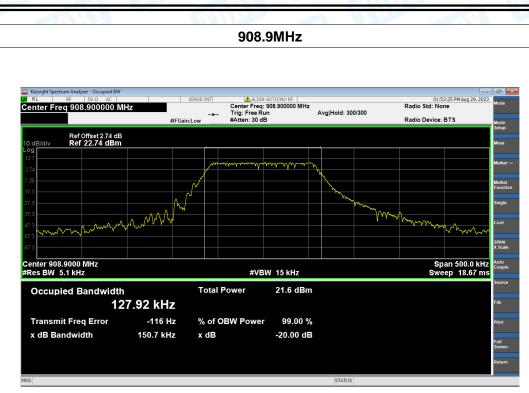


Temperature:	<b>25</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	55%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	TX Mode		THE REAL
Channel freque	ency	99% Bandwidth	Limit
(MHz)		(kHz)	(kHz)
902.3		126.81	
908.9		127.92	/
914.9		127.94	
			1

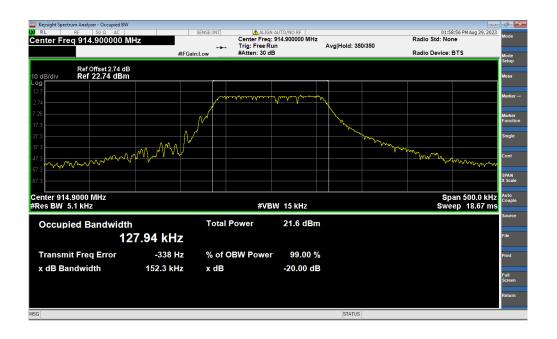
### 902.3MHz







#### 914.9MHz







# Attachment E-- Peak Output Power Data

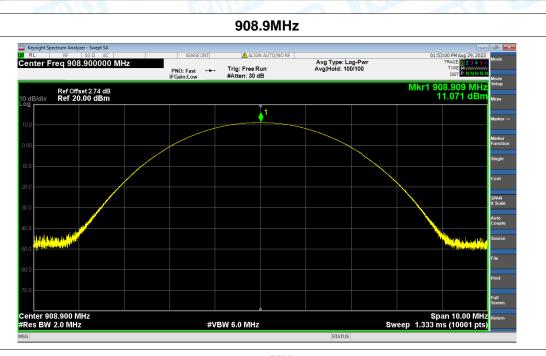
Temperature:	<b>25</b> ℃	Relative Hum	idity: 55%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	TX Mode		
Channel frequen	icy (MHz)	Test Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
902.3		11.041	
908.9		11.071	30
914.9		11.098	

### 902.3MHz

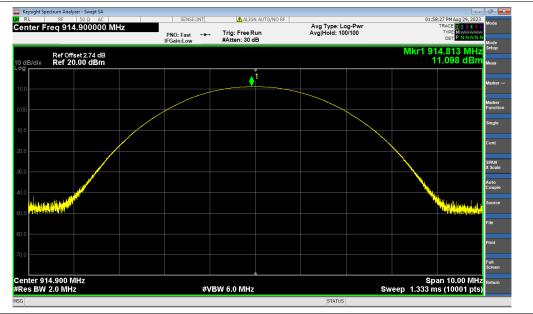








914.9MHz

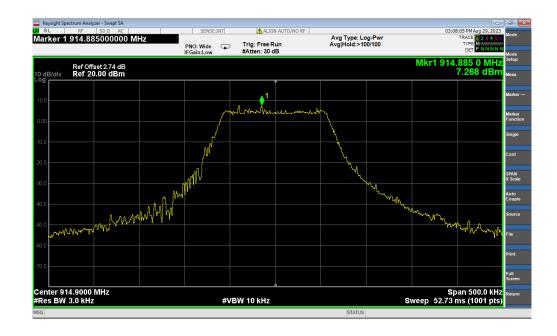




# **Attachment F-- Power Spectral Density Data**

Temperature:	<b>25</b> ℃	Relative Hu	midity: 55%	ò
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		- nul	
Test Mode:	TX Mode		2 10	1100
Channel Freq	uency	Power Density	Limit	Booult
(MHz)		(dBm/3kHz)	(dBm/3kHz)	Result
902.3		7.268		
908.9		5.727 8		PASS
			1	
914.9		3.791		

### 902.3MHz

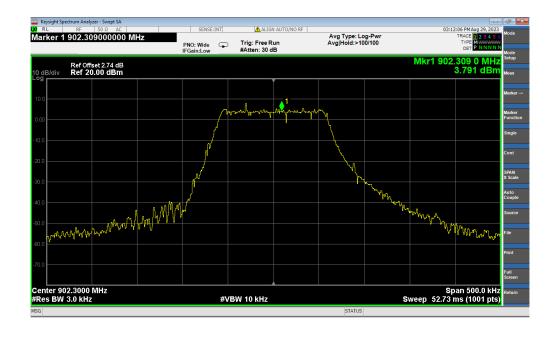








#### 914.9MHz



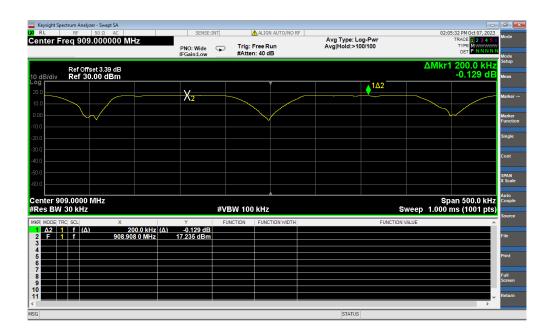




# **Attachment G-- Carrier Frequency Separation Data**

Temperature:	<b>25</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:		55%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V			13.5
Test Mode:	Hopping I	Mode	10	
Channel frequ	frequency Separation Read Value			paration Limit
(MHz)		(kHz)	)	(kHz)
908.9		200		96.1
		Hopping I	Node	

908.9MHz





# Attachment H-- Time of Occupancy(Dwell Time) Data

	Neurolean af	Observation Period	Max. Duration of	Number of Burst	Average Time of	Limit
Test Mode	Number of (0.4s* Number of		Each Bust	Repetition During Occupancy on any		Limit
Channel		Channel) (s)	(s)	Observation Period	Channel	(s)
Hopping Mode	64	25.6	0.045	7	0.315	0.4

**Burst Duration** 

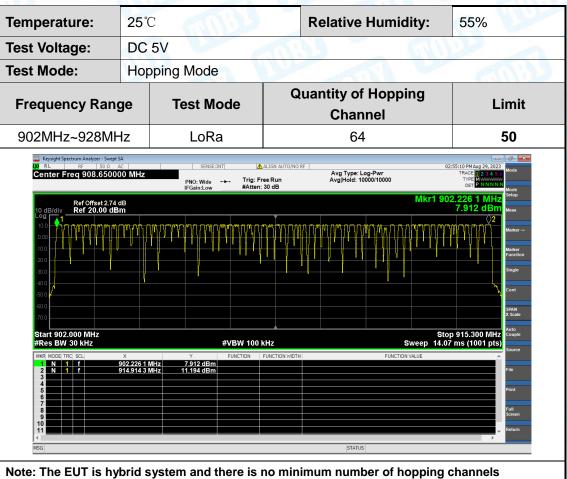


#### **Burst Repetition During Observation Period Duration**





# **Attachment I-- Number of Hopping Frequency**



associated with this type of hybrid system.

-----END OF THE REPORT-----