NTIA Space Record Data Form

NTIA requires the following data for space related experiments using government shared spectrum. For each transmit frequency, please provide the data for both ends of the transmit-receive link. Use Part A to describe the satellite to ground information. Part B is for all ground to space transmit links.

Part A: Space to Earth Downlink Data

Satellite Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency: 400.6 MHz		
Satellite Name: BR	10	
Data Field	Data Answer	Description/Comments
Polarization (XAP)	XAP01 = J XAP02 = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ01 = EC XAZ02 = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees XAD = 00G060B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE 97.52, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS 1 AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL .60, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM 1, ORB= 97.5IN00575AP00575PE001.60H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

Earth Station Data (F	Receiver)	
State (RSC)	RSC = Virginia	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = Fairfax	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 385136N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0771830W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 111, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 20	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 14G030B000-360A00111H020	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

Earth Station Data (F	Receiver)	
State (RSC)	RSC = Hawaii	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = Naalehu	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 190326N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1553459W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 256, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 14G030B000-360A00256H006	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

Earth Station Data (I	Receiver)	
State (RSC)	RSC = Alaska	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = North Pole	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 644609N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1472620W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 147, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 14G030B000-360A00147H006	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

Earth Station Data (Receiver)		
State (RSC)	RSC = Maine	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = Limestone	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 465719N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0675419W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 156, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
500	RAD = 14G030B000-360A00156H006	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

Transmit Frequency	y: 399.950 MHz	
State (XSC)	XSC = Virginia	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Fairfax	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 385136N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 771830W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 111, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 20	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 14G030B000-360A00111H020	

Transmit Frequency	y: 399.950MHz	
State (XSC)	XSC = Hawaii	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Naalehu	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 190326N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1553459W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 256, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 14G030B000-360A00256H006	

Transmit Frequency: 399.950 MHz		
State (XSC)	XSC = Alaska	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = North Pole	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 644609N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1472620W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 147, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 14G030B000-360A00147H006	

Transmit Frequency: 399.950 MHz		
State (XSC)	XSC = Limestone	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Maine	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 465719N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0675419W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 13.5 dB, BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 156, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6 XAD = 14G030B000-360A00156H006	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006

Satellite Receive Specification - 399.950 MHz		
Polarization (RAP)	RAP = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Dimension (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees RAD = 00G060B	(NTIA format (RAD), EXAMPLE, RAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) City = G/No	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary

Transmit Frequency: 145.92 MHz		
State (XSC)	XSC = Virginia	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Fairfax	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 385136N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 771830W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 8.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 111, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 20	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 8G060B000-360A00111H020	

Transmit Frequence	y: 145.92 MHz	
State (XSC)	XSC = Hawaii	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Naalehu	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 190326N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1553459W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 8.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 256, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 8G060B000-360A00256H006	

Transmit Frequenc	y: 145.92 MHz	
State (XSC)	XSC = Alaska	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = North Pole	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 644609N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1472620W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 8.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 147, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 8G060B000-360A00147H006	

: 145.92 MHz	
XSC = Limestone	
XAL = Maine	
Lat = 465719N	
Lon = 0675419W	
XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
ANTENNA GAIN 8.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 156, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6 XAD = 8G060B000-360A00156H006	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAL = Maine Lat = 465719N Lon = 0675419W XAP = T XAZ = V00 ANTENNA GAIN 8.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 156, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 6

Satellite Receive Specifications - 145.92 MHz		
Polarization (RAP)	RAP = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Dimension (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 90 degrees RAD = 00G090B	(NTIA format (RAD), EXAMPLE, RAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) City = G/No	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary

Part A: Space to Earth Downlink Data

Satellite Transmitter Data

Satellite Name: BR	10	
Data Field	Data Answer	Description/Comments
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = NB	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 7.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees XAD01 = 07G030B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORTITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE 97.52, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS 1 AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL .60, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM 1, ORB= 97.5IN00575AP00575PE001.60H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

Earth Station Data (I	Receiver)	
State (RSC)	RSC = Sweden	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = Esrange	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 675322N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0210615E	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 40 dB, BEAMWIDTH 1.5 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 372, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 5	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 40G002B000-360A00372H005	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

Earth Station Data (I	Receiver)	
State (RSC)	RSC = Canada Northwest Territories	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = Inuvik	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 682400N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1333000W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 40 dB, BEAMWIDTH 1.5 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 147, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 5	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 40G002B000-360A00147H005	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

Transmit Frequency	: 2045.50 MHz (2025-2110 MHz)	
State(XSC)	XSC = Canada Northwest Territories	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Inuvik	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 682400N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1333000W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, VOO TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZO1 VOO
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 40 dB, BEAMWIDTH 1.5 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 147, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 5	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 40G002B000-360A00147H005	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO

State (RSC)	XSC = Sweden	
City Name (RAL)	XAL = Esrange	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 675322N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0210615E	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	XAP = T	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	XAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 40 dB, BEAMWIDTH 1.5 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 372, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 5	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 40G002B000-360A00372H005	

Satellite Receive Specifications:

	T	DOLARIZATIONS INCLUDE:
Polarization (RAP)	RAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR,
Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	J = LINEAR POLARIZATION STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Dimension (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 7.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 30 degrees RAD = 07G030B	(NTIA format (RAD), EXAMPLE, RAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) City = G/No	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE 97.52, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS 1 AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL .60, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM 1,	▼ AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01
	ORB= 97.5IN00575AP00575PE001.60H01NRT0	

Part A: Space to Earth Downlink Data

Satellite Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency: 400.6 MHz Satellite Name: BRIO		
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees XAD = 00G060B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE 97.52, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS 575 km, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS 1 AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL .60, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM 1, ORB= 97.5IN00575AP00575PE001.60H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN TO1, EXAMPLE, REMO4 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

Earth Station Data	(Receiver)	
State (RSC)	RSC = Virginia	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = Fairfax	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 385136N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 0771830W	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = V	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 150 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 111, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 0	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	RAD = 0G150B000-360A00111H000	

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, CubeSat, BRIO.

Transmit Frequency	y: 399.95 MHz	
State (XSC)	XSC = Virginia	
City Name (XAL)	XAL = Fairfax	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 385136N	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 771830W	
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = V	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ =V00	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dB, BEAMWIDTH 150 degrees, AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 - 360 degrees, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 111, THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 00	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
	XAD = 0G150B000-360A00111H000	

Satellite Receive Specification - 399.95 MHz		
Polarization (RAP)	RAP = J	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT-HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V00	STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, VOO TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZO1 V00
Dimension (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 0.0 dBi BEAMWIDTH 60 degrees RAD = 00G060B	(NTIA format (RAD), EXAMPLE, RAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) City = G/No	Type = Nongeostationary	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary