



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: STS2206143H01

Issued for

Tag-N-Trac Inc.

4250 Executive Sq, #675, La Jolla, California, United States, 92037

Product Name:	Smart Sense Tag		
Brand Name:	TAG-N-TRAC		
Model Name:	ST100		
Series Model:	N/A		
FCC ID:	2A24I-V06G12J16		
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1		
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)		
	IEEE 1528: 2013		
Max. Report	Body: 0.668 W/kg		
SAR (1g):	· •		

Any reproduction of this document must be done in full. No single part of this document may be reproduced without permission from STS, All Test Data Presented in this report is only applicable to presented Test sample. **APPROVAL**

ShenZhen STS Test Services Co.,Ltd.

A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China
TEL: +86-755 3688 6288 FAX: +86-755 3688 6277 E-mail:sts@stsapp.com



Test Report Certification

Applicant's name Tag-N-Trac Inc.

92037

Manufacturer's Name: Chongqing Huiye IoT Technology Co.,Ltd.

Address FL.5, Haibo Building 2, No.829, Yishan Rd, Xuhui, Shanghai.

200233

Product description

Product name: Smart Sense Tag

Brand name TAG-N-TRAC

Model name: ST100

Series Model.....: N/A

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

Standards.....: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test:

Date (s) of performance of tests...... 04 Aug. 2022

Date of Issue.....: 08 Aug. 2022

Test Result.....: Pass

Testing Engineer :

(Shifan, Long)

Sean She

Shi tan long

Technical Manager

(Sean she)

Authorized Signatory:

(Bovey Yang)

APPROVAI



Table of Contents

1. General Information	5
1.1 EUT Description	5
1.2 Test Environment	6
1.3 Test Factory	6
2. Test Standards and Limits	7
3. SAR Measurement System	8
3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	8
3.2 SAR System	8
4. Tissue Simulating Liquids	11
4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check	11
5. SAR System Validation	13
5.1 Validation System	13
5.2 Validation Result	13
6. SAR Evaluation Procedures	14
7. EUT Test Position	15
7.1 Body-worn Position Conditions	15
8. Uncertainty	16
8.1 Measurement Uncertainty	16
9. Conducted Power Measurement	17
9.1 Test Result	17
10. EUT and Test Setup Photo	22
10.1 EUT Photo	22
10.2 Setup Photo	25
11. SAR Result Summary	26
11.1 Body-worn SAR	26
12. Equipment List	27
Appendix A. System Validation Plots	28
Appendix B. SAR Test Plots	36
Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report	41



Page 4 of 41 Report No.: STS2206143H01

Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	e Date Report No.		Contents
00	08 Aug. 2022 STS2206143H01		ALL	Initial Issue





1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1 1 FUT Description

1.1 EUT Descri	Smart Sense Tag						
Brand Name	TAG-N-TRAC						
Model Name	ST100						
Series Model	N/A						
Model Difference	N/A						
Battery	Rated Voltage: 3.7V Charge Limit Voltage: 4.2V Capacity: 280mAh						
Device Category	Portable						
Product stage	Production unit						
RF Exposure Environment	General Population / Uncontrolled						
Hardware Version	QHY003_V1.03						
Software Version	MCU_02_02_00_00_11751_APP_01_00_LO						
Frequency Range	CAT-M Band 2:1850~1910MHz CAT-M Band 4:1710~1755MHz CAT-M Band 12:699~716MHz CAT-M Band 13:777~787MHz CAT-M Band 25:1850~1915MHz						
Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg)	Band Mode Body Worn (W/kg) PCB CAT-M FDD Band 2 0.582 PCB CAT-M FDD Band 4 0.668 PCB CAT-M FDD Band 12 0.348 PCB CAT-M FDD Band 13 0.387 PCB CAT-M FDD Band 25 0.553						
FCC Equipment Class	PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)						
Operating Mode:	CAT-M Band: QPSK, 16QAM						
Antenna Specification:	CAT-M Band: Monopole Antenna						
SIM Card	Built-in card.						
DTM Mode	Not Support						
Note:							

^{1.} The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power



1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

ShenZhen STS Test Services Co.,Ltd.

A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China

FCC test Firm Registration No.: 625569

IC Registration No.: 12108A A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01



2. Test Standards and Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial- Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01	RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05	SAR for LTE Devices
8	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles 0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

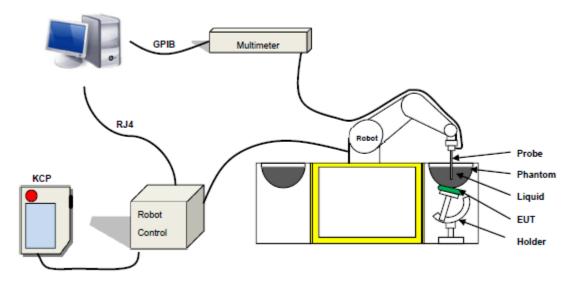
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



COMOSAR is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The COMOSAR system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The Open SAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 07/21 EPGO352 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range:150 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole



3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.





3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.4. Tissue Simulating Liquids



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Head Tissue

Frequency	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	0.2	/	/	1.4	0.2	57.0	/	41.1	0.89	41.9
835	0.2	/	/	1.4	0.2	57.9	/	40.3	0.90	41.5
900	0.2	/	/	1.4	0.2	57.9	/	40.3	0.97	41.5
1800	/	44.5	/	0.3	/	/	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
1900	/	44.5	/	0.3	1	1	30.45	55.2	1.4	40.0
2000	/	44.5	/	0.3	1	1	/	55.2	1.4	40.0
2450	/	44.9	1/	0.1	/	1	/	55.0	1.80	39.2
2600	/	45.0	1	0.1	1	1	/	54.9	1.96	39.0

Body Tissue

Frequency	cellulose	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Preventol	Sugar	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	٤r
750	0.2	/	/	0.9	0.1	47.2	/	51.7	0.96	55.5
835	0.2	1	/	0.9	0.1	48.2	1	50.8	0.97	55.2
900	0.2	1	1	0.9	0.1	48.2	1	50.8	1.05	55.0
1800	/	29.4	1	0.4	1	1	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
1900	/	29.4	/	0.4	1	1	30.45	70.2	1.52	53.3
2000	/	29.4	/	0.4	1	1	/	70.2	1.52	53.3
2450	/	31.3	/	0.1	1	/	/	68.6	1.95	52.7
2600	/	31.7	/	0.1	/	/	/	68.2	2.16	52.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms								
Frequency	3	r	σ S/m					
	Head	Body	Head	Body				
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92				
450	43.5	56.7	0.87	0.94				
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05				
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30				
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52				
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95				
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73				
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00				



LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

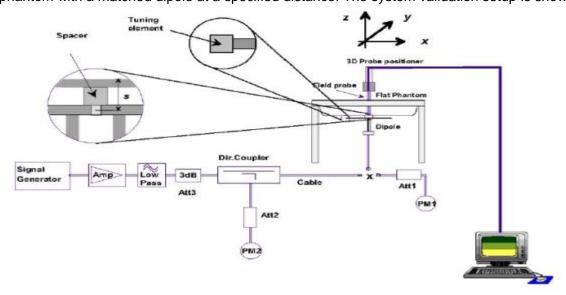
Data	Ambient		Simulating Liquid		Danamalana	.		Deviation	Limited	
Date	Temp.	Humidity %	Frequency (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	%	%	
2022-08-04	21.5	48	704	21.2	Permittivity	42.15	42.62	1.12	±5	
2022-00-04	21.5	40	704	21.2	Conductivity	0.89	0.88	-1.12	±5	
2022-08-04	21.5	49	750	21.2	Permittivity	41.90	42.15	0.60	±5	
2022-06-04	21.5	49	750	21.2	Conductivity	0.89	0.93	4.49	±5	
2022-08-04	21.6	50	782	21.3	Permittivity	41.75	40.95	-1.92	±5	
2022-06-04	21.0	50	102	21.3	Conductivity	0.89	0.88	-1.12	±5	
2022 08 04	24.7	50	1720	24.4	Permittivity	40.11	40.16	0.12	±5	
2022-08-04	2022-08-04 21.7	50		21.4	Conductivity	1.35	1.38	2.22	±5	
2002 00 04		4700.5	04.5	Permittivity	40.10	41.23	2.82	±5		
2022-08-04	21.8	52	1732.5	21.5	Conductivity	1.36	1.40	2.94	±5	
2022-08-04	21.9	53	1745	21.6	Permittivity	40.08	40.18	0.25	±5	
2022-06-04	21.9	53	1740	1740	21.0	Conductivity	1.37	1.35	-1.46	±5
2022 08 04	22.0	54	1800	24.7	Permittivity	40.00	40.64	1.60	±5	
2022-08-04	22.0	54	1600	21.7	Conductivity	1.40	1.42	1.43	±5	
2002 00 04	20.2		1000	00.4	Permittivity	40.00	40.42	1.05	±5	
2022-08-04	22.3	55	1860	22.1	Conductivity	1.40	1.36	-2.86	±5	
2022 00 04	22.5	F.C.	4000	20.0	Permittivity	40.00	40.28	0.70	±5	
2022-08-04	2-08-04 22.5 56 1880	1880	22.2	Conductivity	1.40	1.38	-1.43	±5		
2022 00 04	22.6	56	1000	22.2	Permittivity	40.00	40.40	1.00	±5	
2022-08-04	22.0	90	1900	22.3	Conductivity	1.40	1.38	-1.43	±5	



5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

оробінові	1011 01 10 70.							
	Freq.	Power	Tested	Normalized	Target SAR	Tolerance	Limit	
Date			Value	SAR				
	(MHz)	(mW)	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	1g(W/kg)	(%)	(%)	
2022-08-04	750	100	0.861	8.61	8.49	1.41	10	
2022-08-04	1800	100	3.859	38.59	38.31	0.73	10	
2022-08-04	1900	100	3.986	39.86	39.72	0.35	10	
2022-08-04	1900	100	3.992	39.92	39.84	0.20	10	

Note:

- 1. The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.
- 2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- 3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.





6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps: The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below. When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



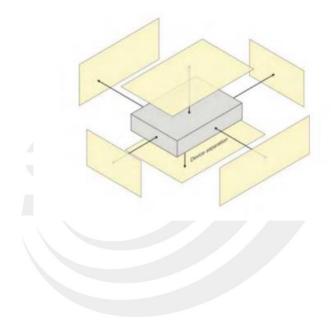
7. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested Front side and Back Side.

7.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.





8. Uncertainty

8.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System	, ,	•		•				•
Probe calibration	5.86	N	1	1	1	5.86	5.86	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.16	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.07	0.07	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.06	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.43	0.43	∞
Boundary effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	1.27	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.73	0.73	∞
System detection limits	1.23	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.71	0.71	∞
Modulation response	3.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.60	3.60	∞
Readout Electronics	0.28	N	1	1	1	0.28	0.28	∞
Response Time	0.19	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.11	0.11	∞
Integration Time	1.47	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.85	0.85	∞
RF ambient conditions-				1	4			
Noise	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.02	2.02	∞
RF ambient conditions- reflections	3.2	R	√3	1	1	1.85	1.85	8
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Post-processing	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related								
Test sample positioning	3.1	N	1	1	1	3.10	3.10	∞
Device holder uncertainty	3.8	N	1	1	1	3.80	3.80	∞
SAR drift measurement	4.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.77	2.77	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue param	eters							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty)	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	_∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.92	1.04	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	1.95	1.78	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.60	10.51	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		K=2				21.21	21.03	



9. Conducted Power Measurement

9.1 Test Result CAT-M Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 Maximum Average Power [dBm]								
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest		
1.4	1	0	QPSK	22.37	22.41	22.35		
1.4	6	0	QFSK	22.22	22.30	22.16		
1.4	1	0	16-QAM	22.20	22.21	22.00		
1.4	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.02	22.07	21.81		
3	1	0	QPSK	22.40	22.48	22.39		
3	6	0	QFSK	22.35	22.37	22.29		
3	1	0	16-QAM	22.18	22.22	22.27		
3	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.03	22.07	22.24		
5	1	0	ODCK	22.52	22.63	22.58		
5	6	0	QPSK	22.43	22.48	22.44		
5	1	0	4C OAM	22.41	22.46	22.29		
5	5	0	16-QAM	22.29	22.26	22.20		
10	1	0	ODCK	22.63	22.74	22.71		
10	6	0	QPSK	22.46	22.56	22.57		
10	1	0	16-QAM	22.43	22.38	22.40		
10	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.25	22.33	22.25		
15	1	0	QPSK	22.70	22.82	22.71		
15	6	0	QPSK	22.66	22.67	22.57		
15	1	0	4C OAM	22.65	22.59	22.54		
15	5	0	16-QAM	22.63	22.39	22.50		
20	1	0	OBSIA	22.85	22.93	22.88		
20	6	0	QPSK	22.66	22.82	22.79		
20	1	0	16-QAM	22.60	22.66	22.65		
20	5	0	10-QAIVI	22.55	22.51	22.60		



LTE Band 4 Maximum Average Power [dBm]								
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest		
1.4	1	0	QPSK	22.13	22.07	22.10		
1.4	6	0	QPSK	22.03	21.99	22.03		
1.4	1	0	16-QAM	21.84	21.83	21.87		
1.4	5	0	16-QAIVI	21.72	21.82	21.81		
3	1	0	QPSK	22.22	22.14	22.17		
3	6	0	QFSK	22.18	21.94	22.08		
3	1	0	16-QAM	22.14	21.78	22.04		
3	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.13	21.72	22.02		
5	1	0	QPSK	22.29	22.15	22.20		
5	6	0	QFSK	22.21	22.01	22.06		
5	1	0	16-QAM	22.02	21.87	21.89		
5	5	0	16-QAIVI	21.95	21.80	21.86		
10	1	0	QPSK	22.37	22.28	22.25		
10	6	0	QFSK	22.30	22.17	22.18		
10	1	0	16-QAM	22.13	22.09	21.99		
10	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.04	22.03	21.87		
15	1	0	QPSK	22.45	22.36	22.38		
15	6	0	QFSK	22.39	22.31	22.19		
15	1	0	16-QAM	22.31	22.16	22.09		
15	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.28	22.07	21.92		
20	1	0	QPSK	22.57	22.46	22.43		
20	6	0	WPSK	22.52	22.30	22.30		
20	1	0	16-QAM	22.47	22.26	22.21		
20	5	0	10-QAM	22.37	22.10	22.13		



CAT-M Band 12

	LTE Band 12 Maximum Average Power [dBm]									
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest				
1.4	1	0	QPSK	22.24	22.31	22.37				
1.4	6	0	QFSK	22.23	22.25	22.26				
1.4	1	0	16-QAM	22.17	22.15	22.11				
1.4	5	0	16-QAIVI	21.98	22.05	22.03				
3	1	0	QPSK	22.35	22.42	22.39				
3	6	0	QPSK	22.34	22.33	22.34				
3	1	0	16-QAM	22.16	22.30	22.31				
3	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.01	22.28	22.14				
5	1	0	QPSK	22.54	22.47	22.43				
5	6	0	QPSK	22.43	22.29	22.28				
5	1	0	16-QAM	22.42	22.15	22.16				
5	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.23	21.98	22.15				
10	1	0	QPSK	22.68	22.47	22.54				
10	6	0	WPSK	22.67	22.31	22.42				
10	1	0	16-QAM	22.66	22.31	22.30				
10	5	0	10-QAM	22.60	22.13	22.12				

LTE Band 13 Maximum Average Power [dBm]									
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest			
5	1	0	QPSK	22.47	22.58	22.63			
5	6	0	QFSK	22.31	22.41	22.51			
5	1	0	16 OAM	22.14	22.31	22.42			
5	5	0	16-QAM	21.98	22.16	22.23			
10	1	0	QPSK	/	22.69	/			
10	6	0	QPSK	/	22.53	/			
10	1	0	16 OAM	/	22.52	/			
10	5	0	16-QAM	/	22.52	/			



LTE Band 25 Maximum Average Power [dBm]								
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest		
1.4	1	0	QPSK	22.36	22.43	22.39		
1.4	6	0	QFSK	22.33	22.28	22.24		
1.4	1	0	16-QAM	22.18	22.08	22.05		
1.4	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.02	21.90	21.96		
3	1	0	QPSK	22.54	22.48	22.50		
3	6	0	QFSK	22.35	22.45	22.49		
3	1	0	16-QAM	22.27	22.31	22.42		
3	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.10	22.22	22.38		
5	1	0	QPSK	22.58	22.55	22.49		
5	6	0	QFSK	22.52	22.45	22.40		
5	1	0	16-QAM	22.46	22.27	22.28		
5	5	0	16-QAIVI	22.42	22.19	22.21		
10	1	0	QPSK	22.67	22.74	22.63		
10	6	0	QFSK	22.59	22.54	22.55		
10	1	0	16-QAM	22.55	22.40	22.53		
10	5	0	10-QAIVI	22.49	22.33	22.39		
15	1	0	QPSK	22.78	22.84	22.80		
15	6	0	QFSK	22.64	22.73	22.76		
15	1	0	16-QAM	22.49	22.56	22.67		
15	5	0	10-QAIVI	22.40	22.45	22.55		
20	1	0	QPSK	22.98	22.93	22.85		
20	6	0	QF3N	22.91	22.82	22.76		
20	1	0	16-QAM	22.74	22.74	22.59		
20	5	0	10-QAM	22.61	22.64	22.39		





General Note:

- Anritsu CMW500 base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.





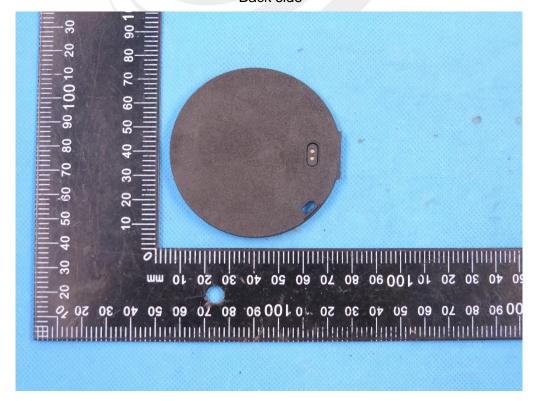
10. EUT and Test Setup Photo

10.1 EUT Photo





Back side

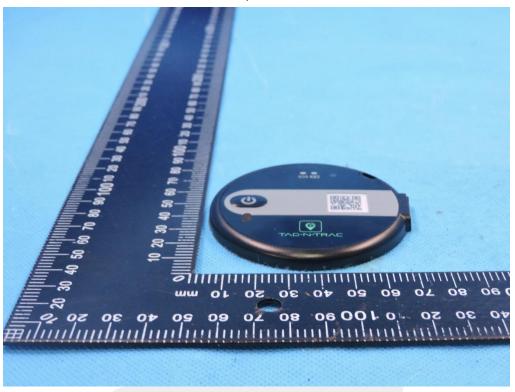






Report No.: STS2206143H01





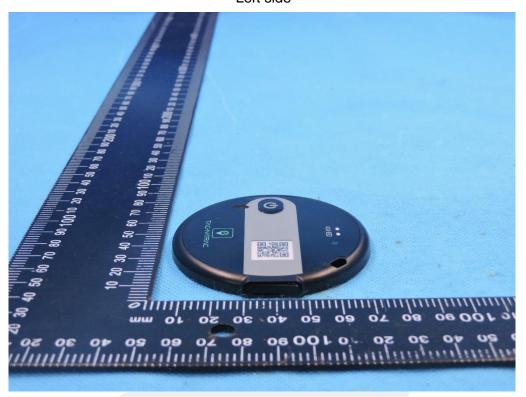
Bottom side



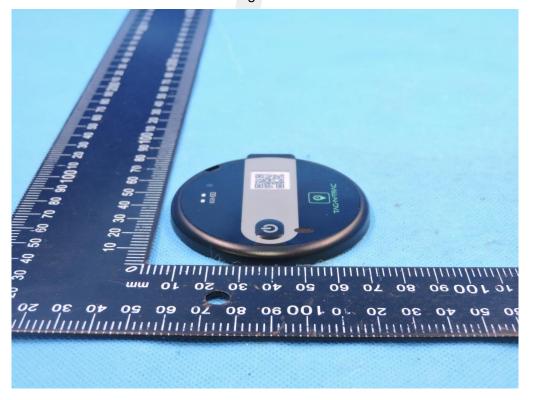




Left side

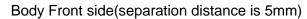


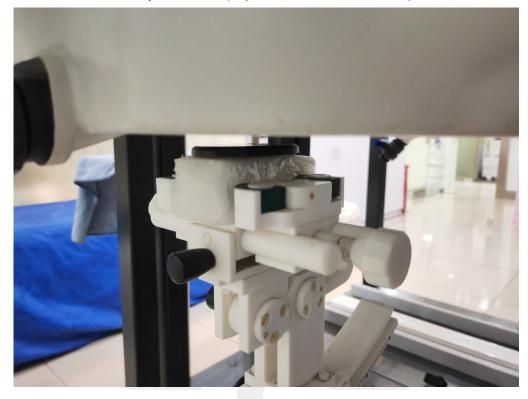
Right side



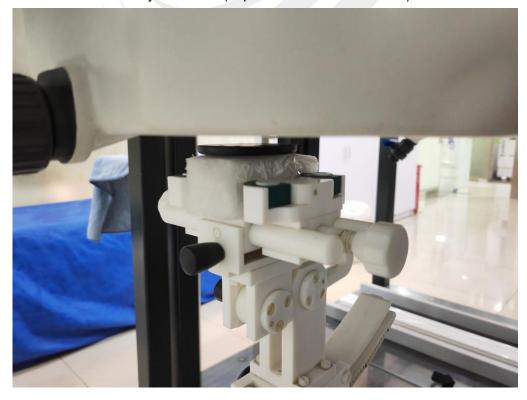


10.2 Setup Photo





Body Back side(separation distance is 5mm)





11. SAR Result Summary

11.1 Body-worn SAR

	<u>. Doay</u>	/-worn	UAIN									
Band	BW (MHz)	Mod.	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Freq.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Powe r Drift (%)	Max. Turn-up Power (dBm)	Meas. Output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
			1	0	Front side	1880	0.450	0.66	23	22.93	0.457	1
CAT-M	20M	QPSK	6	0	Front side	1880	0.435	3.56	23	22.82	0.453	/
Band 2	ZUIVI	QPSK	1	0	Back Side	1880	0.573	2.21	23	22.93	0.582	1
			6	0	Back Side	1880	0.521	-1.48	23	22.82	0.543	/
			1	0	Front side	1720	0.355	-0.16	23	22.57	0.392	1
			6	0	Front side	1720	0.581	3.00	23	22.52	0.649	/
CAT-M	2014	QPSK	1	0	Back Side	1720	0.605	-0.28	23	22.57	0.668	2
Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back Side	1732.5	0.514	-2.17	23	22.46	0.582	/
			1	0	Back Side	1745	0.501	1.44	23	22.43	0.571	/
			6	0	Back Side	1720	0.457	2.22	23	22.52	0.510	/
			1	0	Front side	704	0.215	-1.63	23	22.68	0.231	1
CAT-M	4014	ODOK	6	0	Front side	704	0.198	-3.97	23	22.67	0.214	/
Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back Side	704	0.323	2.29	23	22.68	0.348	3
			6	0	Back Side	704	0.214	0.42	23	22.67	0.231	/
			1	0	Front side	782	0.360	0.47	23	22.69	0.387	4
CAT-M	4014	ODCK	6	0	Front side	782	0.269	-0.58	23	22.53	0.300	/
Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back Side	782	0.348	3.10	23	22.69	0.374	/
			6	0	Back Side	782	0.258	0.13	23	22.53	0.287	/
			1	0	Front side	1860	0.404	3.04	23	22.98	0.406	/
CAT-M	2014	ODCK	6	0	Front side	1860	0.365	-0.05	23	22.91	0.373	/
Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back Side	1860	0.550	3.70	23	22.98	0.553	5
			6	0	Back Side	1860	0.514	-0.42	23	22.91	0.525	/
Note												

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 5mm.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D04, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN: Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor



12. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
750MHz Dipole	MVG	SID750	SN 30/14 DIP0G750-331	2020.07.14	2023.07.13
1800MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1800	SN 30/14 DIP1G800-329	2020.07.14	2023.07.13
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2020.07.14	2023.07.13
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 07/21 EPGO352	2022.02.28	2023.02.27
Dielectric Probe Kit	MVG	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	2021.11.23	2022.11.22
Antenna	MVG	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	MVG	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom3	MVG	SAM	SN 21/21 ELLI48	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	Narda	4226-20	3305	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2021.09.29	2022.09.28
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2021.10.08	2022.10.07
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	117239	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2021.10.09	2022.10.08
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2021.09.29	2022.09.28
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2021.09.29	2022.09.28
Temperature hygrometer	SuWei	SW-108	N/A	2021.10.09	2022.10.08
Thermograph	Elitech	RC-4	S/N EF7176501537	2021.10.09	2022.10.08

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, STS LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

^{1.} There is no physical damage on the dipole

System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (750MHz)

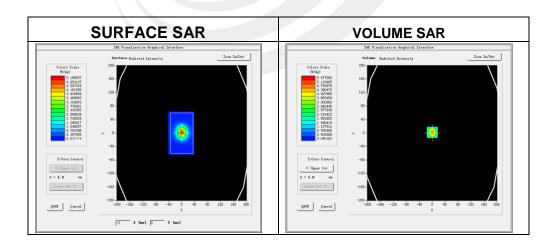
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-08-04

Experimental conditions

Phantom	Validation plane				
Device Position	-				
Band	750MHz				
Channels	-				
Signal	CW				
Frequency (MHz)	750MHz				
Relative permittivity	42.15				
Conductivity (S/m)	0.94				
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352				
ConvF	1.58				
Crest factor	1:1				

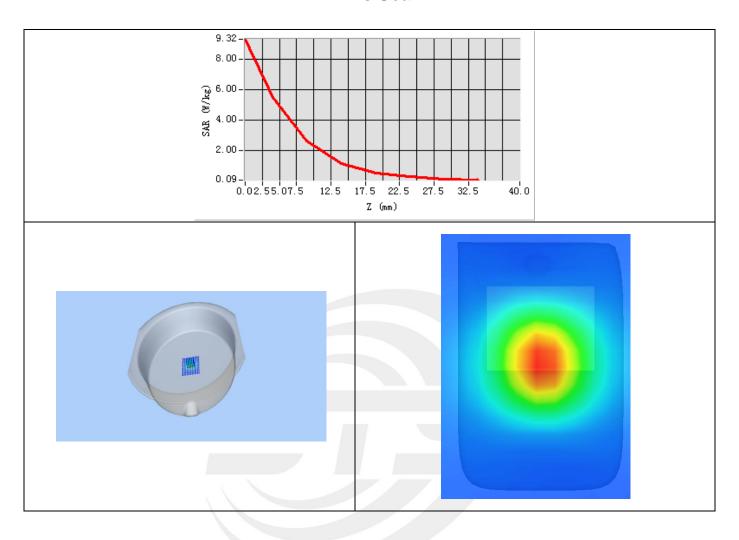


Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.543143
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.860829



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1800MHz)

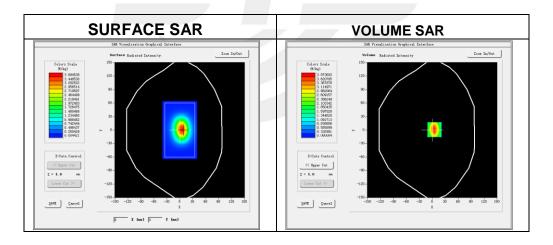
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-08-04

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	1800MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	1800MHz		
Relative permittivity	40.64		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42		
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352		
ConvF	1.60		
Crest factor:	1:1		

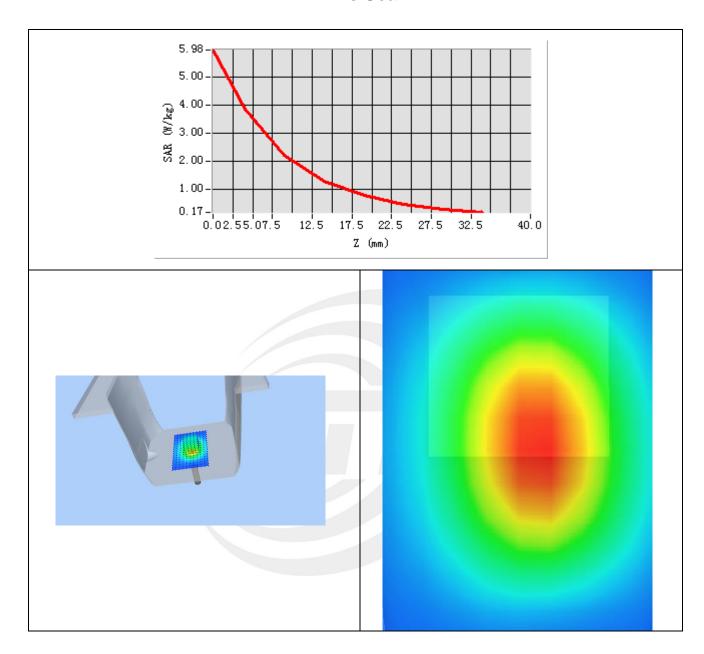


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.025210
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.859031



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz)

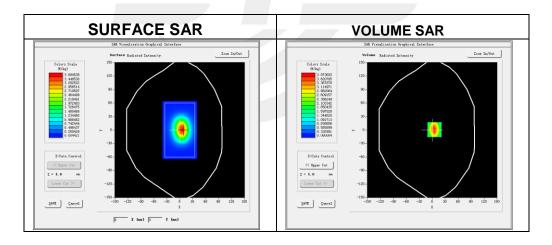
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-08-04

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity	40.40
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
ConvF	1.60
Crest factor:	1:1

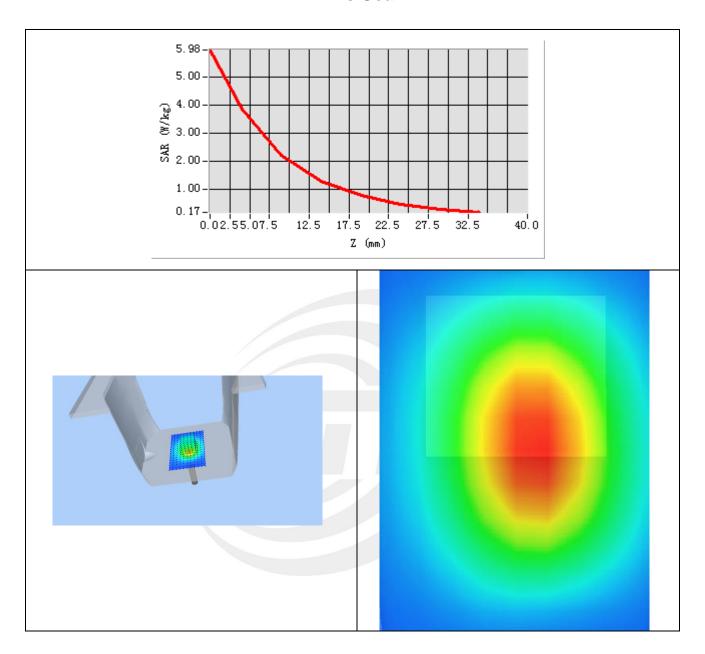


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.085479
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.986429



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz)

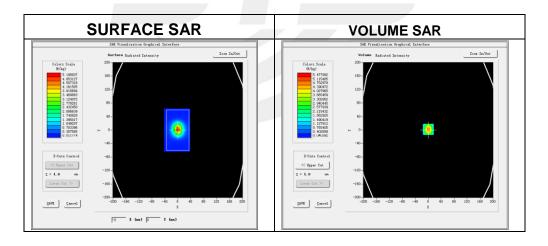
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-08-04

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity	40.21
Conductivity (S/m)	1.36
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
ConvF	1.60
Crest factor:	1:1

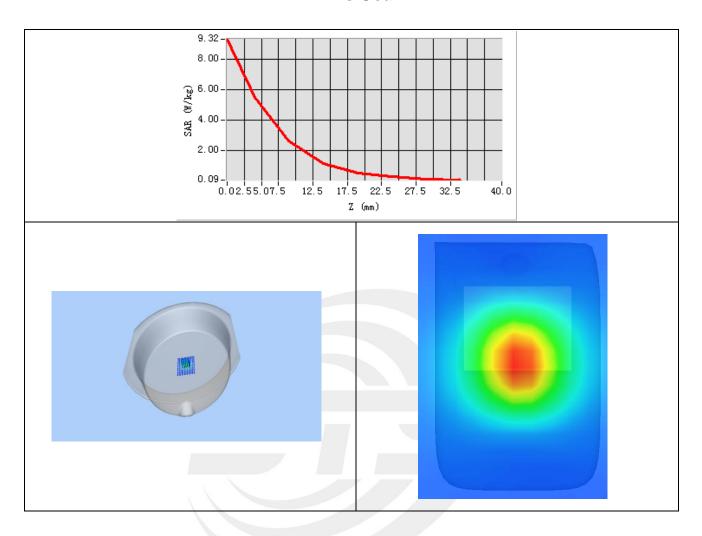


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.075250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.992143



Z Axis Scan





Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

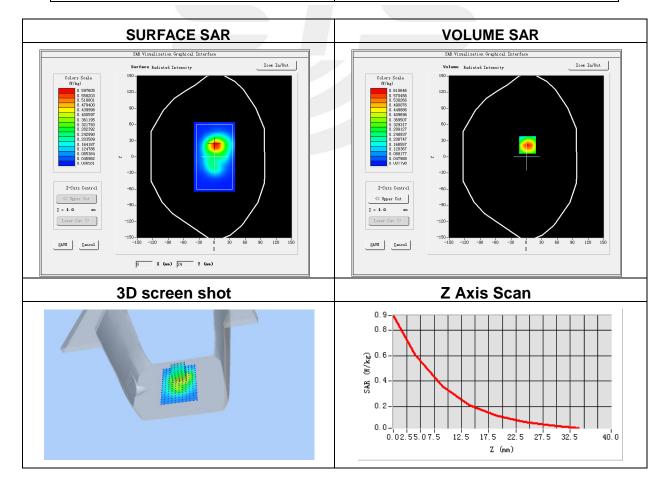
Plot 1: DUT: Smart Sense Tag; EUT Model: ST100

Test Date	2022-08-04
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back Side
Band	CAT-M Band 2(RB 1)
Signal	CAT-M (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1880
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.28
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=22.00

SAR Peak: 0.91 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.316226
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.573259



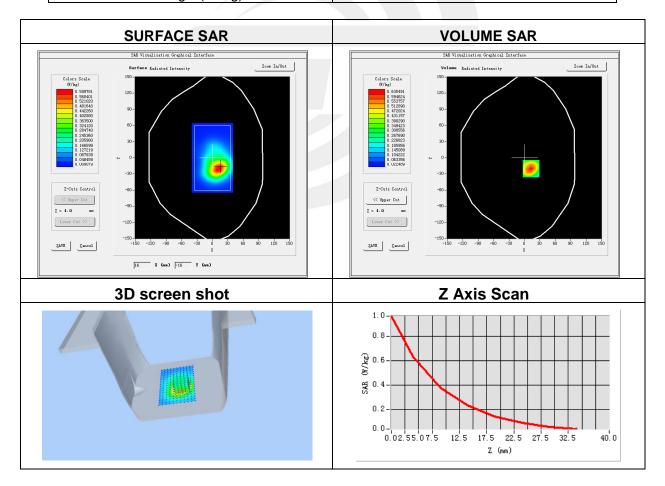


Plot 2: DUT: Smart Sense Tag; EUT Model: ST100

2022-08-04
SN 07/21 EPGO352
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,
Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Back Side
CAT-M Band 4 (RB 1)
CAT-M (Crest factor: 1.0)
1720
40.16
1.38

Maximum location: X=13.00, Y=-20.00 SAR Peak: 0.96 W/kg

Criti Canti Clob Tirring	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.339444
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.605497





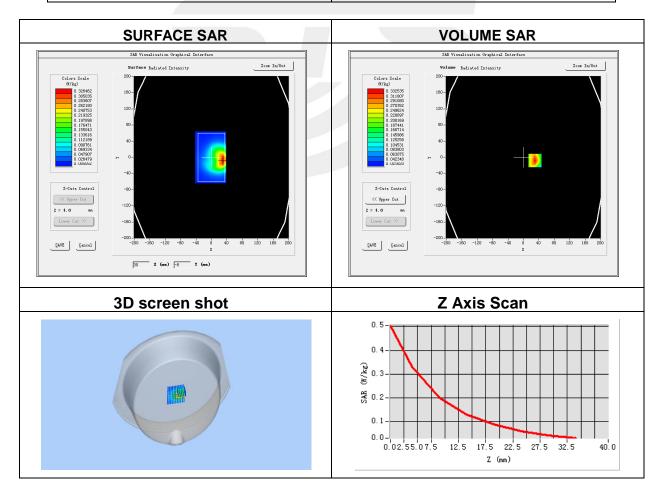
Plot 3: DUT: Smart Sense Tag; EUT Model: ST100

2022 00 04
2022-08-04
SN 07/21 EPGO352
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,
Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Back Side
CAT-M Band 12 (RB 1)
CAT-M (Crest factor: 1.0)
704
42.62
0.88

Maximum location: X=30.00, Y=-8.00

SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.189051
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.323105





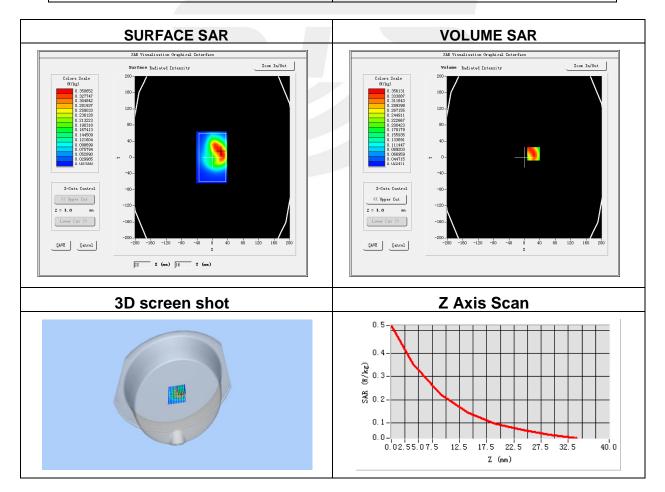
Plot 4: DUT: Smart Sense Tag; EUT Model: ST100

<i>,</i>	
Test Date	2022-08-04
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back Side
Band	CAT-M Band 13 (RB 1)
Signal	CAT-M (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	782
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.95
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88

Maximum location: X=24.00, Y=9.00

SAR Peak: 0.54 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.217147
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.347831





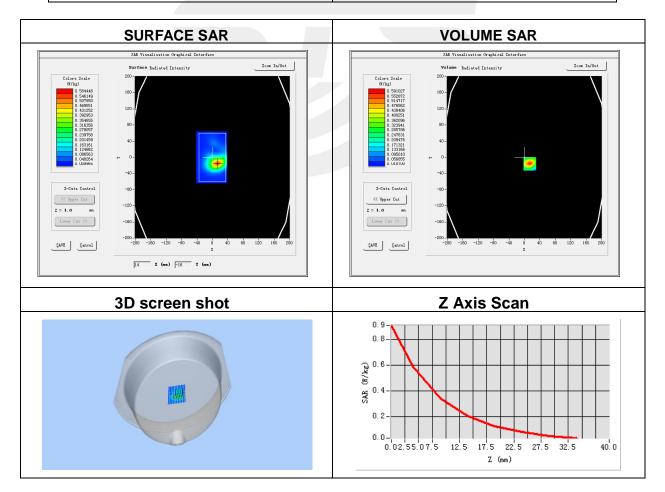
Plot 5: DUT: Smart Sense Tag; EUT Model: ST100

<i></i>	
Test Date	2022-08-04
Probe	SN 07/21 EPGO352
Area Scan	dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back Side
Band	CAT-M Band 25 (RB 1)
Signal	CAT-M (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1860
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.42
Conductivity (S/m)	1.36

Maximum location: X=14.00, Y=-16.00

SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.290828
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.550109







Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

