

Kinetic Light-Up Speaker





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In this crate

You'll build a speaker with

real electronic components.







The lights flash in time with the beat.





breadboard

This connects

different electronics
together.



transistor

This helps power

the lights.

This is how your speaker will get power.





We've also provided **everything else**you need to build your speaker.











device with Bluetooth technology

Build the base

You'll need:

□ bottom panel

□ wireless board

medium screws

small hex nuts

☐ USB cable

☐ zip ties

screwdriver

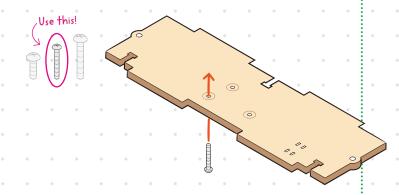
wrench

From home:

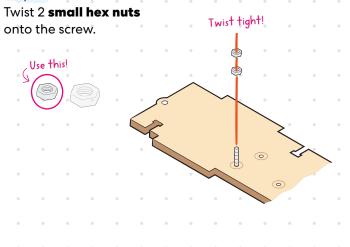
□ scissors

Step 1

Grab the **bottom panel** and hold it with the etched side up. Poke a **medium screw** up through a circled hole.



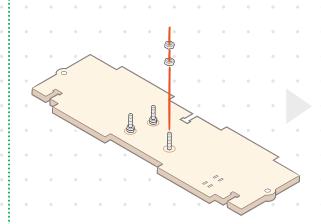
Step 2



Step 3

Repeat Steps 1–2 for the other holes.

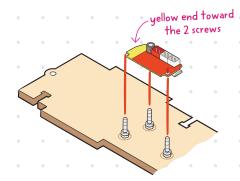
Tighten all 3 screws with the screwdriver and wrench



Hold the nuts with the wrench while twisting the screwdriver.

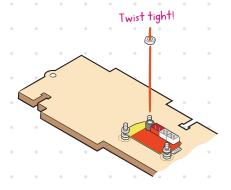
Step 4

Set the **wireless board** on top of the nuts.



Step 5

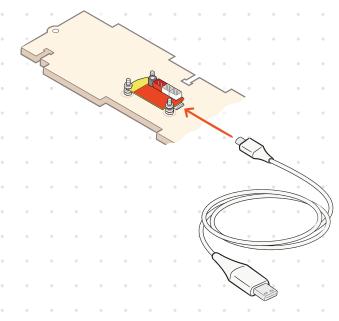
Twist another small hex nut onto each screw to hold the board in place.



4 Build the base Build the base 5

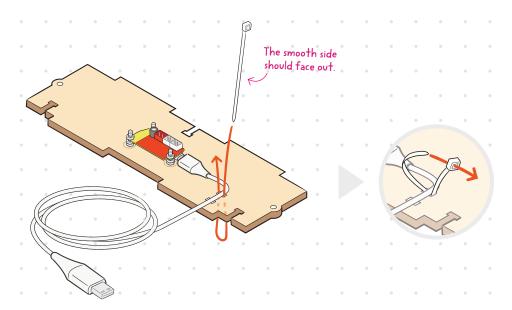
Step 6

Plug the **USB cable** into the wireless board.



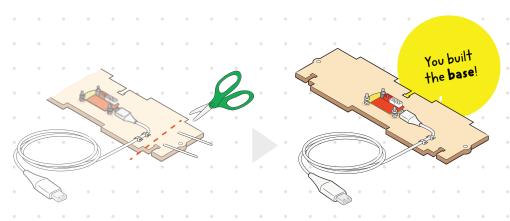
Step 7

Line up the cable with the small rectangle holes. Poke a **zip tie** down through a hole and up through the other side. Pull it tight.



O Step 8

Repeat Step 7 to add another zip tie. Then trim both tails with scissors.



Wireless board

The **wireless board** receives signals from a phone (or other device) so your speaker can play music. The radio waves that carry the signals can change frequencies hundreds of times *per second*. This **frequency hopping** ensures that your signal doesn't "bump into" any other signals in the air (like WiFi or phone calls).

Did you know?

The original frequencyhopping tech was invented back in 1941 by a surprising duo — movie star Hedy Lamarr and musician George Antheil.



photo: Hedy Lamarr in *The Heavenly Body* (public domain). patent source: United States Patent and Trademark Office, www.uspto.gov.

Add the large speaker drivers

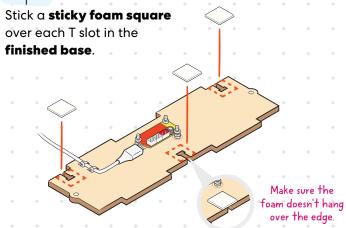
You'll need:

- ☐ finished base (from Part A)
- front panel
- sticky foam squares
- square nuts
- ☐ large hex nuts
- ☐ short screws
- ☐ long screw
- ☐ large speaker drivers
- ☐ wires
- sticky foam rectangles
- screwdriver
- wrench

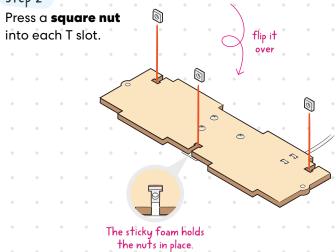
From home:

- USB power
- device with
 Bluetooth
 technology

Step 1

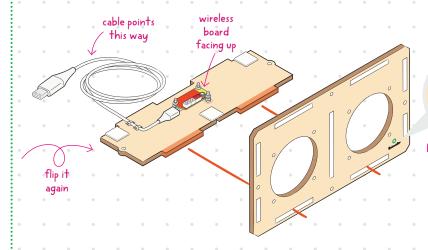


Step 2



O Step 3

Slide the bottom panel into the front panel

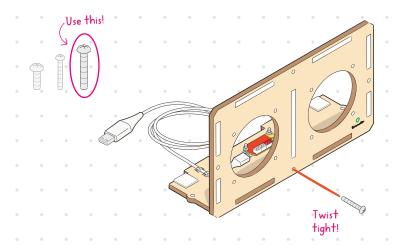




Make sure "KiwiCo" is right side up and facing out.

Step 4

Secure the front panel with a long screw

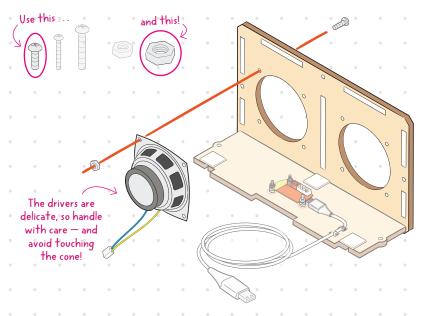


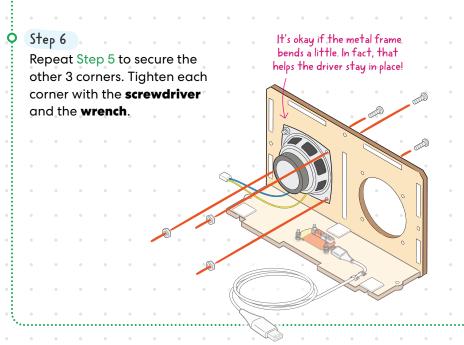
8 Add the large speaker drivers Add the large speaker drivers

O Step 5

Line up a **large speaker driver** with a big hole. The white wire end should hang <u>down</u>.

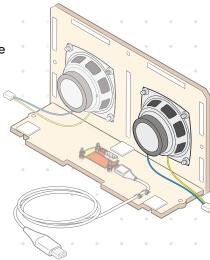
Poke a **short screw** into a corner hole and twist on a **large hex nut** (by hand only).





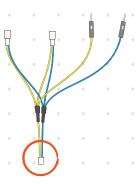
Step 7

Repeat Steps 5–6 to add the other large speaker driver.



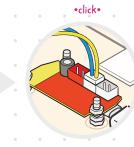
Step 8a

Grab the **wire** with 5 ends. Find the white end with 2 tiny holes.



Step 8b

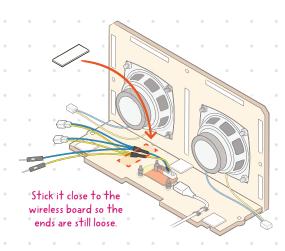
Plug that end into the wireless board, in the socket marked Rout+ and Rout-.



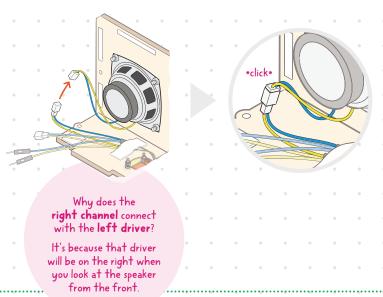
Add the large speaker drivers

Add the large speaker drivers

Stick down the wire with a **sticky foam rectangle**.



Step 10
Plug 1 of the other white ends into the left speaker driver.

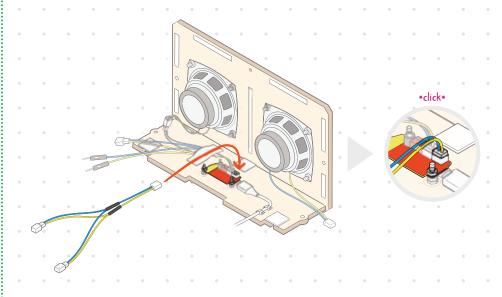


Grab the **wire** with 3 ends. Find the end with 2 tiny holes.



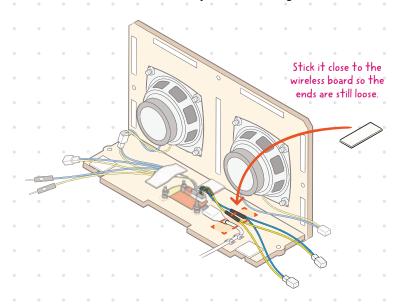
O Step 11b

Plug that end into the wireless board, in the socket marked Lout+ and Lout-.

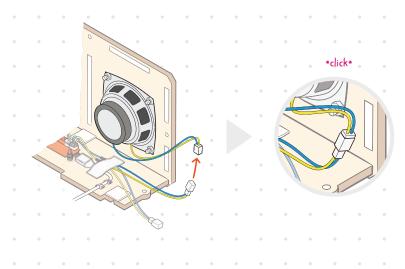


12 Add the large speaker drivers Add the large speaker drivers 13

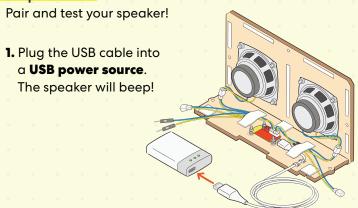
Step 12
Stick down the wire with a sticky foam rectangle.



Step 13
Plug 1 of the other white ends into the right speaker driver

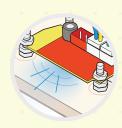


O Stop & Test



2. Check the wireless board. The blue light should be blinking. That means the speaker is ready to connect.

If the blue light is solid, your speaker is already connected to a device, and you can skip the next step.



 On your device with Bluetooth technology, go to the Bluetooth settings and enter pairing mode.
 Select DW-CT14+ to connect.

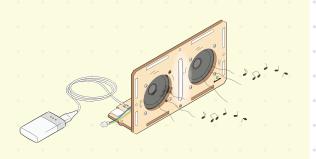
When paired, the speaker will beep again, and the blue light will turn solid.





4. Play some music!

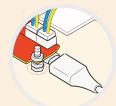




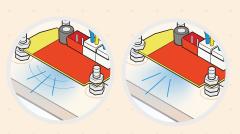
14 Add the large speaker drivers Add the large speaker drivers 15

Troubleshooting

If the blue light isn't on, make sure the USB cable is firmly plugged into both the wireless board and a power source. The cable should draw electricity from any from any power source with a USB port.



If you can't find the speaker on your device, make sure the speaker's light is blinking. If it's solid, the speaker is connected to a different device. Turn off the Bluetooth settings on that device for the speaker to enter pairing mode again.

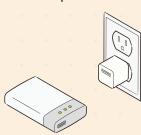


If your device can see

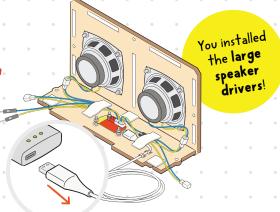
DW-CT14+ but can't connect,
restart your device.



If the speaker beeps over and over, try a different power source.



Stop!
Before you keep building, unplug the USB cable from the power source.



Inside a speaker driver

Sounds are waves in the air caused by vibrating objects — like your speaker drivers!



Add the large speaker drivers