Raytheon Company (Missiles & Defense – M) Experimental License Renewal Application File Number: 0114-EX-CR-2021

Explanation of Experiment

Overview:

Raytheon Company (Missiles & Defense – M) (Raytheon) develops, tests, and builds a number of advanced technology systems that are sold to the US government and selected foreign governments. This application seeks authorization for the testing of such a system that includes both optics integrated with radar and a flight terminate radio system.

The initial demonstrations proved successful. Now, Raytheon needs to continue development of this technology, and this application requests renewed authorization to continue the testing.

Technical Synopsis:

<u>Radar System</u> :	
Spectrum Requested:	10175-10500 MHz
Time of use:	less than 4 hours daily, during business days
Power:	80 W, with 27 dBi gain, 24.4 kW ERP

FTS System:

Directional Antenna: 7 dBi gain antenna with 75 degree half power beamwidth Power level: 500 W HPA Flange Power, 1800 W ERP Time of Use is limited: fifteen minutes of RF operation per day, but only on select frequencies

Explanation of Experiment for Radar System:

Description of Operations of Radar System:

The operations use two radio systems. The first is a radar that is integrated with an optical tracking system, and the second is a flight terminate system that will be integrated into other aspects of the final product. This section explains the use of the radar system.

The radar system has three operating modes:

Mode one: is a 1 kHz wide signal that is used for TX F1 CW. This mode helps to send out TX transmit frequency. It will be in use off and on throughout the day.

Mode two: is a 4 MHz wide signal that is used for TX F2 CW. This mode helps to send out TX transmit frequency (along with the 1 kHz simultaneously). It will be in use off and on throughout the day.

Mode three: is a 300 MHz wide signal that is used for TX FM-CW modulation. This mode helps as the alternate from mode two proving a FM-CW modulation. It will be in use off and on throughout the day.

The goal of the experimentation, testing, and integration is to integrate a COTS radar system with an optical scanning system to be able to detect threats at airports. The radio system is not experimental, but the work being done will involve testing various configurations to optimize performance of the integrated system.

The radar system will have its directional antenna oriented down. The image below is a generic version of the proposed testing vehicle.



Figure 1. Quadcopter with testing technology mounted underneath

Power Levels, no interference likely:

The nominal power level is 80 W with an ERP of 24.4 kW. The beamwidth of the antenna is approximately 7 degrees.



Figure 2. Approximate beamwidth of antenna

This is a highly directionalized antenna which operates above 10 GHz with the antenna directed downward. Because signals at this high frequency are subject to significant attenuation, it is unlikely that any of the proposed operations would cause harmful interference to any other operations.

Time of Use:

The time of use is limited each day. The quadcopter on which the radar will be mounted is batterypowered as is the radio. Thus, operations are limited to the duration of the battery. Then, the systems will be recharged, and possibly run again during the day. This means that testing is expected to last no more than 4 hours per day. Should Raytheon need to coordinate these operations with others, it is possible to set up a schedule.

Explanation of Experiment for FTS System:

Description of Operations:

<u>FTS System</u>: The testing is being done to validate antenna operations. Raytheon is developing a smaller FTS system that can more easily be transported and deployed. A typical FTS system has used a large dish to generate the signal gain needed to reach a missile in flight to send the flight terminate signal. In recent years, Raytheon's customers have needed to develop more flexible systems that can be sent to and used in a wider variety of settings to improve the functionality and flexibility of its systems. The FTS system under development uses a high power amplifier and smaller parabolic antenna to deliver the FTS signal across distances while keeping the system small enough to move to and from various locations easily.

Time of Use:

When the program is working in Tucson, Raytheon anticipates testing the FTS system for four hours per day. Testing is to be conducted at the Tucson locations only occasionally. It is unlikely that the system will be in use each month.

When the system is in use, it will not be using all the frequencies in the band at the same time. The bandwidth required ranges from 40 kHz to 1 MHz. The signals will be used to send continuous IRIG tones.

The planned testing will use three discreet frequencies per day. The system will be on each frequency for approximately five minutes. The time of use is very limited.

Frequencies Requested:

Raytheon is building this system to comply with the standards set forth in Range Commander Council standards. The FTS systems need to be capable of working across the band from 370 to 450 MHz. Raytheon is seeking authorization for renewed operations on four specific frequencies: 435 MHz, 394.4 MHz, 422 MHz, and 449 MHz. This application seeks authorization that would allow Raytheon to demonstrate compliance with the DOD specification.

Areas of Operations for both systems:

In this application, Raytheon is seeking authorization for operations at one location in Tucson, Arizona. This location, on the Raytheon secure plant site, will be in use rarely. The system is also licensed at a number of test sites in New Mexico, and when it is in use in New Mexico, it will not be in use in Tucson.

The quadcopter, in keeping with FAA regulations, will be flown by a licensed pilot and remain below 400 feet in elevation.



Stop Buzzer Points of Contact:

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Conclusion:

Raytheon is seeking renewed authority for the testing of combined systems that allow for radar integration with optical systems and flight terminate communications. These tests will take place in Tucson only very occasionally, when the system is not being tested in New Mexico. The time of use of the radios is limited. Should there be any questions about the proposed operations, please contact Anne E. Cortez, 520-360-0925 or alc@conspecinternational.com.