SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P.



Suite 500 1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004-2401

Office: +1.202.626.6600 Fax: +1.202.626.6780

> Direct Dial: +1.202.626.6659 CNalda@ssd.com

May 6, 2009

James. R. Burtle, Chief Experimental Licensing Branch Office of Engineering and Technology Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554

> Re: Panasonic Avionics Corporation Request to Renew Existing Experimental Special Temporary Authority for Testing and Demonstration of Ku-Band Transmit/Receive Terminals, Call Sign WD9XQT, File No. 0544-EX-ST-2008

Dear Mr. Burtle:

Panasonic Avionics Corporation ("PAC") hereby requests to renew its existing experimental Special Temporary Authority ("STA") for continued testing and demonstration of up to five (5) Aura LE Ku-band transmit/receive terminals associated with the planned eXConnect Ku-band aeronautical mobile-satellite service ("AMSS") system, Call Sign WD9XQT, File No. 0544-EX-ST-2008.¹ Renewal of the existing experimental STA is sought for a period of 180 days commencing as soon as practicable but not later than June 1, 2009 (when the existing STA expires).

On December 2, 2008, the Commission granted PAC a six-month STA (Call Sign WD9XQT) to conduct ground testing of up to five (5) Ku-band Aura LE aircraft earth station ("AES") manufactured by EMS Technologies for testing and demonstration purposes. PAC explained that although these terminals were being evaluated for use in the AMSS context, its application requested temporary authority for ground

¹ PAC hereby incorporates by reference the technical and operational information contained in its original application for an experimental STA. *See* File No. 0544-EX-ST-2008 (narrative attached). To the extent the Commission requires additional data to be filed in the docket of this proceeding, PAC respectfully requests leave to supplement the record.

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testing only. The proposed experimental operations were to be conducted at and around specified test facilities for a limited duration and scheduled intermittently during the authorization of the STA.²

PAC seeks to continue its existing testing and demonstration activities of the Aura LE AES for an additional 180 days. All such activities will be conducted consistent with the conditions set forth in the existing experimental STA. PAC also acknowledges and accepts that the requested STA may only be granted on an unprotected, non-harmful interference basis and without prejudice to any future application FCC operating authority.

In connection with this renewal, PAC requests authority to test the Aura LE antenna with the Horizons 1 satellite at 127° W.L. These operations will be conducted on a non-harmful interference basis and will be discontinued immediately in the unlikely event of reported interference. PAC also seeks to add Miramar, FL (coordinates: 25-58-51 N; 80-16-53 W) as an authorized test location so that, like other locations, testing and demonstration can be conducted within a 100 mile radius. Because PAC will comply with all FCC rules designed to protect co-frequency operations (particularly U.S. government space research and radio astronomy facilities) and will otherwise operate on an unprotected and non-harmful interference basis, these changes will not increase the potential for interference from PAC's limited experimental operations.

Grant of this STA renewal would serve the public interest because PAC requires additional time to complete its ground testing program. Moreover, like grant of the original experimental STA, grant of this STA renewal will allow PAC to continue testing and demonstration activities associated with development of the eXConnect AMSS system. PAC does not anticipate requiring further renewal of experimental STA authority for ground testing beyond the term covered in this request, although PAC plans to seek flight test authority in a separate experimental STA application.

Please feel free to contact me with any questions you may have or if PAC can provide any additional information to facilitate action on this request to renew PAC's current experimental STA.

Respectfully submitted,

SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P.

/s/ Carlos M. Nalda

Carlos M. Nalda Counsel to Panasonic Avionics Corporation

² On February 5, 2009, PAC submitted a Section 5.77 notice (47 C.F.R. § 5.77) in connection with Call Sign WD9XQT to inform the Commission that it intended to test two (2) terminals not specifically listed in its STA application: one (1) terminal manufactured by each of TECOM Industries and Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. PAC does not presently intend to conduct additional ground testing of these antennas in the context of this experimental STA, but will update the Commission should its testing requirements change.

ATTACHMENT

Panasonic Avionics Corporation

EXPERIMENTAL APPLICATION NARRATIVE AND PUBLIC INTEREST STATEMENT

Panasonic Avionics Corporation ("PAC") is seeking special temporary authority ("STA") for experimental operation of up to five (5) Aura LE Ku-band transmit/receive terminals for testing and demonstration purposes associated with its planned eXConnect Ku-band aeronautical mobile-satellite service ("AMSS") system. Although this terminal is being evaluated for use in the AMSS context, this application requests temporary authority for ground testing only.¹ The proposed experimental operations will be conducted at and around specified test facilities for a very limited duration (e.g., several hours per test session) scheduled intermittently over the next six (6) months.

Description of Antenna

The eXConnect system will employ the two-panel Aura LE aircraft earth station ("AES") manufactured by EMS Technologies, represented in Figure 1 (below).

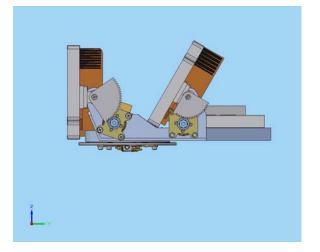


Figure 1. Aura LE Antenna

The AES will transmit with EIRP density not to exceed 17.5 dBW/4kHz and with a maximum EIRP level of 48 dBW. The data rates transmitted from the terminal will vary from 128 kbps to 1 Mbps. The off-axis EIRP spectral density of the Aura LE is set forth in the following figure.

¹ PAC expects to file a separate application for in-flight testing in the near term.

AURA-LE FCC Off-axis EIRP Density (dBW/4kHz)

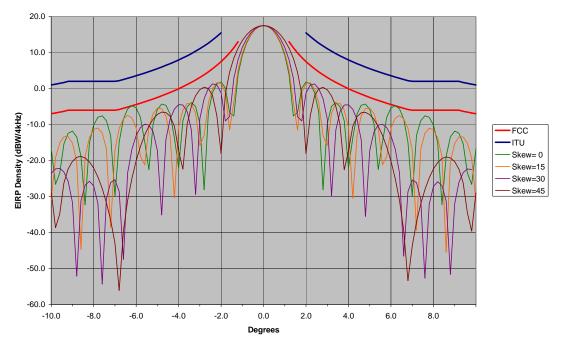


Figure 2. Aura LE Off-Axis EIRP Spectral Density

Due to its two-panel design and the effects of blockage from the front panel at lower elevation angles, the gain of the Aura LE changes with elevation angle. See Figure 3, below. This effect is fully taken into account in controlling the off-axis EIRP spectral density of the Aura LE antenna. During the proposed experimental operations, the elevation angle will never be less than 28 degrees.

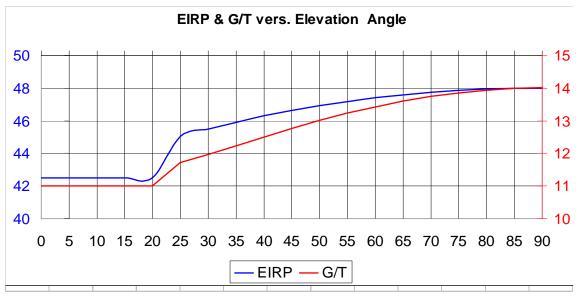


Figure 3. EIRP and G/T versus Elevation Angle for Aura LE

The foregoing off-axis EIRP density figures include plots for various "skew angles" between 0 and 45 degrees. "Skew angle" is the angular difference between the major axis of the antenna and the geostationary arc when the antenna is pointed at the serving satellite but located at a different longitudinal position than the satellite. Thus, at 0° skew angle, antenna peformance is dictated solely by the azimuth gain pattern. As skew angle increases, the elevation gain pattern contributes to overall antenna performance and the combined pattern broadens to reflect this contribution. The skew angle will never exceed 45 degrees during the proposed experimental operations and the effect of skew angle is fully taken into account in controlling off-axis EIRP density produced by eXConnect terminals.

As a result, the terminals are fully compliant with the FCC's two-degree spacing requirements, and off-axis EIRP spectral density levels associated with routinely licensed VSATs that have been applied to mobile Ku-band terminals in similar contexts (e.g., earth stations onboards vessels (ESVs) and Ku-band AMSS terminals).

Antenna pointing is accomplished via mechanical steering of the antenna and uses the aircraft attitude data (i.e., yaw, roll, pitch and heading vector), together with absolute navigation coordinates to calculate the command vectors. This data, available from the ARINC 429 bus, is used in conjunction with the satellite coordinates to yield continuously updated steering commands for the antenna elevation, azimuth, and polarization. For purposes of on-ground testing, similar data regarding stationary three-axis table position and movement, as well as vehicle position and movement, will be fed to the antenna. A local inertial sensor package placed on the antenna plate itself provides more accurate antenna attitude sensing and compensates for possible aircraft INS errors caused by airframe deformation and data latency. The antenna based provides continuous coverage over full 360° in the azimuth plane a with pointing accuracy better than 0.2° RMS. Tracking velocity is 40°/sec (azimuth) and 25°/sec (elevation) with acceleration of 40°/sec² (azimuth) and 15°/sec² (elevation).

Description of Planned Experimental Operations

PAC seeks temporary authority at and near available test facilities for evaluation and demonstration of the Aura LE antenna. The antenna will be tested in three modes: (i) fully stationary; (ii) mounted on a three-axis motion platform that simulates aircraft heading, pitch and roll; and (iii) on a ground vehicle rooftop for in-motion testing. Experimental testing and demonstration will occur at the following locations.

Lake Forest, CA	38-39-55 N; 117-40-31 W
Bothell, WA	47-47-40 N; 122-11-46 W
Herndon, VA	38-57-08 N; 077-25-04 W
Mountainside, MD	39-36-06 N; 077-45-46 W
Washington, DC	38-56-32 N; 077-03-56 W
Norcross, GA	33-58-01 N; 084-13-45 W

Extensive receive-only tests will be conducted to verify antenna performance and subsystem integration prior to any transmit operation. Two-way tests requiring transmit operation will then be performed to evaluate, optimize and demonstrate return link performance as well as the passenger experience with fixed, ground-based terminals.

With respect to vehicle-mounted tests, limited operations will occur within 100 miles of the fixed locations identified above. For purposes of this experimental STA application, PAC terminals will not operate within line-of-sight vicinity of Radio Astronomy Service (RAS) sites or the Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System (TDRSS) for space research conducted at White Sands, New Mexico and the US Naval Research Lab at Blossom Point, Maryland.² Additional coordination with RAS operations to avoid experimental operations during period of RAS observations will further ensure that there is no potential for interference from PAC's planned experimentations.

Intelsat G-16	99°W
Intelsat G-25	97°W
Intelsat G-26	93°W

PAC will operate the terminals with the following satellites:

The terminals will communicate with licensed Intelsat hub antennas in Riverside, CA. and Mountainside, MD. At all times, the hub antennas and satellites will operate according to their licensed parameters.

For purposes of these experiments, the PAC terminals will be operated under PAC's full supervision and control. The point of contact for the planned experimental operations is:

Paul Sarraffe Systems Engineering eXConnect Office: +1 (949) 672-2589 Cell: +1 (760) 685-3273 Fax: +1 (949) 462-7101 Panasonic Avionics Corporation 26200 Enterprise Way Lake Forest, CA 92630 paul.sarraffe@panasonic.aero

This contact will have access to all network functions, and will have the ability and authority to cease all transmissions from the terminals wherever they are located.

² PAC has contacted NASA and the National Science Foundation to initiate coordination discussions for both on-ground and in-flight operations. PAC will accept technical limitations imposed on other Ku-band land-mobile and AMSS operations necessary to protect RAS and TDRSS operations.

Protection of Other Users in the 14.0–14.5 GHz Band

Protection of Fixed-Satellite Service. The FCC has not yet established service rules applicable to VMES or AMSS terminal operations, but interference considerations are analogous to those that currently apply to mobile ESVs set forth in 47 C.F.R. § 25.222. As discussed above, PAC's terminals will operate in such a manner that the off-axis EIRP levels are no greater than the levels produced by routinely licensed VSAT earth stations. This is consistent with past FCC licensing conditions in the LMSS context. To the extent that any adjacent satellite operator experiences unacceptable interference from PAC's experimental operations, PAC will cease terminal transmissions immediately.

Protection of Potential NGSO FSS Systems. Panasonic acknowledges that nongeostationary orbit ("NGSO") systems are also permitted to operate in the Ku-band. However, no such systems are currently authorized or plan to operate within the period contemplated for the proposed experimental operations.

Protection of Terrestrial Radio Services. PAC has examined current spectrum use in the 14.0-14.5 GHz band and has determined that there are no active FCC-licensed terrestrial services in this band in North America with which its proposed operations would potentially conflict.

Protection of the Radio Astronomy Service. For purposes of protecting radio astronomy sites, consistent with Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, Part C, PAC will limit aggregate power flux density (pfd) in the band of 14.47 GHz to 14.5 GHz as follows:

-221 dBW/m²/Hz (for protection of Green Bank, Arecibo and Socorro) -189 dBW/m²/Hz (for protection all other Radio Astronomy sites)

For purposes of this experimental STA application, PAC terminals will not operate within line-of-sight vicinity of Radio Astronomy sites and during observation periods.

Protection of Space Research Service. PAC recognizes the utilization of the frequency band from 14.0-14.05 GHz and the possible use of the band from 14.05-14.2 GHz allocated to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration ("NASA") Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System ("TDRSS") for space research conducted at White Sands, New Mexico and Blossom Point, Maryland. For purposes of this experimental STA application, PAC will avoid AES operation within line-of-sight vicinity of these earth stations.

Out of Band Emissions. The terminals comply with FCC 47 C.F.R. § 25.202, which provides:

Emission limitations. The mean power of emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter in accordance with the following schedule:

- 1. In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth: 25 dB;
- 2. In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: 35 dB;
- 3. In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: An amount equal to 43 dB plus 10 times the logarithm (to the base 10) of the transmitter power in watts.

Antenna diameter	35 in x 6.5 in	
Type of Antenna	Dual panel waveguide fed phased	
	array	
Peak Power (SSPA)	20 watts	
Transmit Bandwidth	2.56 MHz	
Transmit Gain	38 dBi	
EIRP	48 dBW	
Transmit Data Rate	128 kbps to 1 Mbps	
Transmit Polarization	Horizontal or Vertical	
Transmit Max PSD	17.5	
(dBW/4kHz)		
Transmit Azimuth	1.5 degrees	
Beamwidth		
Transmit Elevation	4 degrees	
Beamwidth		
Receive G/T	11 dB, minimum	
Receive Bandwidth	500 MHz	
Receive Polarization	Dual LHCP and RHCP or	
	Dual Vertical and Horizontal	

SUMMARY OF TECHNICAL PARAMETERS - AURA LE

Antenna Control Parameters

Azimuth	continuous coverage over full 360°
Elevation	0 to 90° antenna elevation
Position accuracy	Static pointing error 0.15° RMS (AZ); 0.2° RMS (AZ) in-motion
Dynamic Tracking capability	AZ velocity 40°/Sec, EL velocity 25°/Sec max AZ acceleration 40°/Sec ² , EL acceleration 15°/Sec ² max

Modulation	TPC FEC	Spread factor	Eb/No (dB) BER=1E-08	C/N (dB)
TDMA BPSK SF=1	0.793	1	5.80	4.80
TDMA BPSK SF=1	0.660	1	5.10	3.30
TDMA BPSK SF=1	0.533	1	5.13	2.40
TDMA BPSK SF=1	0.431	1	4.96	1.30
TDMA BPSK SF=2	0.660	2	5.01	0.20
TDMA BPSK SF=2	0.533	2	5.04	-0.70
TDMA BPSK SF=2	0.431	2	5.07	-1.60
TDMA BPSK SF=4	0.660	4	4.73	-3.10
TDMA BPSK SF=4	0.533	4	4.75	-4.00
TDMA BPSK SF=4	0.431	4	5.08	-4.60

PAC Terminal Transmit Modulation Parameters

PAC Terminal Transmit Emission Designators

BPSK kbps	Spread factor	occupied bandwidth (kHz)	Emission Designator
128	1	160	1K60G7D
256	1	320	3K20G7D
512	1	640	6K40G7D
1024	1	1280	1M28G7D
128	2	320	3K20G7D
256	2	640	6K40G7D
512	2	1280	1M28G7D
1024	2	2560	2M56G7D
128	4	640	6K40G7D
256	4	1280	1M28G7D
512	4	2560	2M56G7D

Additional Off-Axis EIRP Spectral Density Plots

AURA-LE FCC Off-axis EIRP Density (dBW/4kHz)

