## NTIA Space record data form

NTIA requires the following data for space related experiments using government shared spectrum. For each transmit frequency, please provide the data for both ends of the transmit-receive link. Use Part A to describe the satellite to ground information. Part B is for all ground to space transmit links.

## Part A: Space to Earth Downlink Data

Satellite Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency: 400.15-401 MHz @200KHz BW  Satellite Name: SAI-2				
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = <b>S</b>	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION		
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM		
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 3 BEAMWIDTH 125 XAD = 03G125B	EC = EARTH COVERAGE  (NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)		
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type =NONGEOSTATIONARY	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary		
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).		
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE 97 APOGEE IN KILOMETERS 500 PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS 500 ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS 1 AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL 36 THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM 1 ORB = 97.0IN00500AP00500PE001.36H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04  *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL  *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05  *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01		

Earth Station Data (Receiver)				
State (RSC)	RSC = <b>NEW HAMPSHIRE</b>			
City Name (RAL)	RAL = ELKINS			
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = <b>432509N</b>			
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = <b>715610W</b>			
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = <b>S</b>	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION		
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = <b>V10</b>	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00		
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN3, BEAMWIDTH125, AZIMUTHAL RANGE0 TO 360, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS250 THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS03	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006		
	RAD = <b>03G125B000/360A00250H003</b>			

## FCC notes:

- 1. Use S-Note S945.
- 2. REM AGN, Cubesat, (SAI-2)

## Part B: Ground Stations, Earth to Space link data:

Earth Station Transmitter Data

Transmit Frequency	y: 402-403 MHz @200KHz BW			
State (XSC)	XSC = <b>NEW HAMPSHIRE</b>			
City Name (XAL)	XAL = ELKINS			
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = <b>432509N</b>			
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = <b>715610W</b>			
Antenna Polarization (XAP)	XAP = S	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION		
Antenna Azimuth (XAZ)	XAZ = <b>V10</b>	THE EARTH STATION Transmitter ANTENNA AZIMUTH (XAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, XAZ01 V00		
Antenna Dimensions (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 3 BEAMWIDTH 125 AZIMUTHAL RANGE 0 TO 360 THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS 250 THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS 03  XAD = 03G125B000/360A00250H003	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, XAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006		
Satellite Receive Specifications				
Polarization (RAP)	RAP = <b>S</b>	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE: H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION		
Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = EC	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE		
Dimension (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN 3 BEAMWIDTH 125 RAD = 03G125B	(NTIA format (RAD), EXAMPLE, RAD01 16G030B)		
Type of satellite (State = SP) City = G/No	Type = NONGEOSTATIONARY	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary		

For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE 97 APOGEE IN KILOMETERS 500 PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS 500 ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS 1 AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL 36 THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM 1 ORB = 97.0IN00500AP00500PE001.36H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01