



TEST REPORT

Applicant Name : ShenZhen QINGQING Trading CO.,LTD
Address : ZhongYuGuan, ChanYeYuan, A4-701 Fang LongHuaQu, LongHuaJieDao, BuLongLu, YouSongSheQu Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Report Number : RA221028-50156E-RF-00
FCC ID: 2A2AZ-XKZBT01

Test Standard (s)
FCC PART 15.247

Sample Description

Product Type: Bluetooth beanie hat
Model No.: FLBT-01
Multiple Model(s) No.: XKZBT-01,XKZBT-02,XKZBT-03,XKZBT-04, ZRBT-01,ZRBT-02,ZRBT-03, FULLLIGHTTECHLMZXX02BLFLUS, FLBT-02,FLBT-03, YYBT-01,YYBT-02,YYBT-03, GWBB-001, GWBB-002, ,GWBB-004
Trade Mark: N/A
Date Received: 2022/10/28
Report Date: 2022/11/10

Test Result:	Pass*
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* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

Prepared and Checked By:

Audy Yu

Audy Yu
EMC Engineer

Approved By:

Candy Li

Candy Li
EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "*" .

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Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China
Tel: +86 755-26503290 Fax: +86 755-26503396 Web: www.atc-lab.com

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product	Bluetooth beanie hat
Tested Model	FLBT-01
Multiple Models	XKZBT-01,XKZBT-02,XKZBT-03,XKZBT-04, ZRBT-01,ZRBT-02,ZRBT-03, FULLLIGHTTECHLMZXX02BLFLUS, FLBT-02,FLBT-03, YYBT-01,YYBT-02,YYBT-03, GWBB-001, GWBB-002, GWBB-004 (model difference see product declaration letter of similarity)
Frequency Range	Bluetooth: 2402~2480MHz
Maximum conducted Peak output power	Bluetooth: 0.53dBm
Modulation Technique	Bluetooth: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Specification*	4.34 dBi (provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC3.7V from battery or DC5V from USB Charging Port
Sample serial number	1O5L-3 for Radiated Emissions Test 1O5M-4 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by ATC)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition

Objective

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
AC Line Conducted emission		2.72dB
Emissions, Radiated	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB
	1GHz - 18GHz	4.98dB
	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.06dB

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189. Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) The Certificate Number is 429 7.01.

Listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED), the Registration Number is 5077A.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

EUT Exercise Software

“bt_tool_v1.1.2*” exercise software was used and the power level is 6*, which provided by applicant.

Special Accessories

No special accessory.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Support Equipment List and Details

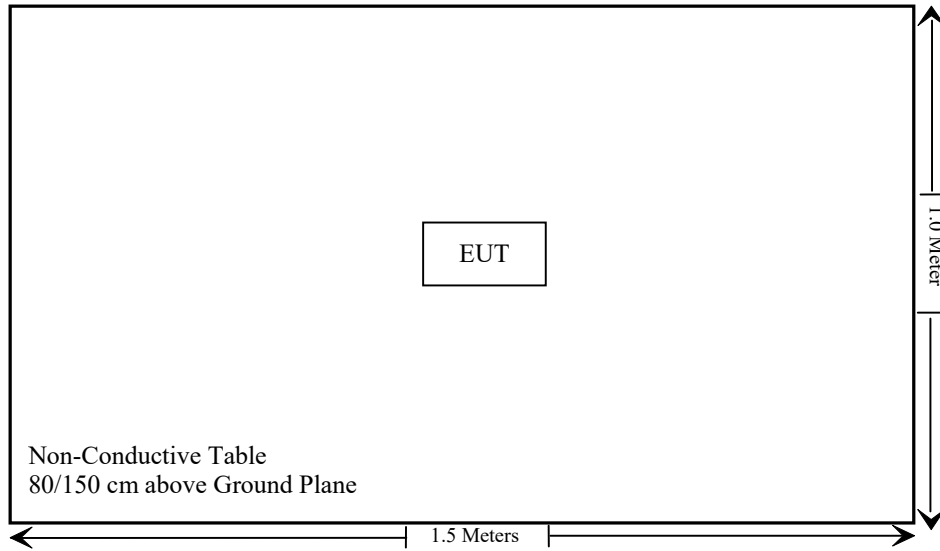
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/

Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Radiated Emissions:



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (3) & §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207(a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable
§15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation Test	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliant
§15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band edges	Compliant

Not Applicable: The Bluetooth function cannot use when charging.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated Emissions Test					
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	102725	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2021/11/09	2022/11/08
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	135	2021/11/09	2022/11/08
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2021/11/11	2022/11/10
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2021/07/06	2024/07/05
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Radiated Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.10	N050	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.11	N1000	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.12	N040	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.13	N300	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.14	N800	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.15	N600	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.16	N650	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18 G-10SS	5	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
RF conducted test					
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101495	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Tonscend	RF Control Unit	JS0806-2	19G8060182	2022/07/06	2023/07/05
WEINSCHHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU 3842	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.31	RF-01	Each time	

* **Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (3) &§2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (3), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance

SAR-Based Exemption:

SAR-based thresholds are derived based on frequency, power, and separation distance of the RF source. The formula defines the thresholds in general for either available maximum timeaveraged power or maximum time-averaged ERP, whichever is greater.

Per § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B), for single RF sources (i.e., any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph (b)(2) of this section): A single RF source is exempt if:

the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz};$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

For worst case:

Exemption limit:

For $f=2.48\text{GHz}$, $d=0.5\text{cm}$, the $P_{th}=2.72\text{mW}$

The higher of the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP):

The antenna gain is $4.34\text{dBi}(2.19\text{dBd})$, $0\text{dBd}=2.15\text{dBi}$

The maximum tune-up conducted power is 1.0dBm

The maximum tune-up ERP = $2.19+1.0\text{dBm} = 3.19\text{dBm}$ (2.08mW), which less than $2.72\text{mW}@2480\text{MHz}$ exemption limit.

So the stand-alone SAR evaluation can be exempted.

FCC §15.203 – ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal antenna, which was permanently attached, and the maximum antenna gain is 4.34dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Result: Compliant.

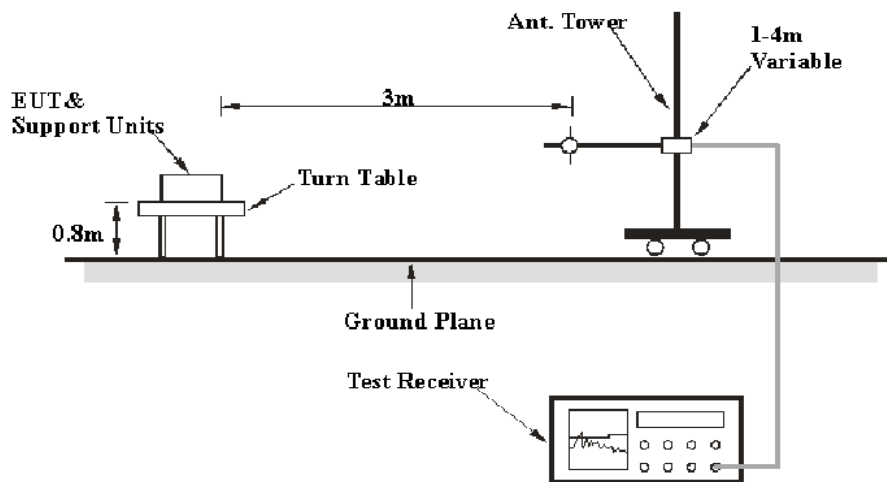
FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) – RADIATED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

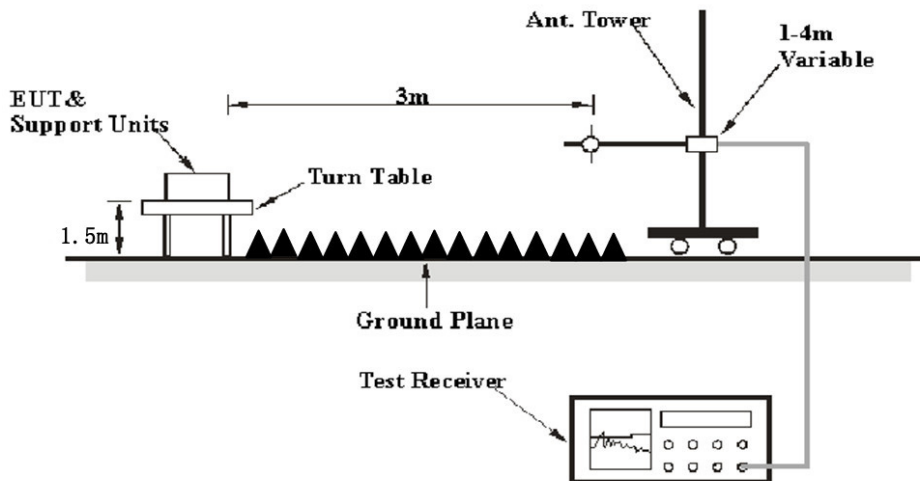
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d)

EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209 and FCC 15.247 limits.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	/	PK

For average measurement:

Use the duty cycle factor correction factor method per 15.35(c).

Duty cycle=On time/100milliseconds, On time= $N_1*L_1+N_2*L_2+\dots+N_{n-1}*L_{n-1}+N_n*L_n$,

where N_1 is number of type 1 pulses, L_1 is length of type 1 pulse, etc.

Average Emission Level=Peak Emission Level+20*log(Duty cycle)

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz -1 GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

Factor & Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Over Limit/Margin} &= \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor} \end{aligned}$$

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23~28.8°C
Relative Humidity:	52~61 %
ATM Pressure:	101~101.2 kPa

The testing was performed by Jimi on 2022-11-08 for below 1GHz, Jeff Jiang on 2022-11-02 for above 1GHz

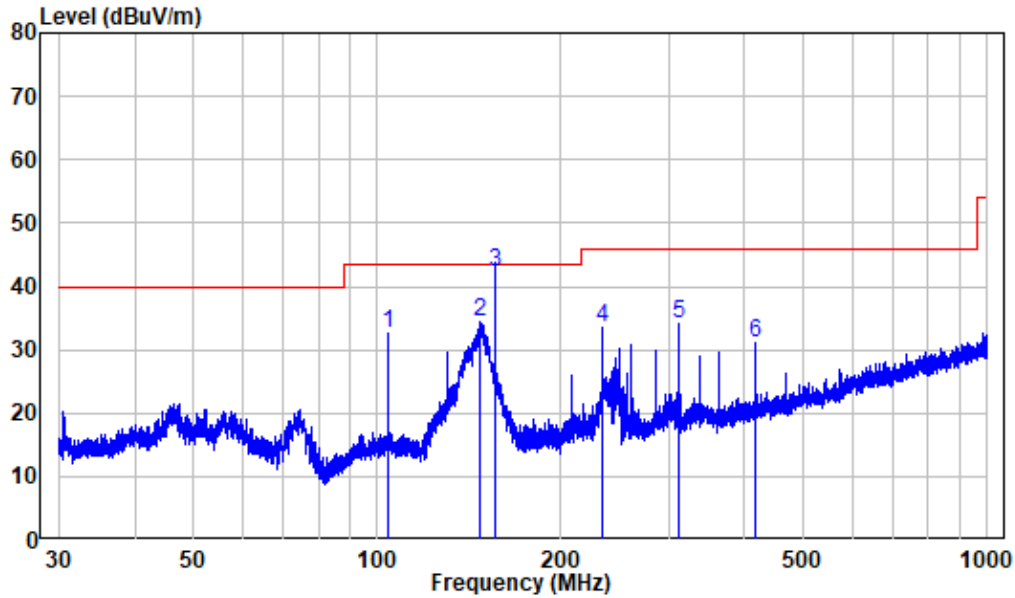
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Note: Pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case X-axis of orientation was recorded

30MHz-1GHz: (worst case is 8DPSK Mode, high channel)

Note: When the test result of Peak was less than the limit of QP, just the peak value was recorded.

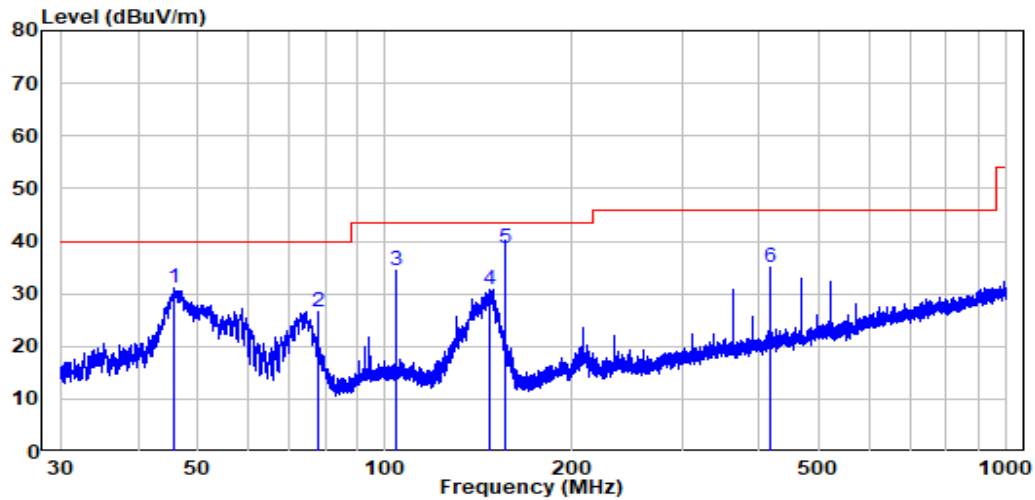
Horizontal:



Site : chamber
 Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL
 Job No. : RA221028-50156E-RF
 Test Mode: BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	103.988	-11.74	44.30	32.56	43.50	-10.94	Peak
2	147.468	-15.43	49.87	34.44	43.50	-9.06	Peak
3	156.047	-14.81	57.10	42.29	43.50	-1.21	QP
4	233.963	-10.99	44.51	33.52	46.00	-12.48	Peak
5	312.043	-8.82	42.79	33.97	46.00	-12.03	Peak
6	415.997	-6.21	37.39	31.18	46.00	-14.82	Peak

Vertical



Site : chamber
 Condition: 3m VERTICAL
 Job No. : RA221028-50156E-RF
 Test Mode: BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	45.775	-9.98	41.12	31.14	40.00	-8.86	Peak
2	77.968	-16.61	43.27	26.66	40.00	-13.34	Peak
3	103.988	-11.74	46.17	34.43	43.50	-9.07	Peak
4	147.468	-15.43	46.19	30.76	43.50	-12.74	Peak
5	155.979	-14.82	53.40	38.58	43.50	-4.92	QP
6	415.997	-6.21	41.37	35.16	46.00	-10.84	Peak

Above 1GHz: (worst case is 8DPSK Mode, 3DH5)

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Factor (dB/m)	Absolute Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dB μ V)	PK/Ave		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel(2402MHz)									
2310	60.51	PK	219	1.2	H	-7.24	53.27	74	-20.73
2310	60.63	PK	295	2.1	V	-7.24	53.39	74	-20.61
2390	63.50	PK	273	1.4	H	-7.22	56.28	74	-17.72
2390	63.01	PK	189	1.6	V	-7.22	55.79	74	-18.21
4804	58.87	PK	9	1.7	H	-3.51	55.36	74	-18.64
4804	58.48	PK	50	1.7	V	-3.51	54.97	74	-19.03
Middle Channel(2441MHz)									
4882	58.79	PK	35	1.2	H	-3.37	55.42	74	-18.58
4882	56.89	PK	241	1.2	V	-3.37	53.52	74	-20.48
High Channel(2480 MHz)									
2483.5	63.48	PK	194	1	H	-7.20	56.28	74	-17.72
2483.5	63.11	PK	286	2.2	V	-7.20	55.91	74	-18.09
2500	62.15	PK	273	1.8	H	-7.18	54.97	74	-19.03
2500	62.44	PK	278	1	V	-7.18	55.26	74	-18.74
4960	58.20	PK	199	2.3	H	-3.01	55.19	74	-18.81
4960	56.63	PK	249	2.3	V	-3.01	53.62	74	-20.38

Field Strength of Average						
Frequency (MHz)	Peak Measurement @3m (dB μ V/m)	Polar (H/V)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247	
					Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel(2402MHz)						
2310	53.27	H	-24.76	28.51	54	-25.49
2310	53.39	V	-24.76	28.63	54	-25.37
2390	56.28	H	-24.76	31.52	54	-22.48
2390	55.79	V	-24.76	31.03	54	-22.97
4804	55.36	H	-24.76	30.60	54	-23.40
4804	54.97	V	-24.76	30.21	54	-23.79
Middle Channel(2441MHz)						
4882	55.42	H	-24.76	30.66	54	-23.34
4882	53.52	V	-24.76	28.76	54	-25.24
High Channel(2480MHz)						
2483.5	56.28	H	-24.76	31.52	54	-22.48
2483.5	55.91	V	-24.76	31.15	54	-22.85
2500	54.97	H	-24.76	30.21	54	-23.79
2500	55.26	V	-24.76	30.50	54	-23.50
4924	55.19	H	-24.76	30.43	54	-23.57
4924	53.62	V	-24.76	28.86	54	-25.14

Note:

Absolute Level = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

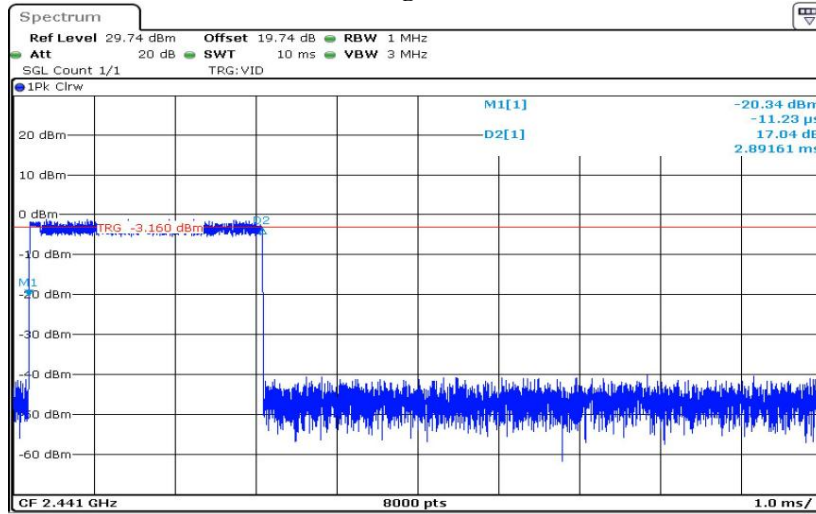
Average level= Peak level+ Duty Cycle Corrected Factor

The worst case duty cycle as below:

Duty cycle = Ton/100ms = 2.89*2/100=0.0578

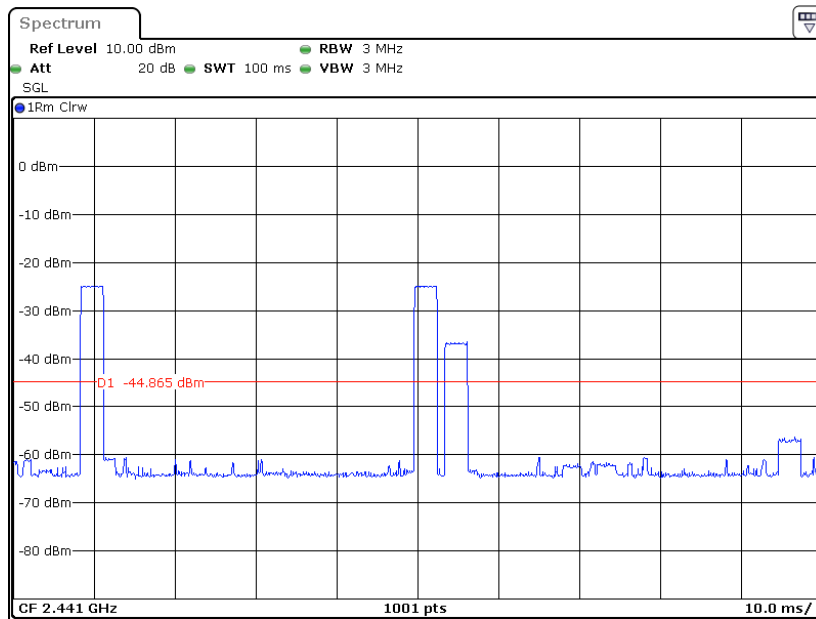
Duty Cycle Corrected Factor = 20lg (Duty cycle) = 20lg0.0578 = -24.76

Pulse length: 2.89ms



Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:57:39

Maximum Pulse number in 100ms: 2

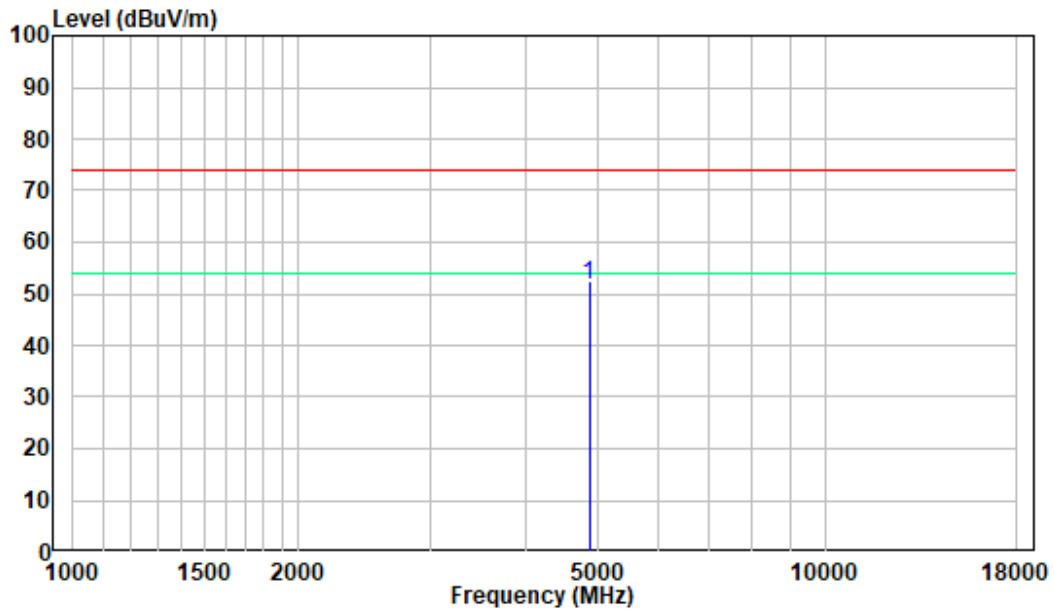


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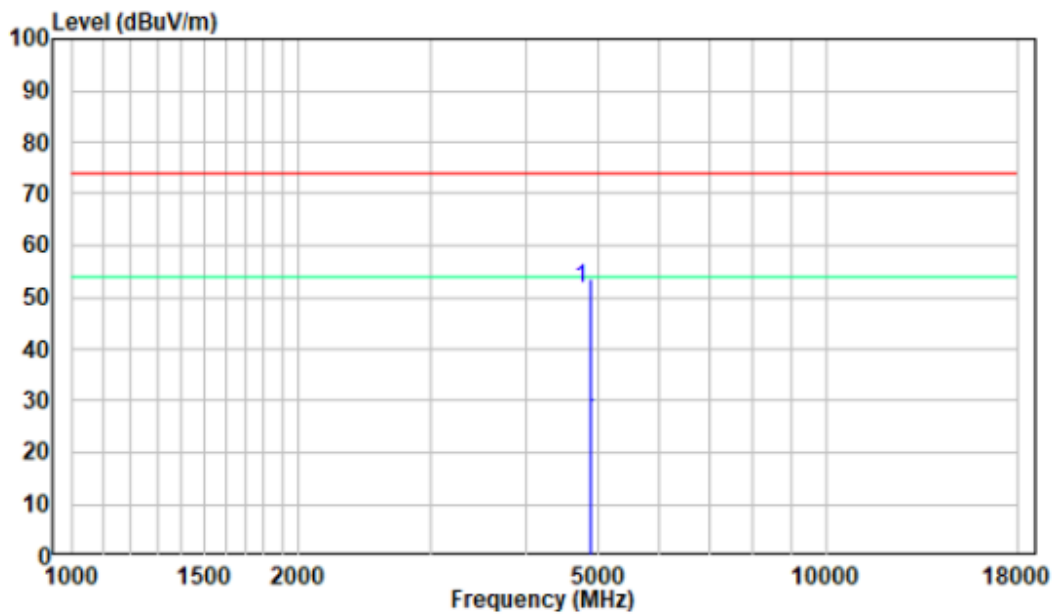
1-18GHz

Pre-scan for Middle Channel

Horizontal:



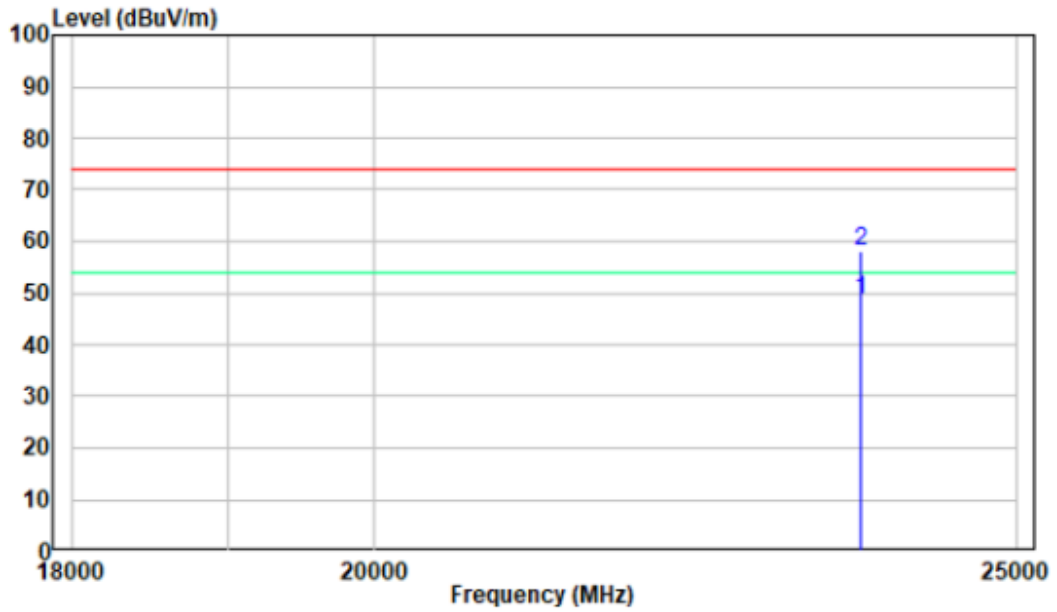
Vertical:



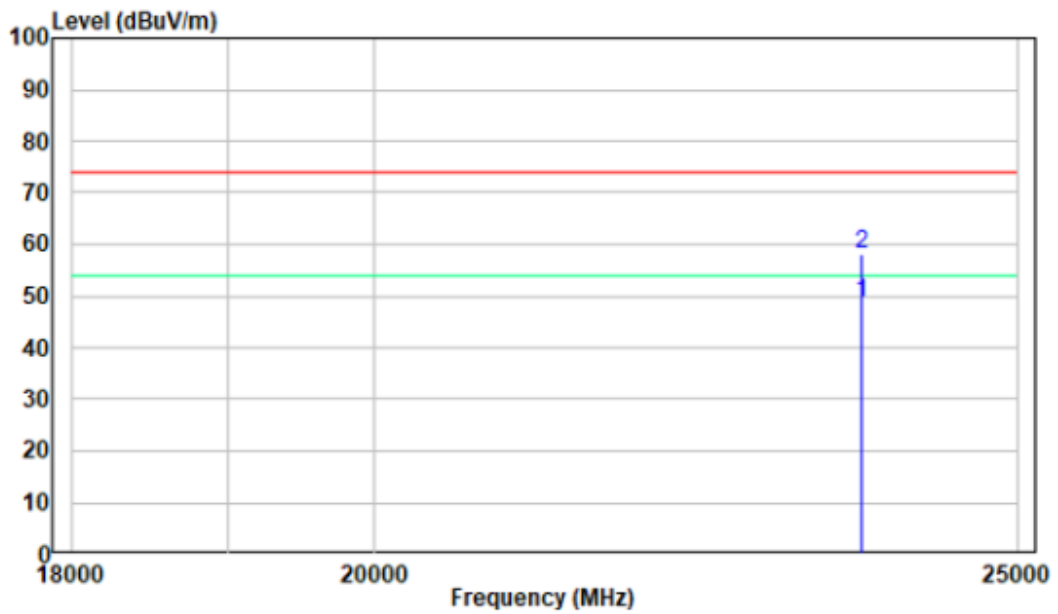
18-25GHz

Pre-scan for Middle Channel

Horizontal:



Vertical:



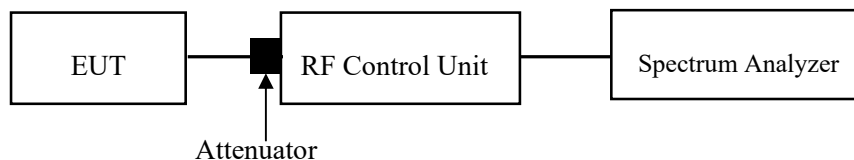
FCC §15.247(a) (1)-CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Test Procedure

1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, maxhold the channel.
2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT and maxhold another trace.
3. Measure the channel separation.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-11-02.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(a) (1) – 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH & 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Applicable Standard

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

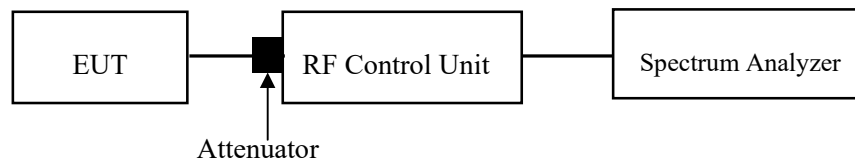
Test Procedure

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 20 dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / 20 dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).



Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-11-02.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

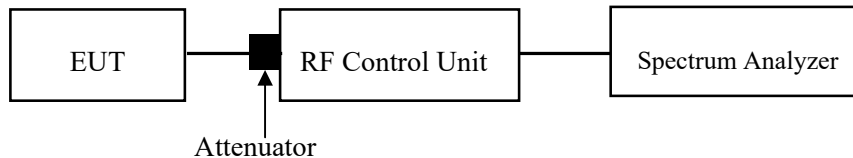
FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)-QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
3. By using the max-hold function record the quantity of the channel.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-11-02.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

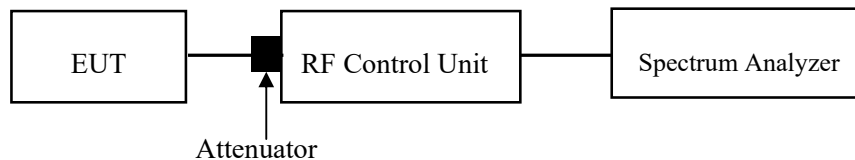
FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT was worked in channel hopping.
2. Set the RBW to: 1MHz.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4. Set the span to 0Hz.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Recorded the time of single pulses



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-11-02.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

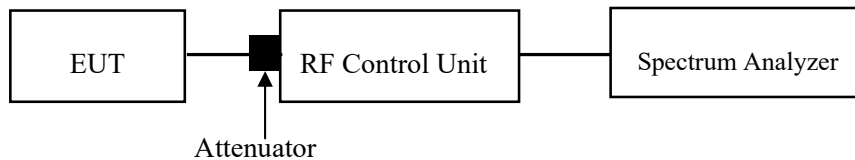
FCC §15.247(b) (1) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-11-02.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

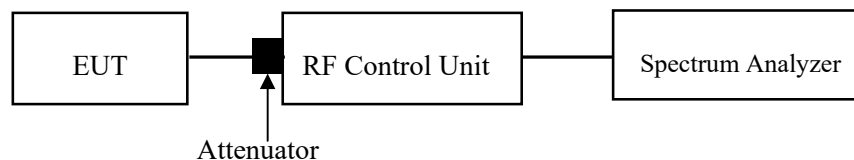
FCC §15.247(d) - BAND EDGES TESTING

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-11-02.

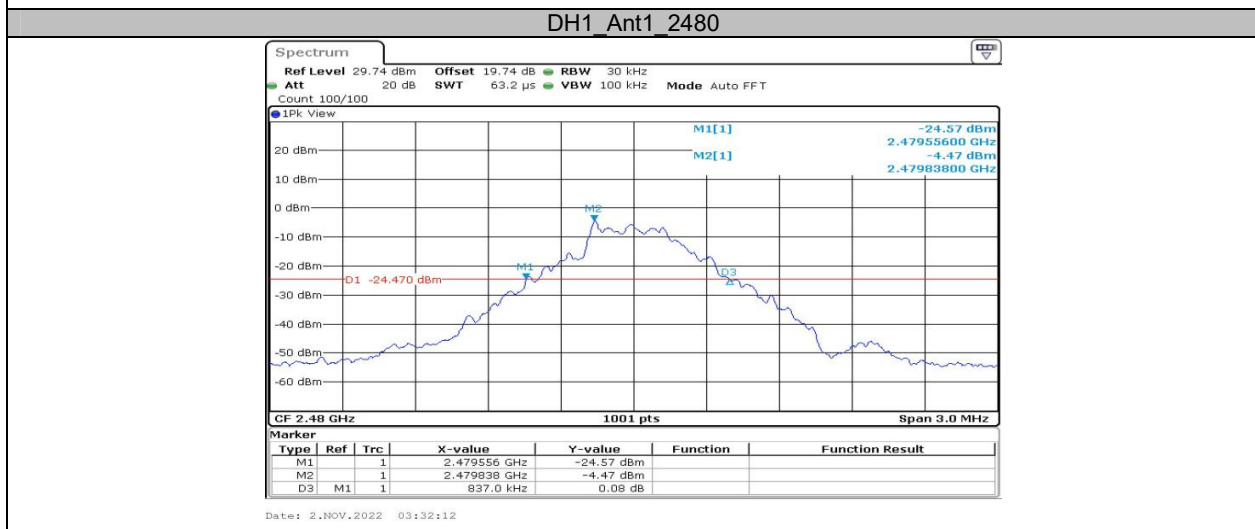
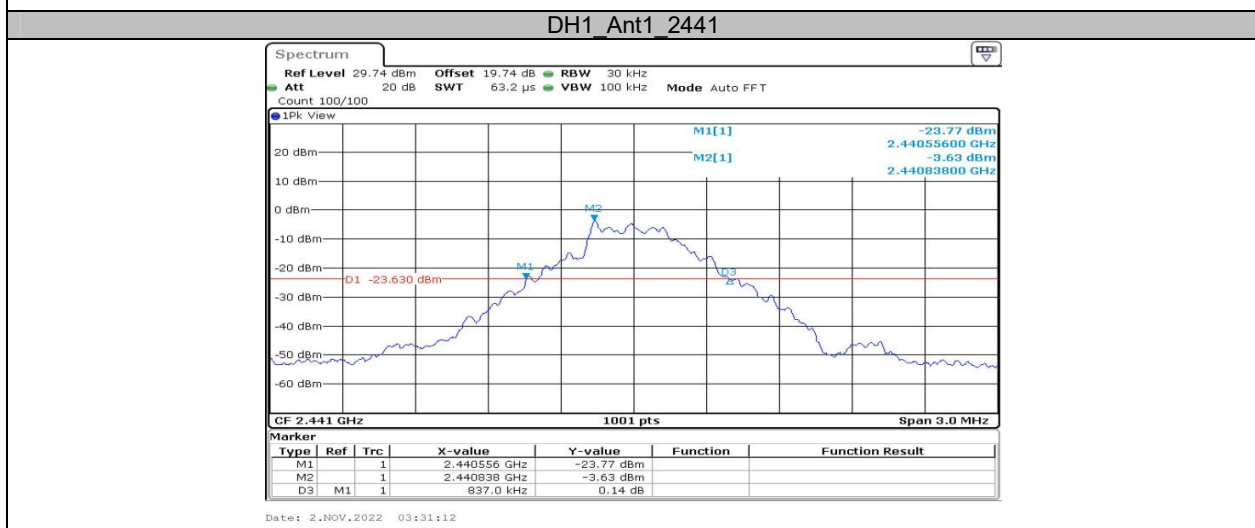
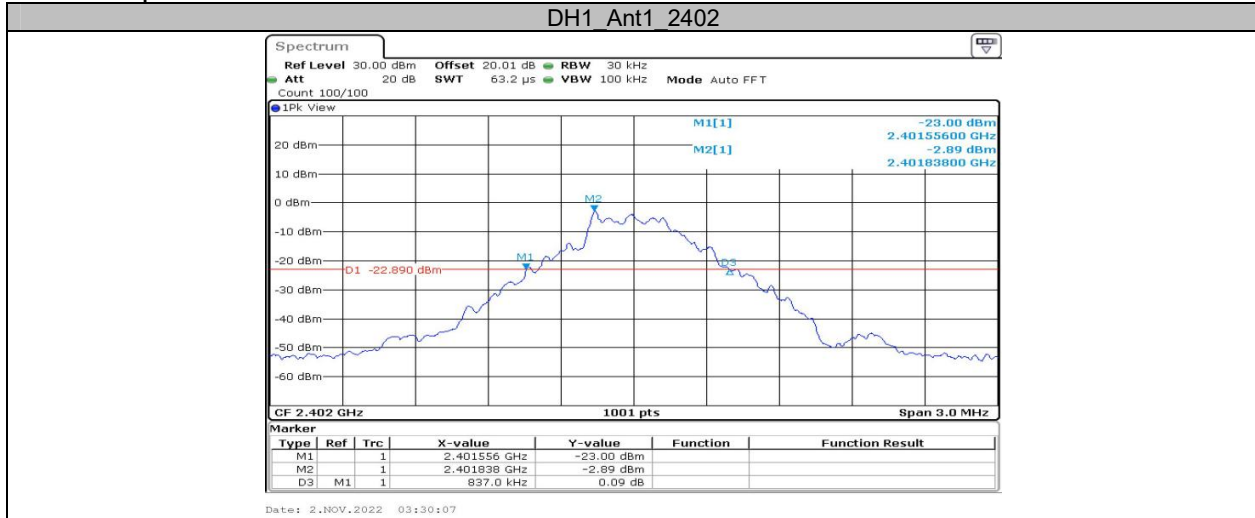
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

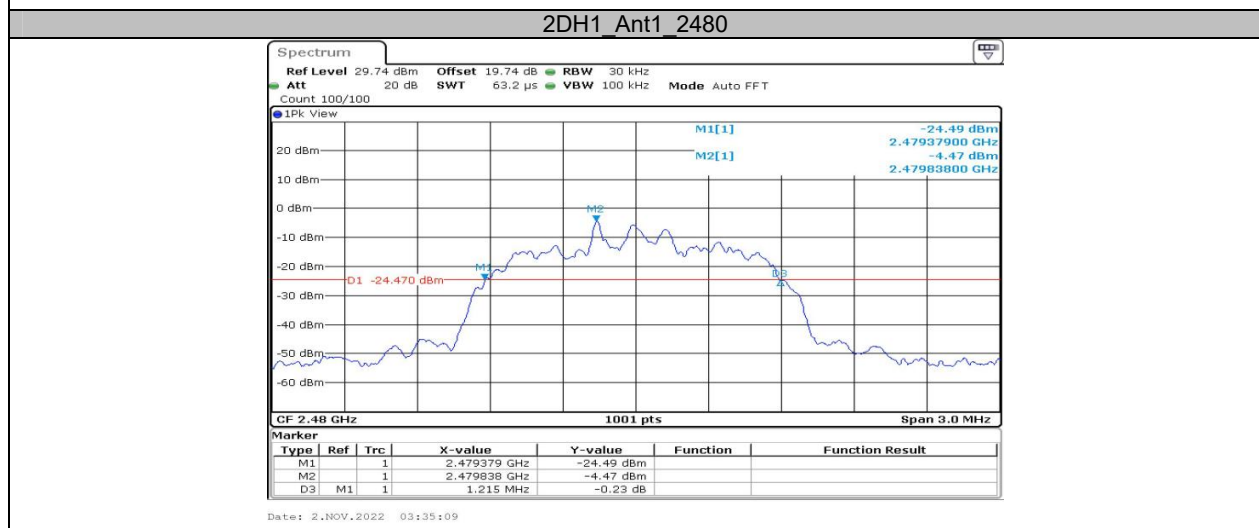
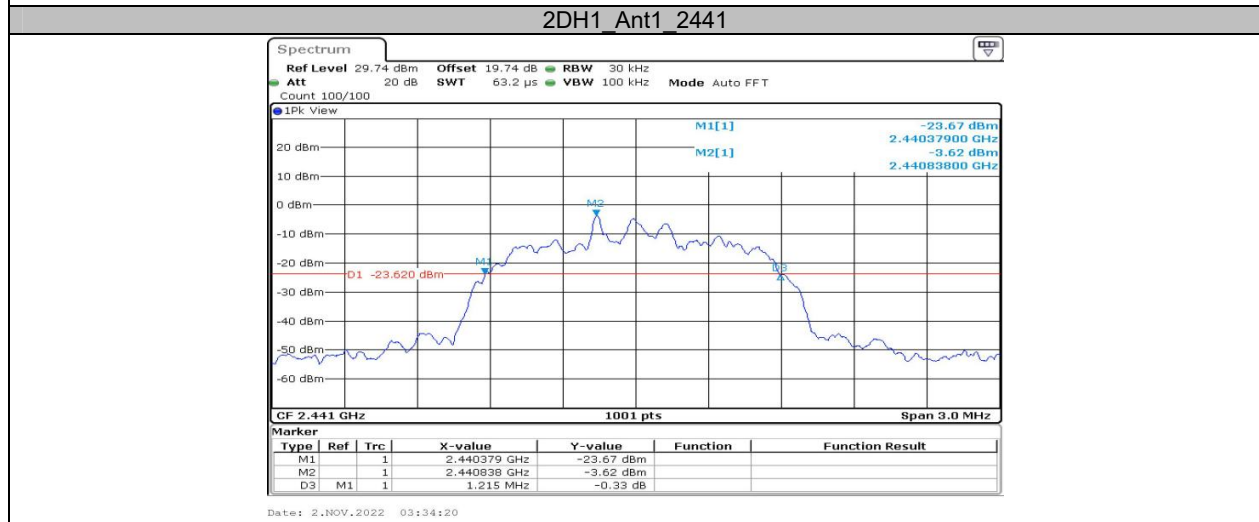
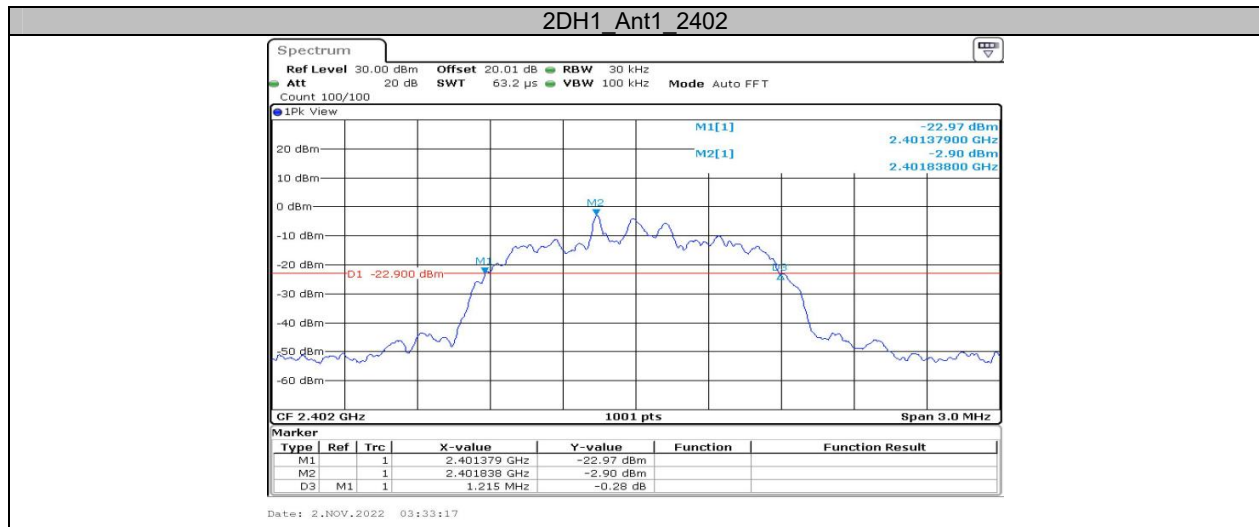
Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

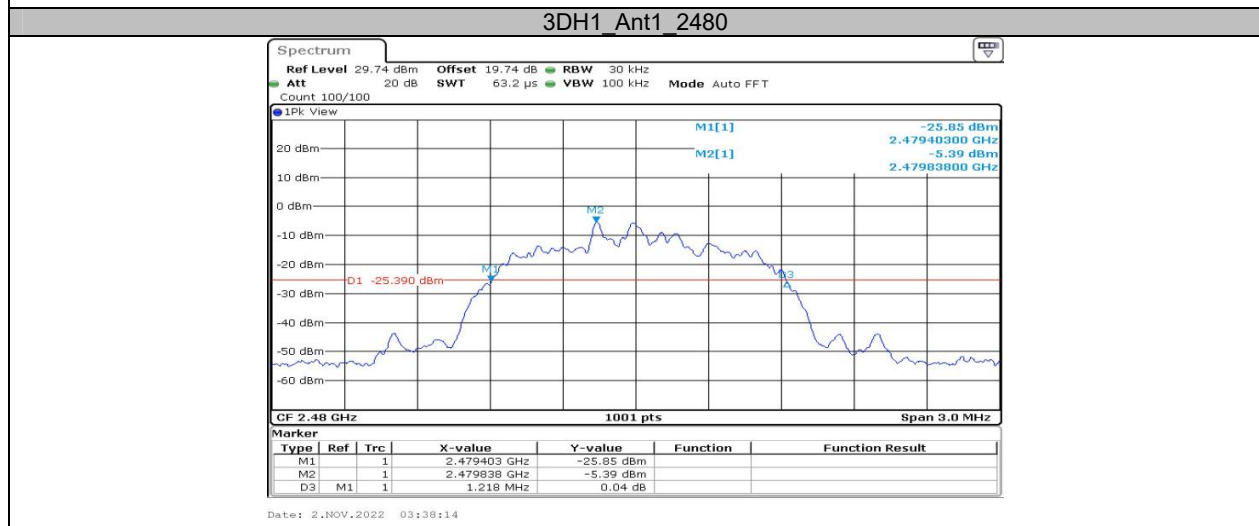
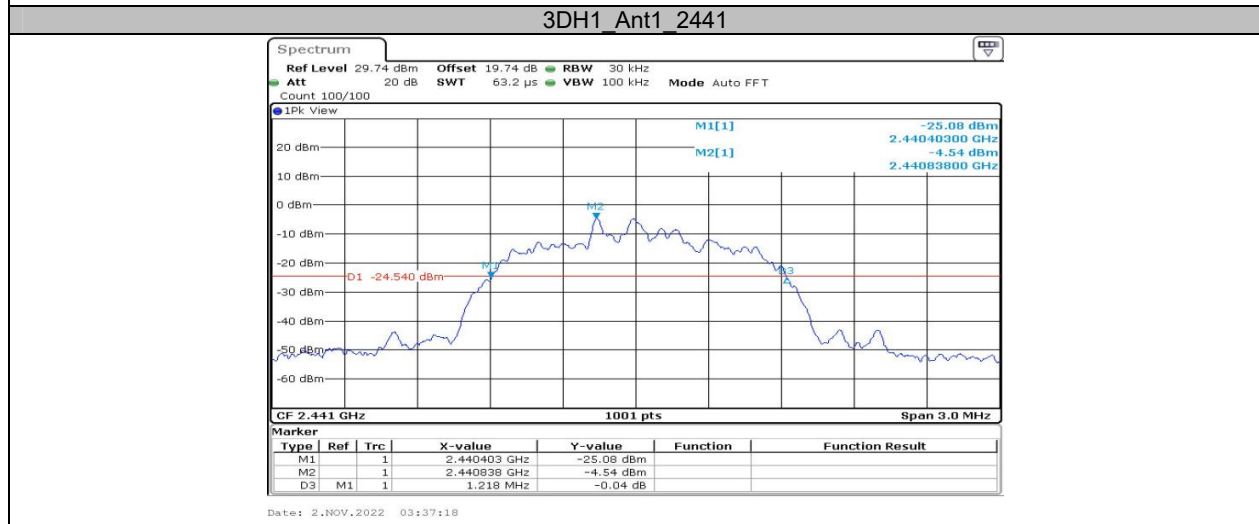
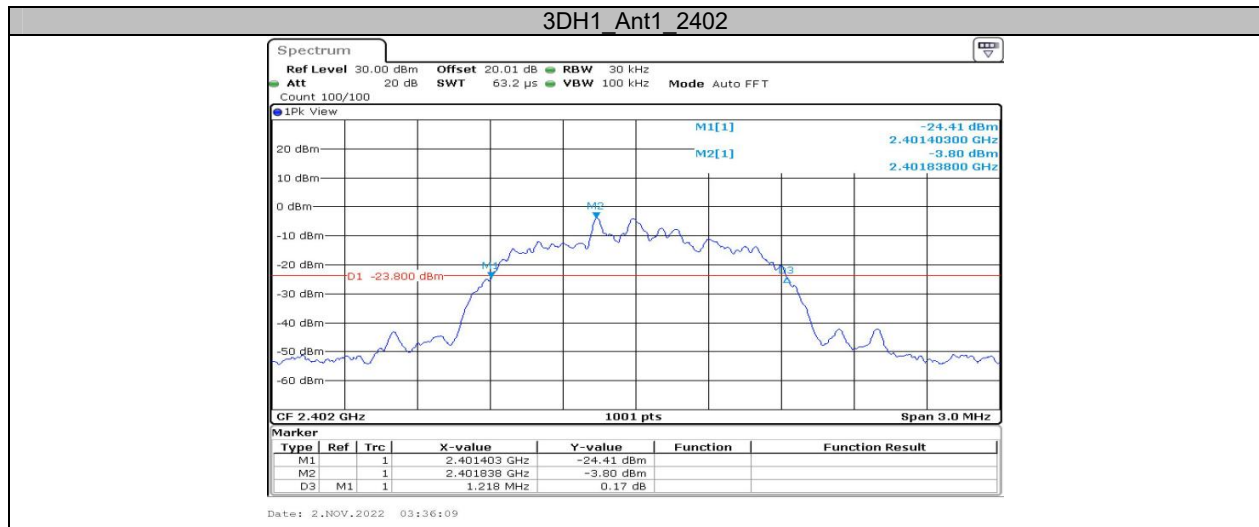
APPENDIX**Appendix A: 20dB Emission Bandwidth
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	0.84	---	---
		2441	0.84	---	---
		2480	0.84	---	---
2DH1	Ant1	2402	1.22	---	---
		2441	1.22	---	---
		2480	1.22	---	---
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.22	---	---
		2441	1.22	---	---
		2480	1.22	---	---

Test Graphs



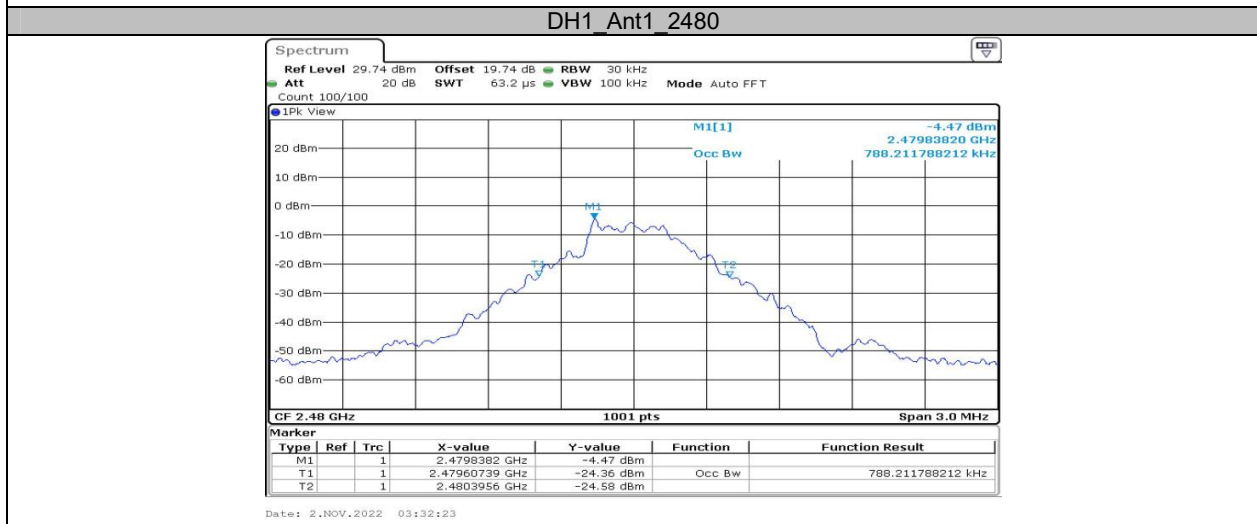
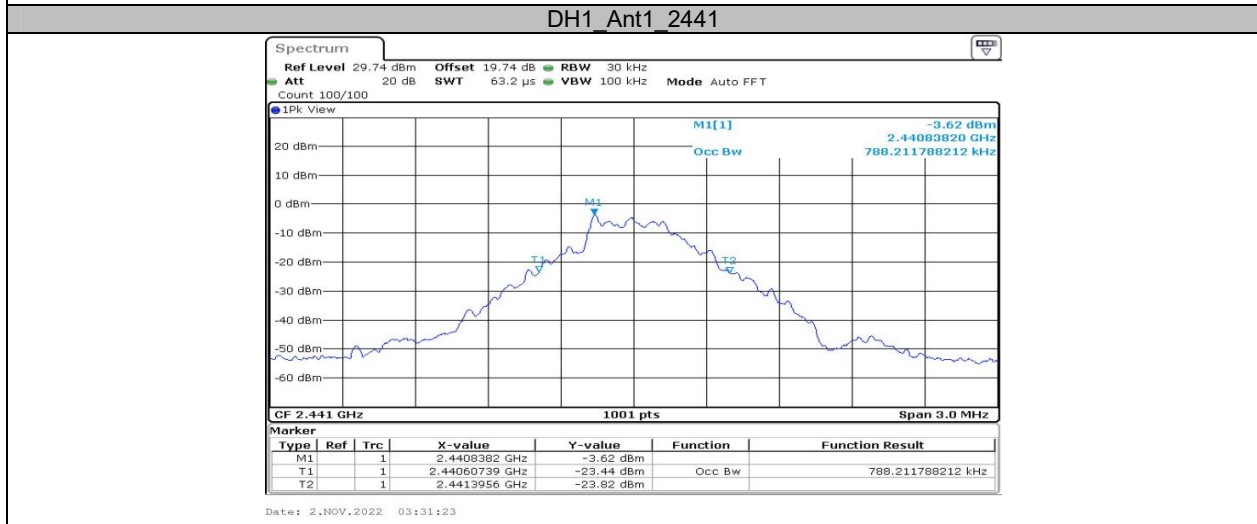
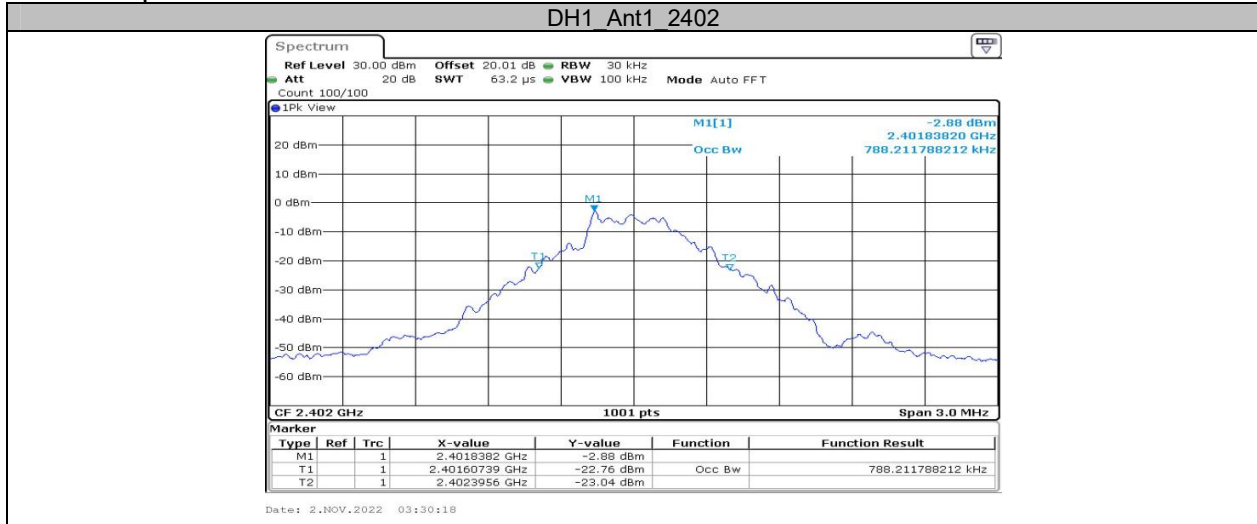


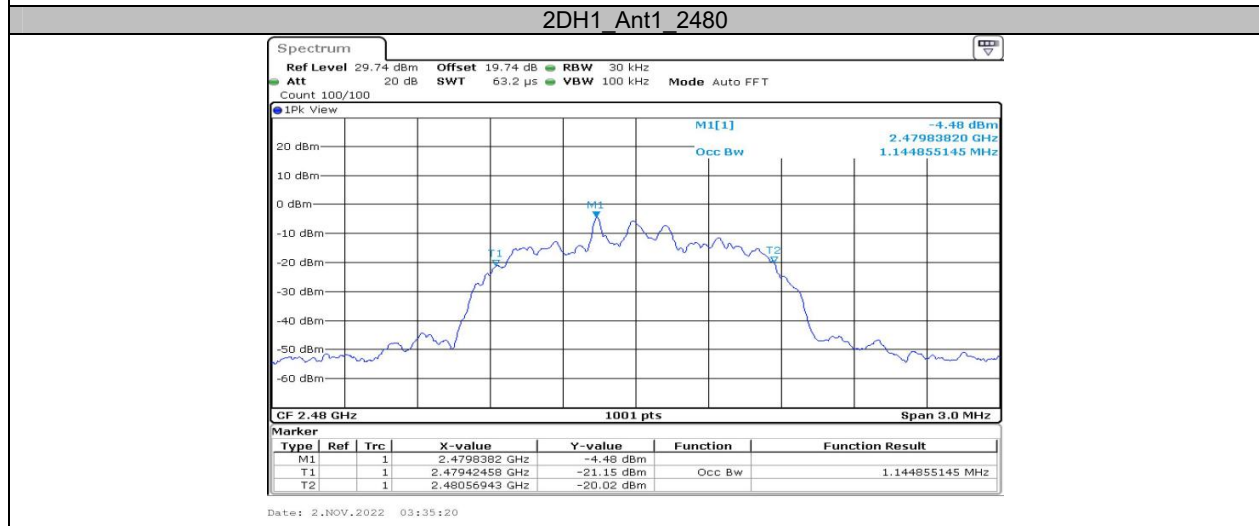
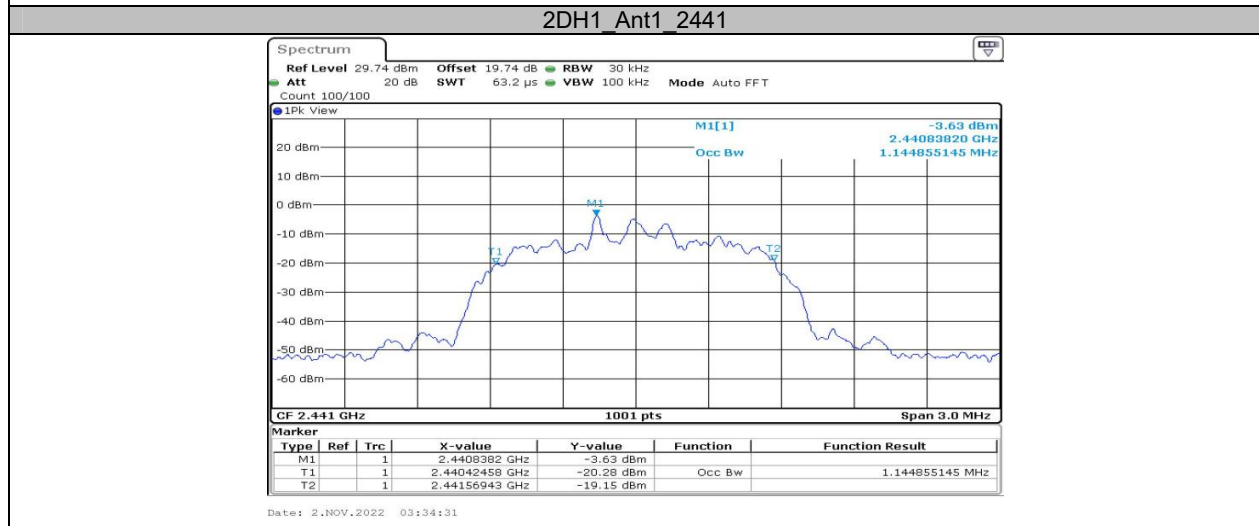
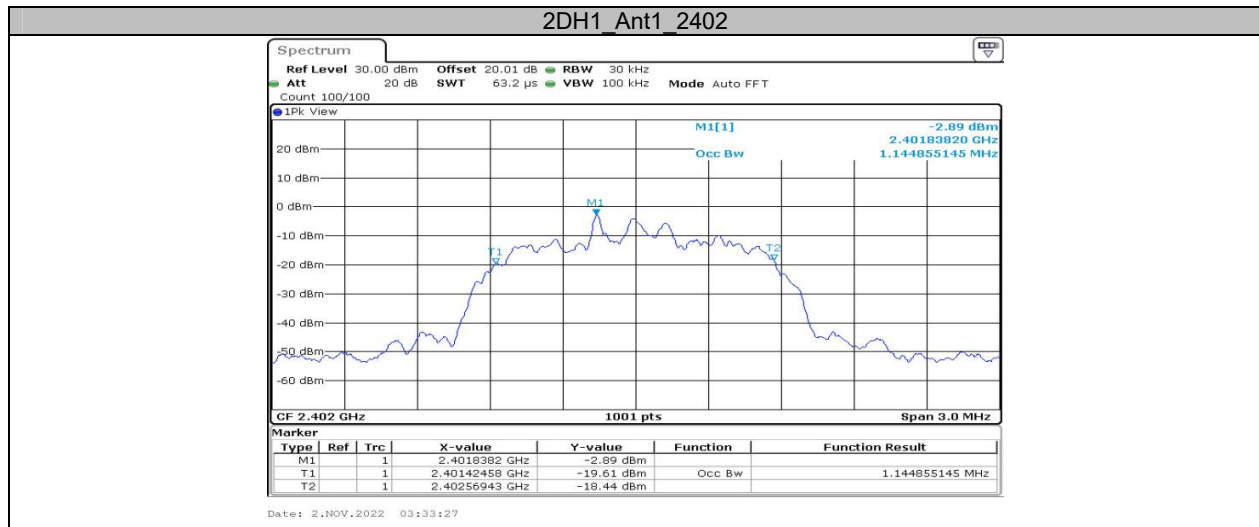


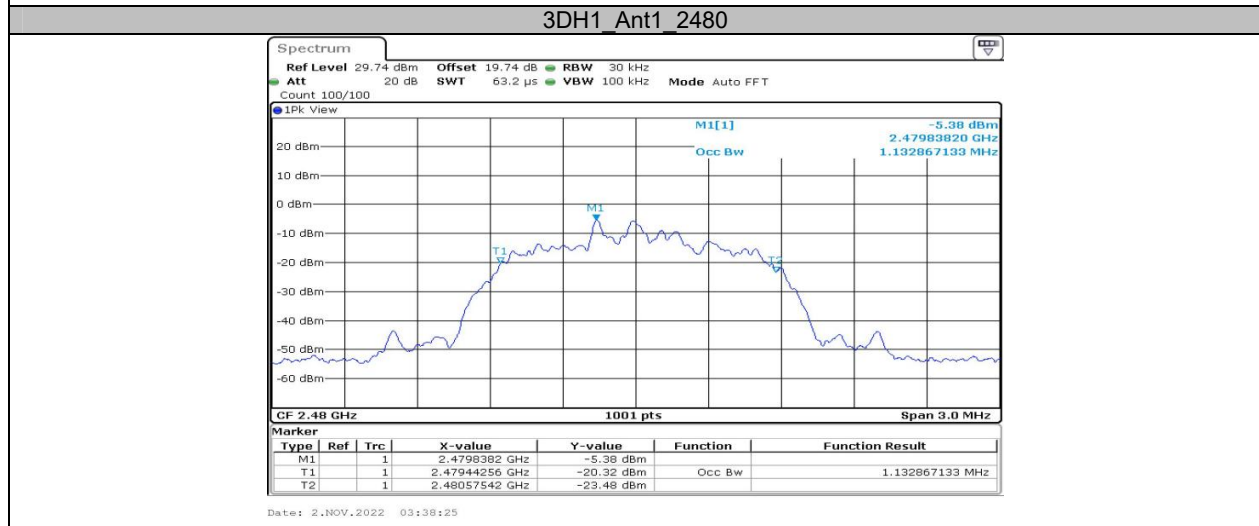
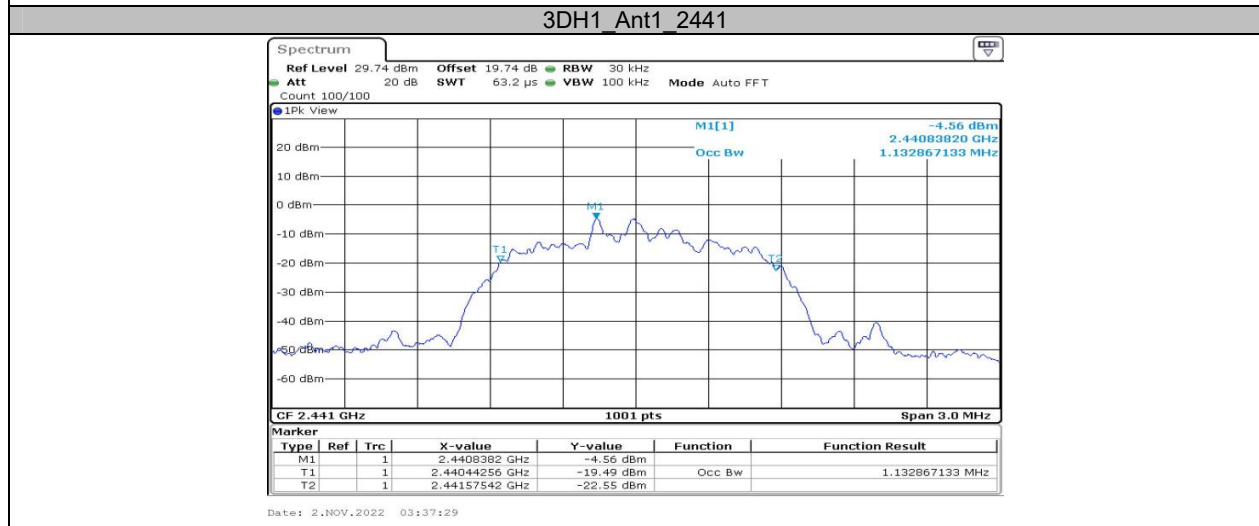
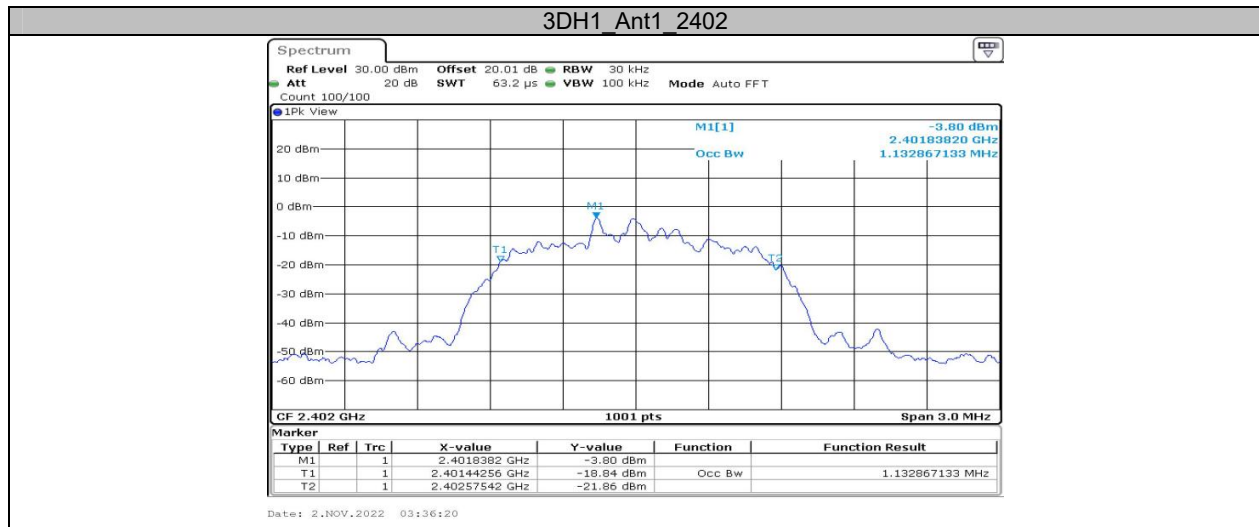
**Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	0.788	---	---
		2441	0.788	---	---
		2480	0.788	---	---
2DH1	Ant1	2402	1.145	---	---
		2441	1.145	---	---
		2480	1.145	---	---
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.133	---	---
		2441	1.133	---	---
		2480	1.133	---	---

Test Graphs



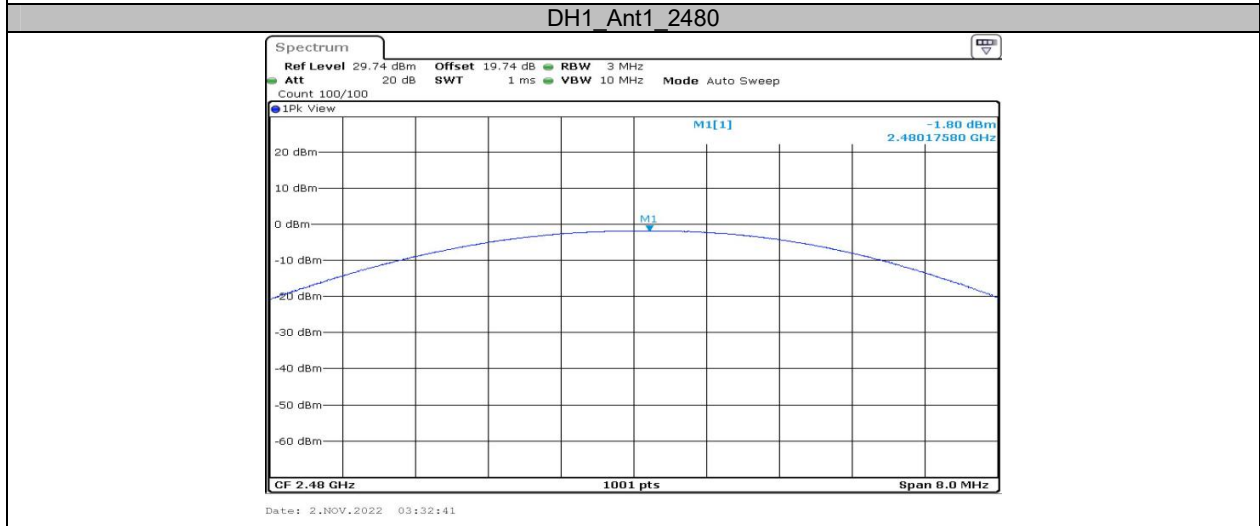
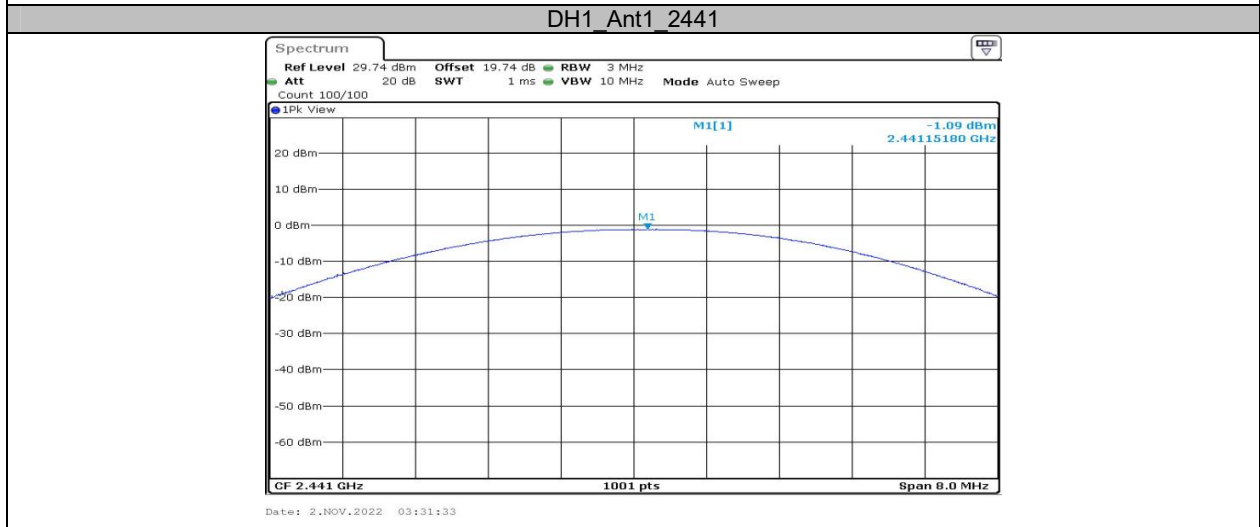
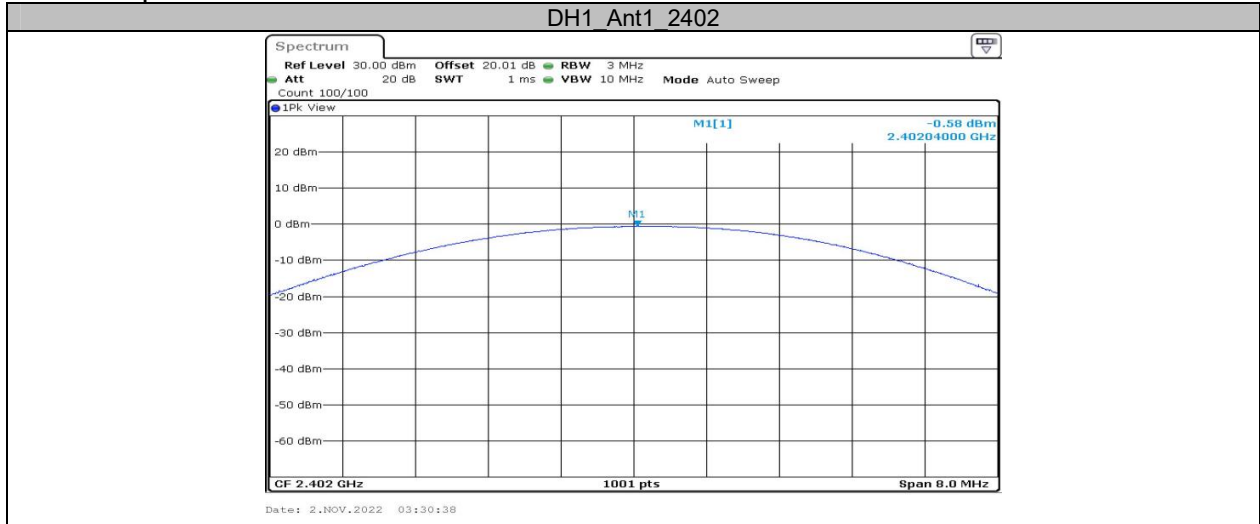


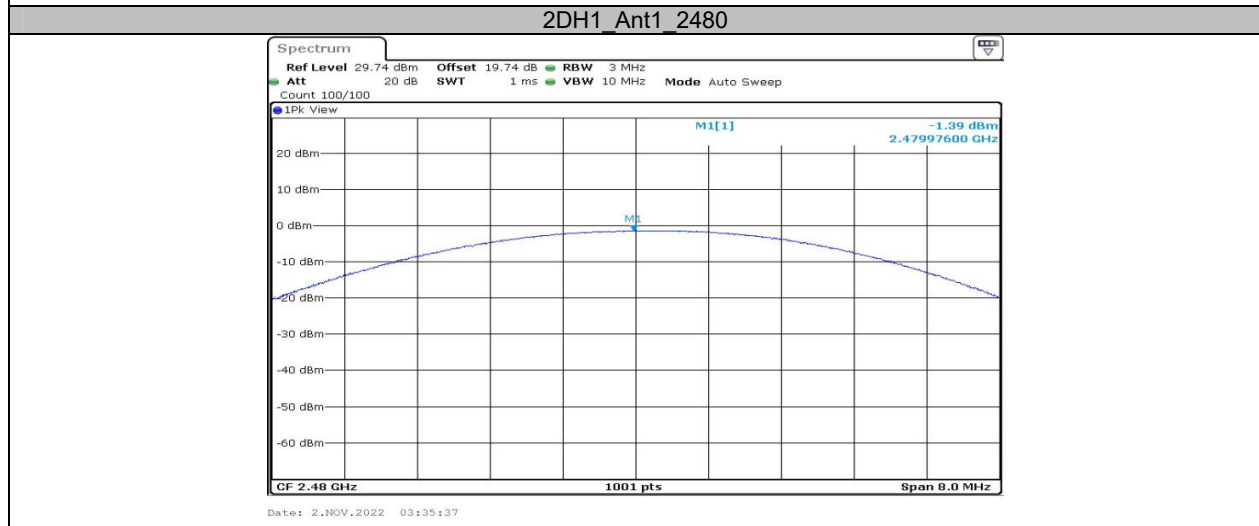
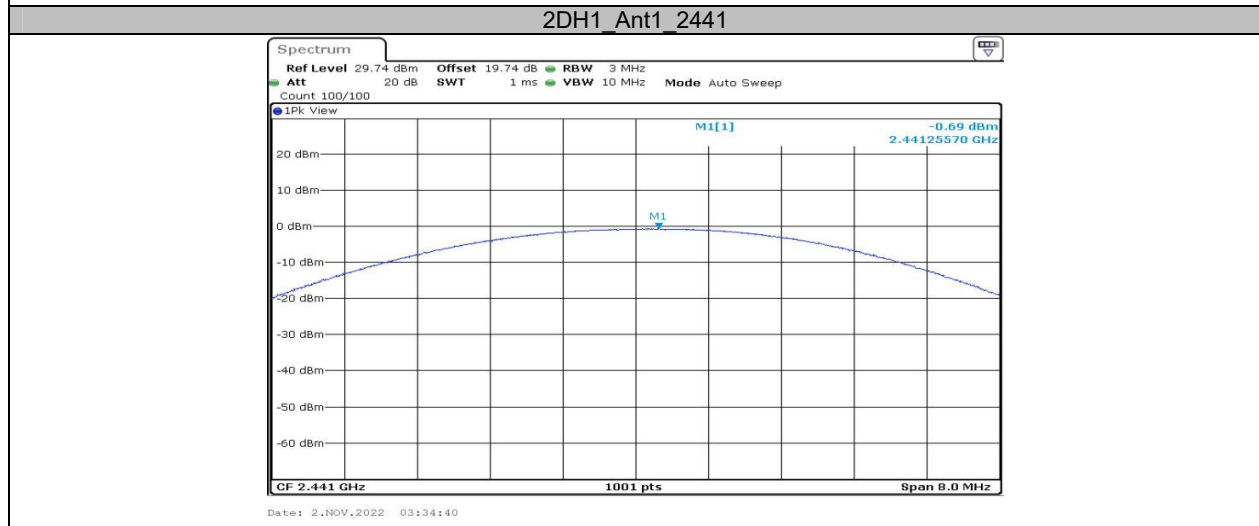
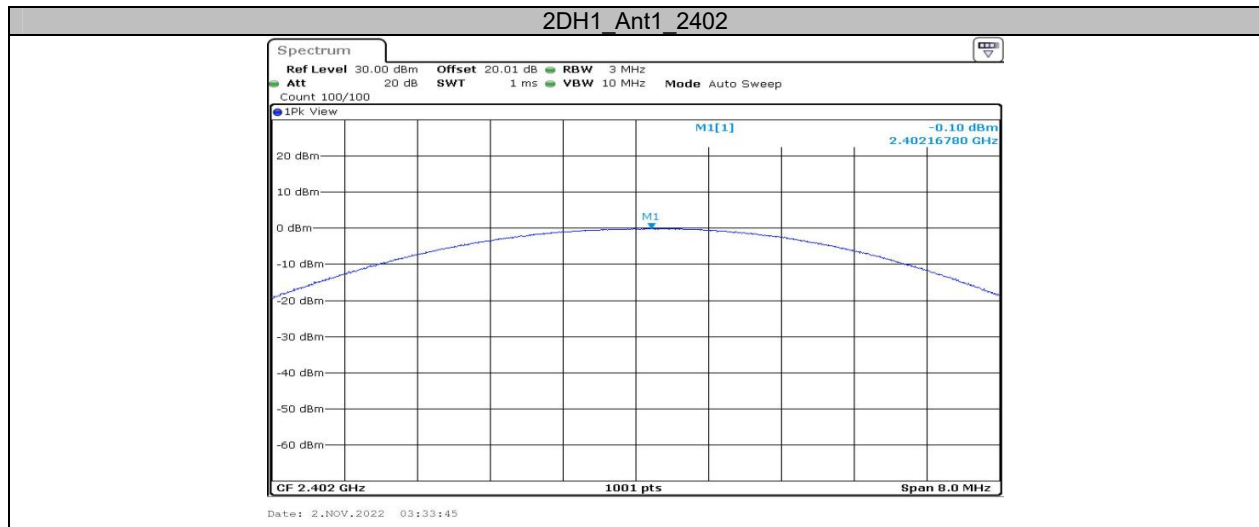


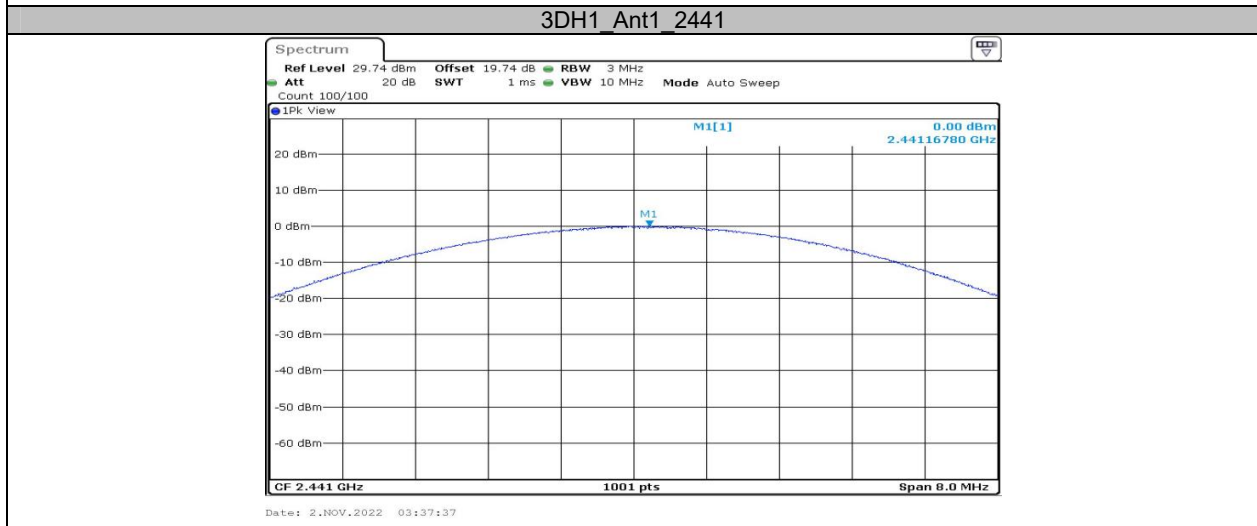
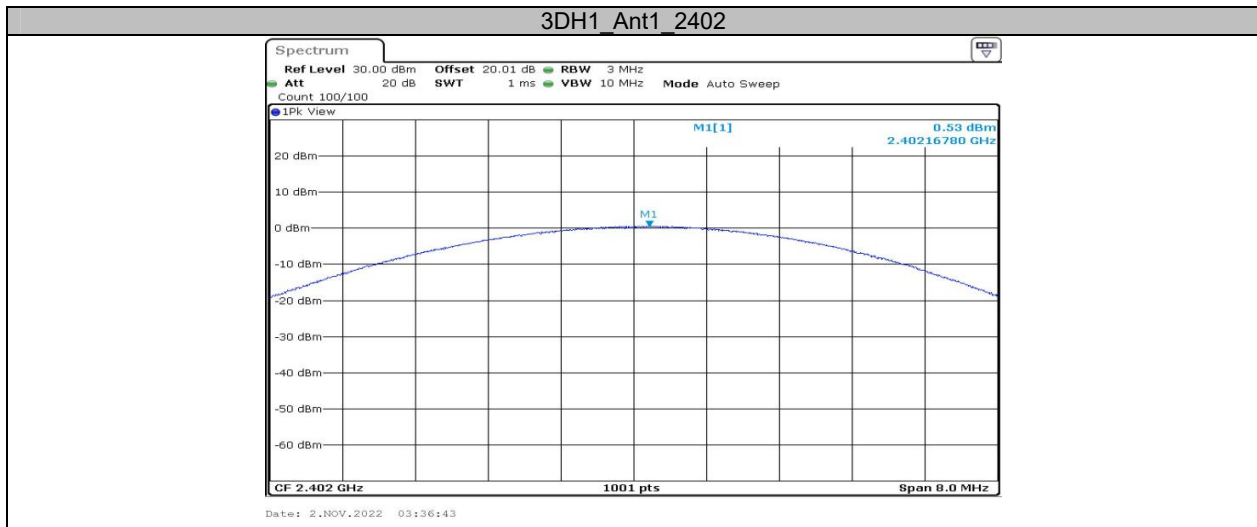
**Appendix C: Maximum conducted output power
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power [dBm]	Conducted Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	-0.58	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-1.09	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-1.80	≤20.97	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	2402	-0.10	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-0.69	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-1.39	≤20.97	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	2402	0.53	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	0	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-0.70	≤20.97	PASS

Test Graphs



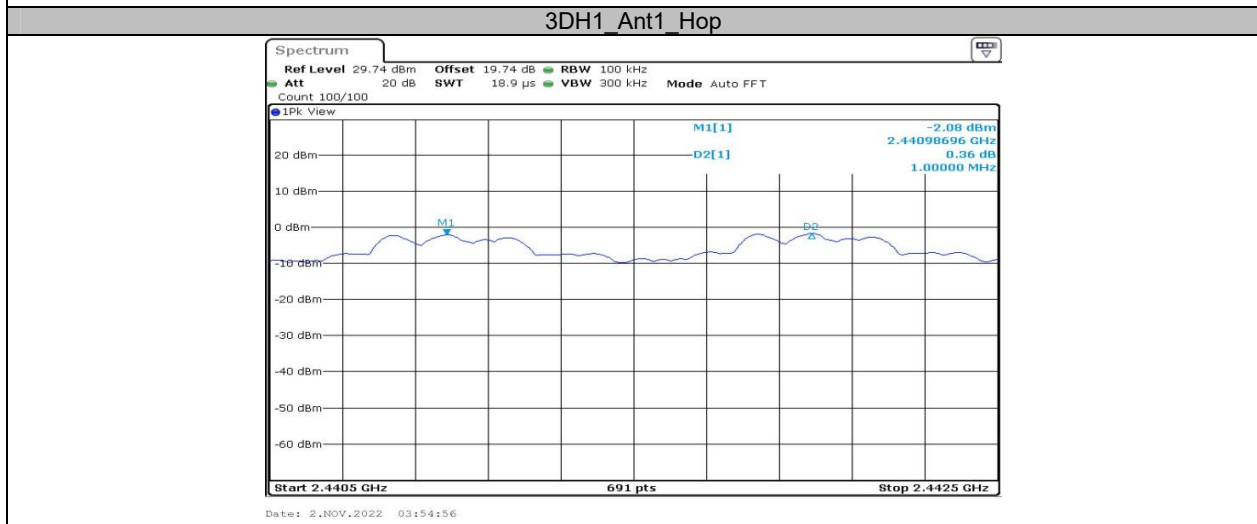
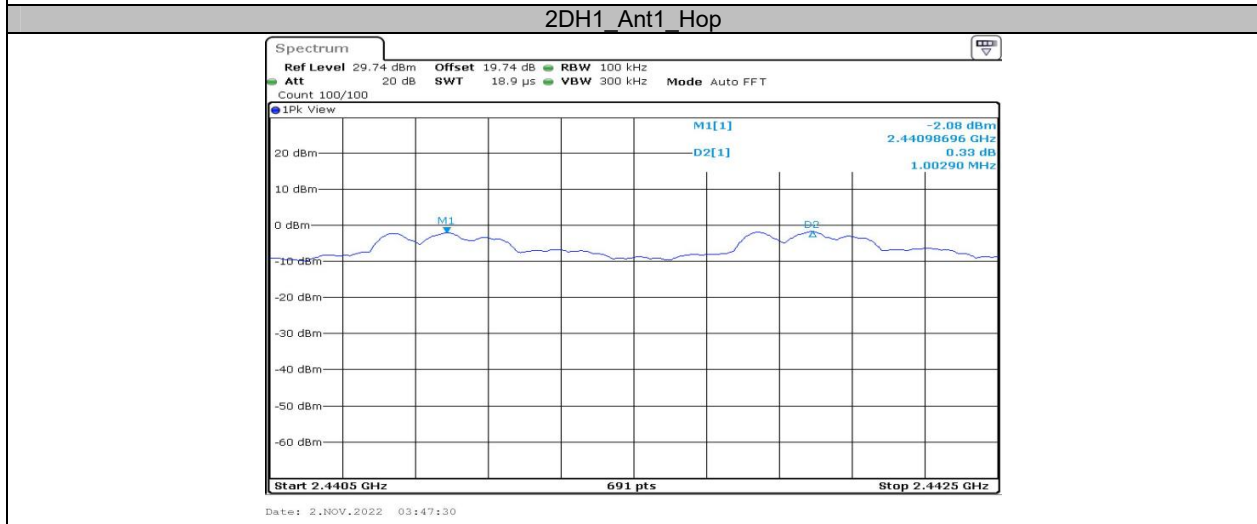
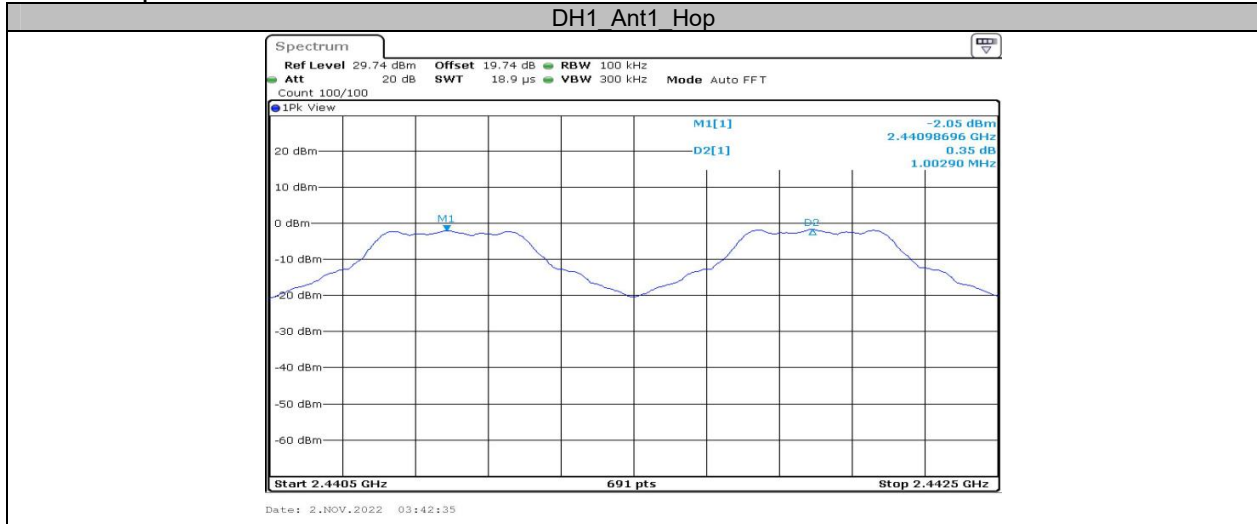




**Appendix D: Carrier frequency separation
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	1.003	≥ 0.560	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	1.003	≥ 0.813	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	1.000	≥ 0.813	PASS

Test Graphs



Appendix E: Time of occupancy Test Result

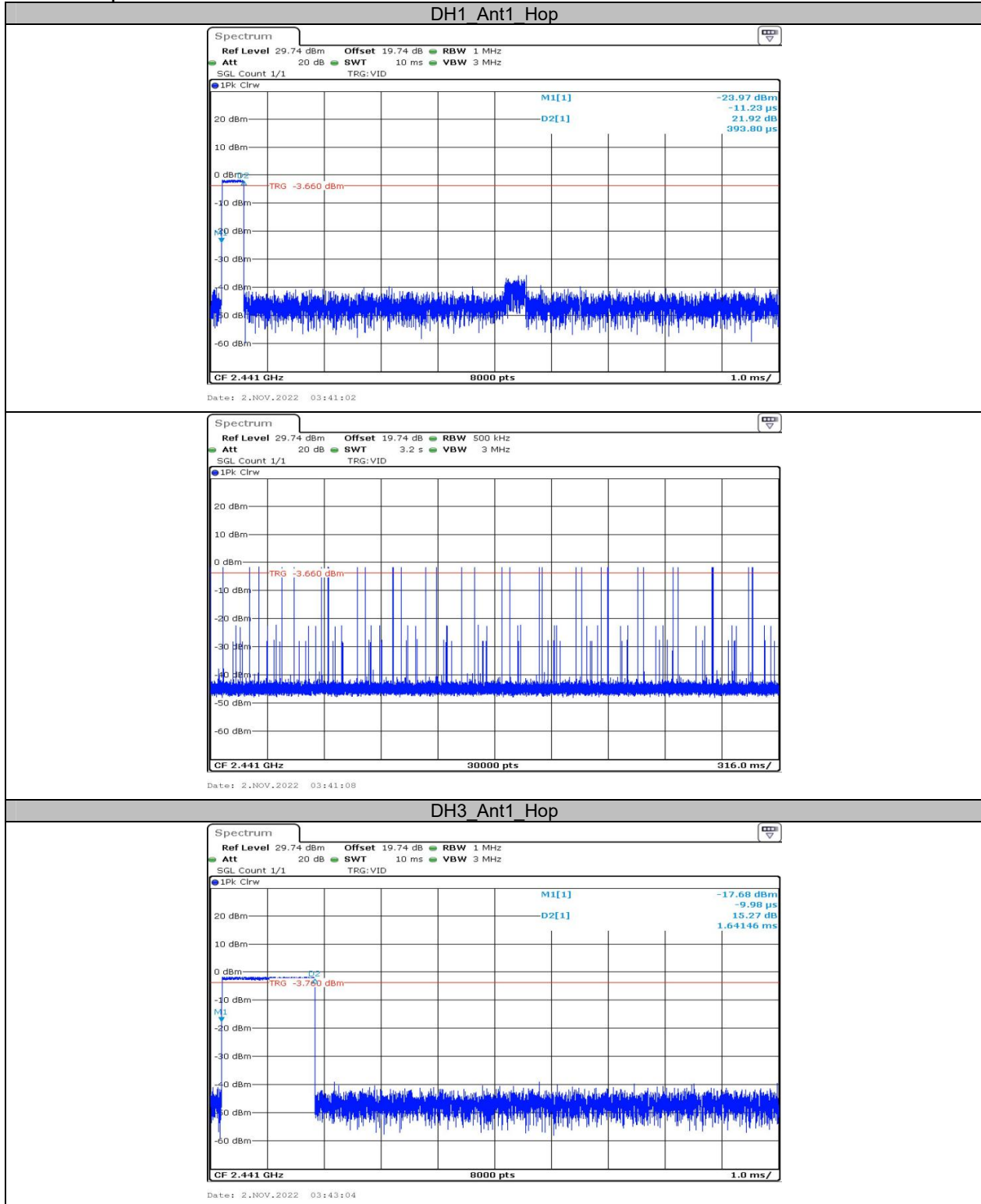
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	Total Hops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.39	320	0.125	≤0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.64	150	0.246	≤0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.88	130	0.374	≤0.4	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.40	320	0.128	≤0.4	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.65	170	0.281	≤0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.89	110	0.318	≤0.4	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.41	320	0.131	≤0.4	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.65	150	0.248	≤0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.89	110	0.318	≤0.4	PASS

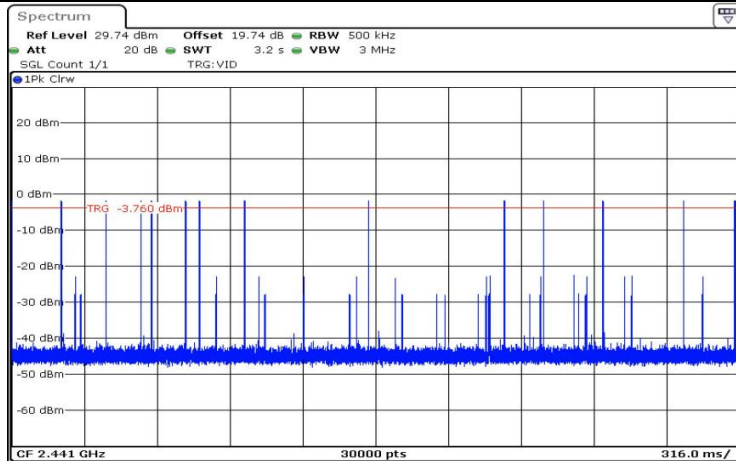
Note 1: A period time= $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6(S)$, Result=BurstWidth*Totalhops

Note 2: Totalhops=Hopping Number in $3.16s \times 10$

Note 3: Hopping Number in $3.16s = \text{Total of highest signals in } 3.16s (\text{Second high signals were other channel})$

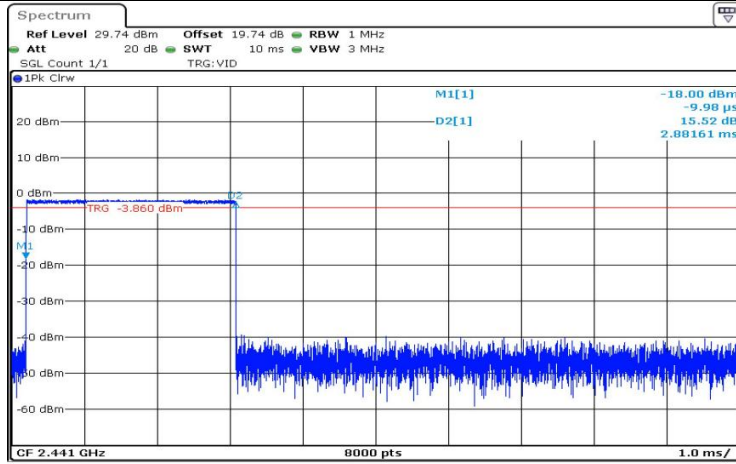
Test Graphs



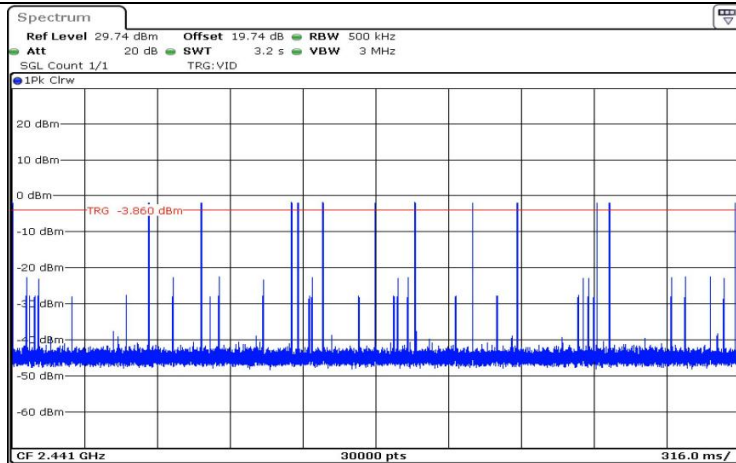


Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:43:10

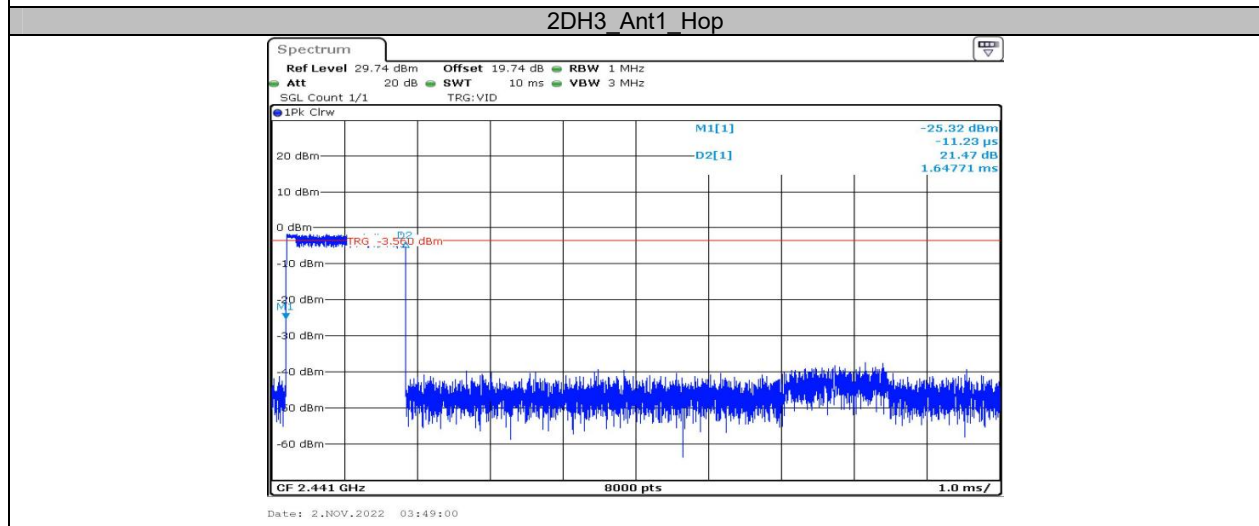
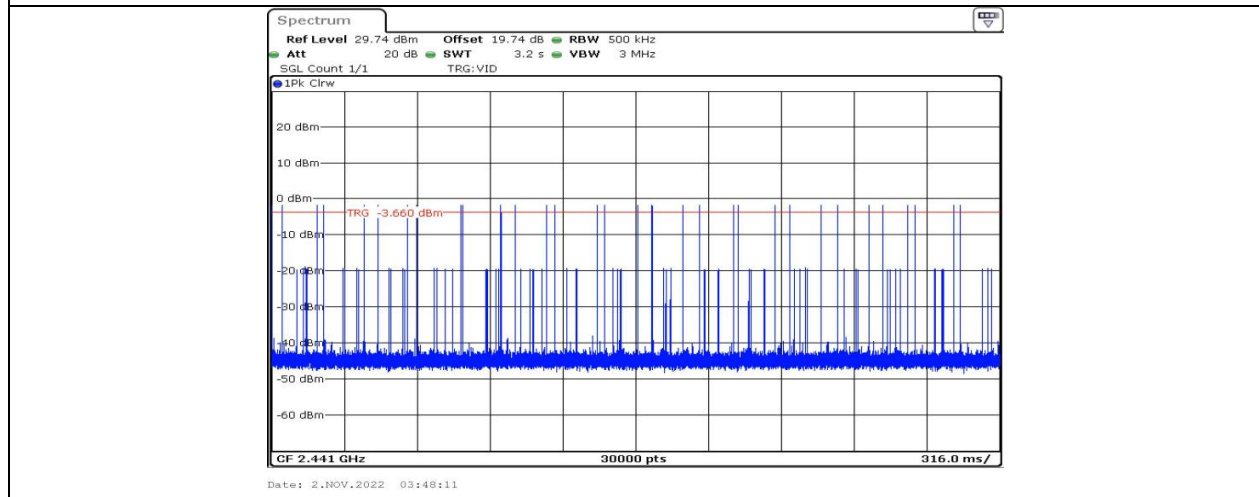
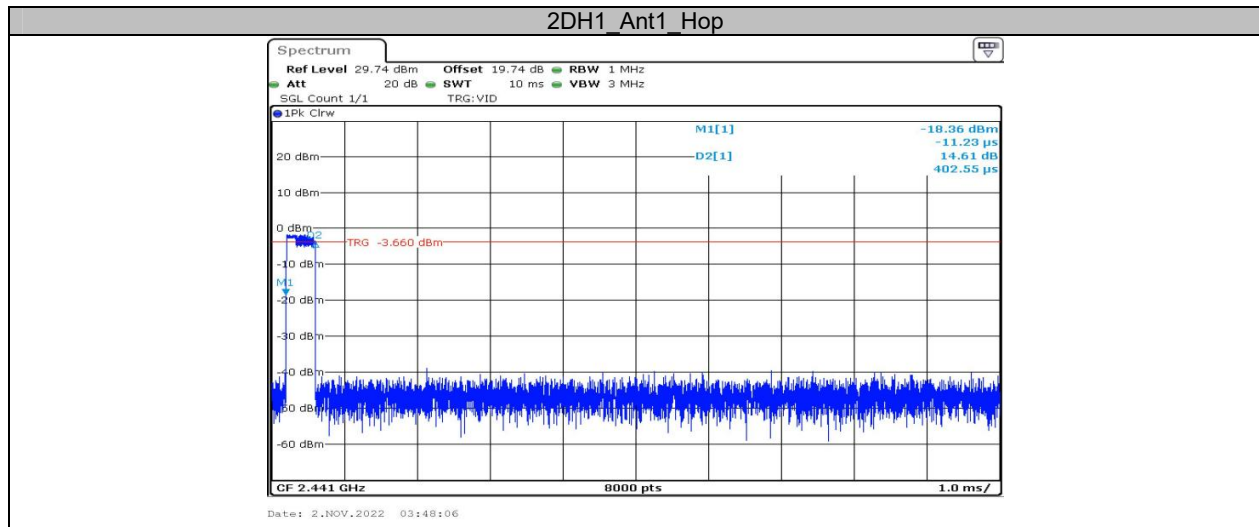
DH5 Ant1 Hop

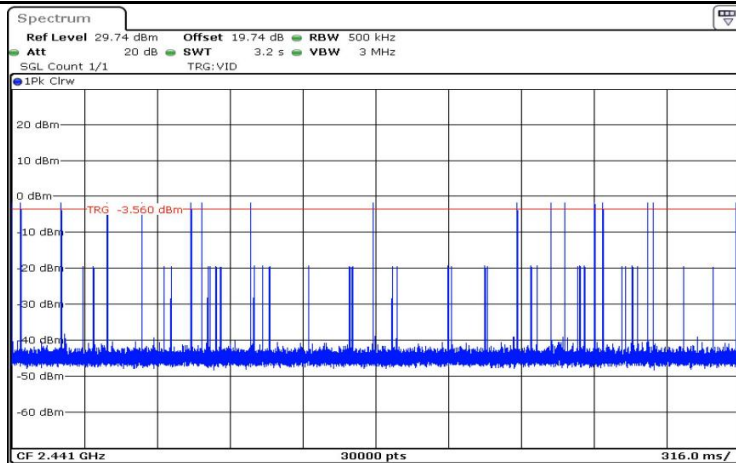


Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:45:44



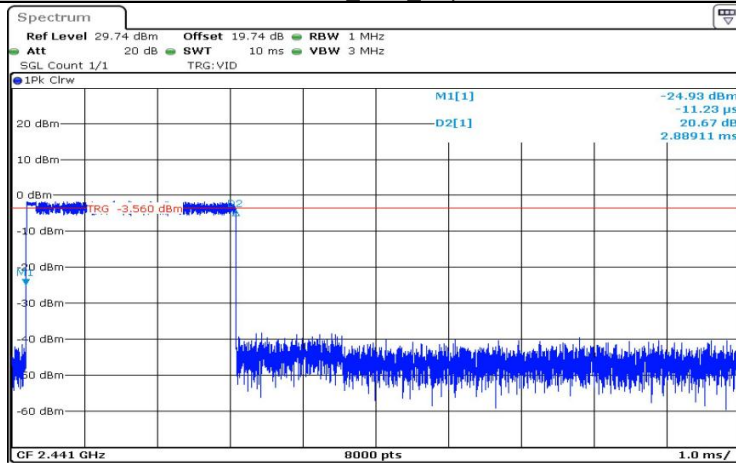
Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:45:49



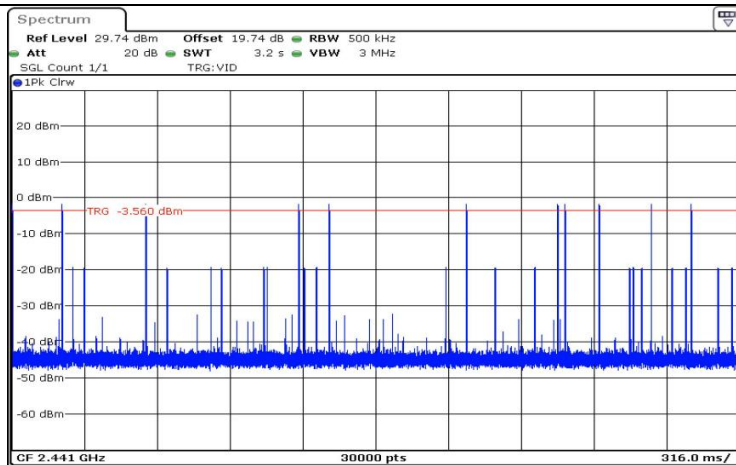


Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:49:05

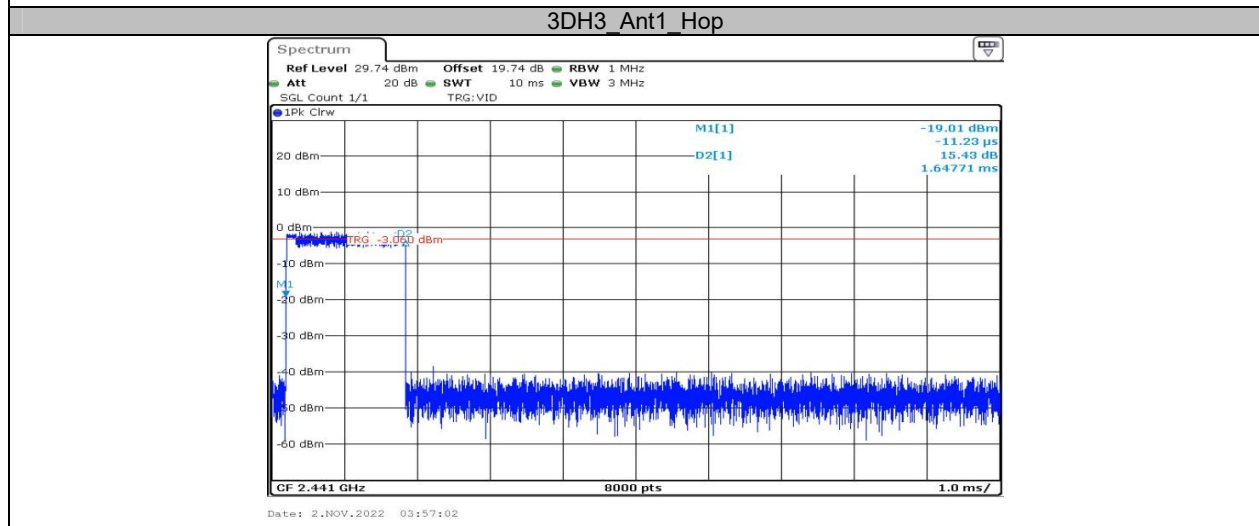
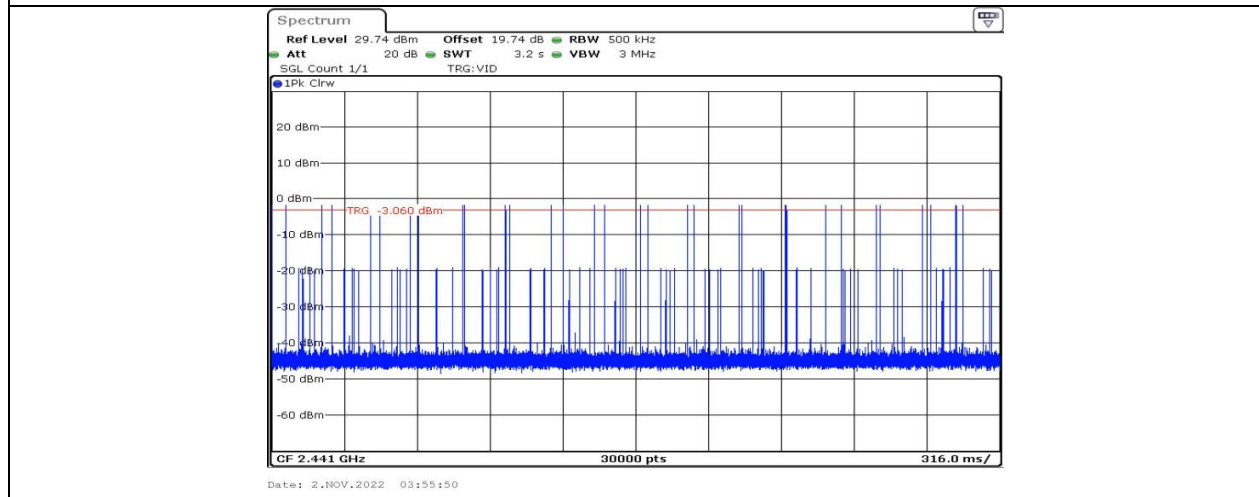
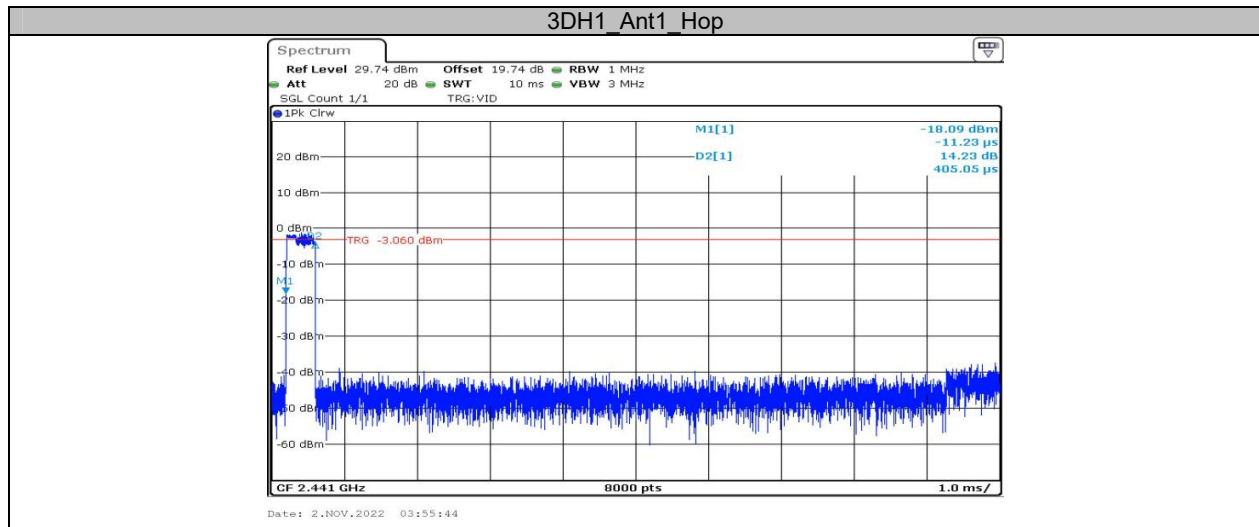
2DH5_Ant1_Hop

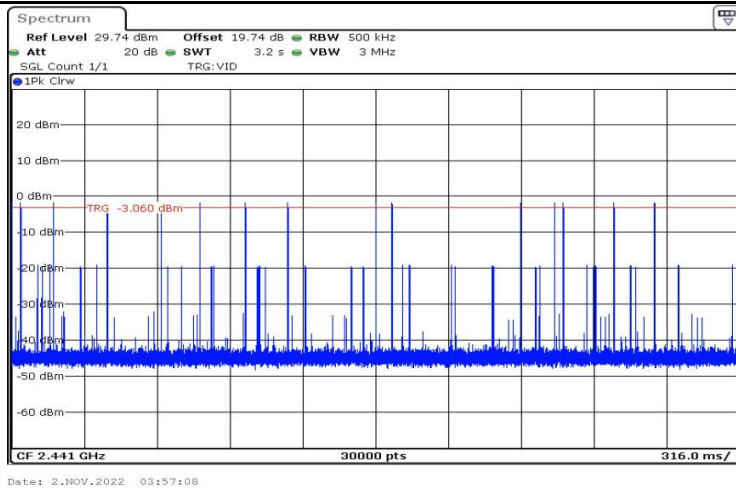


Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:52:39

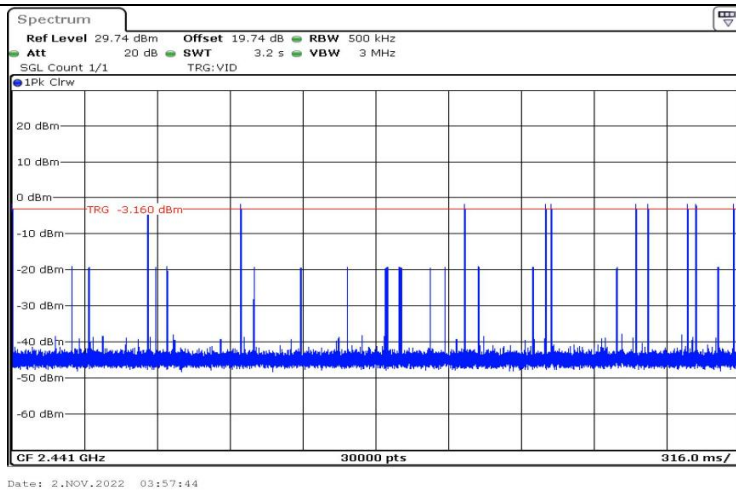
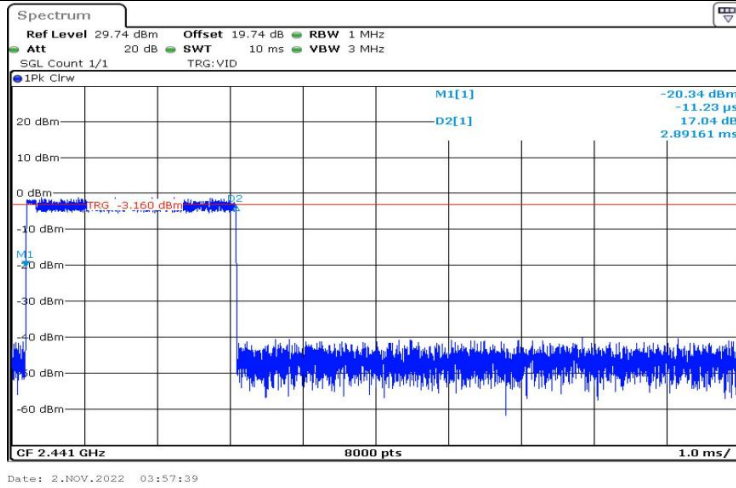


Date: 2.NOV.2022 03:52:45





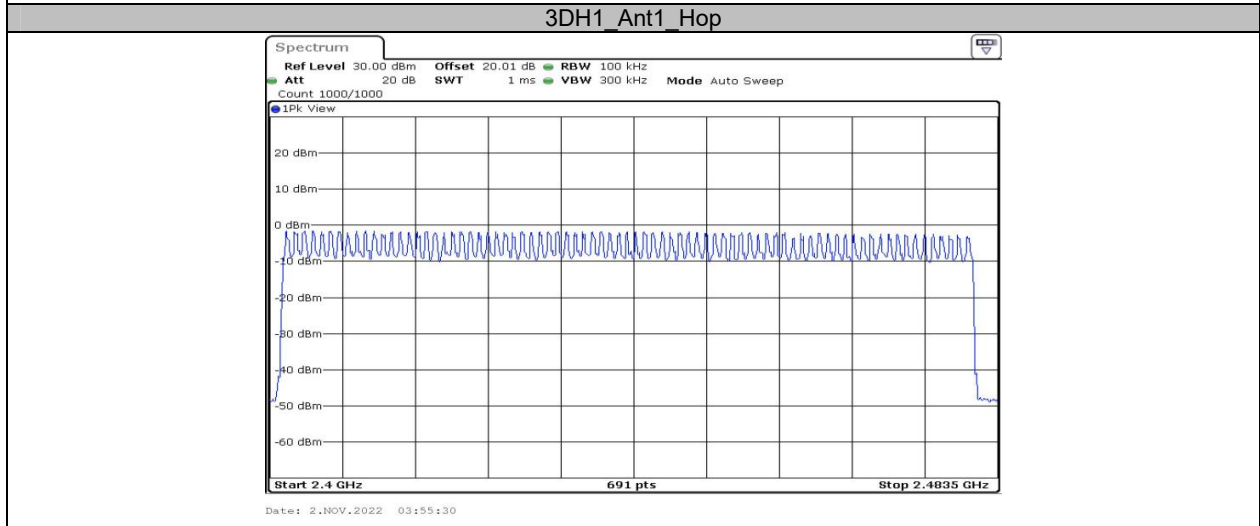
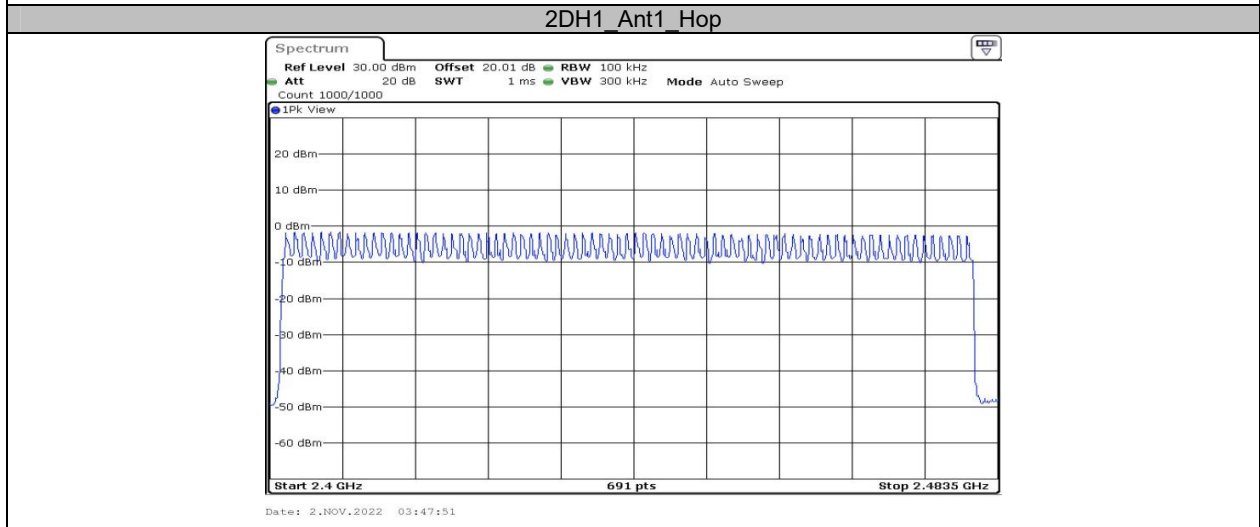
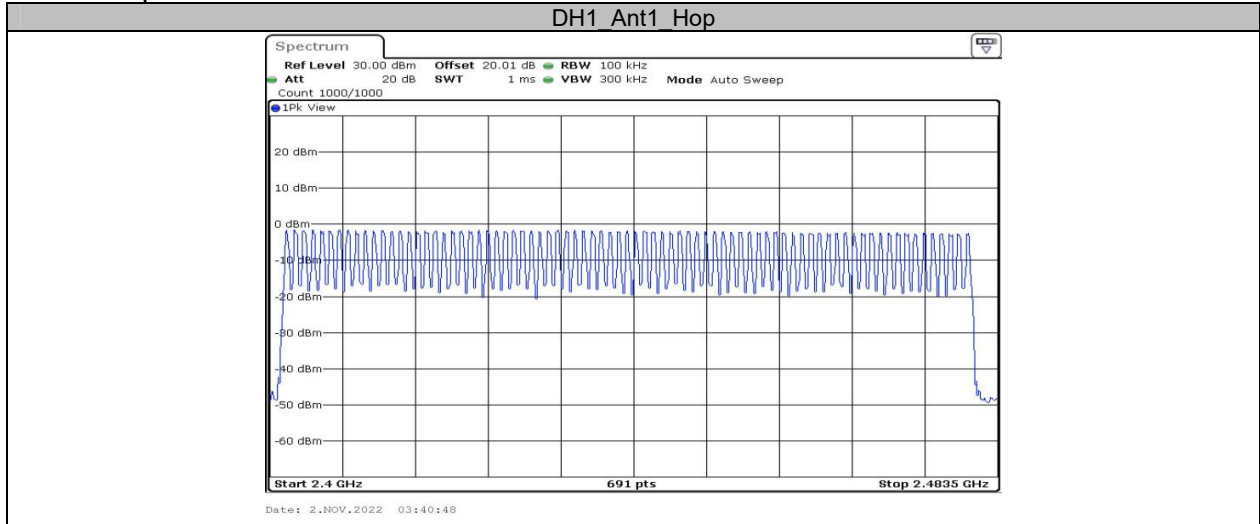
3DH5_Ant1_Hop



**Appendix F: Number of hopping channels
Test Result**

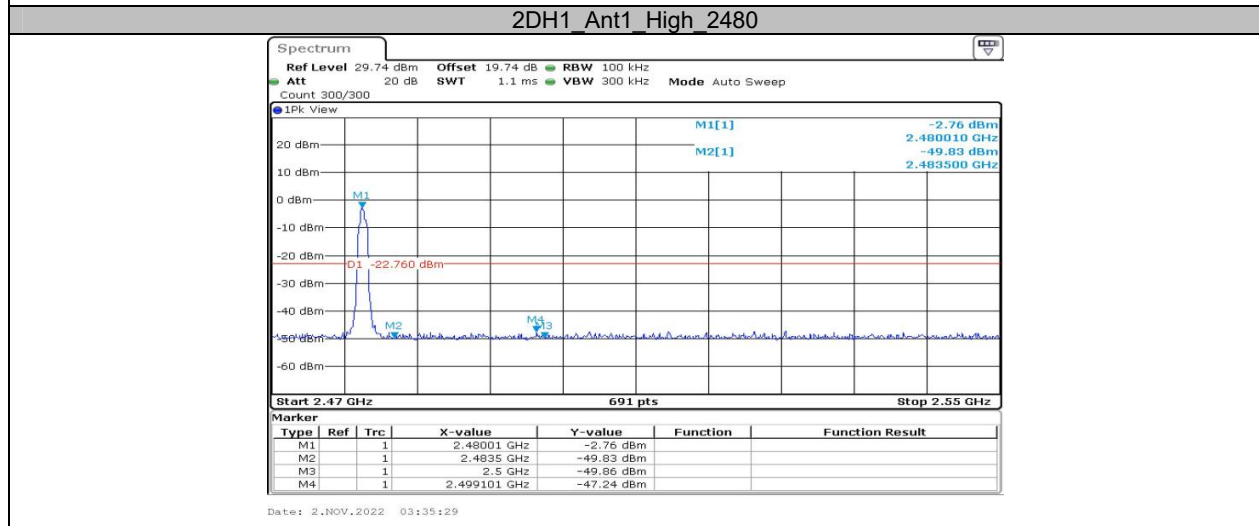
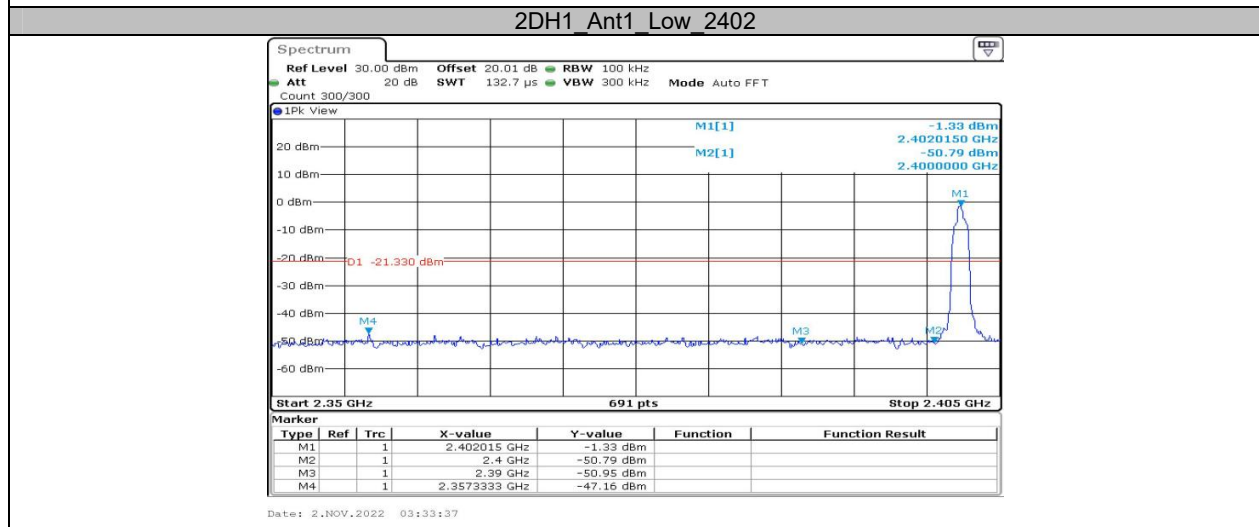
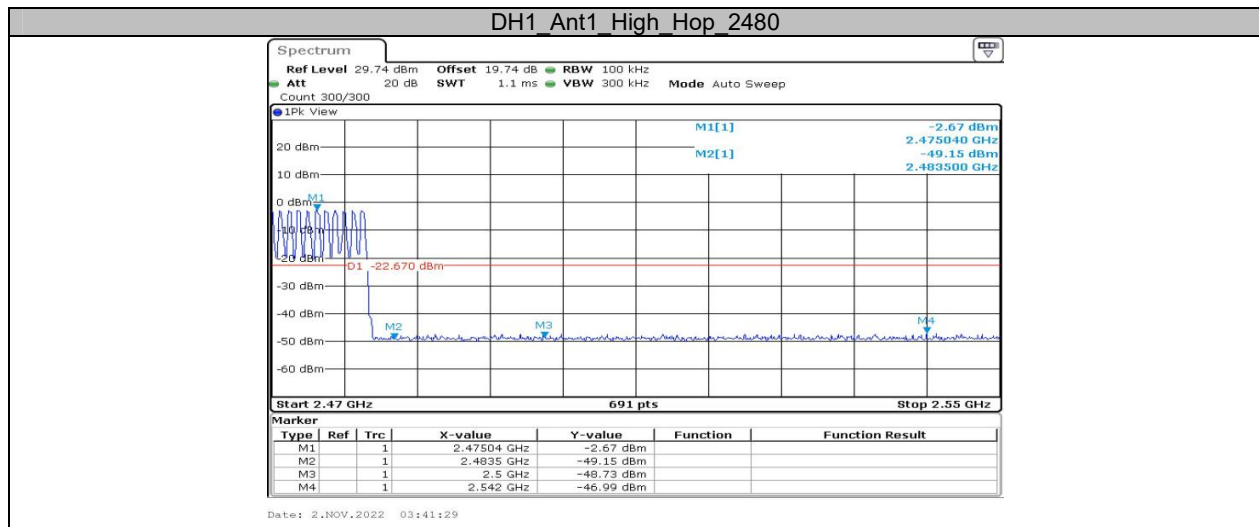
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS

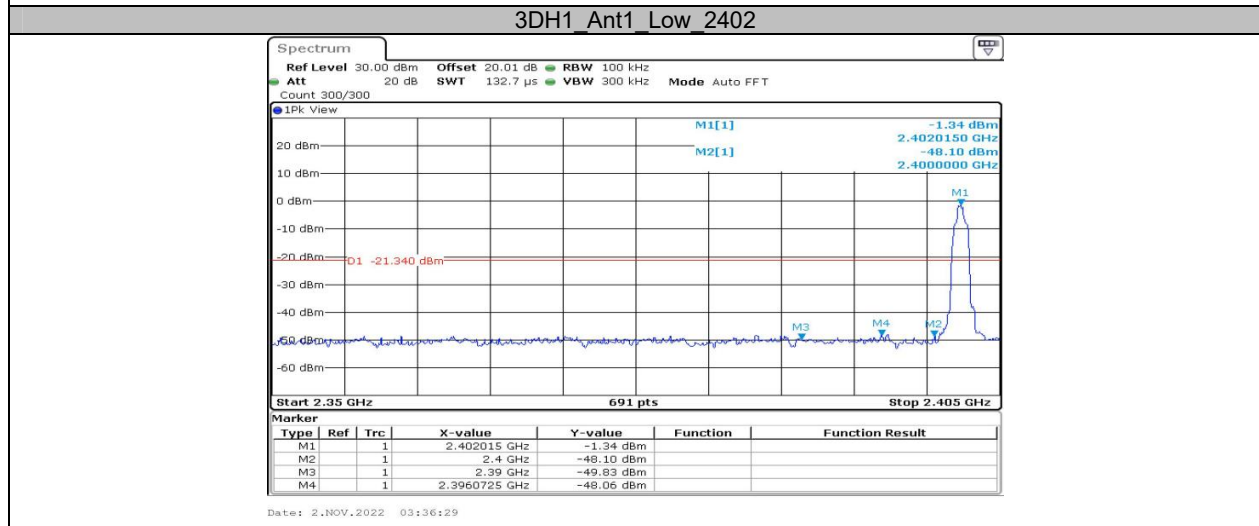
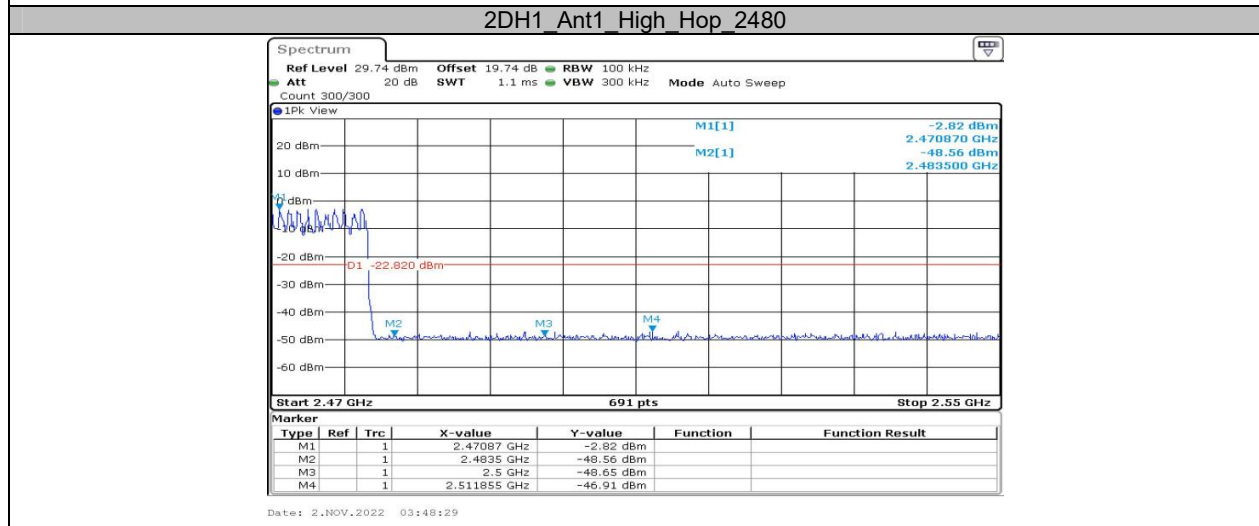
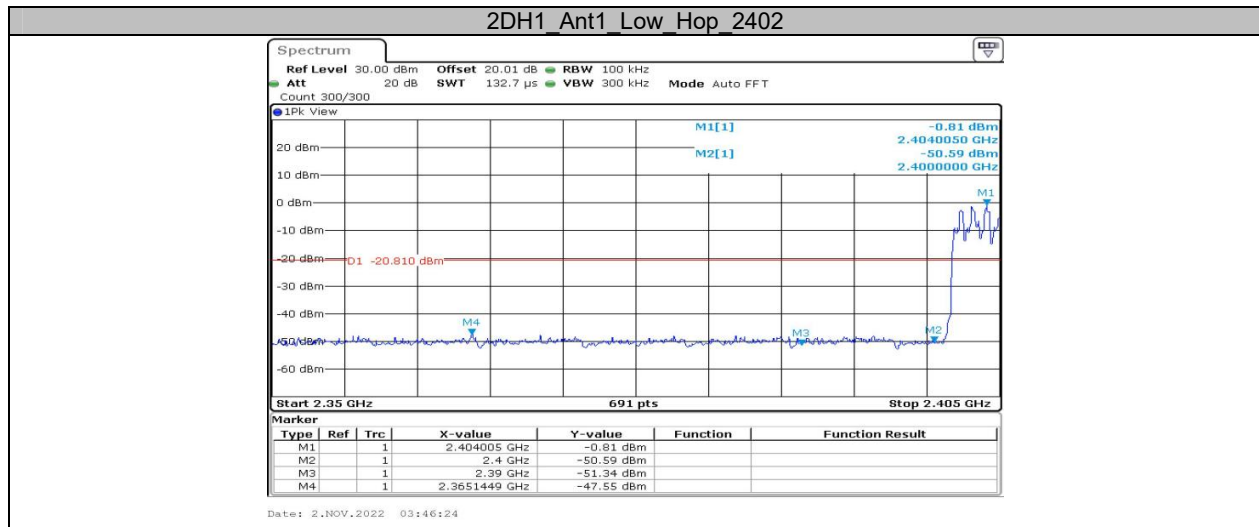
Test Graphs

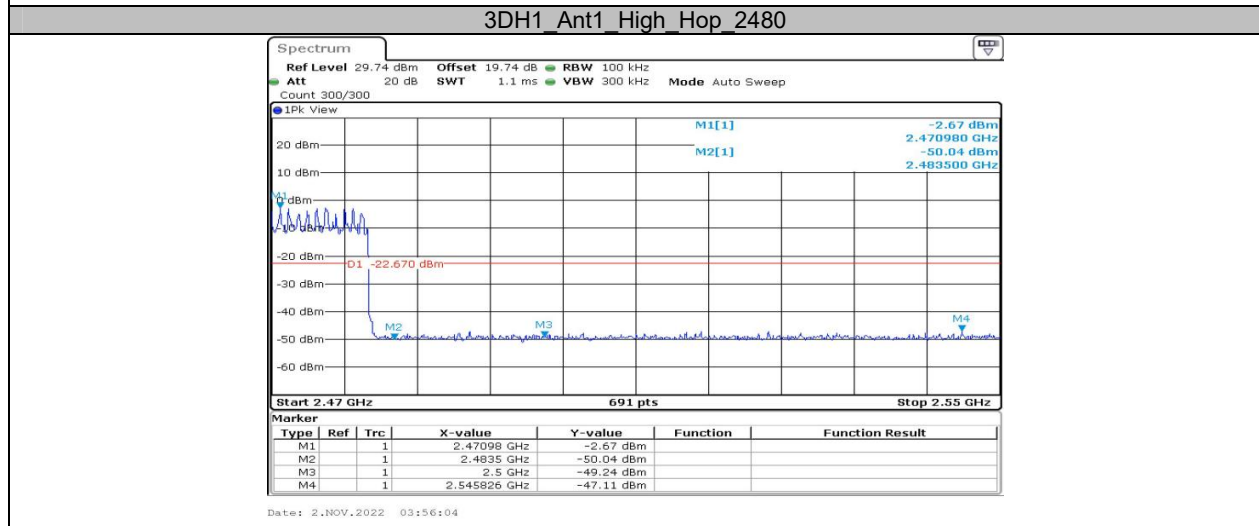
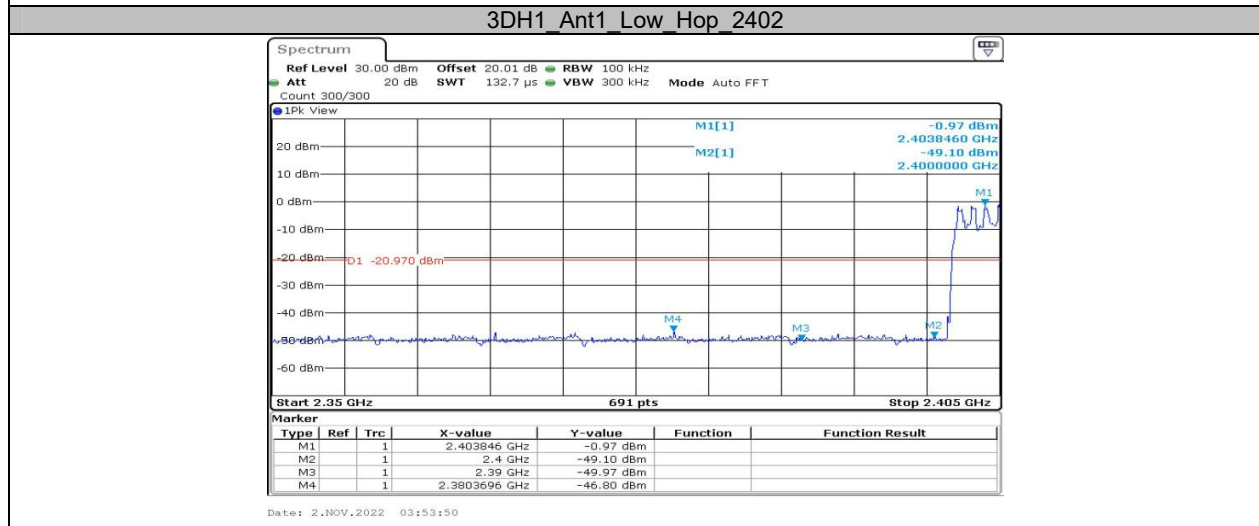
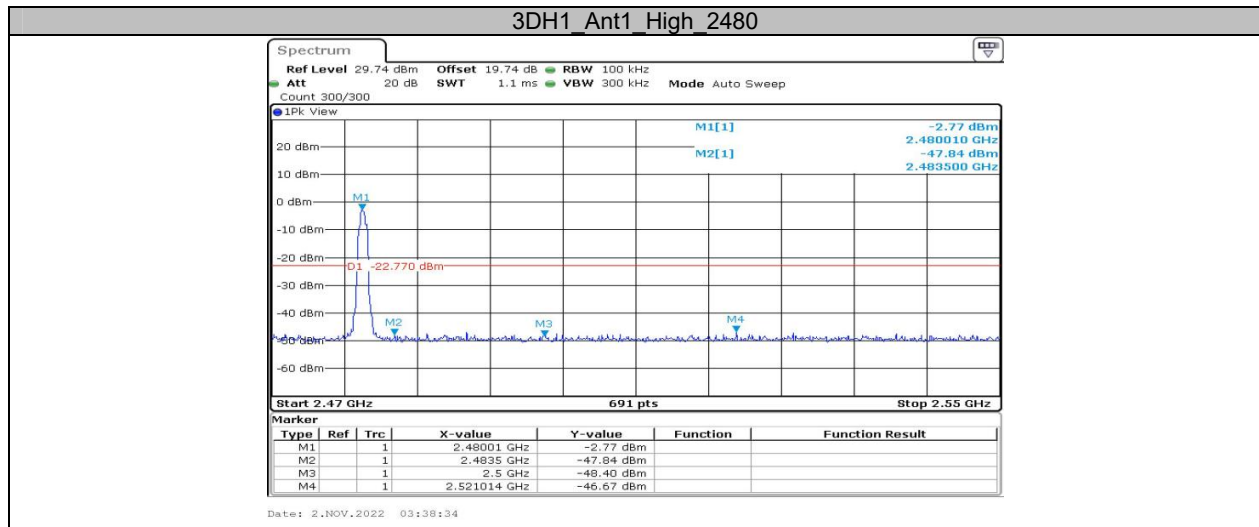


Appendix G: Band edge measurements Test Graphs









***** END OF REPORT *****