# **FCC TEST REPORT**

FCC ID: 2A27V-P210

**Report No.** : SSP24030019-1E

**Applicant**: Dongguan Genai Technology Co., LTD

**Product Name** : TWS EarphoneBluetooth

Model Name : P210

**Test Standard**: FCC Part 15.247

**Date of Issue** : 2024-03-17



## Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.

1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China; (Tel.:+86-755-23406590 website: www.ccuttest.com)

This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.

FCC Test Report Page 1 of 47

Quality Tec

**APPROVEI** 

## **Test Report Basic Information**

Applicant..... Dongguan Genai Technology Co., LTD

Room 101, 1st Building, No. 3, Kuiqiao Road, Fuxin lake, Tangxia town,

Address of Applicant..... Dongguan city, Guangdong Province, China

Manufacturer..... Dongguan Genai Technology Co., LTD

Room 101, 1st Building, No. 3, Kuiqiao Road, Fuxin lake, Tangxia town,

Address of Manufacturer.....: Dongguan city, Guangdong Province, China

Product Name..... TWS EarphoneBluetooth

Brand Name....: **GENAI** P210 Main Model.....

P220, P230, P260 Series Models....:

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

ANSI C63.4-2014

**Test Standard**...... ANSI C63.10-2013

Test Result...... PASS

(Colin Chen)

(Lieber Ouyang)

Authorized Signatory..... (Lahm Peng)

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.. All test data presented in this test report is only applicable to presented test sample.

Page 2 of 47 **FCC Test Report** 

# **CONTENTS**

1. General Information	5
1.1 Product Information	5
1.2 Test Setup Information	
1.3 Compliance Standards	
1.4 Test Facilities	
1.5 List of Measurement Instruments	
1.6 Measurement Uncertainty	
2. Summary of Test Results	
3. Antenna Requirement	
3.1 Standard and Limit	
3.2 Test Result	
4. Conducted Emissions	11
4.1 Standard and Limit	11
4.2 Test Procedure	
4.3 Test Data and Results	12
5. Radiated Emissions	15
5.1 Standard and Limit	15
5.2 Test Procedure	
5.3 Test Data and Results	
6. Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)	21
6.1 Standard and Limit	21
6.2 Test Procedure	
6.3 Test Data and Results	
7. Frequency Hopping System	23
7.1 Standard and Limit	23
7.2 Test Procedure	
7.3 Test Data and Results	
8. Dwell Time	
8.1 Standard and Limit	
8.2 Test Procedure	
8.3 Test Data and Results	
9. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	
9.1 Standard and Limit	
9.2 Test Procedure	
9.3 Test Data and Results	
10. Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)	
10.1 Standard and Limit	
10.2 Test Procedure	
10.3 Test Data and Results	
11. Carrier Frequencies Separation	
11.1 Standard and Limit	
11.2 Test Procedure	
11.3 Test Data and Results	
12. Number of Hopping Channel	
12.1 Standard and Limit	
12.2 Test Procedure	
12.3 Test Data and Results	
13. Band-edge Emission(Conducted)	
13.1 Standard and Limit	
13.2 Test Procedure	
13.3 Test Data and Results	
14. Conducted RF Spurious Emissions	
14.1 Standard and Limit	
14.2 Test Procedure	
17.3 1631 Data aliu Nesulis	44

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

Revision	Issue Date	Description	Revised By
V1.0	2024-03-17	Initial Release	Lahm Peng

FCC Test Report Page 4 of 47

# 1. General Information

## 1.1 Product Information

Product Name:	TWS EarphoneBluetooth
Trade Name:	GENAI
Main Model:	P210
Series Models:	P220, P230, P260
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V by battery, USB 5V charging
Power Adapter:	-
Battery:	0.0925Wh (25mAh, 3.7V)
Hardware Version:	XRX-AP3-V23
Software Version:	V216

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

Note 1: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.

Note 2: These model names, color of appearance are different, but the circuit and the electronic construction are the same from the main model, declared by the manufacturer.

Wireless Specification	
Wireless Standard:	Bluetooth BR/EDR
Operating Frequency:	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
RF Output Power:	-1.3dBm
Number of Channel:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK
Antenna Gain:	3dBi
Type of Antenna:	SMD Antenna
Type of Device:	☐ Portable Device ☐ Mobile Device ☐ Modular Device

FCC Test Report Page 5 of 47

List of Test Mo	odes					
Test Mode	De	escription		Remark		
TM1	Low	est Channel		2402MHz(DH5/2DH5)		
TM2	Mide	dle Channel		2441MHz(DH5)	/2DH5)	
TM3	High	est Channel		2480MHz(DH5)	/2DH5)	
TM4	I	Hopping		2402MHz~248	B0MHz	
TM5	Playing	g with charging Bluetooth playing		aying		
List and Detai	List and Details of Auxiliary Cable					
Descrij	ption	Length (cm)		Shielded/Unshielded	With/Without Ferrite	
USB C	able	20		Unshielded	Without Ferrite	
-		-		-	-	
List and Detai	List and Details of Auxiliary Equipment					
Descrij	Description Manufacturer		r	Model	Serial Number	
Adap	ter	Huawei		HW-100225C00	HC78E2N6A23645	
-		-		-	-	

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

List of Chanr	nels						
No. of	Frequency	No. of	Frequency	No. of	Frequency	No. of	Frequency
Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)
01	2402	21	2422	41	2442	61	2462
02	2403	22	2423	42	2443	62	2463
03	2404	23	2424	43	2444	63	2464
04	2405	24	2425	44	2445	64	2465
05	2406	25	2426	45	2446	65	2466
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
16	2417	36	2437	56	2457	76	2477
17	2418	37	2438	57	2458	77	2478
18	2419	38	2439	58	2459	78	2479
19	2420	39	2440	59	2460	79	2480
20	2421	40	2441	60	2461		

FCC Test Report Page 6 of 47

## 1.3 Compliance Standards

Compliance Standards		
ECC Dant 15 Subnant C	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES,	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional Radiators	
All measurements contained in t	his report were conducted with all above standards	
According to standards for te	st methodology	
ECC Dout 15 Cubmout C	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES,	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional Radiators	
	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions	
ANSI C63.4-2014	from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40	
	GHz.	
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed	
ANSI C03.10-2013	Wireless Devices	
Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer or applicant. Any modification of the product, which		
result is lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.		

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## 1.4 Test Facilities

	Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.			
T 1 . N				
Laboratory Name:	1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street,			
	Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China			
CNAS Laboratory No.:	L18863			
A2LA Certificate No.:	6893.01			
FCC Registration No:	583813			
ISED Registration No.:	CN0164			

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

FCC Test Report Page 7 of 47

## 1.5 List of Measurement Instruments

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date	
	Conducted Emissions					
AMN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ENV216	101097	2023-10-21	2024-10-20	
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESPI	100242	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
		Radiated Emission	ons			
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESPI	100154	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY48030972	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV40-N	101692	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9743B	00251	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Amplifier	HUABO	YXL0518-2.5-45		2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Amplifier	COM-MW	DLAN-18G-4G-02	10229104	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Loop Antenna	DAZE	ZN30900C	21104	2023-08-07	2024-08-06	
Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01320	2023-08-07	2024-08-06	
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02553	2023-08-07	2024-08-06	
Horn Antenna	COM-MW	ZLB7-18-40G-950	12221225	2023-08-07	2024-08-06	
	Conducted RF Testing					
RF Test System	MWRFTest	MW100-RFCB	220418SQS-37	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	ATO-90521	2023-07-31	2024-07-30	

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

# 1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Conditions Uncertainty	
Conducted Emissions	9kHz ~ 30MHz	±1.64 dB
	9kHz ~ 30MHz	±2.88 dB
Radiated Emissions	30MHz ∼ 1GHz	±3.32 dB
Radiated Emissions	1GHz ~ 18GHz	±3.50 dB
	18GHz ~ 40GHz	±3.66 dB
Conducted Output Power	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±0.50 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±4.0 %
Conducted Spurious Emission	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±1.32 dB

FCC Test Report Page 8 of 47

# 2. Summary of Test Results

FCC Rule	Description of Test Item	Result
FCC Part 15.203	Antenna Requirement	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(i)	RF Exposure(see the RF exposure report)	Passed
FCC Part 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Passed
FCC Part 15.209, 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), (g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Passed
FCC Part 15.215(c)	Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequencies Separation	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Channel	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band-edge Emissions(Conducted)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Conducted RF Spurious Emissions	Passed

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

Passed: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard

Failed: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard

N/A: Not applicable

FCC Test Report Page 9 of 47

# 3. Antenna Requirement

## 3.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## 3.2 Test Result

This product has an SMD antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

FCC Test Report Page 10 of 47

## 4.1 Standard and Limit

According to the rule FCC Part 15.207, Conducted emissions limit, the limit for a wireless device as below:

Frequency of Emission	Conducted emissions (dBuV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

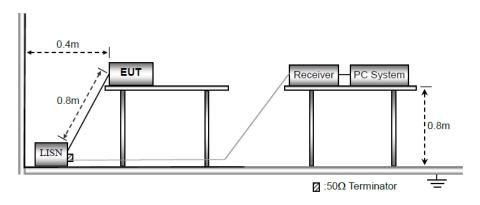
Report No: SSP24030019-1E

Note 1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz

Note 2: The lower limit applies at the band edges

#### 4.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.2.



Test Setup Block Diagram

a) The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

b) The following is the setting of the receiver

Attenuation: 10dB

Start Frequency: 0.15MHz Stop Frequency: 30MHz IF Bandwidth: 9kHz

c) The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipment powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.

FCC Test Report Page 11 of 47

d) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

- e) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
- f) LISN is at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.
- g) For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item photographs of the test setup.

## 4.3 Test Data and Results

Based on all tested data, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207 standard limit for a wireless device, and with the worst case as below:

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

FCC Test Report Page 12 of 47

Test P	lots and Data of Co	nducted	Emissio	ons					
Tested	l Mode:	TM5							
Test V	oltage:	AC 120	V/60Hz						
Test P	ower Line:	Neutral							
Remai	rk:								
90.0	dBu∀								
50.0									
80									
70									
-									FCC Part15 CE-Class B_QP
60									T CC   dit 13 CC Class D_d1
50									FCC Part15 CE-Class B_AVe
40	1 X. 3		9						
	$\mathbb{N}$ $\mathbb{A}$ $\mathbb{A}$	المراس	M II	11 X					
30		W Month	10 100	A 14 14 1 14 1	ALWANNA W. W.	Marian Mathy	Lymma Just ver	han die ook	
20		m	Manhaman Manhaman	12	· V	W	m - '		The state of the s
10					and the same of the same	much more	مرياس بيميس	~~\m^.	Market Market Land
						Ī	<b>'</b>   <b>'</b>  '	] .	peak
0									AVG
-10 0.1	50	0.500			(MHz)		5.00	nn	30.000
-		0.000					0.0		
No.			actor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	1 1		9.32	40.69	64.42	-23.73	QP	Р	
2			9.32	26.12	54.42	-28.30	AVG	P	
3	0.2310 27	7.33	9.64	36.97	62.41	-25.44	QP	Р	
4			9.64	24.73	52.41	-27.68	AVG	Р	
5			9.68	35.18	60.80	-25.62	QP	P	
6			9.68	22.83	50.80	-27.97	AVG	Р	
8			9.65 9.65	34.43 21.41	58.39 48.39	-23.96 -26.98	QP AVG	P P	
9 *			9.67	39.12	56.00	-16.88	QP	Р	
10			9.67	23.46	46.00	-22.54	AVG	P	
11	1.1849 23	3.86	9.98	33.84	56.00	-22.16	QP	Р	
12	1.1849 10	).26	9.98	20.24	46.00	-25.76	AVG	Р	

FCC Test Report Page 13 of 47

Test P	lots and Data of Co	onducted Emi	ssions						
Tested	Mode:	TM5							
Test Vo	oltage:	AC 120V/60	Hz						
Test Po	ower Line:	Live							
Remar	k:								
90.0	dBuV								
80									
70									
60								FCC Part15 CE-Class B_QP	
								FCC Pait15 CE-Class B_AVe	
50		9							
40	1 3 5 7	<u> </u>	1,1						
30		May///10/14/	MAN WAY	Walter			MM	7 h 4 -	
20 =			12		WI.	*	י די י	1 ylu y yvvyv <sub>vo</sub>	
10			VAN (	Angerica de Marie de Marie de	^~\\_\_\^	$\lambda h \lambda$	$\bigwedge \bigwedge$	MANANAN MARAMANAN	ak
"						4 4 4		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	dk
0								AV	/G
-10 0.1	50	0.500		(MHz)		5.0	nn	30.000	
		0.300				3.0			_
No.	Frequency Rea (MHz) (dE	ading Facto BuV) (dB)	r Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark	
1		9.02	38.90	64.42	-25.52	QP	Р		
2		5.58 9.02	24.60	54.42	-29.82	AVG	Р		_
3		9.31	37.53	62.41	-24.88 -27.26	QP	P		$\dashv$
5		5.84 9.31 5.75 9.66	25.15 35.41	52.41 60.94	-27.26	AVG QP	P		$\dashv$
6		3.96 9.66	23.62	50.94	-27.32	AVG	Р		$\dashv$
7		6.25 9.85	36.10	58.49	-22.39	QP	P		$\dashv$
8		1.01 9.85	23.86	48.49	-24.63	AVG	Р		$\dashv$
9 *		2.22 9.94	42.16	56.00	-13.84	QP	Р		$\dashv$
10	0.6090 18	3.42 9.94	28.36	46.00	-17.64	AVG	Р		$\neg$
11		5.27 10.03	35.30	56.00	-20.70	QP	Р		
12	1.2390 11	1.71 10.03	21.74	46.00	-24.26	AVG	Р		

FCC Test Report Page 14 of 47

## 5. Radiated Emissions

#### 5.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

According to the rule FCC Part 15.209, Radiated emission limit for a wireless device as below:

Funguerary of aminging (MIII)	Radiated emissions (3m)			
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak (dBuV/m)			
30-88	40			
88-216	43.5			
216-960	46			
Above 960	54			
Note: The more stringent limit applies at transition frequencies.				

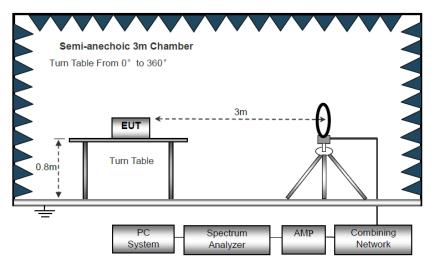
The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

Note: Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

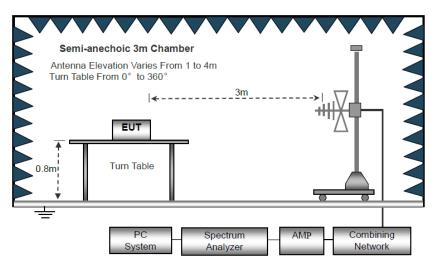
## **5.2 Test Procedure**

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.3 to 6.6.

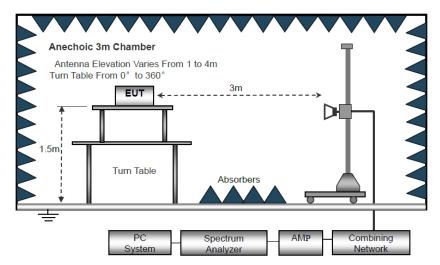
FCC Test Report Page 15 of 47



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission Below 30MHz



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission From 30MHz to 1GHz



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission Above 1GHz

FCC Test Report Page 16 of 47

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

1.5m above ground plane for test frequency range above 1GHz.

b) EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest

emissions.

c) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz, 10kHz for f < 30MHz

VBW ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

d) Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4-2014 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT,

adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. The peak reading of the emission, after being

corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, submit this data. Each

emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

e) The peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. Set the RBW = 1MHz,

VBW = 10Hz, Detector = PK for AV value, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings.

f) For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item - EUT test photos.

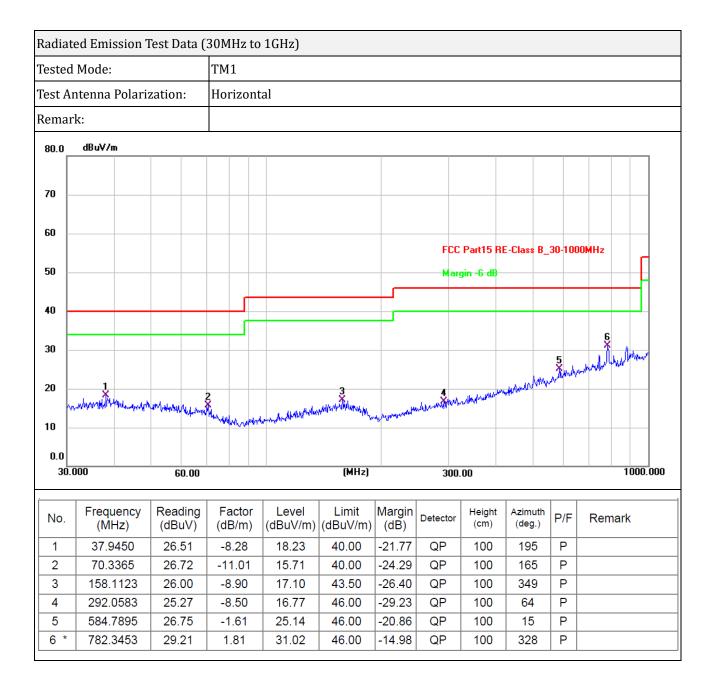
5.3 Test Data and Results

Based on all tested data, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.247 standard limit for a wireless device,

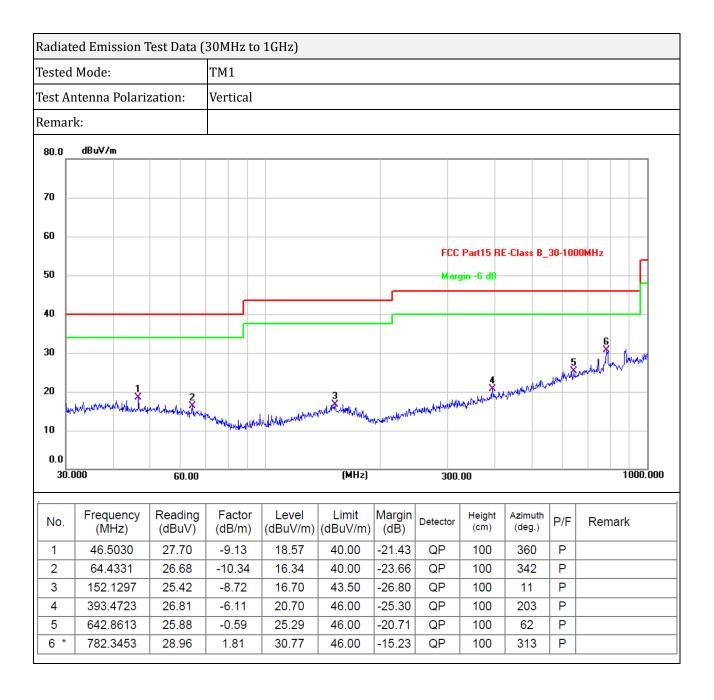
and with the worst case as below:

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

FCC Test Report Page 17 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 18 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 19 of 47

Radiated Emi	ssion Test Dat	a (Above 1GH	z)								
Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector				
MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	H/V	PK/AV				
	Lowest Channel (2402MHz)										
4804	78.2	-14.72	63.48	74	-10.52	Н	PK				
4804	60.84	-14.72	46.12	54	-7.88	Н	AV				
7206	65.78	-8.41	57.37	74	-16.63	Н	PK				
7206	47.17	-8.41	38.76	54	-15.24	Н	AV				
4804	78.72	-14.72	64	74	-10	V	PK				
4804	57.37	-14.72	42.65	54	-11.35	V	AV				
7206	63.68	-8.41	55.27	74	-18.73	V	PK				
7206	49.05	-8.41	40.64	54	-13.36	V	AV				
			Middle Chann	el (2441MHz)							
4882	74.05	-14.64	59.41	74	-14.59	Н	PK				
4882	62.18	-14.64	47.54	54	-6.46	Н	AV				
7323	62.13	-8.28	53.85	74	-20.15	Н	PK				
7323	45.82	-8.28	37.54	54	-16.46	Н	AV				
4882	76.22	-14.64	61.58	74	-12.42	V	PK				
4882	60.44	-14.64	45.8	54	-8.2	V	AV				
7323	65.05	-8.28	56.77	74	-17.23	V	PK				
7323	48.82	-8.28	40.54	54	-13.46	V	AV				
			Highest Chann	nel (2480MHz)							
4960	79.1	-14.53	64.57	74	-9.43	Н	PK				
4960	62.71	-14.53	48.18	54	-5.82	Н	AV				
7440	62.32	-8.13	54.19	74	-19.81	Н	PK				
7440	46.83	-8.13	38.7	54	-15.3	Н	AV				
4960	74.04	-14.53	59.51	74	-14.49	V	PK				
4960	58.37	-14.53	43.84	54	-10.16	V	AV				
7440	65.6	-8.13	57.47	74	-16.53	V	PK				
7440	50.51	-8.13	42.38	54	-11.62	V	AV				

Note 1: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

Note 2: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz.

FCC Test Report Page 20 of 47

# 6. Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)

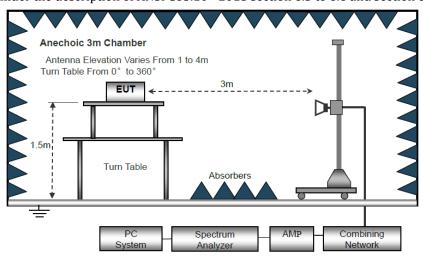
#### 6.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## **6.2 Test Procedure**

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.3 to 6.6 and section 6.10.



Test Setup Block Diagram

As the radiated emissions testing, set the Lowest and Highest Transmitting Channel, observed the outside band of 2310MHz to 2400MHz and 2483.5MHz to 2500MHz, than mark the higher-level emission for comparing with the FCC rules.

## 6.3 Test Data and Results

Based on all tested data, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.247 standard limit, and with the worst case as below:

FCC Test Report Page 21 of 47

Test Mode	Frequency	Limit	Result	
rest Mode	MHz	dBuV/dBc	Result	
	2310.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Lowest	2390.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
	2400.00	>50 dBc	Pass	
Highort	2483.50	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Highest	2500.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	

Radiated Emission Test Data (Band edge emissions)									
Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector		
MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	H/V	PK/AV		
	Lowest Channel (GFSK_2402MHz)								
2310	69.37	-21.34	48.03	74	-25.97	Н	PK		
2310	49.34	-21.34	28	54	-26	Н	AV		
2390	69.89	-20.96	48.93	74	-25.07	Н	PK		
2390	49.56	-20.96	28.6	54	-25.4	Н	AV		
2400	74.94	-20.91	54.03	74	-19.97	Н	PK		
2400	52.21	-20.91	31.3	54	-22.7	Н	AV		
2310	67.25	-21.34	45.91	74	-28.09	V	PK		
2310	51.9	-21.34	30.56	54	-23.44	V	AV		
2390	65.44	-20.96	44.48	74	-29.52	V	PK		
2390	49.11	-20.96	28.15	54	-25.85	V	AV		
2400	67.77	-20.91	46.86	74	-27.14	V	PK		
2400	56.17	-20.91	35.26	54	-18.74	V	AV		
		Hig	hest Channel (	(GFSK_2480M	Hz)				
2483.50	69.99	-20.51	49.48	74	-24.52	Н	PK		
2483.50	51.47	-20.51	30.96	54	-23.04	Н	AV		
2500	65.03	-20.43	44.6	74	-29.4	Н	PK		
2500	50.21	-20.43	29.78	54	-24.22	Н	AV		
2483.50	66.97	-20.51	46.46	74	-27.54	V	PK		
2483.50	52.15	-20.51	31.64	54	-22.36	V	AV		
2500	69.03	-20.43	48.6	74	-25.4	V	PK		
2500	51.79	-20.43	31.36	54	-22.64	V	AV		

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

FCC Test Report Page 22 of 47

## 7. Frequency Hopping System

#### 7.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 7.2 Test Procedure

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

FCC Test Report Page 23 of 47

## 7.3 Test Data and Results

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

FCC Test Report Page 24 of 47

## 8. Dwell Time

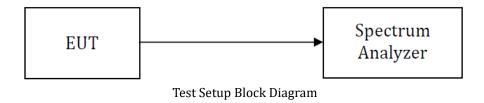
## 8.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.247 (a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed..

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## **8.2 Test Procedure**

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Spectrum Setting: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Span=0Hz, Detector=Peak
- 3) Use video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full pulses.
- 4) Sweep Time is more than once pulse time.
- 5) Set the center frequency on any frequency would be measure and set the frequency span to zero span.
- 6) Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 7) Set the EUT for packet transmitting.
- 8) Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 9) The EUT was set to the Hopping Mode for Dwell Time Test.



FCC Test Report Page 25 of 47

## 8.3 Test Data and Results

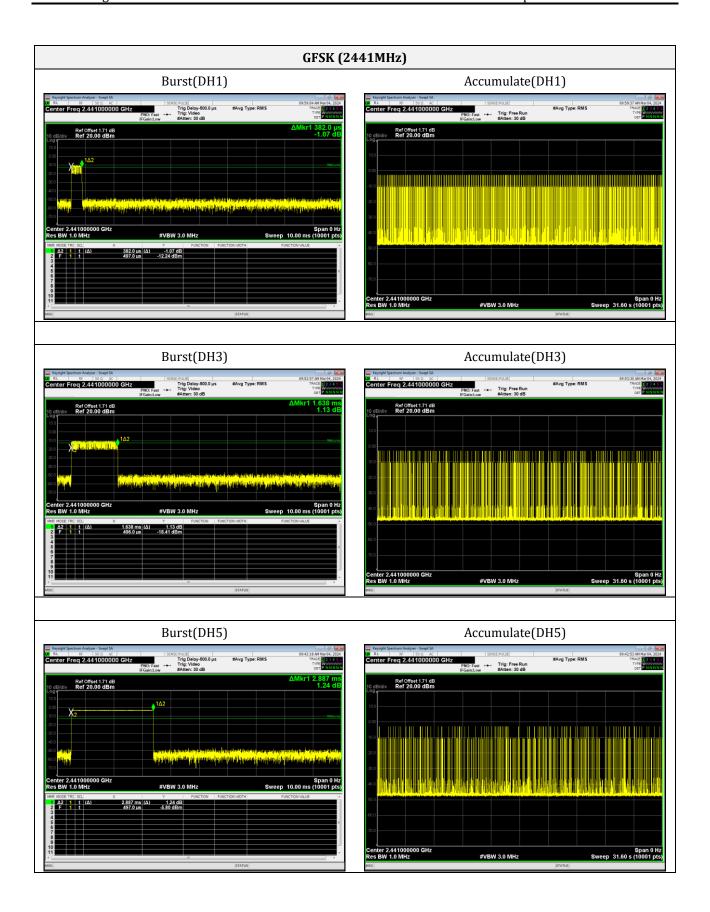
Test Mode	Data Packet	Channel (MHz)	Pulse Duration (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
	DH1	2441	0.374	120.712	<400	Pass
GFSK	DH3	2441	1.631	266.994	<400	Pass
	DH5	2441	2.88	300.248	<400	Pass
	2DH1	2441	0.383	123.48	<400	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	2441	1.635	259.752	<400	Pass
	2DH5	2441	2.882	297.876	<400	Pass

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

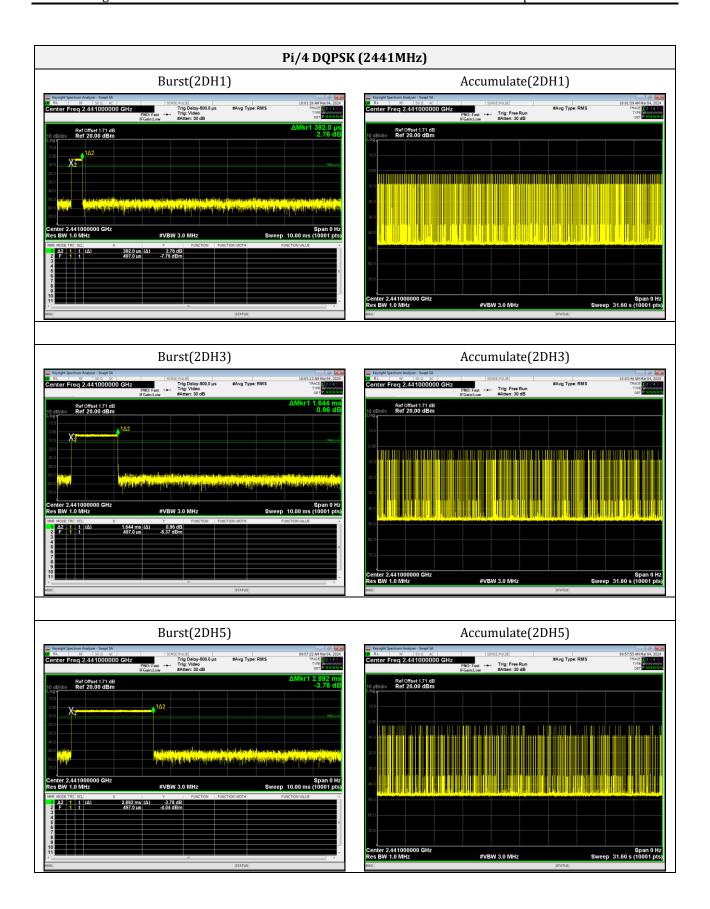
## Note:

- 1. A period time = 0.4 (s) \* 79 = 31.6(s)
- 2. DH1 time slot = Pulse Duration \* (1600/(2\*79)) \* A period time DH3 time slot = Pulse Duration \* (1600/(4\*79)) \* A period time DH5 time slot = Pulse Duration \* (1600/(6\*79)) \* A period time
- 3. For GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK: The test period: T= 0.4 Second/Channel x 79 Channel = 31.6 s

FCC Test Report Page 26 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 27 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 28 of 47

# 9. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

## 9.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## 9.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 2MHz, VBW = 6MHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = RMS.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and mark the value.
- 5) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

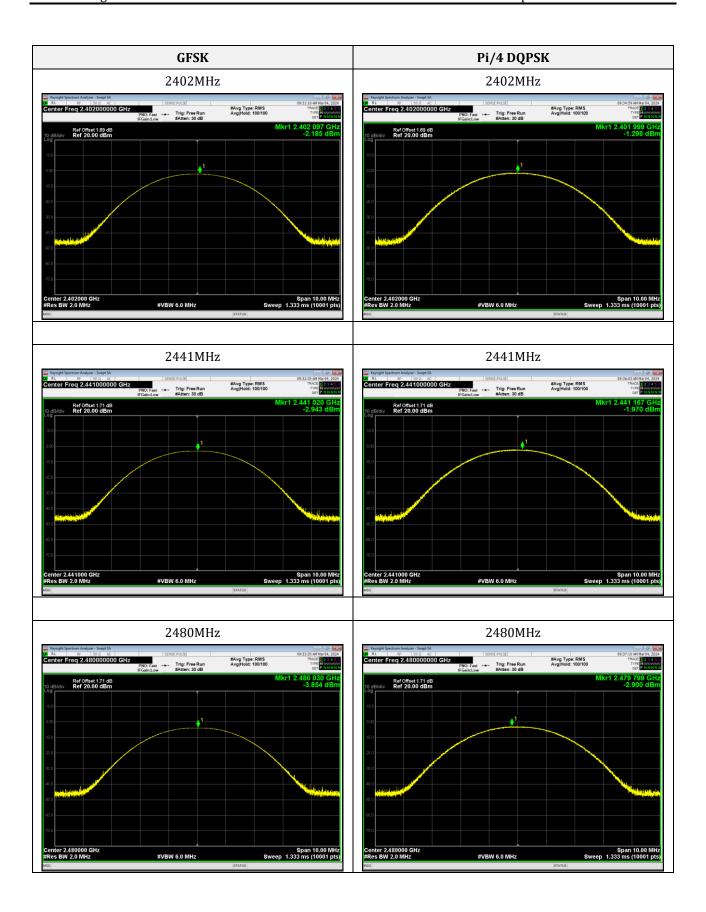


Test Setup Block Diagram

## 9.3 Test Data and Results

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
	2402	-2.19	30	Pass
	2402	-2.19	30	F d 5 5
GFSK	2441	-2.94	30	Pass
	2480	-3.85	30	Pass
	2402	-1.3	21	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2441	-1.97	21	Pass
	2480	-2.9	21	Pass

FCC Test Report Page 29 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 30 of 47

# 10. Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)

#### 10.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.215 (c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in Subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

#### 10.2 Test Procedure

According to the ANSI 63.10-2013, section 6.9, the emission bandwidth test method as follows.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Sweep = Auto.
- 4) Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 5) Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 6) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

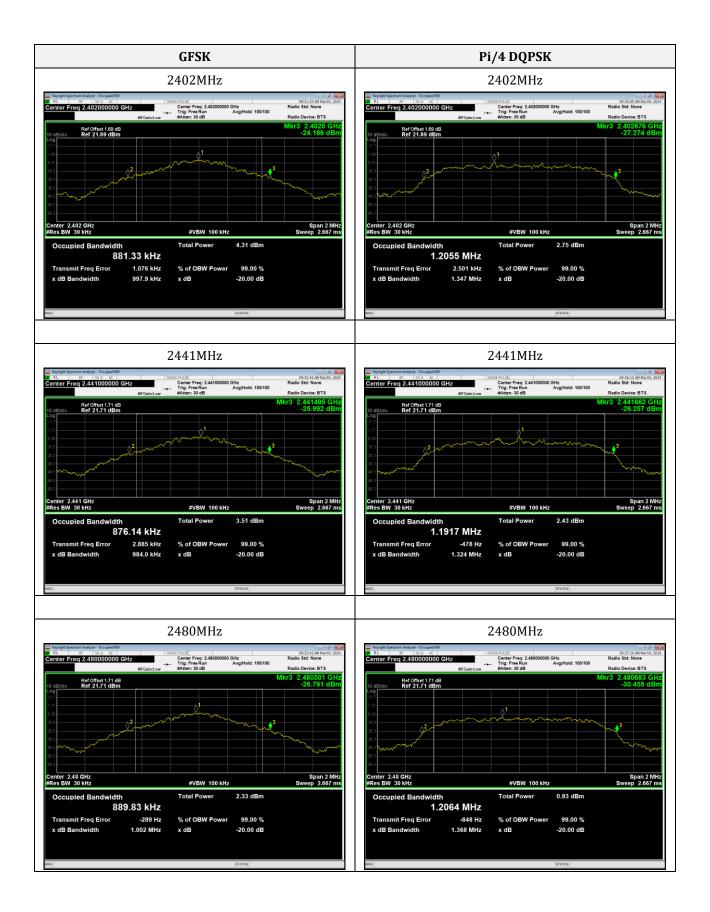


## 10.3 Test Data and Results

FCC Test Report Page 31 of 47

Test Mode	Test Channel	20dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
rest Mode	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
	2402	0.998	0.88133
GFSK	2441	0.984	0.87614
	2480	1.002	0.88983
	2402	1.347	1.2055
Pi/4 DQPSK	2441	1.324	1.1917
	2480	1.368	1.2064

FCC Test Report Page 32 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 33 of 47

## 11. Carrier Frequencies Separation

#### 11.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

## 11.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = RMS.
- 4) By using the Max Hold function, record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- 5) Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer mark function. and then plot the result on the screen of the spectrum analyzer.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

#### 11.3 Test Data and Results

Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Freq. 1 (MHz)	Test Freq. 2 (MHz)	CFS (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
	Lowest	2401.974	2402.974	1	0.998
GFSK	Middle	2440.968	2441.992	1.024	0.656
	Highest	2478.892	2479.996	1.104	0.668
	Lowest	2401.828	2402.982	1.154	0.898
Pi/4 DQPSK	Middle	2440.998	2441.994	0.996	0.883
	Highest	2478.838	2479.974	1.136	0.912

Note:  $CFS(Channel\ Frequency\ Separation) = Test\ Freq.\ 2$  -  $Test\ Freq.\ 1$ 

FCC Test Report Page 34 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 35 of 47

# 12. Number of Hopping Channel

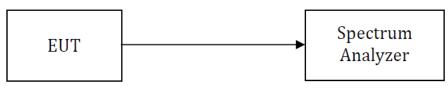
## 12.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## 12.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = RMS.
- 4) Set the spectrum analyzer on Max hold mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 5) Set the spectrum analyzer on View mode and then plot the result on the screen of the spectrum analyzer.
- 6) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

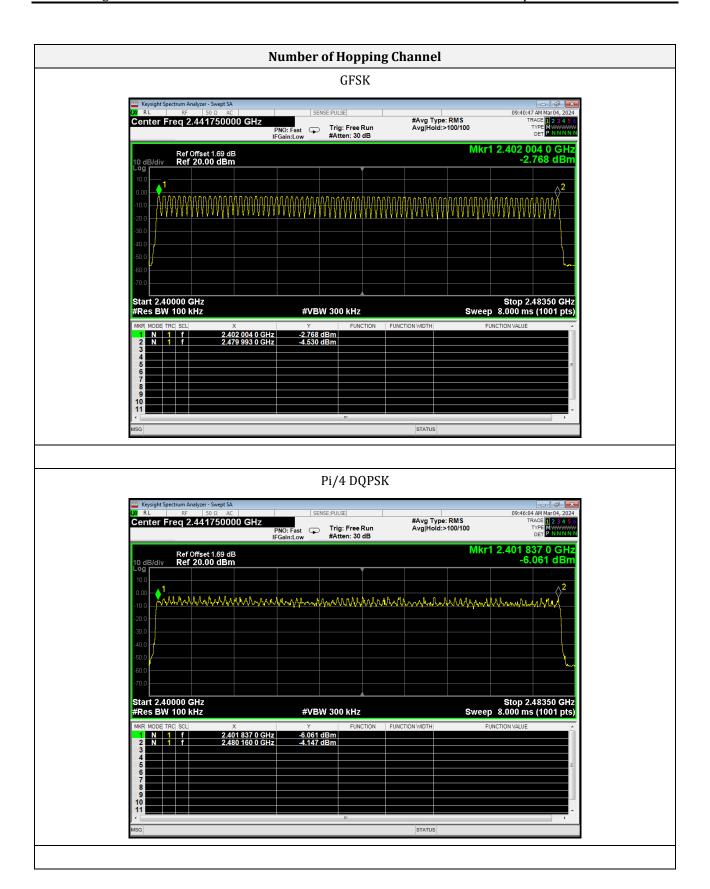


Test Setup Block Diagram

## 12.3 Test Data and Results

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	79	15	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	79	15	Pass

FCC Test Report Page 36 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 37 of 47

# 13. Band-edge Emission(Conducted)

#### 13.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

## 13.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.10.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = RMS.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Set a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 6) Measure the emission and marking the edge frequency.
- 7) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



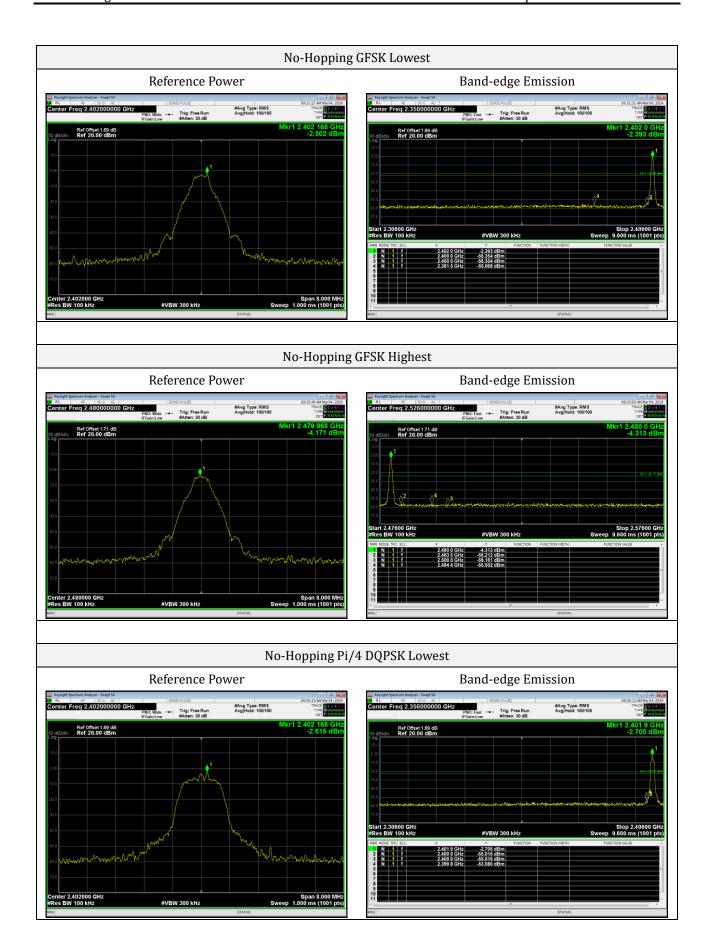
Test Setup Block Diagram

#### 13.3 Test Data and Results

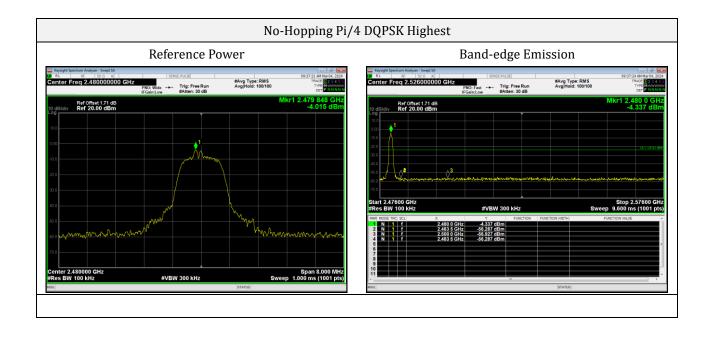
**FCC Test Report** Page 38 of 47

Test Mode	Band-edge	Test Channel (MHz)	Max. Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Test Result
		No-Ho	pping		
CECK	Lowest	2402	-52.56	-20	Pass
GFSK	Highest	2480	-51.33	-20	Pass
D: /A DODGIA	Lowest	2402	-50.46	-20	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	Highest	2480	-52.27	-20	Pass
		Нор	ping		
CECK	Lowest	2402	-51.21	-20	Pass
GFSK	Highest	2480	-50.35	-20	Pass
D: /A DODGIA	Lowest	2402	-52.65	-20	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	Highest	2480	-49.04	-20	Pass

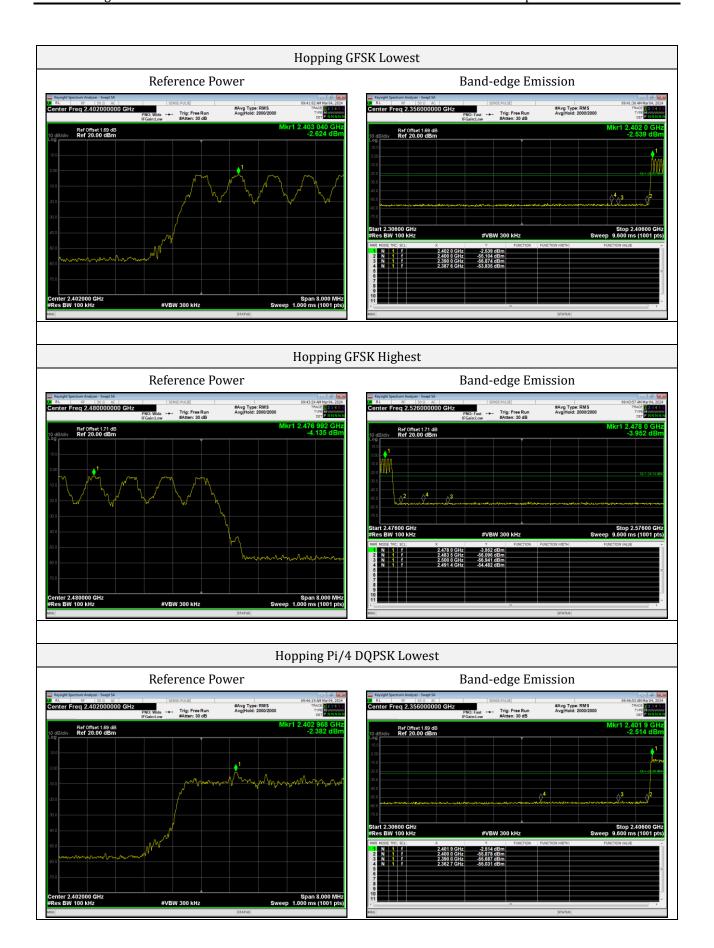
FCC Test Report Page 39 of 47



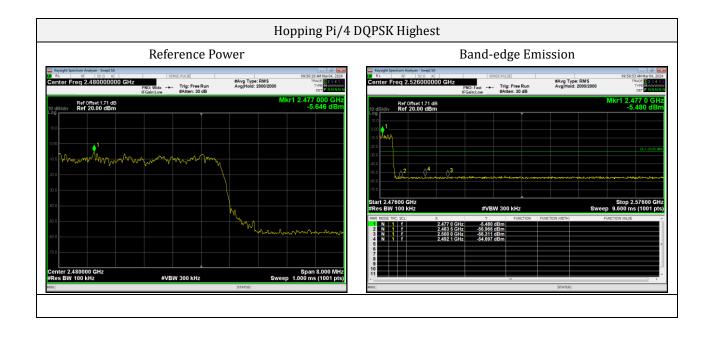
FCC Test Report Page 40 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 41 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 42 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 43 of 47

# 14. Conducted RF Spurious Emissions

#### 14.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Report No: SSP24030019-1E

#### 14.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.7.

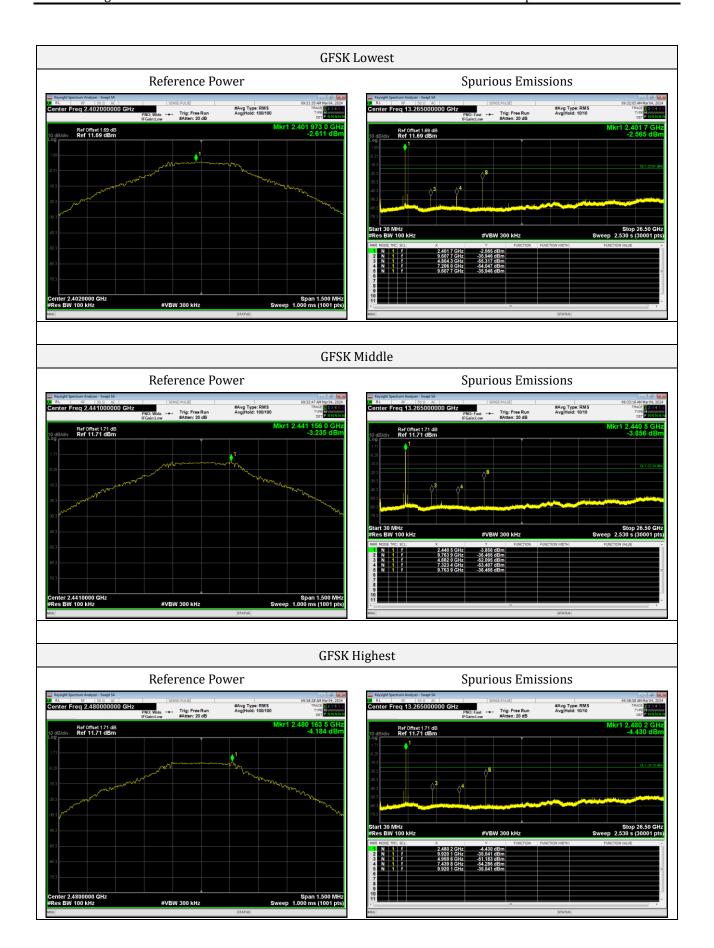
- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = RMS.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Measure the spurious emissions with frequency range from 9kHz to 26.5GHz.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



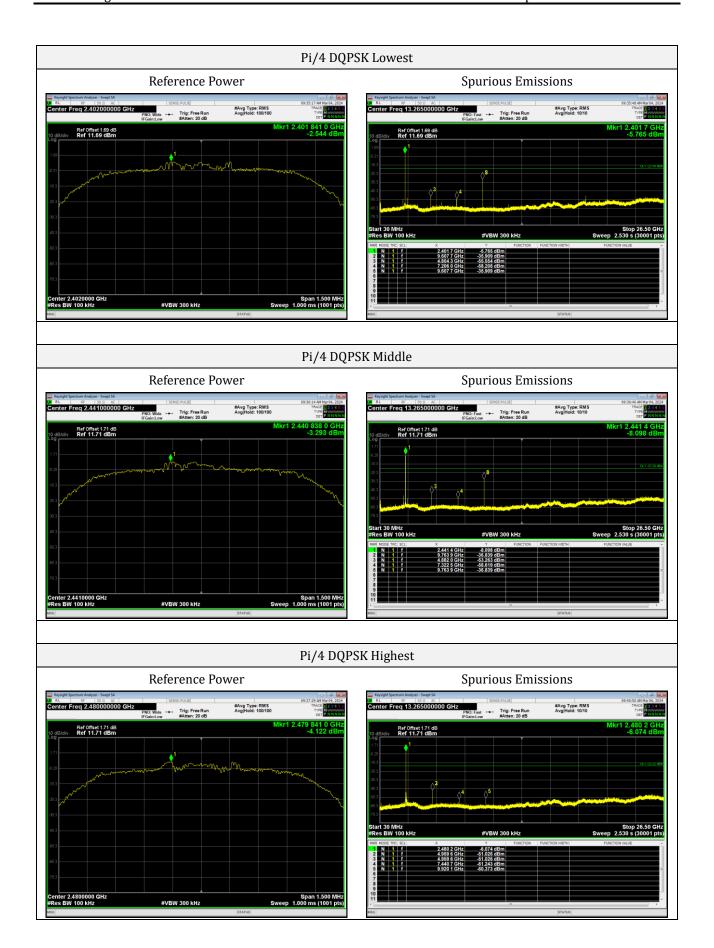
## 14.3 Test Data and Results

Note: The measurement frequency range is from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions measurement data.

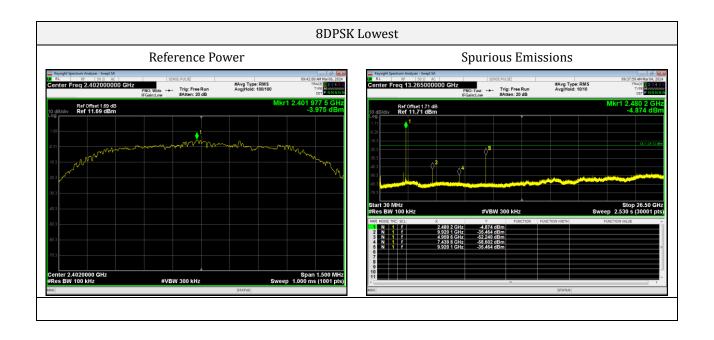
FCC Test Report Page 44 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 45 of 47



FCC Test Report Page 46 of 47



# \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

FCC Test Report Page 47 of 47