### Mars Outpost NTIA Space record data form

NTIA requires the following data for space related experiments using government shared spectrum. For each transmit frequency, please provide the data for both ends of the transmit-receive link. Use Part A

Mars Outpost: a one day hosted mission on SpaceX second stage. S band Tx, X band Tx.

## Part A: Space to Earth Downlink Data

#### Satellite Transmitter Data S Band

Transmit Frequency: 2209.2 MHz		
Satellite Name: Mars Outpost		
Data Field	Data Answer	Description/Comments
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = NB	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN5 BEAMWIDTH75 XAD = 05G075B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Non	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary
For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE97.5, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS538, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS531, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS _1AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL59, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM1, ORB = 97.5IN00538AP00531PE001.59H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

Two S Band ground stations are described.

Earth Station Data (Receiver) Fairbanks AK S Band		
State (RSC)	RSC = AK	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = FAIRBANKS	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 644800	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1474900	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V05	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN45.8, BEAMWIDTH001, AZIMUTHAL RANGE000-360, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS187 THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS40 RAD = RAD01 46G001B000-360A00187H040	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
FCC notes: 1. Use S-Note 2. REM AGN,	e S945. Hosted Payload, not Cubesat	

Earth Station Data (Receiver) McMurdo Antarctic Region		
MG1 S Band		
State (RSC)	RSC = Antarctic Region	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = McMurdo Station	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 775000	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1664000	

Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V05	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN45.8, BEAMWIDTH001, AZIMUTHAL RANGE000-360, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS143 THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS10 RAD = RAD01 46G001B000-360A00143H010	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
FCC notes:		
1. Use S-Note	S945.	
2. REM AGN, Hosted Payload, not Cubesat		

## Satellite Transmitter Data X Band Tx

Transmit Frequency: 8045 MHz		
Satellite Name: Mars Outpost		
Data Field	Data Answer	Description/Comments
Polarization (XAP)	XAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Orientation (XAZ)	XAZ = NB	NB= NARROWBEAM EC = EARTH COVERAGE
Antenna Dimension (XAD)	ANTENNA GAIN5 BEAMWIDTH75 XAD = 05G075B	(NTIA format (XAD), EXAMPLE, XAD01 16G030B)
Type of satellite (State = SP) (City = geo or non)	Type = Non	Choose either: Geostationary or Nongeostationary

For Geostationary	Longitude =	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE GEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS LATITUDE AS 000000N (XLA AND/OR RLA) AND REPORT ITS LONGITUDE (XLG AND/OR RLG).
For Nongeostationary (Orbital Data)	INCLINATION ANGLE98, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS600, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS600, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS _1AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL36, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM1, ORB = 98.0IN00600AP00600PE001.36H01NRT01	IF ANY SATELLITES ARE NONGEOSTATIONARY, REPORT ITS INCLINATION ANGLE, APOGEE IN KILOMETERS, PERIGEE IN KILOMETERS, ORBITAL PERIOD IN HOURS AND FRACTIONS OF HOURS IN DECIMAL, THE NUMBER OF SATELLITES IN THE SYSTEM, THEN T01, EXAMPLE, REM04 *ORB,98.0IN00510AP00510PE001.58H01NRT01, AND FOR SPACE-TO-SPACE COMMUNICATIONS WITH ANOTHER NONGEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE ADD AN ADDITIONAL *ORB FOR IT ENDING IN R01, EXAMPLE, REM05 *ORB,72.9IN03209AP00655PE013.46H01NRR01

# Two X band ground stations are described

Earth Station Data (Receiver) Fairbanks AK X Band		
State (RSC)	RSC = AK	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = FAIRBANKS	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 644800	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1474900	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V10	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN56.8, BEAMWIDTH001, AZIMUTHAL RANGE000-360, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS187 THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS40 RAD = RAD01 57G001B000-360A00187B040	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006

#### FCC notes:

- 3. Use S-Note S945.
- 4. REM AGN, Cubesat, Hosted Payload, not Cubesat

Earth Station Data MG1 X Band	a (Receiver) McMurdo Antarctic Region	
State (RSC)	RSC = Antarctic Region	
City Name (RAL)	RAL = McMurdo Station	
Latitude (DDMMSS)	Lat = 775000	
Longitude (DDDMMSS)	Lon = 1664000	
Antenna Polarization (RAP)	RAP = R	POLARIZATIONS INCLUDE : H = HORIZONTAL, V = VERTICAL, S = HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL, L = LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, R = RIGHT HAND CIRCULAR, T = RIGHT AND LEFT HAND CIRCULAR, J = LINEAR POLARIZATION
Antenna Azimuth (RAZ)	RAZ = V10	THE EARTH STATION RECEIVER ANTENNA AZIMUTH (RAZ), THE MINIMUM ANGLE OF ELEVATION, V00 TO V90, EXAMPLE, RAZ01 V00
Antenna Dimensions (RAD)	ANTENNA GAIN56, BEAMWIDTH001, AZIMUTHAL RANGE000-360, THE SITE ELEVATION ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL IN METERS143 THE ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE TERRAIN IN METERS10 RAD = RAD01 56G001B000-360A00143H010	EXAMPLE ASSUMING NONGEOSTATIONARY, RAD01 16G030B000-360A00357H006
FCC notes:		
3. Use S-Note S945.		
4. REM AGN, Hosted Payload, not Cubesat		

## Part B: Ground Stations, Earth to Space link data:

There is no uplink. The downlink transmission will only occur for a day or less.