

NTIA Space record data form

NTIA requires the following data for space related experiments using government shared spectrum. For each transmit frequency, please provide the data for both ends of the transmit-receive link. Use Part A to describe the satellite to ground information. Part B is for all ground to space transmit links.

This form has 3 parts, for the Downlink, the Crosslink, and the Uplink.

Part A: Space to Earth Downlink Data**Beam DOWNLINK**

Satellite Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency: 2416.7185 MHz		
Satellite Name: ARCE1-A, B and C		
Data Field	Data Answer	Description/Comments
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = V	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN ____ 5 ____ BEAMWIDTH ____ 80 ____ XAD = 05G080B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).

ARCE1 NTIA Space record data form Dec 3 2020

For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE__97.5____, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS__525____, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS__525____, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS __1__AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL__.58310____, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM__3____, Orb,97.5IN00525AP00525PE001.58H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

Earth Station Data (Receiver)		
State (RSC)	RSC = FL	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = TAMPA	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 280328	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0822603	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN__25____, BEAMWIDTH__8.5____, AZIMUTHAL RANGE__0 - 360____, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS__6____ THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS__11____ RAD = 25G008B000-360A00006H011	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
FCC notes: 1. Use S-Note S945. 2. REM AGN, Cubesat, (insert name)		

ARCE1 NTIA Space record data form Dec 3 2020

Beam CXLINK (Cross Link to other ARCE1 Satellites) Satellites communicate with one another over a range of up to 4,500 km.

Satellite Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency: 2449.28150 MHz		
Satellite Name: ARCE1-A, B and C		
Data Field	Data Answer	Description/Comments
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = V	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN ____ 5 ____ BEAMWIDTH ____ 80 ____ XAD = 05G080B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE ____ 97.5 ____ , APOGEE IN KILOMETERS ____ 525 ____ , PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS ____ 525 ____ , ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS ____ 1 ____ AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL ____ .58310 ____ , THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM ____ 3 ____ , Orb,97.5IN00525AP00525PE001.58H01NRT01 Orb,97.5IN00525AP00525PE001.59H01NRR01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

Part B: Ground Stations, Earth to Space link data:**Beam UPLINK**

Earth Station Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency: 2417 MHz		
State (XSC)	XSC = FL	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = TAMPA	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 280328	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0822603	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ = V05	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN__25____, BEAMWIDTH__8.5____, AZIMUTHAL RANGE__0 - 360____, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS _6____ THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS __11____ XAD = 25G008B000-360A00006H011	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
Satellite Receive Specifications		
Polarization (RAP)	RAP = V	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Dimension (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN__5____ BEAMWIDTH __80____ RAD = RAD01 05G080B	(NTIA format (RAD), EXAMPLE, RAD01 16G030B)

ARCE1 NTIA Space record data form Dec 3 2020

Type of satellite (State = SP) City = G/No	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
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For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE __97.5____, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS __525____, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS __525____, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS __1__ AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL __.58310____, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM __3____, Orb,97.5IN00525AP00525PE001.58H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01